2023 Bonds — NEW ISSUE — BOOK-ENTRY ONLY 2022 Series G Bonds — NOT A NEW ISSUE — BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2023 Series A-1 Bond, 2023 Series A-2 Bond or 2023 Series A-3 Bond for any period during which such 2023 Series A-1 Bond, 2023 Series A-2 Bond or 2023 Series A-3 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds or the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, respectively, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code, however for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022, interest on the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds is included in the "adjusted financial statement income" of certain corporations that are subject to the alternative minimum tax under Section 55 of the Code. In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes, interest on the 2023 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York). On December 15, 2022, Bond Counsel to the Corporation rendered its opinion that, under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code, except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2022 Series G Bond for any period during which such 2022 Series G Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2022 Series G Bonds, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code, however for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022, interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds is included in the "adjusted financial statement income" of certain corporations that are subject to the alternative minimum tax under Section 55 of the Code. In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2022 Series G Bonds, in and of itself, will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code. See "TAX MATTERS.

> \$696,370,000 <u>HDC</u> NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING REVENUE BONDS,

\$172,855,000 2023 Series A-1 (Sustainable Development Bonds)

\$419,870,000 2023 Series A-2 (Sustainable Development Bonds) \$50,000,000 2023 Series A-3 (Variable Rate) (Sustainable Development Bonds)

> \$53,645,000 2022 Series G (Sustainable Development Bonds)

> > Due: as shown on the inside cover pages

Dated: Date of delivery

NY(

The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds will bear interest at the fixed rates and payable on the dates set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The 2022 Series G Bonds (which were initially issued on December 15, 2022) are being remarketed as fixed rate bonds and will bear interest at the fixed rates and payable on the dates set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are subject to mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation and are subject to redemption, all as set forth herein. The Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds subject to mandatory tender for purchase and not remarketed only from monies available from and held under the Resolutions. No liquidity facility has been obtained to fund such obligation. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 Series A-1 BONDS AND 2022 Series G BONDS."

The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds will bear interest to their mandatory tender dates as set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement at the fixed rates and payable on the dates set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds are subject to earlier redemption and mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation as set forth herein. The Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds subject to mandatory tender for purchase and not remarketed only from monies available from and held under the Resolutions. No liquidity facility has been obtained to fund such obligation. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS."

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are being issued as variable rate obligations initially bearing interest at a Weekly Rate. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS." TD Securities (USA) LLC will serve as the Remarketing Agent for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are subject to tender at the option of the holders thereof and redemption and mandatory tender (including at the option of the Corporation) as set forth herein. The Corporation has arranged for a liquidity facility for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds pursuant to which TD Bank, N.A. (the "2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider") agrees to provide funds for the purchase of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds tendered but not remarketed by the Remarketing Agent (so long as no immediate termination events or suspension events have occurred). See "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY." The Corporation has no obligation to purchase the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds.

The Bank of New York Mellon, located in New York, New York, is the Trustee with respect to the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (collectively, the "2023 Bonds") and the 2022 Series G Bonds.

The 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds will be issued or were issued, as applicable, in book-entry form only and, when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). Interest on and principal of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds will be payable by the Trustee to Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to DTC Direct Participants for subsequent disbursement to the Beneficial Owners. Purchasers of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds will not be transferable or exchangeable, except for transfer to another nominee of DTC or otherwise as described herein. See "BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM."

The 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are being issued or were issued, as applicable, when combined with other available monies, to finance directly or indirectly construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments. Payment of the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds will be secured by the Revenues and assets pledged to such payment, including, without limitation, certain payments to be made under or with respect to the Mortgage Loans, and monies and/or Cash Equivalents held under the Debt Service Reserve Account. The 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are being issued or were issued, as applicable, on a parity with and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security as other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds).

The 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are special obligations of the New York City Housing Development Corporation, a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York. The 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are not a debt of the State of New York or The City of New York, and neither the State of New York nor The City of New York shall be liable thereon, nor shall the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

The issuance of the 2022 Series G Bonds was subject to the approval of Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. The 2023 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by the Underwriters thereof, subject to prior sale, to withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice, and to the unqualified approval of legality by Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. Certain legal matters related to the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds will be passed upon for the Corporation by its General Counsel and for the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents by their Counsel, Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider by Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois. It is expected that the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds will be available for delivery in New York, New York on or about June 20, 2023.

Barclays[†] J.P. Morgan[†] Academy Securities, Inc.[†] Citigroup[†] Raymond James[†] UBS[†] Dated: June 9, 2023.

Jefferies[†] Bancroft Capital, LLC[†] Morgan Stanley[†] Roosevelt & Cross, Incorporated[†] TD Securities[†] Loop Capital Markets[†] BofA Securities[†] Ramirez & Co., Inc.[†] Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC[†] Wells Fargo Securities[†]

[†] The Underwriters for each Series of the 2023 Bonds and the Remarketing Agents for the 2022 Series G Bonds are identified on the inside cover pages.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, PRICES

\$172,855,000 2023 Series A-1 Bonds (Sustainable Development Bonds)

Due	Amount	Interest Rate	Price	<u>CUSIP No.</u> †
Nov. 1, 2026	\$125,000	3.10%	100%	64972E3L1
May 1, 2027	130,000	3.15	100	64972E3M9
Nov. 1, 2027	125,000	3.20	100	64972E3N7
May 1, 2028	125,000	3.25	100	64972E3P2
Nov. 1, 2028	330,000	3.35	100	64972E3Q0
May 1, 2029	415,000	3.40	100	64972E3R8
Nov. 1, 2029	470,000	3.45	100	64972E3S6
May 1, 2030	495,000	3.50	100	64972E3T4
Nov. 1, 2030	510,000	3.50	100	64972E3U1
May 1, 2031	540,000	3.65	100	64972E3V9
Nov. 1, 2031	715,000	3.70	100	64972E3W7
May 1, 2032	835,000	3.75	100	64972E3X5
Nov. 1, 2032	1,025,000	3.85	100	64972E3Y3
May 1, 2033	1,055,000	3.95	100	64972E3Z0
Nov. 1, 2033	1,115,000	3.95	100	64972E4A4
May 1, 2034	1,150,000	4.00	100	64972E4B2
Nov. 1, 2034	1,185,000	4.05	100	64972E4C0
May 1, 2035	1,220,000	4.10	100	64972E4D8

\$11,565,000 2023 Series A-1 Fixed Rate Serial Bonds

\$8,000,000 4.30% 2023 Series A-1 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2038—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E4E6 \$13,370,000 4.60% 2023 Series A-1 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2043—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E4F3 \$18,000,000 4.75% 2023 Series A-1 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2048—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E4G1 \$33,000,000 4.85% 2023 Series A-1 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2053—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E4H9 \$33,000,000 4.95% 2023 Series A-1 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2058—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E4J5 \$55,920,000 5.00% 2023 Series A-1 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due May 1, 2063—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E4K2

Interest Payment Dates: Interest on the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds is payable on May 1 and November 1, commencing November 1, 2023, and on any redemption or tender date.

Authorized Denominations: \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Senior Managing Underwriter: Barclays Capital Inc.

Co-Senior Managing Underwriters: J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Loop Capital Markets LLC

Co-Managing Underwriters: Academy Securities, Inc., Bancroft Capital, LLC, BofA Securities, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Jefferies LLC, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Roosevelt & Cross, Incorporated, Ramirez & Co., Inc., Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC, TD Securities (USA) LLC, UBS Financial Services Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

[†] CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Corporation and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds. The Corporation is not responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, and no representation is made as to their correctness on the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity, tender and remarketing, or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, PRICES

\$419,870,000 2023 Series A-2 Bonds (Sustainable Development Bonds)

\$159,650,000 3.70% 2023 Series A-2 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due May 1, 2063—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E4M8

Mandatory Tender Date: December 30, 2027 Earliest Redemption or Mandatory Tender Date: December 1, 2025

\$260,220,000 3.73% 2023 Series A-2 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due May 1, 2063—Price 100% CUSIP No.⁺ 64972E4L0

Mandatory Tender Date:December 29, 2028Earliest Redemption or Mandatory Tender Date:June 1, 2026

Interest Payment Dates: Interest on the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds is payable on May 1 and November 1, commencing November 1, 2023, and on any redemption or tender date.

Authorized Denominations: \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Senior Managing Underwriter: Barclays Capital Inc.

Co-Senior Managing Underwriters: J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Loop Capital Markets LLC

Co-Managing Underwriters: Academy Securities, Inc., Bancroft Capital, LLC, BofA Securities, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Jefferies LLC, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Roosevelt & Cross, Incorporated, Ramirez & Co., Inc., Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC, TD Securities (USA) LLC, UBS Financial Services Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

\$50,000,000 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (Variable Rate) (Sustainable Development Bonds)

\$50,000,000 2023 Series A-3 Variable Rate Term Bonds due May 1, 2063—Price 100% CUSIP No.⁺ 64972E3J6

Interest Payment Dates: Interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds is payable on the first Business Day of each month, commencing on the first Business Day of July, 2023, and on any redemption or tender date.

Authorized Denominations: \$100,000 or any \$5,000 increment in excess of \$100,000.

Underwriter and Remarketing Agent: TD Securities (USA) LLC

2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider: TD Bank, N.A.

[†] CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Corporation and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds. The Corporation is not responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, and no representation is made as to their correctness on the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity, tender and remarketing, or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, PRICES

\$53,645,000 2022 Series G Bonds (Sustainable Development Bonds)

Due	Amount	Interest Rate	Price	<u>CUSIP No.</u> †
Nov. 1, 2027	\$415,000	3.20%	100%	64972E4N6
May 1, 2028	420,000	3.25	100	64972E4P1
Nov. 1, 2028	430,000	3.35	100	64972E4Q9
May 1, 2029	435,000	3.40	100	64972E4R7
Nov. 1, 2029	440,000	3.45	100	64972E4S5
May 1, 2030	450,000	3.50	100	64972E4T3
Nov. 1, 2030	460,000	3.50	100	64972E4U0
May 1, 2031	465,000	3.65	100	64972E4V8
Nov. 1, 2031	475,000	3.70	100	64972E4W6
May 1, 2032	485,000	3.75	100	64972E4X4
Nov. 1, 2032	495,000	3.85	100	64972E4Y2
May 1, 2033	500,000	3.95	100	64972E4Z9
Nov. 1, 2033	510,000	3.95	100	64972E5A3
May 1, 2034	520,000	4.00	100	64972E5B1
Nov. 1, 2034	530,000	4.05	100	64972E5C9
May 1, 2035	545,000	4.10	100	64972E5D7

\$7,575,000 2022 Series G Fixed Rate Serial Bonds

\$4,130,000 4.30% 2022 Series G Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2038—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E5E5 \$7,125,000 4.60% 2022 Series G Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2043—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E5F2 \$8,970,000 4.75% 2022 Series G Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2048—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E5G0 \$11,380,000 4.85% 2022 Series G Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2053—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E5H8 \$14,465,000 4.95% 2022 Series G Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2058—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972E5J4

Interest Payment Dates: Interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds is payable on May 1 and November 1, commencing November 1, 2023, and on any redemption or tender date.

Authorized Denominations: \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Senior Managing Remarketing Agent: Barclays Capital Inc.

Co-Senior Managing Remarketing Agent: Jefferies LLC

Co-Managing Remarketing Agents: Academy Securities, Inc., Bancroft Capital, LLC, BofA Securities, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Loop Capital Markets LLC, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., Roosevelt & Cross, Incorporated, Ramirez & Co., Inc., Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC, TD Securities (USA) LLC, UBS Financial Services Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

[†] CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Corporation and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds. The Corporation is not responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, and no representation is made as to their correctness on the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity, tender and remarketing, or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds.

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the New York City Housing Development Corporation or any of the Underwriters for the 2023 Bonds named on the inside cover pages (collectively, the "Underwriters") or the Remarketing Agents for the 2022 Series G Bonds named on the inside cover pages (collectively, the "Remarketing Agents") to give any information or to make any representations other than as contained in this Official Statement. If given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing.

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the New York City Housing Development Corporation and other sources which are believed to be reliable but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents or by any of such sources as to information from any other source. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the New York City Housing Development Corporation, TD Bank, N.A., as the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider, or the other matters described herein since the date hereof.

The 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider has not prepared or assisted in the preparation of this Official Statement, including any financial information included herein or attached hereto and the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider has no responsibility for the form and content of this Official Statement or any information omitted herefrom, other than solely with respect to the information describing the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider under the subheading "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY—TD Bank, N.A." The 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider has not independently verified, makes no representation regarding, and does not accept any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement or any information or disclosure contained herein or omitted herefrom, other than solely with respect to the information describing itself under the subheading "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY—TD Bank, N.A." Accordingly, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider disclaims responsibility for the other information in this Official Statement or otherwise made in connection with the issuance of the 2023 Bonds or the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds.

The Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents have provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, their respective responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this Official Statement for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

THE 2023 BONDS AND THE 2022 SERIES G BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION, NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE UNDERWRITERS AND THE REMARKETING AGENTS MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE 2023 BONDS AND THE 2022 SERIES G BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME. THE UNDERWRITERS AND THE REMARKETING AGENTS MAY OFFER AND SELL THE 2023 BONDS AND THE 2022 SERIES G BONDS TO CERTAIN DEALERS AND DEALER BANKS AND OTHERS AT PRICES LOWER THAN THE PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES STATED ON THE INSIDE COVER PAGES AND SUCH PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITERS AND THE REMARKETING AGENTS.

Part I and Part II of this Official Statement, including their respective appendices, are to be read together, and together Part I and Part II, including their respective appendices, constitute this Official Statement.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT PART I

\$696,370,000 NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds,

\$172,855,000 2023 Series A-1\$50,000,000 2023 Series A-3 (Variable Rate)(Sustainable Development Bonds)(Sustainable Development Bonds)\$419,870,000 2023 Series A-2\$53,645,000 2022 Series G(Sustainable Development Bonds)(Sustainable Development Bonds)

This Official Statement Part I ("Part I") provides information as of its date (*except* where otherwise expressly stated) concerning the Corporation's 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds. It contains only a part of the information to be provided by the Corporation in connection with the issuance and sale or remarketing, as applicable, of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds. Additional information concerning Bonds previously issued under the General Resolution, certain sources of payment and security for the Bonds (including the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds), the Corporation, and the mortgage loan program financed with the proceeds of the Bonds is contained in the Official Statement Part II ("Part II") and is subject in all respects to the information contained herein. Certain defined terms used herein are set forth in "Appendix A—Definitions of Certain Terms."

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT PART I

\$696,370,000 NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds,

\$172,855,000 2023 Series A-1 (Sustainable Development Bonds) \$419,870,000 2023 Series A-2 (Sustainable Development Bonds) \$50,000,000 2023 Series A-3 (Variable Rate) (Sustainable Development Bonds) \$53,645,000 2022 Series G (Sustainable Development Bonds)

This Official Statement consists of Part I and Part II. The purpose of Part I, which includes the cover page and inside cover pages to this Official Statement, and the appendices to this Part I, is to set forth certain information concerning the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation") in connection with the sale of (i) \$172,855,000 principal amount of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-1 (the "2023 Series A-1 Bonds"), (ii) \$419,870,000 principal amount of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-2 (the "2023 Series A-2 Bonds") and (iii) \$50,000,000 principal amount of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-3 (the "2023 Series A-3 Bonds" and, collectively with the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds, the "2023 Bonds"). The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds will bear interest at fixed rates to maturity or to the date, if any, on which the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation. The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds will bear interest at fixed rates to their mandatory tender dates and are subject to earlier mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation as described herein. The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will bear interest at a variable rate, initially reset weekly and are subject to tender at the option of the holders thereof and mandatory tender (including at the option of the Corporation) as described herein. The 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, which will directly finance socially beneficial projects, are also referred to as "Sustainable Development Bonds." See "PLAN OF FINANCING-General-Sustainable Development Bonds."

The 2023 Bonds are to be issued, and the 2022 Series G Bonds were issued, in accordance with the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting Chapter 44 b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, as amended (the "Act"), and pursuant to a resolution entitled "Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution" adopted by the Members of the Corporation on July 27, 1993, as amended from time to time (the "General Resolution"), a supplemental resolution for the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds entitled "Three Hundred Forty-Sixth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-1 and 2023 Series A-2" (the "2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution") adopted by the Members of the Corporation on June 1, 2023, a supplemental resolution for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds entitled "Three Hundred Forty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-3" (the "2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution" and, together with the 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the "2023 Supplemental Resolutions") adopted by the Members of the Corporation on June 1, 2023, and a supplemental resolution for the 2022 Series G Bonds entitled "Three Hundred Forty-Third Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series G" (the "2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution") adopted by the Members of the Corporation on November 30, 2022 (the "2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution"). The General Resolution, the 2023 Supplemental Resolutions and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution are referred to herein, collectively, as the "Resolutions." Part II of this Official Statement sets forth additional information concerning the Corporation, the Act, the Program (as such term is defined below) and the Bonds Outstanding.

Pursuant to the General Resolution (except as otherwise expressly provided therein or in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a series of bonds), all bonds issued thereunder are equally and ratably

secured by the Revenues and assets pledged thereunder. All bonds issued or to be issued under the General Resolution, including the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, are herein referred to as the "Bonds." Under the General Resolution, the Corporation may issue Bonds to finance any corporate purpose for which Bonds may be issued under the Act or any other applicable law hereafter enacted. The activities of the Corporation undertaken pursuant to the General Resolution are hereinafter referred to as the "Program." Under the Program, to date, the Corporation has issued Bonds to finance Mortgage Loans for privately owned multi-family rental housing for low and moderate income tenants. Multi-family housing developments financed by the Corporation under the Program are referred to herein individually as a "Development" or a "Project" and, collectively, as the "Developments" or the "Projects."

INTRODUCTION

The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York (the "State"). The Corporation was created by the Act for the purpose of providing and encouraging the investment of private capital in safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations in The City of New York (the "City") within the financial reach of families and persons of low income, which include families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, through the provision of low interest mortgage loans.

A portion of the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds, together with the amounts on deposit in the 2022 Series G Bond Proceeds Account established under the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution (the "2022 Series G Bond Proceeds Account") to be transferred to the Bond Proceeds Account upon the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, are expected to be used by the Corporation to finance all or portions of ten (10) senior mortgage loans (the "2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans"). The remaining portion of the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds is expected to be used by the Corporation to finance all or portions of eight (8) subordinate mortgage loans (the "2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loans"). See "PLAN OF FINANCING—General—2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds."

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are variable rate demand bonds, initially issued in the Weekly Rate mode. The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds may be tendered at the option of the Bond owners thereof and are subject to mandatory tender for purchase as described herein. Tendered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are to be remarketed by the Remarketing Agent (which will initially be TD Securities (USA) LLC). Any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds not remarketed by the Remarketing Agent are to be purchased with funds provided under a standby bond purchase agreement for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (the "2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility") between the Corporation and TD Bank, N.A. (the "2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider"). See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS—Optional and Mandatory Purchase of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds—Additional Provisions Regarding Bank Bonds" for a description of the payment provisions applicable to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds held by the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility will automatically and immediately terminate or be suspended without notice or mandatory tender. See "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY" herein. Pursuant to the Tender Agent Agreement, the Tender Agent will subsequently give notice to 2023 Series A-3 Bond owners of such termination or suspension.

If the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider fails to purchase the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds tendered or deemed tendered for purchase by the Bond owners thereof and not remarketed or if the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility is terminated without an alternate Liquidity Facility in place or is suspended, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will continue to bear interest as described in "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS—General—Weekly Rate Period." Bond owners will continue to have the right to tender their 2023 Series A-3 Bonds during such period, but the Purchase Price of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will be payable solely from remarketing proceeds. The Corporation has no obligation to purchase the 2023

Series A-3 Bonds. If remarketing proceeds are not available, then Bond owners may be required to hold the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to their maturity or prior redemption. See "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY" for a description of the circumstances under which the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility will terminate or be suspended and the conditions to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider's obligation to purchase.

The 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are special revenue obligations of the Corporation, and payment of the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds will be secured by the Revenues and assets pledged to such payment including, without limitation, certain payments to be made under or with respect to the Mortgage Loans, and monies and/or Cash Equivalents held under the Debt Service Reserve Account. The 2023 Bonds are being issued, and the 2022 Series G Bonds were issued, on a parity with, and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security of the General Resolution as, all other Bonds Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) issued and to be issued thereunder. As of April 30, 2023, the aggregate principal balance of Bonds Outstanding was \$10,626,985,000. The Corporation has authorized and contracted to sell \$86,025,000 aggregate principal amount of additional Bonds expected to be issued in 2023. None of the Bonds Outstanding are Subordinate Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS" and "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. In addition, as of April 30, 2023, the Corporation has pledged amounts on deposit from time to time in the Revenue Account held under the General Resolution to secure the payment of regularly scheduled debt service on (i) \$94,440,000 principal amount of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), 2009 Series 1 (the "NIBP Series 1 Bonds") secured under the Corporation's One Hundred Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), NIBP Series 1, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on December 3, 2009, as amended (the "NIBP Series 1 Resolution") and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and (ii) \$10,250,000 principal amount of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), 2009 Series 2 (the "NIBP Series 2 Bonds") secured under the Corporation's One Hundred Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), NIBP Series 2, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on December 3, 2009, as amended (the "NIBP Series 2 Resolution"; the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are collectively referred to as the "NIBP Resolutions" and each is referred to individually as a "NIBP Resolution") and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution. The NIBP Series 1 Bonds, any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution, the NIBP Series 2 Bonds and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are referred to collectively, as the "NIBP Bonds." Funds held under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are not security for the Bonds or the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds (as defined below). See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution—NIBP Bonds" in Part II of this Official Statement. In addition, as of April 30, 2023, the Corporation has pledged amounts on deposit from time to time in the Revenue Account held under the General Resolution to secure the payment of regularly scheduled interest on, and the mandatory redemption from loan principal repayments of, \$48,889,712 principal amount of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Insured Mortgage Loan Pass-Through), 2017 Series A (the "2017 Pass-Through Bonds") secured under the Corporation's Two Hundred Fifty-Fourth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Insured Mortgage Loan Pass-Through), 2017 Series A, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on September 19, 2017 (the "2017 Pass-Through Resolution"). Funds held under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution are not security for the Bonds or the NIBP Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution-2017 Pass-Through Bonds" in Part II of this Official Statement.

The Mortgage Loans may, but are not required to, be secured by supplemental security ("Supplemental Security"), including (a) mortgage insurance provided by (i) the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA"), including insurance through the FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance Program, (ii) the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation, a subsidiary corporation of the Corporation ("REMIC") and (iii) the State of New York Mortgage Agency ("SONYMA"), (b) mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), (c) a credit enhancement instrument provided by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac"), (d) a risk share credit enhancement instrument provided by Freddie Mac and (e) bank letters of credit ("Long-term LOCs" or "Construction LOCs") or other forms of supplemental security. In addition, the Developments related to the Mortgage Loans may, but are not required to, be assisted through Federal, State or local subsidy programs ("Subsidy Programs") such as (a) the program (the "Mitchell-Lama Program" or "Mitchell-Lama") authorized by Article 2 of the New York Private Housing Finance Law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Mitchell-Lama Law"), and the related Corporation Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program/Mitchell-Lama Reinvestment Program (the "ML Restructuring Program"), (b) the interest reduction subsidies ("HUD Payments") authorized by Section 236 of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended ("Section 236"), pursuant to periodic interest reduction payment contracts ("Section 236 Contracts"), (c) the housing assistance payment program authorized by Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended ("Section 8"), (d) various subordinate loan or other programs of the Corporation such as the Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program ("AHPLP"), the Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Program ("LAMP"), the Extremely Low & Low-Income Affordability Program ("ELLA"), the Preservation Program ("Preservation"), the Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program ("ML Repair Loan Program"), the Mixed Income Program ("Mixed Income"), the Mixed-Middle (M2) Program ("Mixed-Middle"), the Mix and Match Program ("Mix and Match") and the New Housing Opportunities Program ("New HOP"), (e) various Federal, State and other subordinate loan or grant programs such as the Participation Loan Program ("PLP"), the Article 8-A Loan Program ("Article 8-A"), the §421-a Negotiable Certificate Program (the "Certificate Program"), the Low Income Rental Program ("LIRP"), General Municipal Law Article 16 ("GML Article 16") programs, Housing Development Grant ("HoDAG") programs, certain programs of the New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation ("HTF"), the HPD Mix & Match Program ("HPD Mix and Match"), the Third Party Transfer Program ("TPT"), the HUD Multifamily Program ("HUD Multifamily"), the Cornerstone Program ("Cornerstone"), the PACT Program (the "PACT Program") and the NYC 15/15 Rental Assistance Program ("NYC 15/15"), and (f) subsidies through the Housing Assistance Corporation ("HAC"). The programs described in clauses (d), (e) and (f) in the immediately preceding sentence are referred to herein, collectively, as the "Subordinate Loan/Grant Programs." See "Appendix D-1-Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" and "Appendix F-Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs" in Part II of this Official Statement. A Mortgage Loan also may represent the Corporation's participation interest in a mortgage loan or pool of mortgage loans or the cash flow therefrom. A Mortgage Loan, or the mortgage loan underlying a participation interest, is required to be evidenced by a note and secured by a mortgage (but such mortgage need not create a first mortgage lien on the related Development).

The ability of the Corporation to pay the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the Bonds, including the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, is dependent on the Revenues derived from the assets pledged to secure the Bonds, which consist of all the Mortgage Loans (including the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans). In instances in which Supplemental Security backs a Mortgage Loan, timely receipt of the proceeds of the Supplemental Security may be material to the Corporation's ability to pay the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the Bonds. In cases in which Developments are beneficiaries of Subsidy Programs, full and timely receipt of subsidy payments, or loan or grant proceeds, may be necessary for full payment under the Mortgage Loans made with respect to such Developments. In the case of Mortgage Loans which are not secured by Supplemental Security or whose related Developments are not assisted

under a Subsidy Program, the Revenues derived from such Mortgage Loans are entirely dependent on each Mortgagor's ability to make payments under its Mortgage Loan. Each Mortgagor's ability to make payments required under its Mortgage Loan is and will be affected by a variety of factors including the maintenance of a sufficient level of occupancy, the level of operating expenses, sound management of a Development, the ability to achieve and maintain rents or collect maintenance to cover payments under the Mortgage Loan, operating expenses, taxes, utility rates and maintenance costs, and changes in applicable laws and governmental regulations. In addition, the continued feasibility of a Development may depend in part upon general economic conditions and other factors in the surrounding area of a Development. See "THE PROGRAM—Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans" in Part II of this Official Statement and under the subheadings "Supplemental Security" and "Subsidy Programs" in Appendix F in Part II of this Official Statement.

Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds (which may be secured on a parity with, or be subordinate in right of payment to, the Bonds which are not Subordinate Bonds) to finance any of its corporate purposes for which bonds may be issued under the Act, or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted, including but not limited to financing mortgage loans and/or participation interests therein. No such additional Bonds may be issued under the General Resolution unless certain conditions set forth therein are met, including confirmation of the then existing ratings on the Bonds Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) by each of the Rating Agencies then rating such Bonds.

If Mortgage Loans (including participation interests in mortgage loans) are to be financed by any such additional Bonds and pledged to secure the Bonds, such Mortgage Loans or the mortgage loans underlying a participation interest need not create a first mortgage lien on such Projects and such Mortgage Loans or the Projects financed thereby may, but are not required to, be subject to Supplemental Security insuring or securing against Mortgage Loan default losses. Such Supplemental Security, if any, may be in the form of, among other things, a mortgage insurance policy, a guaranteed mortgage-backed security, a letter of credit, a surety bond or an escrow deposit, any or all of which may be obtained pursuant to one or more programs of the Federal, State or local government.

The General Resolution does not require that the Corporation pledge its interests in the assets financed with the proceeds of additional Bonds, or the revenues derived therefrom, to secure the Bonds. Moreover, the Corporation may withdraw Mortgage Loans and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement (or, with respect to surplus revenues, a Cash Flow Certificate), except with respect to certain Mortgage Loans which, pursuant to the applicable Supplemental Resolutions, may be released without the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, as more fully described under the subheading "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

The Bonds are not a debt of the State or the City, and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Descriptions of the Corporation, the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans, the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, sources of payment therefor, the Program and the Resolutions are included in Part I and Part II of this Official Statement. All summaries or descriptions herein of documents and agreements are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements, and all summaries herein of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the Resolutions and the provisions with respect thereto included in the aforesaid documents and agreements.

The Corporation has covenanted in the General Resolution to provide a copy of each annual report of the Corporation (and certain special reports, if any) and any Accountant's Certificate relating thereto to the Trustee and to each Bond owner who shall have filed such owner's name and address with the Corporation for such purposes. The Corporation also has committed to provide certain information on an ongoing basis to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. For a description of the Corporation's undertaking with respect to ongoing disclosure, see "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE." Summaries of the Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs are qualified in their entirety by reference to any statutes, regulations or agreements mentioned in such summaries. See Appendix F in Part II of this Official Statement.

PLAN OF FINANCING

General

Sustainable Development Bonds

The 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, which allow investors to invest directly in bonds that finance socially beneficial projects, are designated as "Sustainable Development Bonds." In previous offering documents for applicable Outstanding Bonds, the Corporation has used the "Sustainable Neighborhood Bonds" designation, which the Corporation used to highlight the socially beneficial attributes and featured environmental benefits of the Developments which received subsidized financing from the Corporation at a time when no universal green and social standards existed. As the Green and Social Bond market matures and develops standard consensus around certain social and environmental goals, the Corporation seeks to align itself accordingly. The Corporation does not plan to make any substantive changes to its social and green goals and programs, which are described in more detail below.

The Corporation's Sustainable Development Bonds designation reflects the use of the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds in a manner that is substantially consistent with the "Social Bond Principles" and "Sustainability Bond Guidelines" as promulgated by the International Capital Market Association ("ICMA"). The Corporation has not appointed an external review provider to confirm alignment of the Sustainable Development Bonds designation of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds with the core components of such Social Bond Principles and Sustainability Bond Guidelines. The Sustainable Development Bonds designation also reflects the use of the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds in a manner that is consistent with "Goal 1: No Poverty" and "Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities" of the United Nations 17 Sustainable Development Goals (referred to as "UNSDGs" generally and "SDG 1" and "SDG 11" specifically). The UNSDGs were adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in September 2015 as part of its 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. SDG 1 is focused on ending poverty in all its forms everywhere, and SDG 11 is focused on making cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.

<u>Use of Proceeds</u>. The Developments expected to be financed with the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds and amounts on deposit in the 2022 Series G Bond Proceeds Account and the socially beneficial attributes of each Development are set forth below under "PLAN OF FINANCING—2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans."

In addition to the socially beneficial attributes of Developments receiving subsidized financing from the Corporation, certain of the Developments expected to be financed with Sustainable Development Bonds also feature environmental benefits. Certain of the Developments expected to be financed with Sustainable Development Bonds have applied for and are expected to receive Enterprise Green Communities ("EGC") certification, which involves the evaluation of certain criteria for creating healthy and energy efficient affordable housing. Such certification is administered by Enterprise Community Partners, Inc., a non-profit corporation. Certain of the Developments expected to be financed with

Sustainable Development Bonds have applied for and are expected to receive Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design ("LEED") certification from the U.S. Green Building Council, which reviews LEED applications and assigns points to each project based on its level of achievement in improved environmental performance. There are four levels of certification starting at the Certified level and increasing to Silver, Gold and Platinum, each of which is determined by the number of points earned. There is no assurance that the EGC or LEED certification will be obtained nor is the Corporation responsible for determining if a Development has met or continues to meet the criteria for either such certification. The Corporation is not affiliated with EGC or the U.S. Green Building Council.

The expected subsidy program for each of the Developments expected to be financed with the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds and amounts on deposit in the 2022 Series G Bond Proceeds Account is indicated below under "PLAN OF FINANCING—2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans."

<u>Project Evaluation and Selection</u>. The Corporation's mission is to provide financing for the purpose of increasing the City's supply of multi-family housing, stimulating economic growth and revitalizing neighborhoods through the creation and preservation of affordable housing for low-, moderate- and middleincome City residents. In furtherance of such purpose, the Corporation seeks to foster thriving, diverse and sustainable neighborhoods; finance new construction for residents of a mix of incomes; preserve affordability within existing housing stock; and protect the City's most vulnerable residents through supportive housing developments. The Corporation's staff evaluated the Developments and selected them, in part based on the Developments' alignment with the Corporation's mission.

<u>Management of Proceeds</u>. The proceeds of the Sustainable Development Bonds will be deposited in one or more accounts under the General Resolution and applied to fund Mortgage Loans, or invested in Investment Securities (as defined in "Appendix A—Definitions of Certain Terms") until applied to fund Mortgage Loans, as discussed below under "PLAN OF FINANCING—2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds." Such disbursements will be tracked by the Corporation.

<u>Post-Issuance Reporting</u>. The Corporation will provide annual updates regarding the disbursement of the proceeds of the Sustainable Development Bonds for the financing of Mortgage Loans. The Corporation will cease to update such information with respect to a Development when the applicable Mortgage Loan has been fully funded. This reporting is separate from the Corporation's obligations described under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" and will be provided on the Corporation's website (www.nychdc.com/sustainable-development-bonds). Failure by the Corporation to provide such updates shall not be a default or an event of default under the General Resolution or the Disclosure Agreement. In limited instances, portions of the proceeds of a Series of Bonds designated as Sustainable Development Bonds will be used at the discretion of the Corporation for other purposes permitted under the Act.

The term "Sustainable Development Bonds" is neither defined in nor related to provisions in the Resolutions. The use of such term herein is for identification purposes only and is not intended to provide or imply that an owner of Sustainable Development Bonds is entitled to any additional security beyond that provided therefor in the Resolutions. Holders of Sustainable Development Bonds do not assume any specific risk with respect to any of the funded Developments by reason of a Series of Bonds being designated as Sustainable Development Bonds and such Bonds are secured on a parity with all other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds).

2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds

Upon the issuance of the 2023 Bonds, the proceeds thereof initially will be deposited in Accounts under the General Resolution and invested in Investment Securities. A portion of the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds, together with the amounts on deposit in the 2022 Series G Bond Proceeds Account which will be

transferred to the Bond Proceeds Account upon the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, are expected to be used by the Corporation to directly or indirectly (through the refunding of certain outstanding bonds) finance all or portions of the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans for the construction or permanent financing of ten (10) developments (the "2023 Series A/2022 Series G Developments"). A portion of certain 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans is expected to be financed, as needed, by the Corporation with its own corporate funds (the "Corporation Funded Portion"). The remaining portion of the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds is expected to be used by the Corporation to directly or indirectly (through the refunding of certain outstanding bonds) finance all or portions of the 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loans for the construction of eight (8) of the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Developments. See "2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans" below.

The 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans and the 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loans are referred to herein as the "2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans," and the developments financed with the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans are referred to herein as the "2023 Series A/2022 Series A/2022

Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds

The proceeds of the 2023 Bonds received by the Corporation upon the sale of the 2023 Bonds, together with other available monies of the Corporation, are expected to be applied approximately as follows:

SOURCES	2023 Series A-1	2023 Series A-2	2023 Series A-3	Total
Proceeds of Bonds	\$172,855,000	\$419,870,000	\$50,000,000	\$642,725,000
Other Available Monies	6,392,953	2,347,943	274,720	9,015,616
TOTAL SOURCES	\$179,247,953	\$422,217,943	\$50,274,720	\$651,740,616
<u>USES</u>				
Deposit to Bond Proceeds Account	\$172,855,000	\$419,870,000	\$50,000,000	\$642,725,000
Deposit to Debt Service Reserve Account	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
Cost of Issuance ⁽¹⁾	1,392,953	2,347,943	274,720	4,015,616
TOTAL USES	\$179,247,953	\$422,217,943	\$50,274,720	\$651,740,616

⁽¹⁾ Includes compensation to the Underwriters of the 2023 Bonds. See "UNDERWRITING AND REMARKETING."

Debt Service Reserve Account

2023 Series A-1 Bonds

Under the terms of the 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement with respect to the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds shall equal, as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to 3% of the principal amount of the Outstanding 2023 Series A-1 Bonds. The Corporation will fund the Debt Service Reserve Account in an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds with other available monies of the Corporation and funds held under the General Resolution.

2023 Series A-2 Bonds

Under the terms of the 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement with respect to the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds shall initially equal zero dollars (\$0). Subject to the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement may be

amended in connection with a mandatory tender and remarketing of all or a portion of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds.

2023 Series A-3 Bonds

Under the terms of the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall equal, as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to 3% of the principal amount of the Outstanding 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. The Corporation will fund the Debt Service Reserve Account in an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds with funds held under the General Resolution.

2022 Series G Bonds

Under the terms of the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement with respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds shall equal, as of any date of calculation, an amount equal to 3% of the principal amount of the Outstanding 2022 Series G Bonds. The Corporation will fund the Debt Service Reserve Account in an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the 2022 Series G Bonds with funds held under the General Resolution.

For further information on the Debt Service Reserve Account and the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the Bonds, see "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Debt Service Reserve Account" in Part II of this Official Statement.

2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans

It is anticipated that the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds, the amounts on deposit in the 2022 Series G Bond Proceeds Account which will be transferred to the Bond Proceeds Account upon the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, and funds of the Corporation will be used, as described under "General—2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds" above, to directly or indirectly (through the refunding of certain outstanding bonds) finance the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans for the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Developments described in the chart below. No assurances can be given that any such 2023 Series A/2022 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan will be made or, if made, funded in the amount presently contemplated by the Corporation. Additionally, the Corporation may substitute other Developments for those described in the chart below:

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				2023 Series	A/2022 Series	G Mortgage L	oans					
		2023 \$	Series A/2022 Series G	Senior Mortgage	Loans				2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loans	Sustainat	ole Developmen	t Bonds
Development Name (Borough/ Number of Units) ⁽¹⁾	Anticipated Construction Period (in months)	Anticipated Construction Mortgage Loan Amount ⁽²⁾	Expected Amount of Mandatory Prepayment	Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Amount	Anticipated Construction LOC ⁽³⁾	Anticipated Permanent Supplemental Security ⁽³⁾	Anticipated Mortgage Loan Term/ Amortization Period (in years)	Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Interest Rate ⁽⁴⁾	Anticipated Mortgage Loan Amount ⁽⁹⁾	Subsidy Program ⁽⁵⁾	Expected EGC or LEED Certification	LIHTC
Peninsula Phase II (Bronx/359)	48	\$130,530,000	\$108,060,000	\$22,470,000	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	REMIC ⁽⁶⁾	35/ 35	6.300%	\$20,000,000	ELLA	EGC	Yes
1001 Whitlock Avenue (Bronx/265)	40	\$80,385,000	\$59,490,000	\$20,895,000	Citibank, N.A.	REMIC ⁽⁶⁾	35/ 35	6.300%	\$17,225,000	ELLA	EGC	Yes
Edgemere Commons Building B1 (Queens/237)	38	\$69,440,000	\$54,455,000	\$14,985,000	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	REMIC ⁽⁶⁾	30/ 30	6.250%	\$15,045,000	ELLA	EGC	Yes
Glenmore Manor (Brooklyn/233)	42	\$88,000,000	\$68,105,000	\$19,895,000	Bank of America, N.A.	REMIC ⁽⁶⁾	35/ 35	6.300%	\$14,445,000	ELLA	EGC	Yes
Astoria Towers II (Queens/106)	33	\$42,170,000	\$24,255,000	\$17,915,000	TD Bank, N.A.	FHA Risk- Sharing ⁽⁷⁾	40/ 40	6.225%	\$5,830,000	ELLA/ Section 8	EGC	Yes
Blondell Commons (Bronx/182)	34	\$74,825,000	\$55,085,000	\$19,740,000	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	REMIC ⁽⁶⁾	35/ 35	6.300%	\$11,280,000	ELLA	EGC	Yes
Wakefield Yards (Bronx/251)	44	\$93,015,000	\$68,680,000	\$24,335,000	Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	REMIC ⁽⁶⁾	30/ 30	6.250%	\$16,315,000	ELLA	EGC	Yes
2069 Bruckner (Bronx/344)	30	\$93,005,000	\$67,895,000	\$25,110,000	Goldman Sachs	REMIC ⁽⁶⁾	35/ 35	6.300%	\$20,000,000	ELLA	LEED	Yes
37 Hillside Avenue (Manhattan/164) ⁽¹⁰⁾	19	\$3,000,000	N/A	\$3,000,000	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	FHA Risk- Sharing ⁽⁷⁾	40/ 40	6.225%	N/A	ELLA/ Section 8	EGC	Yes
Bedford Union Armory (Brooklyn/415) ⁽¹¹⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$22,000,000	N/A	REMIC ⁽⁸⁾	35/ 35	5.500%	N/A	Mixed Income with ELLA affordable component ⁽¹¹⁾	EGC	Yes
	TOTAL	\$674,370,000	\$506,025,000	\$190,345,000					\$120,140,000			

Footnotes on following page

Footnotes from previous page

(1) The 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans and 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loans (other than the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan for the Bedford Union Armory Development) are for new construction of the applicable Developments. The 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan for the Bedford Union Armory Development is for the permanent financing of the applicable Development.
(2) The Corporation Funded Portions are: \$3,790,000 for the Peninsula Phase II Development; \$14,965,000 for the 1001 Whitlock Avenue Development; \$15,045,000 for the Edgemere Commons Building B1 Development; \$3,930,000 for the Glenmore Manor Development; \$16,315,000 for the Astoria Towers II Development; \$11,280,000 for the Blondell Commons Development; \$16,315,000 for the Wakefield Yards Development; and \$20,000,000 for the 2069 Bruckner Development.

⁽³⁾ For a description of the Construction LOCs, REMIC Insurance and FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security" in Part II of this Official Statement.

⁽⁴⁾ The anticipated permanent mortgage loan interest rate for each 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan is inclusive of servicing and credit enhancement fees.

⁽⁵⁾ For descriptions of the ELLA, Mixed Income and Section 8 programs, see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Subsidy Programs" in Part II of this Official Statement.

⁽⁶⁾ It is anticipated that REMIC Insurance will secure the first loss on the Mortgage Loan up to twenty percent (20%) of the original permanent senior Mortgage Loan amount for the applicable Development. For a description of REMIC Insurance, see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—REMIC Insurance Program" in Part II of this Official Statement.

⁽⁷⁾ It is anticipated that FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance pursuant to the FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance Program will secure one hundred percent (100%) of the loss on the permanent senior Mortgage Loan for the applicable Development. For a description of FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance Program" in Part II of this Official Statement.

⁽⁸⁾ It is anticipated that the Mortgage Loan for the Bedford Union Armory Development will have a risk-share insurance policy coverage percentage which would equal fifty percent (50%) of the first lien permanent Mortgage Loan, with REMIC and SONYMA each responsible for insuring twenty-five percent (25%) of the original principal balance of the Mortgage Loan. In the event that the risk-sharing arrangement is not available, REMIC Insurance will secure the first loss on the Mortgage Loan up to twenty percent (20%) of the original permanent senior Mortgage Loan amount for the Bedford Union Armory Development. For a description of REMIC Insurance, see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—REMIC Insurance Program" in Part II of this Official Statement.

⁽⁹⁾ Portions of the following 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loans are being financed by the Corporation with its own corporate funds in the following amounts: \$16,210,000 for the Peninsula Phase II Development; \$2,260,000 for the 1001 Whitlock Avenue Development; \$10,515,000 for the Glenmore Manor Development; and \$5,000,000 for the Astoria Towers II Development.

⁽¹⁰⁾ The Mortgage Loan amounts set forth in the chart represent the portion of the construction and permanent Mortgage Loan for the 37 Hillside Avenue Development financed with proceeds of the 2023 Bonds. The Mortgage Loan was previously financed with \$57,320,000 of the proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series D-1-A, 2020 Series D-1-B and 2020 Series D-2 and with the Corporation's own corporate funds. The existing Mortgage Loan for the 37 Hillside Avenue Development, including the permanent mortgage loan interest rate applicable thereto, is described in Table 2 in "Appendix D—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" in Part II of this Official Statement. The 37 Hillside Avenue Development is also expected to be financed with an additional co-senior Mortgage Loan from the Corporation in the principal amount of \$1,535,000 funded with proceeds of Bonds or other available funds of the Corporation, which Mortgage Loan will be pledged under the General Resolution. Due to changes in the construction budget, the Corporation has agreed to increase the construction Mortgage Loan from \$57,320,000 to \$61,855,000 and the permanent Mortgage Loan from \$29,530,000 to \$34,065,000.

⁽¹¹⁾ The Mortgage Loan amount set forth in the chart represents the portion of the permanent Mortgage Loan for the Bedford Union Armory Development financed with proceeds of the 2023 Bonds. The permanent Mortgage Loan is also financed with \$24,230,000 of the proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series K, \$16,240,000 of the proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series A-3-B, and \$13,030,000 of the proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series A-4. The Mortgage Loan for the Bedford Union Armory Development is described in Table 2 in "Appendix D—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" in Part II of this Official Statement. The Bedford Union Armory Development is also expected to be financed with an additional co-senior permanent Mortgage Loan from the Corporation in the approximate principal amount of \$12,670,000 funded with proceeds of Bonds or other available funds of the Corporation, which Mortgage Loan will be pledged under the General Resolution. Approximately 60% of the units in the Bedford Union Armory Development are affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of area median income.

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It is expected that the provider of the Construction LOC (as described under the subheading "HDC Commitments; Construction Letters of Credit" below) will service the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan during construction, and the Corporation will service each permanent 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and 2023 Series A/2022 Se

Mandatory Prepayments

Each of the Mortgagors of the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Developments receiving 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans (except for the Bedford Union Armory Development) will be required to make a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, as described in the chart titled "2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans" above, upon completion of construction and/or release of the applicable Construction LOC. The Corporation may apply all or a portion of each 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment to redeem Bonds prior to maturity (including the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds) or may direct that 2023 Series A-2 Bonds be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and remarketed. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS AND 2022 SERIES G BONDS-Special Optional Redemption of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds," "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS-Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS-Redemption Provisions for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds-Optional Redemption." A portion of such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment in an amount not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the Corporation Funded Portion of the related 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan may, at any time at the direction of the Corporation, be released to the Corporation free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution without the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" and "Appendix B-Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution-Revenue Account" in Part II of this Official Statement. The Corporation expects, but is not required, to apply some or all of the portion of such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment equal to the Corporation Funded Portion of the related 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan (other than the amount that may be released to the Corporation as described above) to finance new Mortgage Loans.

Although a significant source of funds for each 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment is expected to come from either the syndication of federal low income housing tax credits or from a combination of the syndication of federal low income housing tax credits and local subordinate loan or grant programs, the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment is required to be made by the Mortgagor of the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Development whether or not the federal low income housing tax credit syndication proceeds or the local subordinate loan or grant program proceeds are obtained. For each of the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans with a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, if the Mortgagor does not make the required 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, there would be a default under the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and the Corporation may draw on the applicable Construction LOC in the full amount of such Construction LOC, which could result in the redemption of Bonds (including the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds) in an amount equal to the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan. However, it is also possible in the event of such default that the applicable Construction LOC provider would direct the Corporation to make a partial draw on the applicable Construction LOC in an amount equal to the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment; such proceeds could be applied to redeem Bonds (including the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds) prior to maturity in an amount equal to such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment. In such event, unless the Mortgagor of the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Development cured such

default, the applicable Construction LOC provider would have the option to acquire the related 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan by obligating the Corporation to make a draw on the remaining portion of the applicable Construction LOC, the proceeds of which could be used to redeem Bonds (including the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds) in an amount equal to such draw. See "HDC Commitments; Construction Letters of Credit" below.

Any Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan may be used by the Corporation to finance Mortgage Loans or may be used to redeem Bonds, or the Corporation may cause a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and remarketed. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS AND 2022 SERIES G BONDS—Special Optional Redemption of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds," "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS—Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS—Redemption Provisions for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds—Optional Redemption."

Mortgage Terms

Each of the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans will be evidenced by a Mortgage Note payable to the Corporation and secured by a first mortgage lien on the applicable Development. Each permanent 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan is expected to contain provisions prohibiting the Mortgagor of the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Development from making any prepayment, other than any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, prior to approximately ten (10) years after the closing of the applicable permanent 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan; however, the Corporation may waive a prohibition on prepayments contained in a Mortgage Loan.

Each 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan will be evidenced by a Mortgage Note payable to the Corporation and secured by a second lien mortgage on the applicable Development. Each 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan requires interest-only payments at a constant rate of 1.00% until maturity, but may accrue interest at a higher rate. The principal amount of each 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan and any accrued interest will be due as a balloon payment at the maturity of such 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan. Each 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan. Each 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan for the related Development. In addition, each 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan shall be due in full if the senior position 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment), or otherwise becomes due, prior to its maturity date. Each 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment), or otherwise becomes due, prior to its maturity date. Each 2023 Series A Subordinate Mortgage Loan may be prepaid, in whole or in part, at any time upon completion of construction and/or release of the applicable Construction LOC, without premium.

HDC Commitments; Construction Letters of Credit

The Mortgagor of each of the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loans has executed or is expected to execute, prior to the issuance of the 2023 Bonds and the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, a commitment with the Corporation (the "HDC Commitment") in which the Corporation has agreed or will agree to provide a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan. The HDC Commitment for each 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan (except for the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan for the Bedford Union Armory Development) requires the Mortgagor to obtain a letter of credit to be available during construction, from a bank acceptable to the Corporation, as a condition to the Corporation providing the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan during construction

(a "Construction LOC"). The Construction LOCs need not meet the requirements under the General Resolution for a Credit Facility (as defined in the General Resolution). Such Construction LOCs will not be pledged to the owners of the Bonds; however, any payments received by the Corporation from the Construction LOC providers pursuant to such Construction LOCs will be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and the full amount of such payments shall constitute Pledged Receipts and shall be deposited with the Trustee in the Revenue Account. It is anticipated that the Corporation will make a principal and interest or an interest-only drawing on the applicable Construction LOC if the Mortgagor fails to make the required debt service payments on the related 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan; provided, however, the Construction LOC provider may direct the Corporation to make a principal and interest drawing or an interest-only drawing. In the case of a principal and interest drawing, the amount drawn on a Construction LOC will be the outstanding principal balance of the applicable construction 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan, plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest, and such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan will be immediately assigned to the Construction LOC provider and no longer be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and will be free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

Following the satisfaction of the conditions of the applicable HDC Commitment which may require, among other things, the provision by the applicable Mortgagor of equity, the payment of the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, if any, the satisfactory completion of construction within a certain time schedule from the making of the applicable construction 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan and within a certain construction budget, the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, if applicable, the attainment of a specified minimum rental achievement level, and delivery of other required certificates and legal opinions, the Corporation will release the Construction LOC relating to the applicable construction 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan. If said Construction LOC is not released because of a failure by the Mortgagor of the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Development to comply with the conditions enumerated in the related HDC Commitment or if said Construction LOC is not extended beyond its maturity until such conditions are satisfied, it is expected that said Construction LOC will be drawn upon by the Corporation and the Corporation could use the proceeds from said draw to redeem a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds or cause a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and remarketed (see "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS AND 2022 SERIES G BONDS-Special Optional Redemption of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds," "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS-Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS-Redemption Provisions for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds—Optional Redemption").

Each Construction LOC for a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan (except for the Construction LOC for the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan for the 2069 Bruckner Development) provides that, in the event that any rating assigned by S&P Global Ratings or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. to the Construction LOC provider is reduced below the minimum bank rating requirement of the Corporation or if such Construction LOC is confirmed by an irrevocable standby letter of credit, and such confirmation provider is reduced below the minimum bank rating requirement, and the applicable Construction LOC provider fails to provide alternative or supplemental credit enhancement satisfactory to the Corporation within ninety (90) days, the Corporation may draw on the applicable Construction LOC and hold the proceeds to secure the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan. If there is a default on the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan or the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan is not converted to a permanent loan pursuant to the terms of the HDC Commitment, the Corporation expects to apply such proceeds to redeem a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds or cause a portion of the

applicable Outstanding 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and remarketed (see "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS AND 2022 SERIES G BONDS— Special Optional Redemption of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds," "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS—Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS—Redemption Provisions for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds—Optional Redemption"), and at that time would assign the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan to the Construction LOC provider. Otherwise, such funds will be released to the applicable Construction LOC provider upon conversion of the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Senior Mortgage Loan to a permanent Mortgage Loan or replacement or further credit enhancement of the Construction LOC.

DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS AND 2022 SERIES G BONDS

General

The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds (referred to collectively in this section as the "2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds") will bear interest at fixed rates to maturity or to the date, if any, on which the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation. The 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds will mature on the dates and in the amounts set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The Bank of New York Mellon is the Trustee for the Bonds, including the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds.

The 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds will be dated the date of delivery thereof and will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Interest on the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds will accrue from their dated date and be payable on May 1 and November 1 in each year, commencing November 1, 2023, and on any redemption date or mandatory tender date, at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Interest on the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

The 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds are subject to optional redemption or mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation, special optional redemption and sinking fund redemption prior to maturity, as described below.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds only prior to the date, if any, on which the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation.

Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds

The 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds are subject to redemption or mandatory tender for purchase, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, from any source, at any time prior to maturity on or after June 1, 2031, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed or purchased, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date or purchase date.

Special Optional Redemption of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds

The 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds are subject to special redemption, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, at any time prior to maturity, at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred

percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date, from any source other than: (i) Voluntary Sale Proceeds^{*}; (ii) proceeds of bonds issued, or caused to be issued, by the Corporation for the purpose of refunding all or a portion of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds or refinancing all or a portion of any Mortgage Loan ("Refunding Bonds"), except that the proceeds of Refunding Bonds described in the succeeding paragraph may be applied to the special redemption of the 2023 Series G Bonds; or (iii) any other unencumbered funds of the Corporation not subject to the lien of the Resolutions.

The 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds are subject to the foregoing special redemption from the proceeds of Refunding Bonds issued in an amount not greater than any prepayment of a Mortgage Loan (including any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan) received by the Corporation, which prepayment is not used to redeem Bonds.

Amounts that may be applied to the foregoing special redemption include, but are not limited to: any prepayment of a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan by the Mortgagor thereof, or proceeds of foreclosure proceedings or proceeds of any credit enhancement with respect to a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan which is in default; upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, any prepayment of, or any such proceeds with respect to, any other Mortgage Loans (except any Mortgage Loan financed under a Supplemental Resolution that prohibits such use); unexpended proceeds of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of the applicable Series; and, upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, amounts held in the Revenue Account that are not required to be used for other purposes.

Sinking Fund Redemption of 2023 Series A-1 Bonds

The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds maturing on November 1, 2038 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2023 Series A-1 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2038

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
Nov. 1, 2035	\$1,045,000	Nov. 1, 2037	\$1,175,000
May 1, 2036	1,060,000	May 1, 2038	1,220,000
Nov. 1, 2036	1,110,000	Nov. 1, 2038 [†]	1,255,000
May 1, 2037	1,135,000		

[†] Stated maturity

The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds maturing on November 1, 2043 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2023 Series A-1 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

^{* &}quot;Voluntary Sale Proceeds" means the proceeds of the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of any Mortgage Loan (including any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan), except a sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution in the event of a default under the General Resolution or made when, in the sole judgment of the Corporation, such Mortgage Loan is in default.

2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2043

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2039	\$1,155,000	Nov. 1, 2041	\$1,370,000
Nov. 1, 2039	1,190,000	May 1, 2042	1,405,000
May 1, 2040	1,220,000	Nov. 1, 2042	1,430,000
Nov. 1, 2040	1,265,000	May 1, 2043	1,495,000
May 1, 2041	1,300,000	Nov. 1, 2043 [†]	1,540,000

[†] Stated maturity

The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds maturing on November 1, 2048 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2023 Series A-1 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2048

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2044	\$1,555,000	Nov. 1, 2046	\$1,815,000
Nov. 1, 2044	1,595,000	May 1, 2047	1,885,000
May 1, 2045	1,650,000	Nov. 1, 2047	1,945,000
Nov. 1, 2045	1,715,000	May 1, 2048	2,000,000
May 1, 2046	1,770,000	Nov. 1, 2048 [†]	2,070,000

[†] Stated maturity

The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds maturing on November 1, 2053 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2023 Series A-1 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2053

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2049	\$2,480,000	Nov. 1, 2051	\$2,890,000
Nov. 1, 2049	2,545,000	May 1, 2052	2,990,000
May 1, 2050	2,630,000	Nov. 1, 2052	3,075,000
Nov. 1, 2050	2,710,000	May 1, 2053	7,970,000
May 1, 2051	2,810,000	Nov. 1, 2053 [†]	2,900,000

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[†] Stated maturity

The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds maturing on November 1, 2058 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest

to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2023 Series A-1 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2058

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2054	\$2,910,000	Nov. 1, 2056	\$3,415,000
Nov. 1, 2054	3,015,000	May 1, 2057	3,925,000
May 1, 2055	3,105,000	Nov. 1, 2057	3,255,000
Nov. 1, 2055	3,215,000	May 1, 2058	3,360,000
May 1, 2056	3,320,000	Nov. 1, 2058 [†]	3,480,000

[†] Stated maturity

The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds maturing on May 1, 2063 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2023 Series A-1 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2023 SERIES A-1 BONDS MATURING ON MAY 1, 2063

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2059	\$5,595,000	Nov. 1, 2061	\$6,510,000
Nov. 1, 2059	5,770,000	May 1, 2062	7,550,000
May 1, 2060	5,945,000	Nov. 1, 2062	6,705,000
Nov. 1, 2060	6,120,000	May 1, 2063 [†]	5,410,000
May 1, 2061	6,315,000		

[†] Stated maturity

The amounts accumulated for each Sinking Fund Payment may be applied by the Trustee, at the direction of the Corporation, prior to the forty-fifth (45th) day preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Payment, to the purchase of the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds to be redeemed from such Sinking Fund Payments, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the applicable Redemption Price, plus accrued interest to the date of purchase; provided, however, that the purchase of such 2023 Series A-1 Bonds may, to the extent permitted by law, be at prices exceeding the applicable Redemption Price if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee as provided in the General Resolution.

Upon the purchase or redemption of any 2023 Series A-1 Bonds for which Sinking Fund Payments shall have been established, other than by application of Sinking Fund Payments, an amount equal to the principal amount of the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds of such maturity and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer at the time of such purchase or redemption.

Sinking Fund Redemption of 2022 Series G Bonds

The 2022 Series G Bonds maturing on November 1, 2038 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2022 Series G Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2022 SERIES G BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2038

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
Nov. 1, 2035	\$555,000	Nov. 1, 2037	\$600,000
May 1, 2036	565,000	May 1, 2038	615,000
Nov. 1, 2036	575,000	Nov. 1, 2038 [†]	630,000
May 1, 2037	590,000		

[†] Stated maturity

The 2022 Series G Bonds maturing on November 1, 2043 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2022 Series G Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2022 SERIES G BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2043

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2039	\$640,000	Nov. 1, 2041	\$720,000
Nov. 1, 2039	655,000	May 1, 2042	735,000
May 1, 2040	670,000	Nov. 1, 2042	755,000
Nov. 1, 2040	685,000	May 1, 2043	770,000
May 1, 2041	705,000	Nov. 1, 2043 [†]	790,000

[†] Stated maturity

The 2022 Series G Bonds maturing on November 1, 2048 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2022 Series G Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2022 SERIES G BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2048

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2044	\$805,000	Nov. 1, 2046	\$905,000
Nov. 1, 2044	825,000	May 1, 2047	925,000
May 1, 2045	845,000	Nov. 1, 2047	950,000
Nov. 1, 2045	865,000	May 1, 2048	970,000
May 1, 2046	885,000	Nov. 1, 2048 [†]	995,000

[†] Stated maturity

The 2022 Series G Bonds maturing on November 1, 2053 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2022 Series G Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2022 SERIES G BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2053

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2049	\$1,020,000	Nov. 1, 2051	\$1,150,000
Nov. 1, 2049	1,045,000	May 1, 2052	1,175,000
May 1, 2050	1,070,000	Nov. 1, 2052	1,205,000
Nov. 1, 2050	1,095,000	May 1, 2053	1,235,000
May 1, 2051	1,120,000	Nov. 1, 2053 [†]	1,265,000

[†] Stated maturity

The 2022 Series G Bonds maturing on November 1, 2058 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2022 Series G Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2022 SERIES G BONDS MATURING ON NOVEMBER 1, 2058

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2054	\$1,295,000	Nov. 1, 2056	\$1,460,000
Nov. 1, 2054	1,325,000	May 1, 2057	1,495,000
May 1, 2055	1,360,000	Nov. 1, 2057	1,535,000
Nov. 1, 2055	1,390,000	May 1, 2058	1,570,000
May 1, 2056	1,425,000	Nov. 1, 2058 [†]	1,610,000

[†] Stated maturity

The amounts accumulated for each Sinking Fund Payment may be applied by the Trustee, at the direction of the Corporation, prior to the forty-fifth (45th) day preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Payment, to the purchase of the 2022 Series G Bonds to be redeemed from such Sinking Fund Payments, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the applicable Redemption Price, plus accrued interest to the date of purchase; provided, however, that the purchase of such 2022 Series G Bonds may, to the extent permitted by law, be at prices exceeding the applicable Redemption Price if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee as provided in the General Resolution.

Upon the purchase or redemption of any 2022 Series G Bonds for which Sinking Fund Payments shall have been established, other than by application of Sinking Fund Payments, an amount equal to the principal amount of the 2022 Series G Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds of such maturity and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer at the time of such purchase or redemption.

Provisions with Respect to Redemption of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds

Selection of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds Be Redeemed

Subject to the redemption requirements set forth in the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution or 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution, in the event of a redemption of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds in connection with Recoveries of Principal, the Series, maturity or maturities, CUSIP Numbers and the amount thereof to be so redeemed shall be selected as directed by the Corporation in written instructions filed with the Trustee accompanied by a Cash Flow Statement. In the absence of such direction, (i) 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of a Series subject to redemption shall be redeemed in connection with Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to the Mortgage Loans financed from or allocated to such 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds and (ii) 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of each Series and maturity subject to redemption shall be redeemed in the proportion that the amount Outstanding of each such maturity bears to the total amount of all Outstanding 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of such Series. The Series and maturities of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds to be redeemed at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. In the event of a redemption of less than all of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of the same Series, maturity and CUSIP Number, the Trustee shall select the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution or the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution or 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution, no 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bond shall be selected for redemption if the portion of such 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bond remaining after such redemption would not be in a denomination authorized by the General Resolution or the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution or 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution.

Corporation's Right to Purchase 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds

The Corporation retains the right to purchase any 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds, at such times, in such amounts and at such prices as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, and, thereby, reduce its obligations, including Sinking Fund Payments, if any, for such 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds, or is otherwise required to redeem 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds, the Trustee will give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds or portions thereof. Such notice will specify the Series and maturities of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. Not less than twenty (20) days before the Redemption Date for the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds (other than a Redemption Date that is also a mandatory tender date), the Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice to the registered owners of any 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds or portions thereof which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses appearing upon the registry books. Interest will not be payable on any 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds or portions thereof after the Redemption Date if notice has been given and if sufficient monies have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the principal or applicable Redemption Price of and interest on such 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds on such date and all conditions precedent, if any, to such redemption shall have been satisfied.

Provisions with Respect to Tender of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds

No liquidity facility has been obtained to pay the Purchase Price of any 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds that are tendered and not remarketed or redeemed, and the Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of those 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds only from monies available from and held under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the Purchase Price of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of a Series constitutes a 2023 Series A Event of Default or 2022 Series G Event of Default, as applicable, under the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution or 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution but does not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. The 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution and 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution each provide that upon such 2023 Series A Event of Default or 2022 Series G Event of Default, as applicable, the Trustee shall proceed to bring suit on behalf of the owners of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of the applicable Series for such Purchase Price, with recovery limited to moneys available under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the unpaid principal amount and accrued interest on the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of the applicable under the General Resolution.

The Trustee is required to deliver, or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the owner of each 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bond subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee, a notice not later than twenty (20) days prior to the mandatory tender date. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, that such owners shall be deemed to have tendered their affected 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds for purchase on such mandatory tender date, and the Purchase Price for such 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds.

Owners of affected 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds shall be required to tender their affected 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds not so delivered to the Tender Agent on or prior to the purchase date (the "Undelivered 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds") for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the applicable Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2023 SERIES A-1/2022 SERIES G BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2023 SERIES A-1/2022 SERIES G BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE) OTHER THAN THE APPLICABLE

PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2023 SERIES A-1/2022 SERIES G BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2023 SERIES A-1/2022 SERIES G BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

If, following the provision of notice of mandatory tender for purchase of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds, the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation that such purchase cannot be effected or is canceled, the mandatory tender shall be canceled. The Trustee shall promptly deliver or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, a notice to the owners of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds stating that such mandatory tender shall not occur (and the reasons therefor) and shall be canceled.

The Series and maturities of 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. If only a portion of the 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds of the same Series, maturity and CUSIP Number are to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, such 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bonds to be tendered (which shall be in authorized denominations) shall be selected by the Trustee by lot, using such method as it shall determine in its sole discretion except that the Trustee shall not select any 2023 Series A-1/2022 Series G Bond not being in an authorized denomination as provided in the Resolutions.

DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS

General

The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds with CUSIP number 64972E4M8 will bear interest at a fixed rate to December 30, 2027 and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds with CUSIP number 64972E4L0 will bear interest at a fixed rate to December 29, 2028 (each such date, a "2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date") or, in each case, to the earlier date, if any, on which the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation. The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds will be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at a Purchase Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, on the applicable 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date if not redeemed or purchased prior to such date. The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds will mature on the dates and in the amounts set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The Bank of New York Mellon is the Trustee for the Bonds, including the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds, and is the Tender Agent for the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds.

The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds will be dated the date of delivery thereof and will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or in denominations of any whole multiple thereof. The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds will bear interest from their dated date to but excluding the applicable 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date at the fixed rates set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Prior to the applicable 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date, interest on the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds will accrue from their dated date and be payable on May 1 and November 1, commencing November 1, 2023, and on any redemption or mandatory tender date. Interest on the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds are also subject to optional redemption or mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation and special optional redemption or special mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation prior to the applicable 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date, as described below.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds only prior to the applicable 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date or the earlier date, if any, on which the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation.

Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds

The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds with a 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date of December 30, 2027 and CUSIP number 64972E4M8 shall be subject to optional redemption or mandatory tender for purchase at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, on any date on and after December 1, 2025, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption or purchase, and if not so redeemed or purchased, such 2023 Series A-2 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender for purchase on the applicable 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date, at such Purchase Price.

The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds with a 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date of December 29, 2028 and CUSIP number 64972E4L0 shall be subject to optional redemption or mandatory tender for purchase at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, on any date on and after June 1, 2026, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption or purchase, and if not so redeemed or purchased, such 2023 Series A-2 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender for purchase on the applicable 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date, at such Purchase Price.

Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds

The 2023 Series A-2 Bonds are subject to special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, at any time prior to the applicable 2023 Series A-2 Mandatory Tender Date, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed or purchased, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date or purchase date, in an amount not in excess of amounts on deposit in the Bond Proceeds Account representing unexpended proceeds of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds not used to finance the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans, and any other monies made available under the General Resolution in connection with such redemption.

Provisions with Respect to Redemption of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds

Selection of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to Be Redeemed

In the event of a redemption of less than all of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds, the Trustee shall select the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution or the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution, no 2023 Series A-2 Bond shall be selected for redemption if the portion of such 2023 Series A-2 Bond remaining after such redemption would not be in a denomination authorized by the General Resolution or the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution.

Corporation's Right to Purchase 2023 Series A-2 Bonds

The Corporation retains the right to purchase any 2023 Series A-2 Bonds, at such times, in such amounts and at such prices as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, and, thereby, reduce its obligations, including Sinking Fund Payments, if any, for such 2023 Series A-2 Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem 2023 Series A-2 Bonds, or is otherwise required to redeem 2023 Series A-2 Bonds, the Trustee will give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2023 Series A-2 Bonds or portions thereof. Such notice will specify the Series of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. Not less than twenty (20) days before the Redemption Date for the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds (other than a Redemption Date that is also a mandatory tender date), the Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice to the registered owners of any 2023 Series A-2 Bonds or portions thereof which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses appearing upon the registry books. Interest will not be payable on any 2023 Series A-2 Bonds or portions thereof after the Redemption Date if notice has been given and if sufficient monies have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the principal or applicable Redemption Price of and interest on such 2023 Series A-2 Bonds on such date and all conditions precedent, if any, to such redemption shall have been satisfied.

Provisions with Respect to Tender of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds

No liquidity facility has been obtained to pay the Purchase Price of any 2023 Series A-2 Bonds that are tendered and not remarketed or redeemed, and the Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of those 2023 Series A-2 Bonds only from monies available from and held under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the Purchase Price of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds constitutes a 2023 Series A Event of Default under the 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution but does not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. The 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution provides that upon such 2023 Series A Event of Default the Trustee shall proceed to bring suit on behalf of the owners of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds for such Purchase Price, with recovery limited to moneys available under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the unpaid principal amount and accrued interest on the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds upon their maturity constitutes an Event of Default under the General Resolution.

The Trustee is required to deliver, or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the owner of each 2023 Series A-2 Bond subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee, a notice not later than twenty (20) days prior to the mandatory tender date. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, that such owners shall be deemed to have tendered their affected 2023 Series A-2 Bonds for purchase on such mandatory tender date, and the Purchase Price for such 2023 Series A-2 Bonds.

Owners of affected 2023 Series A-2 Bonds shall be required to tender their affected 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any 2023 Series A-2 Bonds not so delivered to the Tender Agent on or prior to the purchase date (the "Undelivered 2023 Series A-2 Bonds") for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the applicable Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2023 Series A-2 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE) OTHER THAN THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2023 SERIES A-2 BONDS

SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

If, following the provision of notice of mandatory tender for purchase of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds, the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation that such purchase cannot be effected or is canceled, the mandatory tender shall be canceled. The Trustee shall promptly deliver or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, a notice to the owners of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds stating that such mandatory tender shall not occur (and the reasons therefor) and shall be canceled.

The Series of 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. If only a portion of the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds are to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, such 2023 Series A-2 Bonds to be tendered (which shall be in authorized denominations) shall be selected by the Trustee by lot, using such method as it shall determine in its sole discretion except that the Trustee shall not select any 2023 Series A-2 Bond for tender which would result in any remaining 2023 Series A-2 Bond not being in an authorized denomination as provided in the Resolutions.

DESCRIPTION OF THE 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS

<u>General</u>

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will bear interest at a variable rate, initially reset weekly, and are subject to tender at the option of the holders thereof and mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation as described herein. The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will mature on the date and in the amount set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The Bank of New York Mellon is the Trustee for the Bonds, including the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, and is the Tender Agent for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds.

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will be dated the date of delivery thereof. The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will bear interest from the date of their delivery until payment of the principal thereof is made or provided for in accordance with the provisions of the General Resolution and the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution, whether at maturity, upon redemption or otherwise. The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are being issued as variable rate obligations which will bear interest from their date of issue to but not including the Thursday following said date of issue at a rate per annum set forth in a Certificate of the Corporation delivered on the date of issuance of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. Thereafter, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will bear interest initially at the Weekly Rate as determined from time to time by the Remarketing Agent. At no time shall the interest rate on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds exceed the Maximum Rate (10% with respect to 2023 Series A-3 Bonds other than Bank Bonds). The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are subject to conversion to alternate methods of determining the interest rate thereon from time to time and to conversion to an interest rate fixed to maturity upon the terms and conditions described herein.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds only while the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds bear interest at the Weekly Rate.

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will be issued solely in fully registered form, without coupons, issuable during a Weekly Rate Period in the denomination of \$100,000 or any \$5,000 increment in excess of \$100,000.

Interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will be payable on a monthly basis on the first Business Day of each month, commencing on the first Business Day of July, 2023, on any Change Date (as defined below) and on the maturity date of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. Interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 365 or 366-day year, for the actual number of days elapsed. If the date for

payment of interest on or principal or Redemption Price of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds is a day other than a Business Day, then payment may be made on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if made on the date originally fixed for payment, except that interest shall accrue on any unpaid principal to such next succeeding Business Day.

Weekly Rate Period

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall bear interest at the Weekly Rate determined in accordance with the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution, during the period from the date of initial issuance and delivery of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to the earlier of the first date on which the method of determining the interest rate on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds changes (an "Interest Method Change Date") or the final maturity or redemption in whole of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds.

The Weekly Rate for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall be the lowest interest rate, not exceeding the above-stated Maximum Rate, which, in the determination of the Remarketing Agent as of the date of determination and under prevailing market conditions, would result as nearly as practicable in the market price for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds on the Weekly Effective Rate Date being one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, such interest rate to be determined as follows. The Remarketing Agent shall determine the Weekly Rate not later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the day immediately preceding the Weekly Effective Rate Date for each Weekly Rate Term; provided, however, that the Weekly Rate for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds from the date of initial issuance and delivery of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to but not including the Thursday following said date of issue shall be the rate for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds determined by the Corporation and set forth in a Certificate delivered to the Trustee on the date of such issuance and delivery. The Remarketing Agent shall immediately give notice of the determination of any Weekly Rate to the Corporation, the Trustee, the Tender Agent and the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider by telecopy or other similar means of electronic communication or by such other method of communication as shall be mutually agreed upon by the Remarketing Agent and the recipients of such notice.

If for any reason the position of the Remarketing Agent is vacant or if the Remarketing Agent fails in the performance of its duty to determine the Weekly Rate for any Weekly Rate Term or the Weekly Rate is held to be invalid or unenforceable by a court of law, as set forth in a written notice from the Corporation to the Trustee, the Weekly Rate for such Weekly Rate Term shall be determined by the Trustee and shall be (i) if a Liquidity Facility is in effect for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, one hundred percent (100%) of the most recent The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index theretofore published in *The Bond Buyer* or otherwise made available to the Trustee or (ii) if a Liquidity Facility is not in effect, the Maximum Rate.

If the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider fails to purchase any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds tendered or deemed tendered for purchase by the Bond owners thereof and not remarketed or if the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility is terminated without an alternate Liquidity Facility in place or is suspended, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will continue to bear interest as described under this subheading "Weekly Rate Period." Bond owners will continue to have the right to tender their 2023 Series A-3 Bonds during such period, but the Purchase Price of such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds will be payable solely from remarketing proceeds. The Corporation has no obligation to purchase such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. If remarketing proceeds are not available, then Bond owners may be required to hold such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to their maturity or prior redemption. See "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 Liquidity Facility will terminate or be suspended and the conditions to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider's obligation to purchase.

Interest Rate Changes

No change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall be made unless the Trustee has received, at least 30 days prior to the Interest Method Change Date, (1) a Certificate of an Authorized Officer of the Corporation specifying (i) the date which is to be the Interest Method Change Date and (ii) the method of determining the interest rate which shall take effect on such date, (2) if necessary, an amendment to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility conforming the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility to the requirements of the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution applicable to such instrument from and after the Interest Method Change Date or provision for the issuance of an alternate Liquidity Facility meeting the requirements of the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution, in which case the Interest Method Change Date shall also be a Facility Change Date, together with various opinions of counsel as set forth in the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution, and (3) a Bond Counsel's Opinion to the effect that the proposed change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds is consistent with the provisions of the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution and will not adversely affect the exclusion of the interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes.

Optional and Mandatory Purchase of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds

Purchase of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds on Demand of Owner

Each owner of a 2023 Series A-3 Bond may, by delivery of a written notice of tender to the Principal Office of the Tender Agent at The Bank of New York Mellon, 240 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10286, Attention: Corporate Trust Operations (or such other address as may be established by the Tender Agent from time to time), and the Remarketing Agent at 1 Vanderbilt Avenue, 10th Floor, New York, New York 10017 (or such other address as may be established by the Remarketing Agent from time to time), not later than 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on any Business Day not less than seven (7) calendar days before the particular Business Day chosen as the purchase date, demand payment of the Purchase Price on and as of such purchase date of all or a portion of such 2023 Series A-3 Bond in any denomination authorized by the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution; provided, however, that no 2023 Series A-3 Bonds of an owner shall be purchased unless any remaining 2023 Series A-3 Bonds of such owner shall be in a denomination authorized by the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution. Each such notice of tender shall be irrevocable and effective upon receipt and shall:

(i) be delivered to the Tender Agent and the Remarketing Agent at their respective Principal Offices and be in a form satisfactory to the Tender Agent; and

(ii) state (A) the aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to be purchased and the numbers of such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to be purchased, and (B) the date on which such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are to be purchased, which date shall be a Business Day not prior to the seventh (7th) day next succeeding the date of delivery of such notice and which date shall be prior to any Change Date.

If any 2023 Series A-3 Bond is to be purchased prior to an Interest Payment Date and after the Record Date in respect thereof, the owner of such 2023 Series A-3 Bond demanding purchase thereof shall deliver to the Tender Agent a due-bill check, payable to bearer, for interest due on such Interest Payment Date.

Any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for which a demand for purchase has been made shall be delivered to the Tender Agent at or prior to 12:00 noon, New York City time, on the date designated for purchase, with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank.

Any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds not so delivered to the Tender Agent on or prior to the purchase date ("Undelivered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds") for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or the Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the Purchase Price. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS TO DELIVER SUCH 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE PURCHASE DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE PURCHASE DATE) OTHER THAN THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

Notwithstanding the above, in the event that any 2023 Series A-3 Bond whose owner has exercised its demand purchase option is remarketed to such owner, such owner need not deliver such 2023 Series A-3 Bond to the Tender Agent, but such 2023 Series A-3 Bond shall be deemed to have been delivered to the Tender Agent and remarketed and redelivered to such owner.

Mandatory Purchase of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds on a Change Date

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender for purchase on any (i) Interest Method Change Date for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, (ii) Facility Change Date for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, (iii) Discretionary Tender Date for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds and (iv) date not later than 25 days after receipt by the Trustee from the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider of a "Notice of Termination Date" under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, which date shall be specified in the notice of the Trustee of the purchase of all the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds provided pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution (each, a "Change Date"), in each case at a Purchase Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest thereon. The Trustee shall deliver, or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, a notice not later than fifteen (15) days prior to the Change Date to the Remarketing Agent, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider and to the owner of each 2023 Series A-3 Bond to which such notice relates, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, the Change Date and the reason therefor, that all owners of affected 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall be deemed to have tendered such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for purchase on the Change Date, and the Purchase Price for such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds.

Owners of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to which a mandatory tender for purchase relates shall be required to tender their affected 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the Purchase Price on the Change Date, with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any Undelivered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or the Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the Purchase Price on the Change Date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS TO DELIVER SUCH 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE CHANGE DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE CHANGE DATE) OTHER THAN THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2023 SERIES A-3 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

Following the occurrence of certain events of default, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility will automatically and immediately terminate or be suspended without notice or mandatory tender. See "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY" herein. Pursuant to the Tender Agent Agreement, the Tender Agent will subsequently give notice to affected 2023 Series A-3 Bond owners of such termination or suspension.

Remarketing

The Corporation will enter into a Remarketing Agreement for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds with the Remarketing Agent pursuant to which the Remarketing Agent will undertake the duties of Remarketing Agent, including determining interest rates and using its best efforts to remarket tendered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. The Remarketing Agreement provides that the Remarketing Agent may at any time resign and be discharged of its duties thereunder, generally by giving thirty (30) days' written notice, and that the Corporation may remove the Remarketing Agent upon thirty (30) days' written notice, in each case, subject to certain provisions of the Remarketing Agreement. In the event the Remarketing Agent is unable to remarket the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds so tendered while the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility is in effect, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider is to purchase such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in accordance with the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds under certain conditions, including after the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default under the General Resolution.

Corporation Not Responsible for Failed Purchase or Remarketing of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds

The Corporation is not responsible for any failure by the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds tendered at the option of the 2023 Series A-3 Bond owner or subject to mandatory tender for purchase or for the Remarketing Agent's failure to remarket the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. Failure to purchase a 2023 Series A-3 Bond tendered at the option of the 2023 Series A-3 Bond owner or subject to mandatory tender for purchase does not constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE SERIES A-3 BONDS—General—Weekly Rate Period."

Additional Provisions Regarding Bank Bonds

Pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution, 2023 Series A-3 Bonds purchased by the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility will be "Bank Bonds."

Interest on any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds that are Bank Bonds, and principal of Bank Bonds (other than principal due pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility that is in excess of the amount required to be paid as described under "Sinking Fund Redemption" below), is payable from Revenues on a parity with all other Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds). Interest on any Bank Bond will be due and payable as provided in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility. The interest rate on Bank Bonds is determined differently than, and may be higher than, the interest rate on 2023 Series A-3 Bonds that are not Bank Bonds, and is subject to a Maximum Rate of 15%. Principal of Bank Bonds due pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility that is in excess of the amount required to be paid as described under "Sinking Fund Redemption" below is payable from Revenues after the payment of debt service on all other Bonds and is subject to the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement.

Failure to pay scheduled principal of or interest on Bank Bonds will be an event of default under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility and will result in the immediate and automatic termination of the obligation of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to purchase tendered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility. See "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY."

<u>Provisions Affecting 2023 Series A-3 Bonds if a Change of Method of Determining the Interest Rate</u> Cannot be Effected or if a Liquidity Facility Cannot be Replaced

In the event of an Interest Method Change Date, and following the provision of notice of mandatory tender for purchase of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation or the Remarketing Agent, as applicable, that a change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds cannot be effected, (i) the new method of determining the interest rate on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall not take effect, (ii) the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender on the proposed Interest Method Change Date and the Holders of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall not have the right to retain their 2023 Series A-3 Bonds and (iii) the method of determining the interest rate on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall remain unchanged on the proposed Interest Method Change Date, without any further action by any party.

In the event of a Facility Change Date, and following the provision of notice of mandatory tender for purchase of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation or the Remarketing Agent, as applicable, that a Liquidity Facility that was to be replaced cannot be replaced, the Facility Change Date shall be canceled, unless the prior Liquidity Facility is expiring within sixty (60) days after the Facility Change Date. The Trustee shall promptly deliver or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, a notice to the owners of each 2023 Series A-3 Bond stating that such change shall not occur (and the reasons therefor) and that the related mandatory tender shall be canceled.

Changes of Time Period for Provision of Notice Relating to Mandatory Purchase Provision or Demand Purchase Option

The 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution provides that it is subject to amendment and supplement by a Supplemental Resolution, from time to time, without Bondholder consent, to effect a change with respect to the time periods for provision of notice relating to the Mandatory Purchase Provision, Demand Purchase Option or interest rate determination or the time periods for interest rate determination or the procedure for tendering 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in connection with the Mandatory Purchase Provision or Demand Purchase Option, which Supplemental Resolution may be adopted and become effective (i) upon filing of a copy thereof certified by an Authorized Officer of the Corporation with the Trustee, (ii) upon filing with the Trustee and the Corporation of consents to such Supplemental Resolution executed by the Trustee and the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider, and (iii) after such period of time as the Trustee and the Corporation deem appropriate following notice to the owners of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (but not less than thirty (30) days). A copy of any such Supplemental Resolution shall be provided to the owners of such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds.

Delivery of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in Book-Entry-Only Form

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Resolutions to the contrary, so long as any 2023 Series A-3 Bond is held in book-entry form, such 2023 Series A-3 Bond need not be delivered in connection with any optional or mandatory tender of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds described under "DESCRIPTION OF THE SERIES A-3 BONDS." In such case, payment of the Purchase Price in connection with such tender shall be made to the registered owner of such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds on the date designated for such payment, without further action by the Beneficial Owner who delivered notice, and transfer of beneficial ownership shall be made in accordance with the procedures of DTC. See "BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM" herein.

Disclosure Concerning Remarketing of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds

The information contained under this subheading "Disclosure Concerning Remarketing of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds" has been provided by the Remarketing Agent of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for use in this Official Statement but has not been required by the Corporation to be included herein and, to the extent such information does not describe express provisions in the Resolutions or the Remarketing Agreement, the Corporation does not accept any responsibility for its accuracy or completeness.

Remarketing Agent is Paid by the Corporation

The Remarketing Agent's responsibilities include determining the interest rate for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds from time to time and remarketing the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds that are optionally or mandatorily tendered by the owners thereof (subject, in each case, to the terms of the Remarketing Agreement), all as further described in this Official Statement. The Remarketing Agent is appointed by the Corporation and is paid for its services by the Corporation. As a result, the interests of the Remarketing Agent may differ from those of existing holders and potential purchasers of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds.

The Remarketing Agent May Purchase Bonds for its Own Account

The Remarketing Agent acts as remarketing agent for a variety of variable rate demand obligations and, in its sole discretion, may purchase such obligations for its own account. The Remarketing Agent is permitted, but not obligated, to purchase tendered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for its own account and, in its sole discretion, may routinely acquire such tendered 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in order to achieve a successful remarketing of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (i.e., because there otherwise are not enough buyers to purchase the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds) or for other reasons. However, the Remarketing Agent is not obligated to purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, and may cease doing so at any time without notice. The Remarketing Agent may also make a market in the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds by purchasing and selling 2023 Series A-3 Bonds other than in connection with an optional or mandatory tender and remarketing. Such purchases and sales may be at or below par. However, the Remarketing Agent is not required to make a market in the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. The Remarketing Agent may also sell any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds it has purchased to one or more affiliated investment vehicles for collective ownership or enter into derivative arrangements with affiliates or others in order to reduce its exposure to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. The purchase of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds by the Remarketing Agent may create the appearance that there is greater third party demand for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in the market than is actually the case. The practices described above also may result in fewer 2023 Series A-3 Bonds being tendered in a remarketing.

<u>2023 Series A-3 Bonds May be Offered at Different Prices on Any Date Including an Interest Rate</u> Determination Date

Pursuant to the Remarketing Agreement, the Remarketing Agent is required to determine the applicable rate of interest that, in its judgment, is the lowest rate that would permit the sale of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds at par plus accrued interest, if any, on and as of the date on which the rate is determined (the "Rate Determination Date"). The interest rate will reflect, among other factors, the level of market demand for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including whether the Remarketing Agent is willing to purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for its own account). There may or may not be 2023 Series A-3 Bonds tendered and remarketed on a Rate Determination Date, the Remarketing Agent may or may not be able to remarket any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds tendered for purchase on such date at par and the Remarketing Agent may sell 2023 Series A-3 Bonds at varying prices to different investors on such date or any other date. The Remarketing Agent is not obligated to advise purchasers in a remarketing if they do not have third party buyers for all of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds at the remarketing price. In the event the Remarketing Agent owns any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for its own account, it may, in its sole discretion, in a secondary market transaction

outside the tender process, offer such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds on any date, including the Rate Determination Date, at a discount to par to some investors.

The Ability to Sell the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds other than through Tender Process May Be Limited

The Remarketing Agent may buy and sell 2023 Series A-3 Bonds other than through the tender process. However, it is not obligated to do so and may cease doing so at any time without notice and may require holders that wish to tender their 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to do so through the Tender Agent with appropriate notice. Thus, investors who purchase the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, whether in a remarketing or otherwise, should not assume that they will be able to sell their 2023 Series A-3 Bonds other than by tendering the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in accordance with the tender process. The 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility is not available to purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds other than those tendered in accordance with the tender process and, as such, would not be drawn to purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in connection with a sale of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds by the owners to the Remarketing Agent.

2023 Series A-3 Bonds Not Remarketed

In the event the Remarketing Agent is unable to remarket the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds so tendered while the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility is in effect, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider is to purchase the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in accordance with the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility.

Following the occurrence of certain events of default, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility will automatically and immediately terminate or be suspended without notice or mandatory tender. See "THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY." Pursuant to the Tender Agent Agreement, the Tender Agent will subsequently give notice to affected 2023 Series A-3 Bond owners of such termination or suspension.

Redemption Provisions for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are subject to optional redemption and sinking fund redemption prior to maturity, as described below.

Optional Redemption

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are subject to redemption, at the option of the Corporation, from any source, in whole or in part, on any Business Day, at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof or portions thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date.

Sinking Fund Redemption

The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
Nov. 1, 2035	\$220,000	Nov. 1, 2049	\$1,205,000
May 1, 2036	250,000	May 1, 2050	1,240,000
Nov. 1, 2036	220,000	Nov. 1, 2050	1,270,000
May 1, 2037	255,000	May 1, 2051	1,325,000
Nov. 1, 2037	260,000	Nov. 1, 2051	1,350,000
May 1, 2038	270,000	May 1, 2052	1,390,000
Nov. 1, 2038	260,000	Nov. 1, 2052	1,430,000
May 1, 2039	425,000	May 1, 2053	3,530,000
Nov. 1, 2039	445,000	Nov. 1, 2053	1,375,000
May 1, 2040	475,000	May 1, 2054	1,525,000
Nov. 1, 2040	485,000	Nov. 1, 2054	1,550,000
May 1, 2041	485,000	May 1, 2055	1,600,000
Nov. 1, 2041	485,000	Nov. 1, 2055	1,655,000
May 1, 2042	500,000	May 1, 2056	1,700,000
Nov. 1, 2042	550,000	Nov. 1, 2056	1,760,000
May 1, 2043	535,000	May 1, 2057	1,430,000
Nov. 1, 2043	570,000	Nov. 1, 2057	3,150,000
May 1, 2044	635,000	May 1, 2058	805,000
Nov. 1, 2044	645,000	Nov. 1, 2058	835,000
May 1, 2045	670,000	May 1, 2059	475,000
Nov. 1, 2045	685,000	Nov. 1, 2059	495,000
May 1, 2046	705,000	May 1, 2060	520,000
Nov. 1, 2046	745,000	Nov. 1, 2060	540,000
May 1, 2047	745,000	May 1, 2061	530,000
Nov. 1, 2047	785,000	Nov. 1, 2061	570,000
May 1, 2048	815,000	May 1, 2062	660,000
Nov. 1, 2048	825,000	Nov. 1, 2062	575,000
May 1, 2049	1,155,000	May 1, 2063 [†]	410,000

[†] Stated maturity

The amounts accumulated for each Sinking Fund Payment may be applied by the Trustee, at the direction of the Corporation, prior to the forty-fifth (45th) day preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Payment, to the purchase of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to be redeemed from such Sinking Fund Payments, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the applicable Redemption Price, plus accrued interest to the date of purchase; provided, however, that the purchase of such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds may, to the extent permitted by law, be at prices exceeding the applicable Redemption Price if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee as provided in the General Resolution.

Upon the purchase or redemption of any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for which Sinking Fund Payments shall have been established, other than by application of Sinking Fund Payments, an amount equal to the principal amount of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer at the time of such purchase or redemption.

Selection of 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to be Redeemed

In the event of a redemption of less than all of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Trustee shall select the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution or the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution, (i) for so long as a Liquidity Facility shall be in effect for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the first 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to be redeemed shall be Bank Bonds, and (ii) no 2023 Series A-3 Bond shall be selected for redemption if the portion of such 2023 Series A-3 Bond remaining after such redemption would not be in a denomination authorized by the General Resolution or the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution.

Corporation's Right to Purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds

The Corporation retains the right to purchase any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, at such times, in such amounts and at such prices as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, and, thereby, reduce its obligations, including Sinking Fund Payments, if any, for such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, or is otherwise required to redeem 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Trustee will give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or portions thereof. Such notice will specify the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. Not less than fifteen (15) days before the Redemption Date for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (other than a Redemption Date that is also a mandatory tender date), the Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice to the registered owners of any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or portions thereof which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses appearing upon the registry books. Interest will not be payable on any 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or portions thereof after the Redemption Date if notice has been given and if sufficient monies have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the principal or applicable Redemption Price of and interest on such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds on such date and all conditions precedent, if any, to such redemption shall have been satisfied.

THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY

The Corporation expects to execute the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility with the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider on the date of delivery of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds. The 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility contains various provisions, covenants and conditions, certain of which are summarized below. Other than the terms "2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility", "2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider", "General Resolution" and "2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution" which shall have the meanings contained in this Official Statement, certain words or terms used in the following summary are defined hereinbelow and

other words or terms not defined hereinbelow are defined in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, and reference thereto is made for such definitions. The 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility requires the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to provide funds solely for the purchase of the Eligible Bonds (as defined below) that have been tendered and not remarketed subject to certain conditions described below. In addition, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility does not guarantee the payment of principal of or interest or redemption premium, if any, on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds in the event of non-payment of such interest, principal or redemption premium, if any, by the Corporation and is subject to termination or suspension based on certain defaults set forth below. This summary does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and is subject to all of the terms and provisions of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, to which reference is made hereby. Investors are urged to obtain and review a copy of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility Facility in order to understand all of the terms thereof.

The obligation of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility to provide funds for the purchase of the Eligible Bonds that have been tendered and not remarketed shall end on the last day of the Commitment Period (as hereinafter defined). The "Commitment Period" means the period from the Effective Date to and including the earliest to occur of: (i) June 20, 2028 (or if such day is not a Business Day, the Business Day next preceding such day), as such date may be extended from time to time in accordance with the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, (ii) the date on which no 2023 Series A-3 Bonds are Outstanding that bear interest at the Weekly Rate or the Daily Rate and which are not Bank Bonds or 2023 Series A-3 Bonds owned by or held on behalf of, for the benefit of or for the account of the Corporation or its Affiliates (the "Eligible Bonds"), (iii) the close of business on the Business Day immediately following the Conversion Date (as defined in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility), (iv) the close of business on the thirtieth (30th) day following the date on which a Notice of Termination Date is received by the Corporation and the Trustee pursuant to specified sections of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, or if such thirtieth (30th) day is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day, (v) the date on which the Available Commitment (as defined in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility) has been reduced to zero or terminated in its entirety pursuant to specified sections of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility or under the circumstances described below under "Events of Default and Remedies" (other than as set forth in clause (iv) above) and (vi) the earlier of (i) the close of business no sooner than the Business Day immediately following the Substitution Date (as defined in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility) and (ii) the date on which the Bank honors any properly made request to purchase Eligible Bonds tendered for purchase as a result from such substitution.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider agrees from time to time during the Commitment Period to purchase, with its own funds, 2023 Series A-3 Bonds at the Purchase Price on a purchase date. The 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider's obligation under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility is limited to an amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds then outstanding plus an amount equal to 34 days of interest at 10% computed on the basis of a 365-day year calculated on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed as each amount may be adjusted pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility.

The obligation of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds on any date is subject to the satisfaction of the following conditions, unless waived in writing by the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider: (i) no Special Event of Default shall have occurred and no Suspension Event shall have occurred and be continuing and the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider's obligations under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility shall not otherwise have been terminated or suspended; and (ii) the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall have timely received a notice of purchase as provided in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility.

<u>Events of Default and Remedies</u>. The following events constitute Events of Default under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility: (1) The Corporation shall fail to pay when due any principal or sinking fund requirement or interest due on any 2023 Series A-3 Bond (including any Bank Bond) as and when due in accordance with the terms of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility; or

(2) The Corporation shall fail to pay any amount owed to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility or the Fee Agreement (other than as specified in paragraph (1) above) within ten (10) Business Days of the date when due; or

(3) Any representation or warranty made by or on behalf of the Corporation in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or in any other Related Document or in any certificate or statement delivered under said documents shall be incorrect or untrue in any material respect when made or deemed to have been made; or

(4) The Corporation shall default in the due performance or observance of any of the certain specified covenants set forth in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility; or

(5) The Corporation shall default in the due performance or observance of any other term, covenant or agreement contained in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or any other Related Document (other than any Event of Default set forth in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility) and such default shall remain unremedied for a period of thirty (30) days after the Corporation shall have received notice thereof; or

(6) One or more final, unappealable judgment(s) against the Corporation for the payment of money and which judgment(s) is or are to be enforced pursuant to a lien upon, or an attachment against, any or all of the Trust Estate, the operation or result of which judgment(s), individually or in the aggregate, equal or exceed \$10,000,000 and which judgment(s) shall remain unpaid, undischarged, unbonded or undismissed for a period of sixty (60) days; or

(a)(i) The Corporation shall commence any case, proceeding or other action (A) under any (7)existing or future law of any jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or relief of debtors, seeking to have an order for relief entered with respect to it, or seeking to adjudicate it as bankrupt or insolvent, or seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, winding-up, liquidation, dissolution, composition or other relief with respect to it, or (B) seeking appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian or other similar official for it or for all or any substantial part of its assets or for all or any portion of the Trust Estate, or the Corporation shall make a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors; or (ii) there shall be commenced against the Corporation any case, proceeding or other action of a nature referred to in clause (a)(i) above which (A) results in an order for such relief or in the appointment of a receiver or similar official or (B) remains undismissed, undischarged or unbonded for a period of sixty (60) days; or (iii) there shall be commenced against the Corporation, any case, proceeding or other action seeking issuance of a warrant of attachment, execution, distraint or similar process against all or any substantial part of its assets or for all or any portion of the Trust Estate, which results in the entry of an order for any such relief which shall not have been vacated, discharged, or stayed or bonded pending appeal within sixty (60) days from the entry thereof; or (iv) the Corporation shall take any action in furtherance of, or indicating its consent to, approval of, or acquiescence in, any of the acts set forth in clause (a)(i), (a)(ii) or (a)(iii) above; or (v) the Corporation shall admit in writing its inability to pay its debts or (vi) the Corporation or any other Governmental Authority of competent jurisdiction shall declare a debt moratorium or a comparable extraordinary restriction on repayment of debt shall have been declared or imposed with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including any Bank Bond) or any Parity Debt or (vii) any Governmental Authority of competent jurisdiction shall, pursuant to a finding or ruling, declare a debt moratorium or a comparable extraordinary restriction on repayment of debt with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including any Bank Bond) or any Parity Debt; or

(a) Any provision of the Act, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the General (8) Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds relating to (i) the ability or the obligation of the Corporation to pay, when due, the principal of or interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including any Bank Bonds) or any Parity Debt or (ii) the Trust Estate securing said Bonds and Parity Debt, shall at any time, and for any reason, cease to be valid and binding on the Corporation, or shall be declared to be null and void, invalid or unenforceable, in any such event, as the result of a final non-appealable judgment by any federal or state court or as a result of any legislative or administrative action by any Governmental Authority having jurisdiction over the Corporation; or (b) the Corporation repudiates or otherwise denies that it has any further liability or obligation under or with respect to any provision of the Act, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt relating to (i) the ability or the obligation of the Corporation to pay, when due, the principal of or interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including any Bank Bonds) or any Parity Debt or (ii) the Trust Estate securing said Bonds and Parity Debt; or (c) the State or the Corporation shall have taken or permitted to be taken any official action, or has duly enacted any statute, which would materially adversely affect the enforceability of any provision of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Act, the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or any Parity Debt relating to (i) the ability or the obligation of the Corporation to pay, when due, the principal of or interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including any Bank Bonds) or any Parity Debt or (ii) the Trust Estate securing said Bonds and Parity Debt; or (d) any Governmental Authority with jurisdiction to rule on the validity or enforceability of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Act, the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or any Parity Debt shall find or rule, in a judicial or administrative proceeding, that any provision of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Act, the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or any Parity Debt, as the case may be, relating to (i) the ability or the obligation of the Corporation to pay, when due, the principal of or interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including any Bank Bonds) or any Parity Debt or (ii) the Trust Estate securing said Bonds and Parity Debt, is not valid or not binding on, or enforceable against, the Corporation; or (e) the State or the Corporation (i) makes a claim in a judicial or administrative proceeding that the Corporation has no further liability or obligation under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Act, the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or any Parity Debt to pay, when due, the principal of or interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including any Bank Bonds) or any Parity Debt or (ii) contests in a judicial or administrative proceeding the validity or enforceability of any provision of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Act, the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or any Parity Debt relating to or otherwise affecting (A) the Corporation's ability or obligation to pay, when due, the principal of or interest on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including any Bank Bonds) or any Parity Debt or (B) the Trust Estate securing said Bonds and Parity Debt; or

(9) Moody's and Standard & Poor's (to the extent then rating the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt) and any other Rating Agency then rating the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt shall have (a) assigned the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt an unenhanced long-term rating below "Baa3" (or its equivalent) by Moody's and "BBB-" (or its equivalent) by Standard & Poor's (or comparable rating in the case of another Rating Agency), (b) withdrawn their unenhanced long-term ratings of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt for any credit-related reasons or (c) suspended their unenhanced long-term ratings of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt for any credit-related reasons; or

(10) (a) Except as otherwise provided in clause (b) below, (i) any "event of default" as defined in the General Resolution which is not cured within any applicable cure period shall occur which, if not cured, would give rise to remedies available thereunder; (ii) any "Event of Default" which is not cured within any applicable grace period shall occur which, if not cured, would give rise to remedies available under any other agreement between the Corporation and the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider regarding Parity Debt or (iii) the Corporation shall default in the observance or performance of any agreement or condition relating to any Parity Debt or contained in any instrument or agreement evidencing, securing or relating thereto, or any other default, event of default or similar event shall occur or condition exist, which, if not cured, would give rise to remedies available thereunder; or (b) the Corporation shall fail to make any payment in respect of principal or interest on any Modified Parity Debt, issued and outstanding or to be issued, when due (i.e., whether upon said Modified Parity Debt's scheduled maturity, required prepayment, acceleration, upon demand or otherwise, except as such payments may be accelerated, demanded or required to be prepaid under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility), and such failure shall continue after the applicable grace period, if any, specified in the agreement or instrument relating to such Modified Parity Debt; or

(11) Any of Moody's, Standard & Poor's or any other Rating Agency then rating the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt shall have (i) assigned the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt an unenhanced long-term rating below "A2" by Moody's or "A" by Standard & Poor's (or comparable rating in the case of another Rating Agency), (ii) withdrawn their unenhanced long-term ratings of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt for any credit related reasons or (iii) suspended their unenhanced long-term ratings of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds or any Parity Debt for any credit related reasons; or

(12) Any material provision of any of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility or the Related Documents (other than any provision described in paragraph 8 above) shall cease to be valid and binding, or the Corporation or any Governmental Authority shall contest any such provision or the Corporation shall deny that it has any or further liability under any of the Related Documents.

Following the occurrence of certain of the above referenced Events of Default, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider may take any one or more of the following actions, among others. Reference is made to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility for a complete listing of all consequences of Events of Default.

In the case of any Event of Default specified in paragraph 1, 6, 7, 8(a), 8(b), 8(c), 9 or 10(b) (a) above (each, a "Special Event of Default"), the Available Commitment shall immediately be reduced to zero, in which case the obligations of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility shall immediately terminate and expire without requirement of notice by the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider; provided, that (i) the Event of Default described in paragraph 1 will not qualify as a "Special Event of Default" under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility if the failure to pay the principal of, or interest on, a Bank Bond is due solely to an acceleration of all of the Bank Bonds thereof by the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider for any reason other than nonpayment as described in paragraph 1 above, (ii) the Event of Default described in paragraph 10(b) will not qualify as a "Special Event of Default" under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility if the failure to pay principal or interest on any Modified Parity Debt is due solely to an acceleration of such Modified Parity Debt by the holder thereof for any reason other than failure to pay the principal thereof or interest thereon when due, and (iii) the Suspension Events described in paragraph (b) below will not qualify as a "Special Event of Default" unless and until the applicable conditions described in said paragraph (b) below for such qualification have been satisfied. After such termination or expiration, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall deliver promptly to the Corporation, the Trustee, the Tender Agent and the Remarketing Agent written notice of such termination or expiration; provided, however, that failure to provide such written notice shall have no effect on the validity or enforceability of such termination or expiration.

(b) In the case of any Event of Default specified in paragraph 8(d) or 8(e) above (subject to the provisions of this paragraph, a "Suspension Event"), the obligation of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to purchase Eligible Bonds under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility shall be immediately suspended without notice or demand and, thereafter, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall be under no obligation to purchase Eligible Bonds until the Available Commitment is reinstated as described below.

Promptly upon the occurrence of any such Suspension Event, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall notify the Corporation, the Trustee, the Tender Agent and the Remarketing Agent of such suspension and the effective date of such suspension in writing by facsimile, promptly confirmed by regular mail; provided, that the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall incur no liability of any kind by reason of its failure to give such notice and such failure shall in no way affect the suspension of the Available Commitment or the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider's obligation to purchase Eligible Bonds pursuant to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility.

(i) Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default described in paragraph 8(d) or 8(e) above, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider's obligations to purchase Eligible Bonds shall be immediately and automatically suspended and remain suspended unless and until a court with jurisdiction to rule on such an Event of Default shall enter a final and non-appealable judgment that any of the material provisions of the Act or any other document described in paragraph 8(d) above are not valid or not binding on, or enforceable against, the Corporation or that a claim or contest described in paragraph 8(e) above shall have been upheld in favor of the State or the Corporation in accordance with a final and non-appealable judgment, then, in each such case, the Available Commitment and the obligation of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to purchase Eligible Bonds shall immediately terminate without notice or demand and, thereafter, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall be under no obligation to purchase Eligible Bonds. If a court with jurisdiction to rule on such an Event of Default shall find or rule by entry of a final and non-appealable judgment that the material provision of the Act or any other document described in paragraph 8(d) above is valid and binding on, or enforceable against, the Corporation or that the claim or contest described in paragraph 8(e) above shall have been dismissed pursuant to a final and non-appealable judgment, then the Available Commitment and the obligations of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility shall, in each such case, thereupon be reinstated (unless the Commitment Period shall otherwise have been terminated, suspended or expired as provided in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the suspension of the obligations of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider pursuant to any Event of Default described in paragraph 8(d) or 8(e) above remains in effect and litigation is still pending and a determination regarding same shall not have been dismissed or otherwise made pursuant to a final and non-appealable judgment, as the case may be, when the Termination Date occurs, then the Available Commitment and the obligation of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to purchase Eligible Bonds shall terminate on the Termination Date without notice or demand and, thereafter, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall be under no obligation to purchase Eligible Bonds.

In the case of each Suspension Event, the Tender Agent shall subsequently notify all 2023 Series A-3 Bond owners of the suspension and/or termination of both the Available Commitment and the obligation of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to purchase Eligible Bonds.

(c) Upon the occurrence of any Event of Default, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall have all remedies provided at law or equity, including, without limitation, specific performance; and in addition, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider, in its sole discretion, may do one or more of the following: (i) declare all obligations of the Corporation to the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility (other than payments of principal and redemption price of and interest on the Bank Bonds, unless said Bank Bonds have otherwise become subject to acceleration pursuant to the General Resolution) to be immediately due and payable, and the same shall thereupon become due and payable without demand, presentment, protest, notice of intent to accelerate, notice of acceleration or further notice of any kind, all of which are expressly waived by the Corporation in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility; (ii) the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility (a "Notice of Termination Date") to the Trustee, the Tender Agent, the Corporation and the Remarketing Agent requesting a Default Tender; provided, that the obligation of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider to purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall terminate on the thirtieth

(30th) day (or if such day is not a Business Day, the next following Business Day) after such Notice of Termination Date is received by the Trustee and, on such date, the Available Commitment shall terminate and the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall be under no obligation under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility to purchase 2023 Series A-3 Bonds; (iii) exercise any right or remedy available to it under any other provision of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility; or (iv) exercise any other rights or remedies available under the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution or any other Related Document, and any other agreement or at law or in equity; provided, further, however, the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall not have the right to terminate its obligation to purchase the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds except as provided in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, no failure or delay by the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider in exercising any right, power or privilege under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, under the General Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution and any other Related Document or under the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds and no course of dealing between the Corporation and the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider shall operate as a waiver of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility or of any of said documents nor shall any single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or privilege. The rights and remedies provided in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility are cumulative and not exclusive of any rights or remedies which the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider would otherwise have.

As used in this section "Events of Default and Remedies," the following terms shall have the following meanings:

"Debt" of any person means at any date, without duplication, (a) all obligations of the Corporation for borrowed money, (b) all obligations of the Corporation evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or other similar instruments, (c) all obligations of the Corporation to pay the deferred purchase price of property or services, except trade accounts payable arising in the ordinary course of business, (d) all obligations of the Corporation as lessee under capital leases, (e) all debt of others secured by a lien on any asset of the Corporation, whether or not such debt is assumed by the Corporation, (f) all Guarantees by the Corporation of debt of other Persons and (g) all obligations of the Corporation, shall mean only those obligations authorized and outstanding under the terms of the General Resolution.

"Modified Parity Debt" means Debt of the Corporation issued under the General Resolution and the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution payable from or secured by the Trust Estate and described in clauses (b), (d), (f) and (g) of the definition of "Debt" above (and in the case of clause (d) of the definition of "Debt" above, excluding any lease, the obligation of which is subject to appropriation at the discretion of the Corporation, and, in the case of clause (f), that the failure of the Corporation to pay any such guarantee as a result of any set-off, recoupment, counterclaim or any other defense shall not constitute a failure to pay Modified Parity Debt for purposes of paragraph 10(b) above, and in the case of obligations arising under or pursuant to any Swap Contracts as described in clause (g) of the definition of "Debt" above, only with respect to (1) Swap Contracts that provide interest rate support and (2) obligations under Swap Contracts that constitute regularly scheduled payments that relate to obligations of a type described in clause (b) of the definition of "Debt" above), the payment of which is secured by a pledge of or Lien on Revenues senior to or on a parity with the payment of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds (including Bank Bonds).

"Parity Debt" means all obligations evidenced by bonds (excluding the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds), debentures, notes or other similar instruments now or hereafter outstanding under the terms of the General Resolution; *provided*, that such Debt is secured by the Trust Estate on parity with the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Trust Estate" means the Revenues and other assets pledged to secure the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds and Parity Debt, all as more fully set forth in the General Resolution.

TD Bank, N.A.

TD Bank, N.A. (the "Bank") is a national banking association organized under the laws of the United States, with its main office located in Wilmington, Delaware. The Bank is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of The Toronto-Dominion Bank ("TD") and offers a full range of banking services and products to individuals, businesses and governments throughout its market areas, including commercial, consumer and trust services and indirect automobile dealer financing. The Bank operates banking offices in Connecticut, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Florida, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia. As of March 31, 2023, the Bank had consolidated assets of \$ 404.2 billion, consolidated deposits of \$311.7 billion and stockholder's equity of \$44.5 billion, based on regulatory accounting principles.

Additional information regarding the foregoing, and the Bank and TD, is available from the filings made by TD with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), which filings can be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates. In addition, the SEC maintains a website at http://www.sec.gov, which contains reports, proxy statements and other information regarding registrants that file such information electronically with the SEC.

The information concerning TD and the Bank contained herein is furnished solely to provide limited introductory information and does not purport to be comprehensive. Such information is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information appearing in the documents and financial statements referenced herein.

The 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility has been issued by the Bank and is the obligation of the Bank and not TD.

The Bank will provide copies of the publicly available portions of the most recent quarterly Call Report of the Bank delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency, without charge, to each person to whom this document is delivered, on the written request of such person. Written requests should be directed to:

> TD Bank, N.A. 1701 Route 70 East Cherry Hill, New Jersey 08034 Attn: Corporate and Public Affairs

Information regarding the financial condition and results of operations of the Bank is contained in the quarterly Call Reports of the Bank delivered to the Comptroller of the Currency and available online at https://cdr.ffiec.gov/public. General information regarding the Bank may be found in periodic filings made by TD with the SEC. TD is a foreign issuer that is permitted, under a multijurisdictional disclosure system adopted by the United States, to prepare certain filings with the SEC in accordance with the disclosure requirements of Canada, its home country. Canadian disclosure requirements are different from those of the United States. TD's financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and may be subject to Canadian auditing and auditor independence standards, and thus may not be comparable to financial statements of United States companies prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

The delivery hereof shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of TD or the Bank since the date hereof, or that the information contained or referred to in this section is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.

NEITHER TD NOR ANY OTHER SUBSIDIARY OF TD OTHER THAN THE BANK IS OBLIGATED TO MAKE PAYMENTS UNDER THE 2023 SERIES A-3 LIQUIDITY FACILITY.

The Bank is responsible only for the information contained in this section of the Official Statement and did not participate in the preparation of, or in any way verify the information contained in, any other part of the Official Statement. Accordingly, the Bank assumes no responsibility for and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of information contained in any other part of the Official Statement.

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds (for the purposes of this section "BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM" only, the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are referred to collectively as the "2023 Bonds"). The 2023 Bonds will be issued, or were issued, as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered 2023 Bond certificate will be issued for each Series and maturity of the 2023 Bonds, totaling in the aggregate the principal amount of the 2023 Bonds of each Series, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions, in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants," and together with Direct Participants, "Participants"). The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of the 2023 Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the 2023 Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each 2023 Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase; Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the 2023 Bonds

are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the 2023 Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the 2023 Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all 2023 Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the 2023 Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the 2023 Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such 2023 Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of a Series, maturity and CUSIP number of the 2023 Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such Series, maturity and CUSIP number of the 2023 Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the 2023 Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the 2023 Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments on the 2023 Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Trustee, on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Underwriters, the Remarketing Agents, the Trustee, or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

The requirement for physical delivery of the 2023 Bonds in connection with a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the applicable 2023 Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of applicable tendered 2023 Bonds to the Tender Agent's DTC account.

A Beneficial Owner shall give notice to elect to have its 2023 Series A-3 Bonds purchased or tendered, through its Participant, to the Tender Agent and shall effect delivery of such 2023 Series A-3

Bonds by causing the Direct Participant to transfer the Participant's interest in such 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, on DTC's records, to the Tender Agent.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to a Series of the 2023 Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Corporation or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, 2023 Bond certificates of such Series are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, the applicable 2023 bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information herein concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation, the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents believe to be reliable, but none of the Corporation, the Underwriters or the Remarketing Agents take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Each person for whom a Participant acquires an interest in the 2023 Bonds of a Series, as nominee, may desire to make arrangements with such Participant to receive a credit balance in the records of such Participant, and may desire to make arrangements with such Participant to have all notices of redemption or other communications to DTC, which may affect such persons, to be forwarded in writing by such Participant and to have notification made of all interest payments. NONE OF THE CORPORATION, THE UNDERWRITERS, THE REMARKETING AGENTS OR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO SUCH PARTICIPANTS OR THE PERSONS FOR WHOM THEY ACT AS NOMINEES WITH RESPECT TO THE 2023 BONDS OF SUCH SERIES.

So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the 2023 Bonds of a Series, as nominee for DTC, references herein to Bondholders or registered owners of the 2023 Bonds of such Series (other than under the heading "TAX MATTERS" herein) shall mean Cede & Co., as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners of the 2023 Bonds of such Series.

When reference is made to any action which is required or permitted to be taken by the Beneficial Owners, such reference shall only relate to those permitted to act (by statute, regulation or otherwise) on behalf of such Beneficial Owners for such purposes. When notices are given, they shall be sent by the Trustee to DTC only.

For every transfer and exchange of 2023 Bonds of a Series, the Beneficial Owner may be charged a sum sufficient to cover any tax, fee or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto.

The Corporation, in its sole discretion and without the consent of any other person, may terminate the services of DTC with respect to the 2023 Bonds of a Series if the Corporation determines that (i) DTC is unable to discharge its responsibilities with respect to the 2023 Bonds of such Series, or (ii) a continuation of the requirement that all of the Bonds Outstanding be registered in the registration books kept by the Trustee in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, is not in the best interests of the Beneficial Owners. In the event that no substitute securities depository is found by the Corporation or restricted registration is no longer in effect, the applicable 2023 Bond certificates will be delivered as described in the Resolutions.

NONE OF THE CORPORATION, THE UNDERWRITERS, THE REMARKETING AGENTS OR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO DIRECT PARTICIPANTS, TO INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS, OR TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WITH RESPECT TO (I) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC, ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, OR ANY INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (II) ANY NOTICE THAT IS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN TO THE OWNERS OF THE 2023 BONDS UNDER THE RESOLUTIONS; (III) THE SELECTION BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY PERSON TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF A PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE 2023 BONDS; (IV) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT WITH RESPECT TO THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PREMIUM, IF ANY, OR INTEREST DUE WITH RESPECT TO THE 2023 BONDS; (V) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS THE OWNER OF THE 2023 BONDS; OR (VI) ANY OTHER MATTER.

UNDERWRITING AND REMARKETING

Barclays Capital Inc., as senior manager, and the co-senior managing underwriters and co-managing underwriters listed on the inside cover pages, have jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds from the Corporation at a purchase price of \$592,725,000, and to make a public offering of the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds at prices that are not in excess of the public offering prices stated on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Such Underwriters will be obligated to purchase all of the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds if any are purchased. The 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers at prices lower than such public offering prices, and such public offering prices may be changed, from time to time, by such Underwriters. Such Underwriters will receive an underwriting fee in the amount of \$3,257,646.20, which amount includes expenses for such underwriting.

TD Securities (USA) LLC has agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds from the Corporation at a purchase price of \$50,000,000, and to make a public offering of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds at prices that are not in excess of the public offering price stated on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Such Underwriter will be obligated to purchase all of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds if any are purchased. The 2023 Series A-3 Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers at prices lower than such public offering price, and such public offering price may be changed, from time to time, by such Underwriter. Such Underwriter will receive an underwriting fee in the amount of \$93,670.00, which amount includes expenses for such underwriting. TD Securities (USA) LLC will also receive compensation as the initial Remarketing Agent of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds.

Barclays Capital Inc., as senior managing remarketing agent, and the co-senior managing remarketing agent and co-managing remarketing agents listed on the inside cover pages, have jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the 2022 Series G Bonds that are tendered for remarketing on June 20, 2023 at a purchase price of par and to remarket such 2022 Series G Bonds at par. Such Remarketing Agents will receive a remarketing agents' fee in the amount of \$378,091.03, which includes expenses for such remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds.

This paragraph has been supplied by BofA Securities, Inc.: BofA Securities has entered into a distribution agreement with its affiliate Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S"). As part of this arrangement, BofA Securities may distribute securities to MLPF&S, which may in turn distribute such securities to investors through the financial advisor network of MLPF&S. As part of this arrangement, BofA Securities may compensate MLPF&S as a dealer for their selling efforts with respect to the 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds.

This paragraph has been supplied by Citigroup Global Markets Inc.: Citigroup Global Markets Inc., an Underwriter of the 2023 Bonds and a Remarketing Agent of the 2022 Series G Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution agreement with Fidelity Capital Markets, a division of National Financial Services LLC (together with its affiliates, "Fidelity"). Under this distribution agreement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc.

may distribute municipal securities to retail investors at the original issue price through Fidelity. As part of this arrangement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. will compensate Fidelity for its selling efforts.

This paragraph has been supplied by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC: J.P. Morgan Securities LLC ("JPMS"), one of the Underwriters of the 2023 Bonds and one of the Remarketing Agents of the 2022 Series G Bonds, has entered into negotiated dealer agreements (each, a "Dealer Agreement") with each of Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. ("CS&Co.") and LPL Financial LLC ("LPL") for the retail distribution of certain securities offerings at the original issue prices. Pursuant to each Dealer Agreement, each of CS&Co. and LPL may purchase 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds from JPMS at the original issue price less a negotiated portion of the selling concession applicable to any 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds that such firm sells.

This paragraph has been supplied by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC: Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, an Underwriter of the 2023 Bonds and a Remarketing Agent of the 2022 Series G Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution arrangement with its affiliate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of the distribution arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may distribute municipal securities to retail investors through the financial advisor network of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of this arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may compensate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC for its selling efforts with respect to the 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds.

This paragraph and the following paragraph have been supplied by TD Securities (USA) LLC: TD Securities (USA) LLC, one of the Underwriters of the 2023 Bonds and one of the Remarketing Agents of the 2022 Series G Bonds, has entered into a negotiated dealer agreement (the "TD Dealer Agreement") with TD Ameritrade for the retail distribution of certain securities offerings, including the 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds at the original issue price. Pursuant to the TD Dealer Agreement, TD Ameritrade may purchase 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds from the Underwriters at the original issue prices less a negotiated portion of the selling concession applicable to any of the 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds TD Ameritrade sells.

TD Securities (USA) LLC, the Underwriter and Remarketing Agent for the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, and TD Bank, N.A., the issuer of the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, are both wholly-owned subsidiaries of The Toronto-Dominion Bank and part of TD Bank Group. TD Securities (USA) LLC is not a bank and is a distinct legal entity from TD Bank, N.A. TD Bank, N.A. may have other banking and financial relationships with certain members of the Obligated Group or any other party that may be involved in this transaction.

This paragraph and the following paragraph have been supplied by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association: Wells Fargo Securities is the trade name for certain securities-related capital markets and investment banking services of Wells Fargo & Company and its subsidiaries, including Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, which conducts its municipal securities sales, trading and underwriting operations through the Wells Fargo Bank, NA Municipal Finance Group, a separately identifiable department of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a municipal securities dealer pursuant to Section 15B(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("WFBNA"), acting through its Municipal Finance Group, one of the underwriters of the 2023 Bonds and one of the Remarketing Agents of the 2022 Series G Bonds, has entered into an agreement (the "WFA Distribution Agreement") with its affiliate, Wells Fargo Clearing Services, LLC (which uses the trade name "Wells Fargo Advisors") ("WFA"), for the distribution of certain municipal securities offerings, including the 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds. Pursuant to the WFA Distribution Agreement, WFBNA will share a portion of its underwriting or remarketing agent compensation, as applicable, with respect to the 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds with WFA. WFBNA

has also entered into an agreement (the "WFSLLC Distribution Agreement") with its affiliate Wells Fargo Securities, LLC ("WFSLLC"), for the distribution of municipal securities offerings, including the 2023 Bonds and 2022 Series G Bonds. Pursuant to the WFSLLC Distribution Agreement, WFBNA pays a portion of WFSLLC's expenses based on its municipal securities transactions. WFBNA, WFSLLC, and WFA are each wholly-owned subsidiaries of Wells Fargo & Company.

From time to time, affiliates of the underwriters or the remarketing agents of Bonds provide Longterm LOCs or Construction LOCs for Mortgage Loans or Liquidity Facilities for Series of Bonds and are separately compensated for providing these credit facilities or Liquidity Facilities. See "Appendix F— Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—Long-term LOCs" and "—Construction LOCs" and "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Liquidity Facilities for Bonds Bearing Variable Rates of Interest" in Part II of this Official Statement. From time to time, affiliates of the underwriters or the remarketing agents may be investors in the Mortgagors.

The following three paragraphs have been provided by the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents.

The Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities and mortgage loan servicing. Certain of the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents and their respective affiliates have, from time to time, performed, and may in the future perform, various financial services and investment banking services for the Corporation, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities, which may include credit default swaps) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and may at any time hold long and short positions in such securities and instruments. Such investment and securities activities may involve securities and instruments of the Corporation.

The Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

RATINGS

S&P Global Ratings ("S&P") and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") have assigned the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds a rating of "AA+" and "Aa2," respectively. S&P and Moody's have assigned the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds a rating of "AA+/A-1+" and "Aa2/VMIG 1," respectively. Such ratings reflect only the respective views of such rating agencies, and an explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. There is no assurance that either or both of such ratings will be retained for any given period of time or that the same will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency furnishing the same if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings, or either of them, may have an adverse effect on the market price of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds.

TAX MATTERS

Opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation

In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2023 Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2023 Series A-1 Bond, 2023 Series A-2 Bond or 2023 Series A-3 Bond for any period during which such 2023 Series A-1 Bond, 2023 Series A-2 Bond or 2023 Series A-3 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds or the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, respectively, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2023 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code, however for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022, interest on the 2023 Bonds is included in the "adjusted financial statement income" of certain corporations that are subject to the alternative minimum tax under Section 55 of the Code. In rendering such opinion, Bond Counsel to the Corporation has relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation, the Mortgagors (as defined in the General Resolution) of the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans and others in connection with the issuance of the 2023 Bonds, and Bond Counsel to the Corporation has assumed compliance by the Corporation and such Mortgagors with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2023 Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

In addition, in the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes, interest on the 2023 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

On December 15, 2022, Bond Counsel to the Corporation rendered its opinion that, under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code, except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2022 Series G Bond for any period during which such 2022 Series G Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2022 Series G Bonds, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code, however for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022, interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds is included in the "adjusted financial statement income" of certain corporations that are subject to the alternative minimum tax under Section 55 of the Code. In rendering such opinion, Bond Counsel to the Corporation relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation and others in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Series G Bonds, and Bond Counsel to the Corporation assumed compliance by the Corporation and the Mortgagors of the Mortgage Loans financed in whole or in part with the proceeds of the 2022 Series G Bonds with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

On December 15, 2022, Bond Counsel to the Corporation rendered its opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes and court decisions, the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2022 Series G Bonds, in and of itself, will not

adversely affect the exclusion of interest on the 2022 Series G Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code.

Bond Counsel to the Corporation expresses no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds. Bond Counsel to the Corporation renders its opinion with respect to the 2023 Bonds under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date of the 2023 Bonds and its opinion referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph with respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds, and assumes no obligation to update its opinion after the issue date of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, and assumes no obligation to update its opinion after the issue date of the 2023 Bonds or the date of the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, and assumes no obligation to update its opinion after the issue date of the 2023 Bonds or the date of the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, as the case may be, to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. The opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph with respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds is limited to the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2022 Series G Bonds and does not extend to any event or matter occurring subsequent to the delivery of its opinion on December 15, 2022. In addition, Bond Counsel to the Corporation expresses no opinion on the effect of any action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2023 Bonds or the exemption from personal income taxes of interest on the 2023 Bonds under state and local tax law.

Summary of Certain Federal Tax Requirements

Under applicable provisions of the Code, the exclusion from gross income of interest on the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds (collectively, the "Tax-Exempt Bonds") for purposes of Federal income taxation requires that either (i) at least 20% of the units in a Project financed by the Tax-Exempt Bonds be occupied during the "Qualified Project Period" (defined below) by individuals whose incomes, determined in a manner consistent with Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, do not exceed 50% of the median income for the area, as adjusted for family size, or (ii) at least 25% of the units in a Project financed by the Tax-Exempt Bonds be occupied during the "Qualified Project Period" by individuals whose incomes, determined in a manner consistent with Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, do not exceed 60% of the median income for the area, as adjusted for family size, and (iii) all of the units of each such Project be rented or available for rental on a continuous basis during the Qualified Project Period. "Qualified Project Period" for each such Project means a period commencing upon the later of (a) occupancy of 10% of the units in each such Project or (b) the date of issue of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, and running until the later of (i) the date which is 15 years after occupancy of 50% of the units in each such Project, (ii) the first date on which no tax-exempt private activity bonds issued with respect to each such Project are outstanding or (iii) the date on which any assistance provided with respect to such Project under Section 8 of the 1937 Housing Act terminates. Such Project will meet the continuing low income requirement as long as the income of the individuals occupying a low income unit does not increase to more than 140% of the applicable limit. Upon an increase over 140% of the applicable limit, the next available unit of comparable or smaller size in the Project must be rented to an individual having an income that does not exceed the applicable income limitation. An election may be made to treat a Project as a deep rent skewed project which requires that (i) at least 15% of the low income units in the Project be occupied during the Qualified Project Period by individuals whose income is 40% or less of the median income for the area, (ii) the gross rent of each low income unit in the Project not exceed 30% of the applicable income limit which applies to the individuals occupying the unit and (iii) the gross rent with respect to each low income unit in the Project not exceed one-half of the average gross rent with respect to units of comparable size which are not occupied by individuals who meet the applicable income limit. Under the deep rent skewing election, the Project will meet the continuing low income requirement as long as the income of the individuals occupying the unit does not increase to more than 170% of the applicable limit. Upon an increase over 170% of the applicable limit, the next available low income unit must be rented to an individual having an income of 40% or less of the area median income.

In the event of noncompliance with the requirements described in the preceding paragraph arising from events occurring after the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, the Treasury Regulations provide that the exclusion of interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes will not be impaired if the Corporation takes appropriate corrective action within a reasonable period of time after such noncompliance is first discovered or should have been discovered by the Corporation.

Compliance and Additional Requirements

The Code establishes certain additional requirements which must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the Tax-Exempt Bonds in order for interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds to be and remain excluded from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. These requirements include, but are not limited to, requirements relating to the use and expenditure of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, yield and other limits regarding investments of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Bonds and other funds, and rebate of certain investment earnings on such amounts on a periodic basis to the United States.

The Corporation has covenanted in the Resolutions that it shall at all times do and perform all acts and things necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Tax-Exempt Bonds shall be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. The Corporation has included provisions in its Tax Regulatory Certificate and has established procedures in order to assure compliance with the requirements which must be met subsequent to the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds. The Corporation has entered or will enter into Regulatory Agreements with the Mortgagors of the Projects financed by the Tax-Exempt Bonds to assure compliance with the Code. However, no assurance can be given that in the event of a breach of any such covenants, or noncompliance with the provisions, procedures or certifications set forth therein, the remedies available to the Corporation and/or the owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds can be judicially enforced in such manner as to assure compliance with the above-described requirements and therefore to prevent the loss of the exclusion of interest from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Any loss of such exclusion of interest from gross income may be retroactive to the date from which interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds is payable.

Certain Collateral Federal Tax Consequences

The following is a brief discussion of certain collateral Federal income tax matters with respect to the Tax-Exempt Bonds. It does not purport to address all aspects of Federal taxation that may be relevant to a particular owner of a Tax-Exempt Bond. Prospective investors, particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the Federal tax consequences of owning and disposing of the Tax-Exempt Bonds.

Prospective owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds should be aware that the ownership of such obligations may result in collateral Federal income tax consequences to various categories of persons, such as corporations (including S corporations and foreign corporations), financial institutions, property and casualty and life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or railroad retirement benefits, individuals otherwise eligible for the earned income tax credit, and to taxpayers deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry obligations the interest on which is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds may be taken into account in determining the tax liability of foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax imposed by Section 884 of the Code.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Information reporting requirements will apply to interest paid on tax-exempt obligations, including the Tax-Exempt Bonds. In general, such requirements are satisfied if the interest recipient completes, and

provides the payor with, a Form W-9 "Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification," or if the recipient is one of a limited class of exempt recipients. A recipient not otherwise exempt from information reporting who fails to satisfy the information reporting requirements will be subject to "backup withholding," which means that the payor is required to deduct and withhold a tax from the interest payment, calculated in the manner set forth in the Code. For the foregoing purpose, a "payor" generally refers to the person or entity from whom a recipient receives its payments of interest or who collects such payments on behalf of the recipient.

If an owner purchasing a Tax-Exempt Bond through a brokerage account has executed a Form W-9 in connection with the establishment of such account, as generally can be expected, no backup withholding should occur. In any event, backup withholding does not affect the excludability of the interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Any amounts withheld pursuant to backup withholding would be allowed as a refund or a credit against the owner's Federal income tax once the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

Miscellaneous

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds under Federal or state law or otherwise prevent beneficial owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of such interest. In addition, such legislation or actions (whether currently proposed, proposed in the future, or enacted) and such decisions could affect the market price or marketability of the Tax-Exempt Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Tax-Exempt Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

NO LITIGATION

At the time of delivery and payment for the 2023 Bonds and the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, the Corporation will deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Certificate of the Corporation substantially to the effect that there is no litigation or other proceeding of any nature now pending or threatened against or adversely affecting the Corporation of which the Corporation has notice or, to the Corporation's knowledge, any basis therefor, seeking to restrain or enjoin the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the 2023 Bonds or the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, the Resolutions, the Disclosure Agreements (as defined below), any investment agreement related to the 2023 Bonds or the 2023 Bonds or the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, or sale of the 2023 Bonds or the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds, or the issuance or sale of the 2023 Bonds or the remarketing of any outstanding bonds resulting directly or indirectly from the issuance of the 2023 Bonds, or the pledge, collection or application of any monies or security provided for the payment of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, or the existence, powers or operations of the Corporation, or contesting in any material respect the completeness or accuracy of the Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto, if any.

CERTAIN LEGAL MATTERS

All legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the 2022 Series G Bonds by the Corporation were subject to the approval of Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation, which delivered its approving opinion, dated the date of the issuance of the 2022 Series G Bonds, on December 15, 2022 (a copy of which is attached hereto as

Appendix 1-2). The remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds is subject to the delivery by Bond Counsel to the Corporation of its opinion substantially in the form attached as Appendix 1-3. All legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the 2023 Bonds by the Corporation are subject to the approval of Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Corporation by its General Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents by their Counsel, Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, New York, New York. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider by Chapman and Cutler LLP, Chicago, Illinois.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended October 31, 2022, which are included as Appendix C to Part II of this Official Statement, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing therein. Ernst & Young LLP, the Corporation's auditor, has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of such report, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in such report. Ernst & Young LLP also has not performed any procedures relating to this Official Statement.

The information contained in these financial statements, which are provided for informational purposes only, should not be used in any way to modify the description of the security for the Bonds contained herein. The assets of the Corporation, other than those pledged pursuant to the General Resolution including certain instruments of the Corporation with respect to the Debt Service Reserve Account, are not pledged to nor are they available to Bond owners.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriters in complying with the provisions of paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2 12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Rule 15c2-12"), the Corporation and the Trustee will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of the holders of the 2023 Bonds (the "2023 Disclosure Agreement") to provide continuing disclosure. With respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds, the Corporation and the Trustee entered into a written agreement for the benefit of the holders of the 2022 Series G Bonds upon the initial issuance of the 2022 Series G Bonds (the "2022 Disclosure Agreement" and, together with the 2023 Disclosure Agreement, each a "Disclosure Agreement" or together, the "Disclosure Agreements"). The Corporation has undertaken, in the case of the 2022 Disclosure Agreement, and will undertake, in the case of the 2023 Disclosure Agreement, to provide to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), on an annual basis on or before 150 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Corporation, commencing with the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023 with respect to the 2023 Disclosure Agreement and commencing with the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022 with respect to the 2022 Disclosure Agreement, certain financial information and operating data, referred to herein as "Corporation Annual Information," including, but not limited to annual financial statements of the Corporation. In addition, the Corporation will undertake or has undertaken, as applicable, in the Disclosure Agreements, for the benefit of the holders of the 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable, to provide to the MSRB, in a timely manner (not in excess of ten (10) Business Days after the occurrence of the event), the notices required to be provided by Rule 15c2-12 and described below. With regard to each Series of Bonds issued under the General Resolution for which an underwriter has an obligation under Rule 15c2-12, the Corporation has entered into agreements substantially identical to the Disclosure Agreements.

The Corporation Annual Information shall consist of the following: (a) financial information and operating data of the Corporation prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with

auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; provided, however, that if audited financial statements are not available in accordance with the dates described above, unaudited financial statements shall be provided and such audited financial statements shall be delivered to the MSRB when they become available; (b) a statement setting forth the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account, the Bond Proceeds Account and the Revenue Account; (c) financial information and operating data of the type set forth in Part II of this Official Statement under the headings or subheadings "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM," "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates," "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Summary of Program Assets and Revenues," "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Liquidity Facilities for Bonds Bearing Variable Rates of Interest" (chart only), "THE PROGRAM-Mortgage Loans" (charts only), "Appendix D-1-Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program," "Appendix D-2-Mortgage Loan Prepayment Provisions" (chart only), "Appendix D-3-Permanent Mortgage Loan Physical Inspection Ratings" (chart only), Provisions," "Appendix E—Interest "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Rate Hedge Agreements," "Appendix F-Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs-Supplemental Security-Long-term LOCs" (chart only) and "Appendix F-Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs-Supplemental Security-Construction LOCs" (chart only); and (d) the information regarding amendments to a Disclosure Agreement required pursuant thereto, together with (e) such narrative explanation as may be necessary to avoid misunderstanding and to assist the reader in understanding the presentation of financial information and operating data concerning the Corporation and in judging the financial information about the Corporation.

Pursuant to the Disclosure Agreements, the Corporation has undertaken or will further undertake, as applicable, to use its best efforts to provide to the MSRB, on an annual basis on or before 150 days after the end of each fiscal year of any Mortgagor whose payment obligations due under its Mortgage Note equals or exceeds twenty percent (20%) of the aggregate payment obligations due under all outstanding Mortgage Notes (a "Major Obligated Mortgagor"), certain financial information and operating data, referred to herein as "Mortgagor Annual Information," including, but not limited to, annual financial statements of such Major Obligated Mortgagor, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards if so required by the applicable Mortgage; provided, however, that if audited financial statements are required but not available in accordance with the dates described above, unaudited financial statements shall be provided and such audited financial statements shall be delivered to the MSRB when they become available. Currently, there are no Major Obligated Mortgagors.

The notices required to be provided by Rule 15c2-12, which the Corporation will undertake to provide as described above, include notices of any of the following events with respect to the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) nonpayment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable, or other material events affecting the tax status of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable; (7) modification to the rights of holders of 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable, if material; (8) 2023 Bond or 2022 Series G Bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances of all or a portion of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable; (10) the release, substitution or sale of property securing repayment of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar events of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor; (13) the consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or a Major Obligation

Mortgagor, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) the incurrence of a Financial Obligation (as defined below) of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, if material, or agreement as to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, any of which affect holders of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, if material; and (16) a default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Corporation the Corporation to provide the Corporation of the MSRB, in a timely manner, notice of a failure by the Corporation to provide the Corporation Annual Information or the Mortgagor Annual Information required by the Disclosure Agreement. "Financial Obligation" (i) means a: (A) debt obligation; (B) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (C) guarantee of (A) or (B), but (ii) shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with Rule 15c2-12.

In addition to the notices described above, the Corporation in the 2023 Disclosure Agreement has agreed to provide a notice to the MSRB regarding the making of a Mortgage Loan with the proceeds of the 2023 Bonds in substitution for any of the Developments described under "PLAN OF FINANCING—2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans." The Corporation has agreed in the 2023 Disclosure Agreement to provide such notice to the MSRB on or before the date of the making of such substitution and to include in such notice information regarding such substitute Development and Mortgage Loan substantially similar to the information regarding other Developments contained under such heading. Because such notices are not required to be provided under Rule 15c2-12, failure to comply with this provision of the 2023 Disclosure Agreement will not constitute a failure to comply with an undertaking in a written agreement specified in paragraph (b)(5)(i) of Rule 15c2-12.

If any party to a Disclosure Agreement fails to comply with any provisions thereof, then the other party to such Disclosure Agreement and, as a direct or third party beneficiary, as the case may be, any holder of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable, may enforce, for the equal benefit and protection of all holders similarly situated, by mandamus or other suit or proceeding at law or in equity, such Disclosure Agreement against such party and any of its officers, agents and employees, and may compel such party or any such officers, agents or employees to perform and carry out their duties thereunder; provided that the sole and exclusive remedy for breach or default under such Disclosure Agreement to provide the continuing disclosure described above is an action to compel specific performance of the undertakings contained therein, and no person or entity may recover monetary damages thereunder under any circumstances; provided, however, that the rights of any holder of 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds to challenge the adequacy of the information provided by the Corporation are conditioned upon the provisions of the General Resolution with respect to the enforcement of remedies of holders of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds upon the occurrence of an Event of Default described in the General Resolution. A breach or default under a Disclosure Agreement shall not constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. In addition, if all or any part of Rule 15c2-12 ceases to be in effect for any reason, then the information required to be provided under a Disclosure Agreement, insofar as the provisions of Rule 15c2-12 no longer in effect required the provision of such information, shall no longer be required to be provided. Beneficial Owners of the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds are third-party beneficiaries of the applicable Disclosure Agreement and, as such, are deemed to be holders of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable, as applicable, for the purposes of exercising remedies.

The foregoing undertakings are intended to set forth a general description of the type of financial information and operating data that will be provided; the descriptions are not intended to state more than

general categories of financial information and operating data. Where an undertaking calls for information that no longer can be generated because the operations to which it related have been materially changed or discontinued, a statement to that effect will be provided. Each Disclosure Agreement, however, may be amended or modified without the consent of the holders of the 2023 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, as applicable, under certain circumstances set forth in each Disclosure Agreement.

Copies of the Disclosure Agreement, when executed and delivered by the parties thereto on the date of the initial delivery of the 2023 Bonds, will be on file at the office of the Corporation. Copies of the 2022 Disclosure Agreement are on file at the office of the Corporation.

Under the Corporation's agreements to provide continuing disclosure with respect to prior Bonds issued under the General Resolution, during the past five years, the Corporation on occasion has not timely linked to every applicable CUSIP number timely-filed Corporation annual financial information, with respect to redemptions on two dates in November 2020 did not file call notices until February 2021 (though such notices to redeemed Bond holders were timely sent to DTC prior to redemption), and with respect to an Interest Rate Exchange Agreement executed on July 2, 2021, filed notice thereof on August 3, 2021 (the date on which payments from the counterparty thereunder were pledged as described under "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Interest Rate Caps and Swaps"). In addition, the Corporation failed to timely file an annual statement setting forth the valuations of Mortgage Loans for purposes of the Resolution that was required to be filed in March 2019 under the Corporation's agreements to provide continuing disclosure with respect to certain prior Bonds issued under the General Resolution. The Corporation filed such statement in September 2019.

Under certain of the Corporation's agreements to provide continuing disclosure with respect to bonds issued under other bond resolutions, during the past five years, the Corporation (i) did not file annual financial statements for one mortgagor when due, and did not timely file a required notice of such failure, in 2019 (such financial statements and notice of such failure subsequently were filed in 2019); and did not file annual financial statements and certain operating data for four mortgagors when due, and did not timely file required notices of such failures, in 2021 (such financial statements and data and notices of such failures subsequently were filed in 2021), (ii) in October 2020 did not file required monthly reports for two series of bonds (such reports subsequently were filed in April 2021), (iii) on four occasions was between one and five days late in filing required mortgagor annual financial statements or Corporation annual financial information, and (iv) on occasion has not timely linked to every applicable CUSIP number timely-filed mortgagor annual financial statements or Corporation.

FURTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this Official Statement is subject to change without notice and no implication should be derived therefrom or from the sale of the 2023 Bonds or the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation from the date hereof. Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has covenanted to keep proper books of record and account in which full, true and correct entries will be made of all its dealings and transactions under the General Resolution, and to cause such books to be audited for each fiscal year. The General Resolution requires that such books be open to inspection by the Trustee and the owners of not less than five percent (5%) of the Bonds then Outstanding issued thereunder during regular business hours of the Corporation, and that the Corporation furnish a copy of the auditor's report, when available, upon the request of the owner of any Outstanding 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds.

Additional information, including the annual report of the Corporation, may be obtained from the Corporation at 120 Broadway, 2nd Floor, New York, New York 10271, (212) 227-5500 or through its internet address: www.nychdc.com.

MISCELLANEOUS

Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such, and not as representations of fact. This Official Statement is not to be construed as an agreement or contract between the Corporation and the purchasers or owners of any 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds.

This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the 2023 Bonds and the remarketing of the 2022 Series G Bonds and may not be reproduced or used, as a whole or in part, for any other purpose. This Official Statement and the distribution thereof has been duly authorized and approved by the Corporation, and duly executed and delivered on behalf of the Corporation.

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

By: /s/ Eric Enderlin Eric Enderlin President (THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

PROPOSED FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION RELATING TO THE 2023 BONDS

Upon delivery of the 2023 Bonds, Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, Bond Counsel to the Corporation, proposes to deliver its approving opinion in substantially the following form:

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 120 Broadway, 2nd Floor New York, New York 10271

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We, as bond counsel to the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under and pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of New York), as amended (the "Act"), have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance by the Corporation of \$172,855,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-1 (the "2023 Series A-1 Bonds"), \$419,870,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-2 (the "2023 Series A-2 Bonds") and \$50,000,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-3 (the "2023 Series A-3 Bonds"; the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds being collectively referred to as the "2023 Bonds").

The 2023 Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to the Act, the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted July 27, 1993, as amended (the "General Resolution"), and, with respect to the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds and the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds, the Three Hundred Forty-Sixth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-1 and 2023 Series A-2 of the Corporation, adopted June 1, 2023, and with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Three Hundred Forty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Three Hundred Forty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2023 Series A-3 of the Corporation, adopted June 1, 2023 (collectively, the "Supplemental Resolutions"; the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolutions being collectively referred to as the "Resolutions"). The 2023 Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the 2023 Series A Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions).

The 2023 Bonds are dated, mature, are payable, bear interest and are subject to redemption as provided in the Resolutions.

We have not examined nor are we passing upon matters relating to the real and personal property referred to in the mortgages which are to secure the 2023 Bonds.

Upon the basis of the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation has been duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York (including the Act), and has good right and lawful authority, among other things, to finance the 2023 Series A Mortgage Loans, to provide sufficient funds therefor by the adoption of the Resolutions and the issuance and sale of the 2023 Bonds, and to perform its obligations under the terms and conditions of the Resolutions, as covenanted in the Resolutions.

2. The Resolutions have been duly adopted by the Corporation, are in full force and effect, and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms.

3. The 2023 Bonds have been duly authorized, sold and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the Resolutions and the laws of the State of New York (the "State"), including the Act.

4. The 2023 Bonds are valid and legally binding special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues, funds or monies pledged for the payment thereof pursuant to the Resolutions, are enforceable in accordance with their terms and the terms of the Resolutions, and are entitled to the benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Resolutions.

5. The 2023 Bonds are secured by a pledge in the manner and to the extent set forth in the Resolutions. The Resolutions create the valid pledge of and lien on the Revenues (as defined in the Resolutions) and all the Accounts established by the Resolutions and monies and securities therein, which the Resolutions purport to create, subject only to the provisions of the Resolutions permitting the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolutions.

6. The 2023 Bonds are not a debt of the State or The City of New York and neither is liable thereon, nor shall the 2023 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged for the payment thereof.

Under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the 2023 Bonds is 7. excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2023 Series A-1 Bond, 2023 Series A-2 Bond or 2023 Series A-3 Bond for any period during which such 2023 Series A-1 Bond, 2023 Series A-2 Bond or 2023 Series A-3 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds or the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, respectively, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2023 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code, however for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022, interest on the 2023 Bonds is included in the "adjusted financial statement income" of certain corporations that are subject to the alternative minimum tax under Section 55 of the Code. In rendering this opinion, we have relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation, the Mortgagors (as defined in the General Resolution) of the 2023 Series A Mortgage Loans and others in connection with the issuance of the 2023 Bonds, and we have assumed compliance by the Corporation and such Mortgagors with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2023 Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

8. Under existing statutes, interest on the 2023 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

We express no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2023 Bonds. We render this opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date, and assume no obligation to update this opinion after the issue date to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. We express no opinion on the effect of any action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2023 Bonds, or the exemption from personal income taxes of interest on the 2023 Bonds under state and local tax law. In rendering this opinion, we are advising you that the enforceability of rights and remedies with respect to the 2023 Bonds and the Resolutions may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies heretofore or hereafter enacted and is subject to the general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

We have examined an executed 2023 Series A-1 Bond, an executed 2023 Series A-2 Bond and an executed 2023 Series A-3 Bond and in our opinion the forms of said Bonds and their execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,

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FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION DELIVERED UPON THE ISSUANCE OF THE 2022 SERIES G BONDS

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 110 William Street New York, New York 10038

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We, as bond counsel to the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under and pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of New York), as amended (the "Act"), have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance by the Corporation of \$141,100,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series F-1 (the "2022 Series F-1 Bonds"), \$202,035,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series F-2-A (the "2022 Series F-2-A Bonds"), \$152,035,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series F-2-B (the "2022 Series F-2-B Bonds"; the 2022 Series F-2-A Bonds and the 2022 Series F-2-B Bonds being collectively referred to as the "2022 Series F-3 Bonds"; the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2 Bonds and the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds"; the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2 Bonds and the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds, 2022 Series F-3 Bonds being collectively referred to as the "2022 Series F Bonds") and \$53,645,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series G Bonds, 2022 Series G Bonds"; the 2022 Series G Bonds"; the 2022 Series G Bonds").

The 2022 Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to the Act, the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted July 27, 1993, as amended (the "General Resolution"), and, with respect to the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds and the 2022 Series F-2 Bonds, the Three Hundred Forty-First Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series F-1 and 2022 Series F-2 of the Corporation, adopted November 30, 2022, with respect to the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds, the Three Hundred Forty-Second Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series F-3 Bonds, the Three Hundred Forty-Second Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series G Bonds, the Three Hundred Forty-Third Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series G of the Corporation, adopted November 30, 2022, and, with respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds, the Three Hundred Forty-Third Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series G of the Corporation, adopted November 30, 2022 (collectively, the "Supplemental Resolutions"; the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolutions being collectively referred to as the "Resolutions"). The 2022 Series F Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the 2022 Series F Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions). The 2022 Series G Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions).

The 2022 Bonds are dated, mature, are payable, bear interest and are subject to redemption as provided in the Resolutions.

We have not examined nor are we passing upon matters relating to the real and personal property referred to in the mortgages which are to secure the 2022 Bonds.

Upon the basis of the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation has been duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York (including the Act), and has good right and lawful authority, among other things, to finance

the 2022 Series F Mortgage Loans and the 2022 Series G Mortgage Loans, to provide sufficient funds therefor by the adoption of the Resolutions and the issuance and sale of the 2022 Bonds, and to perform its obligations under the terms and conditions of the Resolutions, as covenanted in the Resolutions.

2. The Resolutions have been duly adopted by the Corporation, are in full force and effect, and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms.

3. The 2022 Bonds have been duly authorized, sold and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the Resolutions and the laws of the State of New York (the "State"), including the Act.

4. The 2022 Bonds are valid and legally binding special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues, funds or monies pledged for the payment thereof pursuant to the Resolutions, are enforceable in accordance with their terms and the terms of the Resolutions, and are entitled to the benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Resolutions.

5. The 2022 Bonds are secured by a pledge in the manner and to the extent set forth in the Resolutions. The Resolutions create the valid pledge of and lien on the Revenues and, with respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds, the 2022 Series G Revenues (as such terms are defined in the Resolutions), and all the Accounts and, with respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds, the 2022 Series G Accounts, established by the Resolutions and monies and securities therein, which the Resolutions purport to create, subject only to the provisions of the Resolutions permitting the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolutions.

6. The 2022 Bonds are not a debt of the State or The City of New York and neither is liable thereon, nor shall the 2022 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged for the payment thereof.

Under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the 2022 Series F-1 7. Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-A Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-B Bonds, the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2022 Series F-1 Bond, 2022 Series F-2-A Bond, 2022 Series F-2-B Bond, 2022 Series F-3 Bond or 2022 Series G Bond or any period during which such 2022 Series F-1 Bond, 2022 Series F-2-A Bond, 2022 Series F-2-B Bond, 2022 Series F-3 Bond or 2022 Series G Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-A Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-B Bonds, the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds or the 2022 Series G Bonds, respectively, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-A Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-B Bonds, the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code, however for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022, interest on the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-A Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-B Bonds, the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds is included in the "adjusted financial statement income" of certain corporations that are subject to the alternative minimum tax under Section 55 of the Code. In rendering this opinion, we have relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation, the Mortgagors (as defined in the General Resolution) of the 2022 Series F Mortgage Loans and others in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-A Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-B Bonds, the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, and we have assumed compliance by the Corporation, such Mortgagors and the Mortgagors of the 2022 Series G Mortgage Loans with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-A Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-B Bonds, the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

8. Under existing statutes, interest on the 2022 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

We express no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2022 Bonds. We render this opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date, and assume no obligation to update this opinion after the issue date to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. We express no opinion on the effect of any action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2022 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-A Bonds, the 2022 Series F-2-B Bonds, the 2022 Series F-3 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, or the exemption from personal income taxes of interest on the 2022 Bonds under state and local tax law.

In rendering this opinion, we are advising you that the enforceability of rights and remedies with respect to the 2022 Bonds and the Resolutions may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies heretofore or hereafter enacted and is subject to the general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

We have examined an executed 2022 Series F-1 Bond, an executed 2022 Series F-2-A Bond, an executed 2022 Series F-2-B Bond, an executed 2022 Series F-3 Bond and an executed 2022 Series G Bond and in our opinion the forms of said Bonds and their execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,

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PROPOSED FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION RELATING TO THE 2022 SERIES G BONDS

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 120 Broadway, 2nd Floor New York, New York 10271

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON as Trustee 240 Greenwich Street New York, New York 10286

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are bond counsel to the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, created and existing under and pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of New York), as amended (the "Act"). On December 15, 2022, we rendered our approving opinion (the "Approving Opinion") with respect to the issuance by the Corporation of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series G, in the original aggregate principal amount of \$53,645,000 (the "2022 Series G Bonds"). The 2022 Series G Bonds were issued under and pursuant to the Act, the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted July 27, 1993, as amended (the "General Resolution"), and the Three Hundred Forty-Third Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series G of the Corporation, adopted November 30, 2022 (the "Supplemental Resolution"; the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolution being collectively referred to as the "Resolutions"). Unless otherwise defined in this opinion, all capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Resolutions.

The Resolutions provide that the method of determining the interest rate on the 2022 Series G Bonds may be changed on an Interest Method Change Date, subject to the terms and provisions of the Resolutions. Today, pursuant to the provisions of the Resolutions, is an Interest Method Change Date with respect to the 2022 Series G Bonds, the method of determining the interest rate on the 2022 Series G Bonds is being changed and the 2022 Series G Bonds are being remarketed (the 2022 Series G Bonds, as so remarketed, being referred to as the "Reoffered Bonds"). On and after the date hereof, the Reoffered Bonds will bear interest at the Fixed Rate pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Resolutions. This opinion is being delivered in connection with the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the Reoffered Bonds.

We are of the opinion that such change in the method of determining the interest rate on the Reoffered Bonds is consistent with the provisions of the Resolutions.

We express no opinion as to whether, as of the date hereof, the interest on the Reoffered Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). We are of the opinion, however, that, under existing statutes and court decisions, such change in the method of determining the interest rate on the Reoffered Bonds, in and of itself, will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest on the Reoffered Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code.

We express no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the Reoffered Bonds. We render this opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update this opinion after the date hereof to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. We wish to advise you that our opinion is limited to the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the Reoffered Bonds on the date hereof and does not extend to any event or matter occurring subsequent to the delivery of our Approving Opinion on December 15, 2022.

Very truly yours,

OFFICIAL STATEMENT PART II

relating to

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds

Part II of this Official Statement provides certain information concerning bonds previously issued under the General Resolution (the "Bonds"), certain sources of payment and security for the Bonds, the Corporation, and the mortgage loan program financed with the proceeds of Bonds. It contains only a part of the information to be provided by the Corporation in connection with the issuance of its Bonds. The terms of the Series of Bonds being issued, including designation, principal amount, authorized denominations, price, maturity, interest rate and time of payment of interest, redemption provisions, and any other terms or information relating thereto are set forth in Part I of this Official Statement. Additional information concerning certain sources of payment and security for the Bonds, the Corporation, and the mortgage loans program financed with the proceeds of Bonds is contained in Part I of this Official Statement. The information contained herein may be supplemented or otherwise modified by Part I of this Official Statement and is subject in all respects to the information contained therein.

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PART II

relating to

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Part II of this Official Statement is to set forth certain information concerning the Corporation, the Program and the Bonds in connection with the issuance of certain Series of Bonds by the Corporation. Each Series of Bonds is issued pursuant to the Act, the General Resolution, and a related Supplemental Resolution. Certain defined terms used herein are set forth in Part I of this Official Statement or in "Appendix A—Definitions of Certain Terms."

THE CORPORATION

Purposes and Powers

The Corporation, which commenced operations in 1972, is a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State, created for the purposes of providing, and encouraging the investment of private capital in, safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations in The City of New York (the "City") for families and persons of low income, which include families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, or in areas designated as blighted through the provision of low interest mortgage loans. Powers granted the Corporation under the Act include the power to issue bonds, notes and other obligations to obtain funds to carry out its corporate purposes, and to refund the same; to acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property; to make mortgage loans to specified private entities; to purchase loans from lending institutions; to make loans insured or co-insured by the Federal government for new construction and rehabilitation of multiple dwellings; to make and to contract for the making of loans for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of multi-family housing accommodations; to acquire and to contract to acquire any Federally-guaranteed security evidencing indebtedness on a mortgage securing a loan; to acquire mortgages from the City, obtain Federal insurance thereon and either sell such insured mortgages or issue its obligations secured by said insured mortgages and to pay the net proceeds of such sale of mortgages or issuance of obligations to the City; and to do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes. The Act further provides that the Corporation and its corporate existence shall continue at least so long as its bonds, including the Bonds, notes, or other obligations are outstanding.

The sale of the Bonds and the terms of such sale are subject to the approval of the Comptroller of the City. The Corporation is a "covered organization" as such term is defined in the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended, and the issuance of the Bonds is subject to the review of the New York State Financial Control Board for The City of New York.

The Corporation's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022, including as Schedule 3 supplemental information related to the Program, are contained in Appendix C hereto. In addition, a summary of assets and revenues related to the Program are described, in part, under "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Summary of Program Assets and Revenues." As described in the Corporation's audited financial statements, the Corporation maintains a balance in a reserve account at a level periodically set by the Corporation (currently \$160,000,000) that may be used to support the general

obligations of the Corporation (including the payment obligation by the Corporation held in the Debt Service Reserve Account described in "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Debt Service Reserve Account" and the obligations of the Corporation under the Interest Rate Exchange Agreements described in "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Interest Rate Caps and Swaps"). Such amounts are not pledged to the General Resolution and the Corporation has no obligation to use such amounts to pay debt service on, or other costs related to, the Bonds.

Organization and Membership

The Corporation, pursuant to the Act, consists of the Commissioner of The City of New York Department of Housing Preservation and Development ("HPD") (who is designated as Chairperson of the Corporation pursuant to the Act), the Commissioner of Finance of the City and the Director of Management and Budget of the City (such officials to serve <u>ex-officio</u>), and four (4) public members, two (2) appointed by the Mayor of the City (the "Mayor") and two (2) appointed by the Governor of the State. The Act provides that the powers of the Corporation shall be vested in and exercised by not less than four (4) members. The Corporation may delegate to one or more of its members, officers, agents or employees such powers and duties as it deems proper.

Members

- ADOLFO CARRIÓN JR., Chairperson and Member ex-officio. Mr. Carrión was appointed Commissioner of HPD by Mayor Eric Adams on January 30, 2022, effective February 7, 2022. Prior to the appointment, Mr. Carrión was the CEO of Metro Futures LLC, a real estate development and consulting firm he founded in 2012, whose focus is the development of affordable housing, mixed-use and economic development projects, and strategic planning in the New York City Metro Area. Previously, Mr. Carrión was also the Executive Vice President of Stagg Group, a housing development and management firm, and Senior Advisor for Corporate Development to the CSA Group, the largest Hispanicowned architecture and engineering firm in the United States. Between 2009 to 2012, Mr. Carrión served as Deputy Assistant to President Barack Obama, Director of the White House Office of Urban Affairs, and as Regional Administrator for Region II of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Prior to his tenure in the federal government, Mr. Carrión served as Bronx Borough President and as a member of the New York City Council. Mr. Carrión served as President of the National Association of Latino Elected Officials (NALEO), is an Aspen Institute Rodel Fellows alumnus, and has served on numerous boards for non-profit and government entities. Mr. Carrión holds a Bachelor of Arts from the King's College and a master's degree in Urban Planning from Hunter College.
- HARRY E. GOULD, JR., <u>Vice Chairperson and Member</u>, whose term expires December 31, 2023. From 1969 to May 2015, Mr. Gould served as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Gould Paper Corporation. He was Chairman and President of Cinema Group, Inc., a major independent film financing and production company, from 1982 to May 1986, and is currently Chairman and President of Signature Communications Ltd., a new company that is active in the same field as well as providing consulting services in M&A, "turnarounds," manufacturing and distribution. Signature, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, acquired a majority shareholding on May 1, 2019 in Denmaur PaperMedia, the fourth largest paper distributor in the United Kingdom. Mr. Gould began his career in 1962 in the Corporate Finance Department of Goldman Sachs. From 1964-1969, he held senior operating positions at Universal American Corporation, an industrial conglomerate that merged with Gulf + Western Industries at the beginning of 1968. At the time of the merger,

Universal American was ranked 354th on the Fortune 500 List, while Gulf + Western ranked in the top 75. He is a Life Member of the Executive Branch of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences. He is a member of the Board of Overseers at the Columbia Business School. He is on the Advisory Board of St. Hilda's College, which is one of the 43 Colleges that comprise the member Colleges at the University of Oxford in the United Kingdom. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the Roundabout Theatre Organization from 2010 to 2021. He was a member of the Board of Directors of Domtar, Inc., North America's largest and second largest global manufacturer of uncoated free sheet papers from 1995 to 2004. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the USO of Metropolitan New York from 1973 to 2004. He was a member of the Board of Trustees of the American Management Association from 1996 to 1999. Mr. Gould served as Special Counsel to the New York State Assembly, Committee on Cities from 1970 to 1976. He was a member of the New York State Governor's Task Force for Cultural Life and the Arts from 1974 to 1975. Mr. Gould served as Treasurer of the New York State Democratic Committee from 1975 to 1976 as well as Vice-Chairman and Member of the Executive Committee of the Democratic National Finance Council from 1974 to 1980. He was a member of Colgate University's Board of Trustees from 1976 to 1982. He was appointed Trustee Emeritus of Colgate University in 2012. He was appointed by President Johnson to serve on the Peace Corps Advisory Council from 1964 to 1968 and to serve as the U.S. representative to the U.N. East-West Trade Development Commission from 1967 to 1968. He was appointed by President Carter to serve as Vice Chairman of the U.S. President's Export Council and was a member of the Executive Committee and Chairman of the Export Expansion Subcommittee from 1977 to 1980. He was a National Trustee of the National Symphony Orchestra, Washington, D.C., also serving as a member of its Executive Committee from 1977 to 1999. He was a member of the Board of United Cerebral Palsy Research and Educational Foundation, and the National Multiple Sclerosis Society of New York from 1972 to 1999. He was a Trustee of the Riverdale Country School from 1990 to 1999. Mr. Gould received his Bachelor of Arts degree from Colgate University with High Honors in English Literature. He began his M.B.A. studies at Harvard University and received his degree from Columbia Business School.

JACQUES JIHA, Member ex-officio. Mr. Jacques Jiha Ph.D. was appointed Director of the New York City Office of Management and Budget effective in November 2020. Prior to the appointment, Mr. Jiha was the Commissioner of New York City's Department of Finance. Prior to becoming Commissioner, Mr. Jiha was the Executive Vice President / Chief Operating Officer & Chief Financial Officer of Earl G. Graves, Ltd., a multi-media company with properties in print, digital media, television, events and the Internet. He has also served on a number of government and not-for-profit boards including the Ronald McDonald House of New York, Public Health Solutions, the Investment Advisory Committee of the New York Common Retirement Fund and as Secretary of the board of the New York State Dormitory Authority. Previous positions include Deputy Comptroller for Pension Investment and Public Finance in the Office of the New York State Comptroller, where he managed the assets of the New York State Common Retirement Fund - then the nation's second-largest pension fund valued at \$120 billion. Prior to his appointment, he worked for the New York City Office of the Comptroller first as Chief Economist and later as Deputy Comptroller for Budget, with oversight responsibilities over the city's operating budget and four-year capital plan. Mr. Jiha also served as Executive Director of the Legislative Tax Study Commission of New York State and as Principal Economist for the New York State Assembly Committee on Ways and Means. He holds a Ph.D. and a master's degree in Economics from the New School for Social Research and a bachelor's degree in Economics from Fordham University.

PRESTON NIBLACK, Member ex-officio. Mr. Preston Niblack was appointed Commissioner of the New York City Department of Finance effective in January 2022. Prior to the appointment, Mr. Niblack served as Deputy City Comptroller for Budget from 2016 through 2021, where he was responsible for monitoring the City's budget and fiscal condition, analyzing and reporting on the City budget, and issuing reports on various budgetary and economic issues. Mr. Niblack previously held the position of Senior Advisor in the New York City Government Affairs Division of Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, and served as a trustee of the Citizens Budget Commission. Between 2008 and 2014, Mr. Niblack served as Director of the Finance Division for the New York City Council where he led negotiations on the City budget on behalf of the City Council and developed legislative and policy initiatives in areas such as budget and tax policy, housing, and economic development. His previous positions include Senior Analyst and Deputy Director at the New York City Independent Budget Office, Economist in the District of Columbia Office of Tax and Revenue, and Associate Social Scientist at the RAND Corporation. Mr. Niblack holds a Ph.D. and MPA in Policy Sciences from the University of Maryland School of Public Policy and a B.A. from Middlebury College.

VACANT, Member.

- CHARLES G. MOERDLER, Member, serving pursuant to law. Mr. Moerdler is a partner in the law firm of Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP. Prior to joining his law firm in 1967, Mr. Moerdler was Commissioner of Buildings for The City of New York from 1966 to 1967, and previously worked with the law firm of Cravath, Swaine & Moore. Mr. Moerdler has served as a member of the Committee on Character and Fitness of Applicants to the Bar of the State of New York, Appellate Division, First Department since 1977 and as a member of the Mayor's Committee on Judiciary since 1994. He has also served on the Editorial Board of the New York Law Journal since 1986. Mr. Moerdler held a number of public service positions, including Chairman of The New York State Insurance Fund from 1995 to March 1997, Commissioner and Vice Chairman of The New York State Insurance Fund from 1978 to 1994, Consultant to the Mayor of The City of New York on Housing, Urban Development and Real Estate from 1967 to 1973, Member of the Advisory Board on Fair Campaign Practices, New York State Board of Elections in 1974, Member of the New York City Air Pollution Control Board from 1966 to 1967 and Special Counsel to the New York State Assembly, Committee on Judiciary in 1961 and Committee on The City of New York in 1960. Mr. Moerdler also serves as a Trustee of St. Barnabas Hospital and served on the Board of Overseers of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America. He served as a Trustee of Long Island University from 1985 to 1991 and on the Advisory Board of the School of International Affairs, Columbia University from 1976 to 1979. Mr. Moerdler is a graduate of Long Island University and Fordham Law School, where he was an Associate Editor of the Fordham Law Review.
- **DENISE SCOTT**, <u>Member</u>, serving pursuant to law. Ms. Scott is Managing Director of the Local Initiatives Support Corporation's New York City program (LISC NYC) since 2001. During her tenure, LISC NYC has invested in the development of over 10,000 units of affordable housing. Ms. Scott served as a White House appointee to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) from 1998 to January 2001 responsible for daily operations of HUD's six New York/New Jersey regional offices. She was the Managing Director/Coordinator responsible for launching the Upper Manhattan Empowerment Zone Development Corporation. Ms. Scott served as the Assistant Vice President of the New York City Urban Coalition after serving as Deputy Director of the New York City Mayor's Office of Housing Coordination from 1990-1992. She held

several positions at HPD ultimately serving as the Director of its Harlem preservation office. Ms. Scott serves on the U.S. Department of Treasury's Office of Thrift Supervision Minority Depository Institutions Advisory Committee and also serves on several boards including the National Equity Fund, Supportive Housing Network of New York, Citizens Housing and Planning Council, Neighborhood Restore / Restored Homes and the New York Housing Conference. Ms. Scott has a MS in Urban Planning from Columbia University and has taught at its Graduate School of Architecture, Planning and Preservation as a Visiting Assistant Professor.

Principal Officers

ADOLFO CARRIÓN JR., Chairperson.

HARRY E. GOULD, JR., Vice Chairperson.

- ERIC ENDERLIN, <u>President</u>. Mr. Enderlin was appointed President of the Corporation on September 22, 2016, effective October 12, 2016. Prior to joining the Corporation, he served as Deputy Commissioner for Development and Special Advisor at the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), overseeing divisions including New Construction Finance, Preservation Finance, Housing Incentives, Property Disposition and Finance, Special Needs Housing, Building and Land Development Services, Storm Recovery, and Credit and Underwriting. Prior to his tenure at HPD, Mr. Enderlin was Assistant Director for Asset Management and Private Market Operations at the New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA), worked as a consultant with the Louis Berger Group in its Economics Department, and served as Principal Planner and land use mediator with the New Jersey Council on Affordable Housing (NJ COAH). Mr. Enderlin holds a Bachelor of Arts in Economics and a Master of Science in Urban Planning and Policy, both from Rutgers University.
- **RUTH MOREIRA**, <u>First Executive Vice President</u>. Ms. Moreira was appointed First Executive Vice President of the Corporation on June 1, 2022, Acting First Executive Vice President of the Corporation on November 5, 2021, Executive Vice President for Development on October 5, 2021 and Senior Vice President for Development on May 30, 2019. Prior to such appointments, Ms. Moreira held the position of Vice President for Development when she rejoined the Corporation in 2016. Between 2014 and 2016, Ms. Moreira held the position of Vice President of Vice President of Acquisitions at Hudson Housing Capital LLC, a low income housing tax credit syndicator, underwriting and originating tax credit transactions. Ms. Moreira first joined the Corporation in 2000 as an Investment Analyst and then as Assistant Vice President for Cash Management. In 2008, Ms. Moreira transferred to the Development group, as a project manager underwriting transactions and was then promoted to Assistant Vice President in 2011. Ms. Moreira holds a B.A. in Economics from Upsala College.
- CATHLEEN A. BAUMANN, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Baumann was appointed Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation on September 28, 2022 and Executive Vice President on October 5, 2021. Prior to her current appointments, Ms. Baumann was appointed Senior Vice President on August 8, 2012 and Treasurer on July 20, 2009. Ms. Baumann held numerous positions within the Corporation since joining as an accountant in 1988, including Senior Accountant and Internal Auditor, Vice President of Internal Audit, and Deputy Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Baumann received her bachelor's degree with dual majors in Accounting and Economics from Queens College of

the City University of New York and her MBA in Finance from Baruch College's Zicklin School of Business of the City University of New York.

- ELLEN K. DUFFY, Executive Vice President for Capital Markets and Investments. Ms. Duffy was appointed Executive Vice President for Debt Issuance and Finance on October 5, 2021, and her title was changed to Executive Vice President for Capital Markets and Investments on September 28, 2022. Previously, Ms. Duffy was appointed Senior Vice President for Debt Issuance and Finance on September 15, 2009, effective September 21, 2009. Prior to joining the Corporation, Ms. Duffy was a principal of the housing finance group at Bank of America Securities ("BAS"). At BAS, Ms. Duffy focused on quantitative structuring of transactions and cash flow analysis for state and local housing issuers. Ms. Duffy previously held positions in the housing areas of the public finance groups at CS First Boston, First Union Securities and Citicorp Investment Bank. Ms. Duffy holds a B.A. in Economics from Providence College.
- **TERESA GIGLIELLO**, <u>Executive Vice President for Asset Management</u>. Ms. Gigliello was appointed Executive Vice President for Asset Management on October 5, 2021 and Senior Vice President of Portfolio Management on August 3, 1998. Prior to such appointments, Ms. Gigliello held the position of Director of Audit. She began her career with the Corporation in 1985 as an accountant and served as the Corporation's Internal Auditor from 1986 until her appointment as Director of Audit in 1995. Ms. Gigliello received a Bachelor of Science degree from St. John's University.
- SUSANNAH LIPSYTE, Executive Vice President and General Counsel. Ms. Lipsyte was appointed Executive Vice President on October 5, 2021 and Senior Vice President and General Counsel on September 26, 2019. Prior to such appointments, Ms. Lipsyte had been Deputy General Counsel since August 1, 2015 and Secretary of the Corporation since October 7, 2015. Ms. Lipsyte, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, joined the Corporation in 2006 as an Assistant General Counsel and was promoted to Associate General Counsel in 2009. Before joining the Corporation, Ms. Lipsyte was a public finance associate at Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP. Ms. Lipsyte received her B.A. degree from Yale University and her J.D. from Georgetown University Law Center.
- MOIRA SKEADOS, <u>Senior Vice President</u>, <u>Deputy General Counsel and Secretary</u>. Ms. Skeados, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, was appointed Senior Vice President on October 5, 2021 and became Deputy General Counsel and Secretary on September 26, 2019. Prior to such appointments, she was an Associate General Counsel. Ms. Skeados joined the Corporation in 2011 as an Assistant General Counsel and was appointed Assistant Secretary of the Corporation on October 7, 2015. Before becoming an Assistant General Counsel, Ms. Skeados was a New York City HPD-HDC Housing Fellow from 2009 to 2011. Ms. Skeados received her B.A. degree from Trinity College and her J.D. from Brooklyn Law School.
- MARY JOHN, <u>Senior Vice President and Controller</u>. Ms. John was appointed Senior Vice President on October 5, 2021. Prior to such appointment, she held the position of Vice President and Controller. Ms. John joined the Corporation in 1986 as a staff Accountant. She has also held the positions of Senior Accountant, Chief Accountant, and Deputy Controller. Ms. John received her bachelor's degree in Accounting from Baruch College of the City University of New York.

- **TINRU LIN**, <u>Senior Vice President for Capital Markets</u>. Ms. Lin was appointed Senior Vice President for Capital Markets on September 28, 2022. Ms. Lin first joined the Corporation in 2009 as an Analyst for Capital Markets. She has also held the positions of Assistant Vice President, Vice President and most recently Director of Capital Markets. Ms. Lin holds a LL.B. degree from National Taiwan University and a master's degree in Urban Policy and Management from The New School University.
- LAUREN CONNORS, Senior Vice President for Development. Ms. Connors was appointed Senior Vice President for Development on September 28, 2022. Prior to such appointment, Ms. Connors held various positions within the Division on Multifamily New Construction Finance at HPD, including Assistant Commissioner, Director of the ELLA Program and Senior Project Manager. Prior to joining HPD, Ms. Connors held various positions in the real estate and banking sectors. Ms. Connors holds a bachelor's degree in Finance from Virginia Tech and a master's degree in Urban Planning from Hunter College of the City University of New York.
- ALEX MEDINA, <u>Senior Vice President for Asset Management</u>. Mr. Medina was appointed Senior Vice President for Asset Management on October 5, 2021. Mr. Medina first joined the Corporation as an Asset Manager in 2007 and most recently held the position of Vice President of Compliance. Mr. Medina holds a B.A. in Communications from New York University.
- **ELIZABETH STROJAN,** Senior Vice President for Administration and External Affairs and Chief of Staff. Ms. Strojan was appointed Senior Vice President for Administration and External Affairs and Chief of Staff on October 5, 2021. Prior to such appointment, she was Chief of Staff & Director of Strategic Initiatives within the President's Office where she led the Corporation's Strategic Initiatives, overseeing Communications, Government Affairs, Policy & Analytics, and Human Resources, and worked on agency-wide and interagency priorities. Ms. Strojan joined the Corporation in 2017 to advise the Corporation and HPD on government affairs. Ms. Strojan holds a dual master's degree in Economics and International Political Economy and Development from Fordham University and a bachelor's degree in Political Science from Centre College.

Potential Legislative and Regulatory Actions

From time to time, legislation is introduced on the Federal and State levels which, if enacted into law, could affect the Corporation, its operations or its bonds. The Corporation is not able to represent whether such bills will be introduced in the future or become law. In addition, the State undertakes periodic studies of public authorities in the State (including the Corporation) and their financing programs. Any of such periodic studies could result in proposed legislation which, if adopted, could affect the Corporation, its operations and its bonds.

BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM

The first Series of Bonds were issued in 1993 and approximately \$22,567,125,000 principal amount of Bonds has been issued under the General Resolution. As of April 30, 2023, the following Series of Bonds were Outstanding under the Program.

			Date of
Series Designation	Original Par Amount	Outstanding Par Amount	Issue/Remarketing
1998 Series A	\$57,800,000	\$100,000	May 21, 1998
1998 Series B	21,380,000	100,000	September 24, 1998
1999 Series C	9,800,000	90,000	September 16, 1999
1999 Series E	10,715,000	100,000	January 13, 2000
2002 Series C	49,500,000	31,360,000	June 20, 2002
2003 Series B-2	33,175,000	100,000	July 16, 2003
2007 Series A	25,690,000	20,680,000	March 22, 2007
2008 Series E	100,000,000	75,830,000	April 24, 2008
2008 Series F	86,825,000	64,905,000	June 26, 2008
2012 Series L-2-A	102,825,000	73,550,000	March 8, 2013
2012 Series L-2-B	2,060,000	1,010,000	March 8, 2013
2012 Series M-2	9,745,000	8,590,000	May 3, 2013 ⁽¹⁾
2012 Series M-3	10,525,000	9,285,000	June 27, 2013 ⁽¹⁾
2013 Series B-1-A	131,880,000	29,500,000	June 27, 2013
2013 Series B-1-B	74,700,000	815,000	June 27, 2013
2013 Series D-1	40,135,000	18,705,000	July 31, 2013
2013 Series E-1-C	78,025,000	16,695,000	December 19, 2013
2013 Series F-1	29,080,000	26,810,000	May 1, 2014 ⁽²⁾
2014 Series A	8,170,000	6,185,000	May 1, 2014
2014 Series B-1	100,000,000	25,000	May 1, 2014
2014 Series C-1-A	162,345,000	88,060,000	June 26, 2014
2014 Series D-1	38,000,000	5,560,000	July 17, 2014
2014 Series C-1-C	30,500,000	11,310,000	September 24, 2014
2014 Series E	39,595,000	27,195,000	September 24, 2014
2014 Series G-1	337,875,000	189,250,000	December 18, 2014
2014 Series G-2	8,330,000	3,040,000	December 18, 2014
2014 Series H-1	75,000,000	24,385,000	January 7, 2015
2015 Series A-1	28,000,000	8,980,000	April 29, 2015
2015 Series A-2	6,150,000	2,105,000	April 29, 2015
2015 Series B-1	37,000,000	9,910,000	April 29, 2015
2015 Series D-1-A	167,495,000	59,180,000	June 25, 2015
2015 Series D-1-B	322,470,000	127,875,000	June 25, 2015
2015 Series D-2	64,140,000	34,355,000	August 13, 2015
2015 Series E-1	37,660,000	31,640,000	October 22, 2015
2015 Series E-2	16,025,000	2,585,000	October 22, 2015
2015 Series G-1	129,335,000	50,460,000	December 22, 2015
2015 Series G-2	47,160,000	30,860,000	December 22, 2015
2015 Series H	136,470,000	136,470,000	December 22, 2015
2015 Series I	60,860,000	60,860,000	December 22, 2015
2016 Series A	66,445,000	34,420,000	March 24, 2016
2016 Series D	54,090,000	45,430,000	March 24, 2016
2016 Series C-1-A	119,330,000	79,175,000	June 29, 2016 ⁽³⁾
2016 Series C-1-B	61,020,000	20,520,000	June 29, 2016 ⁽³⁾
2016 Series E-1-A	82,510,000	44,140,000	June 29, 2016
2016 Series E-1-B	81,340,000	37,855,000	June 29, 2016
2016 Series F-1-A	23,675,000	12,275,000	October 18, 2016
2016 Series F-1-B	40,275,000	10,185,000	October 18, 2016
2016 Series G-1	30,000,000	5,400,000	October 18, 2016
2016 Series I-1-A	111,095,000	105,600,000	December 22, 2016
2016 Series I-1-B	36,300,000	36,300,000	December 22, 2010
2016 Series J-1	158,000,000	158,000,000	May 2, 2022 ⁽⁴⁾
2017 Series A-1-A	51,610,000	49,040,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series A-1-B	11,165,000	11,165,000	April 5, 2017
	11,105,000	11,100,000	

			Date of
Series Designation	Original Par Amount	Outstanding Par Amount	Issue/Remarketing
2017 Series B-1	24,500,000	14,490,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series C-1	139,725,000	135,075,000	June 28, 2017
2017 Series E-1	60,465,000	56,270,000	October 12, 2017
2017 Series E-2	3,535,000	1,310,000	October 12, 2017
2017 Series G-1 2018 Series A-1	197,140,000 50,730,000	188,025,000 47,325,000	December 28, 2017 April 19, 2018
2018 Series A-1 2018 Series B-1	65,475,000	56,030,000	April 19, 2018
2018 Series C-1-A	237,965,000	221,390,000	June 21, 2018
2018 Series C-1-B	168,925,000	156,550,000	June 21, 2018
2018 Series D	75,000,000	54,865,000	June 21, 2018
2018 Series E-1	18,230,000	15,420,000	July 19, 2018
2018 Series F	25,425,000	11,060,000	August 9, 2018
2018 Series E-2	9,495,000	8,030,000	October 11, 2018
2018 Series H	84,765,000	84,765,000	October 11, 2018
2018 Series I	125,000,000	23,690,000	October 11, 2018
2018 Series E-3	5,760,000	5,340,000	December 26, 2018
2018 Series E-4	5,000,000	4,695,000	December 26, 2018
2018 Series K	271,585,000	204,455,000	December 26, 2018
2018 Series L-1	125,000,000	125,000,000	December 26, 2018
2018 Series L-2	59,000,000	58,100,000	April 6, 2023 ⁽⁶⁾
2019 Series A-1 2010 Series A-2	85,000,000	83,215,000	February 6, 2019
2019 Series A-2 2019 Series A-3-A	25,000,000 114,670,000	24,475,000 94,280,000	February 6, 2019 March 13, 2019
2019 Series A-3-A 2019 Series A-3-B	35,100,000	35,100,000	March 13, 2019
2019 Series A-9-D 2019 Series A-4	30,000,000	30,000,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series B-1-A	112,635,000	102,680,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series B-1-B	36,435,000	29,560,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series B-2	27,810,000	17,390,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series D-1	7,390,000	6,965,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series E-1	359,640,000	359,640,000	June 27, 2019
2019 Series E-2	130,955,000	130,955,000	June 27, 2019
2019 Series E-3	45,000,000	45,000,000	June 25, 2019
2019 Series F	175,000,000	155,985,000	June 27, 2019
2019 Series G-1-A	79,380,000	52,205,000	September 26, 2019
2019 Series G-1-B	126,505,000	93,510,000	September 26, 2019
2019 Series G-2	8,460,000	8,460,000	September 26, 2019
2019 Series J 2019 Series L	243,170,000	228,025,000	December 20, 2019
2019 Series L 2020 Series A-1-A	71,330,000 22,040,000	67,835,000 18,525,000	December 20, 2019 March 18, 2020
2020 Series A-1-A 2020 Series A-2	52,735,000	52,735,000	March 18, 2020
2020 Series A-2 2020 Series A-1-B	25,715,000	25,715,000	June 4, 2020
2020 Series A-1-C	133,745,000	133,745,000	June 4, 2020
2020 Series A-3	99,370,000	99,370,000	June 4, 2020
2020 Series C	42,710,000	41,550,000	June 4, 2020
2020 Series D-1-A	46,595,000	39,310,000	August 20, 2020
2020 Series D-1-B	120,710,000	120,710,000	August 20, 2020
2020 Series D-2	25,000,000	25,000,000	August 20, 2020
2020 Series E	11,510,000	11,510,000	August 20, 2020
2020 Series F-1	72,500,000	72,500,000	August 20, 2020
2020 Series F-2	38,490,000	38,490,000	August 20, 2020
2020 Series H	64,035,000	64,035,000	October 22, 2020
2020 Series I-1	315,345,000	315,345,000	December 17, 2020
2020 Series I-2	137,605,000	137,605,000	December 17, 2020
2020 Series I-3	80,000,000	80,000,000	December 17, 2020
2021 Series A-1 2021 Series A-2	94,940,000	90,955,000	March 25, 2021
2021 Series A-2 2021 Series B	9,190,000	9,190,000	March 25, 2021
2021 Series B 2021 Series C-1	212,000,000 124,395,000	212,000,000 124,395,000	March 18, 2021 April 29, 2021
2021 Series C-1 2021 Series C-2	87,940,000	87,940,000	April 29, 2021 April 29, 2021
2021 Series C-2 2021 Series D	150,000,000	145,850,000	April 29, 2021 April 29, 2021
	120,000,000	110,000,000	. ipin 27, 2021

		Date of
Original Par Amount	Outstanding Par Amount	Issue/Remarketing
258,310,000	258,310,000	June 24, 2021
241,895,000	241,895,000	June 24, 2021
100,000,000	100,000,000	June 24, 2021
39,825,000	39,825,000	June 29, 2021
646,515,000	646,515,000	June 29, 2021 ⁽⁵⁾
178,195,000	172,105,000	September 9, 2021
125,000,000	125,000,000	October 26, 2021
43,295,000	43,295,000	November 4, 2021
134,080,000	134,080,000	December 22, 2021
185,105,000	185,105,000	December 22, 2021
50,000,000	50,000,000	December 22, 2021
100,000,000	100,000,000	December 22, 2021
180,400,000	179,350,000	March 10, 2022
51,960,000	51,870,000	April 21, 2022
11,000,000	11,000,000	April 21, 2022
115,705,000	115,705,000	June 21,2022
	· · ·	June 21, 2022
· · ·	· · ·	June 21, 2022
		June 21, 2022
/ /	· · ·	June 21, 2022
-)	· · ·	August 25, 2022
/ /	· · ·	August 25, 2022
· · ·	· · ·	December 15, 2022
202,035,000	202,035,000	December 15, 2022
/ /	· · ·	December 15, 2022
/ /	· · ·	December 15, 2022
53,645,000	53,645,000	December 15, 2022 ⁽⁷⁾
48,000,000	48,000,000	December 20,2022
\$12,798,620,000	\$10,626,985,000	
	$\begin{array}{c} 258,310,000\\ 241,895,000\\ 100,000,000\\ 39,825,000\\ 646,515,000\\ 178,195,000\\ 125,000,000\\ 43,295,000\\ 134,080,000\\ 134,080,000\\ 185,105,000\\ 50,000,000\\ 100,000,000\\ 100,000,000\\ 100,000,000\\ 11,000,000\\ 115,705,000\\ 112,195,000\\ 112,195,000\\ 112,200,000\\ 28,720,000\\ 112,200,000\\ 28,720,000\\ 150,000,000\\ 110,010,000\\ 41,330,000\\ 141,100,000\\ 202,035,000\\ 152,035,000\\ 100,000,000\\ 53,645,000\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

Data of

⁽¹⁾ Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2012 Series M Bonds on December 20, 2012.

⁽²⁾ Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2013 Series F Bonds on December 19, 2013.

⁽³⁾ Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2016 Series C Bonds on March 24, 2016.

(4) Date of remarketing for the 2016 Series J-1 Bonds; Bonds originally issued as 2016 Series J-1 Bonds on December 22, 2016. The proceeds of the 2016 Series J-1 Bonds were applied to finance the Mortgage Loan for the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Development. The 2016 Series J Supplemental Resolution, as amended by the 2016 Series J Amendment, provides that on or before January 15, 2024, upon the delivery by Freddie Mac of a Credit Enhancement Agreement in connection with the conversion of the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Mortgage Loan will be released from the lien of the General Resolution and will no longer be a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution and (ii) the 2016 Series J-1 Bonds will no longer be a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution but will instead be secured solely by the Mortgage Loan for the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Dovelopment and the revenues and mortgage related thereto. If such conditions are not satisfied on or before January 15, 2024, then the Mortgage Loan for the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Development will be in default and the 2016 Series J-1 Bonds will be subject to mandatory tender for purchase on February 1, 2024.

⁽⁵⁾ Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as several separate Series on several prior dates.

⁽⁶⁾ Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2018 Series L-2 Bonds on December 26, 2018.

⁽⁷⁾ The 2022 Series G Bonds are being remarketed pursuant to this Official Statement.

	Bonds Outstanding	Percentage of Total Bonds Outstanding
Fixed Rate ⁽¹⁾	\$8,807,730,000	83%
Variable Rate	\$1,819,255,000	17%
TOTAL	\$10,626,985,000	100%

As of April 30, 2023.	the following Bond	ls were Outstanding und	ler the Program.

⁽¹⁾ Including bonds bearing interest in a term rate term (a fixed rate to a mandatory tender date) or in a fixed rate mode (a fixed rate to maturity, subject to earlier mandatory tender and conversion to other interest rates after a specified date at the option of the Corporation).

None of the Bonds Outstanding are Subordinate Bonds. The Corporation has entered into interest rate cap and swap agreements to hedge a portion of the variable interest rate exposure associated with its variable interest rate bond program. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Interest Rate Caps and Swaps" and "Appendix E—Interest Rate Hedge Agreements" herein. The total principal amount of Bonds Outstanding described above does not include the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series J-1 and 2018 Series N, because each is separately secured from all other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Additional Obligations Issued Under the General Resolution But Not Secured by the General Resolution."

The Corporation has issued NIBP Series 1 Bonds under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and NIBP Series 2 Bonds under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution. Additional bonds may also be issued under each NIBP Resolution secured on a parity with the NIBP Series 1 Bonds or NIBP Series 2 Bonds, as applicable (the NIBP Series 1 Bonds, any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution, the NIBP Series 2 Bonds and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are referred to collectively as the "NIBP Bonds"). Amounts on deposit in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution are pledged to secure regularly scheduled debt service on the NIBP Bonds on parity with all Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds) and the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution."

The Corporation has issued 2017 Pass-Through Bonds under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. Amounts on deposit in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution are pledged to secure the payment of regularly scheduled interest on the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds, and the mandatory redemption thereof from loan principal repayments, on parity with all Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds) and the NIBP Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS— Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution."

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

Pledge of the General Resolution

The General Resolution constitutes a contract among the Corporation, the Trustee and the owners of the Bonds issued thereunder and, except as otherwise provided under the General Resolution or in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, its provisions are for the equal benefit, protection and security of the owners of all such Bonds, each of which, regardless of maturity, is to be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction. The General Resolution authorizes the issuance of Bonds having a charge and lien on the Revenues and other assets pledged under the General Resolution subordinate to the charge and lien of the Bonds (the "Subordinate Bonds"). Prior to the issuance of any Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds), the General Resolution requires that the Trustee be provided with confirmation of the then existing ratings on the Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds) by each of the Rating Agencies then rating such Bonds. See "Additional Bonds" below.

The Bonds are special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the Revenues and Accounts described below.

Payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on all Bonds is secured by a pledge of Revenues, which consist of, among other things, unless otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, all payments received by the Corporation from or on account of the Mortgage Loans, including scheduled, delinquent and advance payments of principal of and interest on the Mortgage Loans, proceeds from the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of the Mortgage Loans, amounts received on account of the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loans or other remedial proceedings taken in the event of a default thereon, proceeds of any mortgage insurance or credit enhancement with respect to defaulted Mortgage Loans, proceeds of any hazard insurance or condemnation award, and income derived from the investment of funds held by the Trustee in Accounts established under or pursuant to the General Resolution. Revenues do not, however, include amounts required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund, Escrow Payments, late charges or administrative, financing, extension, servicing or settlement fees on account of any Mortgage Loan. Payment of the Bonds is also secured by a pledge by the Corporation of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loans and, except as otherwise provided in any Supplemental Resolution authorizing a particular Series of Bonds, of all Accounts established pursuant to the General Resolution (including the investments thereof, if any). Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is not required to subject to the pledge and lien of the General Resolution assets, including mortgage loans, financed by Bonds issued thereunder. In addition, under the General Resolution the Corporation may pledge Accounts created pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a particular Series of Bonds solely to the Bonds of such Series or exclude such Accounts from the pledge of the General Resolution. See "Appendix B-Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution."

The foregoing pledges are also subject to the terms and provisions of the General Resolution requiring transfers of amounts to the Rebate Fund and permitting the application of the Revenues and amounts in such Accounts for certain purposes, including financing Mortgage Loans, funding the Debt Service Reserve Account in order to maintain such Account at its required level, paying certain amounts to the Trustee, the Corporation and Credit Facility Providers, if any, and paying certain investment fees, if any. The Corporation is also authorized under the General Resolution to withdraw surplus revenues and any Mortgage Loans, free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution, upon filing a Cash Flow Statement (or, with respect to surplus revenues, a Cash Flow Certificate) with the Trustee. See "Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" below and "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Revenue Account."

Mortgage Loans

Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds to finance any of its corporate purposes for which the Corporation may issue bonds under the Act, or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted. Such corporate purposes include, but are not limited to, financing one or more Mortgage Loans. The term Mortgage Loan is defined under the General Resolution as a loan for a Project, evidenced by a note, secured by a Mortgage (but such Mortgage need not create a first mortgage lien on such Project) and specified in a Supplemental Resolution as being subject to the lien of the General Resolution. The term Mortgage Loan also includes a participation by the Corporation with another party or parties, public or private, in a loan made to a Mortgagor with respect to a Project, or pool of such loans, and any instrument evidencing an ownership in any such loan or the cash flow therefrom, including, but not limited to, guaranteed mortgage-backed securities. In addition to Mortgage Loans, the Corporation may finance mortgage loans and other assets that are not subject to the pledge of the General Resolution. See "THE PROGRAM—General" and "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" for a description of the Mortgage Loans financed under the Program to date.

If Mortgage Loans are financed under the General Resolution, such Mortgage Loans may, but are not required to, be subject to Supplemental Security insuring or securing against Mortgage Loan default losses. Such Supplemental Security, if any, may be in the form of, among other things, a policy of mortgage insurance, a guaranteed mortgage-backed security, a letter of credit, a surety bond or an escrow deposit, any or all of which may be obtained pursuant to one or more programs of the Federal, State or local government.

In the case of most of its programs, the Corporation has not assumed sole responsibility for the underwriting of mortgage loans financed thereunder. For certain Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation relies on the underwriting criteria and expertise of other parties, including HUD, FHA, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, REMIC, SONYMA, credit facility providers and/or HPD. For certain other Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation, in conjunction with conventional lenders, credit facility providers and/or HPD, has underwritten such Mortgage Loans. For certain Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation may determine to undertake such underwriting responsibility by itself. In the General Resolution, the Corporation has covenanted to retain and employ competent personnel for the purposes of carrying out its powers thereunder.

Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing Bonds, the Corporation shall do all acts and things necessary to receive and collect Revenues (including diligent enforcement of the prompt collection of all arrears on Mortgage Loans) and shall diligently enforce, and take all steps, actions and proceedings reasonably necessary in the judgment of the Corporation to protect its rights with respect to or to maintain any Supplemental Security on Mortgage Loans or any Subsidy Programs in connection with the Projects securing the Mortgage Loans or the occupancy thereof and to enforce all terms, covenants and conditions of the Mortgage Loans, including the collection, custody and prompt application of all Escrow Payments for the purposes for which they were made. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loans."

Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates

The General Resolution provides that the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a current Cash Flow Statement: (i) whenever any Series of Bonds is issued; (ii) upon purchase or redemption of Bonds of a Series in a manner other than (a) as contemplated in the last Cash Flow Statement filed by the Corporation with the Trustee or (b) on a basis whereby the Bonds of each maturity of such Series are purchased or redeemed in the proportion that the amount Outstanding of such maturity bears to the total amount of all Bonds Outstanding of such Series, when such purchases or redemptions are to be made in connection with Recoveries of Principal; (iii) prior to withdrawing monies for payment to the Corporation, pursuant to the General Resolution, free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution, in an amount in excess of the amounts determined to be available for such purpose in the last Cash Flow Statement filed with the Trustee; (iv) prior to selling Mortgage Loans not in default; (v) prior to the financing of or amending Mortgage Loans to contain terms that would adversely affect the cash flow projections contained in the last Cash Flow Statement filed with the Trustee; (vi) prior to the releasing of any Mortgage Loan from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution; (vii) prior to the application of Recoveries of Principal to any use other than the purchase or redemption of Bonds; (viii) prior to the purchase of Bonds pursuant to certain provisions of the General Resolution at prices in excess of those specified in the General Resolution; or (ix) prior to the application of monies in the Redemption Account resulting from Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to any Mortgage Loans to the purchase or redemption of Bonds of a Series other than the Series issued to finance such Mortgage Loans.

In addition, the Corporation shall not take any of the actions described in clauses (ii) through (ix) of the preceding paragraph unless subsequent to such action the amount of monies and Investment Securities held in the Bond Proceeds Account, the Redemption Account, the Revenue Account and the Debt

Service Reserve Account (valued at their cost to the Corporation, as adjusted by amortization of the discount or premium paid upon purchase of such obligations ratably to their respective maturities), together with accrued but unpaid interest thereon, and the outstanding principal balance of Mortgage Loans, together with accrued but unpaid interest thereon, and any other assets, valued at their realizable value, pledged for the payment of the Bonds will exceed the aggregate principal amount of and accrued but unpaid interest on Bonds Outstanding; provided, however, that in the event that a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds specifies that, for purposes of the requirements of this paragraph, the Mortgage Loans financed by such Series of Bonds shall be valued at other than their outstanding principal balance, then, with respect to such Mortgage Loans, such other value shall be used in the calculations required by this paragraph. Each Supplemental Resolution assigns or provides for the assignment of a valuation to the Mortgage Loans financed thereunder. The Corporation may change such valuation with respect to any such Mortgage Loan by furnishing to the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer specifying the new valuation. Copies of the Supplemental Resolutions and any such Certificates are on file with the Corporation and the Trustee.

A Cash Flow Statement consists of a statement of an Authorized Officer giving effect to actions proposed to be taken and demonstrating in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding that amounts then expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in each such Bond Year will be at least equal to all amounts required by the General Resolution to be on deposit in the Accounts for the payment of the principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds and for the funding of the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement. However, a Supplemental Resolution may provide that an Account established in such Supplemental Resolution not be taken into account when preparing the Cash Flow Statement. The Cash Flow Statement shall set forth the assumptions upon which the estimates therein are based, which assumptions are to be based upon the Corporation's reasonable expectations and must not adversely affect any of the Rating Agencies' ratings on the Bonds. In calculating the amount of interest due in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding on Bonds bearing interest at a variable rate, the interest rate used shall be assumed to be the fixed rate, which in the judgment of the remarketing agents for such Bonds, or such other financial consultant selected by the Corporation and experienced in the sale of municipal securities (having due regard to the prevailing market conditions), would be necessary to enable such Bonds to be sold at par in the secondary market on the date of such calculation or such higher or lower rate which does not adversely affect any of the Rating Agencies' ratings on the Bonds. Upon filing a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee, the Corporation is to perform its obligations under the General Resolution in accordance, in all material respects, with the assumptions set forth in such Cash Flow Statement. Except with respect to actions being taken contemporaneously with the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement, facts reflected in a Cash Flow Statement may be as of a date or reasonably adjusted to a date not more than 180 days prior to the date of delivery of such statement.

In lieu of filing a Cash Flow Statement, a Cash Flow Certificate may be filed in order to take the actions described in (1) clause (iii) of the first paragraph of this subsection or (2) clause (v) of the first paragraph of this subsection relating to amending Mortgage Loans but only if, in the judgment of the Corporation, such amendments do not materially adversely affect the cash flow projections contained in the last Cash Flow Statement. A Cash Flow Certificate shall consist of a statement of an Authorized Officer to the effect of one of the following:

(a) The proposed action is consistent with the assumptions set forth in the latest Cash Flow Statement; or

(b) After giving effect to the proposed action, in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding, amounts expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in each such Bond Year will be at least equal to all amounts required by the General Resolution to be on deposit in such Accounts for the payment of the principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds, and for the funding of the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement, except that to the extent specified in a Supplemental Resolution an Account established in said Supplemental Resolution shall not be taken into account in connection with such Cash Flow Certificate; or

(c) The proposed action will not in and of itself adversely affect the amounts expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding, except that the Cash Flow Certificate shall not consider any Accounts which a Supplemental Resolution specifies shall not be taken into account in connection with the delivery of a Cash Flow Certificate.

A Cash Flow Statement is not required in connection with the release of the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, the 2011 Participant Interest and certain of the subordinate Mortgage Loans originated pursuant to the ML Restructuring Program when the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are no longer Outstanding.

In addition, with respect to Mortgage Loans financed with the proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series C-1 and 2018 Series C-2; 2018 Series K; 2019 Series B-1 and 2019 Series B-2; 2019 Series E-1, 2019 Series E-2 and 2019 Series E-3; 2019 Series J; 2020 Series D; 2020 Series I-1, 2020 Series I-2 and 2020 Series I-3; 2021 Series F-1, 2021 Series F-2 and 2021 Series F-3; 2021 Series K-1, 2021 Series K-2 and 2021 Series K-3; and 2022 Series F-1, 2022 Series F-2 and 2022 Series F-3, a Cash Flow Statement is not required in connection with release to the Corporation of a portion of a Mandatory Prepayment in an amount not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the portion of the applicable Mortgage Loan funded with monies of the Corporation other than proceeds of applicable Series of Bonds.

Bond Proceeds Account

Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has established a Bond Proceeds Account. Proceeds of the sale of Bonds are deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account. The General Resolution provides that amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account may only be expended to (i) finance Corporation Corporate Purposes, including, but not limited to, the financing of Mortgage Loans; (ii) pay costs of issuance; (iii) pay principal and interest on Bonds when due to the extent amounts in the Revenue Fund are insufficient; (iv) purchase or redeem Bonds; (v) pay, purchase or redeem bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or any other entity; and (vi) reimburse a Credit Facility Provider for amounts obtained under a Credit Facility for the purposes described in clauses (iii), (iv) or (v).

As of April 30, 2023, the Bond Proceeds Account had a balance of \$1,648,730,548 which the Corporation expects to use primarily to finance Mortgage Loans over the course of the construction or rehabilitation of each Development and for other Corporation Corporate Purposes. Monies held in the Bond Proceeds Account are invested in Investment Securities. For information regarding the investment of amounts on deposit in the Bond Proceeds Account, see "Certain Investments" below.

Debt Service Reserve Account

Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has established a Debt Service Reserve Account. If on any Interest Payment Date or Redemption Date the amount available in the Revenue Account and Redemption Account, as applicable, is insufficient to pay Principal Installments and interest due on any Bonds, the Trustee must apply amounts from the Debt Service Reserve Account to the extent necessary to make good the deficiency.

Under the General Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement is the aggregate of the amounts specified as the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for each Series of Bonds in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of such Series of Bonds. There is no minimum Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement under the General Resolution. The General Resolution further provides that the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for any Series of Bonds may be funded, in whole or in part, through Cash Equivalents if so provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Debt Service Reserve Account." As of April 30, 2023, the Debt Service Reserve Account had a balance of \$254,033,031 including a payment obligation of \$10,302,750 by the Corporation which constitutes a general obligation of the Corporation; the aggregate Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for all of the Bonds Outstanding was met as of such date. Monies held in the Debt Service Reserve Account are invested in Investment Securities. For information regarding the investment of amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account, see "Certain Investments" below.

Mortgage Loan Reserve Account

In 2005, the Corporation established a Mortgage Loan Reserve Account for a specified pool of Mortgage Loans that receive credit enhancement from Fannie Mae (the "Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans"). Funds in the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account may be used by the Trustee at the direction and discretion of the Corporation to pay a portion of the debt service on the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—Fannie Mae—Fannie Mae Pool Credit Enhancement Instrument." As of April 30, 2023, the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account had a balance of \$1,354,456. Monies held in the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account are invested in Investment Securities. For information regarding the investment of amounts on deposit in the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account, see "Certain Investments" below.

Interest Rate Caps and Swaps

In connection with its variable interest rate bond program, the Corporation has entered into interest rate cap agreements to manage its exposure to variable interest rate risk (the "Interest Rate Cap Agreements") under which, in exchange for an upfront payment from the Corporation, the counterparties to such Interest Rate Cap Agreements agree to pay an amount equal to interest on specified amortizing notional amounts calculated using the amount by which a specified index (the "Index") exceeds a specified interest rate (the "Strike Rate"). Under the Interest Rate Cap Agreements, the counterparty is not obligated to pay the Corporation with respect to such notional amounts, the amount by which the Index exceeds a specified ceiling rate. The Corporation has pledged the payments, if any, received from the counterparties pursuant to the Interest Rate Cap Agreements to the General Resolution for the benefit of the Bond owners.

The table titled "Interest Rate Caps" in Appendix E hereto sets forth the following information with respect to each Interest Rate Cap Agreement into which the Corporation has entered: counterparty, Index, Strike Rate, ceiling rate, effective date and termination date. See "Appendix E—Interest Rate Hedge Agreements."

The Corporation has also entered into certain interest rate exchange agreements ("Interest Rate Exchange Agreements") to manage its exposure to variable interest rate risk. Under the terms of each Interest Rate Exchange Agreement, the Corporation will receive a payment to the extent an amount based on a variable rate calculated on a notional amount exceeds an amount based on a fixed rate calculated on the notional amount, and the Corporation will be obligated to make a payment to the extent the amount based on the fixed rate exceeds the amount based on the variable rate. Under certain Interest Rate Exchange Agreements, the counterparty is not obligated to pay the Corporation with respect to such notional amounts,

the amount by which the variable rate exceeds a specified ceiling rate. The Corporation has pledged the payments, if any, received from the counterparty pursuant to each Interest Rate Exchange Agreement to the General Resolution for the benefit of the Bond owners (reserving the right to remove such payments from such pledge upon filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee). However, the obligation of the Corporation under each Interest Rate Exchange Agreement is a general obligation of the Corporation and is not secured under the General Resolution.

The table titled "Interest Rate Exchange Agreements" in Appendix E hereto sets forth the following information with respect to the Interest Rate Exchange Agreements: counterparty, Index, rate payable, rate received, ceiling rate, effective date and termination date. See "Appendix E—Interest Rate Hedge Agreements."

From time to time, the Corporation considers entering into additional interest rate cap agreements and interest rate exchange agreements in order to manage its exposure to variable interest rate risk. Additional Bonds

Additional Bonds, subordinate to or on parity with the Bonds then Outstanding, may be issued by the Corporation pursuant to the General Resolution. Prior to the issuance of any such additional Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds), the General Resolution requires that the Trustee be provided with, among other things, confirmation of the then existing rating on the Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds) by each of the Rating Agencies then rating such Bonds. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Provisions for Issuance of Bonds" for a description of the requirements that must be met under the General Resolution prior to the issuance of additional Bonds.

Bonds Not a Debt of the State or the City

The Bonds are not a debt of the State or the City and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Summary of Program Assets and Revenues

Accompanying the audited financial statements of the Corporation for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022 is supplemental information related to the Program (referred to therein as the "Housing Revenue Bond Program") which is specifically set forth in Schedule 3, all as set forth in Appendix C hereto. Schedule 3 is supplemental information primarily related to the Program for the Corporation's fiscal years ended October 31, 2022 and 2021. Said schedule includes (i) a balance sheet with assets, liabilities and net assets substantially related to the assets pledged under the General Resolution and (ii) a schedule of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets substantially related to the revenues pledged under the General Resolution. Said schedule does not include financial information with respect to activities under the General Resolution subsequent to October 31, 2022, including the issuance of Bonds or the making of Mortgage Loans after such date.

Schedule 3 contains a schedule of balance sheet information which reflects such net assets of approximately \$2,615,635,000 as of October 31, 2022, an increase of 8% from October 31, 2021. This schedule also provides information pertaining to revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets that reflects an increase in such net assets of approximately \$193,988,000 during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022, an increase from net assets of \$2,421,647,000 as of October 31, 2021.

The Corporation may withdraw assets and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate as more

fully described in "Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" above. Since the inception of the Program, the Corporation has made withdrawals of surplus revenues. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022, the Corporation withdrew \$61,260,755 of surplus revenues from the General Resolution and \$1,739,245 of surplus revenues from the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. Subsequent to October 31, 2022, the Corporation withdrew approximately \$57,800,413 of surplus revenues from the General Resolution, \$3,195,000 of surplus revenues from the NIBP Series 1 Resolution, \$380,000 of surplus revenues from the NIBP Series 2 Resolution, and \$1,624,587 of surplus revenues from the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution.

Certain Investments

The Corporation at times may invest amounts held in the Accounts under the General Resolution in Investment Securities, including: repurchase agreements and bank deposit agreements (both of which are at least 102% collateralized and held by a third party or secured by a FHLB letter of credit), guaranteed investment contracts (GICs), municipal securities, and U.S. Treasury and agency securities in accordance with the Corporation's investment guidelines. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee with funds that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution must, as of the date of such purchase, be rated by each of the Rating Agencies in a category at least equal to the rating category of the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) (or "A-1+" or "P-1," as applicable, if the Investment Security has a remaining term at the time it is provided not exceeding one (1) year); provided, however, that the Trustee may purchase Investment Securities that are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the purchase of such Investment Securities does not, as of the date of such purchase, in and of itself, result in a reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies. A change in the rating of any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee, subsequent to the date of purchase, would not require the Trustee to sell such Investment Securities. If a Rating Agency were to downgrade or withdraw the rating on any Investment Securities previously purchased by the Trustee, the rating on the Bonds could be negatively affected. See "RATINGS" in Part I of this Official Statement. Investment earnings on Accounts are to be transferred to the Revenue Account except as otherwise provided by the General Resolution. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Deposits and Investments" and "-Revenue Account."

Liquidity Facilities for Bonds Bearing Variable Rates of Interest

The Corporation has Outstanding Series of Bonds supported by a liquidity facility that currently bear interest at a variable interest rate and that are subject to optional or mandatory tender (the "Variable Rate Bonds"). As of April 30, 2023, each of the banks identified below (each for purposes of this section, a "Liquidity Facility Provider") has provided a standby bond purchase agreement (each for purposes of this section, a "Liquidity Facility") with respect to the specified Series of Variable Rate Bonds. Each Liquidity Facility Provider to provide funds to pay the Purchase Price of any Variable Rate Bonds of the applicable Series that are tendered for purchase and not remarketed.

Outstanding Liquidity Facilities

		Par Amount of	
Bonds	Liquidity Facility Provider	Liquidity Facility	Expiration Date
2019 Series A-4	Royal Bank of Canada	\$30,000,000	April 18, 2024
2019 Series E-3	Royal Bank of Canada	\$45,000,000	June 25, 2024
2020 Series E	Royal Bank of Canada	\$11,510,000	August 19, 2025
2020 Series F-2	Royal Bank of Canada	\$38,490,000	August 19, 2025
2020 Series I-3	TD Bank, N.A.	\$80,000,000	April 5, 2028
2021 Series F-3	Barclays Bank PLC	\$100,000,000	June 23, 2026
2021 Series K-3	Barclays Bank PLC	\$50,000,000	December 21, 2026
2022 Series C-3	Barclays Bank PLC	\$28,720,000	June 18, 2027
2022 Series F-3	UBS AG	\$100,000,000	December 14, 2027
2018 Series L-2	TD Bank, N.A.	\$58,100,000	April 5, 2028
TOTAL		\$541,820,000	

Any Variable Rate Bond purchased by the Liquidity Facility Provider pursuant to the terms of the Liquidity Facility becomes a "Bank Bond" until such Bank Bond is either remarketed to a purchaser (other than the Liquidity Facility Provider) or retired. Interest on any Bank Bond will be due and payable at the rate provided for the Variable Rate Bonds of the applicable Series set forth in the applicable Supplemental Resolution and the principal of any Bank Bond will be payable at the times and amounts set forth for the Variable Rate Bonds of the applicable Supplemental Resolution.

Each Liquidity Facility expires prior to the maturity date of the related Variable Rate Bonds. In connection with any scheduled expiration as stated in the above table, the Corporation may extend the scheduled expiration, provide an alternate liquidity facility to replace the expiring standby bond purchase agreement, or convert the interest rates on the applicable Series of Variable Rate Bonds to fixed interest rates or to an interest rate mode that does not require a liquidity facility. Each Series of Variable Rate Bonds is subject to mandatory tender for purchase prior to the expiration of the applicable Liquidity Facility. There can be no assurance that the Corporation will be able to extend any expiration date or to obtain an alternate liquidity facility on terms substantially similar to the terms of the expiring standby bond purchase agreement. Under certain circumstances, the Liquidity Facility Provider may terminate a standby bond purchase agreement without affording the applicable Variable Rate Bond owners a right to tender their Bonds.

Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution

NIBP Bonds

The Corporation has issued \$415,000,000 principal amount of NIBP Series 1 Bonds (\$94,440,000 principal amount of which is Outstanding as of April 30, 2023) under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and \$85,000,000 principal amount of NIBP Series 2 Bonds (\$10,250,000 principal amount of which is Outstanding as of April 30, 2023) under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution. Additional bonds may also be issued under each NIBP Resolution secured on a parity with the NIBP Series 1 Bonds or NIBP Series 2 Bonds, as applicable (the NIBP Series 1 Bonds, any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Bonds and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are referred to collectively, as the "NIBP Bonds"). Amounts on deposit in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds) and the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. No other funds and Accounts under the General Resolution other than the Revenue Account are pledged to secure the NIBP Bonds. Payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the NIBP Bonds is also secured by the funds and accounts established under and the revenues and assets pledged under the

applicable NIBP Resolution. However, the funds, accounts, revenues and assets pledged under the NIBP Resolutions are not security for the Bonds or the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds.

The Second Supplement to each NIBP Resolution provides that the regularly scheduled principal of and interest on the applicable NIBP Bonds, including sinking fund payments thereon, shall be paid first with revenues available under such NIBP Resolution, second with amounts withdrawn from the debt service reserve fund held under such NIBP Resolution and third, but only to the extent that such sources are not sufficient, with amounts in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution. Amounts held in the Debt Service Reserve Account and other funds and Accounts under the General Resolution (other than the Revenue Account) are not available to pay any amounts with respect to the NIBP Bonds. Any projected transfers from the Revenue Account for the payment of NIBP Bonds, as described above, will be taken into account in all Cash Flow Statements.

Each NIBP Resolution contains its own events of default and does not provide that an event of default under the General Resolution is an event of default under the NIBP Resolution. If an event of default under a NIBP Resolution occurs but no event of default has occurred under the General Resolution, then the holders of the applicable NIBP Bonds will be entitled to pursue remedies under the related NIBP Resolution (but not under the General Resolution). Such remedies may include acceleration of the applicable NIBP Bonds but the Revenues and amounts held in the funds and Accounts under the General Resolution shall not be available to pay any accelerated amounts. If an event of default under the General Resolution occurs but no event of default has occurred under a NIBP Resolution, then the holders of Bonds (excluding the NIBP Bonds) may direct remedies under the General Resolution including the acceleration of Bonds other than the NIBP Bonds. However, so long as there is no event of default under a NIBP Resolution, the NIBP Bonds issued thereunder shall not be accelerated and no remedies may be pursued by the holders of such NIBP Bonds. If an event of default occurs under the General Resolution and an event of default also occurs under a NIBP Resolution, the holders of Bonds may pursue remedies under the General Resolution, the holders of applicable NIBP Bonds may pursue remedies under the related NIBP Resolution and such remedies are not required to be coordinated. In no event may holders of NIBP Bonds direct remedies under the General Resolution. However, since certain mortgage loans and the payments thereunder are allocated between the General Resolution and the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and under certain circumstances the trustee under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution may direct remedies with respect to such mortgage loans, the exercise of remedies under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution by the trustee thereunder or by the holders of the applicable NIBP Bonds may impact the security and Revenues under the General Resolution.

The NIBP Bonds were issued as part of the New Issue Bond Program of the United States Department of the Treasury and the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation purchased the NIBP Bonds. The proceeds of each Series of the NIBP Bonds have been advanced to fund advances of mortgage loans and for certain other purposes.

2017 Pass-Through Bonds

The Corporation has issued \$59,891,354 principal amount of 2017 Pass-Through Bonds (\$48,889,712 principal amount of which is Outstanding as of April 30, 2023) under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. Amounts on deposit in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution are pledged to secure the payment of regularly scheduled interest on the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds, and the mandatory redemption thereof from loan principal repayments, on a parity with all Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds) and the NIBP Bonds. No other funds and Accounts under the General Resolution other than the Revenue Account are pledged to secure the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. Payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds is also secured by the funds and accounts established under and the revenues and assets pledged under the

2017 Pass-Through Resolution. However, the funds, accounts, revenues and assets pledged under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution are not security for the Bonds or the NIBP Bonds.

The 2017 Pass-Through Resolution provides that regularly scheduled interest on the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds, and the mandatory redemption thereof from loan principal repayments, shall be paid first with revenues available under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution, second with amounts withdrawn from the debt service reserve fund held under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution and third, but only to the extent that such sources are not sufficient (and only if and for so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing under the General Resolution), with amounts in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution. Amounts held in the Debt Service Reserve Account and other funds and Accounts under the General Resolution (other than the Revenue Account) are not available to pay any amounts with respect to the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. Any projected transfers from the Revenue Account for the payment of 2017 Pass-Through Bonds, as described above, will be taken into account in all Cash Flow Statements.

The 2017 Pass-Through Resolution contains its own events of default and does not provide that an event of default under the General Resolution is an event of default under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. If an event of default under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution occurs but no event of default has occurred under the General Resolution, then the holders of 2017 Pass-Through Bonds will be entitled to pursue remedies under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution (but not under the General Resolution). Such remedies may include acceleration of the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds but the Revenues and amounts held in the funds and Accounts under the General Resolution shall not be available to pay any accelerated amounts. If an event of default under the General Resolution occurs but no event of default has occurred under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution, then the holders of Bonds (excluding the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds) may direct remedies under the General Resolution including the acceleration of Bonds other than the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. However, so long as there is no event of default under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution, the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds issued thereunder shall not be accelerated and no remedies may be pursued by the holders of such 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. If an event of default occurs under the General Resolution and an event of default also occurs under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution, the holders of Bonds may pursue remedies under the General Resolution, the holders of 2017 Pass-Through Bonds may pursue remedies under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution and such remedies are not required to be coordinated. In no event may holders of 2017 Pass-Through direct remedies under the General Resolution.

Additional Obligations Issued Under the General Resolution But Not Secured by the General Resolution

The Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series J-1 and 2018 Series N (the "Separately Secured Bonds") are separately secured from all other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution such that no Revenues or assets pledged under the General Resolution are available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or interest on the Separately Secured Bonds and no revenues or assets pledged under the applicable Supplemental Resolutions for the Separately Secured Bonds shall under any circumstances (including, but not limited to, the occurrence of an Event of Default under the General Resolution) be available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or Sinking Fund Payments or interest on any Bonds (other than the Separately Secured Bonds) issued or to be issued under the General Resolution. If an event of default under a Supplemental Resolution relating to the Separately Secured Bonds occurs, the holders of the Separately Secured Bonds will not be entitled to pursue remedies under the General Resolution. If an Event of Default under the General Resolution occurs, the holders of Bonds (excluding the Separately Secured Bonds) will not be entitled to pursue remedies under the General Resolution. If an Event of Default under the General Resolution occurs, the holders of Bonds (excluding the Separately Secured Bonds) will not be entitled to pursue remedies under the General Resolution. If an Event of Default under the General Resolution occurs, the holders of Bonds (excluding the Separately Secured Bonds) will not be entitled to pursue remedies under the General Resolution relating to the Separately Secured Bonds.

Additional Pledged Receipts

The Corporation deposits in the Revenue Account revenues from the senior mortgage loans for five multi-family housing developments that are in excess of amounts due to the holder of participation interests in such mortgage loans.

With respect to the first of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$1.3 million per year, declining to approximately \$19,000 per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. In addition, the Corporation has agreed to deposit in the Revenue Account any amounts received after October 15, 2024 as a prepayment of a related subordinate mortgage loan in connection with a full prepayment of such senior mortgage loan, not to exceed a specified amount (declining from approximately \$15 million in 2024 to zero in 2049). The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on October 31, 2049, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

With respect to the second of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$1.7 million per year, declining to approximately \$1.08 million per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on July 31, 2032, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

With respect to the third of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$348,000 per year, declining to approximately \$196,000 per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on December 31, 2032, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

With respect to the fourth of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$983,918 per year, declining to approximately \$730,606 per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on August 31, 2028, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

With respect to the fifth of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$1,048,834 per year, declining to approximately \$458,252 per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on October 31, 2050, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

All such amounts deposited in the Revenue Account shall constitute Pledged Receipts. The mortgage loans themselves will not be pledged as security under the General Resolution.

THE PROGRAM

General

Under the Program, the Corporation may issue Bonds to finance any corporate purpose for which bonds may be issued under the Act or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted. The Bonds have

been issued to, among other things, finance construction Mortgage Loans (the "Construction Mortgage Loans"), finance permanent Mortgage Loans and/or finance the acquisition of permanent Mortgage Loans (collectively, the "Permanent Mortgage Loans"), for certain newly constructed or rehabilitated Developments. Construction Mortgage Loans and Permanent Mortgage Loans are referred to herein, collectively, as the "Mortgage Loans."

The General Resolution provides for the issuance of additional Bonds to be used for financing any corporate purpose including the financing of Mortgage Loans and Developments which are neither secured by Supplemental Security nor subsidized pursuant to a Subsidy Program. The General Resolution does not require Mortgage Loans to be secured by first mortgage liens on their respective Developments. A Mortgage Loan also may represent the Corporation's participation interest in a mortgage loan or the cash flow therefrom (see "2005 Series J Participant Interest," "2011 Participant Interest," "2014 Series B Participant Interest," and "2018 Series B Participant Interest," below). Moreover, the Corporation may withdraw Mortgage Loans and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate or, with respect to certain fees and Mortgage Loans, without the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates." The information below is as of April 30, 2023. Subsequent to April 30, 2023, the Corporation has financed or acquired additional Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 8: Developments and Mortgage Loans Financed Under the Program Subsequent to October 31, 2022."

Mortgage Loans

General

The Mortgage Loans financed Developments located throughout the City. Approximately 300 Developments have more than one Mortgage Loan. The following table summarizes all of the Mortgage Loans outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023 other than the "ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans" which are described under "ML Restructuring Mortgage Loans" below and listed in "Appendix D-1—Table 3: ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of April 30, 2023." Subsequent to April 30, 2023, the Corporation has financed or acquired additional Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 8: Developments and Mortgage Loans Financed Under the Program Subsequent to October 31, 2022In addition, certain Construction Loans have converted to Permanent Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of April 30, 2023." Furthermore, since April 30, 2023, the Corporation has received principal prepayments as well as scheduled prepayments. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "—Prepayment Notifications."

Summary of All Mortgage Loans

	Number of Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance of Mortgage Loans	Percentage of Total Outstanding Principal Balance of Mortgage Loans
Permanent Mortgage			
Loans	1,128	\$7,422,632,089	63.40%
Construction Mortgage Loans	171	\$4,285,002,082	36.60%
TOTAL [†]	1,299	\$11,707,634,171	100.00%

* May not add due to rounding.+

See "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program."

Approximately seventy-six (76) of the Permanent Mortgage Loans relate to the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and are subject to a participation interest (see "2014 Series B Participant Interest" below). Approximately two hundred seventy-three (273) of the Permanent Mortgage Loans relate to the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and are subject to a participation interest (see "2018 Series B Participant Interest" below).

The majority of mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, the 2011 Participant Interest, the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans and certain of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are secured by subordinate mortgage liens on their respective Developments. The majority of the other outstanding Mortgage Loans under the Program are secured by first mortgage liens on their respective Developments. As further security, as of April 30, 2023, approximately 56% of the aggregate outstanding balance of the Permanent Mortgage Loans and 73% of the aggregate outstanding balance of the Construction Mortgage Loans were subject to Supplemental Security. The balance of the Mortgage Loans are not secured by Supplemental Security, the related mortgage liens would likely be the sole security for repayment (see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" below). The information in this paragraph with respect to Supplemental Security excludes information relating to the mortgage loans underlying the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans.

In addition, Developments related to most of the Mortgage Loans outstanding under the Program are beneficiaries of one or more Subsidy Programs. Certain Developments are neither secured by Supplemental Security nor subsidized through Subsidy Programs. Each Supplemental Security program and Subsidy Program is implemented under different Federal, State or local statutes, and is subject to its own rules and guidelines. See Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" and "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs."

Delinquencies

There have been no material monetary defaults on any of the Mortgage Loans (generally loans that are sixty (60) to ninety (90) days delinquent in payment of debt service) other than temporary financial difficulties with respect to certain Developments, which have since been cured or are in the process of being cured.

Delinquent permanent and construction loans of over 90 days as of April 30, 2023 are listed below. The Mortgagors of these Developments are in the process of working with the Corporation to restructure the Permanent Mortgage Loans to cure these delinquencies. See "Appendix D-1—Table 1: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023" and "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023."

Supplemental Security	Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance as of April 30, 2023
Fannie Mae Insured	1	\$1,606,219
REMIC Insured	4	\$25,555,409
N/A	7	\$23,451,520
TOTAL	12	\$50,613,148

Delinquent Permanent Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program

Anticipated Permanent Supplemental Security	Construction Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance as of April 30, 2023
Fannie Mae	Fannie Mae	1	\$14,480,204
FHA Risk Share	N/A	2	\$17,481,843
TOTAL		3	\$31,962,047

Delinquent Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program

Delinquent mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest of over 90 days as of April 30, 2023 are listed below. The Mortgagors of these Developments have either entered into or are expected to enter into compliance and repayment agreements with the Corporation to cure these delinquencies. See "Appendix D-1—Table 6: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest as of April 30, 2023."

Delinquent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest

Loan Servicer	Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance as of April 30, 2023
Corporation	3	\$1,022,805

Delinquent mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest of over 90 days as of April 30, 2023 are listed below. The Mortgagors of these Developments have either entered into or are expected to enter into compliance and repayment agreements with the Corporation to cure these delinquencies. See "Appendix D-1—Table 7: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of April 30, 2023."

Delinquencies of Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest

Loan Servicer	Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance as of April 30, 2023
Corporation	3	\$3,843,856
CPC	5	\$5,832,829
TOTAL	8	\$9,676,685

In addition, the Corporation is currently aware that five (5) Developments with an aggregate outstanding senior mortgage loan balance of \$41,651,932 and an aggregate outstanding subordinate loan balance of \$5,464,192 as of April 30, 2023, have each received a Notice of Default of the Agreement for Interest Reduction Payments or HAP Contract, as applicable, from HUD because of its low inspection ratings.

In addition to the Developments discussed in the previous paragraph, certain Mortgagors have experienced a financial hardship due to the residual effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and have participated in the Corporation's forbearance and mortgage relief program. The Corporation expects that the residual effects of the COVID-19 pandemic may continue to result in financial hardship for certain Mortgagors and will continue to result in the need to grant forbearance to related Mortgage Loans in the Program. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Forbearance and Mortgage Relief Program" below.

Permanent Mortgage Loans

The following table summarizes the Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs, if any, relating to the completed Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans (excluding the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans) outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023. Since April 30, 2023, the Corporation has financed or acquired certain Permanent Mortgage Loans and certain Construction Mortgage Loans have converted to Permanent Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of April 30, 2023." In addition, since April 30, 2023, the Corporation has received principal prepayments of Permanent Mortgage Loans as well as scheduled repayments of Permanent Mortgage Loans. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "—Prepayment Notifications" below.

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Summary of Permanent Mortgage Loans

Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program	Number of Permanent Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance of Permanent Mortgage Loans	Percentage of Total Outstanding Principal Balance of Permanent Mortgage Loans
FHA	Section 8	4	\$ 3,747,637	0.05%
	-	4		
FHA	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]		28,105,970	0.38
FHA	ML Restructuring, Section 8	2	79,941,498	1.08
FHA	ML Restructuring [†]	3	89,197,322	1.20
FHA	Mix and Match	1	14,638,145	0.20
FHA	ELLA	4	95,401,216	1.29
FHA	ELLA/Section 8	12	176,116,468	2.37
FHA	LAMP	5	41,298,146	0.56
FHA	LAMP/Section 8	1	8,281,522	0.11
FHA	LAMP Preservation	1	4,218,447	0.06
FHA	Mixed-Middle	1	28,991,210	0.39
FHA	Mixed Income	1	123,855,642	1.67
FHA	Preservation/Section 8	1	72,375,585	0.98
GNMA	LAMP/Section 8	2	16,792,597	0.23
SONYMA	ELLA	3	35,568,300	0.48
SONYMA	ELLA/Section 8	2	17,476,172	0.24
SONYMA	New HOP, New HOP/HTF	7	69,424,528	0.94
SONYMA	N/A	2	32,285,978	0.43
SONYMA	LAMP	7	73,926,701	1.00
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation	5	47,848,329	0.64
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	18	160,288,108	2.16
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 236	1	5,222,852	0.07
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	10	71,969,018	0.97
SONYMA	Limited Equity Coops	1	1,293,679	0.02
SONYMA	Mix and Match	3	77,058,770	1.04
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	1	37,823,125	0.51
SONYMA	Preservation/Section 8	3	28,134,474	0.38
SONYMA	Section 236	1	4,554,805	0.06
REMIC	ELLA	33	298,479,498	4.02
REMIC	НАС	1	4,874,886	0.07
REMIC	LAMP, LAMP/HAC, LAMP/HTF, LAMP/MIRP, LAMP/LIRP, LAMP/Section 8	108	542,641,472	7.31
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	16	123,633,589	1.67
REMIC	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	1	2,209,716	
REMIC	N/A	6	13,960,216	0.19
REMIC	Mix and Match	13	199,692,445	2.69
REMIC	Mixed-Middle	6	111,953,317	1.51
REMIC	Mixed Income	3	28,477,110	0.38
REMIC	ML Restructuring [†]	6	44,592,064	0.60
	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan [†]	2		
REMIC			49,528,374	0.67
REMIC	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]	2	12,444,064	0.17
REMIC	New HOP	47	371,994,529	5.01
REMIC	Section 8	3	10,202,460	0.14
REMIC	Preservation	21	191,586,889	2.58
Fannie Mae	ELLA	1	16,373,093	0.22
Fannie Mae	LAMP	1	8,437,124	0.11
Fannie Mae	LAMP Preservation	3	76,081,861	1.02
Fannie Mae	Mixed Income	2	197,330,000	2.66

Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]	7	20,988,551	0.28
Fannie Mae	Preservation/Section 8	3	80,184,672	1.08
Freddie Mac	LAMP	1	8,257,644	0.11
Freddie Mac	LAMP Preservation	1	7,444,632	0.10
Freddie Mac	LAMP/Section 8	2	66,847,320	0.90
Freddie Mac	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	4	103,425,744	1.39
Freddie Mac	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]	1	34,435,081	0.46
Freddie Mac	N/A	1	78,227,000	1.05
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	6	20,386,427	0.27
N/A	Article 8-A	6	2,553,736	0.03
N/A	Article 8-A*	13	1,392,540	0.02
N/A	Capital 8A Loans	72	99,348,009	1.34
N/A	Cornerstone	2	3,459,559	0.05
N/A	ELLA	40	400,968,759	5.40
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	13	105,857,213	1.43
N/A	HAC	3	25,599,922	0.34
N/A	HoDAG/PLP	2	6,732,643	0.09
N/A	HPD Mix & Match	21	112,088,515	1.51
N/A	HUD Multifamily	11	24,967,709	0.34
N/A	HTF	3	5,720,742	0.08
N/A	LAMP, LAMP/Certificate Program, LAMP/HTF, LAMP/MIRP	145	862,793,554	11.62
N/A	Mix and Match	18	277,593,578	3.74
N/A	Mixed-Middle	6	75,357,218	1.02
N/A	Mixed Income	6	51,239,333	0.69
N/A	ML Preservation	1	47,024,260	0.63
N/A	ML Repair Loan [†]	6	27,095,231	0.37
N/A	ML Restructuring [†]	23	65,614,387	0.88
N/A	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan [†]	1	801,892	0.01
N/A	$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$	16	55,731,673	0.75
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring, Section 250 ML Restructuring, Section 8	2	6,862,531	0.09
N/A N/A	PACT	3	175,494,606	2.36
N/A N/A	PACT/Section 8	1	39,802,251	0.54
N/A N/A	PLP,PLP/LAMP	205	330,931,280	4.46
N/A N/A	Preservation	5	28,716,284	0.39
N/A N/A	Preservation/Section 8	1	7,417,996	0.10
N/A N/A	Section 236	1	4,801,722	0.06
N/A N/A	Section 236	1	4,801,722	0.06
	New HOP, New HOP/HTF	75	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.93
N/A N/A	Third Party Transfer (TPT)	11	<u>366,009,481</u> 29,522,796	0.40
N/A N/A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8	29,522,796	
	N/A		, , ,	0.14
TOTAL ^{††}		1,128	\$7,422,632,089	100.00%

The Mortgagors of the majority of these Mortgage Loans are regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law. See Appendix D-1 and Appendix F hereto. May not add due to rounding.

††

Includes the following subsidy program types: LAMP/HAC, LAMP/HTF, LAMP/MIRP, LAMP/LIRP, LAMP Section 8. *

See "Appendix D-1-Table 1: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023."

Construction Mortgage Loans

The following table summarizes the Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs, if any, relating to the Developments under construction and Construction Mortgage Loans outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of April 30, 2023." Subsequent to April 30, 2023, the Corporation has financed or acquired additional Mortgage Loans and certain Construction Mortgage Loans have converted to Permanent Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans April 20, 2023."

Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program	Number of Construction Mortgage Loans	Anticipated Amount of Permanent Mortgage Loans	Amount of Construction Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance of Construction Mortgage Loans Advanced
N/A	ELLA	40	\$542,883,669	\$596,038,745	\$491,405,403
N/A	ELLA/NYC 15/15	4	46,695,000	46,695,000	45,465,990
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	3	24,523,000	27,415,000	22,985,882
N/A N/A	Mix and Match	12	201,855,000	212,434,423	202,063,609
N/A N/A	Mixed Income	1	15,000,000	15,000,000	14,999,800
N/A	Mixed-Middle	2	15,000,000	173,000,000	172,939,558
N/A	ML Preservation	1	230,000	230,000	229,800
N/A	ML Restructuring	11	51,727,548	51,727,548	36,645,775
11/A	ML Restructuring	11	51,727,540	51,727,540	50,045,775
N/A	and Repair Loan	1	23,630,000	23,630,000	18,932,857
IN/A	ML Restructuring/	1	25,050,000	25,050,000	18,752,857
N/A	Section 236	3	12,925,000	12,925,000	3,151,497
N/A	PACT	3	0	376,791,956	164,748,836
N/A N/A	Preservation	1	2,200,209	2,200,209	2,215,538
N/A N/A	N/A	2.	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,149,600
1N/A	ML Restructuring/	2.	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,149,000
Fannie Mae	Section 236	1	58,530,903	58,530,903	14,656,515
FHA Risk Share	ELLA	11	368,295,000	735,240,000	532,624,783
FHA Risk Share	ELLA ELLA/NYC 15/15	3	181,905,000	251,510,000	221,531,542
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/NTC 13/13 ELLA/Section 8	2	74,400,000	133,070,000	86,303,203
FHA Risk Share	Mix and Match	6	281,820,000	449,550,000	300,355,102
FHA Risk Share	Mixed Income	2	157,795000	157,795,000	150,720,419
FHA Risk Share	Mixed-Middle	1	81,800,000	81,800,000	81,800,000
FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring	1	83,475,000	83,475,000	83,168,688
FITA KISK Share	ML Restructuring/	1	83,473,000	85,475,000	83,108,088
EIIA Dial Shara	U	2	17,550,000	17,550,000	17,481,843
FHA Risk Share REMIC	Section 236 ELLA	28	521,765,000	1,644,745,000	1,022,810,083
REMIC	ELLA ELLA/NYC 15/ 15	28	14,260,000	37.050.000	34,622,073
REMIC	Mix and Match	4	,,)	126,511,897
REMIC	Mix and Match Mixed Income	4	103,480,000 53,500,000	<u>128,280,000</u> 53,500,000	52,709,408
	N/A	-	5,300,000		-))
REMIC	ML Preservation	1 3	35,200,000	<u>5,300,000</u> 35,200,000	4,943,658
REMIC REMIC	ML Preservation ML Restructuring		, ,		31,944,235
REMIC	U	6	50,977,923	50,977,923	45,203,398
DEMIC	ML Restructuring/	1	44 240 000	44 240 000	20.015.151
REMIC REMIC	Section236	1 2	44,240,000 10,875,000	44,240,000	29,815,151 9,479,130
	Preservation	2	, ,	10,875,000	
SONYMA	ELLA		24,140,000	41,825,000	35,034,886
SONYMA	ELLA/Section 8	1	11,160,000	11,160,000	11,159,600
SONYMA	Mix and Match	1	64,095,000	107,950,000	71,310,185
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	7	156,535,000	156,535,000	143,882,138
$TOTAL^\dagger$		171	\$3,338,918,253	\$5,835,396,708	\$4,285,002,082

Summary of Construction Mortgage Loans

May not add due to rounding.

Certain Construction Mortgage Loans are secured by standby letters of credit. Such letters of credit need not meet the requirements under the General Resolution for Credit Facilities. Such letters of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if a Mortgagor fails to make the required payments of interest and principal on the related Construction Mortgage Loan. Such letters of credit are not pledged to the owners of the Bonds; however, any payments relating to the applicable Mortgage Loan received by the Corporation from the letter of credit providers pursuant to such letters of credit will be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—Construction LOCs." It is anticipated that upon conversion of the Construction Mortgage Loans secured by letters of credit to Permanent Mortgage Loans, the letters of credit will be released and such Permanent Mortgage Loans will be secured by REMIC Insurance, SONYMA Insurance, FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, GNMA or a Long-term LOC or will not be secured by Supplemental Security, as shown in the table above. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of April 30, 2023."

2005 Series J Participant Interest

In connection with the issuance of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series J-2 (the "2005 Series J-2 Bonds"), the Corporation entered into a Participation Agreement (the "2005 Series J Participation Agreement") with the City and purchased a 100% participation interest in eleven (11) second mortgage loans. The mortgage notes relating to such mortgage loans are held by the City and secured by second mortgage liens on the applicable Developments (the "2005 Series J Participant Interest Developments"). Such mortgage loans are not secured by Supplemental Security (see "THE PROGRAM— Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" and "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans"). All of the 2005 Series J Participant Interest Developments have first mortgage loans that are held and serviced by the Corporation.

All of the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest contain provisions permitting the mortgagors thereof to prepay the applicable mortgage loan, in whole or in part, at any time (see "Appendix D-2—Mortgage Loan Prepayment Provisions—Category 1"). If any of such mortgagors do not participate in the ML Restructuring Program but obtain other sources of prepayment of their mortgage loans, such payments will be paid as a cash distribution under the 2005 Series J Participant Interest and will constitute a Recovery of Principal under the General Resolution which the Corporation can determine to apply to the redemption of Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds. The Corporation has offered to each of the mortgagors of the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest the opportunity to receive new mortgage financing under the ML Restructuring Program of the Corporation, which new mortgage financing will cause prepayment of the related mortgages and be paid as a cash distribution under the 2005 Series J Participant Interest. The Supplemental Resolution pursuant to which the 2005 Series J-2 Bonds were issued provides that any such cash distributions under the 2005 Series J Participant Interest will not constitute Recoveries of Principal under the General Resolution and the Corporation expects to cause the release of such amounts from the lien of the General Resolution (in accordance with the requirements of the General Resolution) to reimburse it for funds advanced by the Corporation for the restructuring.

The 2005 Series J Participant Interest shall be automatically released from the lien of the General Resolution when no Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are Outstanding without the requirement for a filing of any Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate.

Pursuant to the 2005 Series J Participation Agreement, notwithstanding the acquisition of a 100% participation interest by the Corporation, legal title to the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest will remain with the City.

For additional information regarding the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "—Prepayment Notifications" below and "Appendix D-1—Table 4: Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest Outstanding Under the Program as of April 30, 2023."

2011 Participant Interest

In connection with the issuance of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series F-1 and 2011 Series F-2, the Corporation amended and restated a Participation Agreement (the "2011 Participation Agreement") with the City relating to a participation interest (the "2011 Participant Interest"). The Corporation pledged the 2011 Participant Interest (net of certain amounts to be paid to the Corporation) for the benefit of the Holders of the Bonds, and the 2011 Participant Interest is a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution. However, the 2011 Participant Interest will be automatically released from the lien of the General Resolution on the date that no Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds remain Outstanding under the General Resolution, and such release shall not require a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate.

The 2011 Participant Interest is a 100% participation interest in permanent second mortgage loans (the "2004 Participated Second Lien Loans") and the Section 236 Contracts related to the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans. Subject to prepayments of the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans, the monthly payments under the Section 236 Contracts are projected to be made through September 1, 2025. Payments on the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans are scheduled to be made after the related first mortgage loans are satisfied, commencing April 1, 2017 through September 1, 2029, and are expected to be satisfied in part by payments under the Section 236 Contracts.

The 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans contain terms permitting prepayment thereof at the option of the mortgagors at any time. The Corporation has offered to each of the mortgagors of a 2004 Participated Second Lien Loan the opportunity to receive new mortgage financing under the ML Restructuring Program of the Corporation, which new mortgage financing will cause a prepayment of the related 2004 Participated Second Lien Loan and, to the extent of any such prepayment, be paid to the Corporation pursuant to the 2011 Participation Agreement. Any such amounts paid under the 2011 Participant Interest will not constitute Recoveries of Principal under the General Resolution and the Corporation expects to cause the release of such amounts from the lien of the General Resolution (in accordance with the requirements of the General Resolution) to reimburse it for funds advanced by the Corporation for the restructuring. To the extent that any of such mortgagors with 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans do not participate in the ML Restructuring Program but obtain other sources for prepayment of their 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans, any prepayment of the related 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans by such mortgagors, to the extent of any such prepayment and less any amounts owed to the Corporation, will be paid to the Corporation under the 2011 Participant Agreement and will constitute a Recovery of Principal under the General Resolution and may only be used to redeem Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds. See "Appendix D-5-Cross-Call Provisions." The Corporation expects that there will be significant prepayments of the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans.

The 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans included in the 2011 Participant Interest are not supported by any Supplemental Security (see "THE PROGRAM—Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" and "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans").

For additional information regarding the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans underlying the 2011 Participant Interest, see "Appendix D-1—Table 5: 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans Held as Assets Underlying the 2011 Participant Interest as of April 30, 2023."

2014 Series B Participant Interest

In connection with the issuance of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B-1 and Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B-2 (collectively, the "2014 Series B Bonds"), the Corporation amended and restated a Participation Agreement (the "2002 Participation Agreement") with the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2002-2, a Delaware statutory trust (the "2002 Facilitation Trust") and a Participation Agreement (the "2003 Participation Agreement") with the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2003-1, a Delaware statutory trust (the "2003 Facilitation Trust," and together with the 2002 Facilitation Trust, the "Facilitation Trusts") formerly associated with the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series A (the "2006 Series A Bonds") and relating to a certain participation interest referred to as the "2006 Participant Interest." Upon the final redemption of the 2006 Series A Bonds and the issuance of the 2014 Series B Bonds, (i) the 2006 Participant Interest was re-designated as the "2014 Series B Participant Interest" and (ii) the 2002 Participation Agreement and the 2003 Participation Agreement were further amended and restated; and, subsequent to such date, the 2002 Participation Agreement and the 2003 Participation Agreement were further amended. The 2014 Series B Participant Interest constitutes a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution and is also referred to herein as the "2014 Series B Mortgage Loan."

Such participation interests in the aggregate consist of (i) a 100% participation interest in certain permanent mortgage loans for multi-family housing developments (the "2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans"), (ii) a 100% participation interest in a portion of the cash flow derived from the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Multifamily Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate, Series 1996M-1 (the "Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate"), at a pass-through rate of 0.75% as of April 30, 2023, which certificate evidences a beneficial ownership interest in the Class B Sheridan Trust Multifamily Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate, Series 1995M-1 (the "Class B Sheridan Trust Certificate"), which certificate, in turn, represents a beneficial ownership interest in certain permanent mortgage loans (the "2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans") excluding certain voting rights with respect to the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate, (iii) all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans under the servicing agreements with respect to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans, and (iv) all rights of the Facilitation Trusts under the Purchase and Sale Agreements between the City and each Facilitation Trust (collectively, the "Purchase and Sale Agreements"), pursuant to which the City assigned the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans and the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate to the applicable Facilitation Trust (such interests, net of certain amounts payable to the Corporation and other servicers for servicing the underlying mortgage loans are referred to collectively as the "2014 Series B Participant Interest").

The Corporation has pledged the 2014 Series B Participant Interest for the benefit of the Holders of the Bonds. Most of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest contain provisions permitting the prepayment thereof at the option of the mortgagors at any time. The 2014 Series B Bonds are subject to special mandatory redemption from revenues (including prepayments) relating to the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest on the 2014 Series B Bonds and other related fees, expenses and payments.

The mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Mortgage Loan were originated and underwritten by parties other than the Corporation.

Pursuant to the Purchase and Sale Agreements, legal title to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans remained with the City. In addition, with respect to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans that are regulated pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law, HPD remained the supervising agency. The Corporation, the Facilitation Trusts and HPD have entered into agreements pursuant to which HPD agreed to pursue certain remedies with respect to any defaulted mortgage loan underlying the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans as directed by the Corporation. In the event title to any Development related

to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans is acquired as a result of proceedings instituted upon a default on a 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loan, such Development shall constitute an "Acquired Project" for purposes of the General Resolution (see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans— New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" below). The Corporation may, without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate, modify any mortgage loan underlying the 2014 Series B Mortgage Loan in order to address delinquencies or potential payment defaults. Any mortgage loan underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest may be removed from the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and thereby released from the lien of the General Resolution, without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate, in the event that in connection with enforcing remedies, the Corporation assigns its interest in such underlying mortgage loan to the City and/or accepts an interest from the City in a substitute or additional mortgage loan (which would thereupon become part of the 2014 Series B Participant Interest).

The Corporation's rights as to the 2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans are limited by (i) the terms of the trust related to the Class B Sheridan Trust Certificate and (ii) the fact that voting rights with respect to said trust, including the right to amend or terminate said trust, have been retained by the City and not granted to the Corporation. The City has agreed, however, to consult with the Corporation prior to the exercise of such rights and not to exercise any such rights in a manner that shall have a material adverse effect on the rights of the Corporation to receive payments on the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate without the prior written consent of the Corporation.

For additional information regarding the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest, see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "— Prepayment Notifications" below and "Appendix D-1—Table 6: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest as of April 30, 2023."

2018 Series B Participant Interest

In connection with the issuance of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series B (the "2018 Series B Bonds"), the Corporation entered into a Participation Agreement with the City and purchased a 100% participation interest (the "2018 Series B Participant Interest") in certain specified mortgage loans and all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of such mortgage loans under the servicing agreements with respect to such mortgage loans and, subsequent to such date, said Participation Agreement was amended. The 2018 Series B Participant Interest constitutes a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution and is also referred to as the "2018 Series B Mortgage Loan."

The Corporation has pledged the 2018 Series B Participant Interest for the benefit of the Holders of the Bonds.

The mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are generally seasoned mortgage loans with Developments that have been in operation on average for more than five years. Approximately 91% of the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are secured by a subordinate mortgage lien on the applicable Development. A majority of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest contain provisions permitting the prepayment thereof at the option of the mortgagors at any time.

The mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are serviced by either the Corporation or the Community Preservation Corporation ("CPC"). Although the Corporation services some of the underlying mortgage loans, the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest were originated and underwritten by other parties. The Corporation and HPD have entered into an agreement pursuant to which HPD will agree to pursue certain remedies with respect to a defaulted

mortgage loan underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as directed by the Corporation. In the event title to any 2018 Series B Development is acquired as a result of proceedings instituted upon a default on the applicable underlying mortgage loan, such Development shall constitute an "Acquired Project" for purposes of the General Resolution (see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" below).

The Corporation may, without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate, modify any mortgage loan underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest in order to address delinquencies or potential payment defaults. Any mortgage loan underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest may be removed from the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and thereby released from the lien of the General Resolution, without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate, in the event that in connection with enforcing remedies, the Corporation assigns its interest in such underlying mortgage loan to the City and/or accepts an interest from the City in a substitute or additional mortgage loan (which would thereupon become part of the 2018 Series B Participant Interest). In addition, certain underlying mortgage loans (identified in "Appendix D-1—Table 7: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of April 30, 2023") may be removed from the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of April 30, 2023") may be removed from the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of April 30, 2023") without regard to delinquency or default) at the direction of the Corporation upon the request of the City without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate.

Approximately 56.74% in outstanding principal balance of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Mortgage Loan (representing \$341,937,009 of the outstanding principal balance as of April 30, 2023) permit prepayment at any time without penalty. Approximately 38.35% in outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans (representing \$231,111,112 of the outstanding principal balance as of April 30, 2023) are prepayable at the option of the Mortgagor now with a penalty and will become prepayable at the option of the Mortgagor without penalty in approximately 10 years or less. Approximately 4.92% in outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans (representing \$29,624,414 of the outstanding principal balance as of April 30, 2023) are not prepayable at the option of the Mortgagor prior to maturity. However, the Corporation or HPD may, in its sole discretion, waive the prohibition on prepayment contained in those mortgage loans that restrict prepayment and to date has permitted the prepayment of several mortgage loans with similar provisions. Such waiver does not require the provision of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans."

For additional information regarding the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest, see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "— Prepayment Notifications" below and "Appendix D-1—Table 7: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of April 30, 2023."

ML Restructuring Mortgage Loans

The proceeds of certain of the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds were used to finance mortgage loans, each of which was evidenced by a mortgage note payable to the Corporation and secured by a first mortgage lien on the applicable Development (the "ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans"). The term to maturity for most of the ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans is thirty (30) years. Most of the ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans contain provisions prohibiting prepayment by the Mortgagor of the applicable Development for approximately ten to fifteen years following the execution of such ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans.

The proceeds of certain of the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds were also used to finance mortgage loans to the Mortgagors of the ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans each of which was evidenced by a mortgage note payable to the Corporation, secured by a subordinate mortgage lien on the applicable Development and subject to a residual right to ownership held by the City (the "ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans"). The Corporation sold to the City a residual right to ownership of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans, which will be transferred to the City on the date when no Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds remain Outstanding under the General Resolution or other Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds outside of the General Resolution as defined in the 2011 Participation Agreement with the City remain outstanding. Such transfer of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans on such date will be made automatically and without the requirement for a filing of any Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate. The interest rate for most ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans is 0% and the term to maturity for most of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans is 0% and the term to maturity gubordinate Mortgage Loans do not amortize and the balloon payment is due within ninety (90) days after maturity of the related ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loan. Most of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans contain provisions prohibiting prepayment by the Mortgagor of the applicable Development for approximately fifteen years following the execution of such ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans.

Prepayments of the ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans and ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans may be used to redeem only Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds. See "Appendix D-5— Cross-Call Provisions." For additional information regarding the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans, see "Appendix D-1—Table 3: ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023."

Servicing

All of the Mortgage Loans are serviced by the Corporation except for (i) the Mortgage Loans financed through the acquisition of GNMA Securities which are serviced by the applicable Mortgage Banker, (ii) certain mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest which are serviced by private third-party servicers as described below, (iii) certain Construction Mortgage Loans which are serviced by the bank issuing the letter of credit during construction, (iv) the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, and (v) certain Permanent Mortgage Loans with Supplemental Security from Citibank, N.A., Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac which are serviced by the credit provider. As of April 30, 2023, \$6,351,626,323 in outstanding principal balance of permanent Mortgage Loans, representing approximately 85.6% in outstanding principal balance, are serviced by the Corporation. Servicing by the Corporation includes the collection of mortgage payments from the Mortgagors of the applicable Developments.

With respect to Mortgage Loans serviced by the Corporation and not regulated by HPD, an escrow account for the payment of taxes, hazard insurance and mortgage insurance, if any, is maintained by the Corporation for each Development and is funded from the monthly revenues of each such Development. Citibank, N.A., FHA, GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac impose similar obligations. However, with respect to Mortgage Loans regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law and not insured by FHA, there is no such escrow requirement. With respect to Mortgage Loans serviced by the Corporation and not regulated by HPD, each Mortgagor is also required to maintain a reserve fund for replacements with the Corporation. These reserve funds for replacements are funded from the monthly revenues of their respective Development to the extent necessary to maintain minimum required balances. With respect to Mortgagor is required to maintain a reserve fund for replacements. In general, the applicable escrows and reserves for the Developments serviced by the Corporation to be furnished to the Corporation requires financial statements for each Development serviced by the Corporation to be furnished to the Corporation annually.

The Corporation conducts an annual site review of each Development with a Permanent Mortgage Loan serviced by the Corporation to monitor its physical condition; however, Developments with FHA-insured Mortgage Loans having a superior inspection rating need only be inspected by the Corporation every three (3) years and the Corporation does not inspect Developments for which the Corporation holds only a subordinate lien mortgage, the NYCHA Public Housing Preservation I LLC Development or the NYCHA Public Housing Preservation II LLC Development. During this review, the Corporation undertakes various procedures to monitor the exterior and interior physical condition of the Developments. See "Appendix D-3—Permanent Mortgage Loan Physical Inspection Ratings."

Any Development with an FHA-insured mortgage loan which receives a score under 60 according to HUD's inspection ratings may be subject to foreclosure by HUD. Any Development that receives HUD assistance such as Section 236 or Section 8 which receives an unsatisfactory physical condition rating may have its subsidy payments reduced, suspended or terminated. See "FHA-Insured Mortgage Loans and HUD Assisted Developments with Low Inspection Ratings" below and "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Subsidy Programs—Section 236 Program" and "— Section 8 Program."

The Corporation's inspection reviews include recommendations for curing deficiencies. The Corporation monitors those Developments which receive below average and unsatisfactory ratings in order to determine whether (i) required reports have been made and/or (ii) curative work has been undertaken and completed within a prescribed time frame. In order to cure deficiencies and thus improve the ratings of such Developments, the Corporation may advise the Mortgagor to request a drawdown on its respective reserve fund for replacements. If the reserves are not sufficient to cover the work required to improve a Development's rating or if the Corporation has determined that the low rating is due to Mortgagor neglect, the Corporation will meet with the Mortgagor to discuss corrective actions in all review reporting areas which include management practices, financial operations and vouchering procedures, as well as physical condition. For additional information concerning the Permanent Mortgage Loans and the related Developments, their respective physical inspection ratings and occupancy rates, and the Corporation's inspection procedures and rating categories, see "Appendix D-1-Table 1: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023," "Appendix D-3-Permanent Mortgage Loan Physical Inspection Ratings" and "Appendix D-4-Permanent Mortgage Loan Occupancy." In addition, the Corporation conducts an annual review of (i) the inspected Developments to monitor their financial condition and (ii) the Developments subsidized through the Section 8 program to monitor their financial management controls.

In addition to the Corporation, CPC, which is an experienced mortgage loan servicer, services the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest. As of April 30, 2023, approximately 28 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest (representing \$29,296,452 of the outstanding principal balance) are serviced by CPC and 48 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest (representing \$29,503,300 of the outstanding principal balance). As of April 30, 2023, approximately 124 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest (representing \$201,872,651 of the outstanding principal balance) are serviced by CPC and 149 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest (representing \$400,799,883 of the outstanding principal balance). In addition to collecting mortgage payments, required escrows and reserves from the Mortgagors of the applicable Developments, CPC currently conducts annual physical inspections of the Developments that are subject to the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest that it services. The Corporation currently conducts annual inspections of the Developments that it services that are subject to first mortgage liens.

In addition to any insurance coverage required by the applicable Supplemental Security provider, the Corporation requires property, liability, boiler and machinery, and fidelity insurance for the Mortgage Loans that it services (see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—FHA Insurance Program—General"). Property insurance must cover at least the outstanding Mortgage Loan amount and lost rental value of at least one year's rental income at the Development. As of April 30, 2023, all such Developments were in compliance with the Corporation's insurance requirements. With respect to the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest serviced by CPC, CPC has agreed to monitor, pursuant to servicing agreements, compliance by the applicable Mortgagor with the insurance requirements set forth in the loan documents related to such mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest.

Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans

Scheduled Payments of Principal and Interest

The ability of the Corporation to pay the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds is dependent on the Revenues derived from the assets pledged to secure the Bonds, including the Mortgage Loans, and with respect to such Mortgage Loans, the proceeds under the applicable Supplemental Security program, if any, in the event of a default on a Mortgage Loan, and the full and timely receipt of subsidy payments under the applicable Subsidy Program, if any. The ability of each Mortgagor to make the required payments under its Mortgage Loan is and will be affected by a variety of factors, including the maintenance of a sufficient level of occupancy, the maintenance of the physical condition of its Development, the level of operating expenses, sound management of its Development, timely receipt of subsidy payments, as applicable, the ability to achieve and maintain rents sufficient to cover payments under such Mortgage Loan and operating expenses (including taxes, utility rates and maintenance costs), any changes in the amount of subsidy payments, if any, changes in applicable laws and governmental regulations, and the financial condition of the Mortgagor. In addition, the continued feasibility of a Development may depend in part upon general economic conditions and other factors in the surrounding area of a Development.

Accordingly, in the event of the occurrence of substantial increases in operating costs without corresponding increases in rent levels on a timely basis, substantial reductions in occupancy or a reduction, loss or termination of subsidy payments, there may be a default with regard to one or more of the Mortgage Loans. In the event of any such default, the Corporation is required to apply for payment of proceeds under the applicable Supplemental Security program, if any, due with regard to any such Mortgage Loan. In the event of any such default where such Mortgage Loan is not secured by Supplemental Security, such mortgage lien would likely be the sole security for repayment of such Mortgage Loan (see "New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy-New York Foreclosure Procedures" below and "Appendix B-Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loans"). Such proceeds, when received, together with other monies available under or pursuant to the General Resolution may be applied to redeem an allocable portion of certain Bonds. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5-Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. For a discussion of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs, see Appendix F hereto.

The Corporation expects that the residual effects of the COVID-19 pandemic may continue to result in financial hardship for certain Mortgagors and may result in the need to grant forbearance to related Mortgage Loans in the Program. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Forbearance and Mortgage Relief Program" below.

Prepayments of Principal

General. The Corporation may receive amounts relating to the principal of the Mortgage Loans financed with the proceeds of the Bonds prior to the scheduled due date of such principal. Generally, principal prepayments, at the option of the applicable Mortgagor, are either (A) permitted, (B) not permitted at all, (C) permitted after a prescribed time period (which prescribed time period may have ended), or (D) permitted only with the approval of FHA and/or the Corporation. All of the Mortgage Loans and the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest are subject to prepayment of principal in whole or in part from proceeds of insurance or condemnation. For a more detailed discussion of the prepayment terms and conditions for all of the outstanding Mortgage Loans under the Program, see "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program" which identifies the applicable categories of prepayment provisions for each Mortgage Loan and Appendix D-2 hereto which sets forth each of the Mortgage Loan prepayment categories. Prepayments of principal may be subject to the payment of certain fees and expenses and other terms and conditions, including the payment of penalties and premiums. Any prepayment premium or penalty does not constitute a Pledged Receipt or Recovery of Principal unless otherwise specified in a Supplemental Resolution. There may be certain other restrictions outside the Mortgage Loan documents that limit the ability of the applicable Mortgagor to prepay. In addition, prior written notice of any optional prepayment to the Corporation or the Mortgage Banker, as applicable, generally is required. Any such prepayment could result in the special redemption from Recoveries of Principal of certain Bonds at any time. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5-Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Under the General Resolution, advance payments of amounts to become due pursuant to a Mortgage Loan, including those made at the option of a Mortgagor, shall be deposited in the Redemption Account. Unless specifically directed otherwise by written instructions of an Authorized Officer and accompanied by a Cash Flow Statement, any monies in the Redemption Account resulting from such Recoveries of Principal shall be applied to the purchase or redemption of Bonds of the Series issued to finance the Mortgage Loans which gave rise to the Recoveries of Principal. See "THE PROGRAM—2005 Series J Participant Interest" for a discussion of the application of prepayments of the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee, it may deposit such Recoveries of Principal in the Bond Proceeds Account or the Revenue Account in lieu of applying such monies to purchase or redeem Bonds. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Bond Proceeds Account," "—Revenue Account" and "— Disposition of Recoveries of Principal" with respect to the right of the Corporation to apply prepayments of the Mortgage Loans for purposes other than the purchase or redemption of Bonds, and the right of the Corporation to withdraw surplus revenues in the Revenue Account from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution. See the description of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Subsequent Prepayments

Subsequent to April 30, 2023, in connection with the refinancings of the 203-15 W 148^{th} Street – Site 15 (C-2) and 349-359 Lenox Avenue Developments one (1) senior Mortgage Loan and two (2) subordinate Mortgage Loans have been prepaid.

Prepayment Notifications

Subsequent to April 30, 2023, two (2) senior Mortgage Loans and three (3) subordinate Mortgage Loans are expected to be prepaid in connection with the refinancings of the 201 West 148th Street, Queenswood Apartments, and Rosalie Manning Developments. There can be no assurance as to whether these prepayments will occur.

From time to time the Corporation receives inquiries or expressions of interest from Mortgagors regarding the possible prepayment, refinancing or restructuring of their respective Mortgage Loans. There can be no assurance as to whether any such prepayment, refinancing or restructuring will occur. For a description of redemption provisions of the Bonds in the event of a prepayment, see "General" above.

New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy

Below are descriptions of current foreclosure procedures in New York State and current bankruptcy provisions for mortgage loans generally. Such descriptions are relevant for Mortgage Loans under the Program not fully secured by Supplemental Security. Certain functions of the New York State and Federal court systems were altered due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The Corporation has not determined the impact of such alterations on the foreclosure procedures and bankruptcy provisions described below. The Corporation cannot predict whether any resurgence of the COVID-19 pandemic or any future pandemic may result in future suspensions of court functions or any additional changes to foreclosure procedures. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Forbearance and Mortgage Relief Program" below.

<u>New York Foreclosure Procedures</u>. In order to recover the debt due on a defaulted mortgage loan, the holder of the mortgage loan may either commence an action on the mortgage debt or commence an action to foreclose the mortgage. New York law restricts the ability of the holder of a mortgage loan to simultaneously bring an action to recover the mortgage debt and foreclose the mortgage. For purposes of these restrictions, actions to recover the mortgage debt include actions against the party primarily liable on the mortgage debt, actions against any guarantor of the mortgage debt and actions on insurance policies insuring the mortgaged premises. If an election is made to commence an action to foreclose the mortgage, no other action on the mortgage debt may be commenced to recover any part of the mortgage debt without leave of court. If an election is made to commence an action on the mortgage unless the sheriff has been issued an execution against the property of the defendant, which has been returned wholly or partially unsatisfied. In addition, there is New York case law indicating that if an action is commenced to foreclose the mortgage debt where final judgment has not been rendered and a subsequent action is commenced to foreclose the mortgage debt where final judgment has not been rendered and a subsequent action is commenced to foreclose the mortgage debt where final judgment has not been rendered and a subsequent action is commenced to foreclose the mortgage debt where final judgment has not been rendered and a subsequent action is commenced to foreclose the mortgage debt mortgage to foreclose the mortgage debt mortgage.

Where a foreclosure action is brought, every person having an estate or interest in possession or otherwise in the property whose interest is claimed to be subject and subordinate to the mortgage must be made a party defendant to the action in order to have its interest in the property extinguished. At least twenty (20) days before a final judgment directing a sale is rendered, the mortgagee must file, in the clerk's office for the county where the mortgaged property is located, a notice of the pendency of the action. Judicial foreclosure in New York is a lengthy process, as judicial intervention is required at all stages,

including but not limited to (1) the appointment of a referee to compute the amount due, (2) the appointment of a receiver to operate the property during the pendency of the action, (3) the confirmation of the referee's oath and report, (4) the issuance of the judgment of foreclosure and sale, (5) the confirmation of the sale, and (6) the issuance of a deficiency judgment and/or rights to surplus monies. If during the pendency of the action the mortgagor pays into court the amount due for principal and interest and the costs of the action together with the expenses of the proceedings to sell, if any, the court will (i) dismiss the complaint without costs against the mortgagee if the payment is made before judgment directing the sale or (ii) stay all proceedings upon judgment if the payment is made after judgment directing sale but before sale.

Where the mortgage debt remains partly unsatisfied after the sale of the property, the court, upon application, may award the mortgagee a deficiency judgment for the unsatisfied portion of the mortgage debt, or as much thereof as the court may deem just and equitable, against a mortgagor who has appeared or has been personally served in the action. Prior to entering a deficiency judgment, the court determines the fair and reasonable market value of the mortgaged premises as of the date such premises were bid in at auction or such nearest earlier date as there shall have been any market value thereof. In calculating the deficiency judgment, the court will reduce the amount to which the mortgagee is entitled by the higher of the sale price of the mortgaged property and the fair market value of the mortgaged property as determined by the court.

The mortgagee may also, at its discretion, negotiate with the delinquent mortgagor to offer a deed in lieu of foreclosure to the mortgagee, where appropriate. In some situations this would allow the mortgagee to reduce the cost of, and the time involved in, acquiring the property.

Most of the Mortgage Loans under the Program are non-recourse to the Mortgagor. Therefore, the Corporation may only have limited rights to pursue the enforcement of an action on the debt or seek a deficiency judgment post-foreclosure. Consequently, with respect to such Mortgage Loans, the above provisions relating to an action on the mortgage debt or seeking a deficiency judgement are not applicable.

Section 236 Contracts may provide that the HUD Payments under a Section 236 Contract shall terminate if the related Development is acquired by the Corporation or by any ineligible owner, and that the Secretary of HUD (the "Secretary") may terminate HUD Payments if an action of foreclosure is instituted, unless the Secretary approves a plan providing for continuity of eligibility of the related Development for receiving HUD Payments. It may not be possible, under New York foreclosure procedures, to complete a foreclosure sale subject to the continuing lien of the mortgage being foreclosed. Under Pub. L. 98-473, enacted in 1984, contract authority which would otherwise be subject to recapture by HUD at the time of termination of a contract for Section 236 interest reduction payments as a result of a foreclosure of the mortgage loan on a development shall remain available for such development for the balance of the contract term, and the Secretary is directed to offer to execute new Section 236 Contracts with the new owners of such projects, subject to satisfaction of statutory eligibility requirements. On this basis the Corporation believes that, notwithstanding the language of the Section 236 Contracts, in the event of a foreclosure of a Mortgage Loan secured by a Section 236 Contract not subject to FHA Insurance (which also would include 2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans with Section 236 Contracts), the Secretary would enter into a contract for Section 236 interest reduction payments with the new owner, subject to the satisfaction of statutory eligibility requirements, the availability of appropriations and the willingness of the mortgagee to enter into a new contract for interest reduction payments.

With respect to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans, the Corporation entered into a special servicing agreement with HPD and the Facilitation Trusts which sets forth procedures to be followed with regard to any 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loan subject to foreclosure.

For a description of provisions regarding enforcement and foreclosure of the Mortgage Loans under the General Resolution, see "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution— Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loans."

<u>Bankruptcy</u>. If a petition for relief under Federal bankruptcy law were filed voluntarily by a mortgagor, or involuntarily against a mortgagor by its creditors, the filing would operate as an automatic stay of the commencement or continuation of any judicial or other proceedings, including, without limitation, foreclosure proceedings, against such mortgagor and its property. If a bankruptcy court so ordered, the mortgagor's property, including its revenues, could be used for the benefit of the mortgagor, despite the rights granted the mortgage or a trustee. Certain provisions of the mortgage that make the initiation of bankruptcy and related proceedings by or against the mortgagor an event of default thereunder are not enforceable in the mortgagor's bankruptcy proceeding.

In addition, if a bankruptcy court concludes that a mortgagee is "adequately protected," it might (A) substitute other security for the property presently pledged and (B) subordinate the lien of the mortgagee or a trustee to (i) claims by persons supplying goods and services to the mortgagor after commencement of such bankruptcy proceedings, (ii) the administrative expenses of the bankruptcy proceedings and (iii) a lien granted a lender proving funds to the mortgagor during the pendency of the bankruptcy case.

In bankruptcy proceedings initiated by the filing of a petition under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, a mortgagor or another party-in-interest could elect to file a plan of reorganization that seeks to modify the rights of creditors generally, or any class of creditors, including secured creditors. In the event a mortgagor files under Chapter 11, the mortgagor may seek to modify the terms of the mortgage note and the mortgage in a plan of reorganization. In a reorganization case, a mortgagee holds a secured claim equal to the lesser of the value of the mortgaged premises or the debt. If the adjusted value is less than the pre-petition debt, then the mortgagee is not entitled to post-petition interest and the deficiency will be treated as an unsecured claim. With respect to the mortgagee's secured claim, if the debtor intends to retain the premises, the debtor will generally propose to treat the mortgage as unimpaired by curing any monetary defaults and reinstating the terms of the mortgage. Alternatively, the debtor may seek to alter the terms, however, the mortgagee is entitled to retain its lien under a plan and must receive deferred cash payments totaling the amount of the claim with a present value not less than the value of the mortgaged premises. If the premises are to be sold by the debtor, the mortgagee can bid at the bankruptcy court sale and offset its claim against the selling price at such sale.

Forbearance and Mortgage Relief Program

The residual effects of the COVID-19 pandemic may continue to result in financial hardship for certain Mortgagors and may result in the need to grant forbearance to related Mortgage Loans in the Program. The Program includes \$7.42 billion of Permanent Mortgage Loans, of which \$6.35 billion, or 85.6%, is serviced by the Corporation and \$1.07 billion, or 14.4%, is serviced by third party servicers as of April 30, 2023. With respect to Mortgage Loans that are serviced by the Corporation, the Corporation expects to continue to grant forbearance for up to 90 days to Mortgagors that have demonstrated that they are experiencing a financial hardship due to the residual effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and have already used project level reserves available to pay debt service. With respect to Mortgage Loans that are not serviced by the Corporation, the Corporation expects to continue to work with the third-party servicers to facilitate forbearance for Mortgagors that demonstrate that they are experiencing a financial hardship due to the residual effects of with the third-party servicers to facilitate forbearance for Mortgagors that demonstrate that they are experiencing a financial hardship due to the residual effects of service. With respect to Mortgage Loans that are not serviced by the Corporation, the Corporation expects to continue to work with the third-party servicers to facilitate forbearance for Mortgagors that demonstrate that they are experiencing a financial hardship due to the residual effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and have already used available project level reserves. For more information on Mortgage Loan servicing, see "THE PROGRAM—Servicing."

The Corporation has determined that, as of April 30, 2023, the Mortgagor for one (1) Development with two (2) permanent Mortgage Loans with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$6,500,458 was experiencing a degree of financial hardship requiring the use of project level reserves to pay loan debt service in the last 90 days. Such Mortgage Loans are described in the table below.

Mortgage Loans Applying Project Level Reserves to Debt Service					
Loan Position/ Supplemental	Number of	Outstanding Principal Balance			
Security	Mortgage Loans	as of April 30, 2023			
Senior Mortgage Loans with Supplemental Security	1 ⁽¹⁾	\$1,825,458			
Subordinate Mortgage Loans with No Supplemental Security	1	\$4,675,000			
Total	2	\$6,500,458			

⁽¹⁾ The senior Mortgage Loan is subject to REMIC insurance.

In general, the applicable escrows and reserves for the Developments serviced by the Corporation are otherwise expected to continue to be funded at the required minimum levels. The Corporation has determined that, as of April 30, 2023, there were no Mortgage Loans in forbearance.

The Corporation will review the possible impacts of any potential forbearances on its financial condition, operations and cash flow. As required by the General Resolution, any future Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate will reflect any temporary suspension of loan payments allowed pursuant to a forbearance agreement and not otherwise advanced to the Corporation by Supplemental Security.

FHA-Insured Mortgage Loans and HUD Assisted Developments with Low Inspection Ratings

Pursuant to HUD regulations and administrative procedures for physical inspections of FHAinsured properties that score less than 60 total points, properties scoring 30 and under are automatically referred to HUD's Departmental Enforcement Center ("DEC"). Those scoring between 31 and 59 may be referred to DEC and will be evaluated for enforcement by local HUD Office of Housing Staff. A Notice of Violation/Default of Regulatory Agreement and Housing Assistance Payment Contract is then issued. The property owner has sixty (60) days to certify that all repairs have been completed. HUD will then reinspect the property, either following such sixty (60) day period or, in certain cases with respect to properties being evaluated for enforcement by local HUD Office of Housing Staff, the following year. If the property scores above 60 (a satisfactory rating and above), normal monitoring resumes. If the score is below 60 (a below average or unsatisfactory rating), HUD may consider the owner in default and may pursue available remedies. Available remedies may include termination of subsidy payments under the affected Housing Assistance Payment Contract or requiring that the mortgagee accelerate and assign the FHA-insured mortgage loan to HUD as a result of the default under the Project's Regulatory Agreement in exchange for FHA Insurance benefits. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—FHA Insurance Program."

Any Development subsidized through the Section 8 program which receives an unsatisfactory physical condition rating may have its subsidy payments reduced, suspended or terminated. In addition, HUD may reduce the Section 236 subsidy in certain cases if a unit or units in a Development subsidized through the Section 236 program become not habitable for any reason. In the event such payments were reduced, suspended or terminated in respect of a Permanent Mortgage Loan subsidized by a HAP Contract or a Section 236 Contract, such reduced, suspended or terminated payments would not be available to pay debt service on such Mortgage Loan, which could result in a default on such Mortgage Loan. See

"Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Subsidy Programs—Section 236 Program" and "—Section 8 Program."

The Corporation is currently aware that five (5) Developments with five (5) permanent senior Mortgage Loans insured by Fannie Mae or REMIC with an aggregate outstanding mortgage balance of \$41,651,932, and two (3) uninsured subordinate Mortgage Loans with an aggregate outstanding mortgage balance of \$5,464,192 as of April 30, 2023, have each received a Notice of Default of the Section 236 Agreement for Interest Reduction Payments or HAP Contract, as applicable, from HUD because of its low inspection ratings. These Developments are required to maintain certain reserves for replacements for capital improvements; such reserves could be applied to rectify the applicable Notice of Default. However, the Corporation can give no assurance as to whether such loan proceeds and reserves will, in fact, be used by the Mortgagor in such manner or whether the amount of such reserves will be sufficient to correct all violations.

AGREEMENT OF THE STATE

Section 657 of the Act provides that the State pledges to and agrees with the holders of obligations of the Corporation, including owners of the Bonds, that it will not limit or alter the rights vested by the Act in the Corporation to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the owners of the Bonds, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such owners until the Bonds, together with the interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of such owners of the Bonds, are fully met and discharged.

LEGALITY OF THE BONDS FOR INVESTMENT AND DEPOSIT

Under the provisions of Section 662 of the Act, the Bonds are securities in which all public officers and bodies of the State of New York and all municipalities and municipal subdivisions, all insurance companies and associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or in other obligations of the State, may properly and legally invest funds, including capital, in their control or belonging to them. The Bonds are also securities which may be deposited with and may be received by all public officers and bodies of the State and all municipalities and public corporations for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the State is now or hereafter authorized. (THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS

Set forth below are certain defined terms used in this Official Statement and in the Resolutions. In some instances, the General Resolution permits the modification of certain of its provisions by a Supplemental Resolution relating to a specific Series of Bonds. Certain modifications to the General Resolution, which have been made with respect to the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds by the provisions of the 2023 Supplemental Resolutions and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution, are reflected in the defined terms below. This Appendix A does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and is qualified by reference to the Resolutions and the Supplemental Resolutions relating to each Series of Bonds, copies of which may be obtained from the Corporation.

The following terms shall have the following meanings in this Official Statement and in the Resolutions unless the context shall clearly indicate otherwise:

"Account" means one of the special accounts (other than the Rebate Fund) created and established pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution.

"Accountant" means such reputable and experienced independent certified public accountant or firm of independent certified public accountants as may be selected by the Corporation and satisfactory to the Trustee and may be the accountant or firm of accountants who regularly audit the books and accounts of the Corporation.

"Acquired Project" means a Project financed by a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan, other than a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, title to or the right to possession of which has been acquired by or on behalf of the Corporation through protection and enforcement of rights conferred by law or the Mortgage upon such Project.

"Acquired Project Expenses" means all costs and expenses arising from the acquisition, ownership, possession, operation or maintenance of an Acquired Project, including reasonable operating, repair and replacement reserves therefor.

"Acquired Project Gross Operating Income" means all monies received in connection with the acquisition, ownership, possession, operation or maintenance of an Acquired Project.

"Acquired Project Net Operating Income" means Acquired Project Gross Operating Income less Acquired Project Expenses.

"Act" means the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended.

"AHPLP" means the Corporation's Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program.

"Alternate Liquidity" means, with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, any instrument providing for the timely payment of the Purchase Price of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, including, but not limited to, a letter of credit, guaranty, standby loan commitment, standby bond purchase agreement or other liquidity facility, or any combination thereof, (i) approved by the Corporation and delivered to the Trustee for the benefit of the owners of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, (ii) replacing the most recent previously existing Liquidity Facility, and (iii) dated as of a date not later than the expiration date of the Liquidity Facility for

which the same is to be substituted; provided that (a) the stated amount of any Liquidity Facility shall equal the sum of (x) the aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds at the time Outstanding, plus (y) an amount at least equal to thirty-four (34) days of interest (at the Maximum Rate with respect to 2023 Series A-3 Bonds other than Bank Bonds) on all 2023 Series A-3 Bonds at the time Outstanding, or such other amount of interest as the Corporation shall determine based on then current rating agency standards, and (b) it must provide for payment of the Purchase Price upon the exercise by any owner of a 2023 Series A-3 Bond of the Demand Purchase Option.

"Article 8-A" means the Article 8-A Loan Program.

"Authorized Officer" means the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, President, First Senior Vice President or any other Senior Vice President of the Corporation and, in the case of any act to be performed or duty to be discharged, any other member, officer or employee of the Corporation then authorized to perform such act or discharge such duty.

"Bank Bond" means any 2023 Series A-3 Bond for which the Purchase Price has been paid with moneys provided under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility.

"Bond" means one of the bonds to be authenticated and delivered pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Bond Counsel's Opinion" means an opinion signed by an attorney or firm of attorneys of nationally recognized standing in the field of law relating to municipal, state and public agency financing, selected by the Corporation and satisfactory to the Trustee.

"Bond owner" or "owner" or words of similar import, when used with reference to a Bond, means any person who shall be the registered owner of any Outstanding Bond.

"Bond Proceeds Account" means the Bond Proceeds Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Bond Year" means a twelve month period ending on the first day of November of any year.

"Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or a Sunday, (b) any day on which banking institutions located in (i) the City of New York, New York, (ii) the city in which the Principal Office of the Trustee is located or (only for purposes of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds) (iii) the city in which the Principal Office of the banking institution at which demands for payment under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility are honored is located are required or authorized by law to close, (c) a day on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed or (d) so long as any Series of Bonds is held in book-entry form, a day on which DTC is closed.

"Cap" means any financial arrangement entered into by the Corporation with an entity which is a cap, floor or collar, or any similar transaction or combination thereof or any option with respect thereto executed by the Corporation for the purpose of limiting its exposure with respect to interest rate fluctuations which has been designated in writing to the Trustee by an Authorized Officer as a Cap. "Cap" shall also include any such financial arrangement described above entered into by the Corporation with an entity, as a replacement of a Cap that has been terminated and which has been so designated in writing to the Trustee by an Authorized Officer.

"Cash Equivalent" means a Letter of Credit, Insurance Policy, Surety, Guaranty or other Security Arrangement (each as defined and provided for in a Supplemental Resolution providing for the issuance of Bonds rated by the Rating Agencies or in another Supplemental Resolution), provided by an institution which has received a rating of its claims paying ability from the Rating Agencies at least equal to the then existing rating on the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) or whose unsecured long-term debt securities are rated at least the then existing rating on the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) (or "A-1+" or "P-1," as applicable, if the Cash Equivalent has a remaining term at the time of acquisition not exceeding one year) by the Rating Agencies; provided, however, that a Cash Equivalent may be provided by an institution which has received a rating of its claims paying ability which is lower than that set forth above or whose unsecured long-term (or short-term) debt securities are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the providing of such Cash Equivalent does not, as of the date it is provided, in and of itself, result in the reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies.

"Cash Flow Certificate" means a Cash Flow Certificate conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution.

"Cash Flow Statement" means a Cash Flow Statement conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution.

"Certificate" means (i) a signed document either attesting to or acknowledging the circumstances, representations or other matters therein stated or set forth or setting forth matters to be determined pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution or (ii) the report of an accountant as to audit or other procedures called for by the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution.

"Certificate Program" means the §421-a Negotiable Certificate Program.

"Change Date" means, with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, (i) each Interest Method Change Date or (ii) each Facility Change Date or (iii) a date not later than twenty-five (25) days after receipt by the Trustee of a "Notice of Termination Date" under the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, which date shall be specified in the notice of the Trustee of the purchase of all 2023 Series A-3 Bonds provided pursuant to the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution, or (iv) each Discretionary Tender Date.

"City" means The City of New York, a municipal corporation organized and existing under and pursuant to the laws of the State.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 or 1986, each as amended from time to time, and as applicable to the Bonds pursuant to Section 1313 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, as amended.

"Cornerstone" means the Cornerstone Program.

"Corporation" means the New York City Housing Development Corporation, or any body, agency or instrumentality of the State which shall hereafter succeed to the powers, duties and functions of the Corporation.

"Corporation Corporate Purposes" means any purpose for which the Corporation may issue bonds pursuant to the Act or other applicable law.

"Costs of Issuance" means all items of expense, directly or indirectly payable or reimbursable by or to the Corporation and related to the authorization, sale and issuance of Bonds, including but not limited to printing costs, costs of preparation and reproduction of documents, filing and recording fees, initial fees and charges of the Trustee, legal fees and charges, fees and disbursements of consultants and professionals, costs of credit ratings, fees and charges for preparation, execution, transportation and safekeeping of Bonds, and any other cost, charge or fee in connection with the original issuance of Bonds.

"Credit Facility" means (i) an unconditional and irrevocable letter of credit in form and drawn on a bank or banks acceptable to the Corporation (which bank or banks must be rated by each of the Rating Agencies in a category at least equal to the rating category of the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) (or "A-1+" or "P-1," as applicable, if the Credit Facility has a remaining term at the time it is provided not exceeding one year); provided, however, that such letter of credit may be provided by a bank or banks whose rating is lower than that set forth above, so long as the providing of such letter of credit does not, as of the date it is provided, in and of itself, result in a reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies, (ii) cash, (iii) a certified or bank check, (iv) Investment Securities, or (v) any other credit facility similar to the above in purpose and effect, including, but not limited to, a guaranty, standby loan or purchase commitment, insurance policy, surety bond or financial security bond or any combination thereof, which is approved by each of the Rating Agencies.

"Credit Facility Provider" means the issuer of or obligor under a Credit Facility.

"Debt Service" means, with respect to any particular Bond Year, an amount equal to the sum of (i) all interest payable on Outstanding Bonds during such Bond Year, plus (ii) any Principal Installments of such Bonds during such Bond Year.

"Debt Service Reserve Account" means the Debt Service Reserve Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement" means as of any date of calculation, the aggregate of the amounts specified as the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for each Series of Bonds in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds; provided, however, that a Supplemental Resolution may provide that the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the Series of Bonds authorized thereunder may be funded, in whole or in part, through Cash Equivalents and such method of funding shall be deemed to satisfy all provisions of the General Resolution with respect to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement and the amounts required to be on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account.

"Demand Purchase Option" means the provision of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for the purchase of any 2023 Series A-3 Bond upon the demand of the owner thereof.

"Discretionary Tender Date" means, with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, a date, specified by the Corporation in a written notice delivered to the Trustee, upon which the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender at the Purchase Price, provided that such date shall not be earlier than fifteen (15) days following receipt by the Trustee of such written notice.

"DTC" means The Depository Trust Company, a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York, and its successors or assigns.

"ELLA" means the Corporation's Extremely Low & Low-Income Affordability Program.

"Escrow Payments" means and includes all amounts whether paid directly to the Corporation or to the servicer of any Mortgage Loan representing payments to obtain or maintain mortgage insurance or any subsidy with respect to a Mortgage Loan or the mortgaged premises or payments in connection with real estate taxes, assessments, water charges, sewer rents, ground rents, fire or other insurance, replacement or operating reserves or other like payments in connection therewith.

"Event of Default" means any of the events specified in the General Resolution as an Event of Default.

"Facility Change Date" means (i) any date on which a new Liquidity Facility replaces a prior Liquidity Facility or (ii) the date which is two (2) Business Days prior to any date on which a Liquidity Facility terminates (except in connection with a "Special Event of Default" under such Liquidity Facility) or expires and is not extended or replaced by a new Liquidity Facility.

"Fannie Mae" means the Federal National Mortgage Association.

"Federal Housing Commissioner" or "FHA Commissioner" means the Secretary of HUD (or successor thereof) or the Federal Housing Commissioner of FHA (or successor thereof) or a duly authorized agent thereof.

"FHA" means the Federal Housing Administration.

"FHA Insurance" means the Federal mortgage insurance authorized pursuant to Section 220, 221(d)(3), 221(d)(4) or 223(f) of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended.

"FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance" means the Federal mortgage insurance authorized pursuant to Section 542(c) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992.

"Freddie Mac" means the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

"General Resolution" means the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on July 27, 1993, and any amendments thereof or supplements thereto made in accordance with its terms.

"GML Article 16" means General Municipal Law Article 16.

"GNMA" means the Government National Mortgage Association.

"GNMA Security" means a mortgage-backed security guaranteed by GNMA as to payments of principal and interest.

"Government Obligations" means (i) direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, including, but not limited to, United States Treasury Obligations, Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) and Coupons Under Book-Entry Safekeeping (CUBES), provided the underlying United States Treasury Obligation is not callable prior to maturity, and (ii) obligations of the Resolution Funding Corporation, including, but not limited to, obligations of the Resolution Funding Corporation stripped by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

"HAC" means the Housing Assistance Corporation.

"HoDAG" means the Housing Development Grant.

"HPD" means the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development.

"HTF" means the New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation.

"HUD" means the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, or any successor thereof.

"HUD Multifamily" means the HUD Multifamily Program.

"Interest Method Change Date" means, with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, any date on which the method of determining the interest rate on the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds changes, as established by the terms and provisions of the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution.

"Interest Payment Date" means any date upon which interest on the Bonds is due and payable in accordance with their terms.

"Interest Rate Cap" means a Cap.

"Investment Securities" means and includes any of the following obligations, to the extent the same are at the time legal for investment of funds of the Corporation under the Act, including the amendments thereto hereafter made, or under other applicable law:

(1) Government Obligations;

(2) any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation issued by any one or combination of the following agencies: GNMA, Federal Farm Credit System Banks, Federal Home Loan Banks, Tennessee Valley Authority and Export-Import Bank of the United States;

(3) any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation issued by Fannie Mae to the extent such obligations are guaranteed by GNMA or issued by any other Federal agency and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America;

(4) any other obligation of the United States of America or any Federal agencies guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America which may then be purchased with funds belonging to the Corporation;

(5) deposits in interest-bearing time or demand deposits, or certificates of deposit, secured by any of the obligations described above or fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor;

(6) any participation certificate of Freddie Mac guaranteeing timely payment of principal and any mortgage-backed securities of Fannie Mae; and

(7) any other investment permitted under the Corporation's investment guidelines adopted August 14, 1984, as amended from time to time.

"LAMP" means the Corporation's Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Program.

"Liquidity Facility" means the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility or Alternate Liquidity, as the case may be, then providing for the timely payment of the Purchase Price of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds.

"Liquidity Provider" means the entity obligated to pay the Purchase Price of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds pursuant to the terms of the Liquidity Facility.

"LIRP" means the Low Income Rental Program.

"Mandatory Purchase Provision" means the provision of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds for the purchase of any 2023 Series A-3 Bond on any Change Date.

"Maximum Rate" means, (i) with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds other than Bank Bonds, ten percent (10%) per annum, and (ii) with respect to 2023 Series A-3 Bonds that are Bank Bonds, fifteen percent (15%) per annum.

"MIRP" means the Mixed Income Rental Program.

"Mitchell-Lama Law" means the Limited-Profit Housing Companies Law, Article 2 of the New York Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds" means, as of April 30, 2023, Bonds, including the 2008 Series C-2 Bonds, a portion of the 2008 Series E Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2008 Series E Mortgage Loans for the Carol Gardens Development, the Esplanade Gardens Development, the Goddard Riverside Development, the RNA House Development, the Washington Square SE Development, the Strycker's Bay Development, the Lincoln Amsterdam Development, the Rosalie Manning Development, the Bethune Tower Development, the Seaview Towers Development and the Castleton Park Development), a portion of the 2008 Series F Bonds (in an amount equal to the Mortgage Loan for the Franklin Place Development and the 2008 Series F Mortgage Loan for the Dayton Towers Coop Development), the 2008 Series J Bonds, the 2008 Series L Bonds, a portion of the 2010 Series G Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2010 Series G Mortgage Loans for the Tivoli Towers Development, the Trinity House Development and the Linden Plaza Development), a portion of the 2010 Series H Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2010 Series H Mortgage Loan for the Cannon Heights Development), the 2010 Series N Bonds, the 2011 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2011 Series F-2 Bonds, the 2011 Series G-2-B Bonds, the 2011 Series H-2-B Bonds, the 2011 Series H-3-B Bonds, the 2012 Series G Bonds, a portion of the 2012 Series I Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2012 Series I Mortgage Loans for the Albert Einstein Development, the Cadman Plaza North Development, the Carol Gardens Development, the Esplanade Gardens Development, the Goddard Riverside Development, the Jefferson Towers Development, the Kingsbridge Arms Development, the Montefiore Hospital II Development, the Riverbend Development, the RNA House Development, the Scott Tower Development, the TriFaith Apartments Development, the Village East Development, the Washington Square SE Development, the Woodstock Terrace Development, the Strycker's Bay Development, the Crown Gardens Development, the Second Atlantic Terminal Development, the Lincoln Amsterdam Development, the Stevenson Commons Development, the Tracey Towers Development, the Ocean Village Development and the Tilden Towers II Development), the 2014 Series E Bonds, a portion of the 2014 Series G-1 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2014 Series G Mortgage Loans for the North Shore Plaza Development), portions of the 2014 Series H-1 Bonds and the 2014 Series H-2 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2014 Series H Mortgage Loans for the Lindville Housing Development, the Sam Burt Houses Development, the Ryerson Towers Development and the Cadman Towers Development), the 2015 Series A-2 Bonds, a portion of the 2015 Series B-1 Bonds and the 2015 Series B-2 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2015 Series B Mortgage Loans for the 1199 Plaza Development, the Cadman Towers Development, the Clinton Towers Development, the Confucius Plaza Development, the Crown Gardens Development, the Nordeck Apartments Development, the Second Atlantic Terminal Development and the Castleton Park Development), a portion of the 2015 Series D-1-A Bonds and the 2015 Series D-1-B Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2015 Series D Mortgage Loans for the Castleton Park Development), the 2015 Series D-2 Bonds, the 2015 Series E-1 Bonds, the 2015 Series E-2 Bonds, a portion of the 2015 Series G-1 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2015 Series G Mortgage Loan for the Essex Terrace Development) and a portion of the 2016 Series G-1 Bonds and the 2016 Series G-2 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2016 Series G Mortgage Loans for the Nordeck Apartments Development, the Tilden Towers I Development and the Scott Tower Development), issued under the Corporation's Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program, including all Bonds issued to refund any of such Bonds.

"Mix and Match" means the Corporation's Mix and Match Program.

"Mixed Income" means the Corporation's Mixed Income Program.

"Mixed-Middle" means the Corporation's Mixed-Middle (M2) Program.

"ML Repair Loan Program" means the Corporation's Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program.

"ML Restructuring Program" means the Corporation's Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program.

"Mortgage" means a mortgage or other instrument securing a Mortgage Loan.

"Mortgage Banker" means the mortgage of record of a mortgage loan that backs a GNMA Security.

"Mortgage Loan" means a loan, evidenced by a note, for a Project, secured by a Mortgage and specified in a Supplemental Resolution as being subject to the lien of the General Resolution; provided, that Mortgage Loan shall also mean a participation by the Corporation with another party or parties, public or private, in a loan made to a Mortgagor with respect to a Project; provided, further, that Mortgage Loan shall also mean an instrument evidencing an ownership in such loans, including, but not limited to, a mortgage-backed security guaranteed by GNMA, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac.

"Mortgage Note" means the note evidencing a Mortgage Loan.

"Mortgagor" means a mortgagor with respect to any Mortgage Loan.

"New HOP" means the Corporation's New Housing Opportunities Program.

"NIBP Series 1 Bonds" means the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), 2009 Series 1, issued pursuant to and secured under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution.

"NIBP Series 1 Resolution" means the One Hundred Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), NIBP Series 1, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on December 3, 2009, as amended.

"NIBP Series 2 Bonds" means the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), 2009 Series 2, issued pursuant to and secured under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution.

"NIBP Series 2 Resolution" means the One Hundred Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), NIBP Series 2, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on December 3, 2009, as amended.

"Outstanding," when used with reference to Bonds, means, as of any date, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all Bonds theretofore or thereupon being authenticated and delivered under the General Resolution, except: (1) any Bond canceled by the Trustee or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation at or prior to such date;

(2) any Bond (or portion of a Bond) for the payment or redemption of which there have been separately set aside and held in a Redemption Account under the General Resolution either:

(a) monies in an amount sufficient to effect payment of the principal or applicable Redemption Price thereof, together with accrued interest on such Bond to the payment date or Redemption Date, which payment date or Redemption Date shall be specified in irrevocable instructions to the Trustee to apply such monies to such payment or redemption on the date so specified; or

(b) Government Obligations, as described in the section of the General Resolution entitled "Defeasance," in such principal amounts, of such maturities, bearing such interest and otherwise having such terms and qualifications as shall be necessary to provide monies in an amount sufficient to effect payment of the principal or applicable Redemption Price of such Bond, together with accrued interest on such Bond to the payment date or Redemption Date, which payment date or Redemption Date shall be specified in irrevocable instructions to the Trustee to apply such monies to such payment or redemption on the date so specified; or

(c) any combination of (a) and (b) above;

(3) any Bond in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the General Resolution; and

(4) any Bond deemed to have been paid as described in the section of the General Resolution entitled "Defeasance."

"Permitted Encumbrances" means such liens, encumbrances, reservations, easements, rights of way and other clouds on title as do not impair the use or value of the premises or such other liens, encumbrances, reservations, easements, rights of way and other clouds on title as are specified in a Supplemental Resolution with respect to a Mortgage Loan.

"Pledged Receipts" means, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, (i) the scheduled or other payments required by any Mortgage Loan and paid to or to be paid to the Corporation from any source, including, but not limited to, interest, rent or other subsidy payments, and including both timely and delinquent payments, (ii) accrued interest received at the sale of Bonds and (iii) all income earned or gain realized in excess of losses suffered on any investment or deposit of monies in the Accounts established and maintained pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution, or monies provided by the Corporation and held in trust for the benefit of the Bond owners pursuant to the General Resolution, but shall not mean or include amounts required to be deposited into the Rebate Fund, Recoveries of Principal, any payments with respect to any Mortgage Loan received prior to the date that Revenues therefrom are pledged under the General Resolution, Escrow Payments, late charges, administrative fees, if any, of the Corporation or any amount retained by the servicer (which may include the Corporation) of any Mortgage Loan, as financing, servicing, extension or settlement fees.*

^{*} The 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution each provide that (i) with respect to any Acquired Project, Acquired Project Net Operating Income shall constitute Pledged Receipts, (ii) with respect to the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans, any prepayment premiums or penalties shall not constitute Pledged Receipts, (iii) with respect to the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans (other than any such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans while insured by FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance), amounts obtained under a letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing any such Mortgage

"PLP" means the Participation Loan Program.

"Preservation" means the Corporation's Preservation Program.

"Principal Installment" means, as of any date of calculation, (i) the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds due on a certain future date, reduced by the aggregate principal amount of such Bonds which would be retired by reason of the payment when due and application in accordance with the General Resolution of Sinking Fund Payments payable before such future date plus (ii) the unsatisfied balance, determined as provided in the General Resolution, of any Sinking Fund Payments due on such certain future date, together with the aggregate amount of the premiums, if any, applicable on such future date upon the redemption of such Bonds by application of such Sinking Fund Payments in a principal amount equal to said unsatisfied balance.

"Principal Office", when used with respect to the Trustee shall mean The Bank of New York Mellon, 240 Greenwich Street, Floor 7E, New York, New York 10286, Attention: New York Municipal Finance Unit, when used with respect to the Tender Agent shall mean the same address as that of the Trustee or the address of any successor Tender Agent appointed in accordance with the terms of the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution or 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution, when used with respect to the Remarketing Agent shall have the meaning set forth in the Remarketing Agreement and when used with respect to a Liquidity Provider shall have the meaning set forth in the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Facility, or such other offices designated to the Corporation in writing by the Trustee, the Tender Agent, the Remarketing Agent or the 2023 Series A-3 Liquidity Provider, as the case may be.

"Project" means any multi-family housing development or other facility financeable by the Corporation under the Act or other applicable law and approved by the Corporation.

"Purchase Price" means an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of any Bond that is subject to mandatory tender for purchase, plus, unless the Purchase Price is to be paid on an Interest Payment Date (in which case interest will be paid in the normal manner), accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the date of purchase.

"Rating Agencies" means, collectively, (i) Standard & Poor's Corporation or any successor thereto ("S&P") when the Bonds are rated by S&P and (ii) Moody's Investors Service Inc. or any successor thereto ("Moody's") when the Bonds are rated by Moody's or, if neither S&P nor Moody's is maintaining a rating on the Bonds, then any other nationally recognized rating agency when the Bonds are rated by such agency, pursuant to a request for a rating by the Corporation.

"Rebate Amount" means, with respect to a particular Series of Bonds, the amount, if any, required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund in order to comply with the tax covenants contained in the General Resolution.

Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement in the event of a default on such Mortgage Loan with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, including the applicable 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, shall constitute Pledged Receipts, (iv) with respect to any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan insured by SONYMA Insurance, amounts obtained pursuant to such SONYMA Insurance, with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, shall constitute Pledged Receipts, (v) with respect to the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans and any Federal subsidy payments pursuant to Section 236 of the United States Housing Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, with respect thereto, only Federal subsidy payments duly and properly paid and actually received by or on behalf of the Corporation or the Trustee pursuant to Section 236 of the United States Housing Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, shall constitute Pledged Receipts and (vi) with respect to the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans, the payment in whole or in part of a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans, the payment in whole or in part of a 2023 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment in the corporation of the 2023 Series G Mortgage Loans, the payment in whole or in part of a 2023 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment in the sixty (60) days prior to the maturity date of the 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds of the applicable Series and maturity shall constitute Pledged Receipts.

"Rebate Fund" means the Rebate Fund established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Record Date" means with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Business Day immediately preceding any Interest Payment Date, and with respect to the 2023 Series A-1 Bonds, the 2023 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, the fifteenth (15th) day next preceding an Interest Payment Date.

"Recoveries of Principal" means, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all amounts received by the Corporation as a recovery of the principal amount disbursed by the Corporation in connection with any Mortgage Loan, including any premium or penalty with respect thereto, on account of (i) the advance payment of amounts to become due pursuant to such Mortgage Loan, at the option of the Mortgagor, (ii) the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition thereof, (iii) the acceleration of payments due thereunder or other remedial proceedings taken in the event of the default thereon, (iv) proceeds of any insurance award resulting from the damage or destruction of a Project which are required to be applied to payment of a Mortgage Note pursuant to a Mortgage, (v) proceeds of any condemnation award resulting from the taking by condemnation (or by agreement of interested parties in lieu of condemnation) by any governmental body or by any person, firm, or corporation acting under governmental authority, of title to or any interest in or the temporary use of, a Project or any portion thereof, which proceeds are required to be applied to payment of a Mortgage Note pursuant to a Mortgage or (vi) proceeds of any mortgage insurance or credit enhancement with respect to a Mortgage Loan which is in default.*

"Redemption Account" means the Redemption Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Redemption Date" means the date or dates upon which Bonds are to be called for redemption pursuant to the General Resolution or the applicable Supplemental Resolution.

"Redemption Price" means, with respect to any Bonds, the principal amount thereof plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof.

"Remarketing Agent" means, with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, TD Securities (USA) LLC and its successors and assigns appointed in accordance with the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution.

"Remarketing Agreement" means, with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Remarketing Agreement, dated the date of initial issuance of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, by and between the Corporation

The 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution each provide that (i) with respect to any Acquired Project, the proceeds of sale of such Acquired Project shall constitute Recoveries of Principal, (ii) with respect to the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans, any prepayment premiums or penalties shall not constitute Recoveries of Principal, (iii) with respect to the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans (other than any such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans while insured by FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance), amounts obtained under a letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing any such Mortgage Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement, in the event of a default on such Mortgage Loan, other than with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, shall constitute Recoveries of Principal, (iv) with respect to any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, (x) the advance payment of principal amounts to become due with respect to such Mortgage Loan, at the option of the Mortgagor or at the option or direction of the Federal Housing Administration, and (y) proceeds of FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, shall constitute Recoveries of Principal, (v) with respect to any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan insured by SONYMA Insurance, amounts obtained pursuant to such SONYMA Insurance, other than with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, shall constitute Recoveries of Principal and (vi) with respect to the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans, the payment in whole or in part of a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment prior to the day that is sixty (60) days prior to the maturity date of the 2023 Bonds or 2022 Series G Bonds of the applicable Series and maturity shall constitute Recoveries of Principal.

and the Remarketing Agent, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time, or any replacement thereof.

"REMIC" means the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation, a subsidiary corporation of the Corporation.

"REMIC Insurance" means the partial mortgage insurance for multi-family rental housing Developments issued by REMIC.

"Revenue Account" means the Revenue Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Revenues" means the Pledged Receipts and Recoveries of Principal.

"Section 236 Contract" means a periodic interest reduction payment contract authorized by Section 236 of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended.

"Series" means any Series of Bonds issued pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Sinking Fund Payment" means, with respect to a particular Series, as of any particular date of calculation, the amount required to be paid in all events by the Corporation on a single future date for the retirement of Outstanding Bonds which mature after said future date, but does not include any amount payable by the Corporation by reason of the maturity of a Bond or by call for redemption at the election of the Corporation.

"SONYMA" means the State of New York Mortgage Agency, a corporate governmental agency of the State of New York constituting a political subdivision and public benefit corporation established under the SONYMA Act.

"SONYMA Act" means the State of New York Mortgage Agency Act, constituting Chapter 612 of the Laws of New York, 1970, as amended.

"SONYMA Insurance" means the mortgage insurance for multi-family rental housing developments authorized pursuant to the SONYMA Act.

"State" means the State of New York.

"Subordinate Bonds" means any Bonds which, pursuant to the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds, are secured by a subordinate charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under the General Resolution.

"Subordinate Loan/Grant Programs" means the AHPLP, LAMP, ELLA, Preservation, ML Repair Loan Program, Mix and Match, Mixed Income, Mixed-Middle, New HOP, PLP, Article 8-A, Certificate Program, LIRP (formerly known as MIRP), GML Article 16 programs, HoDAG programs, certain programs of HTF and subsidies through HAC.

"Subsidy Programs" means (a) the Mitchell-Lama program authorized by Article 2 of the New York Private Housing Finance Law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the related ML Restructuring Program, (b) the interest reduction subsidies authorized by Section 236 of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended, pursuant to Section 236 Contracts, (c) the housing assistance payment program authorized by Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, (d) various subordinate loan programs of the Corporation such as AHPLP, LAMP, ELLA, Preservation, ML Repair

Loan Program, Mix and Match, Mixed Income, Mixed-Middle and New HOP, (e) various Federal, State and other local subordinate grant or loan programs such as PLP, Article 8-A, Certificate Program, LIRP (formerly known as MIRP), GML Article 16 programs, HoDAG programs and certain programs of HTF, and (f) subsidies through HAC.

"Supplemental Resolution" means any resolution supplemental to or amendatory of the General Resolution, adopted by the Corporation and effective in accordance with the General Resolution.

"Supplemental Security" means (a) mortgage insurance provided by (i) FHA, including FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, (ii) REMIC and (iii) SONYMA, (b) mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by GNMA, (c) a credit enhancement instrument by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac securing a Mortgage Loan, (d) a risk share credit enhancement instrument by Freddie Mac securing a Mortgage Loan and (e) bank letters of credit securing Mortgage Loans.

"Tender Agent" means The Bank of New York Mellon, a New York banking corporation, and its successors and assigns appointed in accordance with the applicable 2023 Supplemental Resolution or 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution.

"Tender Agent Agreement" means, with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, the Tender Agent Agreement, dated the date of initial issuance of the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, by and among the Corporation, the Trustee, the Tender Agent and the Remarketing Agent, as the same may be amended or supplemented from time to time, or any replacement thereof.

"TPT" means the Third Party Transfer Program.

"Trustee" means the trustee designated as Trustee in the General Resolution and its successor or successors and any other person at any time substituted in its place pursuant to the General Resolution.

"2005 Series J Participant Interest" means the Participant Interest in the Participated Assets purchased with the proceeds of the 2005 Series J Bonds (all as defined in the 2005 Series J Participation Agreement).

"2005 Series J Participation Agreement" means the Participation Agreement by and between the Corporation and the City, dated the date of issuance of the 2005 Series J Bonds, as amended.

"2011 Participant Interest" means the Participant Interest in the Participated Assets purchased with the proceeds of the 2011 Series F-1 Bonds and the 2011 Series F-2 Bonds (all as defined in the 2011 Participation Agreement).

"2011 Participation Agreement" means the Participation Agreement by and between the Corporation and the City, dated the date of issuance of the 2011 Series F-1 Bonds and the 2011 Series F-2 Bonds, as amended.

"2014 Series B Mortgage Loan" or "2014 Series B Participant Interest" means, collectively (i) a 100% participation interest of the Corporation in certain permanent mortgage loans for multi-family housing developments (the "2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans"), (ii) a 100% participation interest of the Corporation in a portion of the cash flow derived from the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Multifamily Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate, Series 1996M-1 (the "Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate"), at a pass-through rate of 0.99%, as of July 31, 2014, which certificate evidences a beneficial ownership interest in the Class B Sheridan Trust Multifamily Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate, Series 1995M-1, which certificate, in turn, represents a beneficial ownership interest in certain permanent mortgage loans (the

"2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans") excluding certain voting rights with respect to the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate, (iii) all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans under the servicing agreements with respect to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans, and (iv) all rights of the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2002-2 and the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2002-2 and the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2003-1, each a Delaware statutory trust (each a "Facilitation Trust"), under the Purchase and Sale Agreements between the City and each Facilitation Trust, pursuant to which the City assigned the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans and the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate to the applicable Facilitation Trust.

"2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the definition of "2014 Series B Mortgage Loan."

"2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the definition of "2014 Series B Mortgage Loan."

"2018 Series B Mortgage Loan" or "2018 Series B Participant Interest" means a 100% participation interest (the "2018 Series B Participant Interest") in certain specified mortgage loans and all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of such mortgage loans under the servicing agreements with respect to such mortgage loans, under the Participation Agreement between the Corporation and the City.

"Voluntary Sale Proceeds" means the proceeds of the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of any Mortgage Loan (including any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan), except a sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution in the event of a default under the General Resolution or made when, in the sole judgment of the Corporation, such Mortgage Loan is in default.

"Weekly Effective Rate Date" means, with respect to the 2023 Series A-3 Bonds, Thursday of each week.

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL RESOLUTION

Set forth below are abridged or summarized excerpts of certain sections of the General Resolution. In some instances, the General Resolution permits the modification of certain of its provisions by a Supplemental Resolution relating to a specific Series of Bonds. Certain modifications to the General Resolution, which have been made with respect to the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds by the provisions of the 2023 Supplemental Resolutions and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution, have also been summarized below. The excerpts set forth below do not purport to be complete or to cover all sections of the General Resolution. Reference is made to the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolutions relating to each Series of Bonds, copies of which are on file with the Corporation and the Trustee, for a complete statement of the rights, duties and obligations of the Corporation, the Trustee and the Bond owners thereunder.

Contract With Bond Owners-Security for Bonds-Limited Obligation

In consideration of the purchase and acceptance of the Bonds by those who shall own the same from time to time, the provisions of the General Resolution shall be deemed to be and shall constitute a contract among the Corporation, the Trustee and the owners from time to time of such Bonds. The pledges and assignments made in the General Resolution and the provisions, covenants and agreements therein set forth to be performed by or on behalf of the Corporation shall be for the benefit, protection and security of the owners of any and all of such Bonds, each of which, regardless of the time of its issue or maturity, shall be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction over any other thereof except as expressly provided in the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds. The Corporation pledges the Revenues and all amounts held in any Account established under the General Resolution to the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds, subject to provisions permitting the use and application of such amounts for stated purposes, as provided in the General Resolution; provided, however, that notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, also pledge such Revenues and amounts to one or more Credit Facility Providers who have provided Credit Facilities to secure such Series of Bonds and such further pledge may be either on a parity with or subordinate to the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds, all as set forth in such Supplemental Resolution; and provided further, however, that the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, provide that amounts in an Account established pursuant to such Supplemental Resolution be excluded from the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds or otherwise limit such pledge with respect to such Account. The foregoing pledge does not include amounts on deposit in or required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund. The Bonds shall be special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues and assets pledged therefor pursuant to the General Resolution.

Provisions for Issuance of Bonds

In order to provide sufficient funds for financing the Corporation Corporate Purposes, Bonds of the Corporation are authorized to be issued without limitation as to amount except as may be provided by law. The Bonds shall be executed by the Corporation for issuance and delivered to the Trustee and thereupon shall be authenticated by the Trustee and delivered to the Corporation or upon its order, but only upon the receipt by the Trustee of, among other things:

(a) a Bond Counsel's Opinion to the effect that (i) the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolution have been duly adopted by the Corporation and are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms (except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights and remedies and is subject to general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law)); (ii) the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution create the valid pledge and lien which they purport to create of and on the Revenues and all the Accounts established under the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution and securities on deposit therein, subject to the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions permitted by the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution; and (iii) upon the execution, authentication and delivery thereof, such Bonds will have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with the laws of the State, including the Act as amended to the date of such Opinion, and in accordance with the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution; and such Supplemental Resolution;

(b) a written order as to the delivery of such Bonds, signed by an Authorized Officer;

(c) the amount of the proceeds of such Bonds to be deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution;

and

(d) a Cash Flow Statement conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution;

(e) except with respect to the initial Series of Bonds issued under the General Resolution, confirmation of the then existing rating on the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by each of the Rating Agencies.

Refunding Bonds

Refunding Bonds of the Corporation may be issued under and secured by the General Resolution, subject to the conditions provided in the General Resolution, from time to time, for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for (i) redeeming (or purchasing in lieu of redemption) prior to their maturity or maturities, or retiring at their maturity or maturities, all or any part of the Outstanding Bonds of any Series, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon (or premium, to the extent permitted by law, included in the purchase price, if purchased in lieu of redemption), (ii) making any required deposits to the Debt Service Reserve Account, (iii) if deemed necessary by the Corporation, paying the interest to accrue on the refunding Bonds or refunded Bonds to the date fixed for their redemption (or purchase) and (iv) paying any expenses in connection with such refunding. Before such Bonds shall be issued, the Corporation shall adopt a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance and sale of such Bonds, fixing the amount and the details thereof, describing the Bonds to be redeemed and setting forth determinations required by the General Resolution.

Except as otherwise provided in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of refunding Bonds, refunding Bonds shall be on a parity with and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security of the General Resolution as all other Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) issued under the General Resolution, provided, however, a Supplemental Resolution may provide for differences in the maturities thereof or the Interest Payment Dates or the rate or rates of interest or the provisions for redemption.

Before any Series of refunding Bonds shall be authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, there shall be on file with the Trustee, among other things, the following:

(a) the documents specified under the heading "Provisions for Issuance of Bonds";

(b) a certificate of an Authorized Officer stating that the proceeds (excluding accrued interest but including any premium) of such refunding Bonds, together with any monies which have been made available to the Trustee for the purpose of paying Debt Service, or the principal of and the interest on the investment of such proceeds or any such monies, will be not less than an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and the redemption premium, if any, on the Bonds to be refunded and the interest which will become due and payable on or prior to the date of their payment or redemption and the expenses in connection with such refunding and to make any required deposits to the Debt Service Reserve Account; and

(c) if all or part of the refunded Bonds are to be redeemed prior to maturity, irrevocable instructions from an Authorized Officer to the Trustee to redeem the applicable Bonds.

The proceeds of such refunding Bonds and the investment income therefrom shall, to the extent practicable, be invested and reinvested by the Trustee, with the approval of the Corporation in Investment Securities, and the monies so invested shall be available for use when required.

Application and Disbursement of Bond Proceeds

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution, the proceeds of sale of a Series of Bonds, shall, as soon as practicable upon the delivery of such Bonds by the Trustee, be applied as follows:

(1) the amount, if any, received at such time as a premium above the aggregate principal amount of such Bonds shall be applied as specified in the Certificate of an Authorized Officer, and such portion of the amount, if any, received as accrued interest shall be deposited in the Revenue Account as shall be directed by an Authorized Officer;

(2) with respect to any Series issued for the purpose of refunding Bonds or any other bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or other entity, the amount, if any, required to pay Costs of Issuance, as designated by an Authorized Officer, shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account;

(3) with respect to any Series issued for the purpose of refunding Bonds or any other bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or other entity, the balance remaining after such deposits have been made as specified in (1) and (2) above shall be applied as specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series;

(4) the amount, if any, necessary to cause the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account to equal the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement immediately following the time of such delivery shall be deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Account together with such additional amount, if any, as may be specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds; and

(5) the balance remaining after such deposits have been made shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account.

Except as otherwise provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution, amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account shall not be disbursed for financing a Mortgage Loan, including either advances during construction or permanent financing thereof, unless, among other things, (1) the instrument evidencing such

Mortgage Loan and the Mortgage and any other document securing such Mortgage Loan shall have been duly executed and delivered and, in the opinion of counsel, who may be counsel to the Mortgagor, constitute valid and binding agreements between the parties thereto enforceable in accordance with their terms, except as such enforcement may be limited by operation of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting the rights and remedies of creditors; (2) there shall have been filed with the Trustee, an opinion of counsel, who may be counsel to the Corporation, to the effect that such Mortgage Loan complies with all provisions of the Act or otherwise applicable law and the General Resolution; (3) the Mortgage is the subject of a policy of title insurance, in an amount not less than the amount of the unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loan, insuring in favor of the Corporation, a mortgage lien (which need not be a first mortgage lien, if so provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution), subject only to Permitted Encumbrances, on the real property securing the Mortgage Loan; and (4) the Project is insured against loss by fire and other hazards as required by the Corporation.

Deposits and Investments

Any amounts that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution and held by the Trustee in any Accounts under or pursuant to the General Resolution may be invested in Investment Securities. In computing the amount in any Account, obligations purchased as an investment of monies therein shall be valued at amortized value or if purchased at par, at par.

Upon receipt of written instructions from an Authorized Officer, the Trustee shall exchange any coin or currency of the United States of America or Investment Securities held by it pursuant to the General Resolution or any Supplemental Resolution for any other coin or currency of the United States of America or Investment Securities of like amount.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee with funds that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution must, as of the date of such purchase, be rated by each of the Rating Agencies in a category at least equal to the rating category of the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) (or "A-1+" or "P-1," as applicable if the Investment Security has a remaining term at the time it is provided not exceeding one year); provided, however, that the Trustee may purchase Investment Securities that are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the purchase of such Investment Securities does not, as of the date of such purchase, in and of itself, result in a reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies.

Establishment of Accounts

The General Resolution establishes the following special trust accounts to be held and maintained by the Trustee in accordance with the General Resolution:

- (1) Bond Proceeds Account;
- (2) Revenue Account;
- (3) Redemption Account; and
- (4) Debt Service Reserve Account.

Bond Proceeds Account

There shall be deposited from time to time in the Bond Proceeds Account any proceeds of the sale of Bonds representing principal or premium or other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts determined by the Corporation to be deposited therein from time to time. Upon the issuance, sale and delivery of any Series of Bonds pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation shall establish on the books of the Corporation a separate sub-account designated "_____ Series _____ Bond Proceeds Sub-Account" (inserting therein the appropriate series and other necessary designation). Upon payment of any amounts from the Bond Proceeds Account, such payments shall be charged to the appropriate Bond Proceeds Sub-Account on the books of the Corporation.

Amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account shall be expended only (i) to finance one or more of the Corporation Corporate Purposes, including but not limited to, the financing of Mortgage Loans, in accordance with the General Resolution, which may include making Mortgage Loans, acquiring Mortgage Loans or refinancing Mortgage Loans; (ii) to pay Costs of Issuance; (iii) to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds when due, in accordance with the General Resolution, to the extent amounts in the Revenue Account are insufficient for such purpose; (iv) to purchase or redeem Bonds in accordance with the General Resolution; (v) to pay, purchase or redeem bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or any other entity in accordance with the General Resolution; and (vi) if so provided in a Supplemental Resolution, to reimburse a Credit Facility Provider for amounts obtained under a Credit Facility for the purposes described in clauses (iii), (iv) or (v) of this paragraph.

At least one day prior to each Interest Payment Date the Corporation shall deliver to the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer setting forth the amounts necessary and available to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds from the amount on deposit in the Bond Proceeds Account, after giving effect to the actual and expected application of amounts therein to the financing of the Corporation Corporate Purposes as of the date of such Certificate, the amount on deposit for such use in the Revenue Account, and any other amount available for such use pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution. On each Interest Payment Date the Trustee shall transfer the amounts so stated to the Revenue Account.

If so provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, the Corporation may direct the Trustee in writing to transfer amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account to fund the payment, purchase or redemption of bonds, notes or other obligations, which may include interest thereon, theretofore issued by the Corporation or any other entity upon receipt by the Trustee of a written requisition setting forth (i) the issue of bonds, notes or other obligations with respect to which the transfer is to be made, and (ii) the amount of the transfer.

Revenue Account

The Corporation shall cause all Pledged Receipts to be deposited promptly with the Trustee in the Revenue Account. There shall also be deposited in the Revenue Account any other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution. Earnings on all Accounts established under the General Resolution not required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund shall be deposited, as realized, in the Revenue Account.

The Trustee shall pay out of the Revenue Account (i) on or before each Interest Payment Date, the amounts required for the payment of the Principal Installments, if any, and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date, and (ii) on or before the Redemption Date or date of purchase, the amounts required for the payment of accrued interest on Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed or purchased on such date unless the payment of such accrued interest shall be otherwise provided for, and in each such case, such amounts

shall be applied by the Trustee to such payments; provided, however, that if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to make the payments referred to in this paragraph, then amounts in the Revenue Account which would have otherwise been used to make such payments may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Any amount accumulated in the Revenue Account up to the unsatisfied balance of each Sinking Fund Payment may, and if so directed in writing by the Corporation shall, be applied (together with amounts accumulated in the Revenue Account with respect to interest on the Bonds for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established) by the Trustee prior to the forty-fifth day preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Payment (i) to the purchase of Bonds of the maturity for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the Redemption Price plus accrued interest, or (ii) to the redemption of such Bonds, if then redeemable by their terms, at the Redemption Prices referred to above; provided, however, that the purchase of such Bonds may be at prices exceeding that set forth in clause (i) of this paragraph if the Corporation shall have filed with the Trustee a Cash Flow Statement pursuant to the General Resolution, and provided further, however, that if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to make the purchases referred to in this paragraph, then amounts in the Revenue Account which would have otherwise been used to make such purchases may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Except as otherwise provided in an applicable Supplemental Resolution, upon the purchase or redemption of any Bond for which Sinking Fund Payments have been established from amounts in the Revenue Account, an amount equal to the principal amount of the Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the Bonds of such maturity and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer at the time of such purchase or redemption.

As soon as practicable after the forty-fifth day preceding the due date of any such Sinking Fund Payment, the Trustee shall call for redemption on such due date, Bonds of the maturity for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established in such amount as shall be necessary to complete the retirement of a principal amount of Bonds equal to the unsatisfied balance of such Sinking Fund Payment. The Trustee shall so call such Bonds for redemption whether or not it then has monies in the Revenue Account sufficient to pay the applicable Redemption Price thereof on the Redemption Date.

On each Interest Payment Date, the Trustee shall transfer from the Revenue Account (i) first, to the Debt Service Reserve Account, an amount equal to the amount necessary to be transferred to such Account in order that the amount on deposit therein be equal to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement (or such lesser amount as may be available), (ii) second, to the Bond Proceeds Account, such amount as the Corporation determines is required to finance Corporation Corporate Purposes, as evidenced by a Certificate of an Authorized Officer, (iii) third, if so directed by the Corporation, to the Trustee, an amount equal to the Trustee's unpaid fees and expenses, (iv) fourth, if so directed by the Corporation, to any Credit Facility Providers, an amount equal to any fees due and owing to such Credit Facility Providers, (v) fifth, to the Corporation, an amount equal to the administrative fee, if any, of the Corporation, to the extent unpaid and (vi) sixth, to the entities providing Investment Securities with respect to the Accounts or any arrangements or agreements with respect thereto, amounts equal to the fees due and payable on or before the next succeeding Interest Payment Date to such entities, as designated in a Certificate of an Authorized Officer. At any time after the transfers described in (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi) above have been made, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution, the Corporation may, upon the written request

of an Authorized Officer and upon filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate pursuant to the General Resolution, withdraw free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution any amount remaining in the Revenue Account.

Notwithstanding any other provision under this heading, the Trustee may at any time make transfers from the Revenue Account, upon the written direction of an Authorized Officer, to the Redemption Account for the purposes of such Account. No such transfer shall be made, however, unless there is on deposit in the Revenue Account after such transfer an amount equal to the Debt Service accrued on all Outstanding Bonds as of the date of such transfer.

Notwithstanding any other provision under this heading, no payments shall be required to be made into the Revenue Account so long as the amount on deposit therein shall be sufficient to pay all Outstanding Bonds (including the Sinking Fund Payments for the retirement thereof) in accordance with their terms, and any Revenues thereafter received by the Corporation may be applied to any corporate purpose of the Corporation free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

Redemption Account

There shall be deposited in the Redemption Account all amounts which are required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts available therefor and determined by the Corporation to be deposited therein. Subject to the provisions of the General Resolution or of any Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, requiring the application thereof to the payment, purchase or redemption of any particular Bonds, the Trustee shall apply any amounts deposited in the Redemption Account to the purchase or redemption of Bonds at the times and in the manner provided in the General Resolution.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to purchase or redeem Bonds, then amounts in the Redemption Account which would otherwise have been used for such purposes may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Debt Service Reserve Account

There shall be deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Account all amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts received and determined to be deposited therein by the Corporation.

Amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account shall be applied, to the extent other funds are not available therefor pursuant to the General Resolution and the applicable Supplemental Resolution, to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds when due, whether by call for redemption or otherwise.

Whenever the amount in the Debt Service Reserve Account exceeds the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement, the amount of such excess, upon the direction of the Corporation, shall be transferred to the Revenue Account.

Monies in the Debt Service Reserve Account may, and at the direction of the Corporation shall, be withdrawn by the Trustee and deposited in the Redemption Account for the purchase or redemption of Bonds at any time, provided that subsequent to such purchase or redemption the amount in the Debt Service Reserve Account will not be less than the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement.

If on any Interest Payment Date or Redemption Date for the Bonds the amount in the Revenue Account and the Redemption Account, as applicable, shall be less than the amount required for the payment of the Principal Installments and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date, the Trustee shall apply amounts from the Debt Service Reserve Account to the extent necessary to make good the deficiency.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on Bonds, then amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Account which would otherwise have been used for such purposes may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

The 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution provide that, with respect to the 2023 Bonds and the 2022 Series G Bonds, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, the Corporation may, at any time, provide to the Trustee one or more Cash Equivalents for deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account with respect to such Series of Bonds. In the event any such Cash Equivalents are so provided (other than in connection with the initial issuance of the applicable Series of Bonds, or to replenish the Debt Service Reserve Account) in replacement of funds on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account, the Trustee shall make such deposit and transfer funds in an equivalent amount from the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Revenue Account.

Rebate Fund

The General Resolution also establishes the Rebate Fund as a special trust account to be held and maintained by the Trustee. Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution with respect to an Account established thereunder which is not pledged to the payment of the Bonds or to any Credit Facility Provider in connection with a Credit Facility securing one or more Series of Bonds, earnings on all Accounts required to be deposited into the Rebate Fund shall be deposited, at least as frequently as the end of each fifth Bond Year and at the time that the last Bond that is part of the Series for which a Rebate Amount is required is discharged, into the Rebate Fund.

The Rebate Fund and the amounts deposited therein shall not be subject to a security interest, pledge, assignment, lien or charge in favor of the Trustee or any Bond owner or any other person other than as set forth in the General Resolution.

The Trustee, upon the receipt of a certification of the Rebate Amount from an Authorized Officer, shall deposit in the Rebate Fund at least as frequently as the end of each fifth Bond Year and at the time that the last Bond that is part of the Series for which a Rebate Amount is required is discharged, an amount such that the amount held in the Rebate Fund after such deposit is equal to the Rebate Amount calculated as of such time of calculation. The amount deposited in the Rebate Fund pursuant to the previous sentence shall be deposited from amounts withdrawn from the Revenue Account, and to the extent such amounts are not available in the Revenue Account, directly from earnings on the Accounts.

Amounts on deposit in the Rebate Fund shall be invested in the same manner as amounts on deposit in the Accounts, except as otherwise specified by an Authorized Officer to the extent necessary to comply with the tax covenant set forth in the General Resolution, and except that the income or interest earned and gains realized in excess of losses suffered by the Rebate Fund due to the investment thereof shall be deposited in or credited to the Rebate Fund from time to time and reinvested. In the event that, on any date of calculation of the Rebate Amount, the amount on deposit in the Rebate Fund exceeds the Rebate Amount, the Trustee, upon the receipt of written instructions from an Authorized Officer, shall withdraw such excess amount and deposit it in the Revenue Account.

The Trustee, upon the receipt of written instructions and certification of the Rebate Amount from an Authorized Officer, shall pay to the United States, out of amounts in the Rebate Fund, (i) not less frequently than once each five (5) years after the date of original issuance of each Series for which a Rebate Amount is required, an amount such that, together with prior amounts paid to the United States, the total paid to the United States is equal to 90% of the Rebate Amount with respect to each Series for which a Rebate Amount is required as of the date of such payment, and (ii) notwithstanding the provisions of the General Resolution, not later than sixty (60) days after the date on which all Bonds of a Series for which a Rebate Amount is required have been paid in full, 100% of the Rebate Amount as of the date of payment.

Payment of Bonds

The Corporation covenants that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid, as provided in the General Resolution, the principal or Redemption Price of every Bond and the interest thereon, at the dates and places and in the manner stated in the Bonds, according to the true intent and meaning thereof and shall duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid all Sinking Fund Payments, if any, becoming payable with respect to any of the Bonds.

Tax Covenants

The following covenants are made solely for the benefit of the owners of, and shall be applicable solely to, any Bonds as designated in a Supplemental Resolution, to which the Corporation intends that the following covenants shall apply.

The Corporation shall at all times do and perform all acts and things necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Bonds shall be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, except in the event that the owner of any such Bond is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed by the Bonds or a "related person" within the meaning of the Code.

The Corporation shall not permit at any time or times any of the proceeds of the Bonds or any other funds of the Corporation to be used directly or indirectly to acquire any securities or obligations or other investment property, the acquisition of which would cause any Bond to be an "arbitrage bond" as defined in Section 148(a) of the Code.

Except as otherwise permitted in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, the Corporation shall not permit any person or "related person" (as defined in the Code) to purchase Bonds in an amount related to the Mortgage Loan to be acquired by the Corporation from such person or "related person."

Pursuant to the provisions of supplemental resolutions for Bonds the interest on which is included in gross income for Federal income tax purposes, the Corporation has provided that the provisions under this heading do not apply to such Bonds.

Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans

The Corporation pledges for the benefit of the Bond owners all of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loans, which pledge shall be valid and binding from and after the date of adoption of the General Resolution. Such Mortgage Loans shall immediately be subject to the lien of such pledge without

any physical delivery thereof or further act, and the lien of such pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the Corporation, irrespective of whether such parties have notice thereof. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, (i) also pledge one or more Mortgage Loans for the benefit of one or more Credit Facility Providers who have provided Credit Facilities to secure such Series of Bonds and such further pledge may be either on a parity with or subordinate to the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds, all as set forth in such Supplemental Resolution or (ii) provide that any or all of the mortgage loans financed by the Series of Bonds authorized pursuant to such Supplemental Resolution be excluded from the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds or otherwise limit such pledge with respect to such mortgage loans. In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing, any Mortgage Loan pledged under the General Resolution may, at the written direction of the Corporation, be released from such pledge upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement pursuant to the General Resolution. Upon the happening of an event of default specified under the heading "Events of Default," the written request of the Trustee or the owners of not less than twenty-five per centum (25%) in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), the Corporation shall effectuate the assignment and deliver the Mortgage Loans to the Trustee. If, however, the Trustee and the Bond owners are restored to their positions in accordance with the General Resolution, the Trustee shall assign such Mortgage Loans with respect thereto back to the Corporation.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, pursuant to the Supplemental Resolutions authorizing the issuance of Outstanding Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds, at such time as no Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are Outstanding, the subordinate Mortgage Loans listed in "Appendix D-1—Table 3: ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of April 30, 2023" shall be released from the pledge set forth in the foregoing paragraph without the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate.

With respect to any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, the 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution provide that no assignment or reassignment of such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan as described in the second preceding paragraph shall be permitted so long as such FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance is in effect with respect to such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage of record and as party to a risk sharing agreement with HUD with respect to rights, benefits and obligations of the Corporation under the FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance contract.

In order to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on the Bonds when due, the Corporation shall, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, from time to time, with all practical dispatch and in a sound and economical manner consistent in all respects with the Act, any other applicable law, the provisions of the General Resolution and sound banking practices and principles, (i) use and apply the proceeds of the Bonds, to the extent not reasonably or otherwise required for other purposes of the kind permitted by the General Resolution, to finance the Corporation Corporate Purposes pursuant to the Act, any other applicable law and the General Resolution and any applicable Supplemental Resolution, (ii) do all such acts and things as shall be necessary to receive and collect Revenues (including diligent enforcement of the prompt collection of all arrears on Mortgage Loans), (iii) diligently enforce, and take all steps, actions and proceedings reasonably necessary in the judgment of the Corporation to protect its rights with respect to or to maintain any insurance on Mortgage Loans or any subsidy payments in connection with the Projects securing the Mortgage Loans, including the

collection, custody and prompt application of all Escrow Payments for the purposes for which they were made.

Pursuant to the 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution, with respect to the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans (other than any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Insurance), as the case may be, the following additional provisions shall apply:

(1) The Corporation shall take all steps, actions and proceedings necessary, in the judgment of the Corporation, to protect its rights with respect to the Mortgages securing the 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loans.

(2) Whenever, in the Corporation's judgment, it shall be necessary in order to protect and enforce the rights of the Corporation under a Mortgage securing a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan and to protect and enforce the rights and interests of Bondholders, the Corporation may, in its discretion, commence foreclosure proceedings against the Mortgagor in default under the provisions of such Mortgage and/or, in protection and enforcement of its rights under such Mortgage, the Corporation may, in its discretion, acquire and take possession of the Project covered by such Mortgage by bidding for and purchasing such Project at the foreclosure sale thereof, by deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise.

(3) Upon acquisition by the Corporation of a Project securing a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan by foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise, and so long as the Corporation shall have title thereto or be in possession thereof, the Corporation shall, as the case may be, operate and administer such Project in the place and stead of the Mortgagor and in the manner required of such Mortgagor by the terms and provisions of the related Mortgage. The Corporation shall pay the Acquired Project Net Operating Income derived from such Acquired Project to the Trustee for deposit into the Revenue Account.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (3) above, upon acquisition by the Corporation of a Project securing a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan, whether by foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise:

(a) The Corporation may at any time thereafter sell such Project to another qualified entity and make a Mortgage Loan with respect thereto as if such entity were the original Mortgagor, provided that (i) the Mortgage securing such Mortgage Loan shall contain the terms, conditions, provisions and limitations substantially similar to the Mortgage of such Project which had previously secured the related 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan, (ii) said new Mortgage Loan shall automatically become subject to the lien of the General Resolution and (iii) the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer describing said replacement Mortgage Loan and specifying which 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan has been so replaced; or

(b) The Corporation may at any time thereafter sell such Project, provided that the proceeds of such sale shall be treated as a Recovery of Principal.

(5) In addition, and as an alternative to the rights of the Corporation described above, following a default under a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan, the Corporation may, in its discretion, cause or consent to the sale of a Project securing such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan to another qualified entity and, in connection with any such sale (a) allow the purchaser to assume the related Mortgage, or (b) make a Mortgage Loan with respect thereto as if

such entity were the original Mortgagor, if such sale shall occur after the original Mortgage shall have been discharged, provided, however, that (i) the Mortgage securing such Mortgage Loan shall contain the terms, conditions, provisions and limitations substantially similar to the Mortgage of such Project which had previously secured the related 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan, (ii) said new Mortgage Loan shall automatically become subject to the lien of the General Resolution and (iii) the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer describing said replacement Mortgage Loan and specifying which 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan has been so replaced.

(6) To the extent permitted by law, any rights of the Corporation set forth in (1) - (5) above may be exercised by a subsidiary of the Corporation established pursuant to Section 654-a of the Act.

(7) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions described above, from and after the date of issuance of SONYMA Insurance with respect to a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan, the provisions of (1) - (6) above shall apply only during the period that SONYMA has failed to honor its payment obligations under such SONYMA Insurance.

(8) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions described above, with respect to any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, the provisions of (1) - (6) above shall apply only during the period that HUD has failed to honor its payment obligations under such FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance.

(9) In addition, and as a further alternative to the rights of the Corporation described above, following a default under a 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan, the Corporation may, in its discretion, obtain amounts under any letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement, in accordance with the terms thereof; provided that if the Corporation obtains funds in an amount equal to the outstanding principal balance of such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan, plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest thereon or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest thereon, pursuant to any such letter of credit, credit enhancement or other agreement, the Corporation shall immediately assign such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan to or upon the order of the provider thereof free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution.

With respect to any 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, the 2023 Series A-1/A-2 Supplemental Resolution, the 2023 Series A-3 Supplemental Resolution and the 2022 Series G Supplemental Resolution provide as follows. Upon receipt of proceeds of FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan shall no longer be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and will be free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution. The Corporation shall comply with and shall not take any action in conflict with the regulations or prescribed mortgage documents of the Federal Housing Administration so as to jeopardize the FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance and shall notify the Federal Housing Administration, on a timely basis, of the occurrence of a default on such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan. The Corporation shall promptly advise the Trustee of the occurrence of a default on such 2023 Series A/2022 Series G Mortgage Loan. The Corporation shall promptly advise the Trustee advised as to any actions taken to cure such default and/or to claim the benefits of FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance. Other than as permitted by HUD, the Corporation shall not seek any extension of the deadline for filing notice of its intention to file a claim for FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance.

of FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance are paid to the Corporation in cash, in accordance with all applicable regulations of the Federal Housing Commissioner.

Issuance of Additional Obligations

The Corporation shall not hereafter create or permit the creation of or issue any obligations or create any indebtedness which will be secured by a superior charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under or pursuant to the General Resolution for the payment of Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds). In addition, the Corporation shall not hereafter create or permit the creation of or issue any obligations or create any additional indebtedness (other than additional Bonds and except as expressly permitted by the General Resolution with respect to pledges made for the benefit of Credit Facility Providers) which will be secured by an equal charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under or pursuant to the General Resolution. The Corporation expressly reserves the right (i) to issue one or more Series of Subordinate Bonds pursuant to Supplemental Resolutions and (ii) to issue one or more series of bonds, notes or other obligations pursuant to other resolutions which will be secured by a subordinate charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under the General Resolution.

Sale of Mortgage Loans

The Corporation is authorized to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of a Mortgage Loan, in addition to a sale, assignment or disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution or any applicable Supplemental Resolution, provided the proceeds of such sale, assignment or disposition shall be treated as Recoveries of Principal for purposes of the General Resolution and provided, further, that, with respect to any Mortgage Loan not in default, a Cash Flow Statement is filed with the Trustee.

Disposition of Recoveries of Principal

All Recoveries of Principal shall be deposited in the Redemption Account and applied to the redemption of Bonds as soon as practically possible; provided, however, that, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, in lieu of such deposit, the Corporation may, upon filing a Cash Flow Statement, direct the Trustee to deposit all or a portion of any such Recoveries of Principal in the Bond Proceeds Account or the Revenue Account.

Powers of Amendment

Any modification of or amendment to the provisions of the General Resolution and of the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the owners of the Bonds may be made by a Supplemental Resolution, with the written consent (given as provided in the General Resolution), (i) of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time such consent is given, (ii) in case less than all of the Bonds then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given, and (iii) in case the modification or amendment changes the terms of any Sinking Fund Payment, of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of the particular Series and maturity entitled to such Sinking Fund Payment and Outstanding at the time such consent is given; provided, however, that in addition to the foregoing and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, any modification of or amendment to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds and of the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the owners of the Bonds of such Series thereunder, in any particular, may, if no Bonds other than the Bonds of such Series are affected by the modification or amendment, be made by a Supplemental Resolution, but only, in the event such Supplemental Resolution shall require the consent of Bond owners, with the written consent given as provided in the General Resolution, of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of such

Series Outstanding at the time such consent is given. If any such modification or amendment will not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified Series and maturity remain Outstanding however, the consent of the owners of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of any calculation of Outstanding Bonds under this paragraph. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the owner of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the owners of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee without its written assent thereto.

The Corporation may adopt, without the consent of any owners of the Bonds, Supplemental Resolutions to, among other things, provide limitations and restrictions in addition to the limitations and restrictions contained in the General Resolution on the issuance of other evidences of indebtedness; add to the covenants and agreements or limitations and restrictions on, the Corporation's other covenants and agreements or limitations and restrictions which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the General Resolution; surrender any right, power or privilege of the Corporation under the General Resolution, but only if the surrender is not contrary to or inconsistent with the covenants and agreements of the Corporation contained in the General Resolution; confirm any pledge under the General Resolution of the Revenues or of any other revenues or assets; modify any of the provisions of the General Resolution in any respect whatever (but no such modification shall be effective until all Bonds theretofore issued are no longer Outstanding); provide for the issuance of Bonds in coupon form payable to bearer; authorize the issuance of a Series of Bonds and prescribe the terms and conditions thereof; cure any ambiguity or correct any defect or inconsistent provision in the General Resolution (provided that the Trustee shall consent thereto); comply with the Code; pledge under the General Resolution any additional collateral as further security for the Bonds or specific Series of Bonds, including, but not limited to, additional Mortgage Loans or other assets or revenues; appoint a trustee (other than the Trustee) with respect to any Subordinate Bonds; or make any additions, deletions or modifications to the General Resolution which, in the opinion of the Trustee, are not materially adverse to the interests of the Bond owners.

Events of Default

Each of the following events shall constitute an "Event of Default" with respect to the Bonds: (1) payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of or interest on any Bond when and as the same shall become due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption or otherwise, shall not be made when and as the same shall become due; or (2) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the General Resolution or shall default in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained therein or in any applicable Supplemental Resolution or the Bonds, and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of forty-five (45) days after written notice thereof by the Trustee or the owners of not less than 5% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds).

Remedies

Upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (1) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (2) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee may proceed and, upon the written request of the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), shall proceed, in its own name, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, to protect and enforce the rights of the Bond owners by such of the following remedies, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights: (1) by mandamus or other

suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bond owners, including the right to require the Corporation to receive and collect Revenues adequate to carry out the covenants and agreements as to the Mortgage Loans and to require the Corporation to carry out any other covenants or agreements with such Bond owners, including the assignment of the Mortgage Loans, and to perform its duties under the Act; (2) by bringing suit upon the Bonds; (3) by action or suit in equity, to require the Corporation to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the owners of the Bonds; (4) by action or suit in equity to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the owners of the Bonds; (5) by declaring all Outstanding Bonds due and payable (provided that with respect to an Event of Default specified in clause (2) of the preceding paragraph, no such declaration shall be made without the consent of the owners of 100% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds)), and if all defaults shall be cured, then, with the written consent of the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), by annulling such declaration and its consequences; or (6) in the event that all Outstanding Bonds are declared due and payable, by selling Mortgage Loans and any Investment Securities securing such Bonds.

In the enforcement of any rights and remedies under the General Resolution, the Trustee shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment of and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time remaining, due and unpaid from the Corporation for principal, Redemption Price, interest or otherwise, under any provisions of the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution or of the Bonds with interest on overdue payments at the rate of interest specified in such Bonds, together with any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings thereunder and under such Bonds, without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Trustee or of the Bond owners, and to recover and enforce a judgment or decree against the Corporation for any portion of such amounts remaining unpaid, with interest, costs and expenses (including without limitation pre-trial, trial and appellate attorneys' fees), and to collect from any monies available for such purpose, in any manner provided by law, the monies adjudged or decreed to be payable.

Anything in the General Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, the owners of the majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) shall have the right, by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing executed and delivered to the Trustee, to direct the method of conducting all remedial proceedings to be taken by the Trustee under the General Resolution, provided that such direction shall not be otherwise than in accordance with law or the provisions of the General Resolution, and that the Trustee shall have the right to decline to follow any such direction which in the opinion of the Trustee would be unjustly prejudicial to Bond owners not parties to such direction.

No owner of any Bond shall have any right to institute any suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding in equity or at law under the General Resolution, or for the protection or enforcement of any right under the General Resolution unless such owner shall have given to the Trustee written notice of the Event of Default or breach of duty on account of which such suit, action or proceeding is to be taken, and unless the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) shall have made written request of the Trustee after the right to exercise such powers or right of action, as the case may be, shall have occurred, and shall have afforded the Trustee a reasonable opportunity either to proceed to exercise the powers in the General Resolution granted or granted under the law or to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its name and unless, also, there shall have been offered to the Trustee reasonable security and indemnity against the costs, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and liabilities to be incurred therein or thereby, and the Trustee shall have refused or neglected to comply with such request within a reasonable time. Nothing contained in the General Resolution shall affect or impair the right of any Bond owner to enforce the payment of the principal of and interest on such owner's Bonds, or the obligation of the Corporation to pay the principal of and interest on each Bond issued under the General Resolution to the owner thereof at the time and place in said Bond expressed.

Unless remedied or cured, the Trustee shall give to the Bond owners notice of each Event of Default under the General Resolution known to the Trustee within ninety (90) days after actual knowledge by the Trustee of the occurrence thereof. However, except in the case of default in the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of or interest on any of the Bonds, or in the making of any payment required to be made into the Bond Proceeds Account, the Trustee may withhold such notice if it determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interest of the Bond owners.

Priority of Payments After Default

In the event that upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default the funds held by the Trustee shall be insufficient for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest then due on the Bonds affected, such funds (other than funds held for the payment or redemption of particular Bonds which have theretofore become due at maturity or by call for redemption) and any other amounts received or collected by the Trustee acting pursuant to the Act and the General Resolution, after making provision for the payment of any expenses necessary in the opinion of the Trustee to protect the interest of the owners of such Bonds and for the payment of the charges and expenses and liabilities incurred and advances made by the Trustee in the performance of its duties under the General Resolution, shall be applied as follows:

(1) Unless the principal of all of such Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable:

(a) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due (other than with respect to Subordinate Bonds) in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference,

(b) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal or Redemption Price of any such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price, if any, due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference,

(c) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due with respect to Subordinate Bonds in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference, and

(d) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal or Redemption Price of any Subordinate Bonds which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Subordinate Bonds due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price, if any, due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference. (2) If the principal of all such Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable, first to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) without preference or priority of principal over interest or of any such Bond (other than Subordinate Bonds) over any other such Bond (other than Subordinate Bonds), ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest then due and unpaid upon the Subordinate Bonds), and second, to the payment of the principal over interest or of interest over principal, or of any installment of interest, or of any such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), and second, to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon the Subordinate Bonds without preference or priority of principal over interest, or of any such Subordinate Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal, or of any installment of interest, or of any such Subordinate Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any other any other installment of interest, or of any such Subordinate Bond over any other such Subordinate Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any other such Subordinate Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in such Subordinate Bonds.

Defeasance

If the Corporation shall pay or cause to be paid to the owners of all Bonds then Outstanding the principal and interest and Redemption Price, if any, to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the General Resolution, then the pledge of any Revenues and other monies, securities, funds and property pledged by the General Resolution and all other rights granted by the General Resolution shall be discharged and satisfied.

Bonds or interest installments for the payment or redemption of which monies shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) at the maturity or Redemption Date thereof shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph. Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all Outstanding Bonds of any Series shall, prior to the maturity or Redemption Date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph if: (i) in case any of said Bonds are to be redeemed on any date prior to their maturity, the Corporation shall have given to the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to give as provided in the General Resolution notice of redemption on said date of such Bonds, (ii) there shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) either (a) monies in an amount which shall be sufficient, or (b) Government Obligations or (c) obligations (1) validly issued by or on behalf of a state or political subdivision thereof, (2) the interest on which is excluded from gross income for Federal income taxation purposes pursuant to Section 103(a) of the Code and (3) fully secured by a first lien on Government Obligations, the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide monies which, together with the monies, if any, deposited with the Trustee at the same time, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and (iii) in the event said Bonds are not by their terms subject to redemption within the next succeeding sixty (60) days, the Corporation shall have given the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to give by mail, as soon as practicable, notice to the owners of such Bonds that the deposit required by this subsection has been made with the Trustee and that said Bonds are deemed to have been paid in accordance with the General Resolution and stating such maturity or Redemption Date upon which monies are to be available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, on said Bonds. To the extent required for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, of and interest on said Bonds, neither monies deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution nor principal or interest payments on any such Government Obligations or obligations described in clause (c) above and deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution shall be withdrawn or used for

any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest on said Bonds; provided that any cash received from such principal or interest payments on such Government Obligations or obligations described in clause (c) above and deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution, if not then needed for such purpose, shall, to the extent practicable, be reinvested in obligations described in clauses (b) or (c) above maturing at times and in amounts sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest to become due on said Bonds on and prior to such Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and, if not required for the payment of such Bonds, any monies deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution and principal and interest payments on the obligations described in clauses (b) or (c) above shall be paid over to the Corporation, as received by the Trustee, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge. The Trustee may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of the obligations described in clauses (b) and (c) above deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution; provided that the amounts received upon any such sale, transfer or other disposition, or a portion of such amounts, shall be applied to the purchase of other obligations described in clauses (b) and (c) above, the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide monies which, together with the monies on deposit with the Trustee, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, of and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, in accordance with the General Resolution.

Amounts held by the Trustee for the payment of principal or Redemption Price of, or interest on, Bonds held by particular Bond owners with respect to which no claim for payment has been made shall be disposed of as provided by applicable law, or if there shall be no such applicable law, shall be returned to the Corporation three years after the date on which payment of such amounts would have been due..

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE CORPORATION FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2022 INCLUDING AS SCHEDULE 3 SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATED TO THE HOUSING REVENUE BOND PROGRAM

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Combined Financial Statements

and Other Information

New York City Housing Development Corporation

October 31,2022



NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

New York City Housing Development Corporation

Combined Financial Statements and Additional Information

Year Ended October 31, 2022

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Report of Independent Auditors

Management and the Members of the New York City Housing Development Corporation

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the City of New York, as of and for the year ended October 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Corporation at October 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Corporation, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, as of November 1, 2021, the Corporation adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Other Matters

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Corporation's 2021 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated January 28, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended October 31, 2021 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Contributions, the Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Investment Return, the Schedule of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the Corporation's Pension Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedules of Net Position for the Housing Revenue Bond Program, Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bond Program, Housing Impact Bond Program and Conduit Debt Program as of October 31, 2022 and 2021 and the Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the years then ended, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional



procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Ernst + Young LLP

January 26, 2023

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended October 31, 2022

INTRODUCTION

The New York City Housing Development Corporation ("HDC" or the "Corporation") is a state public benefit corporation created pursuant to Article XII of the New York State Private Housing Finance Law ("PHFL") that finances affordable housing in New York City. HDC issues taxexempt and taxable debt and uses the proceeds along with other monies of the Corporation to make loans to finance new residential construction and the rehabilitation of existing multi-family housing. HDC, which is financially self-supporting, also lends its own internally generated funds for these purposes. All these activities are reported in the financial statements under the heading "Housing Development Corporation".

HDC currently has two active subsidiaries that are presented as blended component units in the financial statements. The New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation ("REMIC") insures residential mortgages in New York City. The New York City Housing Assistance Corporation ("HAC") made mortgage loans for affordable housing in the 1980s. Presently, it provides rental subsidy assistance to one residential development.

The Corporation's annual financial report consists of four parts: *management's discussion and analysis*, the basic *financial statements, required supplementary information,* which includes the Schedule of Changes in the Net Postemployment Benefit Other Than Pensions ("OPEB") Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Contributions, the Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Investment Return, the Schedule of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the Corporation's Pension Contributions, and *supplementary information,* which includes the Schedule of Net Position and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Housing Revenue Bond Program, the Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bond Program, Housing Impact Bond Program and Conduit Debt Program. This follows directly after the notes to the financial statements.

This section of the Corporation's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Corporation's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on October 31, 2022. This period is also referred to as fiscal year ("FY") 2022. Reported amounts have been rounded to facilitate reading.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Corporation is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting. An enterprise fund reports activity that is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenue from that activity as well as activity that is not supported by taxes or similar revenues. HDC's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting matches revenues and expenses to the period in which they are earned or attributable, respectively, which may differ from the period in which the associated cash is received or expended.

Enterprise fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the Corporation's activities. While detailed sub-fund information is not presented in the Corporation's financial statements, separate accounts are maintained for each bond issue and component unit, as well as the Corporation's general operating fund, known as the Corporate Services Fund. These sub-funds permit HDC to control and manage money for the purposes they were intended and to demonstrate that the Corporation is properly using specific resources. In addition, HDC also services construction and permanent loans on behalf of New York City's Department of Housing Preservation and Development ("HPD").

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

In fiscal year 2022, the Corporation continued the work of fulfilling its mission to increase the stock of affordable housing in New York City. As the economy continues to face headwinds from the effects of rising inflation, the Federal Reserve continues to increase interest rates in an effort to stabilize the economy. The Corporation, in continuation of its support of the City's housing plan, issued \$1.5 billion in bonds and debt obligations in FY 2022. The new bond issuances included the third series of bonds in the Housing Impact Bond Resolution, in the amount of \$104.3 million, to provide funding for the Harlem River PACT Bundle. This brings the total bonds issued under the PACT resolution to \$768.3 million. The Corporation issued 15 series of bonds under its Housing Resolution Bond program in the amount of \$1.4 billion. Additionally, \$398.3 million was issued to advance refund bonds held under the NYCHA Capital Grant Fund program. In spite of the increase in costs of borrowing, the Corporation was able to find refunding opportunities of \$474.8 million earlier in the fiscal year to lower the cost of its outstanding debt.

In fiscal year 2022, the Corporation adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. As a result, conduit bonds and related mortgage loans were excluded from the Enterprise Fund financial reporting. Consequently, the fiscal year 2021 financial statements were restated to conform to the current year's presentation.

The Corporation's mortgage lending activities remain strong, with \$2.4 billion in commitments for new construction and rehabilitation loans in fiscal year 2022. Additionally, HDC committed \$92.8 million for subsidy loans to finance affordable housing from its corporate reserves. The Corporation's subsidy loan program provides 1% interest loans to compliment the bonded loans, reducing the borrowing cost for our mortgagors. The mortgage portfolio continues to perform well, and loan repayments have returned to pre-pandemic levels. The delinquency rate throughout the year was below 2% of the monthly billing amounts. Since the start of the pandemic, the Corporation had granted forbearance to six developments, and as of October 31, 2022, there were no mortgage loans in forbearance. HDC's Asset Management team continues to work with mortgagors facing financial hardships to offer workouts and refinancing opportunities so they could remain current on their payments.

The Corporation's net position decreased in FY 2022 by \$16.8 million, compared to the \$287.3 million increase in FY 2021. The decrease was solely due to the unrealized loss reported on the outstanding investment portfolio. Investment earnings and losses are reported as non-operating. However, operating revenues totaled \$680.2 million, increasing by \$67.2 million from the prior year when it was \$613.1 million. The increase was led by interest on loans, which grew by 14.50% from FY 2021, as a result of a \$1.6 billion net increase in the mortgage loan portfolio. Operating expenses were \$383.4 million, an increase of \$14.8 million from 2021. Net operating income was

\$296.8 million for FY 2022, up \$52.4 million from FY 2021 when it was \$244.4 million. Bond and other debt obligations' interest expense, which was 84.09% of total operating expenses, increased \$19.1 million or 6.31%.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The condensed statement of net position presents the Corporation's total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position as of October 31, 2022 and 2021. The following table represents the changes in the Corporation's net position between October 31, 2022 and 2021 and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. *(Dollar amounts are in thousands):*

	2022	2021	Change	Percent Change
		Restated		
Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$3,660,217	\$4,743,327 (\$1,083,110)		(22.83%)
Mortgage Loans	13,578,306	12,504,305	1,074,001	8.59
Loan Housing Finance Fund (Section 661)	3,346,325	2,799,830	546,495	19.52
Loan Participation Receivable	455,271	460,969	(5,698)	(1.24)
Accrued Interest	268,617	185,293	83,324	44.97
Other Receivables	16,315	14,579	1,736	11.91
Leases and Other Capital Assets	3,824	2,987	837	28.02
Interest Rate Swaps	176,467	—	176,467	100.00
Other Assets	36,154	37,218	(1,064)	(2.86)
Total Assets	21,541,496	20,748,508	792,988	3.82
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,609	112,404	(101,795)	(90.56)
Liabilities				
Bonds Payable & Debt Obligations, net	12,010,752	11,594,559	416,193	3.59
Interest Payable	142,640	132,815	9,825	7.40
Payable to The City of New York:				
Loan Participation Agreements	455,271	460,969	(5,698)	(1.24)
Housing Finance Fund Section 661	3,846,911	3,546,395	300,516	8.47
Other	139,253	132,072	7,181	5.44
Payable to Mortgagors	186,877	278,079	(91,202)	(32.80)
Restricted Earnings on Investments	308	299	9	3.01
Accounts and Other Payables	271,801	222,163	49,638	22.34
Net Pension Liability	12,204	3,840	8,364	217.81
Net OPEB Liability	5,263	9,229	(3,966)	(42.97)
Interest Rate Swaps		106,656	(106,656)	(100.00)
Lease Liability	178	2,205	(2,027)	(91.93)
Unearned Revenues and Other Liabilities	606,040	650,679	(44,639)	(6.86)
Total Liabilities	17,677,498	17,139,960	537,538	3.14
Deferred Inflows of Resources	186,194	15,693	170,501	1086.48

	2022	2022 2021		Percent Change
		Restated		
Net Position				
Net Investments in Capital Assets	3,824	2,987	837	28.02
Restricted for Insurance Requirements	105,703	101,092	4,611	4.56
Restricted for Bond Obligations	3,154,604	2,966,564	188,040	6.34
Unrestricted	424,282	634,616	(210,334)	(33.14)
Total Net Position	\$3,688,413	\$3,705,259	(\$16,846)	(0.45%)

Enterprise Fund - Assets of the Corporation

Assets consist largely of the following: cash and investments from bond proceeds, debt service and other reserves, funds designated for various housing programs, mortgage loans, other assets, which include participation interests in cash flows from pools of mortgage loans and purpose investments. On October 31, 2022, HDC's total assets were \$21.5 billion, a net increase of \$793.0 million or 3.82% from FY 2021. The increase was primarily a result of the Corporation's mortgage lending and bond financing activities. In FY 2021, total assets were \$20.7 billion, as restated.

Cash and Investments: The Corporation ended the fiscal year with \$3.7 billion in cash and investments, held under the enterprise fund. Other than collateralized and purpose investments, investments were recorded at fair value. Approximately \$2.1 billion of that balance was unadvanced construction loan monies already committed to fund mortgage loans that have already closed. Cash and investments decreased by a net of \$1.1 billion or 22.83%, mainly due to lower bond issuance, as mortgage loan advances in the fiscal year exceeded new bond proceeds.

Mortgage Loans: Mortgage loans comprised 78.57% of the Corporation's total assets. The mortgage loan portfolio at the end of the fiscal year was \$16.9 billion, an increase of \$1.6 billion or 10.59% from the previous year. On October 31, 2021, the mortgage loan portfolio was \$15.3 billion, as restated. Mortgage loans funded from the proceeds of conduit bonds have been excluded as a result of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 91. During FY 2022, mortgage loan activities included advances of approximately \$2.3 billion and principal repayments of \$722.5 million.

Loan Participation Receivable: Loan participation receivable on October 31, 2022 was \$455.3 million, a \$5.7 million decrease from a year ago. The decrease was mainly due to the principal repayments in the Mitchell-Lama loan participation portfolio.

Notes Receivable: In FY 2022, HDC adopted GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement eliminated the existing option for issuers to report conduit debt obligations and the related assets as their own. The Corporation has determined that its two note receivables, the military housing development at Fort Hamilton ("Military Housing") and the 2022 Series A CFGP NYCHA notes, were funded by conduit debt obligations and fall within the criteria provided in Statement No. 91. Therefore, these notes and the related bonds are no longer included in HDC's Enterprise Fund financial statement reporting. However, the required disclosures were presented in the footnotes to the financial statements in accordance with the Statement No. 91 disclosure requirement. The 2022 Series A CFGP NYCHA bonds were issued to refund the 2013 Series Capital Fund notes.

Accrued Interest: Interest receivable increased from \$185.3 million on October 31, 2021 to \$268.6 million on October 31, 2022, an increase of \$83.3 million or 44.97% from FY 2021. Interest receivable has increased comparable to the loan portfolio and higher interest rates. Interest on loans this fiscal year was \$562.9 million, collections were \$472.3 million, and \$24.9 million of accrued interest was capitalized.

Other Receivables: Other receivables were \$16.3 million on October 31, 2022, an increase from October 31, 2021 when it was \$14.6 million. The increase is primarily related to servicing fees billed on loans serviced for the City of New York, and other agencies.

Leases and Other Capital Assets: In FY 2021, the Corporation adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* ("GASB 87"). In the Corporation's normal course of business, it leases office space in support of its operations. The Statement required the present value of lease payments and the related right to use leased assets to be recognized as liabilities and assets on the financial statements and disclosed in the footnotes.

The Corporation's current office space lease expires in November 2022. On November 1, 2021, the outstanding lease commitment was \$2.2 million. In FY 2022, the Corporation recognized \$0.1 million as interest expense and \$2.0 million as principal payment on the lease liability.

In July 2022, the Corporation executed a rental lease for new office space at 120 Broadway in New York City's Financial District. The Corporation signed a short-term extension of the current space to bridge the gap until the Corporation takes possession of new office space. The new office space lease is for a term of 20 years from the possession date. The lease liability and right to use asset, for GASB purposes, will be recognized as of the date of possession.

Interest Rate Swaps: The Corporation regularly enters into various interest rates swap contracts as a means of mitigating its exposure to its variable rate debt. In FY 2022, the Corporation entered into three additional interest rate swap agreements to manage the interest rate risk associated with its variable rate portfolio and further protect itself against rising interest rates. As interest rates change, it affects the underlying fair value on the interest rate swap instruments. In the current year, this resulted in the fair value going from a liability position of \$106.7 million as of October 31, 2021, to an asset position of \$176.5 million on October 31, 2022, a net change increase of \$283.1 million. As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation had thirteen interest rate swap agreements outstanding, with five different counterparties, for a total notional amount of \$1.3 billion. The Corporation's variable rate bonds outstanding were \$2.2 billion.

Other Assets: Other assets are primarily comprised of the unamortized purchase price of a residual interest in the 2014 Series B and the 2018 Series B mortgage loan portfolios from a prior loan participation agreement with the City of New York (the "City"). Other assets also include the unamortized value of the purchased cash flow on a 2011 participation interest. The participation interest asset included the purchase of interest reduction payments in a pool of second mortgage loans owned by the City. Other assets decreased from \$37.2 million on October 31, 2021, to \$36.2 million on October 31, 2022, due to amortization.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources ("deferred outflows") were \$10.6 million on October 31, 2022, a net decrease of \$101.8 million from October 31, 2021 when deferred outflows were \$112.4 million. Deferred outflows consist of (a) interest rate swaps and caps purchased to mitigate the Corporation's exposure to its variable rate bonds in its General Resolution, (b) deferred outflows related to the pension plan liability and (c) deferred outflows related to the OPEB plan liability. In FY 2022, deferred outflows related to the interest rate swaps valuation turned positive due to improvement in the fair market value. This completely offset the \$106.7 million negative position from FY 2021. The deferred outflows related to the pension plan is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on the pension plan investments, the change in assumptions and the change in proportion related to the Corporation's pension liability as calculated by the New York City Office of the Actuary ("NYCOA"). Deferred outflows related to OPEB in FY 2022.

Liabilities of the Corporation

Total liabilities related to the Enterprise Fund were \$17.7 billion on October 31, 2022, an increase of \$537.5 million or 3.14%. On October 31, 2021, total liabilities were \$17.1 billion as restated. Liabilities are grouped into three main categories. The largest are HDC Bonds Payable (net) and Debt Obligations, which were approximately \$12.0 billion at October 31, 2022 and accounted for approximately 67.94% of total liabilities. The second largest category is Payable to The City of New York. This includes the return at maturity of loans made by the Corporation with funds granted by the City acting through HPD under Section 661 of the PHFL. The last category of liabilities includes Payable to Mortgagors and Accounts and Other Payables, which are mainly comprised of unadvanced loan proceeds, and Unearned Revenues.

Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations: Bonds and outstanding debt obligations under the Enterprise Fund were \$12.0 billion on October 31, 2022, an increase of \$416.2 million. On October 31, 2021, bonds and outstanding debt obligations were \$11.6 billion as restated. In FY 2022, HDC issued 16 new bond series for a total of \$1.5 billion. HDC signed a new loan participation agreement with the Federal Financing Bank ("FFB") on the Lexington Garden II development in the amount of \$46.6 million. Bond principal repayments this fiscal year amounted to \$1.1 billion. The Corporation's scheduled debt service principal payments were \$232.2 million, and redemptions were \$875.7 million. There were \$47.4 million related to debt obligation repayments and \$5.8 million of principal repayments to the FFB. (See Note 11: "Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations")

Interest Payable: Accrued interest payable increased by \$9.8 million to \$142.6 million on October 31, 2022 from \$132.8 million on October 31, 2021. This increase reflects the Corporation's bond issuances during the year, and higher interest rates on the variable rate bonds.

Payable to The City of New York: Payable to The City of New York on October 31, 2022 was \$4.4 billion, a net increase of \$302.0 million from FY 2021. Payable to the City is grouped into three categories for reporting purposes: (1) HPD grant programs such as HPD Section 661 Grant Funds, (2) loan participation agreements, and (3) other. The HPD Section 661 Grant Funds had an outstanding balance of \$3.8 billion, a net increase of \$300.5 million as a result of funds received during the fiscal year. Under the program, the City, acting through HPD, grants monies to the

Corporation pursuant to Section 661 of the PHFL for making loans on its behalf to developments that are also financed by HDC. Upon maturity of the Corporation's related senior loan, the subordinate loan made on behalf of the City is returned to the City. Loan participation agreements, including the Mitchell-Lama participation program, consist of a group of second mortgages originated by the City. HDC purchased a participating interest in the second mortgages. On October 31, 2022 the outstanding balance of the Mitchell Lama Restructuring Program ("MLRP") was \$455.3 million, a net decrease of \$5.7 million from partial repayments of loans in the portfolio. The last category, Other Payable to The City of New York, had a net increase of \$7.2 million. There was a decrease of \$7.2 million related to the Stuyvesant Town loan made by HAC on behalf of the City to one development. Additionally, the Corporation received \$16.8 million from HPD to make a loan on a joint project, as of October 31, 2022, HDC was still in possession of said funds. This payable is offset by corresponding mortgage loans and investments in the assets section on the balance sheet.

As a result of the adoption of GASB Statement 84, on November 1, 2019, certain assets held by the Corporation for servicing loans on behalf of the City of New York are recorded in separate fiduciary funds. As of October 31, 2022, the amount due to the City held under the Fiduciary Fund was \$803.7 million, an increase of \$39.8 million from FY 2021. The increase was primarily due to \$48.7 million funds received from HPD under loan servicing agreements and \$11.7 million in loan transfers from the City under a purchase and sale agreement. Other activities included \$10.9 million mortgage interest distributed, \$21.1 million funds received from the City net of construction loan advances, all of which were offset by remittances of \$12.9 million to the City.

Payable to Mortgagors: Payable to mortgagors was \$186.9 million on October 31, 2022, a net decrease of \$91.2 million from \$278.1 million in 2021. The decrease was primarily due to \$94.6 million net changes related to the receipt and advance of loan proceeds held by the Corporation under its Housing Impact Bond program. Accumulated investment earnings on the unadvanced proceeds decreased by \$9.0 million in FY 2022, primarily due to the fair market value unrealized loss on investments. There was an increase of \$12.4 million in the NYCHA administration fees reserve.

Additionally, due to the adoption of GASB Statement 84 in November 2019, \$811.6 million of payable to mortgagors is reported separately in the Fiduciary Fund statement on October 31, 2022. This amount represented a net decrease of \$3.3 million, mainly due to mortgage escrow and reserve receipts coming in slightly less than disbursements made on behalf of mortgagors. As of FY 2021, payable to mortgagors' funds held in the Fiduciary Fund was \$814.9 million.

Accounts Payable: Accounts payable at fiscal year-end was \$271.8 million, up from \$222.2 million on October 31, 2021. The net increase of \$49.6 million was primarily attributable to \$40.6 million of collateral funds received on behalf of one development. The funds are being held to redeem a portion of the related bonds at permanent conversion. There was an increase of \$10.3 million due to funds received from NYCHA on a loan participation for the Harlem River PACT. There was also a decrease of \$1.9 million in bond issuance costs and mortgage insurance premiums payable, as well as a \$0.6 million increase in interest billed for other lenders.

Restricted Earnings on Investments: Restricted earnings on investments represents cumulative amounts by which pass-through revenues exceed expenses. They represent accumulated earnings on investments that are credited to the mortgagors. This amount was \$0.3 million at FY 2022, a minimal increase from FY 2021.

Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities: The accumulated amount of the Corporation's net pension liability as calculated by the NYCOA, amounted to \$12.2 million as of October 31, 2022, a net increase of \$8.4 million from 2021. The increase in the liability was a result of a decrease in the pension plan net assets related to the fair market valuation on the plan investments, as reported by New York City Employees' Retirement System ("NYCERS"). This resulted in an increase in the Corporation's annual net pension expense to \$2.0 million, up from \$0.2 million a year ago. The Corporation recorded a net OPEB liability of \$5.3 million as of October 31, 2022, a decrease of \$4.0 million from \$9.2 million in 2021. The net decrease was primarily due to the additional funding of \$5.0 million into the OPEB trust, offset by the OPEB expense of \$1.0 million for FY 2022.

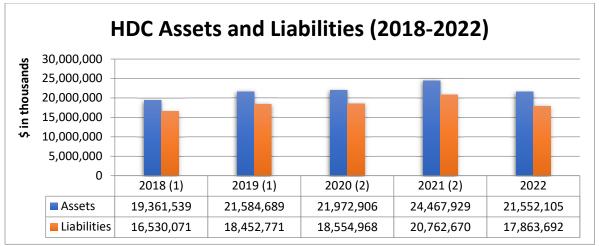
Interest Rate Swaps Liability: The Corporation entered into various interest rate swap contracts as a means of mitigating its exposure to its variable rate debt. On October 31, 2022, the interest rate swap liability was zero. The fair market value of the Corporation's swap portfolio turned positive and erased its previous liability position of \$106.7 million on October 31, 2021 to an asset of \$176.5 million on October 31, 2022. As the hedges were deemed to be effective the changes in the fair value were offset by a deferred inflow.

Unearned Revenues and Other Liabilities: Unearned revenues and other liabilities were \$606.0 million on October 31, 2022, a decrease of \$44.6 million from \$650.7 million on October 31, 2021. There was a net decrease of \$32.4 million which included \$30.9 million of earnings recognized on the deferred residual interest purchased from the City in fiscal year 2020, on a pool of mortgage loans previously owned by the City. In addition, there was a \$1.5 million decrease due to the removal of one loan in the portfolio that was refinanced. There was a net decrease in deferred bond construction financing fees, bond financing fees, and commitment fees of \$10.9 million mainly due to construction financing fees of \$1.6 million.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources increased from \$15.7 million to \$186.2 million on October 31, 2022. The net increase of \$170.5 million was mainly due to the interest rate swap portfolio turning positive, as described above, to an amount of \$176.5 million. This increase was offset by a \$5.8 million decrease related to the Corporation's pension liability and a minimal decrease related to the OPEB Liability.

The following chart presents the comparative data of the Corporation's assets including deferred outflows, and liabilities including deferred inflows, over the last five years:



(1) These amounts do not reflect GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities and GASB 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

(2) These amounts do not reflect GASB 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Net Position

Net position, the excess of assets and deferred outflows of resources over liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, totaled \$3.7 billion as of October 31, 2022. This represents a decrease of \$16.8 million or 0.45% from the previous year. The decrease was due to unrealized loss on the fair market value of investments, mostly U.S. Agency securities. In 2021, net position increased by \$287.3 million. Net position is classified as either restricted or unrestricted, with restricted net position being committed by law or contract for specific purposes. HDC's most significant restricted net position includes debt service reserves for HDC bond issues and undisbursed bond proceeds held prior to construction advances. Unrestricted net position or policy for specific purposes determined by HDC's Members, such as bond reserves (to support the Corporation's general obligation rating), specific housing loan programs to which the Corporation has committed resources under the City's housing plan. Virtually all the Corporation's net position is either restricted or designated.



The following chart presents the comparative data of the Corporation's net position over the last five years:

(1) These amounts do not reflect GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities and GASB 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

(2) These amounts do not reflect GASB 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents total revenues recognized in and expenses attributed to the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022. The table below summarizes the Corporation's revenues and expenses and presents comparative data. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. (Dollar amounts are in thousands):

	2022	2021	Change	Percent Change
		Restated		
Revenues				
Interest on Loans	\$562,941	\$491,661	\$71,280	14.50%
Fees and Charges	78,779	89,698	(10,919)	(12.17)
Residual Interest Income	30,937	23,680	7,257	30.65
Income on Loan Participation Interests	6,348	4,710	1,638	34.78
Other Income	1,216	3,314	(2,098)	(63.31)
Total Operating Revenues	680,221	613,063	67,158	10.95
Expenses				
Bond Interest and Amortization	322,430	303,293	19,137	6.31
Salaries and Related Expenses	31,202	28,690	2,512	8.76
Trustees and Other Fees	12,816	11,514	1,302	11.31
Bond Issuance Costs	10,699	19,140	(8,441)	(44.10)
Corporate Operating Expenses	6,273	5,991	282	4.71
Total Operating Expenses	383,420	368,628	14,792	4.01
Operating Income	296,801	244,435	52,366	21.42
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Earnings on Investments	52,758	51,958 800		1.54
Unrealized (Losses) on Investments	(368,443)	(53,170) (315,273)		592.95
Other Non-Operating Revenues	272	43,051	(42,779)	(99.37)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses), net	(315,413)	41,839	(357,252)	(853.87)
Operating Transfers from Fiduciaries	1,766	1,047	719	68.67
Net (Loss) Income	(16,846)	287,321	(304,167)	(105.86)
Change in Net Position	(16,846)	287,321	(304,167)	(105.86)
Net Position, Beginning of the Year - As Restated	3,705,259	3,417,938	287,321	8.41
Net Position, End of the Year	\$3,688,413	\$3,705,259	(\$16,846)	(0.45%)

Revenues of the Corporation are classified as operating and non-operating. Interest income from mortgages represents the Corporation's major source of operating revenue. It also includes various loan and bond program fees such as commitment, bond financing, mortgage insurance and servicing fees. The Corporation's non-operating revenues consist primarily of earnings on investments, purpose investments, and grants revenue. Earnings on investments accrues to the benefit of the program for which the underlying sources of funds are utilized.

HDC's expenses are also classified as operating and non-operating. Operating expenses consist primarily of interest on bonds, which accounted for 84.1% of operating expenses in FY 2022. Other operating expenses include corporate expenses (salaries, overhead and depreciation) and fees. The Corporation's largest non-operating expense was the unrealized loss on the fair value of investments, mostly U.S. Agency securities.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Revenues

The Corporation had total revenues of \$736.7 million, an increase of \$25.9 million from a year ago. Operating revenues were \$680.2 million in FY 2022 compared to \$613.1 million in FY 2021, an increase of \$67.2 million or 10.95%. Operating revenues were approximately 92.33% of total revenues in FY 2022. Net operating income for FY 2022 was \$296.8 million. In FY 2022, HDC recorded net non-operating expense of \$315.4 million, including the unrealized loss on the fair market value of the investment portfolio of \$368.4 million. Grant revenues in FY 2022 were \$1.9 million, down from \$44.7 million in FY 2021.

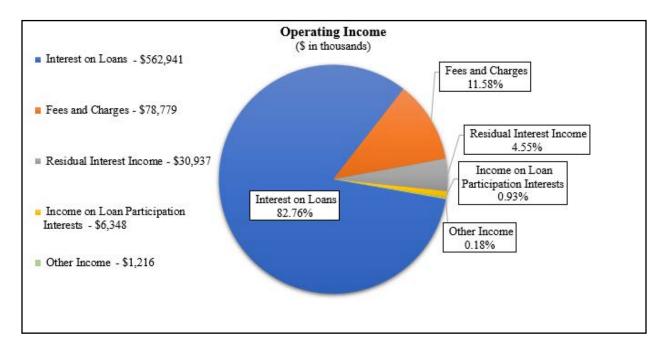
Interest on Loans: Interest on loans, the largest component of operating revenues, was \$562.9 million, an increase of \$71.3 million or 14.50% from FY 2021. In FY 2021, interest on loans was \$491.7 million. The increase in FY 2022 was a result of higher mortgage loans receivable balances consistent with an increase in the Corporation's mortgage lending, as well as higher interest rates on new loans to offset the increase in the Corporation's borrowing costs.

Fees and Charges: Fees and charges were \$78.8 million compared to \$89.7 million a year ago. The decrease was mainly due to \$19.1 million decrease from commitment and financing fees, bond financing fees and deferred construction financing fees. This decrease was partially offset by increases in prior year's bond issuance fees recognized, loan satisfaction fees, and standby LOC fees which totaled \$6.8 million.

Residual Interest Income: Residual interest income is generated from the purchase of outstanding loan residuals from the City of New York through HPD from a previous loan participation agreement. Residual interest income is recognized from loan repayments that were previously distributed to the City through HPD. In FY 2022, HDC recognized \$30.9 million compared to \$23.7 million a year ago.

Income on Loan Participation Interests: Loan participation income in FY 2022 was \$6.3 million, an increase of \$1.6 million compared to \$4.7 million the previous year. Loan participation income is driven by repayments or restructuring of the second mortgage loans in the MLRP.

Other Income: Other income in FY 2022 was \$1.2 million compared to \$3.3 million in FY 2021. Other income is mainly comprised of income on mortgage participations, and administrative fees on the Community Development Block Grant Program "CDBG" Superstorm Sandy related loans. The \$2.1 million decrease was mainly due to lower income on mortgage participation fees this year.



Expenses

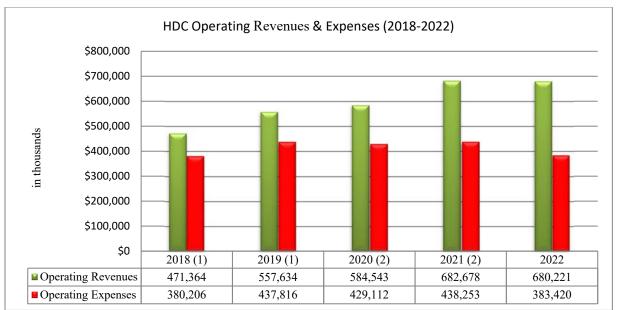
Operating Expenses: Operating expenses in FY 2022 were \$383.4 million, an increase of \$14.8 million or 4.01% compared to the previous year, when operating expenses amounted to \$368.6 million.

Bond Interest and Amortization: Interest expense constituted 84.09% of the total operating expenses. Total bond interest, net of amortization, was \$322.4 million, an increase from FY 2021 when it was \$303.3 million. The increase was generally in line with a 3.59% increase in bonds outstanding, and higher interest rates on the variable rate bonds portfolio.

Salaries and Related Expenses: Salaries and related expenses were \$31.2 million in FY 2022, an increase of \$2.5 million from the \$28.7 million in FY 2021. The increase was mainly due to \$1.8 million increase in pension expense. Wages and fringe benefits increased by a net of \$0.9 million and OPEB expense decreased by \$0.2 million.

Bond Issuance and Other Expenses: Trustees' and other fees, mortgage insurance premiums, bond issuance costs and corporate operating expenses decreased by a net of \$6.9 million. Bond issuance costs were \$10.7 million during FY 2022 compared to \$19.1 million in FY 2021. The \$8.4 million decrease was due to lower bond issuances. In FY 2022, HDC issued \$1.5 billion in bonds compared to \$2.6 billion in FY 2021. Corporate operating expenses increased from \$6.0 million in FY 2021 to \$6.3 million in FY 2022, largely due to amortization of leasehold improvements at the current office space as well as various other consultant's fees for data warehousing, and architecture services related to HDC's new office space.

The following chart presents the comparative data of the Corporation's operating revenues and expenses over the last five years:



(1) These amounts do not reflect GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities and GASB 91, Conduit Debt Obligations (2) These amounts do not reflect GASB 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)

The Corporation ended FY 2022 with \$3.7 billion of investments and cash equivalents under management related to the Enterprise Fund. The Corporation diligently balances maintaining its liquidity needs and maximizing returns by taking advantage of investing in rising short-term investments. Realized investment income was \$52.8 million, an increase of \$0.8 million from a year ago.

Earnings on Investments and Unrealized Losses: Earnings on investments are recognized as non-operating income. Investment income, including the fair value adjustment on outstanding investments, was a net loss of \$315.7 million in FY 2022 compared with a net loss of \$1.2 million in FY 2021. The change was solely due to the fair market value unrealized loss on the U.S. Agency securities, which comprised 48.44% of the total investment portfolio. However, realized earnings increased from \$52.0 million to \$52.8 million due to rising short term interest rates, notwithstanding a 22.83% decrease in the outstanding investment portfolio from a year ago. As of October 31, 2022, 37.1% of the investment portfolio was in demand deposit accounts, which are not subject to fair market value adjustments.

Other Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Other non-operating revenues include \$1.9 million in 421-A Grant Revenue from the Battery Park City Authority ("BPCA"). In FY 2021, Grant revenues were \$44.7 million. In September 2022, HDC received the final installment from the BPCA capital funds program as directed by the City. Other non-operating expenses included \$1.6 million amortization of the deferred residual interest purchase price of the 2014 Series and 2018 Series loan portfolio. In addition, there was \$0.1 million of amortization on the 2011 participation interests purchased cash flow as a result of repayments and restructuring of loans in the portfolio.

Change in Net Position

Change in net position for FY 2022 was negative \$16.8 million, down from \$287.3 million the previous year due to the fair market value adjustment on investments explained above.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, the Corporation had approximately \$12.0 billion of bond principal and debt obligations outstanding in the Enterprise Fund, an increase of 3.59% over the prior year, net of discount and premium.

The following table summarizes the changes in bonds payable and debt obligations between October 31, 2022 and October 31, 2021. (Dollar amounts are in thousands):

	2022	2021	Percentage increase FY 2021 to 2022
		Restated	
Bonds Payable & Debt			
Obligations	\$12,010,752	\$11,594,559	3.59%

In FY 2022, all variable rate demand obligation ("VRDO") bond series were successfully remarketed, and no bonds were tendered to become bank bonds. Additional information about HDC's debt is presented in Note 11 to the financial statements.

NEW BUSINESS

In FY 2022, the Corporation issued fifteen new Housing Revenue Bonds series totaling \$1.4 billion, and one series of Housing Impact Bonds for \$104.3 million. Included in these totals were fourteen series of tax-exempt bonds totaling \$1.3 billion and two series of taxable bonds totaling \$250.0 million. The Corporation also made low interest loans from its net position.

Subsequent to October 31, 2022, bonds issued during the Corporation's normal business activities were \$696,815,000 in the Housing Revenue Bond resolution.

CONTACTING THE CORPORATION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Corporation's finances and to demonstrate the Corporation's accountability for the resources at its disposal. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Public Information Officer, New York City Housing Development Corporation, 110 William Street, New York, NY 10038. The Corporation also maintains information on its website at <u>www.nychdc.com</u>.

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund

At October 31, 2022 (with comparative summarized financial information as of October 31, 2021) (\$ in thousands)

	HDC and Component Units				
	New York City Housing Development	New York City Housing Assistance	New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance	T	otal
	Corporation	Corporation	Corporation	2022	2021
Assets					As Restated
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$ 703,663	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 703,663	\$ 505,672
Investments (note 3)	\$ 705,005 46,011	э -	ф -	\$ 705,005 46,011	\$ 505,072 7,829
Receivables:	40,011	-	-	40,011	7,829
Mortgage loans (note 4)	616,206			616,206	525,836
Accrued interest	65,947	- 1	-	65,948	43,761
	,		-	,	,
Other (note 7)	6,684	-	-	6,684	5,584
Total Receivables	688,837	1	-	688,838	575,181
Leases and other capital assets (note 9)	163	-	-	163	2,027
Other assets	150	-	-	150	2
Total Current Assets	1,438,824	1	-	1,438,825	1,090,711
Noncurrent Assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	628,138	524	21,651	650,313	1,324,081
Restricted investments (note 3)	2,115,776	2,463	124,904	2,243,143	2,888,197
Purpose investments (note 2)	17,087	-	-	17,087	17,548
Mortgage loans (note 4)	318,298	-	-	318,298	324,317
Restricted receivables:					
Mortgage loans (note 4)	12,033,622	100,635	-	12,134,257	11,184,807
Mortgage loan housing finance fund (Section 661) (note 4)	3,346,325	_	-	3,346,325	2,799,830
Mortgage loan participation - Federal Financing Bank (note 4)	509,545	-	-	509,545	469,345
Loan participation receivable - The City of NY (note 6)	455,271	-	-	455,271	460,969
Accrued interest	202,669	_	-	202,669	141,532
Other (note 7)	9,631	-	_	9,631	8,995
Total Restricted Receivables	16,557,063	100,635	-	16,657,698	15,065,478
Leases and other capital assets (note 9)	3,661	-	-	3,661	960
Interest rate swaps (note 10)	176,467	-	-	176,467	-
Other assets (note 8)	36,059	(36)	(19)	36,004	37,216
Total Noncurrent Assets	19,852,549	103,586	146,536	20,102,671	19,657,797
Total Assets	21,291,373	103,587	146,536	21,541,496	20,748,508
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred outflows related to interest rate caps (note 10)	2,510	-	-	2,510	449
Deferred outflows related to pensions (note 14)	7,081	-	-	7,081	4,161
Deferred outflows related to interest rate swaps (note 10)	-	-	-	-	106,656
Deferred outflows related to OPEB (note 15)	1,018	-	-	1,018	1,138
	,,,==			,	,

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statement of Net Position (continued) Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund

Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund At October 31, 2022 (with comparative summarized financial information as of October 31, 2021) (\$ in thousands)

	н	OC and Component U	Inite		
	New York City Housing Development	New York City Housing Assistance	New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance	To	otal
	Corporation	Corporation	Corporation	2022	2021
Liabilities					As Restated
Current Liabilities: Bonds payable (net) (note 11)	\$ 319,939	¢	\$ -	\$ 319.939	\$ 631,972
Debt obligations payable (note 11)	\$ 519,939 1,007	ф —	ф -	\$ 519,939 1,007	\$ 031,972 966
	6,225	-	-	6,225	5,592
Loan participation payable to Federal Financing Bank (note 11)	,	-	-	,	,
Accrued interest payable	142,640	-	-	142,640	132,815
Restricted earnings on investments	308	-	-	308	299
Accounts and other payables	271,801	-	-	271,801	222,163
Lease liability (note 9)	178	-	-	178	2,027
Total Current Liabilities	742,098	-	-	742,098	995,834
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds and debt obligations payable:					
Bonds payable (net) (note 11)	10,999,843	-	-	10,999,843	10,265,054
Debt obligations payable (note 11)	174,207	-	-	174,207	221,644
Loan participation payable to Federal Financing Bank (note 11)	509,531	-	-	509,531	469,331
Payable to The City of New York:					
Loan participation agreements (note 13)	455,271	-	-	455,271	460,969
Housing finance fund (Section 661) (note 13)	3,846,911	-	-	3,846,911	3,546,395
Other (note 13)	35,128	104,125	-	139,253	132,072
Payable to mortgagors	186,877	-	-	186,877	278,079
Net pension liabilities (note 14)	12,204	-	-	12,204	3,840
OPEB liability (note 15)	5,263	-	-	5,263	9,229
Derivative instrument - interest rate swaps (note 10)	-	-	-	-	106,656
Lease liability (note 9)	-	-	-	-	178
Unearned revenues and other liabilities	605,306	-	-	605,306	650,304
Due to the United States Government (note 16)	734	-	-	734	375
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	16,831,275	104,125	_	16,935,400	16,144,126
Total Liabilities	17,573,373	104,125	-	17,677,498	17,139,960
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows related to pensions (note 14)	848	-	-	848	6,665
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (note 15)	8,879	-	-	8,879	9,028
Deferred inflows related to interest rate swaps (note 10)	176,467	-	-	176,467	- -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	186,194	-	-	186,194	15,693
					,
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	3,824	-	-	3,824	2,987
Restricted for bond obligations (note 20)	3,155,142	(538)) –	3,154,604	2,966,564
Restricted for insurance requirement and others	-	-	105,703	105,703	101,092
Unrestricted (note 20)	383,449	-	40,833	424,282	634,616
Total Net Position	\$ 3,542,415	\$ (538)	\$ 146,536	\$ 3,688,413	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund For the Year ended October 31, 2022 (with comparative summarized financial information for the year ended October 31, 2021) (\$ in thousands)

	HDC and Component Units							
	New York City New York City New York City Residential Housing Housing Mortgage Development Assistance Insurance		ป ะ ะ	Total				
	Corporatio	n	Corporation	Corporation	n	2022	As Restat	
Operating Revenues								
Interest on loans (note 4)	\$ 562,9	931 \$	10	\$	- \$	562,941	\$ 49	91,661
Fees and charges (note 7)	73,	888	-	4	,891	78,779	8	39,698
Residual interest income	30,9	937	-		-	30,937	2	23,680
Income on loan participation interests (note 6)	6,1	348	-		-	6,348		4,710
Other	1,	95	-		21	1,216		3,314
Total Operating Revenues	675,2	99	10	4	,912	680,221	61.	3,063
Operating Expenses								
Interest and amortization of bond premium and discount (note 11)	322,4	30	-		-	322,430	30)3,293
Salaries and related expenses	31,	202	-		-	31,202	2	28,690
Trustees' and other fees	12,	816	-		-	12,816	1	1,514
Bond issuance costs	10,	599	-		-	10,699	1	9,140
Corporate operating expenses (note 12)	6,2	273	-		-	6,273	:	5,991
Total Operating Expenses	383,4	20	-		-	383,420	36	58,628
Operating Income	291,	879	10	4	,912	296,801	24	14,435
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Earnings on investments (note 3)	50,2	220	-	2	538	52,758	5	51,958
Unrealized losses on investments (note 3)	(349,		(455)	(18	,195)	(368,443)	(5)	53,170)
Other non-operating revenues, net (note 7)		272	-		-	272	4	13,051
Payments from REMIC subsidiary to HDC		506	-		(606)	-		-
Other		10	(10)		-	-		-
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses), net	(298,	585)	(465)	(16	,263)	(315,413)	4	1,839
(Loss) Income before Transfers from Custodial Funds	(6,	806)	(455)	(11	,351)	(18,612)	28	86,274
Transfers from Custodial Funds	1,	66	-		-	1,766		1,047
Changes in Net Position	(5,	40)	(455)	(11	351)	(16,846)	28	87,321
Total net position - beginning of year	3,547,4	55	(83)	157	,887	3,705,259	3,41	7,938
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 3,542,	415 \$	(538)	\$ 146	,536 \$	3,688,413	\$ 3,70	05,259

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statement of Cash Flows

1,835,822

1,829,753

Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund *Year ended October 31, 2022 (with comparative summarized financial information for the year ended October 31, 2021) (\$ in thousands)*

	HD	HDC and Component Units					
	New York City Housing Development	New York City Housing Assistance	New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance	Tota	otal		
	Corporation	Corporation	Corporation	2022	2021		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					As Restated		
Mortgage loan repayments	\$ 722,547	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 722,547	\$ 717,375		
Mortgage interest receipts	472,302	-	-	472,302	414,542		
Receipts from fees and charges	66,825	-	64	66,889	66,073		
Mortgage loan advances	(2,330,107)	(2)	-	(2,330,109)	(2,930,159)		
Payments to employees	(30,617)	-	-	(30,617)	(28,913		
Payments to suppliers for corporate operating expenses	(6,276)	-	-	(6,276)	(5,434)		
Project contributions and funds received from NYC	314,685	-	-	314,685	525,930		
Advances and other payments for NYC	(913)	-	-	(913)	(2,217		
Bond cost of issuance	(12,697)	-	-	(12,697)	(20,192		
Other receipts	196,786	-	20	196,806	609,031		
Other payments	(251,670)	(1,843)	-	(253,513)	(429,808		
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities	(859,135)	(1,845)	84	(860,896)	(1,083,772		
Proceeds from loan participation - FFB Proceeds from debt obligations	46,600	-	-	46,600	135,460 48,330		
Proceeds from debt obligations	-	-	-	-	48,330		
Retirement of bonds	(1,161,137)	-	-	(1,161,137)	(1,145,885		
Interest paid	(315,306)	-	-	(315,306)	(293,644		
Grant proceeds from BPCA	1,965	-	-	1,965	44,723		
Payments from/to component units	(2,264)	-	4,222	1,958	2,203		
Net Cash Provided by Non Capital Financing Activities	101,226	-	4,222	105,448	1,435,307		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related F	inancing Activ	ities					
Purchase of capital assets	(3,315)	-	-	(3,315)	(326		
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(3,315)	-	-	(3,315)	(326		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Sale of investments	12,973,177	5,538	311,092	13,289,807	12,222,969		
Purchase of investments	(12,749,664)	(3,537)	(307,186)	(13,060,387)	(12,636,367		
Interest and dividends collected	51,201	58	2,307	53,566	56,120		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	274,714	2,059	6,213	282,986	(357,278		
(Decrease) Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(486,510)	214	10,519	(475,777)	(6,069)		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year

Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year

1,818,311

\$

1,331,801 \$

310

524 \$

11,132

21,651 \$

1,829,753

1,353,976 \$

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Fund

Year ended October 31, 2022 (with comparative summarized financial information for the year ended October 31, 2021) (\$ in thousands)

	HDC and Component Units								
					N	New York City			
		York City Iousing	ľ	New York City Housing		Residential Mortgage			
		elopment	Assistance		Insurance		To	tal	
	Co	rporation		Corporation		Corporation	2022		2021
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities:									As Restated
Operating Income	\$	291,879	\$	10	\$	4,912	\$ 296,801	\$	244,435
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities:									
Depreciation expense		2,478		-		-	2,478		2,412
Amortization of bond discount and premium		(639)		-		-	(639)		(906)
Non-operating bond interest payment		315,305		-		-	315,305		293,644
Changes in Assets & Liabilities:									
Mortgage loans		(1,628,660)		7,150		-	(1,621,510)		(2,268,343)
Loan participation receivable - NYC		2,720		-		-	2,720		3,561
Accrued interest receivable		(79,331)		-		-	(79,331)		(65,257)
Other receivables		(1,735)		-		-	(1,735)		(995)
Primary government/component unit receivable (payable)		4,469		-		(4,828)	(359)		(698)
Other assets		(75,135)		-		-	(75,135)		66,569
Payable to The City of New York		310,945		(9,005)		-	301,940		557,079
Payable to mortgagors		(82,113)		-		-	(82,113)		25,976
Accounts and other payables		(54,646)		-		-	(54,646)		83,421
Restricted earnings on investments		-		-		-	-		(49)
Unearned revenues and other liabilities		125,504		-		-	125,504		(35,138)
Accrued interest payable		9,824		-		-	9,824		10,517
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(859,135)	\$	(1,845)	\$	84	\$ (860,896)	\$	(1,083,772)
Non Cash Investing Activities:									
Decrease in fair value of investments	\$	(349,793)	\$	(455)	\$	(18,195)	\$ (368,443)	\$	(53,170)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

New York City Housing Development Corporation 2022 Financial Statements

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds At October 31, 2022

At October 31, 2022 (with comparative summarized financial information as of October 31, 2021) (\$ in thousands)

			Other Employee		Total			
	Custo	Custodial Funds		Benefit Trust Fund		2022		2021
sets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	596,919	\$	291	\$	597,210	\$	696,16
Investments at fair value:								
Bonds		292,713		11,598		304,311		189,54
Total investments		292,713		11,598		304,311		189,54
Receivables:								
Mortgage loans		665,810		-		665,810		648,93
Accrued interest		38,575		-		38,575		34,30
Other		21,508		-		21,508		18,23
Total Receivables		725,893		-		725,893		701,47
Primary government/component unit receivable		940		-		940		1,46
Total Assets		1,616,465		11,889		1,628,354		1,588,65
Position								
Restricted for:								
Mortgagors		811,576		-		811,576		814,90
The City of New York		803,681		-		803,681		763,88
Other Entities		1,208		-		1,208		1,20
Postemployment benefits other than pensions		-		11,889		11,889		8,67
Total Net Position	\$	1,616,465	\$	11,889	\$	1,628,354	\$	1,588,65

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the year ended October 31, 2022 (with comparative summarized financial information for the year ended October 31, 2021) (\$ in thousands)

		Other Employee	Total	
	Custodial Funds	Benefit Trust Fund	2022	2021
Additions				
Interest on loans	\$ 205	\$ -	\$ 205	\$ 205
Investment earnings:				
Interest, dividends and other	1,553	(1,575)	(22)	977
Total investment earnings	1,553	(1,575)	(22)	977
Mortgage escrow receipts - Mortgagors	375,442	-	375,442	417,992
Funds received for The City of New York	105,708	-	105,708	110,999
Others	4	5,000	5,004	-
Total Additions	482,912	3,425	486,337	530,173
Deductions				
Benefit payments	-	206	206	21
Mortgage escrow disbursements - Mortgagors	378,767	-	378,767	348,179
Payments to The City of New York	65,908	-	65,908	83,550
Transfers to Enterprise Fund	1,757	-	1,757	1,039
Others	-	-	-	4
Total Deductions	446,432	206	446,638	432,996
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position	36,480	3,219	39,699	97,177
Net position - beginning of year	1,579,985	8,670	1,588,655	1,491,478
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,616,465	\$ 11,889	\$ 1,628,354	\$ 1,588,655

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Note 1: Organization

The New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation" or "HDC") is a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York (the "State"). The Corporation is also a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Corporation was established in 1971 under the provisions of Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (the "Act") of the State and is to continue in existence for at least as long as bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation are outstanding.

The Corporation was created to encourage the investment of private capital through low-interest mortgage loans in order to increase the supply of safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations for families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by unassisted private enterprise. To accomplish its objectives, the Corporation is empowered to finance housing through new construction or rehabilitation and to provide permanent financing for multi-family residential housing. The Corporation finances significant amounts of its activities through the issuance of bonds, notes and debt obligations. The bonds, notes, and debt obligations of the Corporation are not debts of either the State or The City of New York (the "City").

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Codification 2100, *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity*, the Corporation's financial statements are included in the City's financial statements as a component unit for financial reporting purposes.

Primary Government Entity

For the purpose of these financial statements, the Corporation is the primary government entity. Financial activity in HDC's bond and loan programs and in its Corporate Services Fund are aggregated and reported in the financial statements under Housing Development Corporation. The Corporation sells bonds, administers bond proceeds and manages bond revenues and repayments in accordance with bond resolutions adopted by its Board Members (see Note 11: "Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations"). Bond proceeds are used to make loans and provide for related costs and reserves, and loan repayments are applied to pay principal and interest on the related bonds (see Note 4: "Mortgage Loans"; Note 5: "Notes Receivable"; and Note 6: "Loan Participation Receivable for The City of New York"). Corporation resources that are not pledged under or governed by a bond resolution are managed in the Corporate Services Fund. This fund accounts for (1) fees and earnings transferred from the bond and loan programs; (2) fees earned on loans serviced for HDC and for the City; (3) compliance monitoring fees; (4) income from Corporate Services Fund investments; (5) grant revenues; (6) payments of the Corporation's operating expenses; and (7) loans made with corporate funds.

The Corporation currently has four blended component units, two of which are inactive.

The New York City Housing Assistance Corporation ("HAC") and the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation ("REMIC") are active subsidiaries and together with HDC, the Housing New York Corporation ("HNYC") and the Real Estate Owned Corporation comprise the reporting entity. HAC and REMIC have been included in the Corporation's financial statements as blended component

units of HDC. All of these entities have been reported as component units because HDC's Members comprise all or a controlling majority of the Board for each entity and HDC's staff provides all services for each entity.

Component Units

(A) New York City Housing Assistance Corporation

HAC is a public benefit corporation established pursuant to Section 654-b of the Act as a subsidiary of the Corporation.

HAC is empowered to receive monies from any source, including, but not limited to, the Corporation, the City or the State, for the purpose of assisting rental developments to maintain rentals affordable to low and moderate-income persons for whom the ordinary operation of private enterprise cannot supply safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations. In order to accomplish this objective, HAC may transfer, lend, pledge or assign these monies to any rental development or assist the Corporation in financing such developments. As a subsidiary of HDC, HAC's functions are administered by the Corporation and its Board Members substantially overlap with HDC's Board Members, so it is reported as a blended component unit in HDC's financial statements.

(B) New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation

REMIC is a public benefit corporation established pursuant to Section 654-d of the Act as a subsidiary of HDC. REMIC is the successor entity to the New York City Rehabilitation Mortgage Insurance Corporation ("Old REMIC"), which was dissolved on January 27, 1993. REMIC has the authority to insure residential mortgage loans throughout the City in order to promote the preservation of neighborhoods which are blighted, are becoming blighted or may become blighted, to discourage divestment and encourage the investment of mortgage capital in such neighborhoods and to provide safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations to persons and families for whom the ordinary operations of private enterprise cannot supply such accommodations.

REMIC currently maintains two reserves, the Housing Insurance Fund and the Premium Reserve Fund. The Housing Insurance Fund can be used as a revolving fund solely for the payment of liabilities arising from housing insurance contracts issued by REMIC. The Housing Insurance Fund requirement (as of any particular date) is established by statute and must be in an amount equal to the aggregate of (i) one hundred percent of the insured amounts due and payable pursuant to housing insurance contracts, plus (ii) twenty percent of the insured amounts under housing insurance contracts other than insured amounts which are due and payable pursuant to (i) above, plus (iii) twenty percent of the amounts to be insured under REMIC's commitments to insure. The Housing Insurance Fund requirement as of October 31, 2022 is \$105,703,000.

Any income or interest earned on the Housing Insurance Fund in excess of its respective requirements is transferred at least annually to the Premium Reserve Fund. The Premium Reserve Fund must also be maintained to provide for the payment of REMIC's liabilities arising from its operations, including liabilities arising from housing insurance contracts. REMIC also maintains an Operating Fund for

operation purposes. As a component unit of HDC, REMIC functions are administered by the Corporation. The Premium Reserve Fund and Operating Fund have a combined balance of \$40,833,000 as of October 31, 2022. REMIC is a blended component unit because HDC's Members comprise a controlling majority of the Board and HDC's staff provides all services for REMIC.

Inactive Component Units

(C) Real Estate Owned Corporation

The NYC HDC Real Estate Owned Corporation ("REO Subsidiary Corporation") was established under Section 654-a of the Act on September 20, 2004. The REO Subsidiary Corporation has the power to hold property whenever, in the sole discretion of the Corporation, it has become necessary to acquire a project in the case of sale under foreclosure or in lieu of foreclosure to effectuate the purposes of the Act. There was no activity undertaken by this subsidiary during fiscal year 2022 and it did not have any assets or liabilities as of October 31, 2022. The REO Subsidiary Corporation is treated as a blended component unit of HDC.

(D) Housing New York Corporation

The HNYC is a public benefit corporation established pursuant to Section 654-c of the Act as a subsidiary of the Corporation. Authorization for the funding of the Housing New York Program ended on July 1, 1995. Consequently, HNYC can no longer issue bonds or notes to fund the Housing New York Program.

Upon repayment of all the outstanding HNYC bonds on November 3, 2003, HNYC became an inactive subsidiary of the Corporation and its remaining funds were transferred out of HNYC. However, HNYC is not expected to be dissolved.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Corporation follows the principles of fund accounting, with a sub-fund for each bond series, for the Corporate Services Fund, and for each component unit. Each fund's assets, liabilities and net position are accounted for as separate entities and follow enterprise fund reporting. Certain individual funds are aggregated into larger categories for the purpose of financial reporting. The accompanying financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred. In its accounting and financial reporting, the Corporation follows the pronouncements of the GASB.

Other significant accounting policies are:

A. Revenue and Expense Recognition

The Corporation's operating revenues consist of earnings on loans and loan participation interests, fees and charges associated with both financing and servicing mortgages and loans, and other revenues that are received to cover the costs of raising capital. All other revenue, which is primarily earnings on investments and grant revenue are considered non-operating. Revenues are recognized when earned.

Operating expenses include bonding costs, expenses for administering the various bond resolutions, personnel expenses, corporate operating expenses, bond issuance and financing costs, and depreciation expense. The Corporation reports all other expenses, including distributions of first mortgage earnings to the City in connection with loan participations and the payment, if necessary, of mortgage loan principal receipts on bond payments, as non-operating expenses. Expenses are recognized as incurred.

Virtually all resources are either restricted or designated. Net position has been restricted in accordance with terms of an award, agreement or by state law. Designated net position is committed for specific purposes pursuant to HDC policy and/or Board directives (see Note 20: "Net Position" for more detailed information).

B. Cash Equivalents and Investments

Short-term bank deposits and investments with stated maturities of 90 days or less are reported as Cash and Cash Equivalents. All investments are reported at fair value, except for certificates of deposit and investment agreements. The Corporation's investment agreements, which can take the form of open time deposits or fixed repurchase agreements, are reported at an amount equal to principal and accrued interest.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") require that restricted assets be reported as noncurrent assets. In the case of cash equivalents and investments, this treatment generally causes restricted investments with maturities less than one year to be reported as non-current. However, to more accurately report the alignment of HDC's current liability for payment of bond principal and interest with funds available to satisfy these liabilities, HDC has included cash, cash equivalents and investments totaling \$698,020,000 under current assets as of October 31, 2022, to cover the payment of bond principal and interest due in the following year.

C. Purpose Investments

As part of its financing activities, HDC has made three housing development loans that are secured by GNMA certificates rather than mortgages on the related properties. The GNMA certificates provide payments at such times and in such amounts as to fully repay the respective HDC loans and are the only source of repayment for these loans. The GNMA certificates are treated under U.S. Treasury regulations as acquired program obligations. The GNMA certificates are classified in the financial statements as purpose investments and identified separately from other investments and restricted investments in the financial statements. However, interest earned on the GNMA certificates is included in earnings on investments.

It is the Corporation's policy to record GNMA certificates at amortized cost, which amounted to \$17,087,000 as of October 31, 2022. The fair value of these purpose investments amounted to \$15,979,000 as of October 31, 2022.

D. Mortgage Loans

As part of the Corporation's major financing activities, mortgage loans are funded from bond and debt obligation proceeds and corporate reserves. The mortgage loans funded from bond proceeds and debt

obligations are generally classified as restricted receivables because the loan repayments of all such loans are pledged to cover the debt service on the related bonds and obligations. The loans funded from corporate reserves are not restricted but designated for a specific purpose.

E. Allowance for Credit Losses

HDC's loans are underwritten according to standards the Corporation believes prudent and are closely monitored for payment and for management of the associated housing developments. In addition, many of the Corporation's mortgages have credit enhancements through letters of credit, mortgage insurance and other supports. Therefore, HDC believes that the likelihood of experiencing material credit losses relating to its bonded mortgage programs is remote. Management has determined that current charges against income are not required.

F. Summarized Financial Information

The basic financial statements include summarized comparative information as of and for the year ended October 31, 2021 in total but not by reporting unit. Such information does not include enough detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2021 from which the summarized information was derived (which are available from the Corporation and on its website).

G. Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position provide information on the Corporation's fiduciary activities in (1) Custodial Funds and (2) the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust ("OPEB") Fund. The Custodial Funds report assets held by the Corporation on behalf of mortgagors and the City. These assets are derived from the servicing of the Corporation's permanent loans, and construction and permanent loans serviced on behalf of the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), using funds provided by mortgagors and HPD. All such funds are the property of the mortgagors and HPD and thus are reported as restricted net position for mortgagors and the City in the fiduciary statement of net position. Investment earnings on monies held for the City, project reserves for replacement and certain other project escrows are reported as additions to restricted net position in the Fiduciary Fund. The Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund reports resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the Corporation's OPEB plan.

H. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year summarized financial information to conform to the current year's presentation.

I. Recent and Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Issued and Adopted

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, ("GASB 91") was issued in May 2019. The primary objectives of GASB 91 are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. GASB 91 achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. GASB 91, as amended, is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The Corporation has adopted GASB 91. As a result, the comparative fiscal year 2021 figures in the current year financial statements were restated to exclude \$3,607,016,000 of conduit bond assets and liabilities. There was no cumulative-effect adjustment to the prior period net position as a result of the adoption.

In January 2020, GASB approved Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* ("GASB 92"). GASB 92 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. GASB 92 addresses a variety of topics including issues related to the effective date of Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits), fiduciary activities, asset retirement obligations, reporting by public entity risk pools, nonrecurring fair value measurements, and derivative instruments terminology. The effective date of this standard varies by topic and was superseded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 95. The Corporation adopted GASB 92 and it had no impact on the financial statements.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* ("GASB 93"). Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate ("IBOR")—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is no longer being used for new pricing and is expected to be discontinued in its current form, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of GASB 93 is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 95, all other requirements of GASB 93 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The Corporation adopted GASB 93 in the current year. All of the Corporation's LIBOR based bond series were refunded with Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") bond series. Of the thirteen interest rate swap instruments held by HDC, eight are LIBOR based. These eight LIBOR based interest rate swaps will automatically convert to either SOFR

or the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association rate ("SIFMA") on June 30, 2023. The three new interest rate swaps entered into this current year are all SOFR based. The adoption of GASB 93 had no impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, ("GASB 94") was issued in March 2020. The primary objective of GASB 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in GASB 94, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in GASB 94 as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

GASB 94 also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in GASB 94, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The requirements of GASB 94 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Corporation adopted GASB 94 and it had no impact on the financial statements.

In May 2020, GASB approved Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* ("GASB 96"). The primary objective of GASB 96 is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs") for government end users. GASB 96 (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of GASB 96 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Corporation adopted GASB 96 and it had no impact on the financial statements.

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32* ("GASB 97"). The primary objective of GASB 97 is to require that Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") Section 457 deferred compensation plans ("Section 457 plans") be classified as either a pension plan or another employee benefit plan, depending on whether the plan meets the definition of a pension plan and clarifies that GASB 84, as amended, should be applied to all arrangements organized under IRC Section 457 to determine whether those arrangements should be reported as fiduciary activities. The requirements of GASB 97 are effective for either fiscal years or reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The Corporation adopted GASB 97 and it had no impact on the financial statements.

In October 2021, GASB issued Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* ("GASB 98"). The primary objective of GASB 98 is to establish the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym ACFR. The new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The requirements of GASB 98 are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021. The Corporation adopted GASB 98 and it had no impact on the financial statements.

Accounting Standards Issued and Not Yet Adopted

GASB		Effective
Statement No.	GASB Accounting Standard	Fiscal Year
99	Omnibus 2022	2023 and 2024
100	Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62	2024
101	Compensated Absences	2025

Note 3: Investments and Deposits

The Corporation is authorized to engage in investment activity pursuant to the Act and the Corporation's respective bond resolutions. Investment policies are set for the Corporation by the Members of the Corporation on an annual basis, through the annual adoption of written investment guidelines. Investments are reviewed on a periodic basis by the Corporation's Audit Committee. Day-to-day investment decisions are made by the Corporation's Investment Committee. The Corporation principally invests in securities of the United States and its agencies, open time deposits ("OTDs") in the form of investment agreements, demand accounts, repurchase agreements, and certificates of deposits. In fiscal year 2022, HDC continued investing in taxable municipal bonds of the State and the City, consistent with the Corporation's enabling statute and investment guidelines. The Corporation is not aware of any violations of any provisions of the foregoing policies.

All securities, other than securities held by the respective trustees for the benefit of the bondholders, were held by the Corporation or its agents in the Corporation's name. Bond program investments are held by the trustee of the applicable program.

All investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Investments, other than purpose investments, which are reported at fair value as of October 31, 2022, were as follows:

Enterprise Fund - HDC and Compone	ent Units				
	Inves	stment Maturities	as of October 3	1, 2022 (in Yea	ars)
_					More than
Investment Type	2022	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	10
(in thousands)					
Money Market and NOW Accounts	\$1,312,045	\$1,312,045	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
FHLB Bonds	717,666	_	492,789	192,771	32,106
FFCB Bonds	521,764	4,999	247,569	269,196	_
FHLMC Bonds	456,684	1,630	118,419	334,257	2,378
NYS/NYC Municipal Bonds *	113,812	543	83,828	29,441	_
FNMA Bonds	58,434	—	11,570	33,139	13,725
Fixed Repurchase Agreements	24,162	24,162		—	
U.S. Treasury (Bonds, Notes, Bills)	3,079	3,079			
Total	3,207,646	1,346,458	954,175	858,804	48,209
Less amounts classified as cash					
equivalents	(1,337,199)	(1,337,199)			
Total investments	\$1,870,447	\$9,259	\$954,175	\$858,804	\$48,209
*Note: Municipal Bonds are at fixed rates					

*Note: Municipal Bonds are at fixed rates.

Fiduciary Funds

More than
6-10 10
- \$ \$
3 8,047 —
2 66,832 —
1 13,040 —
6 5,811 3,183
8 2,220 —
0 95,950 3,183
0 \$ 95,950 \$ 3,183
2 1 6 8

*Note: Municipal Bonds are at fixed rates.

Enterprise Fund - HDC and Component Units

Total investments recorded on the Statement of Net Position as of October 31, 2022 of \$2,289,154,000 is made up the following: (a) investments recorded at fair value of \$1,870,447,000 (b) certificates of deposits in the amount of \$184,588,000, and (c) OTDs in the amount of \$234,119,000.

Fiduciary Fund

Total custodial fund investments recorded on the Statement of Net Position as of October 31, 2022 of \$292,713,000 is made up the following: (a) investments recorded at fair value of \$279,213,000, and (b) OTDs in the amount of \$13,500,000.

Enterprise Fund - HDC and Component Units

As required by GASB No. 31, the Corporation has recorded a fair value adjustment in its investment portfolio. HDC recorded a net depreciation of \$368,443,000 for the year ended October 31, 2022.

Under Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, HDC categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Corporation does not hold any securities valued using Level 3 inputs as of October 31, 2022.

The Corporation has the following recurring fair value measurements as of October 31, 2022:

- NYC/NYS Municipal securities of \$113,812,000 are valued using quoted market prices. (Level 1 inputs)
- U.S. Treasury securities of \$3,079,000 are valued based on models using observable inputs. (Level 2 inputs)
- U.S. Agency securities of \$1,754,548,000 are valued based on models using observable inputs. (Level 2 inputs)

Money Market and NOW accounts of \$1,312,045,000 are valued at cost. In addition to the investments identified above, as of October 31, 2022, the Corporation held \$16,777,000 uninvested as cash in various trust and other accounts.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Corporation's investment guidelines charge the Investment Committee with "...determining appropriate investment instruments...based on...length of time funds are available for investment purposes..." among other factors. Thus, maturities are matched to the Corporation's liquidity needs. As part of the Corporation's investment policies, it looks to invest its bond and corporate related reserves in long-term securities that carry a higher yield, with the intent to hold the investments to maturity.

Credit Risk: The Corporation's investment guidelines and policies are designed to protect principal by limiting credit risk. This is accomplished by making decisions based on a review of ratings, collateral, and diversification requirements that vary according to the type of investment.

As of October 31, 2022, investments in Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA" or "Fannie Mae"), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC" or "Freddie Mac"), Federal Home Loan

Bank ("FHLB") and Federal Farm Credit Bank ("FFCB") were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or Moody's Investors Service (Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, FHLB and FFCB are collectively referred to as "Agency"). Standard & Poor's ratings for long-term and short-term ranged from AA+ to A-1+, respectively. Moody's long-term and short-term ratings ranged from Aaa to P-1, respectively. Some investments were not rated. Investments in Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, FHLB and FFCB are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. They carry ratings equivalent to the credit ratings for the U.S. government. Some investments were not rated by Fitch Ratings. Of the investments that were rated by Fitch Ratings, they carried ratings ranging from AAA for long-term and F1+ for short-term. Money market accounts and certificates of deposits are either backed by collateral held by the provider or letters of credit provided by third parties.

A small portion of HDC's investment portfolio consists of NYS/NYC municipal bonds. The Standard & Poor's ratings for those investments ranged from AAA to AA-; Moody's ratings ranged from Aa1 to Aa2 and Fitch Ratings Service ratings ranged from AA+ to AA-. Some investments were not rated. Money market, open time deposits and repurchase agreements in the form of OTDs are not rated; however, the providers are rated.

Custodial Credit Risk: For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Corporation, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the name of the Corporation. The Corporation manages custodial credit risk by limiting its investments to highly rated institutions and/or requiring high quality collateral be held by the counterparty in the name of the Corporation.

As of October 31, 2022, repurchase agreements in the amount of \$24,162,000, demand accounts in the amount of \$1,064,501,000, and certificates of deposits in the amount of \$184,588,000 were collateralized by high quality instruments. The collateral consisted of U.S. Treasury Notes, U.S. Treasury Bills, Agency investments, FHLB letters of credit, and letters of credits held by the Corporation's agent in the name of the Corporation.

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the Corporation's deposit may not be returned to it. HDC bank deposits amounted to \$20,402,000 as of October 31, 2022, of which \$19,569,000 was uninsured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") and uncollateralized. Correspondingly, \$15,857,000 was secured in trust accounts, which are protected under state law and \$4,545,000 was held in demand deposit accounts ("DDA"). HDC limits its deposits to highly rated institutions, and such deposits are either in trust accounts or partially insured through the FDIC. The maximum coverage of \$250,000 is available to depositors under the FDIC's general deposit insurance rules. All the Corporation's funds held in the DDA are subject to this provision.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Corporation follows its annually adopted investment guidelines in accordance with concentration limits and reviews its credit concentration monthly. The Corporation's Credit Risk unit monitors concentration risk amongst issuers and reports regularly to the Members of the Corporation's Audit Committee.

The following tables shows issuers that represent 5% or more of total investments as of October 31, 2022 *(in thousands):*

Enterprise Fund - HDC and Component Units

Issuer	Dollar Amount	Percentage
FHLB Bonds	\$717,666	19.79%
Signature Bank (*)	631,561	17.42
FFCB Bonds	521,764	14.39
FHLMC Bonds	456,684	12.59
Sterling National Bank (*)	247,544	6.83
Toronto-Dominion Bank	224,039	6.18
NY Community Bank (*)	220,637	6.08

*Note: Either fully or partially covered by FNMA, FHLMC, GNMA, FHLB securities that are held by a third party and/or FHLB letter of credit collateral held by the Corporation.

Fiduciary Funds

Issuer	Dollar Amount	Percentage
Signature Bank (*)	\$261,639	29.45%
Bridgehampton National Bank (*)	227,009	25.55
FHLB Bonds	89,940	10.12
FHLMC Bonds	80,774	9.09
Customers Bank (*)	64,762	7.29
FFCB	57,281	6.45

*Note: Either fully or partially covered by FNMA, FHLMC, GNMA, FHLB securities that are held by a third party and/or FHLB letter of credit collateral held by the Corporation.

Note 4: Mortgage Loans

The Corporation had outstanding, under various loan programs, mortgage loans of \$20,376,619,000 as of October 31, 2022. Of the total loans outstanding above, \$318,858,000 of loans funded from corporate reserves were not restricted assets as they were not pledged to any specific bonds or under any bond resolutions. However, they are considered designated as defined under Note 20: "Net Position". The portion of mortgage loans that have not yet been advanced is recorded as investments and amounted to \$2,122,239,000 as of October 31, 2022 (see Note 17: "Commitments").

In fiscal year 2022, the Corporation adopted GASB 91. The Corporation issues bonds and notes to fund mortgage loans for multi-family residential developments. In a conduit bond financing, HDC assigns the mortgage loan to the credit enhancer that provides security for the bonds. Therefore the developer is not liable to HDC for the mortgage loan but to the letter of credit issuer. For reporting purposes, HDC presents the conduit mortgage loans in a separate section.

Changes in Mortgage Loans

The changes in Mortgage						
Loans are as follows:						
(in thousands)						Enterprise
						Fund-
		Loan				Mortgage
		Participation				Loans Net
	Total	Receivable –				of Conduit
	Mortgage	The City of	Mortgage	Conduit	Fiduciary	& Fiduciary
	Loans	New York	Loans (net)	Loans	Funds	Funds
Mortgage Loans Outstanding						
at Beginning of the Year	\$19,318,830	\$438,481	\$18,880,349	\$2,927,282	\$648,932	\$15,304,135
Mortgage Advances	2,330,110	-	2,330,110	-	-	2,330,110
Other Additions*	49,911	4,393	45,518	-	17,095	28,423
Principal Collections	(885,464)	(6,100)	(879,364)	(141,104)	(217)	(738,043)
Discount/Premium						
Amortized	6	-	6	-	-	6
Mortgage Loans Outstanding						
at End of the Year	20,813,393	436,774	20,376,619	2,786,178	665,810	16,924,631
NYC Loan Participation						
Interest Receivable	18,497	18,497	-	-	-	-
Total	\$20,831,890	\$455,271	\$20,376,619	\$2,786,178	\$665,810	\$16,924,631

*Loan assignments and capitalized interest.

Of the mortgage loans outstanding as of October 31, 2022, \$665,810,000 was related to fiduciary funds.

(A) New York City Housing Development Corporation

(i) The HDC mortgage loans listed above were originally repayable over terms of 2 to 65 years and bear interest at rates from 0.25% to 10.36% per annum. Almost all mortgage loans receivable are collateralized by first or second mortgages on the property of the housing sponsors and contain exculpatory clauses with respect to the liability of the principals of such housing sponsors. The table above does not include loans which are not secured by mortgages, which include a military housing loan and a loan to NYCHA, each of which are secured by notes (see Note 5: "Notes Receivable"), and loans secured by GNMA certificates (see Note 2C: "Purpose Investments"). Of the total HDC mortgages, including those that are in the Mitchell-Lama programs held as of October 31, 2022, 54% are first mortgages and 46% are subordinate loans.

(ii) Of the total \$20,831,890,000 mortgage loans reported above, \$3,346,325,000 was related to mortgage loans made with funds received from HPD under Section 661 of the PHFL. When HDC and HPD co-lend on a project, HPD grants funds to HDC to fund their subordinate loan. HDC then makes the subordinate loan in its name co-terminus with the senior HDC loan to ultimately be assigned back to HPD at maturity.

(iii) Under the FFB program, the Corporation acts as servicer of the loans and receives the monthly mortgage payments from the borrower as per the schedule of the Certificates of Participation. The monthly loan principal and interest payment will be remitted to the FFB as per the schedule of the Certificates of Participation.

The mortgage loan participation program with the FFB had a payable balance of \$515,756,000 as of October 31, 2022. For more details on the loans included in the FFB Loan Participation program, see Note 11: "Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations".

(B) Housing Assistance Corporation

The Housing Assistance Corporation financed construction and capitalized interest costs for eight affordable housing projects during the period of 1986 to 1990. These loans, funded by the City, accrue interest at the rate of 0-1% per annum.

The cash flows from these loans were used to provide funding for City directed subsidy programs. Beginning in 2003, the cash flows from mortgage loan interest and the investment portfolio were not sufficient to meet the payment requirements for the subsidy program. HDC's Members approved fund transfers from the Corporation to HAC for an amount at any one time not to exceed \$10,000,000 in total to cover the shortfall of payments required.

In order to continue to fund the City subsidy program for the project named Ruppert/Yorkville ("RY Subsidy Program") and to repay HDC for the obligations, HAC's Board Members approved the sale of the remaining five mortgage loans in the HAC loan portfolio to HDC at its meeting on September 19, 2017. The total outstanding balance on these loans at the time of the loan sale was \$32,400,000. The sale raised \$23,800,000 for HAC. This amount represented the discounted value of the future cash flow on the purchased loans. A portion of the sale proceeds was used to repay HDC for outstanding obligations and the remainder should be enough to continue to provide funds for the RY Subsidy Program through 2024.

In fiscal year 2016, the City requested that the Corporation help facilitate the implementation of the new affordable housing regime for Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village. On December 15, 2015, HDC and Wells Fargo Bank entered into a Participation Agreement whereby HDC funded a \$143,236,000 subordinate loan to the purchasers of Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village. The Corporation executed this transaction through its subsidiary HAC. Pursuant to a memorandum of understanding with the City, HDC was to be reimbursed for this transaction and in fiscal year 2022, HDC received its final reimbursement from the City and was made whole. Under the memorandum of understanding, this subordinate loan bears no interest and is forgiven at the rate of 1/20 per annum over its 20-year term. Accordingly, \$7,162,000 of the Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village loan was forgiven in fiscal year 2022. This reduced the mortgage loan balance to \$100,265,000 as of October 31, 2022.

The total mortgage loan outstanding balance in HAC was \$100,635,000 as of October 31, 2022.

Note 5: Notes Receivable

HDC has loans outstanding that are secured by notes and pledged revenues. Military Housing notes receivable of \$47,545,000 was received in connection with the 2004 Series A Class I & II Military Housing Revenue Bond (Fort Hamilton LLC Project) issuance. The notes are secured by pledged revenues of the development under a Master Trust Indenture. The interest rate on the mortgage loan is a blended rate of 6.32% which is equal to the bond interest rate. The interest on the mortgage is collected semi-annually on the debt service date. As of October 31, 2022, the outstanding Military Housing notes

receivable was \$41,945,000.

During fiscal year 2022, notes receivable from NYCHA received in connection with the Corporation's 2013 Series A and the 2013 Series B Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds were refunded upon the issuance of the 2022 Series A Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds (the "2022 Series A Bonds") (see Note 11: Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations). As of October 31, 2022, the outstanding NYCHA notes receivable relating to the 2022 Series A Bonds was \$398,265,000.

The 2022 Series A notes receivable is secured by a first priority pledge of NYCHA's capital grant money provided by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD").

In fiscal year 2022, HDC adopted GASB 91. This statement eliminated the existing option for issuers to report conduit debt obligations and the related assets as their own. The Corporation has determined that its two note receivables, the Military Housing development at Fort Hamilton ("Military Housing") and the 2022 Series A Capital Fund Grant Program ("CFGP") NYCHA series, were funded by conduit debt obligations and fall within the criteria provided in this statement. Therefore, these note receivables, and the related bonds are no longer included in HDC's Enterprise Fund financial statement reporting. However, the required disclosures were presented in the footnotes in accordance with the disclosure requirements.

Note 6: Loan Participation Receivable for The City of New York

In fiscal year 2002, the Corporation acquired interests in two real estate mortgage investment trusts in connection with its housing activities. In addition, the Corporation entered into various agreements with the City whereby HDC sold bonds and used the bond proceeds to purchase from the City interests in various mortgage loans and pools of mortgage loans.

In each of fiscal years 2002 and 2003, HDC used bond proceeds from its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2002 Series D (the "2002 Series D Bonds"), and Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2003 Series D (the "2003 Series D Bonds"), to purchase a subordinated position in a 100% participation interest in a portion of the cash flows from a pool of mortgage loans the City had previously securitized in 1996. This pool is known as the Sheridan Trust II and HDC's purchased asset is the Sheridan Trust II Class B Certificate. Upon completion of the 2003 transaction, HDC's participation interest included the City's total cash flow from the Sheridan Trust II. In September 2005, the senior lien interests were satisfied and HDC became the primary beneficiary of the Sheridan Trust II. At that time, therefore, the loan asset was added to HDC's Statement of Net Position and was valued at its principal amount.

In 2006, the Corporation issued its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series A (the "2006 Series A Bonds"), which refinanced its 2002 Series D and 2003 Series D Bonds. On May 1, 2014, the 2006 Series A Bonds were fully redeemed. Simultaneously, the Corporation issued the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B-1 and 2014 Series B-2 (collectively, the "2014 Series B Bonds") to re-securitize the remaining underlying loan portfolio, which included the Sheridan Trust II Class B Certificate. At that time, the Sheridan Trust II had a balance of \$57,372,000. The Sheridan Trust II, along with the other remaining underlying loans under the 2006 Series A Bonds totaling \$246,698,000, were transferred to the 2014 Series B Bonds.

In April 2018, the Corporation issued its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series B Bonds. The proceeds were used to purchase and securitize a 100% participation interest in various pools of City mortgage loans totaling \$671,611,000.

In October 2020, at the request of the City, the Corporation purchased the City's residual interest in the Loan Participation Receivable related to the 2014 Series B and 2018 Series B Bonds mortgage portfolio including the Sheridan Trust II for a purchase price of \$40,000,000. The Loan Participation agreement was amended, and the amended agreement "eliminated the reversion of ownership of the mortgage portfolio under the agreement to the City" after the full repayment of the underlying 2014 Series B and 2018 Series B Bonds. As of the purchase date, the amount of the participation interest of \$586,357,000 was reduced to offset against the Payable to the City.

As of October 31, 2022, the balance included under "Loan Participation Receivable – The City of New York" totaled \$455,271,000 is related to the Corporation's Mitchell-Lama loan participating program. "Loan Participation Receivable - The City of New York" are pledged to the associated bonds but revert to the City when such bonds are retired (see Note 13: "Payable to The City of New York and Mortgagors").

Note 7: Other Receivables

Other receivables of \$16,315,000 represents mortgage related fees, servicing fees receivable, Corporate Services Fund loans not secured by mortgages on the properties, bond interest receivable from HUD, and servicing fees receivable on HPD loans serviced (but not owned) by HDC.

Under Fiduciary Funds, other receivables were \$21,508,000 as of October 31, 2022. This primarily consisted of deferred interest receivable, interest and mortgage servicing fees billed for HPD serviced loans.

In fiscal year 2022, under the BPCA "Pay-as-You-Go" capital funds program agreement, HDC received the final installment of \$1,965,000, as directed by the City. The cumulative amount received under this agreement totaled \$261,000,000.

Note 8: Other Non-Current Assets

In October 2020, at the request of the City, the Corporation purchased the residual interest in the 2014 Series B and the 2018 Series B loan participation interest, for a purchase price of \$40 million. This amount represented the present value of future residual interest through the final bond maturity date, November 1, 2046, and will be amortized on a straight-line basis accordingly. During fiscal year 2022, \$1,564,000 of the purchase price was amortized and recorded as a non-operating expense. The unamortized value of the Deferred NYC Loan Participation Residual Interest was \$36,873,000 as of October 31, 2022.

Note 9: Leases

The Corporation accounts for lease agreements in accordance with GASB 87. The Corporation identified one office space lease which commenced in 1999 with escalating monthly rental payments and expires in November 2022, as amended three times to include additional space. The lease terms included escalation

clauses for annual amounts to be paid in equal monthly installments in advance on the first day of each calendar month.

In fiscal year 2022, amortization on the lease asset was \$2,042,000. As of October 31, 2022, the remaining balance of lease asset and lease liability were \$163,000 and \$178,000, respectively.

In July 2022, the Corporation executed a rental lease for new office space at 120 Broadway in New York City's Financial District. The new office space lease is for a term of 20 years from the possession date. The lease liability and right to use asset will be recognized as of that date, which is expected to occur in fiscal year 2023.

The Corporation signed a short-term extension of the current office space to bridge the gap until the Corporation takes possession of the new office space. Consequently, no lease asset and related liability were recognized as of October 31, 2022. However, rent expense related to this short term lease will be recognized when paid, which will be \$265,000 monthly.

Leased Assets	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets being amortized				
leased office spaces	\$4,070,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$4,070,000
Less: accumulated amortization for				
leased office spaces	(1,865,000)	(2,042,000)		(3,907,000)
Leased assets, net	\$2,205,000	(\$2,042,000)	\$ —	\$ 163,000

Required office space lease payments by the Corporation for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Future Lease Payment Maturity Schedule						
Year Ending	Principal	Interest				
Oct. 31	Payments	Payments	Total			
2023	\$178,000	\$2,000	\$180,000			
Total	\$178,000	\$2,000	\$180,000			

Note 10: Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

(A) Interest Rate Caps

The Corporation uses interest rate caps to mitigate its exposure to rising interest rates on its variable rate debt.

As of October 31, 2022, the fair values of all the interest rate caps were:

Trade Date	Bonds	Current Notional Amount	Counterparty	Effective Date	Termination Date	Cap Strike	Cap Ceiling	Fair Value at 10/31/22
11/29/2005	2008 Series K, as well as similar outstanding variable rate bonds	\$14,070,000	Goldman Sachs	12/2/2005	5/1/2027	7.35%	14.85%	\$5,645
11/29/2005	2008 Series K, as well as similar outstanding variable rate bonds	68,920,000	Goldman Sachs	12/2/2005	11/1/2032	7.35%	14.85%	334,771
10/23/2014	2014 Series B-2, as well as similar outstanding variable rate bonds	50,000,000	PNC	11/1/2014	11/1/2033	4.50%	7.50%	2,049,302
10/16/2017	2017 Series A-2, as well as similar outstanding variable rate bonds	39,825,000	U.S. Bank	2/1/2018	2/1/2023	3.25%	7.50%	119,799
Total Caps		\$172,815,000						\$2,509,516

(B) Interest Rate Swaps

HDC has entered certain interest rate swap contracts to manage the risk associated with the variable rate bonds in its portfolio.

In March 2022, HDC executed a forward starting interest rate swap agreement with the PNC Bank National Association ("PNC"). The notional amount is \$100,000,000. HDC will pay 1.90% and will receive 100% of SOFR. The effective date is November 1, 2024, and the termination date is May 1, 2052.

In June 2022, HDC executed a forward starting interest rate swap agreement with Bank of New York Mellon ("BNYM"). The notional amount is \$50,000,000. HDC will pay 2.226% and will receive 75% of SOFR. The effective date is December 1, 2022, and the termination date is December 1, 2042.

In June 2022, HDC executed a forward starting interest rate swap agreement with the Royal Bank of Canada ("RBC"). The notional amount is \$150,000,000. HDC will pay 2.767% and will receive 100% of SOFR. The effective date is December 1, 2022, and the termination date is November 1, 2042.

As of October 31, 2022, the fair value balances of the interest rate swaps were recognized as assets, offset by deferred inflows of resources. The fair value for the derivative instruments is the estimated exit price that assumes a transaction takes place in the market.

Trade Date	Counter Party	Description	Classification	Fair Value Amount	Classif- ication	Current Notional Amount
		Cash flow hedges:				
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
7/26/2016	Wells Fargo	rate swap	Inflow	\$12,350,000	Debt	\$64,120,000
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
11/2/2016	PNC Bank	rate swap	Inflow	19,286,000	Debt	85,000,000
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
7/5/2017	Wells Fargo	rate swap	Inflow	9,856,000	Debt	54,126,000
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
4/5/2018	PNC Bank	rate swap	Inflow	11,190,000	Debt	100,000,000
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
8/10/2018	Wells Fargo	rate swap	Inflow	6,074,000	Debt	69,351,000
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
8/10/2018	Wells Fargo	rate swap	Inflow	14,670,000	Debt	75,000,000
	Royal Bank	Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
12/14/2018	Canada	rate swap	Inflow	12,053,000	Debt	184,000,000
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
12/18/2018	Citibank	rate swap	Inflow	12,029,000	Debt	98,895,000
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
12/19/2018	Citibank	rate swap	Inflow	14,220,000	Debt	133,899,000
	Bank of					
	New York	Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
7/01/2021	Mellon	rate swap	Inflow	32,002,000	Debt	150,000,000
		Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred			
3/29/2022	PNC Bank	rate swap	Inflow	16,033,000	Debt	100,000,000
	Bank of					
((()))))	New York	Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred	2 525 000	D L	5 0,000,000
6/6/2022	Mellon	rate swap	Inflow	3,725,000	Debt	50,000,000
	Royal Bank	Pay-Fixed interest	Deferred	10.050.000	D L	1.50.000.000
6/7/2022	Canada	rate swap	Inflow	12,979,000	Debt	150,000,000
T . 4 . 1 C				¢176 467 000		¢1 214 201 000
Total Swaps				\$176,467,000		\$1,314,391,000

The fair value recorded was derived from a third-party source as listed below as of October 31, 2022.

As of October 31, 2022, the total fair value of the interest rate swaps amounted to \$176,467,000 and were valued using other significant observable inputs (Level 2 inputs).

The following table displays the objectives and terms of HDC's interest rate swaps outstanding as of October 31, 2022.

Trade Date	Туре	Objective	Current Notional Amount	Counter- party	Term	Effective Date	Termination Date	Counter- party Rating Moody's /S&P
7/26/2016	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cash flows for 2008- 2018 Consolidated Series bond	\$64,120,000	Wells Fargo	Pay 2.089%; receive 100% 3M LIBOR; CXL- 8/1/2036 (1)	8/1/2019	5/1/2047	Aa2/A+
1120/2010	Pay-Fixed	Hedge of changes in cash flows for 2008- 2018 Consolidated Series bond, as well as	\$04,120,000		Pay 1.921%; receive 100% 3M	0/1/2019	5/1/2047	142/14
11/2/2016	interest rate swap	similar outstanding variable rate bonds	85,000,000	PNC Bank	LIBOR; 7.50% Ceiling (2) (3)	5/1/2018	11/1/2042	A2/A
7/5/2017	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cash flows for 2008- 2018 Consolidated Series bond	54,126,000	Wells Fargo	Pay 2.691%; receive 100% 3M LIBOR; CXL- 11/1/2036 (4)	2/1/2021	5/1/2050	Aa2/A+
4/5/2018	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cash flows for 2008- 2018 Consolidated Series bond	100,000,000	PNC Bank	Pay 2.8909%; receive 100% 3M LIBOR; CXL- 2/1/2039 (5)	2/1/2019	5/1/2046	A2/A
	Pay-Fixed interest	Hedge of changes in cash flows for variable		Wells	Pay 3.022%; receive 100% 3M			
8/10/2018	rate swap Pay-Fixed interest	rate bonds Hedge of changes in cash flows for variable rate SIFMA index	69,351,000	Fargo Wells	LIBOR Pay 2.367%; receive 100% SIFMA;	2/1/2019	2/1/2036	Aa2/A+
8/10/2018	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	bonds Hedge of changes in cash flow for outstanding variable rate bonds	75,000,000	Fargo Royal Bank Canada	CXL-8/1/2039 (6) Pay 2.24%; receive 77.5% 1M LIBOR CXL-12/1/2045 (7)	5/1/2019	5/1/2059	Aa2/A+ Aa1/AA-
12/18/2018	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cash flows for outstanding variable rate bonds	98,895,000	Citibank	Pay 2.1934%; receive 77.5% 1M LIBOR CXL-12/1/2043 (8)	7/1/2022	5/1/2051	Aa3/A+
12/19/2018	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cash flows for outstanding variable rate bonds	133,899,000	Citibank	Pay 2.9563%; receive 100% 3M LIBOR	1/1/2021	11/1/2038	Aa3/A+
7/1/2021	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cashflows for variable rate bonds 2020 Series I-3 and 2021 Series F-3	150,000,000	Bank of New York Mellon	Pay 1.7365% receive 100% SIFMA	7/1/2021	7/1/2045	Aa2/AA-
3/29/2022	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge future FHLB bonds or existing unhedged bonds	100,000,000	PNC Bank	Pay 1.90%; receive 100% SOFR	11/1/2024	5/1/2052	A2/A
6/6/2022	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cashflows for 2022 Series C-3 and other variable rate bonds	50,000,000	Bank of New York Mellon	Pay 2.226% receive 75% SOFR	12/1/2022	12/1/2042	Aa2/AA-
6/7/2022	Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Hedge of changes in cashflows for 2022 Series C-3 and 2022 Series D	150,000,000	Royal Bank Canada	Pay 2.767%; receive 100% SOFR	12/1/2022	11/1/2042	Aa1/AA-
Total Swaps			\$1,314,391,000					

1) Modified on 6/17/20 to push out option exercise date from 8/1/31 to 8/1/36.

- 2) Modified on 6/11/20 to push out amortization and maturity from 11/1/35 to 11/1/42 (excluding cap component).
- 3) Floating leg has 3M LIBOR rate ceiling of 7.50% which expires on 11/1/35.
- 4) Modified on 6/18/20 to push out amortization and maturity from 5/1/48 to 5/1/50, and option exercise date from 2/1/33 to 11/1/36.

5) Modified on 7/9/20 to push out option exercise date from 2/1/34 to 2/1/39.

6) Modified on 8/15/19 to push out amortization and maturity from 11/1/43 to 5/1/59, and option exercise date from 5/1/34 to 8/1/39.

7) Modified on 6/18/20 to push out option exercise date from 12/1/38 to 12/1/45.

8) Modified on 7/16/20 to push out option exercise date from 12/1/38 to 12/1/43.

Credit Risk: HDC is exposed to credit risk of its counterparties on hedging derivative instruments. To mitigate the risk, HDC requires the swap to be collateralized by the counterparty if the counterparty's credit rating falls below Baa1/BBB+. As of October 31, 2022, the counterparty ratings on all of the hedging derivative instruments were above the threshold; therefore, no collateral was required.

Termination Risk: HDC or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of the termination, the fair value of the swap is negative, HDC would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the fair value of the instrument. To mitigate this termination risk, the swap agreement provides that the counterparty may terminate the swap only if HDC's rating falls below investment grade (Baa3 or BBB-) for PNC, (Baa2 or BBB) for Wells Fargo, (Baa2 or BBB) for Bank of New York Mellon, (Baa3 or BBB-) for Citibank and (Baa2 or BBB) for RBC. HDC's current ratings are Aa2 and AA+, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk: HDC is exposed to interest rate risk on the pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps. As the variable rate increases or decreases, HDC's net payments on such swaps change accordingly. All HDC's LIBOR interest swap holdings that were not converted as of this reporting date will be automatically converted to SOFR under the International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") after June 31, 2023.

Basis Risk: HDC is exposed to basis risk on its pay-fixed interest rate swaps because the variable-rate payments received by HDC on these derivative instruments are on a rate other than rates HDC pays on its hedged variable-rate debt. Under the terms of its fixed rate swap transactions, HDC pays a variable rate on its bonds based on the SIFMA and U.S. Treasury but generally receives a variable rate on the swaps based on a percentage of LIBOR or SOFR plus basis points.

Rollover Risk: HDC is exposed to rollover risk on hedging derivative instruments should a termination event occur prior to the maturity of the hedged debt.

(C) Deferred Loss on Early Retirement of Debt

On September 10, 2013, the 2005 Series A Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds (NYCHA) were retired through an advance refunding and the Corporation incurred a loss in the amount of \$8,958,000 which will be amortized over the shorter of the life of the old bonds or the new bonds. As of October 31, 2022, the balance of the unamortized deferred loss on early retirement of debt was \$3,935,000. Since HDC adopted GASB 91 this year, this is now excluded from the Enterprise Fund financial statements and is part of the conduit bond reporting.

(D) Pension

As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation's pension contribution after the measurement date was \$1,785,000. The Corporation recorded a net increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources in the amount of \$2,920,000 (as per New York City Employees' Retirement System ("NYCERS") pension report).

This amount represents the net difference between expected and actual experience, the change in assumptions, changes in proportionate share and the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments. The outstanding balance of Deferred Outflows of Resources was \$7,081,000 as of October 31, 2022.

The Corporation recorded a net decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions in the amount of \$5,817,000.

This amount represents the net difference between expected and actual experience, the change in assumptions, changes in proportionate share and the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments. The outstanding balance of Deferred Inflows of Resources was \$848,000 as of October 31, 2022.

(E) OPEB

As of November 1, 2016, HDC adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. HDC reported Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$1,018,000 and Deferred Inflows of Resources of \$8,879,000 related to OPEB as of October 31, 2022 (see Note 15: "Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" for more details).

Note 11: Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations

The Corporation's authority to issue bonds and notes for any corporate purpose is limited by the Act to the extent that (i) the aggregate principal amount outstanding may not exceed \$18.0 billion, exclusive of refunding bonds or notes, and (ii) the maximum Capital Reserve Fund requirement may not exceed \$85 million. No bonds are currently subjected to the Capital Reserve Fund requirement. These limits may be changed from time to time through State legislation. During the year ended October 31, 2022, the statutory debt limit on the aggregate principal amount outstanding was increased from \$17.0 billion to \$18.0 billion.

Enterprise Fund Bond Programs

The Corporation issues bonds and notes to fund mortgage loans for multi-family residential developments under the bond programs described below. In fiscal year 2022, the Corporation adopted GASB 91. The Conduit Fund Bond Programs are now reported separately. As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation had bonds outstanding in the Enterprise Fund bond programs in the aggregate principal amount of \$11,316,100,000.

All the bonds are separately secured, except for the bonds issued under the General Resolution which are equally and ratably secured by the assets pledged under the General Resolution (see "*A. Housing Revenue*")

Bond Program" below). None of the bonds under the bond programs described in "*B. Pass-Through Revenue Bond Program*" and "*C. Housing Impact Bond Program*" provide security under the General Resolution, and none of the bonds under these programs are secured by the General Resolution.

<u>A. Housing Revenue Bond Program</u> Under its Housing Revenue Bond Program, the Corporation may issue bonds payable solely from and secured by the assets held under its General Resolution which include a pool of mortgage loans, some of which are construction loans (which pool contains FHA-insured mortgage loans, REMIC-insured mortgage loans, State of New York Mortgage Agency ("SONYMA") insured mortgage loans, GNMA mortgage-backed securities, other mortgage loans and participation interests in mortgage loans), the revenues received on account of all such loans and securities, and other assets pledged under such resolution and any supplemental resolution for a particular series of bonds. Certain of the projects, which secure a portion of the mortgage loans, receive the benefits of subsidy payments.

<u>B. Pass-Through Revenue Bond Program</u> Under this program, the Corporation has issued bonds to finance loans evidenced by a note and secured by a mortgage of privately-owned multi-family housing. All repayments and prepayments derived from the associated mortgage loans, including a payment of insurance, if any, are passed through to the bondholder to redeem the bonds on a monthly basis.

<u>C. Housing Impact Bond Program</u> Under this program, the Corporation has issued bonds to finance mortgage loans for public housing developments under the City's "Permanent Affordability Commitment Together" ("PACT") Program. Under the Housing Impact Bond Program, the Corporation has issued tax-exempt and taxable bonds for NYCHA-owned public housing developments receiving financing through the PACT Program so that they may be preserved, rehabilitated and improved. Under the PACT Program, the developments are converted from public housing to Section 8 assisted housing. NYCHA leases the developments to for-profit and/or not-for-profit mortgagors in order to provide for the ownership, financing, and rehabilitation of the developments.

Conduit Fund Bond Programs

In fiscal year 2022, the Corporation adopted GASB 91. HDC's conduit debt is usually issued for a standalone development with a third party guaranteeing the obligation. In a conduit bond program, the developer is not liable to HDC for the mortgage loan but to a letter of credit issuer. HDC bears no direct risk on the bonds since most of the conduit debt is enhanced by a direct pay letter of credit, with Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac as the largest providers. Also included in HDC's conduit debt are the Military Housing Bonds and the NYCHA Capital Fund Bonds with their note payables secured by the pledged revenues of the development under a Master Trust Indenture and the priority pledge of NYCHA's capital grant money provided by HUD, respectively. For reporting purposes, HDC presents the bonds payable in two separate sections, the HDC Enterprise Fund bonds and the Conduit bonds.

<u>A. Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program</u> The Corporation established its Multi-Family Program to develop privately-owned multi-family housing, all or a portion of which is reserved for low-income tenants. The following describes the Corporation's activities under its Multi-Family Program.

(1) Rental Projects; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac Enhanced: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt and/or

taxable bonds which either (i) are secured by mortgage loan payments, which payments are secured by obligations of Fannie Mae under various collateral agreements, (ii) are secured by a Direct Pay Credit Enhancement Instrument issued by Fannie Mae or (iii) are secured by a Direct Pay Credit Enhancement Agreement with Freddie Mac.

(2) Rental Projects; Letter of Credit Enhanced: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt and/or taxable bonds to finance a number of mixed income projects and entirely low-income projects, which bonds are secured by letters of credit issued by investment-grade rated commercial lending institutions.

(3) Residential Housing; Credit Enhanced: The Corporation has issued bonds to provide financing for residential facilities for hospital staff and for post-secondary students, faculty and staff, which bonds are secured by letters of credit issued by investment-grade rated institutions.

(4) Rental Projects; Not Rated: The Corporation has issued bonds and obligations to provide financing for rental projects, which bonds and obligations are not rated by a rating agency and were not publicly offered.

(5) Commercial Mortgage-Backed Security Program: Under this program, the Corporation has issued bonds structured as commercial mortgage-backed securities to refinance a multi-family housing development.

<u>B. Military Housing Revenue Bond Program</u> Under this program, the Corporation has issued taxable obligations in order to fund a portion of the cost of the design, demolition, renovation, construction and operation of housing units in residential family housing areas located at Fort Hamilton.

<u>C. Liberty Bond Program</u> In accordance with Section 301 of the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002, the Corporation has issued tax-exempt and taxable bonds, each secured by a letter of credit to finance the development of multi-family housing within an area of lower Manhattan designated in such legislation as the "Liberty Zone".

<u>D. Capital Fund Revenue Bond Program</u> Under this program, the Corporation has issued tax-exempt obligations in order to assist NYCHA with the execution of a multi-year construction initiative that addressed critical capital improvement needs of their aging housing portfolio.

<u>Changes in Enterprise Fund Bonds Payable:</u> (*in thousands*)

The summary of changes in Bonds Payable was as follows:

Bonds Payable outstanding at beginning of the year	\$10,897,026
Bonds Issued	1,530,250
Bond Principal Retired	(1,107,974)
Net Premium/Discount on Bonds Payable	480
Bonds Payable outstanding at end of the year	\$11,319,782

Details of changes in HDC bonds payable in the Enterprise Fund for the year ended October 31, 2022 were as follows:

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued (in thousands)	the year	155000	Kettieu	year
(in mousulus)				
HOUSING REVENUE BOND				
PROGRAM:				
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds under the Corporation's General Resolution, assets pledged to bondholders in a pool of mortgage loans.				
1998 Series A (Federally Taxable) – 6.84% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due	¢ 100	¢	¢	¢ 100
2030	\$ 100	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 100
1998 Series B – 3.75% to 5.25% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2031	100			100
1999 Series A-1 (Federally Taxable) – 5.83% to 6.06% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2022	1,585		(1,000)	585
1999 Series C (AMT) – 4.40% to 5.70% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2031	105		(10)	95
1999 Series E – 4.40% to 6.25% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2036	100			100
2002 Series C (Federally Taxable) – 0.52% to 2.84% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2034	33,890		(1,655)	32,235
2003 Series B-2 (AMT) – 2.00% to 4.60% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2036	100			100

Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the
the year	Issucu	Ketii cu	year
100		(100)	
100		(100)	
99.830		(370)	99,460
		(2.2)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
21,550		(565)	20,985
79,760		(2,570)	77,190
(7.295		(1.(25)	(5.7())
07,385		(1,025)	65,760
16,105		(16,105)	—
47 170		(47 170)	
17,170		(17,170)	
70,035		(70,035)	
46,390		(46,390)	
30,580		(30,580)	—
	beginning of the year 100 99,830 21,550 21,550 67,385 67,385 16,105 47,170 47,170	beginning of the year Issued 100 — 100 — 99,830 — 21,550 — 79,760 — 67,385 — 16,105 — 47,170 — 46,390 —	beginning of the year Issued Retired 100 — (100) 100 — (100) 99,830 — (370) 21,550 — (565) 79,760 — (2,570) 67,385 — (1,625) 16,105 — (16,105) 47,170 — (47,170) 70,035 — (70,035) 46,390 — (46,390)

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	
(in thousands)	the year	1550CU	Kettieu	year
(in inousanas)				
2012 Series G – 0.95% to 3.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	28.210		(28.210)	
due 2043	28,310		(28,310)	
2012 Series I (Federally Taxable) – 0.40% to 4.49% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	33,665		(33,665)	
2012 Series K-1-A – 0.45% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	84,120		(84,120)	
2012 Series L-1 – 1.80% to 3.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2042	11,965		(11,965)	_
2012 Series L-2-A – 0.30% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	96,800		(2,000)	94,800
2012 Series L-2-B (AMT) – 2.30% to 3.60% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2026	1,420	_	(280)	1,140
2012 Series M-2 – 1.10% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	8,890		(200)	8,690
2012 Series M-3 – 1.40% to 4.65% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	9,615		(220)	9,395
2013 Series B-1-A – 1.10% to 4.60% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2045	74,150			74,150
2013 Series B-1-B – 0.35% to 4.60% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	39,780		(2,300)	37,480

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Donds as Issued	0 0	Issued	Retired	
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issueu	Keureu	year
(in thousands)				
2013 Series D-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.70% to 3.78% Fixed Rate Serial and				
Term Bonds due 2028	23,225		(2,965)	20,260
2013 Series E-1-A – 0.25% to 4.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2038	32,800		(1,885)	30,915
			(-,000)	
2013 Series E-1-B – 0.75% to 4.95% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2043	14,060		_	14,060
2013 Series E-1-C – 0.75% to 4.95% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2046	45,025			45,025
2013 Series F-1 – 1.25% to 4.50% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	27,475		(435)	27,040
2014 Series A – 0.20% to 4.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	6,335		(100)	6,235
2014 Series B-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.25% to 3.69% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2024	1,740		(1,200)	540
2014 Series C-1-A – 0.70% to 4.30% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	91,020		(1,960)	89,060
2014 Series C-1-C – 1.10% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	11,695	_	(255)	11,440
2014 Series D-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.40% to 4.10% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2027	17,095		(10,620)	6,475
			(
2014 Series E – 2.90% to 3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	27,195	_		27,195

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)		100000		<i>J</i> • • • •
2014 Series G-1 – 0.20% to 4.00%				
Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	196,540		(4,870)	191,670
2014 Series G-2 – 0.25% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	3,150		(75)	3,075
2014 Series H-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.76% to 4.32% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	33,330	_	(3,190)	30,140
2015 Series A-1 – 0.70% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	9,185		(135)	9,050
2015 Series A-2 – 2.25% to 3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	2,155	_		2,155
2015 Series B-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.60% to 3.53% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2027	13,910		(2,750)	11,160
2015 Series D-1-A – 1.30% to 4.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	60,925		(1,165)	59,760
2015 Series D-1-B – 0.85% to 4.35%				
Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	131,400	_	(2,340)	129,060
2015 Series D-2 – 0.45% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	41,645	_	(4,315)	37,330
2015 Series E-1 – 0.30% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	33,195		(1,105)	32,090

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)				
2015 Series E-2 – 0.30% to 3.75%				
Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds				
due 2035	3,725		(755)	2,970
2015 Series G-1 (SNB) – 0.30% to				
3.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2049	52,170		(1,135)	51,035
2015 Series G-2 (SNB) – 1.45% to				
3.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term	21.005			21.100
Bonds due 2049	31,805		(625)	31,180
2015 Series II (SND) 2.050/ Terms				
2015 Series H (SNB) – 2.95% Term	12(470			126 470
Rate Term Bonds due 2026	136,470			136,470
2015 Series I (SNB) – 2.95% Term				
Rate Term Bonds due 2026	60,860			60,860
Rate Term Bonds due 2020	00,000			00,000
2016 Series A (SNB) – 0.35% to				
3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2047	35,490		(715)	34,775
			(715)	51,775
2016 Series D (SNB) – 0.50% to				
3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2047	47,800		(1,570)	46,230
2016 Series C-1-A (SNB) – 1.20% to				
3.45% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2050	81,990		(1,850)	80,140
2016 Series C-1-B (SNB) – 1.38% to				
3.40% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due				
2047	20,520			20,520
2016 Series C-2 (SDB) – 0.23% Term	10 1 40		(10.1.40)	
Rate Term Bonds due 2050	18,140		(18,140)	
2016 Series E 1 A (SND) = 0.400/ to				
2016 Series E-1-A (SNB) – 0.40% to 5.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2047	18 250		(2, 720)	45 530
Donus due 2047	48,250		(2,720)	45,530

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	
(in thousands)	the year	Issucu	Netifeu	year
(in inousands)				
2016 Series E-1-B (SNB) – 1.30% to 3.40% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2047	37,855			37,855
2016 Series F-1-A (SNB) – 1.95% to 3.37% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2051	23,675		(7,910)	15,765
2016 Series F-1-B (SNB) – 2.75% to 3.15% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2041	40,275		(22,580)	17,695
2016 Series F-2 (AMT) (SNB) – 1.25% to 2.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2025	7,720		(7,720)	
2016 Series G-1(Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 0.85% to 2.82% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2027	8,135		(2,535)	5,600
2016 Series I-1-A (SNB) – 1.80% to 4.30% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2050	109,180		(2,375)	106,805
2016 Series I-1-B (SNB) – 3.60% to 4.30% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2050	36,300			36,300
2016 Series J-1 (Federally Taxable) (SDB) – 0.81% to 3.11% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2052	161,500		(3,500)	158,000
2016 Series J-2 (SNB) – 0.81% to 1.97% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2052	29,500		(29,500)	
2017 Series A-1-A (SNB) – 1.45% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2052	50,560		(1,000)	49,560

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)	the year	155000	Retificu	ycai
2017 Series A-1-B (SNB) – 3.80% to				
4.05% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due				
2052	11,165	—		11,165
2017 Series B-1 (Federally Taxable)				
(SNB) – 1.60% to 3.81% Fixed Rate			<i>(</i> - - - -)	
Serial and Term Bonds due 2029	17,860		(2,290)	15,570
2017 Series C 1 (SND) 1 209/ to				
2017 Series C-1 (SNB) – 1.20% to 3.85% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2057	138,255		(1,980)	136,275
	150,255		(1,900)	150,275
2017 Series C-3-A (SDB) – 0.20%				
Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2022	20,240		(20,240)	
2017 Series E-1 (SNB) – 1.50% to				
3.55% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2043	60,465		(2,015)	58,450
2017 Series E 2 (SND) $1.200/$ to				
2017 Series E-2 (SNB) – 1.20% to 3.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2036	2,555		(1,245)	1,310
	2,333		(1,245)	1,510
2017 Series G-1 (SNB) – 1.15% to				
3.85% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2057	192,235		(2,490)	189,745
2017 Series G-2 (SNB) – 2.00% Fixed				
Rate Term Bonds due 2057	11,140		(11,140)	
2010 Carrier A 1 (CNID) 1 550/ 4				
2018 Series A-1 (SNB) – 1.55% to 3.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2048	48,725		(925)	47,800
	40,723		(923)	47,000
2018 Series B-1 (Federally Taxable)				
(SNB) - 2.32% to 3.65% Fixed Rate				
Serial Bonds due 2028	64,835		(480)	64,355

the year		Retired (14,815) (12,375)	year 223,150 156,550
168,925			
168,925			
		(12,375)	156,550
		(12,375)	156,550
116 225			
116 225			
116,325		(116,325)	
8,615		(8,615)	
58,395			58,395
16,235		(550)	15,685
11,060			11,060
8,460		(290)	8,170
84,765	_	_	84,765
52,495		(25,970)	26,525
	58,395 16,235 11,060 8,460 84,765	58,395	58,395 — — 16,235 — (550) 11,060 — — 8,460 — (290) 84,765 — —

	Balance at			Balance at
	beginning of		D (* 1	end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)				
2018 Series N (Federally Taxable) (Avalon Morningside Apartments) – 3.95% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2046	12,500			12,500
2010	12,500			12,500
2018 Series E-3 (3475 Third Avenue - La Casa del Mundo) – 1.65% to 4.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	5,505		(110)	5,395
2018 Series E-4 (MHANY) – 1.30% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2049	4,845		(100)	4,745
2018 Series K (SNB) – 1.75% to 4.20% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2058	269,385		(18,985)	250,400
2018 Series L-1 (SNB) – 2.75% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2050	125,000			125,000
2018 Series L-2 (SNB) – 2.75% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2050	59,000			59,000
2019 Series A-1 (SNB) – 4.15% to 4.25% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2043	85,000		(1,785)	83,215
2019 Series A-2 (SNB) – 3.90% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2033	25,000		(525)	24,475
2019 Series A-3-A (SNB) – 1.50% to 3.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2049	104,125		(7,110)	97,015
2019 Series A-3-B (SNB) – 3.90% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2054	35,100			35,100

Description of Ponds as Issued	Balance at beginning of	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued (in thousands)	the year	Issued	Kettred	year
(in mousanus)				
2019 Series A-4 (SNB) – 0.04% to				
2.55% Variable Rate Term Bonds due				
2058	30,000			30,000
2019 Series B-1-A (SNB) -1.40% to				
3.85% Fixed Rate Serial and Term	112 040		$(0,04\pi)$	102 105
Bonds due 2058	112,040		(8,845)	103,195
2019 Series B-1-B (SNB) – 3.40% to				
3.75% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due				
2054	36,435		(6,875)	29,560
2019 Series B-2 (SNB) – 2.10% Fixed				
Rate Term Bonds due 2058	27,810		(7,540)	20,270
2019 Series D-1 (Prospect Plaza III) –				
1.30% to 3.80% Fixed Rate Serial and	7 100		(150)	7.040
Term Bonds due 2049	7,190		(150)	7,040
2019 Series E-1 (SNB) – 1.45% to				
3.45% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2059	359,640			359,640
2019 Series E-2 (SNB) – 1.75% Fixed				
Rate Term Bonds due 2059	130,955			130,955
2010 0				
2019 Series E-3 (SNB) – 0.04% to 2.50% Variable Rate Term Bonds due				
2059	45,000			45,000
2037	45,000			+3,000
2019 Series F (Federally Taxable)				
(SNB) - 2.02% to $3.77%$ Fixed Rate				
Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	168,205		(7,245)	160,960
2019 Series G-1-A (SNB) $- 1.10\%$ to				
2.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due	77 215		(20, 175)	57 170
2031	77,345		(20,175)	57,170

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)				
2019 Series G-1-B (SNB) – 2.55% to				
3.05% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due				
2050	126,505		(27,455)	99,050
2030	120,505		(27,455)	<i>))</i> ,050
2019 Series G-2 (AMT) (SNB) –				
1.75% to 2.10% Fixed Rate Serial				
Bonds due 2027	8,460			8,460
	,			,
2019 Series J (SNB) – 1.25% to				
3.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2065	243,170		—	243,170
2019 Series L (Federally Taxable)				
(SNB) – 1.83% to 3.74% Fixed Rate				
Serial and Term Bonds due 2055	70,405		(1,355)	69,050
2020 G : A 1 A (SND) 0 750/ 4				
2020 Series A-1-A (SNB) $- 0.75\%$ to				
2.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2059	20,905		(1.450)	10 455
Bollds due 2039	20,903		(1,450)	19,455
2020 Series A-2 (SNB) – 1.10% Fixed				
Rate Term Bonds due 2059	52,735			52,735
				02,700
2020 Series A-1-B (SNB) – 0.90% to				
5.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2045	25,715		—	25,715
2020 Series A-1-C (SNB) – 2.35% to				
3.00% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due				
2055	133,745			133,745
2020 G_{-1} = A 2 (CND) 1 120/ D'_{-1}				
2020 Series A-3 (SNB) – 1.13% Fixed	00.270			00.270
Rate Term Bonds due 2060	99,370			99,370
2020 Series C (One Flushing) – 2.10%	+			
to 4.40% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due				
2055	42,480		(615)	41,865
	,		(010)	,

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)				
2020 Series D-1-A (SNB) – 0.15% to 2.30% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	45,120		(4,245)	40,875
2020 Series D-1-B (SNB) – 2.00% to 2.50% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2055	120,710			120,710
2020 Series D-2 (SNB) – 0.70% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2060	25,000			25,000
2020 Series E (AMT) (SNB) – 0.06% to 2.53% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2050	11,510			11,510
2020 Series F-1 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 1.45% to 3.10% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	72,500	_		72,500
2020 Series F-2 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 0.07% to 3.08% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2060	38,490			38,490
2020 Series H (SNB) – 1.85% to 2.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2060	64,035			64,035
2020 Series I-1 (SDB) – 0.50% to 2.80% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2060	315,345			315,345
2020 Series I-2 (SDB) – 0.70% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2060	137,605			137,605
2020 Series I-3 (SDB) – 0.04% to 2.55% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2060	80,000			80,000

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)				
2021 Service A 1 (SDD) = 0.000/ to				
2021 Series A-1 (SDB) – 0.90% to 2.45% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2041	94,940		(3,985)	90,955
	74,740		(3,703)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
2021 Series A-2 (AMT) (SDB) –				
0.90% to 1.15% Fixed Rate Serial				
Bonds due 2026	9,190			9,190
2021 Series B (Federally Taxable)				
(SDB) - 0.52% to $3.05%$ Fixed Rate				
Serial and Term Bonds due 2046	212,000			212,000
2021 Series C-1 (SDB) – 0.37% to				
2.65% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2060	124,395			124,395
2021 Series C-2 (SDB) – 0.70% Fixed	07.040			07.040
Rate Term Bonds due 2060	87,940			87,940
2021 Series D (Federally Taxable)				
(SDB) - 0.11% to $3.18%$ Fixed Rate				
Serial and Term Bonds due 2051	150,000		(2,075)	147,925
Seriar and Term Denas due 2001	100,000		(2,070)	111,920
2021 Series E (Federally Taxable)				
(SDB) - 0.80% to $3.32%$ Index				
Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2050	39,825	—	—	39,825
2021 Series F-1 (SDB) – 0.15% to				
2.70% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2061	258,310			258,310
2021 Series E 2 (SDD) 0 (00/ E' 1				
2021 Series F-2 (SDB) – 0.60% Fixed	241 905			041 00F
Rate Term Bonds due 2061	241,895	—		241,895
2021 Series F-3 (SDB) – 0.03% to	<u> </u>			
2.57% Variable Rate Term Bonds due				
2061	100,000			100,000
				,

	Balance at beginning of			Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)	the year	155404	nemeu	ycui
2021 2008-2018 CONSOLIDATED				
Series (Federally Taxable) (SDB) –				
0.80% to 3.32% Index Floating Rate				
Term Bonds due 2050	646,515		—	646,515
2021 Series G (SDB) $- 0.10\%$ to				
2.45% Fixed Rate Serial and Term	170 105		(2,0,10)	175 155
Bonds due 2045	178,195		(3,040)	175,155
2021 Series H – 0.12% Term Rate				
Term Bonds due 2051	200,415		(200,415)	
	200,415		(200,415)	
2021 Series J (Federally Taxable)				
(SDB) – 0.46% to 2.88% Fixed Rate				
Serial and Term Bonds due 2041	125,000		—	125,000
2021 Series I (SDB) $- 0.75\%$ to				
2.80% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2056		42 205		42 205
Bonds due 2036		43,295		43,295
2021 Series K-1 (SDB) – 0.85% to				
2.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2051		134,080		134,080
2021 Series K-2 (SDB) – 0.90% Fixed				
Rate Term Bonds due 2060		185,105	—	185,105
2021 Sories K 2 (SDP) 0.02% to				
2021 Series K-3 (SDB) – 0.03% to 2.57% Variable Rate Term Bonds due				
2060		50,000		50,000
2000		20,000		20,000
2021 Series L (Federally Taxable)				
(SDB) - 0.81% to 3.33% Index				
Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2061		100,000	—	100,000
2022 Series A (SDB) – 0.90% to 3.50% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2057		180,400		180,400
		100,400		100,400

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)	the year	Issucu	Ketheu	ycai
(in mousurus)				
2022 Series B-1 (SDB) – 1.60% to				
4.15% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2052		51,960		51,960
2022 Series B-2 (SDB) – 0.79% to				
2.81% Index Floating Rate Term				
Bonds due 2061	—	11,000		11,000
2022 Series C-1 (SDB) – 2.60% to				
4.30% Fixed Rate Serial and Term		115 505		115 505
Bonds due 2057	—	115,705		115,705
2022 Series C-2-A (SDB) – 2.85%				
Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2062		112,195		112,195
Trixed Rate Termi Donds due 2002		112,195		112,195
2022 Series C-2-B (SDB) – 2.85%				
Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2062		112,200		112,200
2022 Series C-3 (SDB) $- 0.65\%$ to				
2.52% Variable Rate Term Bonds due				
2062	—	28,720		28,720
2022 G . D (E 1 11- T - 11)				
2022 Series D (Federally Taxable)				
(SDB) – 3.47% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2062		150,000		150,000
Term Bonds due 2002		130,000		130,000
2022 Series E-1 (SDB) – 1.55% to				
5.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term				
Bonds due 2045		110,010		110,010
		,		
2022 Series E-2 (SDB) – 4.00% to				
4.30% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due				
2045	—	41,330		41,330
M. k: Frankle Comment M. A.				
Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds				
Kevenue Donus				

	Balance at			Balance at
Description of Donds as Issued	beginning of	Issued	Retired	end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued (in thousands)	the year	Issueu	Kettreu	year
(in inousanas)				
2013 Series A (Federally Taxable) Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds – 0.48% to 5.34% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	1,085		(1,085)	
2017 Series A-1 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds – 1.37% to 3.48% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2029	20,460	_	(5,930)	14,530
Federal New Issue Bond Program (NIBP)				
2009 Series 1-5-A HRB (NIBP) – 2.47% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	112,570		(25,440)	87,130
2009 Series 1-5-B HRB (NIBP) (AMT) – 2.47% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2041	7,310			7,310
2009 Series 2-5 HRB (NIBP) – 2.47% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	12,300		(2,050)	10,250
Total Housing Revenue Bond Program	10,175,565	1,426,000	(1,105,560)	10,496,005
Pass-Through Revenue Bond Program				
2014 Series A (Federally Taxable) – 3.05% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2036	3,931		(159)	3,772
2017 Series A (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 3.10% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2046	50,263		(900)	49,363
Total Pass-Through Revenue Bond Program	54,194		(1,059)	53,135

Description of Danda on Issued	Balance at beginning of	Issued	Detined	Balance at end of the
Description of Bonds as Issued	the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)				
Housing Impact Bond Program				
2020 Series A HIB NYCHA – 2.55% to 2.80% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2050	296,380			296,380
2020 Series B (Federally Taxable) HIB NYCHA – 1.65% to 3.12% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2038	78,620		(1,355)	77,265
2020 Series C HIB NYCHA – 2.15% to 2.75% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2052	257,535			257,535
2020 Series D (Federally Taxable) HIB NYCHA – 1.10% to 2.75% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2033	31,530			31,530
2022 Series A HIB NYCHA – 1.55% to 3.25% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2051		104,250		104,250
Total Housing Impact Bond Program	664,065	104,250	(1,355)	766,960
Total Bonds Payable Prior to Net Premium Unamortized (Discount) on Bonds Payable	10,893,824	1,530,250	(1,107,974)	11,316,100
Net Premium (Discount) on Bonds Payable	3,202	1,118	(638)	3,682
Total Bonds Payable (Net) Interest on the Corporation's variable rate debt is based on	\$10,897,026	\$1,531,368	(\$1,108,612)	\$11,319,782

As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation had bonds outstanding in the Conduit bond programs in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,227,967,000.

<u>Changes in Conduit Bonds Payable:</u> (*in thousands*)

The summary of changes in Conduit Bonds Payable was as follows:

Conduit Bonds Payable outstanding at beginning of the year	\$3,401,093
Bonds Issued	398,265
Bond Principal Retired	(556,845)
Net Premium/Discount on Bonds Payable	(14,546)
Conduit Bonds Payable outstanding at end of the year	\$3,227,967

Details of changes in HDC's Conduit Bonds Payable for the year ended October 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance at beginning	I	Defined	Balance at end of the
Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	of the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)				
MULTI-FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAM:				
Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds – Rental Projects; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac Enhanced				
1999 Series A (AMT) Brittany Development Project – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2029	\$ 48,600	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 48,600
	\$ 10,000	÷	+	\$ 10,000
2000 Series A (AMT) Related West 89th Street Development – 0.04% to 2.55% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand				
through 2029	53,000			53,000
2001 Series A Queenswood Refunding – 0.04% to 2.43% Variable Rate Bonds due	9,200		(400)	8,800
upon demand through 2031	9,200		(400)	0,000
2001 Series A (AMT) Related Lyric				
Development -0.06% to 0.42% Variable				
Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2031	85,000		(85,000)	

Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)	or ene year	100000		<u>y</u> eur
2001 Series B (Federally Taxable) Related Lyric Development – 0.06% to 0.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2031	2,500		(2,500)	
2002 Series A (AMT) The Foundry – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2032	55,100			55,100
2003 Series A (AMT) Related Sierra development – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2033	56,000			56,000
2004 Series A (AMT) Related Westport Development – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2034	110,000			110,000
2004 Series B (Federally Taxable) Related Westport Development – 0.06% to 3.08% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2034	7,400		(1,300)	6,100
2005 Series A Royal Charter Properties – 0.04% to 2.43% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2035	82,200		(3,200)	79,000
2005 Series A (AMT) Atlantic Court Apartments – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2035	83,700			83,700
2005 Series A The Nicole – 3.42% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2035	54,600			54,600
2006 Series A (AMT) Rivereast Apartments – 0.05% to 2.59% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	50,000			50,000
2007 Series A (AMT) Ocean Gate Development – 0.05% to 2.59% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	8,445			8,445

Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)	v			v
2007 Series B (AMT) Ocean Gate Development – 4.80% to 5.35% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2025	5,120		(1,165)	3,955
2007 Series A (AMT) 155 West 21st Street Apartments – 0.04% to 2.55% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	37,900			37,900
2007 Series B (Federally Taxable) 155 West 21st Street Apartments – 0.06% to 3.05% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	6,100		(1,200)	4,900
2008 Series A (AMT) Linden Plaza – 0.05% to 2.59% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2043	51,905		(2,345)	49,560
2009 Series A The Balton – 0.03% to 2.38% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2049	29,750			29,750
2009 Series A Lexington Courts – 0.04% to 0.11% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	14,500		(14,500)	
2014 Series A-1 NYCHA Triborough Preservation Development – 0.55% to 3.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	213,215		(3,720)	209,495
2019 Series A (Federally Taxable) The Nicole - 3.90% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2035	4,400			4,400
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Rental Project; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mae Enhanced				
2004 Series A (AMT) State Renaissance Court – 0.05% to 2.59% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	35,200			35,200

Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the
(in thousands)		155000	Ketti eu	year
2004 Series A (AMT) Ogden Avenue Apartments – 0.06% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,660		(100)	4,560
2004 Series A (AMT) Nagle Courtyard Apartments – 0.06% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,200		(100)	4,100
2005 Series A (AMT) Ogden Avenue Apartments II – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	2,400		(100)	2,300
2005 Series A (AMT) White Plains Courtyard Apartments – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,700		(200)	4,500
2005 Series A (AMT) 89 Murray Street Development – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	49,800			49,800
2006 Series A (AMT) Reverend Ruben Diaz Gardens Apartments – 0.05% to 2.59% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	6,400			6,400
2006 Series A (AMT) Villa Avenue Apartments – 0.05% to 1.88% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	5,990		(5,990)	
2006 Series A (AMT) Linden Boulevard Apartments – 3.90% to 4.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2039	10,735		(370)	10,365
2006 Series A (AMT) Markham Gardens Apartments – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	16,000			16,000
2008 Series A 245 East 124th Street – 2.10% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2046	35,400			35,400

Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)		100000		<u>y</u> cur
2008 Series A Bruckner by the Bridge – 0.04% to 2.52% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2048	36,800			36,800
2008 Series A Hewitt House Apartments – 0.04% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2048	4,100			4,100
2010 Series A Eliot Chelsea Development – 0.03% to 2.56% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2043	40,750			40,750
2011 Series A (AMT) West 26th Street Development – 0.05% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2041	28,700		(2,400)	26,300
2011 Series B West 26th Street Development - 0.03% to 2.56% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2045	8,470			8,470
2012 Series A West 26th Street Development - 0.03% to 2.56% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2045	41,530			41,530
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Rental Project; Letter of Credit Enhanced				
2003 Series A (AMT) Related-Upper East – 0.05% to 2.55% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	67,000			67,000
2003 Series B (Federally Taxable) Related- Upper East – 0.07% to 3.10% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	3,000			3,000
2004 Series A (AMT) Manhattan Court Development – 0.05% to 2.59% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	17,500			17,500

Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)	or the year	155404	Retireu	ycui
2004 Series A (AMT) East 165th Street Development – 0.05% to 2.59% Variable	7.((5			7.((5
Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	7,665			7,665
2005 Series A (AMT) 2007 LaFontaine Avenue Apartments – 0.07% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	3,525		(100)	3,425
2005 Series A (AMT) La Casa del Sol Apartments – 0.07% to 2.64% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	3,850		(200)	3,650
2005 Series A (AMT) 15 East Clarke Place Apartments – 0.04% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	5,030		(300)	4,730
2005 Series A (AMT) Urban Horizons II Development – 0.07% to 2.64% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,665			4,665
2005 Series A (AMT) 1090 Franklin Avenue Apartments – 0.07% to 2.50% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	2,320		(100)	2,220
2006 Series A (AMT) Granville Payne Apartments – 0.07% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	5,460		(100)	5,360
2006 Series A (AMT) Beacon Mews Development – 0.05% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	23,500			23,500
2006 Series A (AMT) Granite Terrace Apartments – 0.06% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,060		(100)	3,960
2006 Series A (AMT) Intervale Gardens Apartments – 0.06% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	3,115		(100)	3,015

Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the
(in thousands)	of the year	Issucu	Kenreu	year
2006 Series A (AMT) 1405 Fifth Avenue Apartments – 0.05% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	13,890		(400)	13,490
2007 Series A (AMT) Susan's Court – 0.06% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	24,000			24,000
2007 Series A (AMT) The Dorado Apartments – 0.07% to 2.48% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	3,470			3,470
2007 Series A (AMT) Boricua Village Apartments Site A-2 – 0.04% to 2.60% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2042	4,250			4,250
2007 Series A (AMT) Boricua Village Apartments Site C – 0.04% to 0.22% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2042	6,665		(6,665)	
2007 Series A (AMT) Cook Street Apartments – 0.07% to 2.50% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	3,880		(200)	3,680
2008 Series A (AMT) Las Casas Development – 0.07% to 2.55% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	19,200			19,200
2010 Series A 101 Avenue D Apartments – 1.35% to 3.77% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2043	22,700			22,700
Residential Revenue Bonds – Residential Housing; Letter of Credit Enhanced				
2012 Series A College of Staten Island Residences – 2.00% to 4.15% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2046	61,265		(1,495)	59,770

Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)	•			
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Rental Project; Not Rated				
2007 Series A Queens Family Courthouse Apartments – 5.41% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2047	40,000			40,000
2016 Series A (Federally Taxable) Queens Family Courthouse Apartments – 5.97% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2047	15,000			15,000
2019 Series A 535 Carlton Avenue – 4.08% to 6.35% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2027	73,000			73,000
2020 Series A 38 Sixth Avenue – 4.38% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2059	83,240			83,240
Multi-Family Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities				
2014 Series A, B and C - 8 Spruce Street (Federally Taxable) – 3.71% to 3.93% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	346,100			346,100
Total Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	2,271,820		(134,350)	2,137,470
MILITARY HOUSING REVENUE BOND PROGRAM:				
2004 Series A (Federally Taxable) Class I & II Fort Hamilton Housing LLC Project – 5.60% to 6.72% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2049	42,505		(560)	41,945
Total Military Housing Revenue Bond Program	42,505		(560)	41,945
LIBERTY BOND PROGRAM:				
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds				

Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)	of the year	155404	nemeu	ycui
2005 Series A 90 Washington Street – 0.04% to 2.52% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2035	74,800			74,800
2006 Series A 90 West Street – 0.04% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	104,000			104,000
2006 Series B (Federally Taxable) 90 West Street – 0.06% to 3.05% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	5,500		(700)	4,800
2006 Series A - 2 Gold Street – 0.04% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	162,000			162,000
2006 Series B (Federally Taxable) - 2 Gold Street – 0.06% to 3.05% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	22,500		(4,900)	17,600
2006 Series A 201 Pearl Street – 0.04% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2041	65,000			65,000
2006 Series B (Federally Taxable) 201 Pearl Street – 0.06% to 3.05% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2041	19,300		(1,100)	18,200
2014 Series Classes D, E and F (8 Spruce Street) – 3.00% to 4.50% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	203,900			203,900
Total Liberty Bond Program	657,000		(6,700)	650,300
CAPTIAL FUND PROGRAM REVENUE BONDS (New York City Housing Authority ('NYCHA')				
2013 Series A Capital Fund Program – 2.00% to 5.00% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2025	74,845		(74,845)	

	Balance at beginning			Balance at end of the
Description of Conduit Bonds as Issued	of the year	Issued	Retired	year
(in thousands)	•			·
2013 Series B-1 Capital Fund Program –				
2.00% to 5.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due	210 220		(210, 220)	
2033	218,220		(218,220)	
2013 Series B-2 Capital Fund Program –				
5.00% to 5.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due				
2032	122,170		(122,170)	
2022 Series A (Federally Taxable) (SDB)				
Capital Fund Program – 2.32% to 4.10%				
Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2033		398,265		398,265
Total Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds	415,235	398,265	(415,235)	398,265
Total Capital I and I togram Revenue Dones	115,255	570,205	(113,233)	570,205
Total Bonds Payable Prior to Net Premium				
Unamortized (Discount) on Bonds Payable	3,386,560	398,265	(556,845)	3,227,980
Net Premium (Discount) on Bonds Payable	14,533		(14,546)	(13)
Total Conduit Ponda Povebla (Not)	\$3,401,093	\$208 265	(\$571,391)	\$2 227 067
Total Conduit Bonds Payable (Net) Interest on the Corporation's variable rate debt is based on the SIFMA	, ,	\$398,265	(\$371,391)	\$3,227,967

Interest on the Corporation's variable rate debt is based on the SIFMA rate and is reset daily and/or weekly.

Bonds Issued in Fiscal Year 2022

On November 4, 2021, the fixed rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2021 Series I, were issued in an amount of \$43,295,000. The bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to pay for certain other related costs.

On December 22, 2021, four Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in an amount totaling \$469,185,000. The fixed rate 2021 Series K-1 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$134,080,000, the fixed rate 2021 Series K-2 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$185,105,000, the variable rate 2021 Series K-3 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$50,000,000, and the index floating rate 2021 Series L (Federally Taxable) Bonds were issued in the amount of \$100,000,000. The 2021 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to finance other corporate purposes of the Corporation.

On February 17, 2022, the fixed rate Housing Impact Bonds, 2022 Series A, were issued in an amount of \$104,250,000. The bonds were issued to finance two mortgage loans to the borrower for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of acquiring, rehabilitating, and equipping of eight public housing buildings

located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York and to pay for certain other related costs.

On March 10, 2022, the fixed rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2022 Series A, were issued in an amount of \$180,400,000. The bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to refund certain outstanding bonds of the Corporation.

On April 12, 2022, the fixed rate Capital Fund Grant Program Revenue Bonds ("NYCHA"), 2022 Series A (Federally Taxable), were issued in an amount of \$398,265,000. The bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to refund the outstanding Capital Fund Grant Program Revenue Bonds of the Corporation and to pay for certain other related costs.

On April 21, 2022, two Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in the amount totaling \$62,960,000. The fixed rate 2022 Series B-1 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$51,960,000, and the index floating rate 2022 Series B-2 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$11,000,000. The 2022 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to refund certain outstanding bonds of the Corporation.

On June 21, 2022, five Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in the amount totaling \$518,820,000. The fixed rate 2022 Series C-1 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$115,705,000, the fixed rate 2022 Series C-2-A Bonds were issued in the amount of \$112,195,000, the fixed rate 2022 Series C-2-B Bonds were issued in the amount of \$112,200,000, the variable rate 2022 Series C-3 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$128,720,000, and the index floating rate 2022 Series D (Federally Taxable) Bonds were issued in the amount of \$150,000,000. The 2022 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to finance other corporate purposes of the Corporation.

On August 25, 2022, two Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in the amount totaling \$151,340,000. The fixed rate 2022 Series E-1 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$110,010,000, and the fixed rate 2022 Series E-2 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$41,330,000. The 2022 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to refund certain outstanding bonds of the Corporation and to pay for other certain related costs.

All the bonds listed above are subject to regular redemption and certain issues are also subject to special redemption provisions as well. The parameters under which the redemptions may occur are set forth in the respective bond resolutions.

In fiscal year 2010, the U.S. Department of the Treasury, as part of the Housing Finance Agency ("HFA") initiative used authority provided to it pursuant to the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 ("HERA") to help expand resources to provide affordable mortgages for low- and middle-income households, and to support the development and rehabilitation of affordable housing units. In this program, the Corporation issued bonds under the New Issue Bond Program ("NIBP") in the amount of \$500 million. HDC issued two programs under the NIBP. The variable rate 2009 Housing Revenue Bonds Series 1 (Federally Taxable) Bonds were issued in the amount of \$415,000,000 and the 2009 Housing Revenue Bonds Series 2 (Federally Taxable) Bonds were issued in the amount of \$85,000,000 on December 23,

2009. During the period between June 2010 and December 2011, all the principal amount of the 2009 Series 1 (NIBP) Bonds and the 2009 Series 2 (NIBP) Bonds were converted to fixed rate tax exempt bonds. These bonds were designated as the "Converted Bonds". As of October 31, 2022, portions of the NIBP Converted Bonds in the amount of \$395,310,000 were redeemed and \$104,690,000 remain outstanding.

Debt Obligations Program

The Corporation entered into funding loan agreements with Citibank and Jones Lang LaSalle to finance mortgage loans under its Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Debt Obligations Program. Under the agreements, Citibank and Jones Lang LaSalle will provide the funds to the Corporation, which the Corporation will then use to advance to the project. This is also referred to as "Back-to-Back".

As of October 31, 2022, the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Debt Obligations program was \$175,214,000.

<u>Changes in Debt Obligations Payable:</u> (*in thousands*)

Debt Obligations Payable outstanding at beginning of the year	\$222,610
Debt Obligations Issued	-
Debt Obligations Principal Retired	(47,396)
Debt Obligations Payable outstanding at end of the year	\$175,214

Details of changes in HDC debt obligations for the year ended October 31, 2022 were as follows:

Description of Debt Obligations as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)				
MFMR Debt Obligations (Harlem Dowling Residential) – 2.49% to 5.21% Fixed Rate due 2047	\$ 4,785	\$ —	(\$114)	\$ 4,671
MFMR Debt Obligations (1133 Manhattan) – 3.86% Fixed Rate due 2027	45,600			45,600
MFMR Debt Obligations (1133 Manhattan) (Federally Taxable) – 3.86% Fixed Rate due 2027	14,980		(852)	14,128
MFMR Debt Obligations (Far Rockaway) – 3.65% Fixed Rate due 2058	72,230		(46,430)	25,800

Description of Debt Obligations as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)				
MFMR Debt Obligations (MEC 125 Parcel B				
West) -2.84% to 5.88% Variable Rate due				
2052	54,395			54,395
MFMR Debt Obligations (Caton Flats) –				
5.67% Fixed Rate due 2053	30,620			30,620
Total Debt Obligations Payable	\$222,610	\$ —	(\$47,396)	\$175,214

Federal Financing Bank Loan Participation Certificates Payable

In fiscal year 2014, the Corporation entered into a new financing agreement with the FFB for selling beneficial ownership interests in mortgage loans originated by housing finance agencies and insured with FHA/HFA Risk Sharing mortgage insurance. The Corporation was selected to be the first housing finance agency to participate in this new federal initiative to reduce costs of capital for affordable housing, whereby, the Corporation will sell beneficial ownership interest in its mortgages to the FFB. Beneficial ownership interest in mortgage loans that the Corporation sells to the FFB will be evidenced by certificates of participation from the Corporation. The participation proceeds were recorded as payable to the FFB. The monthly mortgage payments from the borrower will be used to repay the interest to the FFB and principal payments will reflect the scheduled mortgage principal payments.

The aggregate FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payable balance as of October 31, 2022, was \$515,756,000 (see Note 4: "Mortgage Loans").

Changes in FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payable:

The summary of changes in FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payable was as follows: *(in thousands)*

FFB Loan Participation Certificates payable outstanding at beginning of the year	\$474,923
FFB Loan Participation Proceeds	46,600
Repayments to FFB	(5,767)
FFB Loan Participation Certificates payable outstanding at end of the year	\$515,756

Details of changes in FFB loan participation certificates payable for the year ended October 31, 2022 were as follows:

Description of FFB Loan Participation as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)				
FFB Loan Participation - Arverne View Apt – 3.32% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass- Through due 2049	\$66,835	\$ —	(\$943)	\$65,892
FFB Loan Participation - 2629 Sedgwick Avenue – 3.28% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2051	2,684		(47)	2,637
FFB Loan Participation - Marseilles Apartments – 2.85% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2051	16,836		(307)	16,529
FFB Loan Participation - Sons of Italy Apartments – 2.76% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2051	7,686		(136)	7,550
FFB Loan Participation - Stevenson Commons – 2.96% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2057	99,462		(978)	98,484
FFB Loan Participation - Independence House – 3.04% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2057	6,983		(80)	6,903
FFB Loan Participation - Carol Gardens – 3.02% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass- Through due 2058	21,181		(203)	20,978
FFB Loan Participation - La Cabana Houses – 3.35% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2053	54,164		(620)	53,544
FFB Loan Participation - Alvista Towers – 2.57% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass- Through due 2059	64,577		(614)	63,963

Description of FFB Loan Participation as Issued	Balance at beginning of the year	Issued	Retired	Balance at end of the year
(in thousands)				
FFB Loan Participation - Baychester Murphy – 3.37% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2061	134,515		(1,663)	132,852
FFB Loan Participation - Lexington Gardens II – 3.07% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2062		46,600	(176)	46,424
Total FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payables	\$474,923	\$46,600	(\$5,767)	\$515,756

On March 24, 2022, the Corporation sold a beneficial ownership interest in a mortgage for the development named Lexington Gardens II in the amount of \$46,600,000. The FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payable as of October 31, 2022 was \$46,424,000.

The Corporation regularly defeases or retires bonds through in-substance defeasances whereby assets are placed in an irrevocable trust that is used exclusively to service the future debt requirements. During fiscal year 2022, the Corporation retired the 2013 Series A, 2013 Series B-1 and 2013 Series B-2 Capital Fund Grant Program Revenue Bonds through an in-substance defeasance. The table below lists the series as well as the amount outstanding as of October 31, 2022. These bonds are held with an escrow agent.

Defeased Bonds Outstanding as of October 31, 2022:					
			Bonds		
		Amount	Outstanding		
Bond Issue	Date Defeased	Defeased	October 31, 2022		
2013 Series A, B-1, B-2 CFGPRB (New York					
City Housing Authority)	April 12, 2022	\$376,575,000	\$376,575,000		
Total		\$376,575,000	\$376,575,000		

Future Debt Service:

Required debt payments for bonds payable by the Corporation for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Enterprise Fund

Year Ending October 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
(in thousands)			
2023	\$ 319,939	\$ 316,844	\$ 636,783
2024	177,698	310,609	488,307
2025	176,491	306,459	482,950
2026	197,062	302,400	499,462
2027	197,526	297,353	494,879
2028 - 2032	1,062,684	1,404,788	2,467,472
2033 – 2037	1,313,945	1,237,487	2,551,432
2038 - 2042	1,686,670	999,491	2,686,161
2043 - 2047	1,928,790	703,490	2,632,280
2048 – 2052	1,962,720	382,600	2,345,320
2053 – 2057	617,285	168,211	785,496
2058 – 2062	1,651,820	80,737	1,732,557
2063 – 2067	23,470	1,417	24,887
Total	\$11,316,100	\$6,511,886	\$17,827,986

Conduit Debt

Year Ending October 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
(in thousands)			
2023	\$ 54,280	\$ 95,291	\$ 149,571
2024	55,580	93,103	148,683
2025	57,420	92,694	150,114
2026	37,230	91,515	128,745
2027	38,625	90,241	128,866
2028 – 2032	456,250	398,420	854,670
2033 – 2037	1,053,970	307,781	1,361,751
2038 – 2042	442,580	203,724	646,304
2043 – 2047	321,975	161,497	483,472
2048 – 2052	626,830	27,885	654,715
2053 – 2057		18,230	18,230
2058 – 2062	83,240	6,077	89,317
Total	\$3,227,980	\$1,586,458	\$4,814,438

Changes in Liabilities:

Liability activities for the year ended October 31, 2022, are as follows:

Enterprise Fund

	Balance at Beginning of			Balance at End of the	Due Within
Descriptions	the Year	Additions	Deductions	Year	1 Year
(in thousands)					
Bonds Payable, (net)	\$10,897,026	\$1,531,368	(\$1,108,612)	\$11,319,782	\$319,939
Debt Obligations	222,610		(47,396)	175,214	
Payable to FFB - Loan Participation	474,923	46,600	(5,767)	515,756	6,225
Payable to City of New York	4,139,436	320,922	(18,923)	4,441,435	·
Payable to Mortgagors & Restricted					
Earnings on Investments	278,378	111,204	(202,397)	187,185	308
Others	1,127,587	107,011	(196,472)	1,038,126	414,619
Total	\$17,139,960	\$2,117,105	(\$1,579,567)	\$17,677,498	\$742,098

Conduit Debt

Descriptions	Balance at Beginning of the Year	Additions	Deductions	Balance at End of the Year	Due Within 1 Year
(in thousands)					
Bonds Payable, (net) Payable to Mortgagors & Restricted	\$3,401,093	\$398,265	(\$571,391)	\$3,227,967	\$54,280
Earnings on Investments	179,748	128,230	(129,112)	178,866	22,737
Others	26,176	32,334	(24,229)	34281	15,459
Total	\$3,607,017	\$558,829	(\$724,732)	\$3,441,114	\$92,476

Note 12: Consultants' Fees

The fees paid by the Corporation for legal, accounting and consulting services in fiscal year 2022 for HDC include: \$200,432 to Venable LLP; \$32,623 to Epstein, Becker & Green; \$16,047 to Hawkins, Delafield & Wood P.C and \$7,856 to Seyfarth Shaw LLP. Auditing fees of \$267,000 were paid to Ernst & Young LLP.

The Corporation paid other consulting fees in the amount of \$180,000 to Milo Kleinberg Design Associates Inc; \$174,720 to Greycell Labs Inc; \$112,500 to National Strategies Group, LLC; \$50,229 to BDO USA, LLP; \$48,500 to Gold Enterprises, LLC; \$45,000 to Cristo Rey New York High School; \$35,750 to Buck Global, LLC; \$4,950 to GACE; \$2,400 to Insurance Advisors LLC and \$1,899 to NYSTEC.

The Corporation also paid \$24,000 to 3rd Edge Communication and \$9,000 to Bartley & Dick Advertising/Design for concept, design and layout of the 2021 HDC Annual Report.

In addition, the Corporation paid legal, accounting and consulting fees for services provided in connection with bond financings, which have been reimbursed either from bond proceeds or from project developers: \$202,450 to Hawkins, Delafield & Wood; \$100,083 to Mohanty Gargiulo, LLC; \$85,000 to Caine Mitter & Associates, Inc; \$79,500 to McDermott Will & Emery, LLP; \$37,000 to Nixon Peabody, LLP; \$18,500 to Ballard Spahr LLP; \$16,829 to Jefferies, LLC and \$11,500 to Paparone Law, PLLC.

Note 13: Payable to The City of New York and Mortgagors

(A) New York City Housing Development Corporation

In 2009, HPD and HDC entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU"), which provides for the granting of funds by HPD to HDC pursuant to Section 661 of the PHFL, to make subordinate loans for affordable housing. As of October 31, 2022, the total payable to the City relating to this MOU was \$3,846,911,000.

The Corporation has completed numerous transactions as part of its Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program ("MLRP"), an affordable housing preservation program. Under this program, the Corporation has funded various new first and second mortgage loans as well as the acquisition of participation interests in City-owned second mortgages and associated cash flows. As long as any Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are outstanding, all cash flows from the purchased interests must be applied to debt service on such bonds. Once all such bonds are retired, HDC's participation interests in City-owned second mortgages revert to the City. HDC also has sold to the City a residual interest in the second mortgage loans the Corporation originated. These loans also transfer to the City when the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are retired. As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation's payable to the City under the MLRP was \$455,271,000.

On December 18, 2015, at the request of the City, the Corporation funded a \$143,236,000 subordinate loan to the purchasers of Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village to assist the preservation of the affordability of this project. As of October 31, 2022, the fund has been fully reimbursed to HDC by the City.

From time to time, HPD and HDC jointly engage in other programs under which both HPD and HDC provide construction and permanent financing for affordable housing projects wherein HPD and HDC are participating in construction loans and will swap funds. As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation has an outstanding balance of \$16,833,000 under this program.

The Corporation also has an outstanding payable of \$18,295,000, related to other loan funding agreements with the City.

(B) Housing Assistance Corporation

Funding for HAC was received through the City in 1985. All HAC's assets, after repayment of HDC advances to HAC and if unused for HAC purposes, will revert to the City. As of October 31, 2022, total resources payable to the City amounted to \$104,125,000, of which \$100,265,000 was related to the funding of Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village. The remaining \$3,860,000 payable to the City is primarily related funds held for the RY Subsidy Program, which is expected to cover the subsidy until 2024 (see Note 4: "Mortgage Loans" for a detailed explanation).

(C) Fiduciary Funds

Under normal HDC underwriting guidelines all subordinate loans must be coterminous to the senior loan in order to avoid scenarios where the payment of subordinate loan is made before the senior loan. Due to HPD statutory authority limits, HPD cannot make a loan longer than a thirty-year term. Thus, when HDC and HPD co-lend on a project and HDC intends to make a 35-year loan, HPD assigns HDC its loan in the form of a Purchase and Sale Agreement. HDC then makes the subordinate loan in its name for a 35-year term to which ultimately returns to HPD at HDC's loan maturity. As of October 31, 2022, the assets that HDC held on behalf of HPD consisted of cash & investments, mortgage and other receivables in the amounts of \$4,722,000 and \$704,367,000, respectively.

The Corporation also administers construction and permanent loans on behalf of HPD, using funds provided by HPD. All such funds are the property of HPD and thus are reported as restricted net position for the City in the Fiduciary Funds financial statements. As of October 31, 2022, the assets held and restricted for the City amounted to \$94,592,000.

Under HDC's normal loan servicing function, the Corporation is in possession of escrow and reserve funds held on behalf of its mortgagors. The funds are used to pay taxes on the underlying mortgage property, held as reserve for replacements, or for other contingencies. The funds received from the mortgagors are invested in accordance with HDC's investment guidelines and the assets are offset by a corresponding restricted net position for mortgagors. The balance as of October 31, 2022 was \$811,576,000.

Note 14: Retirement Programs

(A) NYCERS

The Corporation is a participating employer in NYCERS, a cost sharing multi-employer plan, of which 91 current employees of the Corporation are members. NYCERS provides defined benefit pension benefits to 186,000 active municipal employees and 162,000 pensioners through its plan that has \$77.5 billion in net position. City employees who receive permanent appointment to a competitive position and have completed six months of service are required to participate in NYCERS, and all other employees such as HDC employees are eligible, but not required, to participate in NYCERS. NYCERS provides three main types of retirement benefits: service retirements, ordinary disability retirements (non-job-related disabilities) and accident disability retirements (job-related disabilities) to members who are in different "tiers." The members' tier is determined by the date of membership. Subject to certain conditions, members generally become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service. Employees may be required to contribute a percentage of their salary to the pension plan based on their tier. Annual pension benefit is calculated as a percentage of final average salary times the number of years of membership service.

Contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating New York City agencies are established and may be amended by the NYCERS Board. Employees' contributions are determined by their tier and number of years of service. They may range between 3.00% and 6.00% of their annual pay. Statutorily required contributions to NYCERS, determined by the New York City Office of the Actuary in accordance with State statutes and City laws, are funded by the employer within the appropriate fiscal year.

Copies of NYCERS' financial statements can be obtained by writing to NYCERS at 335 Adams Street, Suite 2300, Brooklyn, NY 11201-3724 or its website (<u>www.nycers.org</u>).

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of NYCERS and additions to/deductions from NYCERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NYCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. Investments are recorded at fair value.

As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation reported a liability of \$12,204,000 for its proportionate share of NYCERS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Corporation's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Corporation's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employees, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the Corporation's proportionate share was 0.07%.

As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual		•
investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$2,230,000	<u> </u>
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	1,059,000	268,000
Changes in proportion and differences between		
Corporation's contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	2,005,000	190,000
Changes in assumptions	2,000	390,000
Sub-Total	5,296,000	848,000
Corporation contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,785,000	—
Total	\$7,081,000	\$848,000

Of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, \$1,785,000 was a contribution that the Corporation made subsequent to the measurement date and it will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in fiscal year ending October 31, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2023	\$ 889,400
2024	889,400
2025	889,400
2026	889,400
2027	889,400
Total	\$4,447,000

The Corporation recorded pension expense for fiscal year ending October 31, 2022 in the amount of \$1,995,000.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment Rate of Return	7% per annum, net of investment expenses
Salary Increases	In general, merit and promotion increase plus assumed general wage increases of 3.0% per annum.
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	1.5% and 2.5% for certain tiers

Mortality tables for service and disability pensioners were developed from an experience study of NYCERS. The mortality tables for beneficiaries were developed from an experience review. Periodically the New York City Office of the Actuary (NYCOA) conducts a full review of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to fund the NYCERS. These reviews lead to formalized recommendations that are then presented to each of the NYCERS Boards. Electronic versions are available on the NYCOA website (www.nyc.gov/actuary) under Assumptions and Methods.

Pursuant to Section 96 of the New York City Charter, studies of the actuarial assumptions used to value liabilities of the five actuarially funded NYCERS are conducted every two years.

Expected Rate of Return on Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term	Weighted		
		Expected Real	Average Rate of		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return	Return		
Public Markets:					
U.S. Public Market Equities	27.00%	7.00%	1.89%		
Developed Public Market Equities	12.00%	7.20%	0.86%		
Emerging Public Market Equities	5.00%	9.00%	0.45%		
Fixed Income	30.50%	2.50%	0.76%		
Public Markets (Alternative Investments):					
Private Equities	8.00%	11.30%	0.90%		
Private Real Estate	7.50%	6.70%	0.50%		
Infrastructure	4.00%	6.00%	0.24%		
Opportunistic Fixed Income	6.00%	7.40%	0.44%		

Management of the pension plan has determined its expected rate of return on investments to be 7.0%. This is based upon the weighted average rate of return from investments of 6.0% and a long-term Consumer Price Inflation assumption of 2.5% per year, which is offset by investment related expenses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022, was 7.0% per annum. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the rates applicable to the current tier for each member and that employer contributions will

be made based on rates determined by the Actuary. Based on those assumptions, the NYCERS fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and non-active NYCERS members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on NYCERS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as what the Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6%) or one percentage-point higher (8%) than the current rate.

Sensitivity Analysis					
	1% decrease (6%)	Discount rate (7%)	1% increase (8%)		
HDC's proportionate share					
of the net pension liability	\$19,420,000	\$12,204,000	\$6,108,000		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NYCERS' report, which is available on their website (<u>www.nycers.org</u>).

(B) Tax Sheltered Annuity Plan

The Corporation also offers its employees the option of participating in a Tax-Sheltered Annuity Plan managed by Principal as an alternate or supplemental retirement plan under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Internal Revenue Service has approved the Corporation as an entity, which can provide this type of plan to its employees. The majority of the Corporation's employees participate in this plan.

Note 15: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan description. The Corporation sponsors a single employer postemployment defined benefit health care plan for eligible retirees and their spouses. Eligible retirees generally are classified into two groups as either NYCERS members or Non-NYCERS members. NYCERS members are those who have service ranging from 5 to 15 years at the time of their retirement. Non-NYCERS members are those who have service ranging from 10 to 15 years and retired at age 59 1/2. For NYCERS members, the Corporation provides retiree health care coverage and prescription drug coverage through the New York City Health Benefit Program ("NYCHBP"). For Non-NYCERS members, the Corporation provides retiree health care coverage through the Empire Plan offered by the New York State Health Insurance Program ("NYSHIP").

Benefits provided. The Corporation provides comprehensive health care and prescription drug coverage for its eligible retirees and their spouses. No other benefits are provided. Benefit provisions for the plan are established and amended by actions taken by the Corporation's Members and there is no statutory requirement for HDC to continue this plan for future HDC employees. The plan is currently a non-contributory plan with all payments for plan benefits being funded by HDC on a pay-as-you-go-basis.

HDC's annual OPEB cost for the plan is calculated based on the Entry Age Normal level percentage cost method, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 75. The covered-employee payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$21,152,000 and the ratio of the net OPEB liability to the covered-employee payroll was 24.88%.

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between HDC and the plan members to that point.

Employees covered by benefit terms. As of October 31, 2021, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Membership Status as of November 1, 2021	Count
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	
payments	28
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	
payments	10
Active plan employees	176
Total	214

Net OPEB Liability

As of the reporting date, October 31, 2022, HDC's total OPEB liability was \$18,941,000 and the net OPEB liability was \$10,263,000 as reported by the Corporation's consultants' report prepared by Buck Global. During the year, HDC contributed \$5,000,000 to the OPEB plan which was not reflected in the Buck Global, LLC consultants' report because it had occurred after the measurement date. This contribution decreased the net OPEB liability down to \$5,263,000. The measurement date of October 31, 2021 was used to calculate the net OPEB liability, which was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Therefore, all the following information reflects fiscal year 2021 plan data unless otherwise noted.

	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Net OPEB liability at beginning of the year	\$18,124,000	\$8,895,000	\$9,229,000
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,572,000	—	1,572,000
Interest	421,000	—	421,000
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	(116,000)	—	(116,000)
Changes of assumptions	(846,000)		(846,000)
Net investment income		1,000	(1,000)
Benefit payments	(214,000)	(214,000)	
Administrative expense		(4,000)	4,000
Net changes	817,000	(217,000)	1,034,000
Net OPEB liability before contribution	18,941,000	8,678,000	10,263,000
Contribution after measurement date		5,000,000	(5,000,000)
Net OPEB liability at end of the year	\$18,941,000	\$13,678,000	\$5,263,000

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Since establishing an irrevocable OPEB trust in fiscal year 2012, the Corporation has funded a total of \$13,000,000 to date, with the most recent being a \$5,000,000 contribution in fiscal year 2022. All OPEB plan assets are held in a separate trust account for the exclusive purpose of paying OPEB obligations.

Investment policy. The Corporation's investment policy is set by the HDC Act and the guidelines are established and adopted by HDC's Board Members on an annual basis.

All investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. As of October 31, 2022, the fair value of OPEB trust investments was \$11,598,000.

	<u>Ir</u>	vestment Maturi	ities as of Oct	tober 31, 2022	
Investment Type	2022	Less than 1	1-5	6-10 M	ore than 10
(in thousands)					
FHLMC Bonds	\$ 4,945	\$ —	\$4,945	\$ —	\$ —
FHLB Bonds	3,858			3,858	
FFCB Bonds	2,795			2,795	
Total	\$11,598	\$ —	\$4,945	\$6,653	\$ —

The Corporation has the following recurring fair value measurements as of October 31, 2022:

• U.S. Agency securities of \$11,598,000 are valued based on models using observable inputs. (Level 2 inputs)

As of October 31, 2022, the OPEB plan asset held \$291,000 in cash.

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Corporation's Investment Guidelines charge the Investment Committee with "...determining appropriate investment instruments...based on...length of time funds are available for investment purposes..." among other factors. Thus, maturities are matched to the Corporation's liquidity needs. As part of the Corporation's investment policies, it looks to invest its bond and corporate related reserves in long-term securities that carry a higher yield, with the intent to hold the investments to maturity.

The Corporation's investment guidelines and policies are designed to protect principal by limiting credit risk. This is accomplished by making decisions based on a review of ratings, collateral, and diversification requirements that vary according to the type of investment.

As of October 31, 2022, investments in Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB"), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC" or "Freddie Mac") and Federal Farm Credit Bank ("FFCB") were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or Moody's Investors Service (FHLB, Freddie Mac, and FFCB are collectively referred to as "Agency"). Standard & Poor's ratings for long-term and short-term were AA+ and A-1+, respectively. Moody's long-term and short-term ratings were Aaa and P-1, respectively. Investments in Freddie Mac, FHLB and FFCB are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. They carry ratings equivalent to the credit ratings for the U.S. government. Some investments were not rated by Fitch Ratings. Of the investments that were rated by Fitch Ratings, they carried ratings of AAA for long-term and F1+ for short-term.

The Corporation follows its annually adopted investment guidelines in accordance with concentration limits and reviews its credit concentration monthly. The Corporation's Credit Risk unit monitors concentration risk amongst issuers and reports regularly to the Members of the Corporation's Audit Committee.

Issuer	Dollar Amount	Percentage
FHLMC	\$4,945,000	42.64%
FHLB	\$3,858,000	33.26%
FFCB	\$2,795,000	24.10%

The following table shows issuers that represent 5% or more of total investments as of October 31, 2022:

For the year ended October 31, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 2.08%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

For the year ended October 31, 2022, HDC recognized an OPEB expense of \$1,005,000.

As of October 31, 2022, HDC reported OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred Outflows/Inflows as of November 1, 2021	\$1,138,000	\$9,028,000
Changes for the year		
Difference between expected and actual experience	_	116,000
Change in assumptions	_	846,000
Difference between projected and actual investment		
earnings	175,000	
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows in FY 2022	(295,000)	(1,111,000)
Deferred Outflows/Inflows as of October 31, 2022	\$1,018,000	\$8,879,000

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future years as follows:

FY 2023	(\$857,000)
FY 2024	(900,000)
FY 2025	(954,000)
FY 2026	(903,000)
FY 2027	(908,000)
Thereafter	(\$3,339,000)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability as of October 31, 2021 used the Entry Age Normal level percent cost method and the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.0% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	2.0%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.1% grading down to a rate of 4.5%

Mortality. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the actual experience of the NYCERS population and the application of the mortality improvement scale (MP-2020). The mortality improvement scale was updated to MP-2020 based on the latest data released by the Society of Actuaries. The actuarial assumptions used in the October 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study from 2006 to 2020.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Real Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Basis
U.S. Fixed Income	100.00%	2.00%

Discount Rate. The long term expected rate of return on plan assets is 2.00% per year, net of investment expenses. The weighted average discount rate is 2.41% in 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Corporation would continue to make payments for future benefits payments based on currently available assets and investment returns and will not make any additional contributions to the Trust. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees until 2033. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied until 2032 and the 20-year S&P bond index rate was applied for all years after 2032.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability and what it would be if it were calculated using a rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate and healthcare cost trend rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
changes in the discount rate	(1.41%)	(2.41%)	(3.41%)
Net OPEB liability	\$13,629,000	\$10,263,000	\$7,513,000

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to		Healthcare Cost	
changes in the healthcare cost trend rate	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$6,519,000	\$10,263,000	\$15,301,000

Note 16: Due to the United States Government – Non-Current Liabilities

In order to maintain the exemption from federal income tax of interest on bonds issued subsequent to January 1, 1986, the Corporation established a separate fund, the Rebate Fund, into which amounts required to be rebated to the Federal Government pursuant to Section 148 of the Code are deposited. In general, the Code requires the payment to the U.S. Treasury of the excess of the amount earned on all non-purpose obligations over the amount that would have been earned if the gross proceeds of the issue were invested at a rate equal to the yield on the issue. Project or construction funds, debt service funds or any other funds or accounts funded with proceeds of such bonds, including earnings, or pledged to or expected to be used to pay interest on such bonds are subject to this requirement. Issues with respect to which all gross proceeds are expended for the governmental purpose of the issue within the required time period after the date of issue and debt service funds with annual gross earnings of less than \$100,000 are exempt from this requirement. Payment is to be made after the end of the fifth bond year and after every fifth bond year thereafter, and within 60 days after retirement of the bonds. As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation had an accrued rebate liability of \$734,000.

Note 17: Commitments

(A) New York City Housing Development Corporation

(i) The Corporation's practice is to close loans only when all the funds committed to be advanced have been made available through bond proceeds or a reservation of corporate funds. Funds are invested prior to being advanced, as described in Note 3: "Investments and Deposits" and are reported as restricted assets.

(ii) The portion of closed construction loans that had not yet been advanced as of October 31, 2022 is as follows: *(in thousands)*

Programs:	
Multi-Family Bond Programs	
Housing Revenue	\$1,568,541
Corporate Services Fund Loans	17,267
HPD Grant Funds	535,393
Department of Justice ("DOJ") Settlement Funds	1,038
Unadvanced Construction Loans (closed loans)	\$2,122,239

As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation has executed commitments to provide funding for six bonded senior mortgage loans in the amount of \$598,235,000 and subordinate loans in the amount of \$114,620,000. The timing and amount will be determined at the time of conversion.

(iii) The Corporation has made a programmatic funding commitment in support of the City's housing initiatives. HDC has reserved funds to fulfill these commitments, but the timing and amount of remaining loan closings cannot be determined. The programmatic commitment is as follows:

- On June 6, 2016, the Corporation entered into an MOU with HPD, which was amended on December 15, 2016 and amended again on June 24, 2019, that outlines the Corporation's obligations to use corporate reserves to fund construction loans for projects eligible under the Green Housing Preservation Program ("GHPP"). Under the GHPP, HPD extends construction and permanent loans to projects specifically to finance energy efficiency and water conservation improvements, as well as moderate rehabilitation to improve building conditions, reduce greenhouse gas emissions and preserve affordability. HDC has set aside \$18,361,000 of its reserves for this purpose. The total amount advanced as of October 31, 2022 was \$6,715,000.
- (B) New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation

As of October 31, 2022, REMIC insured loans with coverage amounts totaling \$355,051,000 and had outstanding commitments to insure loans with a maximum insurance coverage amount of \$173,466,000.

Note 18: Financial Guaranties

(A) NYCHA Tax Credit Guaranty

On April 2, 2012, the Corporation entered into a Guaranty Agreement with Citibank to guaranty the yield on Citibank's investment in the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit ("LIHTC") created pursuant to the NYCHA Tax Credit Transaction. In return, the Corporation received \$16.0 million as a guaranty fee from Citibank, less fees and expenses of \$929,000 incurred under this agreement.

On July 15, 2013, Citibank transferred 100% of its rights under the Guaranty Agreement to Wells Fargo Holdings ("Wells Fargo"). As of that date, the Guaranty Agreement between Citibank and HDC was terminated and a new agreement was signed between HDC and Wells Fargo. As a condition of Citibank selling its rights under the Guaranty Agreement, the Corporation received an additional \$8.0 million of guaranty fee from Wells Fargo, less fees and expenses of \$320,000 incurred under this agreement.

Under the Guaranty Agreement between HDC and Wells Fargo, the Corporation agreed to guaranty a minimum rate of return on Wells Fargo's tax credit investment in the NYCHA I Housing Development Fund Corporation through a 15-year compliance period. The minimum rate of return is equal to an annual effective rate of 4.50% on an after-tax basis return on its tax credit investment over the 15-year compliance period. During the compliance period, from time to time NYCHA LLC-I will determine if the total benefits allocated or paid to Wells Fargo through such date, together with the tax benefits projected to be received by Wells Fargo thereafter through the coverage period termination date, are sufficient to keep Wells Fargo on track to achieve the minimum return. If it is determined that Wells Fargo is not on track to achieve the minimum return through the coverage period termination date, the Corporation shall have the option, but not the obligation, subject to a cap amount of \$96,000,000, to make a payment to Wells Fargo under the Guaranty Agreement in an amount equal to the optional minimum return deficiency amount.

The NYCHA Tax Credit transaction required the establishment and funding of several project reserves and guaranties in order to ensure timely completion of rehabilitation, which has in fact proceeded on time and within budget. As of October 31, 2022, the unamortized guaranty fee was \$7,756,000 and the Corporation has designated \$7,756,000 for the financial guaranty reserve (see Note 19: "Contingencies"). The likelihood that HDC must pay out under this guaranty decreases with the passage of time. HDC will recognize the guaranty fee on a straight-line basis over the covered period, which is 15 years.

(B) Co-op City Guaranty

On November 28, 2012, and extended on March 3, 2022, the Corporation entered into a Credit Support Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank National Association ("Wells Fargo Bank"), HUD and SONYMA. Wells Fargo Bank agreed to make a mortgage in the amount of \$621,500,000 to a Mitchell-Lama cooperative housing development named Co-op City in the Bronx, New York. As a precondition of endorsing the loan for insurance, HUD acting through FHA required SONYMA and HDC each to provide a portion of top–loss guaranty on the loan.

Pursuant to the agreement between HDC and HUD, HDC agreed to provide \$15,000,000 as a guaranteed amount to Wells Fargo Bank in the event of a default by the cooperative. The Corporation agreed to fund the full amount of the top-loss guaranty in a segregated designated account for the duration of the HDC top-loss guaranty. As of October 31, 2022, the Corporation has designated \$15,000,000 as a financial guaranty reserve (see Note 19: "Contingencies").

(C) Federal Housing Administration Risk Sharing Program

In November 2011, the Corporation entered an amended risk sharing agreement with HUD. HDC participates in the Risk Sharing Program to obtain 100% insurance on certain loans made by HDC for affordable multifamily housing. The risk sharing allocation between HDC and HUD will be on a project-by-project basis and take effect when the loan converts to permanent financing.

In fiscal year 2014, the Corporation entered into a second risk-sharing agreement with HUD, which largely mirrors the terms of the existing amended Risk-Sharing Agreement. HDC has established a guaranty reserve for risk sharing obligations to FHA if there is a loss on a mortgage loan.

As of October 31, 2022, HDC has designated a total of \$9,352,000 as a financial guaranty reserve under the FHA risk-sharing mortgage insurance program for seventy-two participating projects and future participating projects (see Note 19: "Contingencies").

(D) NYCHA PACT Program

In support of the New York City Housing Authority ("PACT") program, the Corporation issued the 2020 Series A and B Housing Impact Bonds and the 2020 Series C and D Housing Impact Bonds to finance mortgage loans to rehabilitate and preserve developments in the NYCHA portfolio. HDC entered into risk sharing agreements with Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae as follows.

(1) PACT Brooklyn Bundle II Program

On February 1, 2020, the Corporation entered into a funding agreement that guaranties the top 10% loss of the PACT Brooklyn loan in the event of a default by the borrower. The maximum amount of this guaranty is \$37,500,000, which is 10% of \$375,000,000 of the mortgage loans. As of October 31, 2022, there were no defaults, and no collateral was required.

(2) PACT Manhattan Bundle Program

On November 30, 2020, the Corporation entered into a Loss Share Agreement with Fannie Mae. Pursuant to the agreement, HDC will provide 10% top loss guaranty for the Fannie Mae enhanced loan. The maximum guarantee amount is \$28,900,000. Additionally, under a reserve agreement, HDC is required to post collateral with a collateral custodian if its long-term issuer rating falls below AA-. The collateral is used to reimburse Fannie Mae in the event of a loss. As of October 31, 2022, HDC's long term issuer rating was AA by S&P and Aa2 by Moody's; therefore, no collateral was required.

(3) PACT Harlem River I and II Program

On February 17, 2022, the Corporation entered into a funding agreement that guaranties the top loss of the PACT Harlem River loan in the event of a default by the borrower. The maximum amount of this guarantee is \$10,425,000, which is 10% of \$104,250,000 of the mortgage loan. As of October 31, 2022, there were no defaults, and no collateral was required.

Note 19: Contingencies

In the normal conduct of business, the Corporation is involved in litigation matters. In the opinion of management and the Corporation's legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of such litigation should not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Corporation.

As discussed in Note 18 above, the Corporation entered into several guaranty agreements with various entities in order to finance certain projects. To meet its obligations, in the event that payments are required, the Corporation set aside various reserves to cover these guaranties. These reserves are held as Designated under Unrestricted Net Position (see Note 20: "Net Position").

The reserves are summarized in the chart below:

	As of October 31, 2022
Financial Guaranties	Reserve Amounts
NYCHA Tax Credit Guaranty	\$7,756,000
Co-op City Guaranty	15,000,000
FHA Risk Sharing	9,352,000
Total	\$32,108,000

Note 20: Net Position

The Corporation's Net Position represents the excess of assets and deferred outflows of resources over liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and consists largely of mortgage loans and investments. HDC's net position is categorized as follows:

- <u>Restricted Net Position</u> is net position that has been restricted in use in accordance with the terms of an award, agreement or by State law. This includes net position restricted by bond resolutions, contractual obligations with HPD and HUD, and REMIC reserves that are required by statute, among other items (see chart below).
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is the remaining net position, which can be further categorized as Designated or Undesignated. Designated Net Position is not governed by statute or contract but is committed for specific purposes pursuant to HDC policy and/or Member directives. Designated Net Position includes funds and assets committed to various housing initiatives, reserves to maintain HDC's credit ratings, and working capital.

Changes in Net Position

The changes in Net Position are as follows: *(in thousands)*

HDC and Component Units

Restricted	Unrestricted	Total
\$3,067,656	\$637,603	\$3,705,259
123,421	(140,267)	(16,846)
69,230	(69,230)	
\$3,260,307	\$428,106	\$3,688,413
	2022	
\$2	2,901,226	
	242,633	
B and		
	10,745	
	105,703	
\$.	3,260,307	
	\$3,067,656 123,421 69,230 \$3,260,307 \$3,260,307 \$2	\$3,067,656 \$637,603 123,421 (140,267) 69,230 (69,230) \$3,260,307 \$428,106 2022 \$2,901,226 242,633 B and 10,745

Of the total Unrestricted Net Position listed below, \$318,858,000 is for existing mortgages and other loans. An additional fund of \$52,326,000 has been designated by senior management of the Corporation for future mortgage advances pursuant to housing programs established by the Corporation. The Corporation also has \$3,824,000 in leases and other capital assets.

Summary of Unrestricted Net Position	
(in thousands)	2022
Designated Net Position:	
Existing Mortgages	\$318,858
Housing Programs and Commitments	52,326
Working Capital	30,297
Bond Reserve	160,000
Unrealized Investment Gains (Losses)	(210, 140)
Financial Guaranty Reserves (Notes 18 and 19)	32,108
REMIC Insurance Reserves	40,833
Total Designated Net Position	\$424,282
Net Investment in Capital Assets:	
Capital Assets, net	\$3,824
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$3,824

In fiscal year 2022, net position transferred from unrestricted to restricted was a net amount of \$69,230,000. The amount represents transfer of mortgage loans originated with corporate reserves into the Open Resolution as a result of securitizations, net of transfers of excess in the Open Resolution, as well as transfer of amounts exceeding REMIC reserve requirement.

Note 21: Subsequent Events

Subsequent to October 31, 2022, bonds issued in the course of the Corporation's normal business activities were \$696,815,000.

There is great uncertainty regarding the economy and where it is headed in the coming year due to persistently high inflation and high interest rates. In light of the current economic environment, the Corporation has heightened its vigilance and is also actively monitoring the portfolio for signs of potential problems from borrowers and is prepared to provide prompt assistance as needed. Although no one can predict the effect this economic crisis will have on the local or global economy, there is still an expectation of continued solid financial performance for the Corporation.

October 31, 2022

Schedule 1a:

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

(\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 1,572 \$	1,401 \$	1,308 \$	1,500 \$	1,389 \$	1,346
Interest	421	689	657	803	759	683
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(116)	(1,689)	(255)	(1,285)	(154)	-
Changes of assumptions	(846)	513	165	(7,568)	(716)	1,007
Benefit payments	 (214)	(97)	(140)	(102)	(107)	(95)
Net change in total OPEB liability	817	817	1,735	(6,652)	1,171	2,941
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 18,124	17,307	15,572	22,224	21,053	18,112
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 18,941 \$	18,124 \$	17,307 \$	15,572 \$	22,224 \$	21,053
Plan fiduciary net position Contribution - employer Net investment income Benefit payment	5,000 1 (214)	251 (97)	471 (140)	122 (102)	131 (107)	- 113 (95)
Administrative expense	 (4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	4,783	150	327	16	20	18
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	8,895	8,745	8,418	8,402	8,382	8,364
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 13,678 \$	8,895 \$	8,745 \$	8,418 \$	8,402 \$	8,382
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 5,263 \$	9,229 \$	8,562 \$	7,154 \$	13,822 \$	12,671
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	72.21%	49.08%	50.53%	54.06%	37.81%	39.81%
Covered payroll	\$21,152	\$19,711	\$18,572	\$17,487	\$16,535	\$15,517
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	24.88%	46.82%	46.10%	40.91%	83.59%	81.66%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

In fiscal year 2022, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount assumed that HDC will continue to make payments for future

benefits payments based on currently available assets and investment returns

and will not make any additional contributions to the Trust.

In fiscal year 2022, the termination, disability, and retirement rates were

updated to be consistent with those in the 2022 NYCERS Assumptions and Methods Report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

October 31, 2022

Schedule 1b:

Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Contributions (\$ in thousands)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,006	\$	1,919	\$	1,560	\$	1,555	\$	1,607		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined												
contribution (funded from trust assets)		2,006		1,919		1,560		1,555		1,607		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
HDC covered payroll	\$	21,152	\$	19,711	\$	18,572	\$	17,487	\$	16,535		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		9%		10%		8%		9%		10%		
	¢	2017	¢	2016	¢	2015	¢	2014	¢	2013		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,617	\$	2,132	\$	1,723	\$	1,657	\$	1,747		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined												
contribution		1,617		2,132		1,723		1,657		1,747		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
HDC covered employee payroll	\$	15,517	\$	16,165	\$	14,967	\$	14,595	\$	14,122		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	Ψ	10%	Ψ	13%	Ψ	12%	Ψ	11%	Ψ	12%		
Notes to Schedule: <i>Changes in benefit terms: None</i>												
	In 2	2021 the 1	heal	lthcare cos	st tr	end rates	cha	nged to "6	5.19	6 grading		
					fro	m previou	us y	year of "6	5.5%	grading		
Changes in assumptions: Yes	down to a rate of 4.5%".											
	In the 2021 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were											
	adjusted based on the actual experience of the NYCERS population and the application of the MP-2020 mortality											
						ears, those			•	e based		
	-			-	-	2018 morta		-				
Valuation date:												
Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of	f Octo	ober 31, o	nev	year prior	to tl	he end of t	he	fiscal year	in '	which		
contributions are reported.								•				
Actuarial cost method	Ent	try age no	rma	1								
Amortization method			tage	e of payrol	l cl	osed						
Amortization period		years										
Asset valuation method Inflation	-		ızat	ion marke	t							
Salary increases		percent average	inc	luding inf	lati	าท						
Investment rate of return						nent exper	ise					
Retirement age						i, expected		tirement a	ges	of		
-						ed to be c			-			

general employees were updated to be consistent with those in the 2021 NYCERS Assumptions and Methods Report.

October 31, 2022

Schedule 1c:

Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Investment Return (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	2.08%	2.19%	2.19%	2.19%	2.32%
	2017	2016			
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	1.17%	1.71%			

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, OPEB plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

October 31, 2022

Schedule 2a:

The following schedule 2a is being presented to provide information on the Corporation's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability.

Schedule of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
HDC's proportion of the net pension liability	0.06	7%	0.060%	0.057%	0.054%	0.051%
HDC's proportionate share of the net pension liability HDC's covered payroll	\$ 12,203,7 8,842,7		3,840,210 9,879,152	\$ 11,921,719 9,582,832	\$ 10,048,926 9,696,963	\$ 9,325,396 9,283,052
HDC's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	13	3%	39%	124%	104%	100%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.2	8%	93.14%	76.93%	78.84%	78.87%

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
HDC's proportion of the net pension liability	0.053%	0.053%	0.053%	0.054%	0.054%
HDC's proportionate share of the net pension liability HDC's covered payroll	\$ 10,991,263 10,244,624	\$ 12,877,315 10,045,598	\$ 10,907,802 \$ 10,158,437	9,730,403 \$ 9,938,413	12,459,533 10,919,865
HDC's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	107%	128%	107%	98%	114%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.84%	69.67%	73.16%	75.32%	67.22%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms: None

Changes in assumptions: Yes

The current fiscal year post-retirement mortality tables used were adopted by the Board of Trustees during fiscal year 2019.

October 31, 2022

Schedule 2b:

The following schedule 2b is being presented to provide information on the Corporation's Pension Contributions

Schedule of the Corporation's Pension Contributions (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 2,583	\$ 2,253	\$ 2,108	\$ 2,003	\$ 1,724
required contribution	2,583	2,253	2,108	2,003	1,724
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
HDC covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 8,843 29%	\$ 9,879 23%	\$ 9,583 22%	\$ 9,697 21%	\$ 9,283 19%
	 2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 1,779	\$ 1,784	\$ 1,675	\$ 1,682	\$ 1,645
required contribution	1,779	1,784	1,675	1,682	1,645
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
HDC covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 10,245 17%	\$ 10,046 18%	\$ 10,158 16%	\$ 9,938 17%	\$ 10,920 15%

Schedule 3:

The following schedule is being presented to provide detail information on a program basis for the owners of the Housing Revenue Bond program's obligations

Housing Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 650,316	\$ 480,364
Investments	\$ 050,510 27,638	⁵ 480,304 3,773
Receivables:	27,038	5,775
Mortgage loans	599,931	466,399
Accrued interest	53,317	34,104
Other	392	29
Total Receivables	653,640	500,532
Other assets	140	-
Total Current Assets	1,331,734	984,669
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	493,904	926,644
Restricted investments	1,278,706	1,548,613
Purpose investments (note 2)	17,087	17,548
Restricted receivables:	1,001	1,,010
Mortgage loans	10,795,512	9,934,297
Loan participation receivable - The City of NY	455,271	460,969
Accrued interest	59,247	44,775
Total Restricted Receivables	11,310,030	10,440,041
Primary government/component unit receivable (payable)	24,545	10,838
Deferred inflows related to interest rate swaps fair value (note 9)	176,467	-
Other assets	-	269
Total Noncurrent Assets	13,300,739	12,943,953
Total Assets	14,632,473	13,928,622
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Interest rate cap (note 10)	2,510	449
Deferred outflows related to interest rate swaps (note 10)	-	106,656
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,510	\$ 107,105

Schedule 3 (cont'd):

Housing Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)	\$ 314,380	\$ 627,370
Accrued interest payable	135,255	126,273
Restricted earnings on investments	50	48
Accounts and other payables	172,794	132,211
Total Current Liabilities	622,479	885,902
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)	10,170,776	9,529,852
Payable to The City of New York:		
Loan participation agreements	455,271	460,969
Payable to mortgagors	1,831	1,828
Derivative instrument - interest rate swaps	-	106,656
Unearned revenues and other liabilities	591,790	628,498
Due to the United States Government (note 16)	734	375
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	11,220,402	10,728,178
Total Liabilities	11,842,881	11,614,080
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Interest rate swaps fair value	176,467	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	176,467	-
Net Position		
Restricted for bond obligations	2,615,635	2,421,647
Total Net Position	\$ 2,615,635	\$ 2,421,647

Schedule 3 (cont'd):

Housing Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years ended October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	202
Operating Revenues		
Interest on loans	\$ 397,109	\$ 344,456
Fees and charges	32,534	46,096
Residual interest income	30,937	23,680
Income on loan participation interests	6,348	4,710
Other	337	3,172
Total Operating Revenues	467,265	422,114
Operating Expenses		
Interest and amortization of bond premium and discount	277,375	262,375
Trustees' and other fees	1,617	976
Bond issuance costs	9,512	16,572
Total Operating Expenses	288,504	279,923
Operating Income	178,761	142,191
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Earnings on investments	34,149	32,175
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments	(165,175)	(22,513
Other non-operating revenues (expenses), net	(129)	(108
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(131,155)	9,554
Income before Operating transfers to Corporate Services Fund	47,606	151,745
Operating transfers to Corporate Services Fund	(18,135)	(12,724
Net Income	29,471	139,021
Capital transfers	164,517	165,027
Changes in Net Position	193,988	304,048
Total net position - beginning of year	2,421,647	2,117,599
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,615,635	\$ 2,421,647

Schedule 4:

The following schedule is being presented to provide detail information on a program basis for the owners of the Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Net Position

October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	20	2021
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,33	\$ 1,270
Investments	33	33
Receivables:		
Mortgage loans	2,62	24 2,452
Accrued interest	31	11 316
Total Receivables	2,93	35 2,768
Total Current Assets	5,59	99 4,974
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	7
Restricted investments	1,29	92 2,688
Restricted receivables:		
Mortgage loans	68,59	90 71,921
Total Restricted Receivables	68,59	90 71,921
Total Noncurrent Assets	69,88	32 74,616
Total Assets	\$ 75,48	\$ 79,590

Schedule 4 (cont'd):

Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)	\$ 1,945	\$ 3,015
Accrued interest payable	113	169
Total Current Liabilities	2,058	3,184
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)	12,585	18,530
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	12,585	18,530
Total Liabilities	14,643	21,714
Net Position		
Restricted for bond obligations	60,838	57,876

Schedule 4 (cont'd):

Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years ended October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	 2021
Operating Revenues		
Interest on loans	\$ 3,497	\$ 5,382
Total Operating Revenues	3,497	 5,382
Operating Expenses		
Interest and amortization of bond premium and discount	591	1,708
Total Operating Expenses	591	1,708
Operating Income	2,906	3,674
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Earnings on investments	56	126
Total Non-operating Revenues	56	126
Net Income	2,962	3,800
Capital transfers	-	(4,668)
Changes in Net Position	2,962	 (868)
Total net position - beginning of year	57,876	 58,744
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 60,838	\$ 57,876

Schedule 5:

The following schedule is being presented to provide detail information on a program basis for the owners of the Housing Impact Bond Program

Housing Impact Bond Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021
	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,809	\$ 9,948
Receivables:		
Mortgage loans	3,485	2,237
Accrued interest	1,890	1,897
Total Receivables	5,375	4,134
Total Current Assets	22,184	14,082
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	35,155	188,368
Restricted investments	129,140	79,447
Restricted receivables:		
Mortgage loans	762,593	661,828
Total Restricted Receivables	762,593	661,828
Primary government/component unit receivable (payable)	170	1,083
Total Noncurrent Assets	927,058	930,726
Total Assets	\$ 949,242	\$ 944,808

Schedule 5 (cont'd):

Housing Impact Bond Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	20
iabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)	\$ 3,365	\$ 1,35
Accrued interest payable	5,255	4,45
Total Current Liabilities	8,620	5,81
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)	763,595	662,7
Payable to mortgagors	164,173	267,98
Unearned revenues and other liabilities	172	1,08
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	927,940	931,77
Total Liabilities	936,560	937,59
let Position		
	12,682	7,2
Restricted for bond obligations Total Net Position	\$ 12,682	\$ 7,2

Schedule 5 (cont'd):

Housing Impact Bond Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years ended October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021
Operating Revenues		
Interest on loans	\$ 25,125	\$ 21,993
Fees and charges	1,520	3,706
Total Operating Revenues	26,645	25,699
Operating Expenses		
Interest and amortization of bond premium and discount	20,090	17,222
Bond issuance costs	1,135	2,532
Total Operating Expenses	21,225	19,754
Operating Income	5,420	5,945
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Earnings on investments	136	20
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments	-	(172)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	136	(152)
Income before Operating transfers to Corporate Services Fund	5,556	5,793
Operating transfers to Corporate Services Fund	(782)	(2,168)
Net Income	4,774	3,625
Capital transfers	691	1,455
Changes in Net Position	5,465	5,080
Total net position - beginning of year	7,217	2,137
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 12,682	\$ 7,217

Schedule 6:

The following schedule is being presented to provide detail information on a program basis for the owners of the Conduit Debt Program

Conduit Debt Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,458 \$ 1	57,869
Investments	96,592	-
Receivables:		
Mortgage loans	8,624	8,034
Accrued interest	11,318	10,566
Notes Receivable	45,610	39,220
Total Receivables	65,552	57,820
Total Current Assets	230,602 2	15,689
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,730	4,674
Restricted investments	29,310	30,093
Restricted receivables:		
Mortgage loans	2,777,554 2,9	19,248
Notes	394,600 4	33,960
Total Restricted Receivables	3,172,154 3,3	53,208
Primary government/component unit receivable	383	25
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,206,577 3,3	88,000
Total Assets	3,437,179 3,6	03,689
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred loss on early retirement of debt (note 10)	3.935	3,328
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 3935 \$	3,328

Deferred loss on early retirement of debt (note 10)	 3,935	3,328
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 3,935	\$ 3,328

Schedule 6 (cont'd):

Conduit Debt Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	202
₋iabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)(note 11)	\$ 54,280	\$ 48,315
Accrued interest payable	15,459	15,716
Restricted earnings on investments	22,737	22,087
Total Current Liabilities	92,476	86,118
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)(note 11)	3,173,687	3,352,778
Payable to mortgagors	156,129	157,660
Unearned revenues and other liabilities	18,822	10,461
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,348,638	3,520,899
Total Liabilities	3,441,114	3,607,017
Net Position Restricted for bond obligations		_
Restricted for bond obligations		

Schedule 6 (cont'd):

Conduit Debt Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years ended October 31, 2022 and 2021 (\$ in thousands)

	2022	2021
Operating Revenues		
Interest on loans	\$ 76,556	\$ 68,717
Fees and charges	2,122	84
Other	749	814
Total Operating Revenues	79,427	69,615
Operating Expenses		
Interest and amortization of bond premium and discount	76,566	68,727
Bond issuance costs	2,871	898
Total Operating Expenses	79,437	69,625
Operating Income	(10)	(10)
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Earnings on investments	18	18
Total Non-operating Revenues	18	18
Income before Operating transfers to Corporate Services Fund	8	8
Operating transfers to Corporate Services Fund	(8)	(8)
Net Income	-	-
Capital transfers	-	-
Changes in Net Position	-	-
Total net position - beginning of year	-	-
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$-	\$-

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APPENDIX D-1

DEVELOPMENTS AND MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM

The following tables contain information with respect to the Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023 (except as noted).

Table 1 sets forth information with respect to individual Developments and permanent Mortgage Loans financed with the proceeds of each Series of Bonds issued as of April 30, 2023 except the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, the 2011 Participant Interest, the 2014 Series B Participant Interest, the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans.

Table 2 sets forth information with respect to individual Developments and construction Mortgage Loans. See "THE PROGRAM—Mortgage Loans—Construction Mortgage Loans."

Table 3 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to Developments and Mortgage Loans securing the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans. See "THE PROGRAM—ML Restructuring Mortgage Loans."

Table 4 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to Developments and permanent Mortgage Loans underlying the 2005 Series J Participant Interest. See "THE PROGRAM—2005 Series J Participant Interest."

Table 5 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans underlying the 2011 Participant Interest. See "THE PROGRAM—2011 Participant Interest."

Table 6 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to the Developments and permanent mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest. See "THE PROGRAM—2014 Series B Participant Interest."

Table 7 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to the Developments and permanent mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest. See "THE PROGRAM—2018 Series B Participant Interest."

Table 8 sets forth information with respect to the Developments, Senior Construction, Senior Permanent, Subordinate Construction and Subordinate Permanent Mortgage Loans financed with Bonds subsequent to April 30, 2023 and certain other Mortgage Loans as indicated in the footnotes thereto.

TABLE 1: DEVELOPMENTS AND PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM

						-	.	(HAP/TAC/	_		
Supple-			Applicable		No.	Occupa	Outstanding	Original	Mortgag	Mortgage	Final	§236	Prepayment		
mental	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development	Series	Borough	of	ncy	Mortgage Balance	Mortgage	e	Loan	Mortgage	Contract	Category (see	Physical Inspection	n Foot-note
Security		Name	Resolution		Units	Rate	(S)=Subordinate Lien Position	Amount	Interest	Closing	Maturity	Expiration	Appendix		
						(%)	Lien Position	i !	Rate	Date		Date††	E-2)		
Fannie Mae	Mixed Income	1-50 50th Avenue (HPS A)	2015 Series H	Queens	619	98.22	136,470,000	136,470,000	3.580	22-Dec-15	1-Jan-26		Category 7	Above Average	
Fannie Mae	Mixed Income	1-55 Borden Avenue (HPS B)	2015 Series I	Queens	306	97.71	60,860,000	60,860,000			1-Jan-26		Category 7	Superior	
REMIC	LAMP Preservation		2021 Series J				11,202,134	11,360,000			1-Nov-56		Category 9	Below Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP Preservation	1001 MLK Blvd (a/k/a University)	2021 Series B	Bronx	89	98.88	S 3,960,000	3,960,000			1-Nov-56		Category 1	Below Average	
N/A	N/A	101 Avenue D Apartments	2020 Series D	Manhattan	78		S 1,484,033	2,535,000			1-Jun-43		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	LAMP/Certificate Program	1016 Washington Avenue	2022 Series E	Bronx	65	98.46	4,551,547	4,900,000					Category 9	Below Average Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC N/A	LAMP	1068 Gerard Avenue	2008-2018 Consolidated 2018 Series D	Bronx	82	97.56	2,655,089 S 4,325,555	3,665,000 4,510,000		9-Dec-08 9-Dec-08			Category 8 Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	1008 Gerard Avenue	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	BIOIIX	02	57.30	4,269,596	5.690.000		15-Oct-09			Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	1085 Washington Avenue	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	90	95.56	s 4,950,000	4,950,000		15-Oct-09	28-Jun-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	1005 Washington Avenue	2021 Series A	DIGHX	50	55.50	28,059,885	31,700,000			25-Feb-49		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	New HOP	11 Broadway	2021 Series A	Brooklyn	160	99.37	S 5,200,000	5,200,000		14-Nov-13	25-Feb-49		Category 1	Superior	(=)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8		2018 Series C				16,812,653	16,930,000		5-Apr-23	30-Apr-62		Category 9	N/A	
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	112 East Clarke	2018 Series C	Bronx	122	N/A	S 6,721,631	6,710,000					Category 1	N/A	(16)
N/A	Mixed Income	1133 Manhattan Avenue	N/A	Brooklyn	210		S 6,800,000	6,800,000	7.500		1-Jan-28		Category 1	Superior	
N/A	New HOP	116 West 116th Street	2020 Series D	Manhattan			S 945,000	945,000			31-Aug-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
	PLP	1203 Fulton Av & 575 E 168th St	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	21 37	100.00	33,546	538,754	1.000	17-Feb-05	17-Feb-24		Category 1	Below Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series				5,098,045	6,835,000	5.850	21-Aug-09	29-Jun-38		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	1211 Southern Blvd	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	127	98.43	S 6,765,000	6,765,000					Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP Preservation		2021 Series J				12,060,044	12,230,000		8-Oct-21	1-Nov-56		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP Preservation	1240 Washington Avenue	2021 Series B	Bronx	100	100.00	S 3,073,855	3,073,855		8-Oct-21	1-Nov-56		Category 1	Above Average	
N/A	PLP	128-136 Edgecombe Ave	2008 Series E	Manhattan	67		30,613	1,000,000					Category 8	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	1334 Louis Nine Boulevard	2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	123		10,769,592	12,495,000					Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP Preservation ELLA	1380 University Avenue	2014 Series C/2013 Series F 2018 Series C	Bronx	139	97.84	7,608,700	8,330,000		18-May-17	1-Jun-47 31-Oct-56		Category 9	Satisfactory N/A	(1)
N/A	ELLA	14-14 Central Avenue	2018 Series C 2018 Series C	Queens	142	N/A	10,014,968 S 9,249,077	10,140,000 9,230,000		24-Jan-23 24-Jan-23	31-Oct-56 31-Oct-56		Category 9	N/A N/A	(1) (16)
REMIC	New HOP	14-14 Central Avenue	2018 Series C 2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Queens	142	N/A	6,437,730	7,184,231		24-Jan-23 22-Jun-17	31-001-56 30-Jun-47		Category 1	Satisfactory	(10)
N/A	New HOP	140-26 Franklin Ave	2007 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2008 Series E	Queens	53	86.79	S 963,293	1,415,000			30-Jun-47 30-Jun-47		Category 10	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	140-20 Franklin Ave 1400 Fifth Avenue Condominium	2008 Series E	Manhattan	129		S 903,293	1,920,000		22-Jun-17 16-Nov-04			Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP	1400 Fifth Avenue Apts	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	81		S 6,075,000	6,075,000		23-Oct-12	1-Nov-42		Category 1 Category 1	Below Average	
N/A	Mixed-Middle	148th Street Jamaica / Alvista Towers	2016 Series E/2019 Series B	Queens	380	95.00	S 30,400,000	30,400,000					Category 1	Superior	(16)
REMIC	LAMP		2019 Series A				4,444,088	5.475.000		18-Nov-11	31-Dec-41		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP	1490 Dumont Avenue	2019 Series A	Brooklyn	176	98.30	S 9,680,000	9,680,000		18-Nov-11	31-Dec-48		Category 1	Above Average	(-/
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8		2018 Series K				14,553,954	14,700,000		25-Oct-21	1-Nov-61		Category 7	Above Average	
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	1490 Southern Blvd	2022 Series A	Bronx	115	N/A	S 6,534,462	6,325,000	3.260	25-Oct-21	1-Nov-61		Category 1	Above Average	(16)
N/A	LAMP	15 East Clarke Place	2021 Series D	Bronx	102	97.06	S 5,610,000	5,610,000	1.000	10-Dec-09	15-Sep-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	PLP	1615 St Johns Place	2008 Series E	Brooklyn	34	100.00	501,894	788,000		1-Nov-04			Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	Mixed Income		2021 Series G				7,985,246	9,160,000					Category 9	Below Average	(1)
N/A	Mixed Income	161st Street Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated	Queens	101	87.13	S 6,234,444	6,565,000					Category 1	Below Average	(14)
REMIC	Mix/Match		2019 Series B				23,847,474	24,030,000			31-Jul-57		Category 9	N/A	(1)
N/A	Mix/Match	1675 Westchester Ave	2022 Series A	Bronx	249	N/A	S 15,000,000	15,000,000	0.200		31-Jul-57		Category 1	N/A	(16)
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	1770 TPT Project	2014 Series G	Bronx	100	97.00	2,221,502	2,400,000					Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP		2020 Series A	_			5,960,874	6,800,000		3-Sep-14	29-Jun-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)(7)
N/A	LAMP	1778-1800 Southern Blvd	2020 Series A	Bronx	64	100.00	S 5,440,000	5,440,000					Category 1	Satisfactory	(7)(14)
REMIC N/A	LAMP	1005 411 11 4	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series		150	100.00	4,096,332	5,370,000 9.335.000					Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8	1825 Atlantic Avenue 1880 Boston Road	2021 Series D 2016 Series I	Brooklyn Bronx	150	98.21	S 8,752,076 15,474,289	16.330.000			28-Sep-39 30-Nov-49		Category 1 Category 9	Superior	
REMIC	New HOP	1880 BOSTON ROAD	2008-2018 Consolidated	BIOIIX	100	50.21	1,223,689	1,785,000		26-May-06			Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)(13)
N/A	New HOP	201 West 148th Street	2018 Series D	Manhattan	25	96.00	S 1,125,000	1,125,000					Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)(13)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	2015 Monterey Avenue	2014 Series C	Bronx	330		18,988,893	21,280,000					Category 9	Below Average	(13) (i)
N/A	LAMP	2015 Monterey Wende	2008-2018 Consolidated	DIGHA	550		1,639,642	3.440.000			30-Nov-33		Category 8	Above Average	(9)(14)
N/A	LAMP	203-15 W 148 St - Site 15 (C-2)	2008 Series E	Manhattan	87	98.85	S 3,480,000	3,480,000	1.000	29-Oct-03	30-Nov-33		Category 1	Above Average	(9)
	LAMP		2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series				2,222,153	2,605,000					Category 9	Below Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP	2065 Morris Avenue	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	63	98.41	S 3,465,000	3,465,000			27-Dec-46		Category 1	Below Average	
REMIC	New HOP		2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series				2,162,590	3,400,000	6.750		1-Mar-35		Category 8	Above Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP	210-214 East 118th Street	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	27		S 864,781	1,012,500			1-Mar-35		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	Preservation	215 Audubon Ave	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	46		1,372,407	1,420,000			31-Jan-55	-	Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)(15)
	Mixed Income	245 East 124th Street (Tapestry)	2021 Series D	Manhattan	185		S 9,019,889	9,745,000			1-Nov-46		Category 1	Above Average	
	PLP	252 Wadsworth Avenue	2008 Series E	Manhattan	26	100.00	15,727	405,924			1-Sep-23		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	Mixed-Middle		2015 Series G			1	9,152,709	9,610,000			22-Jun-49		Category 7	Above Average	(1)
N/A	Mixed-Middle	2605 Grand Concourse	2016 Series D/2020 Series A	Bronx	94	100.00	S 8,789,000	8,789,000			22-Jun-49		Category 1	Above Average	
N/A	Preservation	2629 Sedgwick Avenue	N/A	Bronx	30	96.67	S 91,670	110,000					Category 1	Unsatisfactory	1411-1
REMIC N/A	LAMP	27 E. 169th Street (East Clarke)	2019 Series G/2021 Series A 2019 Series G/2021 Series A	0	106	96.23	1,925,237 S 6,890,000	2,740,000 6,890,000			1-Apr-45 1-Apr-45		Category 9	Above Average	(1)(6)
N/A REMIC	LAMP LAMP Preservation	27 E. 169th Street (East Clarke) 2727 Decatur Avenue	2019 Series G/2021 Series A 2018 Series D	Bronx Bronx	106		S 6,890,000 1.885,544	6,890,000					Category 1	Above Average	(1)
		2727 Decatur Avenue	2018 Series D 2002 Series C/2015 Series B/2008-2018	BLOUX	50	98.00							Category 9	Superior	
REMIC	New HOP		2002 Series C/2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series			1	2,190,731	2,465,000	6.450	22-May-15	1-Jun-45		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP		2008-2018 Consolidated			1	S 766,959	853,238	1.000	22-May-15	1-Jun-45		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP	277 Gates Ave	2008-2018 Consolidated 2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	35	97.14	S 47,695	180,000		22-May-15			Category 1 Category 1	Satisfactory	(14)
REMIC	LAMP	3035 White Plains Road	2008-2018 Consolidated 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn	74		3,552,465	4,284,000		9-Feb-10	31-Mar-45		Category 9	Satisfactory	(14)
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series G			27.04	2,119,970	2,280,000		22-May-18			Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
	LAMP	3160 Park Avenue Condo 1A	2018 Series A	Bronx	57	100.00	S 5,028,760	5,028,760					Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A		3160 Park Avenue Condo 18	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	57		8,235,066	8,750,000					Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A REMIC	New HOP														(-)
N/A REMIC REMIC	New HOP New HOP	S100 Park Avenue Condo 1B	2019 Series A	bronx			8,084,739	9,610,000	6.200	19-Mar-13	29-Jul-41		Category 8	Above Average	(1)
REMIC		3254 White Plains Road		Bronx	125			9,610,000 10,625,000			29-Jul-41 29-Jul-41			Above Average Above Average	(1)

funda			4		N-	Occupa	Outstand	ling	Original	Mortgag	Mortgage	Final	HAP/TAC/ 8236	Prepayment		
Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	ncy Rate (%)	Mortgage B (S)=Subord Lien Posi	dinate	Original Mortgage Amount	e Interest Rate	Loan Closing Date	Mortgage Maturity	9230 Contract Expiration	Category (see Appendix E-2)	Physical Inspection	n Foot-note
REMIC	New HOP		2008-2018 Consolidated			(70)		374,860	14.258.864	5.000	29-May-19	30-Jun-54	Date††	Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	3815 Putnam Avenue W 238 St	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	90	100.00		313.321	1.820.000	1.000	13-Dec-02	30-Jun-54		Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	414 Equities LLC	2018 Series D	Manhattan	41	100.00		273,960	1,470,000	1.000	28-Feb-06	31-Mar-36		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2008-2018 Consolidated					578,100	2,200,000	5.750	26-Aug-08	28-Dec-37		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	45 Malta Street	2018 Series D	Brooklyn	48			507,642	2,640,000	1.000	26-Aug-08	28-Dec-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A REMIC	PLP ML Restructuring and Repair Loan	455 Decatur Street	2008 Series E 2008-2018 Consol, Series/2021 Series D	Brooklyn	8	100.00		27,089	255,850 40.125.000	7.210	1-Jun-00 30-Jun-17	1-Jul-26 1-Jul-52		Category 8 Category 11	Below Average Satisfactory	(1)(5)
N/A	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan	47th Ave - Big Six	2008-2018 Consolidated	Queens	980	100.00		301.892	1.532.170	5.000	30-Jun-17	1-Jul-52		Category 11	Satisfactory	(1)(5)
REMIC	New HOP		2022 Series A				14,2	274,870	16,060,000	5.350	4-May-16	31-Mar-46		Category 8	Above Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP	482 Franklin Avenue	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	93	100.00		045,000	6,045,000	1.000	4-May-16	31-Mar-46		Category 1	Above Average	(14)
REMIC	Mix/Match		2016 Series E	_				304,121	8,250,000	5.700	13-May-19	28-Dec-48		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A REMIC	Mix/Match ELLA	491 Gerard Avenue	2016 Series E	Bronx	153	99.35		200,000	12,200,000	2.220	13-May-19	28-Dec-48		Category 1	Superior	(16)
N/A	ELLA	50 Penn	2019 Series B 2019 Series B	Brooklyn	218	N/A		390,000 752,826	12,890,000 13.750.000	3.100	27-Feb-23 27-Feb-23	28-Feb-58 28-Feb-58		Category 7 Category 1	N/A N/A	(1) (16)
REMIC	LAMP	Sorem	2020 Series E/2020 Series F	DIOOKIYII	210	17/6		574,490	10,885,000	4.750	15-Oct-20	1-Oct-50		Category 7	Satisfactory	(10)
N/A	LAMP	500 East 165th Street	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	128	100.00		040,000	7,040,000	1.000	8-Oct-09	1-Jul-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	Preservation		N/A					184,827	1,995,000	6.000	27-Jul-11	30-Jul-41		Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	Preservation	520-540 Audubon Avenue	2012 Series L/2021 Series A	Manhattan	138	100.00		125,696	2,100,000	5.350	27-Jul-11	30-Jul-41		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	ELLA ELLA	530 Exterior Street	2015 Series G 2016 Series D/2019 Series B	Deserv	157	98.73		937,996 944,420	1,000,000 10,205,000	5.700 2.580	29-Nov-18 29-Nov-18	28-Dec-48 28-Dec-48		Category 9	Superior Superior	(1) (16)
N/A N/A	ELLA Mixed Income	530 Exterior Street 535 Carlton	2016 Series D/2019 Series B 2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	298			785,000	10,205,000	2.580	29-NOV-18 18-Jun-19	28-Dec-48 31-Dec-58		Category 1 Category 1	Superior	(10)
Fannie Mae	LAMP Preservation	55 Pierrepont St	2019 Series G/2021 Series A	Brooklyn	189	95.24		530.667	10.860.000	5.350	22-Dec-11	1-Dec-41		Category 8	Above Average	(14)
REMIC	LAMP		2018 Series F					129,511	4,910,000	7.200	25-Aug-11	30-Sep-41		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	550 Watkins Street	2018 Series F	Brooklyn	104	95.19	S 5,8	395,000	5,895,000	1.000	25-Aug-11	30-Sep-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	N/A		2008-2018 Consolidated					501,841	750,000	5.750	13-Dec-11	1-Jan-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	N/A	560A Gates Avenue Coop	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	34	100.00		961,249	2,210,000	1.000	13-Dec-11	1-Jan-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	LAMP Preservation	600 Concord Avenue	2021 Series J		83	100.00		356,103	9,995,000	4.250	8-Oct-21	1-Nov-56		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A REMIC	LAMP Preservation Mix/Match	600 Concord Avenue	2021 Series B 2017 Series G	Bronx	83	100.00		530,000 569.047	3,630,000	1.000	8-Oct-21 11-Apr-22	1-Nov-56 1-Oct-56		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	Mix/Match	600 East 156th Street	2017 Series G	Bronx	175	N/A		332,847	13,125,000	2.610	11-Apr-22	1-Oct-56		Category 1	Above Average	(1)
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	609 Metropolitan Avenue	N/A	Brooklyn	65			168,161	3,150,000	5.450	27-Mar-08	1-Feb-38		Category 9	Above Average	(12)
REMIC	Preservation		2019 Series F				8,1	172,659	8,400,000	4.250	25-Feb-21	1-Mar-36		Category 7	Above Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP	65-60 Austin Street	2008-2018 Consolidated	Queens	50	94.00		250,000	3,250,000	1.000	28-Jul-10	26-Jun-40		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series C	_				087,974	15,210,000	5.750	22-Feb-18	31-Aug-47		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A REMIC	LAMP Mixed Income	655 Morris Avenue	2018 Series A	Bronx	176	96.59		440,000	11,440,000	1.000	22-Feb-18	31-Aug-47		Category 1	Above Average	(1)
N/A	Mixed Income	810 River Avenue	2014 Series C/2019 Series B 2018 Series H/2019 Series B	Bronx	134	96.27		539,948 050,000	14,800,000 10,050,000	1.000	20-May-21 20-May-21	30-Jun-47 30-Jun-47		Category 9 Category 1	Above Average Above Average	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	bio niver Avenue	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	bronx	134	50.27		317,181	3,155,000	5.850	27-Mar-09	29-Dec-38		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	830 Fox Street	2018 Series D	Bronx	58	100.00		190,000	3,190,000	1.000	27-Mar-09	29-Dec-38		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP		2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series					577,752	8,830,000	7.500	23-Apr-13	23-Apr-43		Category 8	Below Average	(1)(12)
N/A	New HOP	850 Jennings	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	103	98.06		755,000	8,755,000	1.000	23-Apr-13	23-Apr-43		Category 1	Below Average	
N/A REMIC	New HOP LAMP	870 Jennings Street Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	84	97.62		300,000	6,300,000 7.230.000	1.000	10-Aug-11 8-Feb-13	30-Sep-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	920 Westchester Avenue	2020 Series A 2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	110	99.09		12,785	7,230,000	5.850 1.000	8-Feb-13 8-Feb-13	1-Sep-42 1-Sep-42		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	520 Westchester Avenue	2014 Series G	BIOIIX	110	55.05		331.470	6,750,000	5.700	13-Nov-18	31-Dec-48		Category 7	Superior	(1)
N/A	New HOP	9306 Shore Front Parkway	2021 Series C	Queens	64	100.00	S 4,8	300,000	4,800,000	1.000	13-Nov-18	31-Dec-48		Category 1	Superior	
N/A	New HOP	9501 Rockaway Blvd	2008-2018 Consolidated	Queens	72	100.00	S 2,4	173,976	2,880,000	1.000	19-Jan-06	1-Aug-35		Category 1	Above Average	
N/A	PLP	982 Prospect Avenue	2008 Series E	Bronx	21	90.48		68,488	240,732	1.000	8-Sep-04	1-Sep-29		Category 1	Satisfactory	
SONYMA	ELLA		2017 Series G	_				115,892	16,460,000	5.700	10-Aug-21	1-Sep-51		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
N/A FHA Risk Share	ELLA ELLA/Section 8	985 Bruckner	2017 Series G 2017 Series C	Bronx	215	94.42		119,614	12,775,000	2.610	10-Aug-21 26-May-22	1-Sep-51 30-Jun-61		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Superior	(16)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	988 East 180th Street	2017 Series C 2017 Series E/2020 Series A	Bronx	163	N/A		744,620	10,595,000	2.650	26-May-22	30-Jun-61		Category 1	Superior	(16)
REMIC	LAMP/HTF	500 2050 20000 50000	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronk	105			522.549	6.312.370	5.950	10-Dec-15	1-Jan-46		Category 8	Satisfactory	(10)
N/A	LAMP/HTF	Abeken Apartments	2018 Series D	Bronx	120	98.33	S 6,0	079,404	5,400,000	2.580	10-Dec-15	1-Jan-46		Category 1	Satisfactory	(16)
REMIC	ELLA		2016 Series A/2015 Series K					742,240	8,140,000	5.700	4-Sep-19	31-Jul-49		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	ELLA	Acacia Gardens	2016 Series D/2019 Series G	Manhattan	179	97.77		202,460	11,635,000	2.310	4-Sep-19	31-Jul-49		Category 1	Satisfactory	(16)
REMIC	Preservation	Albany Kingston	2020 Series F	Brooklyn	224	N/A 45.86		235,000	16,235,000	4.000	21-Oct-20	1-Apr-40		Category 7	N/A Satisfactory	(1)
N/A SONYMA	ML Restructuring LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Albert Einstein Albert Goodman Apartments	2014 Series E/2021 Series D 2022 Series E	Bronx Bronx	471 252	45.86 97.22		548,167 099,827	8,918,472 12,300,000	6.500 6.100	29-Dec-04 23-Jun-16	31-Jan-35 30-Jun-46		Category 11 Category 9	Satisfactory	(5) (i)
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	Abert Goodman Apartments	2021 Series J	bronx	LJL	57.22		599.699	20,890,000	4.250	8-Oct-21	1-Nov-56		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP Preservation	Aldus Street Apartments	2021 Series B	Bronx	164	98.17		944,967	4,944,967	1.000	8-Oct-21	1-Nov-56		Category 1	Satisfactory	(-/
REMIC	LAMP		2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series					239,358	2,900,000	5.850	26-Aug-10	31-Jul-39		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	All Saints Project	2021 Series D	Manhattan	99	96.97		145,000	5,445,000	1.000	26-Aug-10	31-Jul-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series G		89	94.38		136,719	4,730,000	5.700 1.000	28-Nov-18	22-Jun-47		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A REMIC		Archer Avenue Arista UAC	2018 Series H 2019 Series A	Queens Bronx	290			785,000 367,624	5,785,000 13,300,000	6.000	28-Nov-18 30-Aug-11	22-Jun-47 30-Mar-46		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	Preservation	Arker East New York Portfolio	2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn		N/A		500,000	11,500,000	3.050	16-Nov-16	31-Dec-23		Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8		2022 Series E			· ·		043,635	3,315,000	6.100	22-May-17	30-Jun-47		Category 9	Superior	(i)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Arthur Avenue Residence	2013 Series E	Bronx	108	95.37	S 7,0	020,000	7,020,000	1.000	22-May-17	30-Jun-47		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	New HOP	1	2021 Series E			I., T		778,981	13,445,000	5.950	4-Nov-11	1-Apr-41		Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Artimus Site 8	2021 Series C	Manhattan	54	100.00		375,000	4,875,000	0.700	4-Nov-11	31-Mar-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236		2021 Series D 2008-2018 Consolidated					109,656 303,770	26,709,391 4.500.000	3.500 3.000	15-Oct-14 15-Oct-14	1-Jul-24 30-Nov-49		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5) (5)(14)
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Arverne View (Ocean Village)	2008-2018 Consolidated 2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Queens	1.093	95.61		505,970	4,500,000	5.000	21-Dec-16	31-lan-50		Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory	(5)(14)
REMIC	Preservation	Ascendant Heritage Apts aka Lott Legacy	N/A	Manhattan	359	94.15		513,609	5,655,000	5.200	10-Nov-20	31-Dec-54		Category 7	Below Average	(1)
	HAC		2019 Series F/2019 Series L				4,8	374,886	4,990,000	4.600	28-Apr-21	30-Jun-56		Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC			I a	1-					3,445,822	1.000	26-Dec-89	30-Jun-56			6 C	1 1
N/A	HAC	Astoria Apart	N/A	Queens	62	98.39		145,822						Category 1	Satisfactory	-
	HAC LAMP LAMP	Astoria Apart Astoria Senior Residence	N/A N/A 2021 Series D	Queens	62 184	98.39	2,7	145,822 703,157 120.000	3,500,000 10,120,000	5.700	19-Oct-10 19-Oct-10	22-Dec-38 1-Nov-40		Category 1 Category 9 Category 1	Above Average Above Average	(1)(12)

Supple-		Development	Applicable		No.	Occupa	Outstandin Mortgage Bala	•	Original	Mortgag	Mortgage Loan	Final	HAP/TAC/ §236	Prepayment Category (see	Physical Inspection	
mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Name	Series Resolution	Borough	of Units	Rate (%)	Mortgage Bala (S)=Subordin Lien Positio	ate	Mortgage Amount	e Interest Rate	Closing Date	Mortgage Maturity	Contract Expiration	Appendix E-2)	r nysicai inspectior	n Foot-note
REMIC	LAMP/MIRP		2019 Series A			()	1,660	,546	1,980,000	6.000	22-Apr-13	26-Mar-42	Date††	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP/MIRP	Atlantic Commons Cornerstone LP	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	48	97.92	S 2,640	,000	2,640,000	1.000	22-Apr-13	26-Mar-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	(14)
REMIC	New HOP New HOP	Adda adda Tanana Cana	2021 Series D 2021 Series D	Desaldura	80	100.00	2,550		3,045,000 3.687,500	7.800	19-May-11	30-Jun-41 30-Jun-41		Category 9	Above Average	(1)(12)
N/A REMIC	LAMP Preservation	Atlantic Terrace Coop Aurea Apartments	2022 Series D 2022 Series E/2021 Series A	Brooklyn Bronx	80		3,422		2,050,000	5.350	19-May-11 22-May-13			Category 9 Category 9	Above Average Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	/urea/iparentento	2002 Series C	DIGHA	05	54.12	2,760		5,820,000	7.750	17-Aug-04	25-Feb-34		Category 8	Below Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Azure Holdings II LP	2008 Series E	Manhattan	110	100.00	S 3,800		3,800,000	1.000	17-Aug-04	25-Feb-34		Category 1	Below Average	
REMIC	N/A N/A	B&L Grand Concourse	2018 Series D 2021 Series G	Bronx	102	98.04	3,178		3,870,000 1.770.000	5.830 5.350	28-Jun-12 28-Jun-12	30-Jun-42 30-Jun-42		Category 8 Category 8	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	Preservation	B&E Grand Concourse	2017 Series C	BIOTIX	102	58.04	15,145		15,190,000	5.850	5-Jul-22	1-Feb-56		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)(7)
REMIC	Preservation	BEC Continuum Resyndication	N/A	Brooklyn	550	N/A	2,261		2,270,000	4.500	5-Jul-22	1-Feb-56		Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)(7)
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8		2013 Series B/2012 Series M				3,517		3,965,000	5.350	1-Apr-16	30-Apr-46		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
N/A FHA Risk Share	LAMP/Section 8 ML Restructuring	Barrier Free Living Residences	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2019 Series G/2019 Series J	Bronx Queens	121 374	90.91 93.85	S 7,865 49,757		7,865,000 50,160,000	1.000	1-Apr-16	3-Jan-47		Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5)
N/A	PACT/Section 8	Bay Towers Baychester Murphy	2019 Series 6/2019 Series J 2020 Series F	Bronx	722	93.85	5 39,802		40,500,000	5.000	24-May-22 14-Jan-21			Category 7 Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8	bayenester marphy	2015 Series D	DIGHA	/11	02.00	14,771		15,530,000	5.700	25-Sep-19			Category 9	Superior	
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Beach Channel Senior Residences	2018 Series H	Queens	155	94.19	S 8,926		8,470,000	2.470	25-Sep-19	30-Dec-47		Category 1	Superior	(16)
REMIC	ELLA		2017 Series G	_			7,064		7,200,000	5.750	15-Mar-21	1-Apr-56		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A REMIC	ELLA Mix/Match	Beach Green Dunes II	2017 Series G 2015 Series D	Queens	127	N/A	S 8,533 5,578		8,255,000	2.610	15-Mar-21 22-May-18	1-Apr-56 31-Dec-47		Category 1	Above Average Above Average	(16)
N/A	Mix/Match	Beach Green North	2013 Series D 2018 Series H	Queens	101	90.10	S 8,281		7,698,220	2.470	22-May-18 22-May-18	31-Dec-47 31-Dec-47		Category 9 Category 1	Above Average	(16)
N/A	New HOP	Beacon Mews	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	125	87.20	S 5,343		5,625,000	1.000	2-Jun-10	1-Apr-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	
SONYMA	New HOP		N/A				1,974		2,485,000	7.000	29-Apr-10	31-May-40		Category 7	Above Average	(i)
SONYMA REMIC	New HOP Mixed-Middle	Beacon Towers (Coop)	N/A 2018 Series A	Manhattan	73	100.00 N/A	3,701		4,485,000	1.000	29-Apr-10	31-May-40		Category 7	Above Average	(i)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8	Bedford Arms	2018 Series A 2017 Series C/2022 Series B	Brooklyn	94	N/A	14,258		14,570,000 13,210,519	5.750	19-Apr-22 23-Mar-23	31-Dec-55 31-Oct-60		Category 7 Category 9	Superior N/A	(1)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Bedford Green House	2017 Series C/2022 Series D	Bronx	118	N/A	S 6.962		6.960.000	2.850	23-Mar-23	31-Oct-60		Category 1	N/A	(16)
SONYMA	Preservation/Section 8	Bensonhurst Housing for the Elderly	2015 Series A	Brooklyn	71	98.59	5,476	6,300	6,000,000	5.700	8-May-17	21-May-47		Category 9	Above Average	(i)
REMIC	LAMP		2021 Series A				4,035		4,700,000	5.350	21-Nov-14	31-Oct-44		Category 8	Above Average	(1)
N/A REMIC	LAMP	Berean Apartments	2021 Series A	Brooklyn	107	98.13	S 6,955		6,955,000	1.000	21-Nov-14	31-Oct-44		Category 1	Above Average	(4)
N/A	New HOP New HOP	Bergen Street Coop	2008-2018 Consolidated 2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	48	100.00	2,665	,222	1,000,000 3,120,000	5.150 1.000	4-Aug-11 4-Aug-11	30-Sep-41 30-Sep-41		Category 9 Category 9	Above Average Above Average	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	bergen street coop	2018 Series I	DIOOKIYII	40	100.00	3,850		3,980,000	5.100	16-Aug-11			Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Bethany Place	2014 Series B	Manhattan	23	100.00	S 1,368		1,250,000	2.910	16-Aug-18	30-Aug-61		Category 1	Satisfactory	(14)(16)
N/A	ML Restructuring		2015 Series D				1,033		1,536,667	6.500	29-Jun-06	1-Jul-36		Category 11	Satisfactory	(5)
N/A N/A	ML Repair Loan New HOP	Bethune Tower Boricua Site D	2008 Series E 2021 Series C	Manhattan	135	94.81 100.00	S 1,137 S 6,800	1000	1,660,243	6.250	29-Jun-06 10-Jan-13	1-Dec-36		Category 7 Category 1	Satisfactory Above Average	(5)
REMIC	LAMP	Boricua Site D	2021 Series C 2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol, Series	Bronx Bronx	80		3.633		4.245.000	5.850	5-Aug-11	31-Aug-46 1-Sep-46		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Boricua Site F	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	77	100.00	S 6,545	6,000	6,545,000	1.000	10-Jan-13	31-Aug-46		Category 1	Above Average	(14)
REMIC	New HOP		2008-2018 Consolidated				14,620		16,860,000	6.450	2-Jun-11	30-Jun-46		Category 7	Above Average	(1)
N/A REMIC	New HOP New HOP	Boricua Village Site A-1	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	136	99.26	S 11,560 10,904		11,560,000 12,575,000	1.000	2-Jun-11 2-Jun-11	1-Jul-46 30-Jun-46		Category 1	Above Average Above Average	(14)
N/A	New HOP New HOP	Boricua Village Site B	2021 Series D 2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	100	98.00	10,904 S 8,500		12,575,000 8,500,000	6.450 1.000	2-Jun-11 2-Jun-11	30-Jun-46 1-Jul-46		Category 7 Category 1	Above Average Above Average	(1) (14)
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	Borinquen Court	2014 Series G/2021 Series A	Bronx	145	92.41	5,091	.,	5,895,000	5.350	26-Feb-15	31-Mar-45		Category 9	Superior	(14) (i)
REMIC	Section 8	Borough Park Court	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn	131	98.47	4,441		6,552,195	6.250	29-Nov-06	1-Nov-36		Category 8	Satisfactory	(3)
REMIC	New HOP		2012 Series L/2020 Series A				17,522		20,720,000	5.500	27-Feb-14	29-Jun-42		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A N/A	New HOP ML Restructuring	Bradford Brighton Houses Coop	2014 Series H/2020 Series A 2015 Series A	Brooklyn	105 191	92.38 99.48	S 6,825 954		6,825,000 1,499,656	1.000	27-Feb-14 25-May-05	29-Jun-42 30-Jun-35		Category 1	Above Average	(5)
REMIC	LAMP	Brighton Houses Coop	2013 Series A 2018 Series D	Brooklyn	191	55.40	5.467		6.970.000	6.150	1-Sep-10	1-Oct-40		Category 11 Category 9	Above Average Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Bristol Hopkinson (The Beacon)	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	168	98.81	S 10,255		10,500,000	1.000	1-Sep-10	30-Oct-40		Category 1	Satisfactory	(-)
REMIC	LAMP		2021 Series D				3,018		3,640,000	6.700	2-Feb-12	1-Feb-42		Category 9	Below Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Broad Street Senior Housing	2021 Series D	Staten Island	105	99.05	S 5,775		5,775,000	1.000	2-Feb-12	1-Feb-42		Category 1	Below Average	(4)
REMIC N/A	Mix/Match Mix/Match	Bronx Commons	2016 Series I 2017 Series E	Bronx	305	99.67	22,137 S 27.002		22,810,000 26.386.513	5.300	27-May-21 27-May-21	30-Jun-54 30-Jun-54		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1) (16)
N/A	LAMP	Bruckner by the Bridge	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	419	99.05			5,005,000	1.000	29-Apr-13			Category 1	Satisfactory	(10)
REMIC	LAMP	Bryant Avenue Apartments	2021 Series A	Bronx	99	98.99	3,594	,081	4,230,000	5.350	5-Jun-14	30-Jun-44		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	CABS Housing	2021 Series A	Brooklyn	72		1,447		2,140,000	5.350	11-Apr-14	1-Jun-44		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
SONYMA	N/A	CUNY Graduate Center Housing	2019 Series G	Manhattan	38		12,184		14,370,000	3.750		31-Dec-46		Category 9	Above Average	(i) (5)
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring ML Restructuring	Cadman Plaza N Coop Cadman Tower Coop	2014 Series E/2021 Series D N/A	Brooklyn Brooklyn	251 422	99.76	1,315		2,114,473 19,255,312	6.500 5.180	29-Dec-04 29-Jun-21	31-Jan-35 1-Jul-59		Category 11 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)(5)
REMIC	New HOP		2008-2018 Consolidated				788		945,000	7.000	1-Feb-12	1-Feb-42		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP		2008-2018 Consolidated				1,294	,007	1,365,000	1.000	1-Feb-12	1-Feb-42		Category 9	Above Average	
N/A	New HOP	Calvert Lancaster Parcel D	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	27	100.00		,674	188,323	1.000	1-Feb-12	1-Feb-42		Category 1	Above Average	(4)
REMIC N/A	New HOP New HOP	Calvert Lancaster Parcel F	2008-2018 Consolidated 2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	29	100.00	937 1.378		1,115,000 1.430.000	7.000	23-May-12 23-May-12	1-Jun-42 1-Jun-42		Category 8	Above Average Above Average	(1)
N/A	ML Restructuring	Cannon Heights	2018 Series D	Bronx	171		2,234		2,585,000	6.450				Category 8 Category 7	Unsatisfactory	(5)(7)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Capitol Hall	2022 Series A	Manhattan	202	94.06	5,350	,920	6,100,000	5.250	30-Nov-15	27-Jun-45		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Carmel Apartments	2022 Series E	Staten Island	100		5,742		6,600,000	5.500	30-Apr-15			Category 9	Superior	(i)
Fannie Mae N/A	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Carnegie Park	2014 Series A/2013 Series F	Manhattan	92	98.91	25,656		28,600,000	5.720	12-May-14	1-May-44		Category 9	Above Average	
N/A N/A	LAMP	Casa del Sol Apts	2018 Series D 2018 Series D	Bronx	114	91.23	S 6,714	,909	6,714,909 51,000	1.000	15-Jul-09 15-Jul-09	1-Jul-37 1-Jul-37		Category 1 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	Casabe House	N/A	Manhattan	114	96.80	5 51		7,700,000	5.200				Category 9	Satisfactory	(12)
REMIC	New HOP		N/A				5,133		6,495,000	7.000	19-Feb-10			Category 7	Superior	(1)(12)
N/A	New HOP	Casablanca Houses	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	32	81.25	S 3,600	.,	3,600,000	1.000	19-Feb-10	31-Mar-40		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	New HOP		2021 Series L			100.00	5,915 S 1.453		5,990,000	4.250	11-May-22	1-Jun-54		Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Cassiopeia Apts (250 W 116th St)	2018 Series D	Manhattan	32	100.00	/	.,	1,440,000	2.230	15-Feb-08	1-Oct-36		Category 1		+
FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring/Section 8		2015 Series D/2015 Series B/ 2008 Series E			1	52,933	,137	55,615,000	4.950	7-Feb-19	31-Mar-54		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
	ML Restructuring/Section 8		2015 Series D	1	1		S 5,827	083	7,370,000	4.500	7-Feb-19	31-Mar-34	1	Category 8	Satisfactory	(5)
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 8	Castleton Park	2015 Series D	Staten Island	454	96.48	S 1.035		1,620,000	4.000		31-Mar-29		Category 8	Satisfactory	()

						Occupa	0.	itstanding		Mortgag	Mortgage		HAP/TAC/	Prepayment		
Supple- mental	CLUD (O)	Development	Applicable Series	Borough	No. of	ncy		gage Balance	Original	e	Loan	Final	§236 Contract	Category (see	Physical Inspection	n Foot-note
Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Name	Resolution	Borough	01 Units	Rate (%)	(S)=S	Subordinate n Position	Mortgage Amount	Interest Rate	Closing Date	Mortgage Maturity	Expiration	Appendix E-2)		r oot-note
N/A	New HOP		2008-2018 Consolidated			(70)		4,548,501	9,031,196		19-Jun-01	1-Jun-31	Date††	Category 7	Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP	Celebration Townhouses	2008 Series E	Staten Island	74	100.00	s	585,511	1,030,000		19-Jun-01	1-Jun-31	1	Category 1	Satisfactory	
SONYMA	New HOP		2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series				-	20,797,856	31,615,000	6.650	25-Oct-01	1-Nov-36		Category 7	Below Average	(iii)
N/A SONYMA	New HOP	Central Harlem Plaza	2008 Series E	Manhattan	240		S	5,083,410	6,935,000		25-Oct-01	30-Nov-36 1-Oct-39	I	Category 1	Below Average	(iii)
REMIC	LAMP/Section 236	Churchill House	2019 Series A N/A	Manhattan	98	96.94		5,222,852	6,915,000 2,525,000	6.100 5.950	15-Sep-09 30-Mar-10	1-Oct-39 1-Apr-40		Category 8 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average	(1)(12)
N/A	LAMP	City Cedars LP	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	95	95.79	s	5,170,000	5,170,000	1.000	30-Mar-10	30-Apr-40	1	Category 1	Above Average	(1/(12)
REMIC	LAMP		2008-2018 Consolidated					4,778,728	6,885,000		18-Sep-07	1-Oct-37		Category 10	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Claremont Park Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	98	98.98	~	273,185	446,298		18-Sep-07	1-Oct-37	1	Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A REMIC	New HOP	Claremont Park Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	98	98.98		5,388,525 4,330,438	5,390,000 5,370,000		18-Sep-07 8-Dec-10	1-Oct-37 30-Jun-39		Category 1 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Cliffside Properties	2018 Series D	Bronx	84		S	5,750,000	5,750,000	1.000	8-Dec-10	30-Jun-39	I	Category 1	Satisfactory	
FHA 221 (d)(4)	Section 8	Clinton Arms	2018 Series D	Bronx	86			1,044,814	4,962,700		19-Dec-85	1-Jul-25	L	Category 4	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	Clinton Parkview	2003 Series B 2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018	Manhattan	96	93.75		7,552,828	11,295,000	5.300	18-Sep-08	29-Jul-35		Category 8	Below Average	(1)
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236		Consol, Series					3,068,117	12,651,477	6.500	23-Sep-05	31-Oct-35	1	Category 11	Satisfactory	(5)
N/A	ML Restructuring		N/A				s	4,000,000	4,000,000	3.750	30-Dec-21	31-Dec-51	1	Category 1	Satisfactory	(5)
N/A	ML Repair Loan	Clinton Tower	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	395	97.72	S	2,780,680	3,843,400		3-Oct-11	31-Oct-35		Category 11	Satisfactory	(5)
REMIC N/A	New HOP New HOP	Columbia Hicks	2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	95	91.58	s	9,508,407 9,405,000	11,570,000 9,405,000		6-Oct-11 6-Oct-11	30-Nov-41 30-Nov-41	1	Category 9 Category 1	Above Average Above Average	(1)
REMIC	Mix/Match	coundation	2015 Series D	brooklyn	55	51.50		7,261,816	7,810,000		30-May-18	29-Jun-48		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	Mix/Match	Compass 2A	2018 Series H	Bronx	128	96.87	S	10,240,000	10,240,000	1.000	30-May-18	29-Jun-48	I	Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC N/A	ELLA	C 3	2017 Series G 2021 Series F	Deserve	366	88.52	~	20,128,670 15.241.526	20,430,000 15.000.000	5.750 2.000	30-Aug-21	30-Jun-56 30-Jun-56	1	Category 9	Superior	(1) (16)
N/A REMIC	ELLA	Compass 3	2021 Series F 2017 Series A	Bronx	300	88.52	3	7,413,725	7,690,000	5.300	30-Aug-21 20-Nov-19	30-Jun-56 30-Nov-54		Category 1 Category 9	Superior Above Average	(16)
N/A	ELLA	Compass 5	2017 Series E/2019 Series E/2019 Series G	Bronx	218	97.71	S	15,037,788	14,170,000	2.740	20-Nov-19	30-Nov-54	I	Category 1	Above Average	(16)
REMIC	New HOP		2022 Series E					7,569,927	8,270,000	6.100	21-Mar-17	1-May-46	1	Category 7	Above Average	(1)
N/A REMIC	New HOP LAMP	Compass Residences 1A	2008-2018 Consolidated 2022 Series E	Bronx	110	95.45	5	9,350,000 5,016,107	9,350,000 5,480,000	1.000	21-Mar-17 21-Mar-17	1-May-46 1-May-46		Category 1 Category 7	Above Average Above Average	(14)
N/A	LAMP	Compass Residences 1B	2013 Series E	Bronx	127	99.21	s	8,255,000	8,255,000		21-Mar-17	1-May-46	1	Category 1	Above Average	(-)
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series D					5,497,265	5,930,000	5.700	28-Mar-18	31-Mar-48		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A REMIC	ELLA	Compass Residences 2B Comunilife Portfolio	2018 Series A N/A	Bronx	164 242	97.56 98.35	S	11,494,513 6.842,951	10,660,000	2.470	28-Mar-18 26-Jun-18	31-Mar-48 30-Jun-53	<u> </u>	Category 1	Above Average	(16)
REMIC	Preservation LAMP	Comunilite Portfolio	N/A 2019 Series G/2021 Series A	Bronx	242	98.35		6,842,951	7,240,000	5.150	26-Jun-18 4-Dec-14	30-Jun-53 31-Oct-44		Category 7 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average	(1)(6)
N/A	LAMP	Coney Island Commons	2021 Series A	Brooklyn	195	96.92	S	12,675,000	12,675,000		4-Dec-14	31-Oct-44	1	Category 1	Above Average	(-/(-)
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Confucius Plaza Coop	2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018	Manhattan	760	96.45		7,149,235	28.663.900	6.500	23-Sep-05	31-Oct-35		Category 11	Above Average	(5)
N/A	LAMP	Cook Street Apts (Rev D J Kenna Apts)	Consol. Series 2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	152	99.34	- c	8,360,000	8,360,000	1.000	17-May-10	1-Sep-40		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP/MIRP	COOK Street Apts (Nev D 3 Kenna Apts)	2008-2018 Consolidated 2018 Series D	BIOOKIYII	132	55.34		2,743,402	3,320,000		30-Aug-12	30-Sep-40		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP/MIRP	Courtlandt Corners I	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	71	95.77	S	3,905,000	3,905,000	1.000	30-Aug-12	30-Sep-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	New HOP New HOP	Counting the Country II	2021 Series A 2008-2018 Consolidated	Deserve	252	94.44		14,786,701 10,883,679	18,020,000 11,952,007	5.350 1.000	30-Aug-12	30-Sep-42 30-Sep-42	1	Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	Courtlandt Corners II	2008-2018 Consolidated 2019 Series G/2021 Series A	Bronx	252	94.44		2,733,398	3.895.000	5.350	30-Aug-12 20-Mar-15	30-Sep-42 31-Oct-44		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)(6)
N/A	LAMP	Courtlandt Crescent	2021 Series A	Bronx	217	98.16	S	13,568,102	14,105,000	1.000	20-Mar-15	31-Oct-44	1	Category 1	Satisfactory	(-/(-)
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	Creston Avenue	2012 Series M	Bronx	122	95.08		5,142,826	5,780,000	5.500	20-Apr-16	30-Apr-46		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC N/A	ELLA	Creston Burnside	2015 Series D 2018 Series H/2019 Series B	Bronx	114	99.12	ç	9,540,021 7,702,672	9,990,000 7,330,000		5-Dec-19 5-Dec-19	31-Jan-50 31-Jan-50	1	Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1) (16)
REMIC	Mix/Match	Creston Burnside	2018 Series H/2019 Series B 2017 Series G	BIOIIX	114	55.12		14,456,941	14,710,000		24-Aug-21	31-May-56		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average	(10)
N/A	Mix/Match	Creston Parkview	2017 Series G	Bronx	189	N/A	S	14,548,130	14,175,000		24-Aug-21	31-May-56		Category 1	Above Average	(16)
REMIC	Preservation		N/A	_				1,764,795	2,110,000	7.100	25-Jan-12	1-Sep-40	1	Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A REMIC	New HOP New HOP	Creston Towers Crossroads Plaza I	2018 Series D 2014 Series G	Bronx	42	92.86 100.00	S	3,570,000	3,570,000	1.000	25-Jan-12 10-Nov-20	1-Sep-40 30-Jun-48		Category 1 Category 7	Satisfactory Superior	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	Crossroads Plaza II	2022 Series E	Bronx	136			11,067,318	12,000,000		18-Aug-17	31-Jul-46		Category 9	Superior	(1)
REMIC	New HOP		2022 Series A					13,488,597	15,040,000		4-Nov-16	20-Jun-46		Category 8	Superior	(1)
N/A REMIC	New HOP New HOP	Crossroads Plaza III Crotona Terrace	2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx Bronx	126 80	100.00 98.75	S	10,710,000 6.835.763	10,710,000 7.150.000	1.000	4-Nov-16 3-Jun-19	20-Jun-46 31-Jan-48		Category 1	Superior	(1)
REMIC	ELLA	Crotona Terrace	2014 Series D	Bronx	80	98.75		5,507,484	5,880,000		4-Oct-18	25-Apr-48		Category 7 Category 9	Above Average Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	ELLA	Crotona Terrace II	2018 Series H	Bronx	108		S	7,509,672	7,020,000	2.470	4-Oct-18	25-Apr-48	ļ	Category 1	Satisfactory	(16)
SONYMA	Section 236	Crotona V	2021 Series D/2021 Series G	Bronx	87	95.40		4,554,805	5,110,000	5.500	18-May-16	30-Jun-46		Category 7	Satisfactory	(i)
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series					1,624,860	8,241,952	6.500	23-Sep-05	31-Oct-35	1	Category 11	Below Average	(5)(7)(10)
N/A	ML Repair Loan	Crown Gardens Coop	2021 Series D	Brooklyn	238	97.48	s	42,128	252,320	6.250	23-Sep-05	1-Sep-23	1	Category 1	Below Average	(5)(7)(10)
FHA 221 (d)(4)	Section 8	Crown Heights I	2018 Series D	Brooklyn	36	91.67		400,603	2,197,400	7.250	19-Feb-85	1-Aug-25		Category 4	Satisfactory	
FHA 221 (d)(4)	Section 8	Crown Heights II	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	32	96.87		308,491	1,744,700		4-Jan-85	1-Aug-25	I	Category 4	Satisfactory	
SONYMA N/A	LAMP	Crown Heights Senior Residence	2021 Series E 2021 Series D	Brooklyn	144	95.14	s	9,309,705 7,920,000	11,910,000 7,920,000		19-Aug-10 19-Aug-10	1-Sep-40 1-Sep-40	1	Category 7 Category 1	Superior Superior	(1)
REMIC	ML Restructuring/Section 236	a chine and a senior headence	2021 Series D 2021 Series A	DI GORINI	744			11,624,793	13,290,000	5.000	22-Nov-13	30-Jun-48	1	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)(5)
REMIC	ML Restructuring/Section 236	DCA Apartments	2021 Series A	Brooklyn	216	99.54		819,311	4,245,000	4.000	22-Nov-13	30-Mar-25		Category 9	Satisfactory	(5)
SONYMA	Limited Equity Coops LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Daly Ave Daly IV	2021 Series E 2022 Series F	Bronx	32			1,293,679	1,742,353	6.250	4-Feb-10 5-Nov-15	1-Sep-38 30-Nov-45		Category 7	Below Average Satisfactory	(i) (i)
SONYMA N/A	LAMP Preservation/Section 8 New HOP	Daly IV Decatur Terrace	2022 Series E 2018 Series D	Bronx Bronx	273	99.27	s	10,917,567	12,240,000	6.100	5-Nov-15 24-Jan-12	30-Nov-45 28-Feb-42		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Dorado Apartments (Melrose Site D)	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	57		S	3,190,000	3,190,000	1.000	18-Mar-10	1-Jun-40		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2003 Series B					5,649,001	7,000,000		9-Aug-12	31-Jul-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	Dr. Rotty Shahara Haver-	2019 Series A	Prook!	160	99.37	ç	1,254,193	1,540,000		9-Aug-12	31-Jul-42	1	Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Dr. Betty Shabazz Houses Draper Hall	2008-2018 Consolidated 2018 Series E	Brooklyn Manhattan	160 203		- >	2,114,319 16,975,567	2,114,319 18,230,000		9-Aug-12 6-Jun-18	31-Jul-42 30-Jun-48		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Superior	1
FHA Risk Share	1		2013 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	301			6.593.056	6,935,000	5.250	27-lun-17	30-Jun-57		Category 7	Unsatisfactory	(1)
FHA Risk Share REMIC	Preservation	Dreamyard NEP	2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx				0,593,050	0,955,000	5.250	27-Juii-17			category /	onsatisfactory	
	Preservation LAMP Preservation New HOP	Dreamyard NEP ENY Resyndication	2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2022 Series E 2021 Series D	Brooklyn	468			6,522,895	7,240,000	6.100	3-May-16 8-Sep-11	31-May-46 31-Oct-41		Category 9 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average	(1)

						Occupa	Outstandin	σ	r	Mortgag	Mortgage		HAP/TAC/	Prepayment		
Supple- mental	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development	Applicable Series	Borough	No. of	ncy	Mortgage Bala	ince Or	riginal ortgage	e	Loan	Final Mortgage	§236 Contract	Category (see	Physical Inspection	n Foot-note
Security	Subsidy Program(5)	Name	Resolution	Borougn	Units	Rate (%)	(S)=Subordin Lien Positio	ate An	mount	Interest Rate	Closing Date	Maturity	Expiration	Appendix E-2)		root-note
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series D			(70)	7.047		7.390.000	5.700	12-Nov-19	30-Nov-47	Date††	Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	ELLA	East 138th St. Apartments	2015 Series D 2018 Series H/2019 Series B	Bronx	96	96.87	S 6,086		5,786,870	2.470	12-Nov-19 12-Nov-19	30-Nov-47 30-Nov-47		Category 1	Superior	(1)
N/A	New HOP	East Harlem South	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	123	100.00	7,059		8,495,000	1.250	15-Mar-13	30-Apr-43		Category 1	Superior	(14)
Freddie Mac REMIC	LAMP Preservation	East River Apartments	2019 Series G/2021 Series A 2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	178	99.44	7,444	.,	12,240,000	5.350 5.850	22-Dec-11	1-Dec-41		Category 8	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(6)
N/A	LAMP	East Tremont Avenue Apts	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2018 Series D	Bronx	73	91.78	2,45: S 4.015		4.015.000	5.850	12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09	12-Aug-39 12-Aug-39		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	ELLA		2019 Series E	bronk	/3		9,067	,	9,130,000	5.750	10-Mar-23	30-Jun-57		Category 9	N/A	(1)
N/A	ELLA	Ebenezer Plaza 1B	2019 Series E	Brooklyn	118	N/A	S 7,677		7,670,000	2.970	10-Mar-23	30-Jun-57		Category 1	N/A	(16)
REMIC N/A	ELLA	Ebenezer Plaza Phase IA Apartments	2018 Series C 2022 Series A	Danakkan	197	N/A	8,049 5 12,984		8,150,000	5.750 3.010	22-Jul-22 22-Jul-22	30-Nov-56 30-Nov-56		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
SONYMA	LAMP	Echo Apartments	2022 Series A 2012 Series L	Brooklyn Manhattan	99	95.96	6,221	.,	7.700.000	5.500	22-Jui-22 6-Jun-12	30-0ct-41		Category 1 Category 9	Superior	(16) (i)
REMIC	LAMP		2019 Series A				4,121		5,200,000	6.150	15-Feb-11	1-Mar-41		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	El Jardin de Seline	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	84	96.43	S 4,936		5,100,000	1.000	15-Feb-11	1-Mar-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	
Freddie Mac SONYMA	Preservation/Section 8 New HOP	Elbee Gardens	2016 Series A N/A	Staten Island Manhattan	178 134	90.45 100.00	22,229		23,950,000 11,695,000	6.160 3.805	24-Mar-16 28-Jan-10	1-Apr-46 1-Feb-40		Category 7	Above Average Satisfactory	(i)
N/A	New HOP	Ellington on the Park Elliott Chelsea	2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	154	100.00	S 2.421		2.700.000	1.000	28-Jan-10 29-Mav-13	1-Feb-40 1-Jul-43		Category 7 Category 1	Above Average	(1)
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series D				8,444		8,730,000	5.700	26-Oct-20	31-Mar-49		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	ELLA	Elton Crossing	2018 Series H	Bronx	199	98.49	S 13,145		12,679,250	2.470	26-Oct-20	31-Mar-49		Category 1	Above Average	(16)
FHA Risk Share N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236		2015 Series G N/A				6,800 S 1.065		7,080,000	5.700 2.580	12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19	1-Mar-54 1-Mar-54		Category 8	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5)
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2015 Series G					,208	180,000	3.700	12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19	1-Feb-28		Category 1 N/A	Satisfactory	(5)
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Essex Terrace Apartments	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn	105	95.24			1,050,000	4.250	12-Mar-19	1-Jan-28		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
REMIC	LAMP		2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series				1,180		1,550,000	5.850	23-Mar-10	28-Jun-39		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A LOC-Long Term	LAMP LAMP/Section 8	Fabria Houses Fania Gersham Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated 2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan Manhattan	65 29	92.31 96.55	S 3,536 1,362		3,575,000 2,050,000	1.000	23-Mar-10 14-May-07	1-Apr-40 29-Jun-37		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average Above Average	
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236	rama deranam Apartments	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series D	Mannattan	29	50.55	1,302		6,882,575	6.500	29-Jun-06	29-Jun-37 30-Jun-48		Category 11	Satisfactory	(5)
N/A	ML Restructuring	First Atlantic Terminal	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	209	96.17	S 10,064	,317 1	10,985,000	4.600	22-May-18	30-Jun-48		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
REMIC	LAMP		2022 Series E/2020 Series D	_			3,304		3,935,000	5.150	25-Feb-14	29-Mar-44		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A N/A	LAMP New HOP	Forest House Fox Leggett	2020 Series D 2021 Series D	Bronx Bronx	124 50	96.77 100.00	S 8,060 3,088	.,	8,060,000 3,350,000	1.000	25-Feb-14 15-Mar-11	29-Mar-44 31-Mar-41		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average Above Average	(14)
REMIC	New HOP	FOX Leggett	2021 Series D	BIOIIX	50	100.00	11,254		18,770,000	6.000	26-Oct-04	1-Nov-34		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Fred-Doug 117 L.L.C.	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	138	95.65	S 1,473		3,492,000	1.000	26-Oct-04	30-Nov-34		Category 1	Satisfactory	. ,
REMIC	LAMP		2008-2018 Consolidated	_					1,305,000	5.950	1-Mar-07	1-Oct-36		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A N/A	LAMP HTF	Freeman Gardens Freeman Simpson	2018 Series D 2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	36	100.00	S 1,960		1,980,000	1.000	1-Mar-07 16-Jun-04	1-Oct-36 16-Jun-34		Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	rieeman simpson	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	BIOIIX	07	100.00	1,824		2,390,000	5.850	23-Apr-10	1-May-40		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Friendly Hands Apartments	2021 Series D	Manhattan	76	97.37	S 4,180	,000	4,180,000	1.000	23-Apr-10	31-May-40		Category 1	Satisfactory	. ,
FHA Risk Share	Mixed-Middle		2017 Series A/2016 Series I		160	96.87	28,991 5 10.735		30,030,000 10,735,000	5.075	26-Feb-20 26-Feb-20	28-Feb-55		Category 7	Above Average	
N/A FHA 221 (d)(3)	Mixed-Middle Section 8	Fulton Houses Fulton Park 7&8	2017 Series E/2020 Series A 2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan Brooklyn	160 209	96.87 99.04	S 10,735 1,993		10,735,000	1.000	26-Feb-20 18-Feb-86	28-Feb-55 1-Apr-25		Category 1 Category 3	Above Average Satisfactory	
N/A	HAC	Gates Ave.	N/A	Brooklyn	83	100.00	S 4,225		4,225,000	1.000	26-Apr-89	31-Dec-23		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2022 Series A				8,535		9,610,000	5.500	24-Mar-16	30-Jul-45		Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Gateway Elton II	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn	175	99.43	S 11,375		11,375,000	1.000	24-Mar-16	30-Jul-45		Category 1	Satisfactory	(4)
REMIC N/A	LAMP	Gateway Elton III	2014 Series C 2017 Series G	Brooklyn	287	99.65	16,476 5 4,305		18,010,000 4.305.000	5.750	5-Jun-17 5-Jun-17	29-Feb-48 29-Feb-48		Category 7 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	date not citor in	2016 Series F/2019 Series G/2020 Series D	Drooklyn	207		10,148	,	12,030,000	5.150	8-May-14	1-Jun-44		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Gateway Elton Street	2014 Series H	Brooklyn	197	99.49	S 12,805		12,805,000	1.000	8-May-14	1-Jun-44		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A REMIC	New HOP	Genesis Cornerstone	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	86 358	93.02 98.88	S 6,450		6,450,000	1.000	30-Mar-12 5-Sep-18	29-Jun-41 31-Jul-48		Category 1	Above Average	(14)
SONYMA	Preservation LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Genesis Year 15 Resyndication George Hardy St Francis Apartments	2015 Series D/2014 Series I 2021 Series G	Manhattan Bronx	358	98.88 98.04	4,214		4,500,000 13,980,000	5.700	5-Sep-18 25-Aug-15	31-Jul-48 11-Oct-45		Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average	(1) (i)
REMIC	Preservation	Glendale Portfolio	2019 Series F	Queens	72	88.89	9,190		9,475,000	5.300	28-Jun-19	31-Jul-59		Category 7	Above Average	(1)
N/A	ML Restructuring	Goddard Riverside	2014 Series E/2021 Series D	Manhattan	194	98.97	1,505	,202	2,419,560	6.500	29-Dec-04	31-Jan-35		Category 11	Satisfactory	(5)
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	Good Neighbor Apartments	2016 Series F/2019 Series G/2020 Series D	Manhattan	118	100.00	14,461		18,050,000	5.150	16-Jul-12	22-Dec-42		Category 8	Satisfactory	(i)
REMIC N/A	Preservation New HOP	Goodwill Terrace Grant Avenue Coop	2008-2018 Consol. Series/2019 Series L 2021 Series B	Queens Bronx	202	92.57 100.00	27,384 S 3,214		28,500,000 3,435,000	4.750 4.250	23-Dec-19 27-Jul-21	31-Jan-55 1-Aug-40		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation	Greene Avenue Senior Housing	2019 Series B 2019 Series G/2021 Series A	Brooklyn	150	96.67	4,200		6,320,000	5.350	28-Jan-14	31-Jan-44		Category 7 Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)(6)
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series A				3,37		3,575,000	5.400	29-Mar-18	31-Mar-48		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	ELLA	Greenpoint Landing F2	2018 Series A	Brooklyn	103	100.00	S 6,695		6,695,000	1.000	29-Mar-18	31-Mar-48		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	LAMP	o	2014 Series C				3,839		4,230,000	5.550	22-Mar-17	30-Jun-47		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A REMIC	LAMP Mixed Income	Greenpoint Landing G2	2014 Series C 2014 Series G	Brooklyn	93	98.92	S 6,045 6,951		6,045,000 7,575,000	1.000	22-Mar-17 30-Aug-17	30-Jun-47 31-Aug-47		Category 1 Category 9	Superior Superior	(1)
N/A	Mixed Income	Greenpoint Landing Site E3	2017 Series G	Brooklyn	98	98.98	S 7,350		7,350,000	1.000	30-Aug-17	1-Sep-47		Category 1	Superior	(1)
FHA Risk Share	Mixed Income	HPS - South Tower	2018 Series K/2018 Series L/2019 Series	Queens	394	N/A	123,855		24,025,000	4.850	28-Feb-23	1-Mar-63		Category 7	N/A	
N/A	LAMP	Harlem Dowling	A/2022 Series D 2018 Series A	Manhattan	60	98.33	S 3,900	·	3,900,000	1.000	29-Aug-17	31-Aug-47		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP	nanem bowing	2018 Series A 2021 Series G	widfifidttafi	60	98.33	5 3,900		2,540,000	5.150	29-Aug-17 23-Feb-16	31-Aug-47 20-May-45		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average Above Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Harlem RBI	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	89	96.63	S 5,785		5,785,000	1.000	23-Feb-16	20-May-45		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2022 Series E/2021 Series A/2013 Series E				7,443	,446	8,670,000	5.350	5-Nov-14	31-Oct-44		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A REMIC	LAMP	Harlem River Point North	2021 Series A 2021 Series G	Manhattan	173	98.84	S 11,245		11,245,000	1.000	5-Nov-14	31-Oct-44 1-Nov-44		Category 1	Above Average	143
REMIC N/A	LAMP	Harlem River Point South Apartments	2021 Series G 2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	140	100.00	4,539 S 9,100		5,290,000 9,100,000	5.500	23-Sep-14 23-Sep-14	1-Nov-44 1-Nov-44		Category 9 Category 1	Superior Superior	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	Harriet Tubman Gardens	2013 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	74		4,221		5,920,000	4.250	9-Oct-03	1-Nov-44		Category 1	Satisfactory	(4)
Freddie Mac	LAMP/Section 8	Haven Plaza	2019 Series G/2021 Series A	Manhattan	186	98.39	8,622	,645	8,740,000	5.500	5-Dec-13	1-Oct-43		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	Hewitt House Apartments	2021 Series D	Bronx	83	86.75	S 4,565		4,565,000	1.000	3-Oct-11	3-Oct-48		Category 1	Above Average	
			2014 Series C	1	1	1	8,326	,791	8,885,000	5.750	1-Nov-18	30-Jun-47		Category 7	Superior	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	High Hawk Apartments		Brony	73	100.00	\$ 6.200	000	6 205 000	1 000	1-Nov 19	20-lup 47		Category 1	Superior	
N/A	New HOP	High Hawk Apartments Highbridge House	2019 Series E	Bronx Bronx	73 400	100.00 98.21	S 6,205 3,541		6,205,000 3,654,536	1.000	1-Nov-18 30-Aug-21	30-Jun-47 1-Jul-29		Category 1 Category 7	Superior N/A	
					73 400 155		S 6,205 3,541 3,985 S 10.075	,548 ,099	6,205,000 3,654,536 4,600,000	1.000 3.800 5.350 1.000	1-Nov-18 30-Aug-21 14-Apr-15 14-Apr-15	30-Jun-47 1-Jul-29 1-Nov-44 1-Nov-44				(1)

NameN							Occupa	Outsta	anding		Mortgag	Mortgage		HAP/TAC/	Prepayment		
NomeNomeNomeNomeNoNoNomeNoNoNoNoNoNoNoNotMAXMAXNoNoNoMAXNo </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Development</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>e</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Physical Inspection</th> <th>a _</th>			Development								e					Physical Inspection	a _
NIMEOPPI-ADD </th <th></th> <th>Subsidy Program(S)†</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Borough</th> <th></th> <th>Rate</th> <th>(S)=Subo</th> <th>ordinate</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Closing</th> <th></th> <th>Expiration</th> <th>Appendix</th> <th></th> <th>Foot-note</th>		Subsidy Program(S)†			Borough		Rate	(S)=Subo	ordinate			Closing		Expiration	Appendix		Foot-note
NomeMathematical and any and any	REMIC	LAMP Preservation		2021 Series J				1	6,246,052	16,475,000	4.250	8-Oct-21	1-Nov-56	Date	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
IDMProblemProbat															Category 1	Satisfactory	
Image into any set of the se																Above Average	(1)
Bible Bible <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.200</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Unsatisfactory</td><td>(1)</td></t<>											0.200					Unsatisfactory	(1)
MaxM			Hunts Point Peninsula Apartments		Bronx	165	99.39										-
BDMC MPP MPP </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>Intercoll Senior Apartments</td> <td></td> <td>Brooklyn</td> <td>146</td> <td>N/A</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Above Average</td> <td>(16)</td>			Intercoll Senior Apartments		Brooklyn	146	N/A									Above Average	(16)
MA.MAMMarten's Monotonina (Source Long Source Long Source Long Source Long Source Long Long Long Long Long Long Long Long			ingerson senior Apartments		brookiyii	140	,//	5 .									(10)
Method	N/A	LAMP	Intervale Independent Seniors	2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	48	100.00	S S	3,120,000	3,120,000	1.000		31-Oct-44				(10)
NAME BARDERAnd A BarDoni TorongAnd A BarDoni Torong<	REMIC			2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series						1,335,000	5.500		30-Jun-37			Satisfactory	(1)
NANANANAME <td></td> <td></td> <td>Jacobs Place</td> <td></td> <td>Bronx</td> <td>63</td> <td>96.83</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Satisfactory</td> <td></td>			Jacobs Place		Bronx	63	96.83									Satisfactory	
No.Matchell Bay<																	(1)
CONDA MARTINGLand Proceedings of the process of the																	(16)
Mixed Mixed matrix																	(5) (iii)
NAM. BernstruggerM. Sampi (B. 1999)S. 1999M. Sampi (D. 1999)M. Sampi (D. 1999)M. Sampi (Jennings Hall		вгоокіуп	150	58.00										(11)
NAM. Instructurg and the standard instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurgDistructurg instructurgDistructur																	(5)
NAMemound Me																Satisfactory	(5)
Interstands Mathematical States	N/A	ML Restructuring		2017 Series E				S S	2,830,794	3,000,000	5.850	27-Sep-17	30-Sep-52		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
His Max His Matrix His Mat	N/A		Keith Plaza	2021 Series L	Bronx	311	99.36	S 10	0,415,239	10,600,000	4.750	21-Jan-22	30-Sep-52		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
NAMMinutation implementation implementation implementationDescription implementation implementationDescription implementation implementationDescription implementation implementationDescription<	FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring						10					30-Sep-52	-	Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
NAMEM. BENDERIMAPICAME						1		S								Satisfactory	(5)
Nick Biol Nick Biol <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>L</td><td></td><td>00.57</td><td>S</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>• •</td><td>Satisfactory</td><td>(5)</td></t<>					L		00.57	S							• •	Satisfactory	(5)
IntensionNumber of any start of			Kelly Towers		Bronx	302	98.68										(5)
N/h. Mignet my Series mode Distance Distance <thdistance< th=""> Distance <thdistance< th=""></thdistance<></thdistance<>																	(5)(6) (5)
OBMA MM MM MM 			Kent Village		Brooklyn	524	08 13										(5)
NUM Mit Bestructuring Perpartialization Dist of 2002 Bit Set 100														N/A	Category 8		(5)
SOMMA ContractionMADA (symbol)Binding (sold)Binding (sold) <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Category 11</td><td>Below Average</td><td>(5)</td></th<>															Category 11	Below Average	(5)
REMC LLA LLA <thla< th=""> <thla< th=""></thla<></thla<>							98.98				5.350		30-Sep-44			Satisfactory	(i)(6)
NA IRMCLAG L					Manhattan											Satisfactory	(1)
Instruct Multi	REMIC														Category 7		(1)
NAMMAPIntrans/headmageIntra			La Casa Del Mundo		Bronx	102	96.08										(16)
SDMMA EliA Dis Serie D Down Dis Serie D Down L32,500 S.70 Is-Note Mode Dis Note															• •		(1)
NA LIAA Landing fload perison Dots Series in Berry 15 15 15.20200 15.20200 15.20200 15.20200 15.20200 15.20200 15.20200 15.20200 15.002000 15.002000 15.002000 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Dum</td><td>La Terraza/Melrose Site B-1</td><td></td><td>Bronx</td><td>107</td><td>100.00</td><td></td><td></td><td>5,885,000</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(i)</td></t<>		Dum	La Terraza/Melrose Site B-1		Bronx	107	100.00			5,885,000							(i)
NA LAMP Is Casis Development 2021 perior Bin Pin Bin Pin Pin< Pin Pin Pin Pin< Pin< Pin Pin Pin Pin Pin<			Landian David Davidanan		0	120	07.06										(1) (16)
PRIME UAMP Learner Versfarms D21 Series G/2002 2013 Grand. Series Brow H.14 65.75 65.00 72-Ni-161 32-Jun-45 Category 4 Support REMIC UAMP Learner Versel Apartments 2013 Series J/2013 Grand. Series Brow 1 45.75 9.155.00 325.0																	(10)
NAME LAMP Beamon West Farmers 2015 Series / 2008-2018 Concol. Series Borne Part A 9 91.1 5 9.55.00 9.10.50.00 1.000 92-Jun.38 Category 1 Support 1 S					bronx		57.50										(1)
RIMC LAMP Category Biols Am Category Biols Am Category Biols Am PIA B68 Mar Peservation/Section 8 Leanington Court, Methragen 2023 Series 20 Manhattan 220 94.2 7.2755.85 7.110.000 4.750 30.365.00 2.340.000 2.340.000 2.450.000 2.340.000	N/A	LAMP	Lebanon West Farms		Bronx	141	95.74										(-)
Pick Bask Preservation Section 3 Loning On Curris (MM PRev) 2021 Series (2021 Series (2		LAMP														Below Average	(1)(7)
NA Mu/Mach Leington Gardensi I. D017 Series (2/017 Series G Mahntam 400 N/A S 31.400,000 2.450,100 13-0e-23 1-0e-258 Gategory 1. Above Av NA M. Repatrican(Series)2003 Lincoln Amsterdam 2005 Series (2/003 Series)2003 mahntam 155 7.84 5 2.81,1188 7.750,000 5.55 2.54,002.1 3.1,003.00 5.15 2.54,002.1 3.1,003.00 5.15 2.54,002.1 3.1,003.00 5.15 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.15 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.15 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.15 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05 2.54,002.1 3.1,000.00 5.05		LAMP	Lenox Powell Apartments	2021 Series D	Manhattan					3,245,000	1.000	30-Sep-09	29-Jun-38		Category 1	Below Average	(7)
Fannet ML Restructurng/Section 26																Unsatisfactory	
NA Mill Repair Loam 2008 Series (2/008-2018 Consol. Series/2/021 Manhattan 118 97.8 5 2,880,47 4,026,538 6,250 21-Aug 2 31-Jan 36 Category 7 Above Avr Marting NA Mill Restructuring/Section 236 Linden Piza Preservation 2020 Series (2/2015 Series A/2015 Series		1	Lexington Gardens II		Manhattan	400	N/A									Above Average	(16)
MA Mix Reput Lung Link Dirk Link Reput Lung 2 Joint 30 Link Dirk Dirk Link Dirk NA M. BestructuringSection 23 Linken Structuring	Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236							1,811,188	7,490,187	6.500	28-Dec-05	31-Jan-36		Category 11	Above Average	(5)
NA ML Restructuring/Section 28 Indem Page Preservation 2002 Series D20 Series D Borok 1,0 1,0000 5.350 26 AMay-14 1.10-Rc23 1.10-Rc33 1.10-Rc33 1	N/A	ML Repair Loan	Lincoln Amsterdam		Manhattan	185	97.84	S S	2,880,487	4,026,538	6.250	21-Aug-12	31-Jan-36		Category 7	Above Average	(5)
REMIC LAMP Indenguid Hall 2022 Series (2/2015 Gries A/2013 Series 4/2005 Suries A/2013 Series A/	N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Linden Plaza Preservation		Brooklyn	1 5 2 7	93.25	s	121 309	15,000,000	5 195	26-May-11	1-Dec-23	1-lun-25	Category 1	Unsatisfactory	(5)
NA CAMP IndengioHall 202 Series A Bronx 9 Fig. 5 6,760,000 6,760,000 2,750,000 2,750,000 2,750,000			Enderridzarreservator		Drookijn	1,521	33.23							1 5411 25		Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC M.R. Restructuring Indulle Housing 2014 Series H/2008-2013 Consol. Series P Z. Zene,13 31.10.000 Figure 12-Sene,13 30.5ep-43 Category Statisfacto REMIC ELIA Indulle Housing 2016 Series C. 2016 Series E Brock 15.880.259 15.500.000 5.700 22.20 25.Jun-20 31.04.049 Category Satisfacto REMIC LAMP Unonia Avenue Phi II (2) Sites 67.208 2012 Series E Brock 27.8 98.76 5 16.270.006 15.00 23.10-01.49 Category Satisfacto SOMMA LAMPScition 8 Lipano Gardens 2013 Series H/2008-2012 Consol. Series Brock 78.82 2.125.000 10.00 12.34-92.13 31.449.43 Category 7 Satisfacto SOMMA LAMPScition 8 Lipano Gardens 2013 Series H/2002 Ziories M Bronk 47.9 98.27 52.150.00 5.00 91.44.91.91 Attagory 7 Satisfacto STAIL AMP Section 8 Lipano Gardens 2013 Series H/2002 Ziories M Bronk 47.100.00 12.42.99.14 <td>N/A</td> <td>LAMP</td> <td>Lindenguild Hall</td> <td></td> <td>Bronx</td> <td>104</td> <td>96.15</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6.760.000</td> <td>1.000</td> <td></td> <td>1-Jun-44</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Satisfactory</td> <td>(-)</td>	N/A	LAMP	Lindenguild Hall		Bronx	104	96.15			6.760.000	1.000		1-Jun-44			Satisfactory	(-)
NA ML Restructuring Undnylle Housing 2008-2018 Consolidated Brox 14 93.0 5 7.14,197 97.000 1.000 12-5e-13 30-5ep-43 Category 1 Satisfacto RRMC ELIA Uvonia Avenue Ph I(12) tee 67.88 2016 Series E Brookyn 27.8 95.4 16,200.00 2.200 2.54u-20 31-0c-49 Category 1 Satisfacto SDRMC LAMP Uvonia Avenue Ph I(12) tee 67.88 2019 Series E Brookyn 27.8 95.4 10,402.51 13.30.00 6.00 12.44u-11 31-04-49 Category 1 Satisfacto SORVMA LAMP/Section 8 Uvonia Arrane 2019 Series D Brook 47.0 98.40 4.230.000 6.20 31.44u-31 31.4u-31 Category 1 Satisfacto Ave NOP Longwood Residences 2018 Series D Broox 27.0 5.21.25.00 2.10.00 5.00 2.7.4u-31 31.4u-34 31.4u-34 Category 2 Satisfacto Friede Mac Preservation/Section 8 MBD Rose Elines Mitho 2015	REMIC	ML Restructuring									6.000					Satisfactory	(1)(5)
NA ELA Uvonia Avenue Ph II (L2) Sites 6 7&8 2015 Series E Brookyn 242 98.76 5 15,720,000 2.220 25,101-20 31-0ct-49 Category 1 Satisfactor REMIC LAMP Lonoia Avenue Ph II (L2) Sites 6 7&8 2022 Series E Brooklyn 278 99.64 1,0402-511 11,330,000 6.100 12-Mar/1 31-0ct-49 Category 7 Abve Ave SOMTMA LAMP/Section 8 Lonoia Gardens 2014 Series 1/2008 Brooklyn 178 98.27 1,503,343 1,800,00 6.20 31-Mar/1 Solur-44 Category 9 Satisfacto N/A New HOP Longwood Gardens 2013 Series 8 (2022 Series 6 Bronx 321 199.38 39,75,400 43,675,000 12-14i-11 31-Mar/41 31-Mar/41 Category 9 Satisfacto Fredie Mac LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MB0 Rose Elem Smith 2013 Series 12 Bronx 321 199.38 39,75,400 43,675,000 5.700 27-44 4.749.42 Category 9 Satisfacto Fredie Mac		ML Restructuring	Lindville Housing	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	143	99.30	S		970,000	1.000	12-Sep-13				Satisfactory	(5)(14)
IEEMIC LAMP Livonia Commons 2022 Series E Brooklym 278 99.54 10.402/331 11.330.000 6.100 12.4May-72 13.14May-12 Category 7 Above Avor Sutification SONYMA LAMP/Section 8 Livonia Terrace 2014 Series N/2008-2018 Consol. Series Manhattan 104 98.27 1,503.943 1,580.000 5.200 9.Dec.08 1.04.36 31.May-30 Category 9 Satifacton N/A New HOP Longwood Gardens 2013 Series 1/2012 Series M Bronx 251 100.00 5 2.125.000 0.200 2.1.41.11 31.4May-43 Category 9 Satifacton Freddi Mac Preservation/Section 8 MBD Rose Ellen Smith 2015 Series D Bronx 471 100.00 3.1.01.828 3.300.000 6.375 1.Dec.16 1.JuArd Category 9 Satifacton REMIC Preservation MBD Siter Takes Mclatoin (aka Don LW) 2015 Series 2/2015 Series E Bronx 270 9.741 4.575.849 4.555.000 5.700 13.Mar-49 Lategory 9 Satifacton		·														Satisfactory	(1)
SONYMA LAMP/Section 8 Livonia Terrace 2019 Series A Brook/m 173 98.27 1,503,943 1,880,000 6.200 31-May 11 30-Jun-41 Category 9 Satisfacto LOC-Long Term LAMP/Section 8 Logan Gardens 2014 Series D Bronx 25 1000.0 5.215,000 5.200 31-May 30 Category 1 Satisfacto Fanile Mae LAMP Preservation/Section 8 Longwood Residences 2013 Series D Bronx 321 99.38 39,755,400 43,675,000 5.700 27-Jun-13 1-May-45 Category 9 Satisfacto Freddie Mac Freeservation/Section 8 MBD Rose Ellen Smith 2015 Series D Bronx 341 49.38 39,755,400 43,75,000 5.700 27-Jun-13 1-May-45 Category 9 Satisfacto REMIC LAMP Preservation MBD Silva Taylor 2015 Series G Bronx 361 98.89 5,155,105 6,020,000 5.700 33-May 30 1-May-49 Category 9 Satisfacto REMIC Preservation MBD Rose										-, -, -, -,						Satisfactory	(16)
LOC-Cong Term LMMP/Section 8 Logan Gardens 2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series Manhattan 104 98.08 2.999.441 4.230,000 5.250 9.0-0e.81 1-0d-36 31-May-30 Category 8 Satisfactor Fannie Mae LAMP Preservation/Section 8 Longwood Gardens 2013 Series 8/2012 Series M Bronx 321 99.38 39,795,400 43,675,000 5.700 2.71u-13 1-May-45 Category 9 Satisfactor Fredde Mac Preservation/Section 8 MBD Rose Ellen Smith 2013 Series D Bronx 361 98.89 5,155.105 6,202.000 5.500 2.8-Aug-14 305-6p.44 24-Jun-33 Category 9 Satisfactor REMIC IAMP Preservation MBD Rose Ellen Smith 2013 Series C Bronx 270 97.41 4,579,849 4,650,000 5.700 1.3-May-30 Category 9 Satisfactor REMIC Preservation MHAN Protfolio 2013 Series C 2014 Series C Bronx 84 91.67 4,405,000 5.700 3.300.00 5.700 3.300.00 5.700 <td></td> <td>0.200</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Above Average</td> <td>(1)</td>											0.200					Above Average	(1)
NA New OP Longwood Gardens 2013 Series D Bronx 25 10.00 5 2,125,000 2,125,000 2,27,101-13 31-Aug-14 31-Aug-31 Category O Satifactor Fredid Mac Preservation/Section 8 MDR Rose Ellen Smith 2013 Series 8/2012 Series G Bronx 47 10.00 \$3,101,283 3,300,000 6.375 1-Dec-16 1-Jul-45 Category O Satifactor REMIC Preservation MBD Siva Taylor 2015 Series C/2015 Series G Bronx 361 98.89 5,555,105 6,020,000 5.700 13-Mar-19 1-Mar-49 Category O Satifactor REMIC Preservation MD4 Yeort5 Resyncitation (aka DD.LW) 2015 Series C/2015 Series B Bronx 270 71 4,458,978 5,000,000 5.700 13-Mar-19 1-Mar-49 Category O Satifactor REMIC Preservation MLAN Yoortfolio 2012 Series C/2015 Series B Bronx 167 9.40 14,24,242 10,855,00 5.700 13-Mar-19 14-Be2/5 Category A Satifactor				2013 Series H/2008-2019 Concol Series										21-14-1 20	Category 9		(iii)
IAMP Preservation/Section 8 Iongwood Residences 2013 Series J/2012 Series A Bronx 321 99.38 39,795,400 43,675,000 57.00 27.111-13 1.May-45 Category 9 Satisfactor Redik Carl Preservation MBD Silva Taylor 2021 Series G Bronx 301 98.89 5,155,105 6,020,000 5.50 28.Aug.14 30.5ep.44 24.Jun-35 Category 9 Satisfactor REMIC Preservation MBD Year 15 Resyndication (aka Don LW.) 2018 Series C/2016 Series E Bronx 270 97.41 4,579,849 4,855,000 5.700 30.Nov:18 1.Mar-49 Category 9 Satisfactor REMIC Preservation MHA Protrolio 2018 Series F.2019 Series C Bronk 70 4,459,300 5.700 30.Nov:18 1.Mar-49 Category 9 Satisfactor REMIC ELIA MINS Plaza 2012 Series A Bronx 716 9.940 5 1,424,420 10.855,000 7.400 1.4hov-38 Category 1 Superior N/A LIAM MKP Plaz														31-Aug-31	Category 8		-
Preservation MBD Rose Ellen Smith 2015 Series D Bronx 47 100.00 3,101,828 3,300.000 6.375 1-Dec-16 1-Jul-45 Category 7 Satisfactor REMIC Preservation MBD Sixa Taylor 2015 Series C/2016 Series E Bronx 301 98.89 5,155,105 6,020,000 5.500 28.40g:14 30-5gr-44 24-Jun-35 Category 9 Satisfactor REMIC Preservation MBA Year 15 Resynchation (aka Don LW.) 2015 Series C/2016 Series E Bronx 270 97.41 4,579,849 4,689,978 5,000,000 5.700 13-Mar-19 1-Mar-49 Category 7 Satisfactor REMIC Preservation MHANY Portfolio 2015 Series A Bronx 87 4,059,137 4,460,000 4.70 0-No+18 11-Mar-49 Category 7 Satisfactor REMIC ELLA MIL K Plaza 2017 Series K 2019 Series A Bronx 167 9.40 5 1,424,420 10,855,000 2.740 7-Mar-20 1+feb-55 Category 1 Superior	,																
IREMIC LAMP Preservation MBD Silva Taylor 2015 Series G Bronx 361 98.89 5,155,105 6,020,000 5.500 28.49 24-Jun-35 Category 9 Satisfactor REMIC Preservation MBD Year 15 Resyndication (aka Don LW.) 2016 Series C/2016 Series E Bronx 270 97.41 4,579.849 4,850,000 5.700 30-Nov-18 1-Mar-49 Category 9 Satisfactor FMA Risk Share MIR Retructuring/Section 236 MINS Plaza 2012 Series A Bronx 84 91.67 4,059,137 4,460,000 5.700 30-Nov-16 1-Mar-49 Category 7 Satisfactor REMIC ELIA MINS Plaza 2017 Series A/2019 Series G Bronx 167 9.40 5 1,424,240 10,855,000 7.40 7-Hab-55 Category 8 Superior N/A LAMP MIK Plaza 2012 Series A Bronx 116 9.40 5 1,242,420 10,855,000 2.20 ct-08 1-Nov-38 Category 1 Superior N/A LAMP MO						47				3,300,000	6.375	1-Dec-16			Category 7	Satisfactory	
REMIC Preservation MBD Year 15 Resyndication (aka Don L.W.) 2018 Series Z/2016 Series E Bronk 270 97.41 4.579,848 4.855,000 5.700 13.44-rd 1.Mar-rd Category Satisfactor REMIC Preservation MHANY Portolio 2018 Series E Bronk 255 100.0 4,658,9978 5,000,00 5.700 7.70e 7.70e 1.Mar-rd Category A Satisfactor REMIC ELIA MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MINS Plaza 2021 Series A Bronx 167 4,059,137 4,460,000 4.700 7.4ee.15 31.4ee.51 Category A Satisfactor REMIC ELIA MLP Para 2017 Series F/2019 Series G Bronx 171 9.4 5 3,142,420 10.00 23.9c+06 1.Mov-38 Category A Superior REMIC LAMP MONTMAC (Unimaci II) 2015 Series A Bronx 11 9.10 5 4,200,000 4,300 5.30 25.Aug 15 30-Apr-45 Category 1 Move Ave N/A			MBD Silva Taylor	2021 Series G					5,155,105	6,020,000	5.500	28-Aug-14	30-Sep-44	24-Jun-35	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
FHA Risk Share ML Restructuring/Section 236 MINS Plaza 2012 Series A Bronx 84 91.67 4,095,137 4,460,000 4.700 7-Dec-16 31-Dec-51 Category 8 Satifactor REMIC ELLA MLK Plaza 2017 Series A Bronx 167 9,4095,137 4,460,000 4.700 7-Dec-16 31-Dec-51 Category 8 Satifactor N/A ELLA MLK Plaza 2017 Series F/2019 Series G Bronx 167 9.40 5 1,424,20 10,855,000 2.740 7-May-20 1+Feb-55 Category 8 Superior REMIC LAMP MONTMAC (Unimac II) 2018 Series A Encos 11 99.10 5 4,200,000 1.000 23-Ot-08 1+Nov-38 Category 1 Monstatistatistatistatistatistatistatistat		Preservation	MBD Year 15 Resyndication (aka Don L.W.)	2016 Series C/2016 Series E	Bronx		97.41	4	4,579,849			13-Mar-19	1-Mar-49			Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC ELLA Description 2017 Series A Provide 7,317,702 7,545,000 5.00 7.40ay-20 11-bit-25 1-Jul-29 Category 9 Superior N/A ELLA MLK Plaza 2017 Series Z/2019 Series G Bronx 167 99.40 5 11,424,420 10,855,000 2.740 7.May-20 1-feb-55 Category 1 Superior REMIC LAMP MONTMAC (Unimac II) 2018 Series D Bronx 111 99.10 5 4,200,000 4,200,000 2.30c +0.8 1-Mov-38 Category 1 Unsatisfac REMIC LAMP Macedonia Plaza 2021 Series A Queens 143 98.60 5 9,255,000 5.30c 25.Aug+15 30-Apr-45 Category 4 Above Av N/A LAMP Macedonia Plaza 2021 Series A Queens 143 98.60 5 9,255,000 3.0c 25.Aug+15 30-Apr-45 Category 1 Above Av N/A New HOP Madison ParA partments 2008 Series E Manhattan 128 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>.,</td> <td>=)===)===</td> <td>000</td> <td>00.000.00</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Satisfactory</td> <td>(1)</td>									.,	=)===)===	000	00.000.00				Satisfactory	(1)
NA ELA MLK Plaza 2017 series f/2019 Series G Bronx 167 99.4 5 1,424,420 10,855,000 27.40 7.3%y-20 1-feb-55 Category 1 Superior REMIC LAMP N/A Eronx 111 99.10 5 4,200,000 1,0055,000 22.001-08 1-Nov-38 Category 1 Unsatisfac N/A LAMP MONTMAC (Unimac II) 2018 series D Bronx 111 99.10 5 4,200,000 4,200,000 1.000 23-0ct-08 1-Nov-38 Category 1 Unsatisfac REMIC LAMP 2021 Series A Queens 143 96.5 5 5,250,000 9,240,000 5.30 25.4ug 15 30-Apr-45 Category 1 Above Av N/A LAMP Macedonia Plaza 2021 Series A Queens 1.4 9.40,000 5.30 25.4ug 15 30-Apr-45 Category 1 Above Av N/A New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008-2018 consolidated Manhattan 128 100.0			MINS Plaza		Bronx	84	91.67										(5)
REMC IAMP MA Ferr 1,889,913 3,255,00 5,50 23,040,08 1,Mov-38 Category 1 Unsatisfac N/A LAMP MONTAC (Lining II) 2018 series A Bronk 11 99,10 5 4,200,000 4,200,000 1,00 23,040,08 Category 1 Unsatisfac REMC LAMP Mortaconia Plaza 2012 series A Queens 138 98,60 5 9,250,00 9,200,00 30,40,r-45 Category 1 Above Av N/A New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008 zeries F Hahattan 128 100,00 5 9,88,76 1,195,00 30,40,r-45 Category 1 Below Av REMC New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008 zeries F Mahattan 128 100,00 5 9,88,76 1,195,00 30,40,r-45 Category 1 Below Av REMC New HOP Madison Plaza 2012 Series F Mahattan 12 100,00 5 9,88,76 1,195,00 5,04,02,00 1,140,+29					_									1-Jul-29			(1)
NA IMP MONTAC (Unimac II) 2015 series D Bronx 11 99.10 5 4,200,000 4200,000 12.000 22.64.08 1.04.93 Category 1 Unsatisfies REMIC LAMP Accedonia Plaza 2021 Series A Queens 1.13 98.00 5 9,240,000 1.000 22.64.08 30-Apr.45 Category 1 Move Aw N/A LAMP Accedonia Plaza 2021 Series A Queens 1.43 98.00 5 9,240,000 1.500 25.Aug.15 30-Apr.45 Category 1 Above Aw N/A New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 128 100.0 5 5.88,785 7.500,000 4.500 1.1-May.15 1.Nov-28 Category 1 Below Aw REMIC New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 12 100.00 5 5.48,926 7.360,000 4.500 1.1-May.15 1.400.07 Ategory 1 Satisfacto SONTMA LAMP			MLK Plaza		Bronx	167	99.40										(16)
REMIC LAMP 2021 Series A Queens 143 29,800 5,300 25,40;15 30-Apr-45 Category Above Avery N/A LAMP 2021 Series A Queens 143 98,60 5 9,250,000 125,002 30-Apr-45 Category Above Avery N/A New HOP 2008 Series E 5 9,250,000 4.20 3-0,4r-45 Category 1 Above Avery N/A New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 128 100.00 5 98,768 1,195,000 4.20 3-0,4r-45 Category 1 Below Ave REMIC New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 128 100.00 5 98,768 1,195,000 4.50 2.01-04 1-Aug-29 Category 1 Below Ave SONTMA LAMP Magnolia Plaza 2012 Series E Brockyn 102 9,02 5,379,75 7,400,000 4.50 4-Jun-09 11-Jul-39 Category 1 Satisfacto <td></td> <td></td> <td>MONTMAC (Upimac II)</td> <td></td> <td>Brony</td> <td>111</td> <td>99.10</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(1)(12)</td>			MONTMAC (Upimac II)		Brony	111	99.10										(1)(12)
NA IMP Macedonia Plaza 2021 series A Queens 14 98.60 S 9.295,000 9.295,000 1.000 25-40:21 30-Any-45 Category 1 Above Aver N/A New HOP 2008 Series E - - 5,181,796 7,500,000 4.250 30-Any-45 Category 1 Below Aver N/A New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 128 100.00 5 9.88,768 1,105,000 1.1-May 15 1-Nov-27 Category 1 Below Aver REMC New HOP Madison Plaza 2018-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 128 100.00 5 5,88,728 7,360,000 1.1-May 15 1-Nov-27 Category 1 Satisfactor SONTMA LAMP Magnolina Plaza 2012 Series B Manhattan 120 90.00 5,38,925 7,360,000 4.500 2-1.400 1-Nov-27 Category 1 Satisfactor SONTMA LAMP Manhattan Court 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 120																Above Average	(1)
NA New HOP 2008 Series E Markatan 128 100.0 5,181,796 7,500,000 4.250 30-0k-v2 30-knv-27 Category 1 Below Ave NA New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 128 100.0 \$ 9,887,88 11.195,00 6.000 11-May 15 1-Nov-27 Category 1 Below Ave REMIC New HOP Madison Plaza 2018-pries (2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 92 10.000 \$ 5,388,785 1.196,000 4.500 2.714-04 1-May 29 Category 1 Satisfactor SONYMA LAMP Magnola Plaza 2021 Series E Brookhyn 102 9.902 5,307,975 7,460,020 4.500 1-Jun-36 Category 1 Above Ave N/A New HOP Manhattan Court 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 123 10.00 S 2.9404 4.400,50 10.00 1-Jun-36 Category 1 Above Ave Fannie Me ELA 2012 Series B Manhattan 122 1,813,235			Macedonia Plaza		Queens	143	98.60									Above Average	(1)
N/A New HOP Madison Park Apartments 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 128 100.0 S 988,768 1,195,000 6.00 11-May-15 1-Nov-27 Category 1 Below Ave REMC New HOP Madison Plaza 2018-consolidated Manhattan 92 10.00 5,388,926 7,360,000 4.500 1-Nav-27 Category 1 Satisfactor SONTMA LAMP Magnoin Plaza 2021 Series E Brooklyn 102 9,02 5,379,95 7,160,000 5.80 4-Jun-90 11-Jul-39 Category 1 Satisfactor N/A New HOP Manhattan Court 2021 Series B Manhattan 122 10.00 5 29,7404 4,046,250 1.00 1.1-U-39 Category 1 Above Ave Fanine Math ELIA Mannie Wilson 2021 Series B Manhattan 102 9.12 16,373,093 16,400,000 4.10 25-Feb-21 1.4-Feb-51 Category 7 Satisfactor N/A ELIA Mannie Wilson 2021 Series B		New HOP				1										Below Average	
REMIC New HOP Madison Plaza 2014 Series J/2008-2018 Consol. Series Manhattan 92 100.00 5,438,926 7,360,000 45.00 21-ui-40 1-Jui-29 Category 1 Satisfactor SONYMA IAMP Magnole Plaza 2021 Series E Brookyn 102 92 5,37,975 7,160,000 5.80 4-Jui-09 11-Jui-39 Category 1 Satisfactor N/A New HOP Manhattan Court 2008-2018 Consolidated Manhattan 123 100.00 \$5 297,404 4,046,250 1.00 13-Jui-39 Category 1 Above Ave Fanne Me ELA 2021 Series B Manhattan 129 94.12 1,813,251 1.400,000 4.130 25-Feb-21 1-Feb-51 Category 7 Satisfactor N/A ELA Mannie Wilson 2021 Series B Manhattan 12 94.12 1,813,251 1.80,200 4.60 25-Feb-21 1-Feb-51 Category 7 Satisfactor	N/A		Madison Park Apartments		Manhattan			S		1,195,000			1-Nov-27			Below Average	(14)
SONYMA IAMP Magnolia Plaza 2021 Series E Brookyn 102 9.02 5,307,975 7,160,00 5.80 4-Jun-93 Category 7 Satisfactor N/A New HOP Manhatan Court 2023.2018.0nsolidated Manhatan 123 100.0 S 297,404 4,404,503 11-Jun-36 Category 7 Satisfactor Fanie Maa ELIA 2021.Series B Manhattan 102 94.21 16,873,093 16,400,000 4.10 25-Feb-21 1-Feb-51 Category 7 Satisfactor N/A ELIA Mannie Wilson 2021.Series B Manhattan 102 94.21 1,818,325 1,820,000 3.60 25-Feb-21 1-Feb-51 Category 7 Satisfactor	REMIC	New HOP		2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series		92	100.00		5,438,926	7,360,000	4.500	27-Jul-04	1-Aug-29		Category 1	Satisfactory	(4)
Fannie Mae ELLA 2021 Series B Manhattan 102 94.12 16,400,000 4.130 25-Feb-21 1-Feb-51 Category 7 Satisfactor N/A ELLA Mannie Wilson 2021 Series B Manhattan 102 94.12 1,818,325 1,820,000 3.660 25-Feb-21 1-Feb-51 Category 7 Satisfactor		Dam													Category 7	Satisfactory	(i)
N/A ELLA Mannie Wilson 2021 Series B Manhattan 102 94.12 1,818,325 1,820,000 3.660 25-Feb-21 1-Feb-51 Category 7 Satisfactor			Manhattan Court		Manhattan	123	100.00	S								Above Average	+
					h		04.42								• •	Satisfactory	
12001 Coriac A 100 2 C10 000 C 200 4 1 45 20		ELLA LAMP	Mannie Wilson	2021 Series B 2021 Series A	Manhattan	102	94.12		1,818,325 3,060,188	1,820,000 3,515,000	3.660	25-Feb-21 1-Jun-15		26 Jun 20		Satisfactory Satisfactory	(4)
			Maple Mesa Apartments		Brony	50	100.00									Satisfactory	(1)

						Occupa	01	utstanding		Mortgag	Mortgage		HAP/TAC/	Prepayment		
Supple- mental	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development	Applicable Series	Borough	No. of	ncy		gage Balance	Original Mortgage	e	Loan	Final Mortgage	§236 Contract	Category (see	Physical Inspection	Foot-note
Security	annay rag mi(a)	Name	Resolution	8	Units	Rate (%)	(.)	Subordinate en Position	Amount	Interest Rate	Closing Date	Maturity	Expiration	Appendix E-2)		
REMIC	LAMP		2020 Series D			. ,		14,365,000	14,365,000	3.500	27-Aug-20	1-Sep-35	Date††	Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Maria Lopez	2020 Series D	Bronx	216	99.42	s	1,550,000	1,550,000	1.000	20-May-10	30-Jun-45	30-Nov-28	Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2003 Series B 2019 Series A					5,499,707 4,112,777	6,815,000 5,050,000	5.300 5.600	9-Aug-12 9-Aug-12	31-Jul-42 31-Jul-42		Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1) (1)
N/A	LAMP	Medger Evers Houses	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	308	99.35	s	1,878,398	1,878,398	1.000	9-Aug-12	31-Jul-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP		2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series					2,342,132	3,050,000	5.850	23-Jun-10	28-Jun-39		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A FHA Risk Share	LAMP ELLA/Section 8	Melrose Commons Site 5 Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated 2016 Series C	Bronx	63	98.41	S	3,465,000 3,895,810	3,465,000 4,110,000	1.000	23-Jun-10 17-Sep-19	28-Jun-39 30-Sep-49		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average	
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Melrose Commons Supp. Hsg.	2016 Series E	Bronx	59	94.92	s	2,880,818	2,754,201	2.220	17-Sep-19	30-Sep-49		Category 1	Above Average	(16)
SONYMA	LAMP	MetroEast 99th Street	2021 Series G	Manhattan	176	98.30		12,113,890	13,950,000	5.500	9-Apr-15	26-Apr-45	N/A	Category 9	Superior	(i)
SONYMA FHA Risk Share	LAMP Preservation/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8	Mid-Bronx Apartments	2021 Series A/2022 Series A 2017 Series C	Bronx	184	99.46		12,322,872 20,359,494	15,100,000 20,720,000	5.350 5.725	20-Dec-12 2-Dec-20	31-Oct-42 30-Sep-60	21-Mar-21	Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Superior	(i)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Mill Brook Terrace	2017 Series E	Bronx	159	93.71	s	9,091,489	8,745,000	2.650	2-Dec-20	30-Sep-60	24-Mar-36	Category 1	Superior	(16)
	Preservation/Section 8	Monsignor Jarka Hall	2016 Series A	Brooklyn	64	93.75		5,499,099	5,950,000	5.700	30-Jan-18	24-Sep-47	23-Sep-32	Category 9	Above Average	(i)
	LAMP/Section 8 LAMP	Monsignor Vetro Apartments	N/A N/A	Brooklyn	45	95.56		2,615,561 1.108.208	3,800,000	5.450 5.700	27-Mar-08 2-Sep-09	1-Feb-38 21-Dec-38		Category 9 Category 9	Above Average Above Average	(12) (1)(12)
N/A	LAMP	Monterey Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	97	96.91	s	5,335,000	5,335,000	1.000	2-Sep-09	21-Dec-38 21-Dec-38		Category 1	Above Average	(1)(12)
	Section 8		2008-2018 Consolidated					2,758,698	3,464,100	6.500	22-Dec-10	31-Dec-40	N/A	Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A REMIC	Section 8 Section 8		N/A 2012 Series L/2020 Series D		109	100.00		570,491 3,002,152	910,900 3.900.000	1.000 5.500	22-Dec-10 22-Dec-10	31-Dec-40 31-Dec-40		Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
	LAMP	Morningside One Apts	2012 Series C/2020 Series D 2021 Series G	Manhattan	109	100.00		3,002,152	22,050,000	5.500	8-Feb-16	31-Dec-40 31-Dec-45		Category 7 Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Morris Court	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	201	96.52	s	13,065,000	13,065,000	1.000	8-Feb-16	31-Dec-45	31-Oct-30	Category 1	Satisfactory	
	ELLA		2017 Series A			97.40		6,767,795	7,020,000	5.300 2.740	6-Nov-19	30-Jun-55		Category 9	Superior Superior	(1)
N/A Freddie Mac	ELLA N/A	Morris II Apartments Morrisania Portfolio	2017 Series E 2014 Series G	Bronx	154	97.40	S	10,630,445	10,010,000	2.740	6-Nov-19 18-Dec-14	30-Jun-55 1-Jan-45		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory	(16)
	LAMP		2008-2018 Consolidated					1,035,380	1,420,000	5.750	26-Feb-09	1-Feb-39		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Morrisania Terrace	2018 Series D	Bronx	42	97.62	S	2,227,199	2,310,000	1.000	26-Feb-09	1-Feb-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	60
	Mix/Match Mix/Match	Mosholu Grand	2018 Series C 2018 Series C/2021 Series K/2022 Series A	Bronx	152	N/A	s	16,173,087 11,400,000	16,375,000 11,400,000	5.750 3.010	9-Nov-21 9-Nov-21	1-Dec-56 1-Dec-56		Category 9 Category 1	Superior Superior	(1) (16)
	LAMP		2022 Series E	bronk	152	,	5	3,303,951	3,720,000	5.500	9-Mar-16	31-Mar-46		Category 9	Satisfactory	(10)
N/A	LAMP	Mother Arnetta Crawford Apartments	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	84	100.00	S	4,660,000	4,660,000	1.000	9-Mar-16	31-Mar-46	1-Jul-30	Category 1	Satisfactory	
	LAMP Preservation/Section 8 LAMP Preservation	Mother Zion Mount Sharon	2016 Series F/2019 Series G/2020 Series D 2014 Series C	Manhattan Bronx	76 106	96.05 98.11		7,557,038 1,220,600	9,480,000 1,330,000	5.150 5.750	30-May-12 24-Aug-17	1-Jun-42 31-Aug-47		Category 9	Satisfactory Below Average	(i) (1)
	Preservation	Mt. Hope	2014 Series C 2021 Series L	Bronx	497	94.77		31,170,000	31,170,000	5.400	12-Apr-23	12-Apr-58		Category 9 Category 7	N/A	(1)
	N/A	NYCHA Public Housing Preservation I LLC	2020 Series A/2021 Series D	Manhattan	14,465	100.00		20,101,876	23,590,000	6.300	10-Sep-13	31-Oct-43		Category 9	N/A	(i)
REMIC N/A	LAMP	Now Groop P 1	2016 Series F/2019 Series G/2020 Series D 2019 Series G	Brookhup	112	99.11	ç	5,788,387	6,960,000 7.280.000	5.200 1.000	11-Oct-13 11-Oct-13	31-Oct-43 31-Oct-43		Category 9	Above Average Above Average	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	Navy Green R-1	2019 Series G	Brooklyn	112	55.11	5	7,280,000 2,095,551	2,510,000	5.750	22-May-13	1-Jun-43		Category 1 Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Navy Green R3	2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn	101	100.00	S	6,565,000	6,565,000	1.000	22-May-13	1-Jun-43		Category 1	Superior	
	HTF LAMP	Nelson Senior Houses (C-2)	2021 Series D	Bronx	82	95.12		1,954,734	3,380,000	6.000	25-Mar-04	17-Jun-33		Category 8	Satisfactory Unsatisfactory	(1)(12)
N/A	LAMP	New Hope Project (Walton)	N/A 2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	63	96.83	s	2,131,337 3,465,000	2,775,000 3,465,000	5.700 1.000	13-Aug-10 13-Aug-10	28-Dec-38 28-Dec-38		Category 9 Category 1	Unsatisfactory	(1)(12)
Freddie Mac	LAMP	New Horizons Preservation LP	2012 Series L	Manhattan	48	100.00		8,257,644	10,100,000	5.250	29-Jun-10	1-Jun-40		Category 9	Satisfactory	
	LAMP		2018 Series F			100.00		3,215,150	3,845,000 4,785,000	7.250	17-Nov-11	1-Dec-41		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A Freddie Mac	ML Restructuring/Section 236	New Lots Plaza	2018 Series F 2014 Series G	Brooklyn	86	100.00	5	4,785,000 34,435,081	4,785,000	5.600	17-Nov-11 18-Dec-14	1-Dec-41 1-Jan-45		Category 1 Category 9	Below Average	(5)
	ML Restructuring/Section 236	North Shore Plaza	2014 Series G	Staten Island	535	91.59	s	893,044	2,555,000	3.500	18-Dec-14	1-Dec-26	1 000 20	Category 9	Below Average	(5)
	ELLA/Section 8		2018 Series C	_				22,298,427	22,550,000	5.575	5-May-22	1-Sep-61		Category 9	Above Average	(1.5)
N/A REMIC	ELLA/Section 8 Mix/Match	Northeastern Towers Annex	2022 Series A 2016 Series C/2016 Series E	Queens	159	N/A	S	8,906,160 13,295,382	8,745,000 14,055,000	3.010 5.700	5-May-22 17-May-19	1-Sep-61 1-May-49		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average Superior	(16) (1)
	Mix/Match	Norwood Gardens	2016 Series E	Bronx	118	N/A	s	9,143,278	8,713,828	2.220	17-May-19	1-May-49		Category 1	Superior	(16)
	LAMP Preservation	Ocelot ECW	2012 Series L	Bronx	119	100.00		2,235,010	2,685,000	5.150	20-Nov-13	24-Nov-43		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC N/A	Mix/Match Mix/Match	One Flushing	2020 Series C 2019 Series E	Queens	232	97.84	c	41,414,070 15,063,032	42,785,000 14,502,852	5.300 2.240	26-Mar-20 26-Mar-20	1-Apr-55 1-Apr-55		Category 9 Category 1	Superior Superior	(1) (16)
	Preservation	PACC Resyndication	2015 Series D	Brooklyn	496	99.60		9,127,168	10,000,000	5.700	11-May-17	30-Jun-47		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
	PACT	PACT Brooklyn Bundle II	2019 Series L/2020 Series A	Brooklyn	2,625	94.63		105,811,307	122,000,000	4.180	12-Feb-22	1-Feb-60		Category 13	N/A	
	PACT PACT	PACT Harlem River PACT Manhattan Bundle	2022 Series A 2020 Series I	Manhattan Manhattan	693 1.718	N/A N/A		33,161,457 36,521,842	34,750,000 40.000.000	4.100	17-Feb-22 30-Nov-20	1-Mar-62 1-Dec-60		Category 13 Category 13	N/A N/A	
	LAMP	POP Bishop Boardman	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	200	97.50		5,945,833	9,300,000	6.140	17-Nov-08	15-May-36	24-Aug-32	Category 7	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	POP Bishop Mugavero	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	85	94.12		3,173,333	4,950,000	6.140	17-Nov-08	15-May-36	8-May-26	Category 7	Satisfactory	
	LAMP	POP Holy Spirit POP Mary Star of the Sea	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan Manhattan	50 100	96.00 97.00		1,706,667 4,424,167	2,650,000 6,900,000	6.140 6.140	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08	15-May-36 15-May-36	22-May-32	Category 7 Category 7	Above Average Above Average	
			2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	50	98.00		2,310,000	3,600,000	6.140	17-Nov-08	15-May-36	15-Mar-28	Category 7	Above Average	
N/A	LAMP	POP Misgr. Burke				98.61		3,344,167	5,200,000	6.140	17-Nov-08	15-May-36		Category 7	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	POP Msgr. Burke POP Msgr. Campbell	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	72											
N/A N/A	LAMP	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. OBrien	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	112	97.32		3,465,000	5,400,000	6.140	17-Nov-08	15-May-36		Category 7	Above Average	
N/A N/A	LAMP	POP Msgr. Campbell	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series		112 60	97.32 100.00		3,465,000 2,400,000 4,650,000		6.140 6.140 6.140	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08	15-May-36	8-Apr-26	Category 7 Category 7	Above Average Satisfactory Above Average	
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. OBrien POP Pope John Paul II POP Sr. Lucian POP St. Brendan	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan	112 60 149 120	97.32 100.00 95.30 95.00		2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667	5,400,000 3,750,000 7,250,000 6,000,000	6.140 6.140 6.140	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08	15-May-36 15-May-36 15-May-36	8-Apr-26	Category 7	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory	
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP Preservation/Section 8	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. OBrien POP Pope John Paul II POP Sr. Lucian	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series D	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan	112 60 149	97.32 100.00 95.30		2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667 17,159,075	5,400,000 3,750,000 7,250,000 6,000,000 18,800,000	6.140 6.140 6.140 5.700	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 9-May-17	15-May-36 15-May-36 15-May-36 31-May-47	8-Apr-26	Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Satisfactory	(i)
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA REMIC	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP Reservation/Section 8 Mix/Match	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. OBrien POP Pope John Paul II POP Sr. Lucian POP Sr. Brendan PRC Andrews	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series I 2016 Series I	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Bronx	112 60 149 120 248	97.32 100.00 95.30 95.00	5	2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667 17,159,075 11,983,008	5,400,000 3,750,000 7,250,000 6,000,000 18,800,000 12,530,000	6.140 6.140 6.140 5.700 5.200	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 9-Мау-17 6-Apr-20	15-May-36 15-May-36 31-May-47 30-Jun-49	8-Apr-26	Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Satisfactory Superior	(i) (1)
N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A SONYMA	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP Preservation/Section 8 Mix/Match Mix/Match LAMP Preservation/Section 8	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. OBrien POP Pope John Paul II POP Sr. Lucian POP St. Brendan PRC Andrews PRC Fox Street Development PRC Shakespeare	2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series D 2015 Series D 2015 Series D 2015 Series E 2022 Series E	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	112 60 149 120 248 200 414	97.32 100.00 95.30 95.00 99.19 97.50 98.55	S	2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667 17,159,075 11,983,008 19,000,000 22,767,721	5,400,000 3,750,000 7,250,000 6,000,000 18,800,000 12,530,000 19,000,000 26,270,000	6.140 6.140 6.140 5.700 5.200 1.000 5.500	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 9-May-17 6-Apr-20 6-Apr-20 5-Feb-15	15-May-36 15-May-36 31-May-37 30-Jun-49 30-Jun-49 28-Feb-45	8-Apr-26	Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Satisfactory Superior Superior Below Average	(1) (i)
N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A SONYMA SONYMA	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP Value Preservation/Section 8 Mix/Match Mix/Match LAMP Preservation/Section 8 LAMP Preservation	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. OBrien POP Pope John Paul II POP St. Erendan POP St. Brendan PRC Fox Street Development	2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series L 2015 Series L 2017 Series L 2012 Series L	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Bronx	112 60 149 120 248 200	97.32 100.00 95.30 95.00 99.19 97.50	S	2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667 17,159,075 11,983,008 19,000,000 22,767,721 13,218,088	5,400,000 3,750,000 6,000,000 18,800,000 12,530,000 19,000,000 26,270,000 16,250,000	6.140 6.140 6.140 5.700 5.200 1.000 5.500 5.000	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 9-May-17 6-Apr-20 6-Apr-20 5-Feb-15 20-Mar-13	15-May-36 15-May-36 31-May-37 30-Jun-49 30-Jun-49 28-Feb-45 30-Nov-43	8-Apr-26	Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Superior Superior Below Average Satisfactory	(1) (i) (i)
N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA REMIC SONYMA SONYMA REMIC	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP Preservation/Section 8 Mix/Match Mix/Match LAMP Preservation LAMP Preservation Mix/Match	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. OBrien POP Pope John Paul II POP Sr. Erendan POP St. Brendan PRC Andrews PRC Fox Street Development PRC Shakespeare PRC Simpson Street	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series D 2015 Series D 2017 Series E 2022 Series E 2022 Series E 2018 Series C	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	112 60 149 120 248 200 414 301	97.32 100.00 95.30 95.00 99.19 97.50 98.55 96.35	S	2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667 17,159,075 11,983,008 19,000,000 22,767,721 13,218,088 8,073,793	5,400,000 3,750,000 7,250,000 6,000,000 18,800,000 12,530,000 19,000,000 26,270,000 16,250,000 8,180,000	6.140 6.140 5.700 5.200 1.000 5.500 5.000 5.700	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 9-May-17 6-Apr-20 6-Apr-20 5-Feb-15 20-Mar-13 30-Mar-22	15-May-36 15-May-36 31-May-47 30-Jun-49 30-Jun-49 28-Feb-45 30-Nov-43 1-Apr-52	8-Apr-26	Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Satisfactory Superior Below Average Satisfactory N/A	(1) (i)
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A SONYMA SONYMA REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP Preservation/Section 8 Mix/Match LAMP Preservation/Section 8 LAMP Preservation Mix/Match Mix/Match	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. OBrien POP Pope John Paul II POP Sr. Lucian POP St. Brendan PRC Andrews PRC Fox Street Development PRC Shakespeare	2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series L 2015 Series L 2017 Series L 2012 Series L	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	112 60 149 120 248 200 414	97.32 100.00 95.30 95.00 99.19 97.50 98.55	S S	2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667 17,159,075 11,983,008 19,000,000 22,767,721 13,218,088	5,400,000 3,750,000 6,000,000 18,800,000 12,530,000 19,000,000 26,270,000 16,250,000	6.140 6.140 6.140 5.700 5.200 1.000 5.500 5.000	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 9-May-17 6-Apr-20 6-Apr-20 5-Feb-15 20-Mar-13	15-May-36 15-May-36 31-May-37 30-Jun-49 30-Jun-49 28-Feb-45 30-Nov-43	8-Apr-26	Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Superior Superior Below Average Satisfactory	(1) (i) (i)
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. Obrien POP Msgr. Obrien POP Street POP St. Brendan PRC Andrews PRC Fox Street Development PRC Simpson Street PRC Tiffany Street PRC Westchester	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series I 2015 Series I 2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2013 Series C 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2020 Series F 2021 Series F	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	112 60 149 120 248 200 414 301 161 409	97.32 100.00 95.30 95.00 99.19 97.50 98.55 96.35 96.35 N/A 95.60	S S	2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667 17,159,075 11,983,008 19,000,000 22,767,721 13,218,088 8,073,793 12,075,093 12,075,093 21,107,333 9,607,874	5,400,000 3,750,000 7,250,000 12,530,000 12,530,000 19,000,000 16,250,000 16,250,000 8,180,000 12,5120,000 9,890,000	6.140 6.140 5.700 5.200 1.000 5.500 5.000 5.700 1.000 5.500 4.750	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 9-May-17 6-Apr-20 6-Apr-20 5-Feb-15 20-Mar-13 30-Mar-22 30-Mar-22 19-Nov-13 15-Oct-20	15-May-36 15-May-36 31-May-47 30-Jun-49 30-Jun-49 28-Feb-45 30-Nov-43 1-Apr-52 1-Apr-52 31-Dec-44 1-Oct-50	8-Apr-26 24-Jun-35	Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 7	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Superior Superior Below Average Satisfactory N/A N/A Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1) (i) (i) (1)
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A N/A	LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	POP Msgr. Campbell POP Msgr. Obrien POP Stgr. Dorien POP St. Brendan PRC Andrews PRC Fox Street Development PRC Simpson Street PRC Simpson Street PRC Tiffany Street	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series D 2017 Series E 2022 Series E 2022 Series E 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2021 Series G	Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	112 60 149 120 248 200 414 301 161	97.32 100.00 95.30 95.00 99.19 97.50 98.55 96.35 N/A	s s s	2,400,000 4,650,000 3,836,667 17,159,075 11,983,008 19,000,000 22,767,721 13,218,088 8,073,793 12,075,000 21,107,333	5,400,000 3,750,000 7,250,000 18,800,000 19,000,000 26,270,000 16,250,000 8,180,000 12,075,000 25,120,000	6.140 6.140 5.700 5.200 1.000 5.500 5.000 5.700 1.000 5.500	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08 9-May-17 6-Apr-20 5-Feb-15 20-Mar-12 30-Mar-22 30-Mar-22 19-Nov-13	15-May-36 15-May-36 31-May-36 31-May-47 30-Jun-49 30-Jun-49 28-Feb-45 30-Nov-43 1-Apr-52 31-Dec-44	8-Apr-26 24-Jun-35	Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1 Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Sugerior Superior Below Average Satisfactory N/A N/A Satisfactory	(1) (i) (i) (1) (i)

						Occupa	Outstandin		Mortg	g Mortgage		HAP/TAC/	Prepayment		
Supple- mental	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development	Applicable Series	Borough	No. of	ncy	Mortgage Bala		e	Loan	Final Mortgage	§236 Contract	Category (see	Physical Inspection	Foot-note
Security	Subsidy Program(3)	Name	Resolution	Dorough	Units	Rate (%)	(S)=Subordin Lien Positio	Amount	Intere	t Closing Date	Maturity	Expiration	Appendix E-2)		1001-11010
REMIC	LAMP	Park West Apartments	2022 Series E	Bronx	134	98.51	7.836				5 30-Jun-46	Date††	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	Park West Apartments	2022 Series E 2020 Series F	BIOIX	134	50.51	8,140	-, -,					Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Parkview Apartments	2018 Series D	Bronx	110	99.09	S 4,950				1-Dec-36	31-Dec-39	Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2020 Series E/2020 Series F				5,430					N/A	Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A N/A	LAMP ML Repair Loan	Parkview II Penn South	2020 Series D 2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx Manhattan	88 2,820	100.00	S 3,960 S 15,110	, ,				15-May-32	Category 1	Satisfactory N/A	(5)(11)
,		Tenn South	2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series/201		2,020	100.00						13-1vidy-32		,	(3)(11)
Freddie Mac	LAMP/Section 8		Series F/2019 Series G	-			58,224	675 59,125,	500 4.7	30 4-Dec-19	1-Dec-39		Category 7	Above Average	
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Phelps House	2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series/201	9 Manhattan	169	96.45	6,469	408 6,569,	500 4.7	4-Dec-19	1-Dec-39		Category 7	Above Average	
FHA 221 (d)(4)	LAMP Preservation	Phipps Plaza South	Series F/2019 Series G 2019 Series G	Manhattan	402	94.28	4,218	447 4,954,	372 6.5	00 13-Mar-12	1-Feb-49	8-Dec-33	Category 7	Above Average	
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Pio-VIP Homes	2014 Series G	Bronx	184	95.11	13,598					0-Dec-55	Category 9	Superior	(i)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation	Plaza Borinquen	2013 Series F	Bronx	88	98.86	7,674		000 5.9	50 1-May-1	7 30-Jun-46		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	Plover Apartments	2014 Series C	Bronx	138	94.93	2,827					27-Aug-44	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
SONYMA REMIC	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Prince Hall Apartments	2022 Series E	Manhattan	98	97.96	7,831				1-Oct-45		Category 9	Above Average	(i) (1)
N/A	LAMP	Prospect Avenue	2021 Series L 2021 Series D	Bronx	124	97.58	9,222 S 6,540						Category 7 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	respectivelide	2021 Series A	DIGHX	124	57.50	3,464						Category 8	Above Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Prospect Court	2021 Series A	Bronx	59	94.92	S 3,835						Category 1	Above Average	(14)
N/A	New HOP	Prospect Macy	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	63	100.00	4,105						Category 9	Above Average	
Freddie Mac N/A	Preservation/Section 8	Description of Deals Country Dealsfelling	2021 Series J/2021 Series L	Desaldura	200	N/A	66,794 7,417				1-Oct-41 1-Oct-41		Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A FHA Risk Share	Preservation/Section 8 LAMP	Prospect Park South Portfolio	2021 Series J/2021 Series L 2014 Series G	Brooklyn	386	N/A	7,417				1-Oct-41 31-Dec-52		Category 7 Category 9	Satisfactory Superior	
N/A	LAMP	Prospect Plaza II	2017 Series G	Brooklyn	148	97.97	S 5,109				31-Dec-52		Category 1	Superior	
FHA Risk Share	LAMP		2014 Series C				2,475	325 2,710,	000 5.7				Category 9	Above Average	
N/A	LAMP	Prospect Plaza Ph 1	2014 Series C	Brooklyn	110	100.00	S 4,680						Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC N/A	ELLA	Prospect Plaza Site 3	2019 Series D 2016 Series D/2018 Series K/2019 Series B	Brooklyn	135	97.04	6,970 S 9,269						Category 7	Above Average	(1)
REMIC	Preservation	Prospect Plaza Site 3	2019 Series L/2021 Series B	вгоокіуп	135	97.04	5 9,269						Category 1 Category 7	Above Average Below Average	(16)
N/A	New HOP	Putnam Deegan II	2018 Series D	Bronx	44	100.00	S 1,422				1-Jul-56		Category 1	Below Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Queens Family Courthouse Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated	Queens	346	96.24	S 14,249	614 15,275,	000 1.0	00 16-Apr-1			Category 1	Above Average	
N/A	HAC	Queenswood Apartments	N/A	Queens	296	95.27	S 17,929						Category 1	Satisfactory	(13)
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring ELLA	RNA House	2014 Series E/2021 Series D 2016 Series C/2016 Series E	Manhattan	208	99.52	1,163						Category 11	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5)
N/A	ELLA	Randolph Houses North	2016 Series C/2016 Series E 2016 Series E	Manhattan	115	100.00	4,743 S 4,893						Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory	(1) (16)
N/A	Preservation	Restore Housing	2019 Series F	Brooklyn	138	98.55	S 7,675						Category 7	Satisfactory	(10)
REMIC	LAMP		2019 Series A				3,022	866 3,620,	000 6.0	00 26-Feb-13	21-Dec-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Rev. Dr. Fletcher C. Crawford Housing	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	84	100.00	S 4,620						Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	N/A LAMP	Revive 103 North	2012 Series L/2021 Series A 2021 Series A	Manhattan	30	83.33	970						Category 8 Category 8	Satisfactory Below Average	(1) (1)
N/A	LAMP	Richmond Place	2021 Series A 2021 Series A	Queens	117	86.32	4,305 S 7,605						Category 8 Category 1	Below Average	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	Rennond Flace	2018 Series D	queens	117	00.52	1,891						Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	River Rock	2021 Series D	Brooklyn	54	98.15	S 2,970				30-Sep-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan	River Terrace (156-20 Riverside Dr)	2008 Series F/2018 Series D	Manhattan		100.00	11,994						Category 11	Satisfactory	(1)(5)
REMIC	Mixed-Middle LAMP	Riverwalk 8	2018 Series K/2022 Series H	Manhattan	341 115		60,743						Category 7	N/A	(1)
N/A	ML Restructuring	Riverway Apartments Rosalie Manning	2016 Series F 2015 Series D	Brooklyn Manhattan	109	96.52 100.00	5,769					7-Mar-31	Category 7 Category 11	Above Average Satisfactory	(5)(13)
REMIC	LAMP	Rosaic Mannig	2018 Series D	Mannattan	105	100.00	6,267		0.0			7 1101 51	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Roscoe C. Brown	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	279	99.28	S 15,345	000 15,345,	000 1.0	00 21-Aug-1	26-Jun-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	Rose Hill	2019 Series A	Bronx	119	98.32	6,379					1-Aug-25	Category 9	Above Average	(iii)
REMIC	LAMP/Certificate Program ML Restructuring	Rubin Wolf Apartments	2022 Series E 2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	69	94.20	3,476						Category 9	Above Average Satisfactory	(1) (1)(5)(10)
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Ruppert House Coop	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	652	99.23	6,626 S 1,117					26-lun-33	Category 7 Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)(3)(10) (5)(10)
REMIC	ML Restructuring	Ryerson Towers (309 Lafayette Ave)	2008-2018 Consolidated/2014 Series H	Brooklyn	327	99.69	8,980					20 341 33	Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)(5)
REMIC	Preservation		2021 Series B				9,509	249 9,720,	000 4.2	00 1-Jul-2:			Category 7	N/A	(1)
N/A	Preservation	STRIVERS PLAZA II-A & B	2014 Series B	Manhattan	117	100.00	S 5,907						Category 1	N/A	
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Scheuer Gardens	2022 Series E	Bronx	116 100	96.55	6,825					N/A	Category 9	Above Average	(i) (i)
CONIVAAA			2022 Series E	Bronx	100	99.00	7,359						Category 9 Category 9	Above Average Superior	(1)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Scheuer Plaza	2016 Series C								31 Aug 40	1-Api-20	Category 1	Superior	(16)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8		2016 Series C 2016 Series E	Staten Island	161	97.52	13,535 S 9,267		000 2.2						(5)
		Scheuer Plaza Seaview Site C	2016 Series C 2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F	Staten Island	161	97.52	13,535 S 9,267 29,418	285 8,855,					Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236	Seaview Site C	2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F				S 9,267 29,418 S 1,449	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600,	000 5.2 000 4.2	25 21-Oct-20 73 21-Oct-20	0 1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26		Category 7 Category 13	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring		2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F	Staten Island Queens	161 460	97.52 92.61	S 9,267 29,418	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600,	000 5.2 000 4.2	25 21-Oct-20 73 21-Oct-20	0 1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236	Seaview Site C	2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018				S 9,267 29,418 S 1,449	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600, 961 280,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7	25 21-Oct-20 73 21-Oct-20 50 21-Oct-20	0 1-Nov-60 0 1-Feb-26 0 1-Nov-30		Category 7 Category 13	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5) (5) (5)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236	Seaview Site C	2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series		460		S 9,267 29,418 29,418 S 1,449 S 223 2,643 2,643	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600, 961 280, 909 10,809,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5	25 21-Oct-20 73 21-Oct-20 50 21-Oct-20 00 23-Sep-0!	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35	1-Feb-36	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A Fannie Mae	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Repair Loan ELLA	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal	2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2015 Series P/2015 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2021 Series D 2018 Series C	Queens	460 296	92.61 97.97	S 9,267 29,418 29,418 S 1,449 S 223 2,643 2,643 S 5,143 23,476 23,476	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600, 961 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 115 23,750,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7	25 21-Oct-20 73 21-Oct-20 50 21-Oct-20 50 23-Sep-0 50 27-Apr-1 50 31-Mar-2	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 2 31-Dec-56	1-Feb-36	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average	(5) (5) (5) (1)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Repair Loan ELLA ELLA	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers	2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2021 Series D 2018 Series C 2018 Series C	Queens	460 296	92.61	S 9,267 29,418 29,418 S 1,449 S 2,643 S 5,143 S 5,143 23,476 5 S 15,128	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600, 961 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 115 23,750, 587 15,000,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7 000 1.8	25 21-Oct-20 73 21-Oct-20 50 21-Oct-20 50 23-Sep-01 50 27-Apr-11 50 31-Mar-22 50 31-Mar-24	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 2 31-Dec-56 2 31-Dec-56		Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Superior	(5) (5) (1) (16)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A REMIC	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Repair Loan ELLA ELLA LAMP	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal Second Farms	2015 Series E 2020 Series J 2020 Series F 2015 Series D 2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018 2021 Series D 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2012 Series L	Queens Brooklyn Bronx	460 296 319	92.61 97.97 N/A	S 9,267 29,418 S S 1,449 S 223 2,643 S S 5,143 23,476 S S 15,128 4,369	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600, 961 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 115 23,750, 587 15,000, 745 5,270,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7 000 1.8 000 5.5	21-Oct-20 21-Oct-20 21-Oct-20 21-Oct-20 20 23-Sep-0! 50 27-Apr-1! 50 31-Mar-2! 50 29-May-1!	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 2 31-Dec-56 31-Dec-56 29-May-43	26-Dec-25	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Superior Satisfactory	(5) (5) (5) (1)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Repair Loan ELLA ELLA LAMP LAMP	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal	2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2015 Series D/2008-2018 2015 Series D 2021 Series D 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Queens Brooklyn	460 296	92.61 97.97	S 9,267 29,418 29,418 S 1,449 S 223 2,643 2,643 S 5,143 23,476 5 S 15,128 4,369 8,320	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600, 961 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 115 23,750, 587 15,000, 745 5,270, 000 8,320,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7 000 5.8 000 5.7 000 5.5 000 1.0	21-Oct-20 21-Oct-20 21-Oct-20 21-Oct-20 21-Oct-20 23-Sep-00 23-Sep-00 23-Sep-00 31-Mar-21 30 29-May-11 20 29-May-12	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 2 31-Dec-56 2 31-Dec-56 29-May-43 29-May-43	26-Dec-25 N/A	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Superior Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5) (5) (1) (16) (1)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A REMIC	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Repair Loan ELLA ELLA LAMP	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal Second Farms	2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2015 Series D/2008-2018 2018 Series C 2012 Series L 2012 Series L 2021 Series D 2014 Series D 2015 Series D	Queens Brooklyn Bronx Bronx	460 296 319	92.61 97.97 N/A	S 9,267 29,418 29,418 S 1,449 S 223 2,643 23,476 S 15,128 4,369 S S 3,320	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600, 961 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 115 23,750, 587 15,000, 745 5,270, 000 8,320, 165 5,475,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.5 000 1.0 000 5.1	21	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 31-Dec-56 31-Dec-56 29-May-43 30-Sep-43	26-Dec-25 N/A N/A	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 1 Category 1 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Superior Satisfactory Satisfactory Above Average	(5) (5) (1) (16)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 MI: Restructuring MI: Restructuring/Section 236 MI: Restructuring/Section 236 MI: Repair Loan ELLA ELLA LAMP LAMP LAMP	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal Second Farms Sedgcliff	2016 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2015 Series P/2015 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2021 Series D 20218 Series C 20218 Series C 20212 Series D 20212 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D	Queens Brooklyn Bronx	460 296 319 128	92.61 97.97 N/A 97.66	S 9,267 29,418 29,418 S 1,449 S 223 2,643 2,643 S 5,143 23,476 5 S 15,128 4,369 8,320	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 480 2,600, 961 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 115 23,750, 587 15,000, 745 5,270, 000 5,980,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.5 000 1.0 000 5.1 000 1.0	21-Oct-2(21-Oct-2(21-Oct-2(21-Oct-2(21-Oct-2(00 23-Sep-0! 20 27-Apr-1 00 29-May-1! 00 29-May-1! 00 20-Feb-1+ 00 20-Feb-1+	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 31-Dec-56 2-S1-Dec-56 2-S1-Dec-56 2-May-43 2-May-43 30-Sep-43 30-Sep-43	26-Dec-25 N/A N/A	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Superior Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5) (5) (1) (16) (1)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Repair Loan ELLA LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP L	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal Second Farms Sedgcliff Self Help KVII Selfhelp (KIV) Apartments	2015 Series E 2020 Series D/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2021 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series D/2008-2018 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2012 Series L 2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series C 2019 Series C/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2019 Series E	Queens Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Queens Queens	460 296 319 128 92 159	92.61 97.97 N/A 97.66 100.00 90.57	S 9,267 29,418 S 1,449 S 1,449 S S 223 223 S 5,143 23,476 S 15,128 4,369 S 8,320 4,588 S 5,980 2,976 48,970 48,970 48,970	285 8,855, 557 29,990, 961 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 1115 23,750, 887 15,000, 745 5,270, 000 8,320, 165 5,475, 000 5,980, 049 6,900,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.5 000 5.1 000 5.6 000 5.6 000 5.6 000 5.5	21-Oct.2 73 21-Oct.2 73 21-Oct.2 73 21-Oct.2 70 21-Oct.2 70 21-Oct.2 70 21-Oct.2 70 21-Oct.2 70 23-Sep.0: 70 21-Oct.2 70 21-Oct.2 70 21-Oct.2 70 29-May.1: 70 20-Feb.1: 70 20-Feb.1: 70 20-Feb.1: 70 21-Nov.0 70 22-Nay.2:	 1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 31-Dec-56 32-May-43 29-May-43 30-Sep-43 30-Sep-43 30-Sep-43 1-Dec-38 1-Jan-64 	26-Dec-25 N/A N/A	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 1 Category 1 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Above Average Above Average Superior N/A	(5) (5) (1) (16) (1) (1) (1) (1)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Repair Loan ELLA LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP/HAC ELLA ELLA ELLA ELLA	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal Second Farms Sedgcliff Self Help KVII	2016 Series E 2020 Series J/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series D 2015 Series D 2015 Series D 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2014 Series D 2014 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2015 Series C 2019 Series C	Queens Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Queens	460 296 319 128 92 159	92.61 97.97 N/A 97.66 100.00	S 9,267 29,418 1,449 S 1,449 S 2,23 2,643 23,476 S 15,128 4,369 8,320 5 5,980 2,976 48,970 5 15,000 5 15,000	285 8,855, 557 29,990, 661 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 115 23,750, 887 15,000, 745 5,270, 165 5,475, 000 5,980, 049,99,900, 6,900, 000 15,000,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.5 000 5.1 000 5.1 000 5.6 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.4	21-oct:2 73 21-oct:2 73 21-oct:2 73 21-oct:2 74 21-oct:2 75 21-oct:2 76 21-oct:2 76 21-oct:2 76 21-oct:2 76 21-oct:2 77 21-oct:2 78 29-May:1 79 20-Feb-1 70 20-Feb-1 70 20-Feb-1 70 25-Apr:2 70 25-Apr:2	 1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 31-Dec-56 31-Dec-56 29-May-43 30-Sep-43 30-Sep-43 1-Dec-38 1-Jan-64 1-Jan-64 	26-Dec-25 N/A N/A	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Superior Satisfactory Satisfactory Above Average Superior N/A N/A	(5) (5) (1) (16) (1) (1) (1)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC REMIC N/A FARIsk Share FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Repair Loan ELLA LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP ELLA ELLA ELLA ELLA ELLA ELLA ELLA ELL	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal Second Farms Sedgeliff Self Help KVI Selfhelp (KIV) Apartments Sendero Verde	2015 Series E 2020 Series J/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series D 2018 Series C 2011 Series D 2018 Series C 2012 Series L 2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series C 2019 Series E 2019 Series E 2019 Series E 2019 Series G 2015 Series G	Queens Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Queens Queens Manhattan	460 296 319 128 92 159 361	92.61 97.97 N/A 97.66 100.00 90.57 N/A	S 9,267 29,418 29,418 S 1,449 S 223 2,643 23,476 S 15,128 4,369 5 S 8,320 4,588 5,988 2,976 48,970 S 15,028 15,030 15,030	285 8,855, 567 29,990, 961 280, 909 10,809, 523 6,279, 587 15,000, 745 5,270, 000 8,320, 165 5,475, 000 8,320, 165 5,475, 000 48,970, 000 15,000, 75,980, 15,000, 76 16,070,	0000 5.2 0000 4.2 0000 4.7 6667 6.5 7746 6.2 0000 5.7 0000 5.7 0000 5.5 0000 5.0 0000 5.1 0000 5.1 0000 5.6 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.5 0000 5.8 0000 5.8	21-oct:2 73 21-oct:2 73 21-oct:2 74 21-oct:2 75 21-oct:2 76 21-oct:2 77 21-oct:2 78 21-oct:2 79 21-oct:2 70 23-Sep-0 70 31-Mar-2 70 29-May-1 70 29-May-1 70 20-Feb-1 70 25-Apr-2 70 25-Apr-2 70 20-Mar-1	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 231-Dec-56 31-Dec-56 29-May-43 30-Sep-43 30-Sep-43 1-Jan-64 1-Jan-64 28-Feb-54	26-Dec-25 N/A N/A	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 13 Category 7 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Above Average Above Average Superior N/A Superior	(5) (5) (1) (16) (1) (1) (1) (1) (16) (16)
FHA Risk Share N/A FHA Risk Share N/A Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC N/A REMIC FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Repair Loan ELLA LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP/HAC ELLA ELLA ELLA ELLA	Seaview Site C Seaview Towers Second Atlantic Terminal Second Farms Sedgcliff Self Help KVII Selfhelp (KIV) Apartments	2016 Series E 2020 Series J/2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series F 2020 Series D 2015 Series D 2015 Series D 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2018 Series C 2014 Series D 2014 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2020 Series D 2015 Series C 2019 Series C	Queens Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Queens Queens	460 296 319 128 92 159	92.61 97.97 N/A 97.66 100.00 90.57	S 9,267 29,418 1,449 S 1,449 S 2,23 2,643 23,476 S 15,128 4,369 8,320 5 5,980 2,976 48,970 5 15,000 5 15,000	285 8,855, 657 29,990, 961 280, 952 6,279, 115 23,750, 887 15,000, 961 5,475, 900 6,000, 901 10,809, 902 6,279, 915 23,750, 887 15,000, 900 8,320, 165 5,475, 900 48,970, 900 48,970, 900 15,000, 766 16,070, 706 16,070,	000 5.2 000 4.2 000 4.2 000 4.7 667 6.5 746 6.2 000 5.7 000 5.7 000 5.5 000 5.0 000 5.1 000 5.6 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.6 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 5.5 000 2.9 000 5.8 000 2.5	21-oct:2 32 21-oct:2 30 21-oct:4 30 21-oct:4 30 21-oct:2 30 21-oct:4 31-Mar:2 31-Mar:2 30 29-May-1: 30 29-May-1: 30 20-Feb-1 30 20-Mar-1 30 20-Mar-1 30 20-Mar-1	1-Nov-60 1-Feb-26 1-Nov-30 31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41 231-Dec-56 31-Dec-56 29-May-43 30-Sep-43 30-Sep-43 1-Jan-64 1-Jan-64 2-Feb-54	26-Dec-25 N/A N/A	Category 7 Category 13 Category 13 Category 11 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory Below Average Below Average Superior Superior Satisfactory Satisfactory Above Average Superior N/A N/A	(5) (5) (1) (16) (1) (1) (1) (1)

Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Occupa ncy Rate (%)	Outstanding Mortgage Balance (S)=Subordinate Lien Position	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgag e Interest Rate	Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Mortgage Maturity	HAP/TAC/ §236 Contract Expiration Date††	Prepayment Category (see Appendix E-2)	Physical Inspectio	on Foot-note
REMIC	New HOP		2002 Series C/2008 Series E/2008-2018 Consol. Series				11,930,046	13,145,000	6.700	15-Nov-13	30-Jun-45	15-Oct-31	Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Shakespeare Place	2018 Series D	Bronx	127	96.06	S 10,795,000	10,795,000	1.000	15-Nov-13	30-Sep-45		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP/LIRP	Silverleaf	2018 Series D	Bronx	118	97.46	S 6,490,000	6,490,000	1.000	27-Feb-07	1-Mar-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
Freddie Mac	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Sinclair Apartments	2022 Series A	Manhattan	81	98.77	11,300,612	13,000,000	5.450	21-Dec-12	1-Jan-43		Category 8	Satisfactory	_
REMIC	LAMP		2022 Series E				5,494,991	6,090,000	5.500	15-Dec-16	31-Aug-46		Category 7	Above Average	(1)
N/A SONYMA	LAMP LAMP/Section 8	Soundview Family Soundview Senior	2021 Series C 2022 Series E	Bronx Bronx	120 86	93.33 90.70	S 7,800,000 6,734,560		1.000 6.100	15-Dec-16 16-May-17	31-Aug-46 19-Jul-46		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average Superior	(i)
Fannie Mae	LAMP Preservation	Southern Boulevard Apartments	2022 Series E 2021 Series G	Bronx	370	99.73	33,058,411		5.500	28-Jun-12	1-Jul-40		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	ELLA		2017 Series G				9,399,334	9,580,000	5.750	17-Mar-21	1-Apr-56		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	ELLA	Spring Creek 4B-1	2017 Series G	Brooklyn	160	29.37	S 9,509,838	9,200,000	2.610	17-Mar-21	1-Apr-56		Category 1	Superior	(16)
	ELLA		2019 Series B				15,044,808		5.750	18-Nov-22	1-Dec-57		Category 9	N/A	(1)
N/A	ELLA	Spring Creek 4B-2	2019 Series B	Brooklyn	240	N/A	S 15,102,946	15,000,000	2.850	18-Nov-22	1-Dec-57		Category 1	N/A	(16)
	New HOP	Sh. Anna Tannan ADU	2019 Series A	Deserve	100	100.00	23,247,251		6.200	16-Apr-12	25-Jun-40	N//	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A REMIC	New HOP LAMP	St. Anns Terrace ABH	2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2019 Series A	Bronx	166	100.00	S 14,110,000 18,660,663	14,110,000	1.000	16-Apr-12 16-Apr-12	25-Jun-40 25-Jun-47		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	St. Anns Terrace CDE	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	314	97.77	S 19,270,000	19,270,000	0.000	16-Apr-12	25-Jun-47 25-Jun-47	51-Aug-27	Category 1	Satisfactory	(14)
REMIC	LAMP	St. Ams Terrate CDL	2020 Series A	bronx	514	57.77	6,511,272	7,925,000	5.500	24-Jan-13	29-Sep-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	(14)
N/A	LAMP	St. Anns Terrace FG	2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	161	98.76	S 10,465,000	10,465,000	1.000	24-Jan-13	29-Sep-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	. ,
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	St. Lucys Apartments	2021 Series G	Manhattan	100	100.00	2,537,238	2,945,000	5.500	5-Nov-14	30-Nov-44		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	St. Lukes Housing for the Elderly	2021 Series A	Bronx	81	100.00	4,368,754		5.350	12-Nov-13	31-Dec-43		Category 9	Above Average	(i)
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series		-	107 -	4,496,061	4,901,707	5.600	10-Dec-15	1-Jan-51		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	St. Peters Avenue Apts (ABEKEN II)	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	58	100.00	S 3,591,352	3,190,000	2.580	10-Dec-15	1-Jan-51	1-Jan-26	Category 1	Satisfactory	(16)
FHA Risk Share	LAMP	Stanlau Campana	2018 Series E 2018 Series H	Description	240	92.08	8,881,681 S 15,000,000		5.700 1.000	17-Aug-18	30-Jun-47 30-Jun-47		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A REMIC	LAMP New HOP	Stanley Commons	2018 Series H 2020 Series A	Brooklyn	240	52.08	S 15,000,000 6,314,157	7,615,000	1.000	17-Aug-18 14-May-13	30-Jun-47 29-Jun-42		Category 1 Category 8	Above Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Stapleton Court	2020 Series A 2020 Series A	Staten Island	92	97.83	S 7,820,000	7,813,000	1.000	14-May-13	29-Jun-42 29-Jun-42		Category 1	Above Average	(14)
	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Supreton court	2015 Series E	Statemistand	52	57.05	S 2,300,600		3.700	29-Jun-17	31-Jan-36		Category 11	Satisfactory	(14)
	ML Preservation	Stevenson Commons	2021 Series B	Bronx	947	96.09	S 47,024,260		4.750	30-Jun-21	1-Jul-56		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
	Mix/Match		2016 Series C/2016 Series E				23,121,847	24,055,000	5.700	15-May-20	28-Feb-50		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
N/A	Mix/Match	Story Avenue East	2016 Series E	Bronx	212	98.58	S 15,490,000	15,490,000	2.220	15-May-20	28-Feb-50		Category 1	Satisfactory	(16)
	Mix/Match		2016 Series I				22,690,728		5.200	18-Aug-20	31-Aug-50		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
N/A	Mix/Match	Story Avenue West	2017 Series E	Bronx	223	99.10	S 17,561,250		2.240	18-Aug-20	31-Aug-50		Category 1	Satisfactory	(16)
REMIC N/A	New HOP New HOP	Strivers Plaza	2014 Series G 2018 Series A	Manhattan	54	96.30	9,692,708 S 3,510,000	10,440,000 3,510,000	5.700 1.000	5-Apr-18 5-Apr-18	31-Dec-47 31-Dec-47	5-Mar-30	Category 7	Above Average Above Average	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	Stilvers Flaza	2018 Series A 2014 Series G	Widiffidttaff	34	50.50	1,694,367	1,825,000	5.700	12-Apr-18	31-Dec-47 31-Dec-47		Category 1 Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Summit Ridge Apartments	2018 Series A	Bronx	58	100.00	S 3,770,000	3,770,000	1.000	12-Apr-18	31-Dec-47		Category 1	Superior	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Susans Court (454 Manhattan Avenue)	2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	125	100.00	S 4,940,000	4,940,000	1.000	17-Aug-10	1-Nov-39		Category 1	Above Average	
	ELLA		2016 Series C/2016 Series E				2,172,710	2,260,000	5.700	20-May-21	30-Jun-49		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	ELLA	TLK Manor	2016 Series E/2019 Series G	Bronx	83	95.18	S 5,520,136		2.220	20-May-21	30-Jun-49		Category 1	Satisfactory	(16)
N/A	PLP	TPT Findlay Avenue	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	20		393,790		5.500	15-Mar-10	1-Apr-30		Category 8	Below Average	_
Fannie Mae	Preservation	Tahl Propp Sec 8 Preservation Portfolio	2016 Series C	Manhattan	549	98.36	36,392,783		6.050	26-Jun-18	1-May-48		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)(40)
Fannie Mae REMIC	ML Restructuring/Section 236 Mixed-Middle	Tanya Towers	2008 Series F 2018 Series K	Manhattan	138	92.75	2,937,444 13,399,244		6.000 5.750	30-Jan-09 28-Mar-23	28-Feb-39 30-Sep-57	N/A	Category 11 Category 7	Satisfactory N/A	(5)(10)
N/A	Mixed-Middle	The Astra at Gates Avenue	2018 Series K	Brooklyn	96	N/A	S 8,551,211	8,550,000	2.950	28-Mar-23	30-Sep-57		Category 1	N/A	(1)
	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	The Bridge	2019 Series A	Manhattan	81		4,754,553	5,820,000	6.100	12-Apr-12	1-Apr-41		Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
REMIC	LAMP		2019 Series A				1,340,890	1,620,000	6.000	19-Oct-12	22-Dec-41		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	LAMP	The Dempsey	2021 Series D	Manhattan	80	93.75	S 4,400,000	4,400,000	1.000	19-Oct-12	22-Dec-41		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	LAMP	The Douglass	2019 Series A	Manhattan	70	100.00	5,349,696	6,000,000	6.000	22-Aug-12	30-Sep-49		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
	ELLA		2017 Series C			00.67	5,527,170	5,650,000	5.850	5-Nov-20	30-Jun-55		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A REMIC	ELLA LAMP	The Frederick	2021 Series F 2019 Series A	Manhattan	75	98.67	S 5,074,571 2,347,903	4,875,000	2.650	5-Nov-20 3-Apr-13	30-Jun-55 26-Sep-41		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(16)
N/A	LAMP	The Garvey	2019 Series A 2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	78	100.00	s 4,290,000	4,290,000	1.000	3-Apr-13 3-Apr-13	26-Sep-41 26-Sep-41		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
FHA Risk Share	Mix/Match	The Galvey	2017 Series A	BIOOKIYII	70	100.00	14,638,145		5.075	10-Aug-21	31-Jul-55		Category 9	Above Average	(14)
N/A	Mix/Match	The Gilbert	2017 Series E	Manhattan	153	100.00	S 10,151,397	10,151,397	1.000	10-Aug-21	31-Jul-55		Category 1	Above Average	
SONYMA	ELLA/Section 8		2015 Series D				10,342,705	10,995,000	5.700	27-Feb-19	28-Feb-49		Category 9	Superior	(i)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	The Glenmore	2018 Series H	Brooklyn	161	98.76	S 9,427,246		2.470	27-Feb-19	28-Feb-49		Category 1	Superior	(16)
SONYMA	LAMP		2014 Series C	L			11,508,420		5.750	21-Feb-18	28-Feb-48		Category 9	Above Average	(i)
N/A	LAMP	The Henry Apartments	2018 Series A	Brooklyn	134	95.52	S 8,710,000		1.000	21-Feb-18	28-Feb-48		Category 1	Above Average	141
REMIC N/A	LAMP/LIRP LAMP/LIRP	The Hobbs Ciena Court	2019 Series A 2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	340	97.06	16,217,814 S 18,700,000	19,175,000 18,700.000	6.000 1.000	27-Aug-13 24-Jan-13	30-Dec-41 30-Dec-41	N1/4	Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
	ELLA	nie nobus ciena court	2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2015 Series D	Mannattan	540	57.00	2,513,828	2,680,000	5.700	24-Jan-13 9-Nov-18	25-Jun-48	N/A	Category 1 Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	ELLA	The Pavilion at Locust Manor	2013 Series D 2018 Series H	Queens	85	N/A	S 5,720,055	5,355,050	2.470	9-Nov-18	25-Jun-48	14/7	Category 1	Superior	(1)
REMIC	N/A		2008-2018 Consolidated			,	1,583,536	1,830,000	7.200	1-May-13	30-Jun-43		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
	N/A	The Shelton aka St. Phillips Co-op	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	83	100.00	4,497,946	5,395,000	1.000	1-May-13	30-Jun-43		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP		2019 Series A				3,404,760	4,190,000	6.000	9-Feb-12	31-Mar-42		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	The Tiffany	2021 Series D	Bronx	54	94.44	S 4,050,000	4,050,000	1.000	9-Feb-12	31-Mar-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	+
	New HOP		2014 Series D/2008-2018 Consol. Series		10.	100.00	4,983,875	6,760,000	4.500	3-Jun-04	1-Jun-29	1.0- 27	Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A FHA Risk Share	New HOP LAMP/Section 8	The Washington (Site 14)	2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2022 Series A	Manhattan	104	100.00	S 1,533,066 8,281,522	1,824,515 9,400.000	5.500	26-Nov-13 25-Feb-16	1-Dec-43 31-Dec-45	1-Dec-27	Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average	+
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	The Woodlands	2022 Series A 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	101	89.11	S 5,555,000	5,555,000	1.000	25-Feb-16 25-Feb-16	31-Dec-45 31-Dec-45	50*NUV*Z	Category 9 Category 1	Above Average	
	ELLA		2016 Series I	210114	101	55.11	3,060,305		5.200	23-Peb-10 27-Apr-20	31-Dec-49		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	ELLA	Thessalonia Manor	2020 Series A	Bronx	120	99.17	S 8,092,385	7,800,000	2.240	27-Apr-20	31-Dec-49		Category 1	Above Average	(16)
REMIC	LAMP		2019 Series A				3,556,682	4,240,000	6.100	7-Apr-10	1-May-45		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Tiffany Street Apartments	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	84	100.00	S 4,620,000	4,620,000	1.000	7-Apr-10	1-May-40		Category 1	Satisfactory	
	N/A	Tilden Towers II	2021 Series D	Bronx	266		6,192,416		6.250	28-Aug-12	30-Sep-47	1-Jul-31	Category 9	Below Average	(1)
	ML Restructuring	Tracey Towers	2021 Series D/2021 Series G	Bronx	871	97.47	37,823,125	,	5.400	29-Sep-16	30-Sep-50		Category 7	Below Average	(i)(5)
SONYMA	Mix/Match	Torrest Descionent in the	2015 Series G	0	255	00.01	31,246,195	32,720,000	5.700	25-May-21	31-Dec-49		Category 9	Below Average	(i)
	Mix/Match N/A	Tremont Renaissance Apartments Tremont Vyse I	2016 Series D 2018 Series D	Bronx Bronx	256 24	99.61 95.83	S 17,024,348	16,530,000	2.580	25-May-21	31-Dec-49		Category 1	Below Average Below Average	(16)
N/A						95.83	S 1,475	20,549	1.000	17-Jun-07	1-Sep-23		Category 1		

Supple-		Development	Applicable		No.	Occupa ncy	Outstanding Mortgage Balance	Original	Mortgag e	Mortgage Loan	Final	HAP/TAC/ §236	Prepayment Category (see	Physical Inspection	n
mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Name	Series Resolution	Borough	of Units	Rate (%)	(S)=Subordinate Lien Position	Mortgage Amount	Interest Rate	Closing Date	Mortgage Maturity	Contract Expiration Date††	Appendix E-2)		Foot-note
N/A	N/A	Tremont Vyse III	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	30	100.00	S 3,30		1.000	20-Jul-07	1-Sep-23	30-Jun-33	Category 1	Below Average	(7)
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring New HOP	Tri Faith House	2014 Series E/2021 Series D 2002 Series C/2018 Series I	Manhattan	148	95.27	944,75 9,933,70		6.500 5.100	29-Dec-04	31-Jan-35 1-Sep-53	NI/A	Category 11	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5)
N/A	New HOP	Triple HDFC	2002 Series C/2018 Series I 2008 Series E	Manhattan	69	98.55	S 2,424,61		2.980	27-Sep-18 27-Sep-18	1-Sep-53 1-Sep-53		Category 7 Category 1	Satisfactory	(1) (16)
REMIC	New HOP	mple nore	2021 Series E	Mannactan	0.5	50.55	2,249,67		4.250	30-Jul-09			Category 7	Satisfactory	(10)
N/A	New HOP	Twin Pines Apartments	2018 Series D	Bronx	28	100.00	S 1,575,00			30-Jul-09	30-May-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	(-)
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	Two Bridges Senior Apartments	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	109	100.00			5.250	7-Dec-07	7-Dec-37		Category 8	Above Average	
REMIC	New HOP		2019 Series A				10,565,19		6.000	9-May-12	23-Dec-41		Category 8	Below Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP	University Avenue Consolidated III	2021 Series D	Bronx	173	95.95	S 14,705,00		1.000	9-May-12	23-Dec-41		Category 1	Below Average	
Fannie Mae N/A	LAMP	University Macombs Apts Urban Horizons II	2021 Series E 2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	210 128	97.62 95.31	8,437,12 S 7.040.00		5.850	15-May-07 9-Apr-10	1-Jun-37 1-Dec-37		Category 7 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	+
REMIC	LAMP/Section 8	orban nonzons n	2022 Series A	BIOIIX	120	55.51	3,884,99		5.250	23-Jan-13			Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Utica Place	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn	87	100.00	S 5,655,00		1.000	23-Jan-13	23-May-45		Category 1	Above Average	
SONYMA	ELLA/Section 8		2015 Series D				7,133,46		5.700	30-Mar-18	31-Mar-48		Category 9	Above Average	(i)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Van Dyke Houses	2018 Series A	Brooklyn	100	96.00	S 5,337,05		2.470	30-Mar-18	31-Mar-48		Category 1	Above Average	(16)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA ELLA	Vez Dube III	2018 Series K	Danakhar	180	NI / A	18,518,52 S 11,727,19		5.575 3.260	24-Feb-23	31-Dec-62		Category 9	N/A N/A	(10)
N/A REMIC	ELLA	Van Dyke III	2018 Series K 2016 Series C/2022 Series A	Brooklyn	180	N/A	11,727,19		5.700	24-Feb-23 17-Mar-22	31-Dec-62 30-Sep-49		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average	(16)
N/A	ELLA	Van Sinderen Plaza	2016 Series E	Brooklyn	130	N/A	S 8,477,22		2.220	17-Mar-22	30-Sep-49		Category 1	Above Average	(1)
REMIC	New HOP		2008-2018 Consolidated			,	1,026,13			21-Aug-12			Category 9	Superior	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	Via Verde Apartment Corporation	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	36	100.00	3,346,72		1.000	21-Aug-12	31-Aug-42		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Via Verde Rental Associates LP	2015 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	76	92.11	S 12,835,00		1.000	21-Mar-13	1-Apr-43		Category 1	Superior	
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2018 Series K				17,735,50		5.575	27-Apr-22	28-Feb-62		Category 9	Above Average	(1.5)
N/A REMIC	ELLA Mixed-Middle	Victory Plaza	2018 Series K 2016 Series I	Manhattan	136	N/A	S 7,639,01 5,324,73		3.260	27-Apr-22 16-Dec-21	28-Feb-62 1-Jun-50		Category 1	Above Average Above Average	(16)
N/A	Mixed-Middle	Villa Gardens	2010 Series E	Bronx	53	N/A	S 5,116,74			16-Dec-21 16-Dec-21	1-Jun-50 1-Jun-50		Category 7 Category 1	Above Average	(1)
SONYMA	New HOP/HTE	Villa Galdens	1999 Series E	BIOIIX	55	19/6	6.127.24		5.850	21-May-09	1-Jul-36		Category 8	Above Average	(10)
N/A	New HOP/HTF	Village Care	2018 Series D	Manhattan	85	95.29	S 2,000,00		1.000	21-May-09	1-Jul-36		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	ML Restructuring	Village East	2008 Series F/2021 Series D	Manhattan	430	97.44	5,052,60	4 5,360,000	4.750	14-Sep-18	30-Sep-53		Category 11	Satisfactory	(1)(5)
SONYMA	New HOP		1998 Series B				9,406,98		5.300	21-Feb-01	1-Oct-31		Category 8	Satisfactory	(iii)
N/A	New HOP	Vista on 5th	2008 Series E	Manhattan	127	76.38			3.000	21-Feb-01	1-Oct-31		Category 1	Satisfactory	(i)
SONYMA N/A	ELLA ELLA	WEEEELL at 100th Charact	2018 Series K	Manhattan	199	N/A	18,305,01		5.750 3.260	4-Nov-22 4-Nov-22	28-Feb-57 28-Feb-57		Category 9	N/A N/A	(1)
REMIC	IAMP	WSFSSH at 108th Street Walton Henwood Apartments	2018 Series K 2019 Series A	Bronx	105	100.00	S 12,045,72 4.691.11		6.100	4-NOV-22 1-Dec-10			Category 1 Category 9	Below Average	(10)
REMIC	New HOP	Water Herwood Apartments	2008-2018 Consolidated	bronk	105	100.00	741,82		7.200	20-May-11	31-Jul-41		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	New HOP	Washington Bridge View	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	48	100.00	2,612,67		1.000	20-May-11	31-Jul-41		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	ML Restructuring		2014 Series E/2014 Series H/2008-2018				2,008,96	4 2,180,000	5.600	18-Dec-15	1-Jan-48		Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)(5)
	-		Consol. Series/2021 Series D												
N/A	ML Restructuring ML Restructuring	Washington Course CC	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2008 Series F/2018 Series I/2019 Series F	Manhattan	175	98.86	S 2,948,93 S 3,233,06			18-Dec-15 15-Nov-19	1-Jan-48 1-Jan-48	31-May-24	Category 1 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5) (5)
N/A N/A	HTF	Washington Square SE Wavecrest II	1999 Series C	Queens	1/5	98.80	2,987,20			23-Jan-03	31-Oct-31	N/A	Category 7 Category 8	Above Average	(5)
REMIC	LAMP	Webster Commons Building A	2022 Series A	Bronx	135	95.56	9,858,12		5.250	2-Mar-17	21-Jun-45		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	Webster Commons Building B	2022 Series E	Bronx	95	100.00	7,779,42			17-May-17	31-Mar-46		Category 8	Superior	(1)
REMIC	Mixed-Middle	· · · · ·	2015 Series G				9,074,51		5.700	23-Jan-20	31-Oct-48		Category 7	Above Average	(1)
N/A	Mixed-Middle	Webster Commons Building D	2016 Series D/2019 Series E	Bronx	123	97.56	S 11,765,26			23-Jan-20			Category 1	Above Average	(16)
REMIC	LAMP		2022 Series E				4,735,99		6.100	10-Oct-17	31-Aug-46		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A FHA Risk Share	LAMP ELLA	Webster Commons Building E	2021 Series C 2018 Series C	Bronx	80	97.50	S 4,876,22		1.000	10-Oct-17 29-Jun-22	31-Aug-46 1-Jul-62		Category 1	Above Average Above Average	
N/A	ELLA	West 127th Street Residence	2018 Series C 2018 Series C	Manhattan	117	N/A	10,177,19 S 7,000,77			29-Jun-22 29-Jun-22	1-Jul-62 1-Jul-62		Category 9 Category 1	Above Average	(16)
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	West 127 in Street Residence	2019 Series A	Mannactan	117	Ny/X	17,682,16		6.000	10-Mar-11	29-Mar-41		Category 9	Below Average	(iii)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	West 135th Street	2019 Series B	Manhattan	198	97.98	S 10,299,67		5.500	15-May-19	1-Apr-41		Category 1	Below Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series				1,825,45			1-Apr-09	30-Jun-38		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)(17)
N/A	LAMP	West 153rd Street / David Dinkins	2018 Series D	Manhattan	84	97.62	S 4,675,00	.))		1-Apr-09			Category 1	Satisfactory	(17)
SONYMA	LAMP		2012 Series L/2021 Series A			97.34	24,385,69		5.350	29-Jul-14			Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(i)
N/A REMIC	ELLA	West Farms Square	2021 Series A 2015 Series D	Bronx	526	97.34	S 1,557,25 13,967,00		1.000	29-Jul-14 10-May-19	31-May-43 30-Jun-48	NI/A	Category 1 Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	ELLA	West Farms/Longfellow	2015 Series D 2018 Series H/2019 Series B	Bronx	181	100.00	S 12,470,69		2.470	10-May-19 10-May-19	30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48		Category 9 Category 1	Above Average	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	West runnin congresion	2020 Series F/2021 Series D	bronk	101	100.00	3.850.95		4.250	30-Jun-22	1-Jul-52		Category 7	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Westchester Ave	2018 Series D	Bronx	70	90.00	S 4,536,86	4,772,084	1.000	29-Jan-09	1-Jul-52		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	Mix/Match		2017 Series C				13,097,69		5.850	9-Feb-21	31-Jul-55		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	Mix/Match	Westchester Mews	2017 Series E	Bronx	206	99.51	S 18,680,51		2.650	9-Feb-21	31-Jul-55		Category 1	Superior	(16)
REMIC	LAMP		2022 Series A		141	98.58	9,439,24			21-Feb-18			Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A REMIC	LAMP	Westchester Point	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	141	98.58	S 9,165,00		1.000	21-Feb-18	28-Feb-46		Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(14)
N/A	LAMP	Westside Bronx Apartments	2019 Series A 2021 Series D	Bronx	147	96.60	2,491,93 S 5,110,00		6.100 1.000	19-May-11 19-May-11	30-Jun-41 30-Jun-41		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory	(1)
GNMA	LAMP/Section 8	Wien House	2014 Series D	Manhattan	100		7,091,93		5.350	29-Dec-04	1-Jan-46	N/A	Category 8	Above Average	
REMIC	ELLA	Wilfrid East & West	2017 Series C	Bronx	190	96.84	16,086,42		5.850	16-Dec-20		,	Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8		2016 Series E/2014 Series C				2,893,49		5.750	23-May-18		-	Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Williamsburg Apartments	2018 Series A	Brooklyn	53	98.11	S 3,445,00		1.000	23-May-18			Category 1	Satisfactory	4
REMIC	ELLA		2016 Series C/2016 Series E		-		2,908,80		5.700	2-May-19	31-Mar-49		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A SONYMA	ELLA New HOP	Williamsburg Bridgeview	2016 Series E/2019 Series B 2007 Series A	Brooklyn	55	96.36	S 3,753,16 20,100,39		2.220	2-May-19	31-Mar-49		Category 1	Satisfactory Above Average	(16) (iii)
SONYMA N/A	New HOP New HOP	Williamsburg Edge	2007 Series A 2021 Series D	Brooklyn	347	97.98	20,100,39 S 15,615,00			28-Sep-10 28-Sep-10	16-Sep-40 16-Sep-40		Category 7 Category 1	Above Average Above Average	(111)
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring	Woodstock Terrace	2021 Series D 2014 Series E/2021 Series D	Bronx	347		1,398,95		6.500	28-Sep-10 29-Dec-04	31-Jan-35		Category 1 Category 11	Satisfactory	(5)
REMIC	LAMP		N/A				2,156,54	6 2,800,000	5.700	30-Sep-10	28-Jun-39		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)(12)
N/A	LAMP	YWCA Third Avenue	2008-2018 Consolidated	Brooklyn	84	96.43	S 4,620,00		1.000	30-Sep-10	1-Oct-40		Category 1	Satisfactory	
Total					102,070		6,747,978,21	0 7.390.220.154							

Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Occupa ncy Rate (%)	Outstanding Mortgage Balance (S)=Subordinate Lien Position	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgag e Interest Rate	Loan	Final Mortgage Maturity	HAP/TAC/ §236 Contract Expiration Date††	Prepayment	Physical Inspection	Foot-note	ie
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† Unless otherwise noted, Section 8 refers to the Section 8 New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation Program.

(i) SONYMA Insurance is for fifty (50%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.

(ii) SONYMA Insurance is for ninety-five (95%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.

(iii) SONYMA Insurance is for one-hundred (100%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.
 (1) REMIC Insurance is for twenty (20%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.

(1) REMIC insufance is for twenty (20%) percent of the Morgage Loan for this Development.
 (2) REMIC Insurance is for twenty-five (25%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.

(2) REMIC Insurance is for fifty (50%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.

(4) REMIC Insurance is for fifty-one (51%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.

(5) The Mortgagor of this Development is regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law.

(6) The loan amount set forth here represents the portion of each Mortgage Loan that is financed with a portion of the proceeds of the 2021 Series A Bonds, and/or 2019 Series G Bonds as applicable. The remainder of each Mortgage Loan is being financed with a portion of the proceeds of the NIBP Series 1 Bonds in the following amounts: \$17,010,000 for the 55 Pierreport Street Development, \$3,60,000 for the East River Apartments Development, \$25,440,000 for the Oreanview Development, \$6,980,000 for the Greene Avenue Senior Citizens Development, \$16,400,000 for the Haven Plaza Development, \$2,260,000 for the K-ABS Housing Development, \$2,240,000 for the Greene Avenue Senior Citizens Development, \$16,400,000 for the Greene Avenue Senior Citizens Development, \$16,400,000 for the Cores State St

(7) The Mortgager of this Development is over 90 days delinquent in payment of debt service on this Mortgage Loan due to temporary financial difficulties that are in the process of being cured.

(8) The Mortgagor of this Development has notified the Corporation of its intention to prepay this mortgage loan.

(9) The Mortgagor of this Development has prepaid this Mortgage Loan in accordance to the restructuring of this morgage Loan.

(10) The Mortgagor of this Development has received a Notice of Violation/Default of its 236 Contract from HUD because of its low inspection rating.

(1) This loan has been restructured as a surplus cash flow note. The borrower has prepayed 20.5 months Debt Service at closing; on each anniversary date the borrower will prepay one year of debt service. The restructured loan documents provide that in certain limited circumstances and only with the approval of the Comptroller of the City of New York; the debt may be extinguished at the direction of HUD.

(12) The Mortgage Loan described in the table was acquired with Recoveries of Principal or other payments available under the General Resolution. Payments, including Recoveries of Principal, relating to the outstanding Mortgage Loan may be used to redeem Bonds of any Series (except to the extent the Supplemental Resolution for a Series of Bonds prohibits such redemption) or may be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account of Revenue Account if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee.

(13) This Mortgage Loan is expected to prepay in accordance with the restructuring of this mortgage loan.

(14) This Mortgage Loan is not included in the 2014 Series B Participant Interest.

(15) This Mortgage Loan is not included in the 2018 Series B Participant Interest.

(16) The Mortgages pay an interest rate of 1% and the balance of the interest rate is capitalized. These Mortgages are prepayable at any time.

(17) This project is receiving mortgage assistance. See "The Program—COVID-19—Forbearance and Mortgage Relief Program" in Part II of this Official Statement.

(18) The Corporation has granted forbearance for this Ioan. See "The Program—COVID-19—Forbearance and Mortgage Relief Program" in Part II of this Official Statement.

TABLE 2: DEVELOPMENTS AND CONSTRUCTION MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM AS OF APRIL 30, 2023

Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Advances Made to Date (S) = Subordinate Lien Position	Construction Mortgage Loan Amount	Construct ion Loan Interest Rate	Anticipated Amount of Permanent Mortgage Loan	Permane nt Mortgag e Interest Rate	Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Permanent Mortgage Maturity	Prepayment Category (Appendix E-2)	Construction Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security (Construction LOC)	Foot- note
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2015 Series B/2015 Series D/2008-2018 Consol, Series			14,656,515	58,530,903	6.500	58,530,903	6.500	12/31/2023	10/31/2035	Category 11	1 N/A	(12)
N/A	ML Restructuring		2019 Series F			27,562,014	35,000,000	3.190	35,000,000	3.890	12/31/2023	6/30/2056	Category	7 N/A	(12)
N/A	ML Restructuring	1199 Plaza	2019 Series F	Manhattan	1,590	S -	2,750,000	4.550	2,750,000	4.750	12/31/2023	6/30/2031	Category		(12)
SONYMA	ELLA/Section 8		2015 Series G			11,159,600	11,160,000	5.000	11,160,000		8/28/2023	10/1/2048		JPMorgan Chase	(6)(7)
N/A REMIC	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA	1345 Rogers Avenue	2016 Series D/2019 Series G 2022 Series C	Brooklyn	123	S 6,276,219 15,122,879	6,845,000 47,475,000	2.830 3.930	3,953,000 11,595,000		8/28/2023 8/1/2025	10/1/2048 2/1/2061	Category 1	1 N/A 9 Bank of New York Mellon	(6)
N/A	ELLA	1510 Broadway	2022 Series C 2022 Series C	Brooklyn	108	s 4,755,089	7,020,000	3.320	7,020,000		8/1/2025	2/1/2061 2/1/2061	Category 2		(5) (6)
REMIC	ELLA		2020 Series D			60,569,600	60,570,000	3.160	24,755,000		3/1/2024	3/1/2059		9 Bank of America	
N/A	ELLA	1921 Atlantic Avenue	2020 Series D	Brooklyn	236	S 43,291,086	45,290,000	4.339	45,290,000		3/1/2024	3/1/2059	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ELLA	22C Baskeyee	2022 Series F	0 an abbur	216	17,633,941	79,805,000	5.126 2.750	19,125,000		12/1/2026	12/1/2061		9 Goldman Sachs Bank USA	(5)
N/A FHA Risk Share	ELLA ELLA/Section 8	326 Rockaway	2022 Series F 2020 Series D	Brooklyn	216	S 10,184,353 42,097,546	12,740,000 57,320,000	3.436	12,740,000 29,530,000		12/1/2026 11/1/2024	12/1/2061 11/1/2064	Category 1	JPMorgan Chase	(6)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	37 Hillside Avenue	2020 Series D	Manhattan	164	S 12,697,318	23,380,000	4.250	23,380,000		11/1/2024	11/1/2064	Category		(6)
FHA Risk Share	Mix/Match		2019 Series J/2020 Series A			73,377,918	76,465,000	3.874	41,610,000		1/1/2024	12/31/2063	Category 9	9 TD Bank	
N/A	Mix/Match	425 Grand Concourse	2019 Series J	Bronx	277	S 20,774,800	20,775,000	3.350	20,775,000		1/1/2024	12/31/2063	Category 1		(6)
FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/NYC 15/15 ELLA/NYC 15/15	90 Sands	2019 Series F/2020 Series H 2020 Series H	Brooklyn	491	61,563,850 S 5,850,480	70,405,000 6,000,000	4.600 1.370	70,405,000 6,000,000		9/1/2023 9/1/2023	9/1/2063 9/1/2063	Category 2 Category 2	7 JPMorgan Chase	(6)
N/A SONYMA	ELLA/NYC 15/15 ELLA	Jo Jallus	2020 Series H 2019 Series J	ытоокіуп	491	5 5,850,480 9,259,600	9,260,000	4.850	9,260,000		5/20/2023	9/1/2063		JPMorgan Chase	(0)
N/A	ELLA	980 Westchester Avenue	2019 Series J	Bronx	151	s 9,504,400	9,505,000	2.320	9,505,000		5/20/2023	11/30/2058	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ML Restructuring		2008-2018 Consolidated			7,414,800	7,415,000	4.550	7,415,000		12/11/2023	7/31/2053	Category 7	7 N/A	
N/A SONYMA	ML Restructuring	Adee Towers	2008-2018 Consolidated	Bronx	293	S 751,550	755,000	4.550	755,000		12/11/2023	1/31/2028	Category		
N/A	Mix/Match Mix/Match	Apex Place	2019 Series E/2019 Series J 2019 Series E	Queens	442	71,310,185 S 14,999,800	107,950,000 15,000,000	2.970	64,095,000 15,000,000		1/1/2024 1/1/2024	6/30/2053 6/30/2053	Category 1	7 Wells Fargo Bank 1 N/A	(6)
FHA Risk Share	Mix/Match		2018 Series C			46,839,600	46,840,000	5.100	46,840,000		10/1/2023	9/30/2062		Bank of New York Mellon	(-)
N/A	Mix/Match	Archer Green Apartments	2018 Series C	Queens	387	S 35,999,800	36,000,000	3.260	36,000,000	3.010	10/1/2023	9/30/2062	Category	1 N/A	(6)
SONYMA	ML Restructuring		2015 Series B/2016 Series G/2008-2018			12,457,388	12,535,000	5.050	12,535,000	5.750	12/28/2023	9/1/2046	Category	7 N/A	
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	Arverne/Nordeck Apartments (Ph 1)	Consol. Series 2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Queens	342	1,149,800	1,150,000	4.050	1,150,000	4.750	12/28/2023	9/1/2046	Category 13		
REMIC	ELLA	AlverneyNordeck Apartments (FIL1)	2010 Series G/2008-2018 Collsol: Series 2022 Series F	Queens	342	22,468,665	134,575,000	5.043	24,705,000		11/1/2026	11/1/2056		Goldman Sachs Bank USA	(5)
N/A	ELLA	Atlantic Chestnut 2	2022 Series F	Brooklyn	436	S 2,915,131	20,000,000	4.500	20,000,000		11/1/2026	11/1/2056	Category		(6)
REMIC	ELLA	Atlantic Chestnut Phase I	2021 Series F	Brooklyn	403	68,298,587	108,605,000	2.060	27,030,000		9/1/2025	9/1/2060		9 Wells Fargo Bank	(5)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2021 Series F		190	71,904,554	87,140,000	2.610	41,175,000		9/1/2025 9/1/2025	9/1/2065		9 Wells Fargo Bank	(5) (6)
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Atrium at Sumner Bay Towers	2021 Series F 2019 Series G	Brooklyn Queens	374	S 10,449,800 S 377,865	10,450,000	2.310	10,450,000 2,020,000		9/1/2023	9/1/2065 9/30/2056	Category 1 Category 1		(0)
REMIC	Mix/Match		2019 Series J			46,813,097	48,580,000	3.727	23,780,000		6/1/2023	5/31/2058	Category 9		
N/A	Mix/Match	Beach 21st	2019 Series J	Queens	224	S 14,999,800	15,000,000	2.320	15,000,000		6/1/2023	5/31/2058	Category		(6)
REMIC	ELLA		2022 Series F			6,782,672	43,610,000	5.069	8,295,000		10/1/2026	10/1/2061	Category 9		(5)
N/A REMIC	ELLA Mixed Income	Beach Green Dunes III	2022 Series F 2018 Series K/2019 Series A	Queens	146	S 712,140 52,709,408	9,490,000	4.500 4.800	9,490,000 53,500,000		10/1/2026 8/1/2023	10/1/2061 7/31/2058	Category 1	7 Wells Fargo Bank	(6)
N/A	Mixed Income	Bedford Union Armory	2018 Series K	Brooklyn	415	S 14,999,800	15,000,000	3.510	15,000,000		8/1/2023	7/31/2058	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ELLA		2022 Series C	,		10,149,055	38,200,000	3.910	9,485,000	5.550	9/24/2025	4/1/2056		Bank of New York Mellon	(5)
N/A	ELLA	Belmont Cove Apartments	2022 Series C	Bronx	153	S 4,279,863	9,945,000	2.500	9,945,000		9/24/2025	4/1/2056	Category 1		(6)
FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA	Betances V	2019 Series E 2019 Series E	Bronx	152	53,888,306 S 8,360,000	54,000,000 8,360,000	3.905 2.970	24,670,000 8,360,000		7/27/2023 7/27/2023	4/30/2062 4/30/2062	Category 2 Category 2	7 Wells Fargo Bank	(6)
REMIC	ELLA	Betances v	2019 Series E 2022 Series C	Bronx	152	12,144,738	40,055,000	3.958	10,620,000		8/1/2025	5/1/2062	Category 2		(6)
N/A	ELLA	Broadway triangle Site C (Throop Corners	2022 Saria C	Brooklyn	140	S 6,427,008	9,100,000	1.750	9,100,000		8/1/2025	5/1/2062	Category 1		(6)
		bioadway triangle site C (Inroop Corners		вгоокіуп	140	• •,•=•,••••							• •	-	
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/NYC 15/15	Brony Boint	2020 Series I	Brony	542	120,641,929	130,810,000	2.680 1.560	86,985,000 20,000,000		1/1/2026	1/1/2066		9 Wells Fargo Bank	(5) (6)
N/A FHA Risk Share	ELLA/NYC 15/15 ELLA	Bronx Point	2020 Series I 2021 Series F	Bronx	542	S 19,999,800 61,204,915	20,000,000 82,510,000	2.725	20,000,000 43,025,000		1/1/2026 12/1/2025	1/1/2066 12/1/2065	Category 2 Category 9		(6)
N/A	ELLA	Casa Celina	2021 Series F	Bronx	205	s 7,699,800	7,700,000	2.310	7,700,000		12/1/2025	12/1/2005	Category	1 N/A	(6)
N/A	Mixed-Middle	Caton Flats	2018 Series K	Brooklyn	255	S 14,939,958	15,000,000	1.250	15,000,000		6/26/2023	6/30/2053	Category 1	1 N/A	
REMIC	ELLA		2019 Series J/2020 Series A			70,258,172	70,890,000	3.344	22,350,000		6/20/2023	12/31/2057		Bank of America	(-)
N/A REMIC	ELLA ML Preservation	Chestnut Commons	2019 Series J 2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn	275	S 14,999,600 5,859,800	15,000,000	2.320	15,000,000	2.070	6/20/2023 11/29/2023	12/31/2057 11/29/2049	Category 1 Category 7		(6)
N/A	ML Preservation	Clayton Apartments	2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2017 Series B/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Manhattan	161	S 229,800	230,000	4.550	230,000		11/29/2023	11/29/2049	Category 7		
REMIC	ELLA		2022 Series C			18,938,430	65,560,000	3.936	17,600,000	5.550	11/1/2026	11/1/2056	Category 9	Bank of New York Mellon	(5)
N/A	ELLA	Clinton Broome Apartments	2022 Series C	Manhattan	232	S 7,615,597	15,080,000	3.320	15,080,000		11/1/2026	11/1/2056	Category 1		(6)
REMIC N/A	ELLA ELLA	Compass 6	2020 Series I 2020 Series I	Bronx	261	46,302,341 S 16,307,125	53,330,000 16,965,000	2.084 1.560	21,170,000 16,965,000		7/1/2024 7/1/2024	7/1/2059 7/1/2059	Category 2 Category 2	9 Wells Fargo Bank	(5) (6)
N/A REMIC	ELLA Mix/Match	compass o	2020 Series I 2017 Series C	STOTIX	201	32,199,400	32,200,000	5.150	32,200,000		9/28/2023	3/31/2059		9 Wells Fargo Bank	(6)
N/A	Mix/Match	Concourse Village West	2017 Series E	Bronx	265	S 20,735,911	20,889,423	2.900	10,310,000		9/28/2023	3/31/2056	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ELLA		2018 Series C			31,769,600	31,770,000	5.050	31,770,000	5.750	10/28/2023	4/30/2057	Category 9	9 Wells Fargo Bank	(4)
N/A	ELLA	Coney Island - Phase I	2018 Series C	Brooklyn	446	S 14,999,800	15,000,000	3.260	15,000,000		10/28/2023	4/30/2057	Category 1		(4)(6)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA	Coney Island Phase 2	2021 Series K 2022 Series C	Brooklyn	376	51,672,288	67,090,000 72,455,000	2.596	34,900,000	4.275	2/1/2026 8/1/2025	8/31/2056		9 Wells Fargo Bank 9 Bank of America	(5)
DEMIC		1	ZUZZ JEHES L	1	1	16,831,547						5/1/2056			(5)
REMIC N/A		Ebenezer Plaza Phase 2	2022 Series C	Manhattan	208	S 7.446.510	13.520.000	3.370	13.570.000	3.070	8/1//0/5	5/1/2056	Category	1 N/A	
	ELLA ML Restructuring	Ebenezer Plaza Phase 2	2022 Series C 2014 Series E/2018 Series I/2021 Series D	Manhattan	208	S 7,446,510 83,168,688	13,520,000 83,475,000	3.320 4.375	13,520,000 83,475,000		8/1/2025 12/27/2023	5/1/2056	Category 1 Category 7		(6)

Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Advances Made to Date (S) = Subordinate Lien Position	Construction Mortgage Loan Amount	Construct ion Loan Interest Rate	Anticipated Amount of Permanent Mortgage Loan	Permane nt Mortgag e Interest Rate	Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Permanent Mortgage Maturity	Prepayment Category (Appendix E-2)	Construction Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security (Construction LOC)	Foot- note
N/A	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan	Evergreen Gardens	2021 Series D	Bronx	357	18,932,857	23,630,000	3.800	23,630,000	4.000	12/21/2023	6/1/2059	Category 9	N/A	
N/A	Mix/Match	Far Rockaway Village	2021 Series K	Queens	457	S 13,939,344	15,000,000	3.260	15,000,000		12/30/2023	6/30/2057	Category 1		(6)
SONYMA N/A	ML Restructuring		2008 Series F/2008-2018 Consol. Series 2008 Series F/2008-2018 Consolidated			31,731,600 2,000,000	31,732,000	5.000	31,732,000 2,000,000		12/31/2023 12/31/2023	6/30/2050 1/31/2046	Category 7 Category 7		
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	Franklin Plaza Apartments	2008 Series F/2008-2018 Consolidated	Manhattan	1,635	15,268,000	15,268,000	4.050	15,268,000	4.750	12/31/2023	6/30/2050	Category 7	N/A	
REMIC FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring ELLA	Gouverneur Gardens	2021 Series B 2021 Series F	Manhattan	782	10,776,519 60.858,533	14,085,000 87.925.000	3.550	14,085,000 41,555,000	4.250	7/1/2025	7/1/2060 9/1/2065		N/A Wells Fargo Bank	(5
N/A	ELLA	Greenpoint Landing H1H2	2021 Series F 2021 Series F	Brooklyn	374	S 13,488,345	13,488,745	2.310	13,488,745	2.060	9/1/2025	9/1/2005	Category 9 Category 1		(6)
REMIC N/A	ELLA ELLA	HELP ONE - Building A	2021 Series K 2022 Series B	Brooklyn	183	33,055,010 S 8,329,584	54,155,000 10,850,000	2.266 2.130	19,955,000 10,850,000	4.450	1/1/2026 1/1/2026	7/22/2060 1/1/2061		Bank of New York Mellon	(5)
FHA Risk Share	Mixed Income	HELP ONE - Building A	2012 Series B 2018 Series K/2019 Series A	вгоокіуп	165	32,247,542	32,795,000	4.250	32,795,000	4.850	1/1/2026	12/31/2053		Wells Fargo Bank	(0)
FHA Risk Share	Mixed Income	HPS - North Tower	2018 Series L	Queens	800	118,472,878	125,000,000	N/A	125,000,000		1/1/2024	12/31/2053	Category 7		(11
N/A FHA Risk Share	ELLA Mix/Match	Halletts Point Building 7	2020 Series A 2021 Series F	Queens	163	38,009,431 17,114,675	43,090,000 29,070,000	2.900	N/A 21,595,000		N/A 9/1/2025	N/A 9/1/2065		Wells Fargo Bank Citibank	(5)
N/A	Mix/Match	Hanson Place (aka 150 S Portland)	2021 Series F	Brooklyn	104	S 7,197,469	7,720,000	2.310	7,720,000	2.060	9/1/2025	9/1/2065	Category 1	N/A	(6)
FHA Risk Share	Mixed-Middle	Hunters Point South F & G	2021 Series C	Queens	1,132	81,800,000	81,800,000	4.275	81,800,000		9/20/2024			Wells Fargo Bank	(2)
N/A FHA Risk Share	Mixed-Middle Mix/Match	Jamaica Crossing High Rise	2016 Series J 2020 Series A/2020 Series I	Queens	539	157,999,600 43,979,600	158,000,000 43,980,000	Var 4.275	N/A 43.980.000	N/A 4.850	N/A 9/24/2023	N/A 9/24/2058	Category 14 Category 7	Goldman Sachs Bank USA JPMorgan Chase	(3)
N/A	Mix/Match	Jamaica II	2019 Series J	Queens	543	S 30,252,460	30,600,000	2.320	30,600,000	2.070	9/24/2023	9/24/2058	Category 1	N/A	(6
REMIC N/A	ELLA ELLA	Jerome Court	2019 Series E 2019 Series E	Bronx	41	45,754,600 S 10.312.372	45,755,000 10,325,000	3.739 2.720	17,845,000 10.325.000	5.750 2.470	7/27/2023 7/27/2023	5/31/2058 5/31/2058	Category 7 Category 1		(4) (4)(6
FHA Risk Share	ELLA	Jerome Court	2019 Series E 2017 Series G	BIOIIX	41	3 10,312,372	38,985,000	5.050	38,985,000		10/2/2023	10/31/2051		Wells Fargo Bank	(4)(0
N/A	ELLA	La Central	2017 Series G	Bronx	496	S 32,091,996	32,240,000	2.860	28,215,000	2.610	10/2/2023	10/31/2061	Category 1	N/A	(6
FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA ELLA	Lambert 5AB	2021 Series K 2021 Series K/2022 Series B	Bronx	279	48,634,047 S 15,345,000	114,750,000 15,345,000	2.552 2.130	57,455,000 15,345,000		6/1/2026 6/1/2026	6/1/2056 6/1/2056			(5)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA ELLA/Section 8	Lambert SAB	2021 Series K/2022 Series B 2022 Series C	Bronx	2/9	9,557,432	51.585.000	4.307	25.150.000	5.525	8/29/2025	12/1/2056	Category 1 Category 9		(5
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Linden Grove	2022 Series C	Brooklyn	153	S 7,629,468	8,415,000	3.320	8,415,000	3.070	8/29/2025	12/1/2065	Category 1	N/A	(6
REMIC N/A	Mix/Match Mix/Match	Linden Terrace Bldg. I	2018 Series C 2018 Series C	Brooklyn	235	22,264,600 S 14,999,600	22,265,000 15,000,000	5.050 3.260	22,265,000 15,000,000	5.750 3.010	6/25/2023 6/25/2023	6/30/2056 6/30/2056	Category 9 Category 1	Bank of America	(6
REMIC	ELLA/NYC 15/15		2020 Series I			34,622,073	37,050,000	2.058	14,260,000	4.050	4/1/2024	4/1/2059	Category 9	Bank of New York Mellon	(5)
N/A REMIC	ELLA/NYC 15/15 ELLA	Linden Terrace II	2020 Series I 2021 Series K	Brooklyn	160	S 9,093,282 24,401,346	10,100,000 26,905,000	4.000	10,100,000 12,800,000	3.750 4.400	4/1/2024 9/1/2025	4/1/2059 9/1/2055	Category 1	N/A Wells Fargo Bank	(6
N/A	ELLA	Linden Terrace III	2021 Series K 2022 Series A/2022 Series B	Brooklyn	156	S 7,557,244	9,840,000	2.494	9,840,000		9/1/2025	9/1/2055			(5)
SONYMA	ML Restructuring		2018 Series I			36,972,469	47,840,000	4.050	47,840,000	4.750	12/30/2023	11/30/2056	Category 7	N/A	
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring	Lindsay Park	2018 Series I 2022 Series F	Brooklyn	2,709	S - 20.325.062	2,315,000 46,900,000	4.550	2,315,000	4.750	12/30/2023 7/1/2026	12/30/2030		N/A Bank of New York Mellon	(5)
N/A	ELLA	Marcus Garvey Village	2022 Series F 2022 Series F	Manhattan	169	20,325,062 S 436,758	10,475,000	4.260	10,475,000		7/1/2026	7/1/2056			(5)
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	· •	2008 Series F/2008-2018 Consol. Series			38,847,256	40,510,000	4.050	40,510,000		12/29/2023	7/1/2050	Category 7	N/A	
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring ML Restructuring	Masaryk Towers	2008 Series F 2022 Series D	Manhattan	1,109	S - S 1,280,770	300,000 2,500,000	4.550 5.650	300,000 2,500,000		12/29/2023 12/29/2023	7/1/2032	Category 7 Category 7		
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/NYC 15/15	Masaryk Towers	2022 Series D 2020 Series I	wannattan	1,105	39,325,763	50,295,000	2.298	24,515,000	3.875	12/1/2024		Category 9	JPMorgan Chase	(5
N/A		Melrose North	2020 Series I	Bronx	171	S 10,522,428	10,595,000	4.000	10,595,000	3.750	12/1/2024	12/1/2064	Category 1		(6
REMIC N/A	N/A N/A		2012 Series L/2021 Series A N/A			4,943,658 S 599,600	5,300,000 600,000	5.350	5,300,000 600,000	6.050 1.000	45,290.000 12/30/2023	52,565.000 11/30/2043	Category 8 Category 1		
N/A	N/A N/A	Metro North Gardens	N/A N/A	Manhattan	48	S 550,000	550,000	5.350	550,000	5.550	12/30/2023	11/30/2043	Category 1 Category 1		
REMIC	ELLA		2022 Series F			4,881,114	58,080,000	5.217	18,555,000	6.700	46,296.000	59,080.000	Category 9	Wells Fargo Bank	(5)
N/A FHA Risk Share	ELLA Mix/Match	Nehemiah Spring Creek Phase 4C	2022 Series F 2022 Series F	Brooklyn	240	S 3,337,927 57,972,967	15,600,000 153,270.000	4.500	15,600,000 70,640,000	4.250	10/1/2026	10/1/2061		N/A Wells Fargo Bank	(6
N/A	Mix/Match	North Cove	2022 Series F 2022 Series F	Manhattan	611	S 3,220,943	3,690,000	4.500	3,690,000		11/1/2027	11/1/2057	Category 9 Category 1		(6)
FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2021 Series A			16,422,978	16,470,000	4.700	16,470,000	4.700	12/30/2023	11/13/2048	Category 8	N/A	(5)(13)
N/A FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236	OUB Houses	2021 Series A 2021 Series A	Bronx	361	1,589,539 1,058,865	9,525,000 1,080,000	3.700 3.700	9,525,000 1,080,000		12/30/2023 12/30/2023				(5)(13) (5)(13)
N/A	PACT	PACT Boulevard BSA FP	N/A	Brooklyn	1,673	57,412,889	133,816,667	3.700 Var	1,080,000 N/A		12/30/2023 N/A				(8)
N/A		PACT Linden-Penn	N/A	Brooklyn	1,922	60,309,474	130,318,623	Var	N/A		N/A		Category 7	N/A	(8)
N/A REMIC	PACT ELLA	PACT Williamsburg	N/A 2019 Series E	Brooklyn	1,621	47,026,473 38,999,600	112,656,667 39,000,000	Var 3.725	N/A 14,970,000		N/A 10/15/2023			N/A Bank of New York Mellon	(8
N/A	ELLA	Park Haven	2019 Series E	Bronx	178	S 11,069,800	11,070,000	2.970	11,070,000	2.720	10/15/2023	2/28/2058	Category 1	N/A	(4)(6
FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8	Parkchester Gardens	2020 Series I 2020 Series I	Bronx	221	76,745,771 S 9,080,196	81,485,000 12,155,000	2.549 1.560	49,250,000 12,155,000		7/1/2024 7/1/2024	7/1/2064		Wells Fargo Bank	(5)
REMIC	ELLA		2019 Series E			56,599,600	56,600,000	3.444	14,325,000	5.750	5/1/2023	2/28/2058	Category 7	Wells Fargo Bank	
N/A REMIC	ELLA ML Preservation	Peninsula Phase 1 Pratt Towers (333 Lafayette Ave)	2019 Series E 2019 Series F	Bronx	183 327	S 11,894,800 5.024.435	11,895,000 8,280,000	2.970	11,895,000 8.280.000		5/1/2023				(6)
REMIC	ELLA	Fratt rowers (555 Larayette AVE)	2019 Series F 2019 Series J/2020 Series A	Brooklyn	32/	56,289,808	8,280,000	3.800	22,455,000	5.550	7/1/2023	12/31/2058	Category 7 Category 9	N/A Bank of America	
N/A	ELLA	RadRoc	2019 Series J	Queens	253	S 14,999,400	15,000,000	2.320	15,000,000	2.070	7/1/2023	12/31/2057	Category 1	N/A	(6
REMIC N/A	ELLA	River Crest Phase A	2019 Series E 2019 Series E	Bronx	250	61,503,583 S 14,999,047	64,320,000 15,000,000	3.874 2.970	29,130,000 15,000,000		7/28/2023 7/28/2023	6/1/2058 6/30/2058	Category 7 Category 1	Wells Fargo Bank N/A	(4) (4)(6
REMIC	ELLA		2021 Series I/2021 Series K/2022 Series B			49,332,294	57,150,000	2.876	34,960,000	4.450	2/1/2026	2/1/2061	Category 9	Wells Fargo Bank	(5
N/A	ELLA	River Crest Phase B	2022 Series B	Bronx	250	S 16,250,000	16,250,000	1.970	16,250,000	1.720	2/1/2026	2/1/2061	Category 1		(6
REMIC	ML Preservation ELLA	Riverbend Coop.	2021 Series D 2021 Series K	Manhattan	626	21,060,000 22,955,151	21,060,000 52,980,000	3.550 1.550	21,060,000 3,450,000		7/1/2023 3/1/2026	7/1/2058	Category 7 Category 9		(5)
N/A	ELLA	Rockaway Village - Phase 4	2021 Series K 2021 Series K	Queens	184	S 10,929,051	11,960,000	4.750	11,960,000		3/1/2026		Category 9 Category 1		(5)
REMIC	ELLA		2019 Series J/2020 Series A			76,599,669	79,045,000 18,725,000	3.099	16,125,000	5.550 2.630	1/1/2024	4/30/2058	Category 9	Citibank	
				Queens	316	S 17,123,224	18,725,000	2.880	18,725,000	2 630	1/1/2024	4/30/2058	Category 1	IN/A	(6)
N/A REMIC	ELLA	Rockaway Village Phase II	2019 Series J 2020 Series I	Queens	510	82,002,600	99,570,000	1.730	22,770,000		1/1/2025	1/1/2060			(5)

Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Advances Made to Date (S) = Subordinate Lien Position	Construction Mortgage Loan Amount	Construct ion Loan Interest Rate	Anticipated Amount of Permanent Mortgage Loan	Permane nt Mortgag e Interest Rate	Anticipated	Final Permanent Mortgage Maturity	Prepayment Category (Appendix E-2) Construction Mortgag Loan Supplemental Security (Construction LOC)	e Foot- note
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	Sam Burt Houses	2014 Series H/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Brooklyn	147	7,455,626	7,500,000	5.550	7,500,000	6.250	12/30/2023	11/30/2046	Category 7 N/A	
N/A	ML Restructuring		2014 Series E/2021 Series D			1,737,240	2,792,548	6.500	2,792,548	6.500	12/31/2023	1/31/2035	Category 11 N/A	
REMIC	ML Restructuring		2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series			7,229,800	7,230,000	5.050	7,230,000	5.750	12/31/2023	12/31/2049	Category 7 N/A	
N/A	ML Restructuring	Scott Tower	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	352	S 369,600	370,000	4.550	370,000	4.750	12/31/2023	12/31/2031	Category 13 N/A	
FHA Risk Share	Mix/Match		2021 Series F			61,070,341	99,925,000	2.844	57,155,000	4.325	12/1/2026	12/1/2066	Category 9 Citibank	(5)
N/A	Mix/Match	Sendero Verde Phase II	2021 Series F	Manhattan	348	S 12,184,082	20,000,000	2.310	20,000,000	2.060	12/1/2026	12/1/2066	Category 1 N/A	(6)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2021 Series C			48,639,425	63,365,000	2.593	29,475,000	4.325	5/1/2025	4/30/2065	Category 9 JPMorgan Chase	(5)
N/A	ELLA	Simba Simbi	2021 Series F	Brooklyn	157	S 8,634,800	8,635,000	2.210	2,594,924	1.960	5/1/2025	4/30/2065	Category 1 N/A	(6)
REMIC	Preservation		2021 Series L			2,206,558	3,485,000	6.250	3,485,000	6.950	6/1/2024	6/1/2054	Category 7 N/A	
N/A	Preservation	Southern and Willis	2014 Series B	Bronx	41	S 2,215,538	2,200,209	2.850	2,200,209	2.600	6/1/2024	6/1/2054	Category 1 N/A	(6)
REMIC	Preservation	St. Anns Apartments	2019 Series F	Bronx	90	7,272,572	7,390,000	4.550	7,390,000	5.250	10/1/2023	9/30/2056	Category 7 N/A	
SONYMA	ELLA		2021 Series F			25,775,286	32,565,000	2.528	14,880,000	4.450	9/1/2025	9/1/2060	Category 9 JPMorgan Chase	(5)
N/A	ELLA	St. Francis Commons	2021 Series F	Bronx	116	S 5,406,414	7,240,000	2.310	7,240,000	2.060	9/1/2025	9/1/2060	Category 1 N/A	(6)
REMIC	ML Restructuring	Stryckers Bay	2015 Series A/2008 Series F	Manhattan	234	11,614,800	11,615,000	5.050	11,615,000	5.750	12/3/2023	10/1/2052	Category 7 N/A	
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2021 Series C			19,691,796	42,765,000	2.032	9,685,000	4.325	1/1/2025	5/31/2061	Category 9 TD Bank	(5)
N/A	ELLA	The Eliza	2021 Series F	Manhattan	174	S 9,591,506	11,310,000	2.900	11,310,000	2.650	1/1/2025	5/31/2061	Category 1 N/A	(6)
REMIC	ELLA		2018 Series C			26,524,400	26,525,000	5.050	26,525,000	5.750	10/21/2023	4/20/2057	Category 9 Citibank	
N/A	ELLA	The Watson	2018 Series C	Bronx	326	S 14,999,800	15,000,000	3.260	15,000,000	3.010	10/21/2023	4/20/2057	Category 1 N/A	(6)
REMIC	ELLA	The Willow	2021 Series F	Bronx	133	26,316,020	34,210,000	2.262	11,585,000	4.450	7/1/2025	7/1/2060	Category 9 Goldman Sachs Bank USA	(5)
REMIC	ML Restructuring		2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series			7,169,457	7,195,000	5.050	7,195,000	5.750	12/29/2023	12/1/2038	Category 7 N/A	
N/A	ML Restructuring	Tilden Towers I (3511 Barnes Ave)	2016 Series G/2008-2018 Consol. Series	Bronx	127	S 464,800	465,000	4.050	465,000	4.250	12/29/2023	12/1/2038	Category 13 N/A	
REMIC	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2020 Series D/2022 Series D			29,815,151	44,240,000	4.290	44,240,000	4.990	7/1/2025	7/1/2055	Category 7 N/A	(10)
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Tivoli Towers	2022 Series D	Brooklyn	313	S 1,184,093	1,380,000	4.650	1,380,000	4.650	7/1/2025	12/1/2027	Category 7 N/A	(10)
REMIC	Mix/Match		2017 Series A/2021 Series C			25,234,800	25,235,000	4.500	25,235,000	5.200	10/1/2023	11/24/2049	Category 9 Citibank	(6)
N/A	Mix/Match	Tree of Life	2017 Series E	Queens	174	S 12,759,600	12,760,000	2.990	12,760,000	2.740	10/1/2023	11/24/2049	Category 1 N/A	(6)
REMIC	ML Restructuring	Trinity House	2020 Series D/2022 Series D	Manhattan	200	998,021	3,437,923	4.570	3,437,923	5.270	11/1/2025	11/1/2060	Category 7 N/A	
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2020 Series I			35,048,774	39,390,000	2.224	17,840,000	3.875	7/1/2024	7/1/2064	Category 9 Wells Fargo Bank	(5)
N/A	ELLA	Twin Parks	2020 Series I	Bronx	182	S 11,749,800	11,750,000	1.560	11,750,000	1.310	7/1/2024	7/1/2064	Category 1 N/A	(6)
N/A	ELLA	Victory Commons	2020 Series F	Bronx	95	S 17,204,685	17,405,000	2.750	17,405,000	2.500	8/6/2023	8/1/2050	Category 1 N/A	(6)
Total					38,125	4,285,002,082	5,835,396,708		3,338,918,253					

† Unless otherwise noted, Section 8 refers to the Section 8 New Construction /Substantial Rehabilitation Program.

(1) The "Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Closing Date" indicates the anticipated end of the construction loan period.

(2) The Construction LOC is confirmed by an irrevocable standby letter of credit confirmation issued by Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta.
 (3) At Conversion, the 2016 Series J Mortgage Loan will be released from the lien of the General Resolution and the 2016 Series J Bonds will be separately secured.

(a) At Conversion, the 2010 Settes J Montgage Loan with the Prelased roum the hot on the General Resonance and the 2010 Settes J Montgage Loan.
(b) At Conversion, the 2010 Settes J Montgage Loan has made the Mandatory Prepayment and converted to the permanent phase.
(c) The Mortgages acrue and pay interest based on the full Construction Mortgage Loan amount.
(d) The Mortgages or of the Development has made the Mandatory Prepayment and converted to the permanent Mortgage Loan amount.
(e) The Mortgages or of the Development has made the Mandatory Prepayment and converted to the permanent Mortgage Loan amount.
(f) The Mortgages or of the Development has made the Mandatory Prepayment and converted to the other Mandatory Prepayment and the outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans is now the Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan amount but the loan has not converted to a permanent mortgage loan.
(f) The Mortgage Loan for each of these Developments is a one-third participation interest in a larger mortgage loan (in the aggregate total amount of approximately \$1,130,375,869 for all three loans), the other two-thirds participation interest in which is (i) finded by and owned by a construction lender other than the construction Mortgage Loans in the construction Mortgage Loans to the Low Development has made to be prevaled and the Development has the Development has made to be prevaled and the Development has the Dev

Corporation and (ii) not pledged under the General Resolution. Following completion of rehabilitation of the applicable Development, each such Construction Mortgage Loan is expected to repaid from the proceeds of a permanent loan expected to be originated by the Corporation and insured under the FHA Risk-Sharing Program. Such permanent mortgage loans are not expected to be pledged under the General Resolution but are expected to be funded with proceeds of the sale of participation interests therein to the Federal Financing Bank.

(9) See "THE PROGRAM - Mortgage Loans - General".

(10) The Mortgagor of this Development has received a Notice of Violation/Default of its 236 Contract from HUD because of its low inspection rating.

(11) Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as a representative of a syndicate of banks, will provide cash collateral as Bond proceeds are advanced.

(12) This development has experienced delays. The Corporation is working with the Mortgagor and expects to convert to permanent financing in 2024.

(13) This development has experienced delays. The Corporation is working with the Mortgagor and expects to convert to permanent financing in 2023.

TABLE 3: ML RESTRUCTURING SUBORDINATE MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM AS OF APRIL 30, 2023

Supplementa Security	l Subsidy Program(s)	Number of Loans	Number of Units	Outstanding Mortgage Balance	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgage Interest Rate	Final Mortgage Maturity
N/A	ML Restructuring	41	17,953	\$435,547,430	\$435,383,538	0.00% - $4.00\%^{1}$	6/30/48

¹ Interest payments are fully deferred for certain Mortgage Loans. One (1) Mortgage Loan relating to Seaview Towers is a surplus cash flow note requiring annual payments. For two (2) Mortgage Loans relating to Keith Plaza and Kelly Towers, interest accrues at the Applicable Federal Rate (AFR) and is paid at 1%. The portion of the interest that is not paid is deferred into the principal balance.

TABLE 4: MORTGAGE LOANS UNDERLYING THE 2005 SERIES J PARTICIPANT INTERESTOUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAMAS OF APRIL 30, 20231

Supplemental Security	Applicable Series Resolution	Number of Mortgage Loans	Number of Units	Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance ²		Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Final Mortgage Maturity
N/A	2005 Series J	2 ³	379	\$8,379,872	\$7,609,004	3.31%	11/01/60

¹ The Corporation owns a participation interest in these loans. See "THE PROGRAM—2005 Series J Participant Interest" in Part II of this Official Statement. Since April 30, 2023, the Corporation has received regularly scheduled payments on the mortgage loans.

² Includes accrued interest.

³ Original number of mortgage loans = 11.

TABLE 5: 2004 PARTICIPATED SECOND LIEN LOANS HELD AS ASSETSUNDERLYING THE 2011 PARTICIPANT INTERESTAS OF APRIL 30, 20231

Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program(s)	Number of Mortgage Loans	Number of Units	Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance ²	Aggregate Original Mortgage Amount	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Remaining Time to Maturity	Weighted Average Remaining Time to Section 236 Contract Expiration
N/A	Section 236	1	104	\$4,801,722	\$2,984,134	8.02%	2.00 years	2.34 years

¹ The Corporation owns a 100% participation interest in the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans and the associated Section 236 Contracts. See "THE PROGRAM—2011 Participant Interest" in Part II of this Official Statement. Since April 30, 2023, the Corporation has received regularly scheduled payments on the mortgage loans.

² Includes accrued interest.

TABLE 6: DEVELOPMENTS AND PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOANS UNDERLYING THE 2014 SERIES B PARTICIPANT INTERESTAS OF APRIL 30, 2023

Туре	Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program(s)	Number of Mortgage Loans	Number of Units	Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate ²	Weighted Average Remaining Years to Maturity	Percentage Self- Amortizing Loans	Percentage Senior Position Loans	Prepayment Category (see Appendix D-2)
Purchased	N/A	HoDAG/PLP	2	254	\$6,732,643	1.00%	5.02	100.00%	93.35%	1
Purchased	N/A	PLP	49	2,042	\$40,164,049	1.00%	4.89	95.22%	47.14%	1
Purchased	N/A	N/A ³	3	267	\$2,088,105	1.87%	17.47	30.59%	69.41%	1
Purchased	N/A	Article 8-A	6	1,982	\$2,553,736	1.76%	17.58	100.00%	73.00%	1
Purchased	N/A	Article 8-A ⁴	13	878	\$1,392,540	1.82%	5.50	100.00%	34.74%	13
	SUB-TOTAL ⁵		73	5,423	\$52,931,073	1.09%	6.03	93.64%	54.82%	
Trust	N/A	PLP	3	317	\$5,868,679	1.00%	0.36^{6}	100.00%	100.00%	1
	SUB-TOTAL ⁵		3	317	\$5,868,679	1.00%	0.36	100.00%	100.00%	
	TOTAL ⁵		76	5,740	\$58,799,752	1.08%	5.47	94.27%	59.33%	

2014 SERIES B PURCHASED MORTGAGE LOANS AND 2014 SERIES B TRUST MORTGAGE LOANS AS OF APRIL 30, 2023¹

³ All of the mortgagors of these mortgage loans are regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law.

¹ Since April 30, 2023, the Corporation has received regularly scheduled payments on the mortgage loans, except as discussed in this footnote. There are three (3) developments underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest that have had debt service delinquencies of over ninety (90) days.

² The cash flow on the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate is based on the weighted average mortgage interest rate on the 2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans (net of servicing and trustee fees). The payments on the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate began on September 26, 2005.

⁴ Number of Mortgage Loans, Number of Units and Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance include the Mortgage Loan for 2880 West 12th Street, which is a non-paying forgivable loan. Such mortgage loan is not included in Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate, Weighted Average Remaining Years to Maturity, Percentage Self-Amortizing Loans, Percentage Senior Position Loans or Prepayment Category. Such loan is payable only on default or if the applicable Mortgagor exits the Mitchell-Lama program after a 20 year lockout period. It is otherwise forgivable at maturity.

⁵ May not add due to rounding.

⁶ The Corporation is working on restructuring/extension agreements with the Mortgagors of two mortgage loans that have recently matured. The Mortgagors are continuing to make their interest-only payments.

TABLE 7: DEVELOPMENTS AND PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOANS UNDERLYING THE 2018 SERIES B PARTICIPANT INTERESTAS OF APRIL 30, 20231

Subsidy Program(s)	Number of Mortgage Loans	Number of Units	Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Remaining Years to Maturity	Percentage Self- Amortizing Loans	Percentage Senior Position Loans ²
Article 8-A	69	4,798	\$97,438,338	1.11%	12.46	46.64%	51.27%
Cornerstone	2	129	\$3,459,559	1.00%	10.72	0.00%	0.00%
HUD Multifamily	11	1,111	\$24,967,709	1.09%	19.07	30.06%	0.00%
Low Income Rental Program	11	1,149	\$50,050,466	0.87%	22.16	0.00%	6.89%
HPD Mix & Match	21	2,253	\$112,088,515	0.98%	20.87	0.00%	0.00%
Participation Loan Program	143	6,614	\$281,836,457	0.79%	19.15	7.44%	0.82%
Third Party Transfer (TPT)	11	361	\$29,522,796	0.57%	19.72	0.00%	0.00%
Sub-Total	268	16,415	\$599,363,840	0.89%	18.61	12.33%	9.30%
Article 8-A ³	3	674	\$1,909,671	2.80%	13.25	100.00%	0.00%
Participation Loan Program ³	2	76	\$1,399,024	0.52%	7.46	100.00%	0.00%
Sub-Total	5	750	\$3,308,695	1.84%	10.80	100.00%	0.00%
TOTAL	273	17,165	\$602,672,535	0.89%	18.57	12.81%	9.25%

¹ Since April 30, 2023, the Corporation has received regularly scheduled payments on the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest, except as discussed in this footnote. There are eight (8) developments underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest that have had debt service delinquencies of over 90 days.

² Approximately 91% of the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Mortgage Loan are secured by a subordinate mortgage lien on the applicable Development.

³ These mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Mortgage Loan may be removed from the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and thereby released from the lien of the General Resolution at the direction of the Corporation upon the request of the City without the requirement for a filing of any Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate.

TABLE 8: DEVELOPMENTS AND MORTGAGE LOANS FINANCED UNDER THE PROGRAM
SUBSEQUENT TO APRIL 30, 2023

Table 8. Developments, Senior Construction, Senior Permanent, Subordinate Construction and Subordinate Permanent Mortgage Loans financed or acquired subsequent to April 30, 2023. The information below is as of the issuance or remarketing of the applicable Bonds.

Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Applicable Series Resolution	Subsidy Program	Development Name	Borough	Construction Loan Amount	Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Amount	Construction Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security (Construction LOC)
REMIC	2022 Series D	Mixed-Middle	1620 Fulton Street	Brooklyn	N/A	\$19,250,000	N/A
REMIC	2008-2018 Consolidated Series	Preservation	Site 15 Portfolio	Manhattan	N/A	\$4,935,000	N/A
N/A	2008-2018 Consolidated Series	Preservation	Site 15 Portfolio (Subordinate)	Manhattan	N/A	\$3,480,000	N/A
REMIC	2008-2018 Consolidated Series	Preservation	349 Lenox Avenue	Manhattan	N/A	\$3,485,000	N/A
N/A	2008-2018 Consolidated Series	Preservation	349 Lenox Avenue (Subordinate)	Manhattan	N/A	\$533,933	N/A
REMIC	2008-2018 Consolidated Series	Preservation	1090 Franklin Ave	Bronx	N/A	\$3,485,000	N/A
REMIC	2008-2018 Consolidated Series	Preservation	1011 Washington Avenue	Bronx	N/A	\$11,315,000	N/A
						\$46,483,933	

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MORTGAGE LOAN PREPAYMENT PROVISIONS

One of the following categories of prepayment provisions applies to the voluntary prepayment of principal with respect to each of the outstanding Mortgage Loans. Appendix D-1 denotes which prepayment category applies to each outstanding Mortgage Loan. The following chart summarizes the applicability of each prepayment category as of April 30, 2023. The chart does not include information with respect to the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans.

			Percentage of Total
	Number of Mortgage	Outstanding Principal Balance	Outstanding Principal Balance
Prepayment Category	Loans	of Mortgage Loans*	of Mortgage Loans*
Category 1	619	\$3,275,432,586	27.98%
Category 2	0	0	0.00%
Category 3	1	1,993,729	0.02%
Category 4	3	1,753,908	0.01%
Category 5	0	0	0.00%
Category 6	0	0	0.00%
Category 7	224	3,119,189,141	26.64%
Category 8	63	322,875,991	2.76%
Category 9	314	4,456,091,642	38.06%
Category 10	2	11,216,458	0.10%
Category 11	26	113,835,951	0.97%
Category 12	0	0	0.00%
Category 13	44	209,154,526	1.79%
Category 14	2	196,009,031	1.67%
N/A	1	81,208	0.00%
TOTAL	1,299	\$11,707,634,171	100.00%*

May not add due to rounding.

In general, any prepayment described below is subject to the payment of certain fees and charges, and any prepayment premium or penalty described below will not constitute a Pledged Receipt or Recovery of Principal. In addition, prior written notice of any optional prepayment to the Corporation or the Mortgage Banker, as applicable, generally is required.

<u>Category 1</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may be made at any time.

<u>**Category 2.</u>** Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of FHA.</u>

<u>Category 3</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of FHA and the Corporation, and may not be made prior to the later of (i) 21 years after the date on which any units in the Development are first occupied or (ii) the date on which assistance under the HAP Contract relating to the Development is terminated.

Category 4. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of FHA and the Corporation, and may not be made prior to the later of (i) 22 years and 4 months after the date on which any unit in the Development is first occupied or (ii) the date on which assistance under the HAP Contract relating to the Development is terminated.

<u>Category 5</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of FHA and the Corporation, and may not be made prior to the later of (i) sixteen (16) years and three (3) months after the date on which any unit in the Development is first occupied or (ii) the date on which assistance under the HAP Contract relating to the Development is terminated.

<u>Category 6</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of the Corporation and may not be made prior to the date on which assistance under the HAP Contract relating to the Development is terminated.

<u>Category 7</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to approximately ten (10) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan.

<u>Category 8</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to approximately six (6) to ten (10) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan, and is subject to the payment of a premium for a specified period of time.

<u>Category 9</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the permanent Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to approximately ten (10) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan and is subject to the payment of a premium for a specified period of time.

In addition, the Mortgagor is required to make a mandatory prepayment of a portion of the Mortgage Loan, without any premium, approximately two (2) to five (5) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan (which mandatory prepayment may be made prior to such time). The amount of a Mortgage Loan subject to such mandatory prepayment represents the difference between the Construction Mortgage Loan Amount and the Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Amount. See "Appendix D-1— Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program—Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of April 30, 2023."

<u>Category 10</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to fifteen (15) years after the date of the making of the permanent financing for the Mortgage Loan, and is subject to the payment of a premium for a specified period of time.

<u>Category 11</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to approximately fifteen (15) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan.

<u>Category 12</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to twenty (20) years after the date of the making of the permanent financing for the Mortgage Loan, and is subject to the payment of a premium for a specified period of time.

<u>Category 13</u>. No prepayments of the Mortgage Loan are permitted.

<u>Category 14</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan, which Mortgage Loans generally have a term of 5 years or less, may not be made prior to the date the allocable Bonds that financed the Mortgage Loan are redeemable.

PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOAN PHYSICAL INSPECTION RATINGS

The Corporation conducts an annual site review of each Development to monitor its physical condition; however, HUD Assisted Developments and Developments with FHA-insured Mortgage Loans having a superior inspection rating need only be inspected by the Corporation every three (3) years and Developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans made recently may not have been inspected by the Corporation. The Corporation does not conduct an annual site review for Developments that the Corporation holds only a subordinate lien mortgage, the NYCHA Public Housing Preservation I LLC Development and the NYCHA Public Housing Preservation II LLC Development. During this review, the Corporation undertakes various procedures to monitor both the exterior and interior physical condition of the Developments. The exterior review includes an inspection of exterior walls and foundations, roofs, exterior walkways, security systems, and gas, water and sewage systems. The Corporation's interior review includes an inspection of floors, stairs, interior walkways, community space, electrical and plumbing fixtures, heating and air conditioning systems, and boiler facilities. In addition, the Corporation inspects, among other things, each Development's play areas, elevators, and fire and safety safeguards.

The Corporation's inspection ratings for the Developments, which incorporate HUD's inspection ratings for FHA-insured mortgage loans, include five rating levels: superior (HUD score: 90-100), above average (HUD score: 80-89), satisfactory (HUD score: 60-79), below average (HUD score: 46-59) and unsatisfactory (HUD score: 0-45). Any FHA-insured Mortgage Loan or HUD Assisted Developments with a below average or unsatisfactory physical inspection rating may be subject to foreclosure by HUD (see "THE PROGRAM—FHA-Insured Mortgage Loans and HUD Assisted Developments with Low Inspection Ratings"). Appendix D-1 denotes which one of the rating levels applies to each outstanding inspected Development. The following chart summarizes the applicability of each physical inspection rating level as of April 30, 2023. A significant majority of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Mortgage Loan are not inspected by the Corporation; such mortgage loans not inspected by the Corporation are not included in this chart. In addition, the table excludes information with respect to the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans other than those Developments with other Mortgage Loans under the Open Resolution.

		Outstanding Principal	
Physical Inspection	Number of Mortgage Loans*	Balance of Mortgage Loans	Balance of Mortgage Loans
Superior	108	\$1,083,294,065	18.28%
Above Average	200	1,642,107,865	27.71%
Satisfactory	372	2,700,932,628	45.58%
Below Average	51	387,008,014	6.53%
Unsatisfactory	10	112,898,827	1.91%
TOTAL**	741	\$5,926,241,399	100.00%

Superior

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals no fire and safety violations; no roof or boiler leakage; no structural deficiencies; strict implementation of maintenance practices; virtually no minor deficiencies; adequate funds available to make necessary repairs; and overall attractive physical plant with highly presentable public and utility areas.

Above Average

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals no major deficiencies and very few and only minor deficiencies. These deficiencies would be easily correctable by the maintenance staff.

^{*} Developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans made recently may not yet have been inspected by the Corporation.

^{**} May not add due to rounding.

The Development would have no structural deficiencies and no health or safety violations. The common, utility and public areas would be secure, clean, and well lit.

Satisfactory

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals only minor violations in the Development which the Corporation believes management will cure; no structural deficiencies; no fire and safety violations; and basic adherence to maintenance practices. The public areas would be secure and presentable.

Below Average

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals multiple minor deficiencies, several major deficiencies or a critical deficiency. A critical deficiency is a violation that affects the health and safety of the residents and can affect the habitability of parts of the development. Critical deficiencies include an inoperable fire alarm control system; other fire and safety hazards; inoperable elevators; and/or structural deficiencies. Failure to correct all deficiencies or failure to fully comply with the Corporation's inspection process and/or reporting requirements after a satisfactory review may result in a below average rating on a subsequent review.

Unsatisfactory

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals repeat violations including those covered under a below average rating; hazardous conditions throughout the Development including structural damage, leaking roofs and boilers; unattractive public and/or utility areas; and/or failure to correct deficiencies despite written warnings on at least two (2) occasions.

PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOAN OCCUPANCY

The following table sets forth occupancy rates for developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans, other than the mortgage loans underlying the 2011 Participant Interest, the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans and the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the related Developments, which are generally seasoned Mortgage Loans with Developments that have been in operation on average for more than 20 years, and information relating to the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and the related Developments, which are generally seasoned Mortgage Loans with Developments that have been in operation on average for more than 20 years, and information relating to the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and the related Developments, which are generally seasoned Mortgage Loans with Developments that have been in operation on average for more than 5 years. A majority of the developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans, as measured by outstanding principal balance, have been in operation since at least 2013. Developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans made recently may not yet have been inspected by the Corporation and are included in the table below as Not Applicable.

	Number of		Outstanding Principal	Percentage of Total Outstanding Principal Balance of Mortgage
Occupancy*	Developments	Number of Mortgage Loans	Balance of Mortgage Loans	Loans
Above 95%	370	597	\$4,569,485,117	67.58%
Between 90% - 94%	58	89	846,288,711	12.52%
Less than 90%	18	26	162,552,169	2.40%
Not Applicable	31	72	1,182,833,806	17.49%
TOTAL**	477	784	\$6,761,159,803	100.00%

* Occupancy rates are based on latest occupancy inspections conducted by the Corporation available as of April 30, 2023.

** May not add due to rounding.

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CROSS-CALL PROVISIONS

The following table sets forth the Series of Bonds with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted. With respect to all Series of Bonds Outstanding not listed below, cross-calls into the Series and cross-calls out of the Series are permitted. As used herein, the term "cross-calls" refers to the redemption of Bonds of one Series from amounts representing Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to Mortgage Loans attributable to a different Series of Bonds. This table is not intended by the Corporation to be entirely inclusive of the information necessary for a Bondholder to determine the likelihood of redemptions due to cross-calls or otherwise with respect to a particular Series of Bonds. Many factors may affect the Corporation's decision to cross-call including, but not limited to, economic factors and certain limitations under Federal tax law. For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Series of Bonds	Cross-Calls Into Series Permitted	Cross-Calls Out of Series Permitted
1998 Series A	No	Yes
1998 Series B	No	No
1999 Series E	No	No
2002 Series C	No	Yes
2007 Series A	No	No
2008 Series E	No	No
2008 Series F	No	No
2015 Series E-1	No ¹	No ¹

¹ Cross-calls into this Series of Bonds are only permitted from, and cross-calls out of this Series are only permitted to, any Series of Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds issued or to be issued.

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INTEREST RATE HEDGE AGREEMENTS

Interest Rate Caps

Notional Amount ¹	Counterparty	Index	Strike Rate	Ceiling Rate	Effective Date	Termination Date
\$63,625,000	Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products, L.P.	Three-Month LIBOR ³	7.350%	14.85%	12/2/2005	11/1/2032
\$6,520,000	Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products, L.P.	Three-Month LIBOR ³	7.350%	14.85%	12/2/2005	5/1/2027
\$50,000,000	PNC Bank, National Association	Three-Month LIBOR+0.49% ³	4.500%	7.50%	11/1/2014	11/1/2033

Interest Rate Exchange Agreements

Notional Amount ¹	Counterparty	Index	Pay	Receive	Ceiling Rate	Effective Date	Termination Date
\$85,000,000	PNC Bank, National Association	Three- Month LIBOR ³	1.9210%	100% 3M LIBOR	7.50%	5/1/2018	11/1/2042
\$100,000,000	PNC Bank, National Association	Three- Month LIBOR ³	2.8909%	100% 3M LIBOR	N/A	2/1/2019	5/1/2046
\$75,000,000	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	SIFMA ⁵	2.3670%	SIFMA	N/A	5/1/2019	5/1/2059
\$68,357,803	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	Three- Month LIBOR ³	3.0220%	100% 3M LIBOR	N/A	2/1/2019	2/1/2036
\$63,805,254	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	Three- Month LIBOR ³	2.0890%	100% 3M LIBOR	N/A	8/1/2019	5/1/2047
\$184,000,000	Royal Bank of Canada	One- Month LIBOR ⁴	2.2400%	77.5% 1M LIBOR	N/A	5/1/2024	5/1/2050
\$98,895,000	Citibank, N.A.	One- Month LIBOR ⁴	2.1934%	77.5% 1M LIBOR	N/A	7/1/2022	5/1/2051
\$133,287,227	Citibank, N.A.	Three- Month LIBOR ³	2.9563%	100% 3M LIBOR	N/A	1/1/2021	11/1/2038
\$54,126,321	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	Three- Month LIBOR ³	2.6910%	100% 3M LIBOR	N/A	2/1/2021	5/1/2050
\$150,000,000 ²	The Bank of New York Mellon	SIFMA ⁵	1.7365%	SIFMA	N/A	7/1/2025	7/1/2045

\$100,000,000	PNC Bank, National Association	SOFR ⁶	1.900%	SOFR	7.50%	11/1/2024	5/1/2052
\$50,000,000 ²	The Bank of New York Mellon	75% of SOFR ⁷	2.2260%	75% of SOFR	N/A	12/1/2022	12/1/2042
\$150,000,000 ²	Royal Bank of Canada	SOFR ⁶	2.7670%	SOFR	7.50%	12/1/2022	11/1/2042
\$78,720,000	PNC Bank, National Association	75% of SOFR ⁷	2.3090%	75% of SOFR	N/A	12/15/2022	12/1/2042

¹ As of April 30, 2023. The notional amounts amortize over time except as described in footnote 2.

² The notional amount does not amortize prior to the termination date.

- ³ "Three-Month LIBOR" has the meaning attributed to such term in the related hedge agreement. The Corporation and the Counterparty both have adhered to the ISDA 2020 IBOR Fallbacks Protocol.
- ⁴ "One-Month LIBOR" has the meaning attributed to such term in the related hedge agreement. The Corporation and the Counterparty both have adhered to the ISDA 2020 IBOR Fallbacks Protocol.
- ⁵ "SIFMA" has the meaning attributed to such term in the related hedge agreement.
- ⁶ USD-SOFR, as defined in the related hedge agreement.
- ⁷ 75% of USD-SOFR-COMPOUND, as defined in the related hedge agreement.

DESCRIPTION OF SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY AND SUBSIDY PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY

FHA Insurance Program

The following describes briefly the multi-family mortgage insurance program General. administered by HUD, acting through FHA, pursuant to Sections 220, 221(d)(3), 221(d)(4) or 223(f) of the National Housing Act, as amended (the "National Housing Act"), and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the National Housing Act and the regulations thereunder. The applicable FHA regulations regarding such Sections of the National Housing Act are contained in Part 200, Part 220 and Part 221 of Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations and, with certain exceptions, incorporate by reference the provisions of Subpart A, Part 207 of Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations concerning eligibility requirements of mortgages covering multi-family housing under Section 207 of the National Housing Act and the provisions of Subpart B, Part 207 of Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations concerning the contract rights and obligations of the mortgagee with respect to mortgages insured under Section 207 of the National Housing Act. In the event of a conflict between the documents governing the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans, the National Housing Act or the FHA rules, regulations and program requirements and the Resolutions, the documents governing the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans or provisions of the National Housing Act and FHA rules, regulations and program requirements will be controlling. FHA Insurance benefits under the program are available only if the mortgagee of record is an FHA-approved mortgagee. The Corporation has been an FHA-approved mortgagee under the FHA Insurance program since 1972.

FHA regulations define a default under an FHA-insured mortgage (including the note incorporated therein) as: (1) a failure to make any payments due under such mortgage or (2) a failure to perform any other mortgage covenant (which includes covenants in the regulatory agreement executed in connection with such FHA-insured mortgage) if the mortgagee, because of such failure, has accelerated the debt. In the event that there is a default beyond applicable notice and grace periods under the FHA regulatory agreement and FHA so requests, the mortgagee, at its option, may declare the whole indebtedness due and payable. Furthermore, the FHA regulations provide that upon notice of a violation of a mortgage covenant, FHA reserves the right to require the mortgagee to accelerate payment of the outstanding principal in order to protect FHA's interests. A mortgagee is entitled to receive the benefits of the mortgage insurance after the mortgagor has defaulted and such default (as defined in the FHA regulations) has continued for a period of thirty (30) days subject to certain requirements.

It is the responsibility of the mortgagee to notify FHA in the event of such a default by the mortgagor under the mortgage note or mortgage. FHA regulations further require the mortgagee to make an election, within forty-five (45) days after the date on which the mortgagee becomes eligible to receive FHA Insurance benefits, (i) to assign the mortgage to FHA or (ii) to acquire title to and convey the project property to FHA, unless such time period is extended by FHA.

The mortgagee is required to submit all required documentation within forty-five (45) days of the date the mortgage is assigned to FHA unless the time is extended by FHA. The documentation required to be supplied to FHA includes the mortgage note, the mortgage, the security agreement, the financing statements, the title policy, the hazard policy and other instruments, together with assignments of such documents to FHA. If the election is not made or the documents are not delivered within the forty-five (45) days allowed, FHA will not pay the mortgagee interest on sums outstanding from the date the election should have been made or the documents should have been submitted to FHA, whichever

is applicable, to the date when the mortgage insurance claim is finally paid, unless FHA has agreed to extend the period with interest.

The FHA Insurance benefits received in the event of any claim under the FHA Insurance contract will be subject to certain deductions. The mortgagee will be entitled to settlement of the insurance claim in cash (or, if elected by the mortgagee, in FHA debentures), upon assignment of the mortgage, in an amount equal to 99% of the amount of the principal balance of a defaulted mortgage loan outstanding as of the date of default, after adjustment for certain expenses and for deposits or assets held by the mortgagee for the benefit of the development and not assigned to FHA. However, the Corporation has covenanted in the applicable Supplemental Resolutions to receive insurance claim settlements in cash. FHA Insurance benefits include the payment of interest at the FHA debenture rate on the amount of the insurance claim from the date of default to the date the claim is paid (or such earlier date by which the mortgagee is required to file the election to assign the mortgage or complete submissions as described above, if the mortgagee fails to take such action on a timely basis). The interest rate on the FHA debentures is the rate in effect as of the date of the commitment for FHA Insurance or as of the date of initial endorsement of the note by FHA, whichever is higher. In the case of a monetary default, the date of default is deemed to be the date on which payment on the mortgage loan originally should have been received. Since interest is paid one month in arrears on the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans, the Corporation, in the event of a claim for FHA Insurance benefits, will not be reimbursed for interest which has accrued in the previous month and was due and payable on the date of default.

In connection with a claim for FHA Insurance benefits, FHA may require delivery to it of certain cash items. Cash items are defined to include, among other things, any cash held by or on behalf of the mortgagee which has not been applied to reduce the mortgage, funds held by the mortgagee for the account of the mortgagor, any unadvanced balance of the insured note and any undrawn balance under letters of credit delivered to the mortgagee in connection with endorsement of the insured note. The mortgagee is responsible for all funds in its custody and must therefore obtain approval from FHA and others when required, prior to release of any funds which may be in its possession. Failure to properly protect such funds may result in a deduction from the FHA Insurance benefits in an amount equal to the funds FHA asserts should have properly been held as a deposit.

In the event of an assignment, in order to receive FHA Insurance benefits, FHA requires the mortgage to make certain warranties with respect to the validity and priority of the mortgage lien and to furnish FHA with a title insurance policy or policies which name FHA as an insured party and which assure that the mortgage constitutes a first lien on the project, subject only to such exceptions previously approved by FHA. The mortgagee will be required to remove any unapproved intervening liens and to obtain an updated title endorsement within the 45-day period (or such longer period as may be approved by FHA) during which documents are required to be submitted. FHA will deduct the amount of any unapproved liens which have priority over the insured mortgage lien from the mortgage insurance benefits.

FHA typically pays a portion of an insurance claim prior to the delivery of all required documentation, including the mortgage note and the mortgage. If a claim is made, FHA will usually, but is not obligated to, pay 90% of the outstanding principal balance of the note within fifteen (15) days of the recordation of an assignment of the mortgage to FHA. Remaining balances are paid to the mortgage after FHA has received final financial data and final legal clearance has been received. During the period from the date of default on the mortgage until final payment (or such earlier date by which the mortgage is required to complete submissions as described above), FHA pays interest on the remaining unpaid amount of the insurance claim at the FHA debenture rate.

Under FHA regulations, if the Corporation receives proceeds from any policy of casualty insurance, it may not exercise its option under the mortgages related to the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans to use such

proceeds for either rebuilding the Developments, prepaying the mortgage notes or for any other disposition without FHA's prior written approval. If FHA fails to give its approval to the use of the insurance proceeds within thirty (30) days after written request by the Corporation, the Corporation may use or apply the funds for the purposes specified in such mortgages without prior FHA approval.

<u>Regulatory Agreement, Rent Adjustments and HUD's Supervisory Powers</u>. Under the form of regulatory agreement used in connection with developments financed pursuant to FHA-insured mortgage loans (the "Regulatory Agreement"), the mortgagor is required, among other things, to make all payments due under the mortgage loan and to pay a specified amount monthly into the reserve fund for replacements, which must at all times be under the control of state or local housing finance agencies (the "HFA") and disbursements from which may be made only with HUD's consent or, if authorized by HUD, with the consent of the HFA. In addition, the mortgagor must deposit all rents and other receipts of the development in a development bank account and may withdraw funds from such account only in accordance with the Regulatory Agreement for expenses of the development, certain required remittances to HUD, or distributions of return on equity. For projects subject to rent regulation by HUD (which include projects assisted with Section 8 contracts), rental increases may be made only with the approval of HUD. At any time HUD will consider a written request for a rental increase if such request is properly supported by substantiating evidence. Within a reasonable time HUD must either:

1) approve an increase in the rental schedule to compensate for any net increase in taxes other than income taxes and in operating and maintenance expenses over which the mortgagor has no effective control. With respect to certain mortgage loans insured pursuant to Section 223(f) of the National Housing Act, HUD may approve an additional increase giving consideration to the debt associated with any subordinate mortgage on the project provided HUD determines that market conditions warrant an increase sufficient to amortize all or part of such subordinate mortgage on the project and that such an increase will not unduly jeopardize the economic stability of the project because of adverse effects on rent collections or vacancies; or

2) deny the increase, stating the reasons therefor.

Rent increases for projects assisted with Section 8 contracts are governed by the provisions of the applicable Section 8 contract. Generally, projects insured under Sections 220 and 221(d)(4) of the National Housing Act are not subject to rent regulation by HUD, with certain project-by-project exceptions.

The Regulatory Agreement also contains provisions detailing requirements for tenant eligibility, nondiscrimination, and permissible uses of, or changes to, the development; and prohibits the conveyance, transference or encumbrance of the development or any right to manage the development without the prior written approval of HUD. The mortgagor may not make, receive, or retain any distribution of assets or income from the development except from "surplus cash" and only as permitted under the Regulatory Agreement and applicable laws.

The mortgagor is also prohibited, without the prior written approval of HUD, from remodeling, adding to or demolishing any part of the development or engaging in any other business or activity or incurring any obligation or liability not in connection with the development.

In the event of a violation in the performance of the mortgagor's obligations under the Regulatory Agreement and the mortgagor's failure to cure such violation after receiving notice from HUD, even in the absence of a default under a mortgage note or a mortgage, HUD may (a) notify the HFA of such default and request the HFA to declare a default under the mortgage note and the mortgage, and the HFA may, at its option, declare the whole indebtedness due and thereupon proceed with foreclosure of the mortgage or assign the mortgage note and the mortgage to HUD, (b) collect all rents and charges in connection with the

operation of the development and use such collections to pay the mortgagor's obligations under the Regulatory Agreement, the mortgage note and the mortgage and the expenses of maintaining the development, (c) take possession of and operate the development, and (d) apply for an injunction, appointment of a receiver or such other relief as may be appropriate.

The Regulatory Agreement provides that the mortgagor of the development assumes no personal liability for payments due under the related mortgage note and mortgage, for the reserve for replacements or for matters not under its control. The Regulatory Agreement does provide, however, that the mortgagor is liable for funds or property of the development in the possession of the mortgagor and which the mortgagor is not entitled to retain, and for the mortgagor's actions, or those of others which the mortgagor has authorized, in violation of the Regulatory Agreement.

Loss of FHA Insurance. FHA requires the maintenance of specified casualty insurance on mortgaged properties. The mortgagee must obtain such coverage in the event the mortgagor fails to do so. The failure to maintain adequate casualty insurance on a development may result in the partial or full loss of the FHA Insurance benefits in the event of damage to or destruction of such development. FHA Insurance benefits may also be lost for failure to pay required FHA mortgage insurance premiums or failure to provide FHA with required notices. FHA Insurance benefits may also be denied if fraudulent statements were made to FHA by the HFA or by the mortgagor with the knowledge of the HFA.

FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance Program

<u>General</u>. Section 542(c) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992, as amended (the "Risk-Sharing Act"), authorizes the Secretary of HUD to enter into risk-sharing agreements with qualified state or local housing finance agencies ("HFAs") to enable those HFAs to underwrite and process loans for which HUD will provide full mortgage insurance for eligible projects. HUD has promulgated regulations at 24 C.F.R. Part 266 (the "Regulations") pursuant to the Risk-Sharing Act. The Corporation has been designated by HUD as a "qualified HFA" under the Risk-Sharing Act and has entered into a risk-sharing agreement (the "Risk-Sharing Agreement") with HUD.

Under the program established by the Risk-Sharing Act (the "Risk-Sharing Program"), a participating HFA retains underwriting, loan management and property disposition functions and responsibility for defaulted loans. Following default under a mortgage loan subject to a HUD contract of mortgage insurance under the Risk-Sharing Program, the participating HFA may obtain from HUD an initial claim payment of 100% of the loan's unpaid principal balance and accrued interest, subject to certain adjustments, as further described below. After a period during which the HFA may work toward curing the default, foreclosure or resale of the related project, losses (if any) are to be calculated and apportioned between the HFA and HUD according to a specified risk-sharing percentage for the mortgage loan (determined at the time of its endorsement for insurance), and the amount of the HFA's reimbursement obligation to HUD is determined. During the period preceding such final loss settlement, the HFA is to pay HUD interest on the amount of the initial claim payment. In the case of the Corporation, such debenture interest and the Corporation's reimbursement and other payment obligations to HUD under the Risk-Sharing Agreement will <u>not</u> be payable from the Revenues, Accounts and Mortgage Loans pledged under the Resolution.

<u>FHA Mortgage Insurance</u>. In the case of a Mortgage Loan to be insured during construction, under the Regulations, HUD evidences its insurance by an initial endorsement of the applicable Mortgage Note at or prior to the first advance of moneys under the insured Mortgage Loan to the Mortgagor. Such advance ordinarily occurs prior to the commencement of construction although construction may begin using a Mortgagor's own funds with the Corporation's consent prior to initial endorsement. All advances for construction items will be made as authorized by the Corporation pursuant

to the requirements of HUD. The Regulations also provide for insurance of a Mortgage Loan following completion of the project without insurance of construction advances. In either case, upon completion of the project, presentation of a closing docket and certifications required by the Regulations, HUD issues a final endorsement of the Mortgage Note for the costs related to the project which have been certified by an independent certified public accountant and have been approved by the Corporation. Although the Corporation has been given authority to approve cost certifications by a Mortgage, such certifications are contestable by HUD, up to and during final endorsement of the applicable Mortgage.

The Regulations define an event of default under a HUD-insured mortgage as (i) a failure to make any payment due under the Mortgage or (ii) a failure to perform any other mortgage covenant (which include covenants in the related Regulatory Agreement, which is incorporated by reference in the applicable Mortgage) if the Corporation, because of such failure, has accelerated the debt. The Corporation is entitled to receive the benefits of insurance after the Mortgagor has defaulted and such default continues for a period of 30 days. If the default continues to exist at the end of the 30 day grace period, the Corporation is required to give HUD written notice of the default within 10 days after such grace period and monthly thereafter, unless waived by HUD, until such default has been cured or the Corporation has filed an application for an initial claim payment.

Unless a written extension is granted by HUD, the Corporation must file an application for initial claim payment (or, if appropriate, for partial claim payment) within 75 days from the date of default. Such claim may be made as early as the first day of the month following the month for which a payment was missed. Upon request of the Corporation, HUD may extend, up to 180 days from the date of default, the deadline for filing a claim. In those cases where the Corporation certifies that the Mortgagor is in the process of transacting a bond refunding, refinancing the Mortgage, or changing the ownership for the purpose of curing the default and bringing the Mortgage current, HUD may extend the deadline for filing a claim beyond 180 days.

The initial claim amount is 100% of the unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Note as of the date of default, plus interest at the Mortgage Note rate from the date of default to the date of initial claim payment (subject to curtailment as described below). HUD must make all claim payments in cash. The initial claim payment from HUD is equal to the initial claim amount, less any delinquent mortgage insurance premiums, late charges and interest assessment under the Regulations. The Regulations provide that proceeds of the initial claim payment must be used to retire any bonds or any other financing mechanisms securing the Mortgage within 30 days of the initial claim payment, and that any excess funds resulting from such retirement or repayment shall be returned to HUD within 30 days of the retirement.

In determining the Mortgage Note interest component of the initial claim amount, if the Corporation fails to meet any of the requirements of the Regulations concerning claim procedures within the specified time (including any granted extension of time), HUD shall curtail the accrual of Mortgage Note interest by the number of days by which the required action was late.

FHA insurance under the Risk Sharing Program with respect to any Mortgage Loan may be terminated upon the occurrence of certain events, including the following: (i) the corresponding Mortgage is paid in full; (ii) the Corporation acquires the applicable project and notifies the FHA Commissioner that it will not file an insurance claim; (iii) a party other than the Corporation acquires the applicable project at a foreclosure sale; (iv) the Corporation notifies the FHA Commissioner of a voluntary termination; (v) the Corporation or its successors commit fraud or make a material misrepresentation to the FHA Commissioner with respect to certain information; (vi) the receipt by the FHA Commissioner of an application for final claims settlement by the Corporation; or (vii) the Corporation acquires the applicable project and fails to make an initial claim.

REMIC Insurance Program

<u>Recent Developments</u>. While REMIC cannot determine the overall impact that the COVID-19 pandemic, including the ongoing federal and State regulatory and legislative responses thereto, will have on the operations and overall financial condition of the REMIC Insurance Program, the COVID-19 pandemic may have a material adverse effect on the REMIC Insurance Program. Among other things, there may be an increase in insurance claims under policies in force.

<u>General</u>. REMIC was created in January 1993 as a public benefit corporation of the State under Section 654-d of the New York Private Housing Finance Law (the "REMIC Act"). The REMIC Act also established REMIC as a subsidiary of the Corporation.

REMIC consists of nine members, seven of whom are the members of the Corporation plus two additional members who are appointed by the Mayor of the City. The Chairperson of the Corporation is also the Chairperson of REMIC. The powers of REMIC are vested in and exercised by no less than five members. REMIC may delegate to one or more of its members, officers, agents or employees such powers and duties as it deems proper. The officers and staff of REMIC are all employees of the Corporation. The REMIC Act prohibits REMIC from issuing a commitment to insure a mortgage loan made by the Corporation unless such commitment is approved by at least two members of a three member committee composed of the Chairperson and the two members of REMIC who are not members of the Corporation.

<u>Purposes and Powers</u>. REMIC's purpose is to insure mortgage loans in order to promote the preservation of neighborhoods in New York City which are blighted, are becoming blighted or may become blighted; to discourage disinvestment and encourage investment of mortgage capital in such neighborhoods; and to provide safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations to persons and families for which the ordinary operations of private enterprise cannot supply such accommodations. In furtherance of its corporate purpose, REMIC is authorized to enter into commitments to insure mortgages and contracts of insurance, and fulfill its obligations and enforce its rights under any insurance so furnished.

REMIC is empowered to insure permanent first mortgage loans made by financial institutions for multi-family housing accommodations, one to four family homes, and emergency, transitional or shelter housing ("Shelter Housing") located in the City of New York. This includes multi-family rental and cooperative buildings, owner-occupied one to four family homes, cooperative units, condominium units, Shelter Housing and mixed-use buildings, provided that, with respect to mixed-use buildings containing more than six dwelling units and Shelter Housing, the above-ground commercial space must contain less than 25% of the total above-ground square footage of the insured property. REMIC insurance coverage (the "Coverage Percentage") is limited by property type and loan type. Lenders can obtain up to 50% coverage on preservation loans (i.e., refinancing and/or acquisition loans), up to 75% on rehabilitation loans (i.e., permanent loans which replace construction or rehabilitation financing) and up to 100% on preservation or rehabilitation loans made by a public employee pension system or another public benefit corporation, including the Corporation, when such loan is funded with the proceeds of a bond issue.

<u>REMIC Funds</u>. The REMIC Act establishes a housing insurance fund (the "HIF") and a REMIC premium reserve fund ("PRF"). REMIC is required to maintain the HIF to serve as a revolving fund for carrying out the provisions of the REMIC Act with respect to housing insurance contracts entered into by REMIC. The HIF requirement, as of any particular date of computation, is equal to an amount of money or cash equivalents equal to the aggregate of (a) the insured amounts of loans due and payable as of such date pursuant to its housing insurance contracts, plus (b) an amount equal to 20% of the insured amounts under REMIC's housing insurance contracts (other than insured amounts due and payable pursuant to clause (a) above) plus 20% of the amounts to be insured under REMIC's commitments to insure. Increases

to the HIF are funded solely from monies from the PRF. The term "cash equivalent" means a letter of credit, insurance policy, surety, guarantee, indemnity or other security arrangement.

The REMIC Act provides that no monies shall be withdrawn from the HIF at any time in such amount as would reduce the amount in the HIF to less than the HIF requirement, except for the purpose of paying liabilities arising from housing insurance contracts as they come due and for the payment of which other monies are not available.

As of April 30, 2023, the HIF's total liability against commitments and against housing insurance contracts in force was approximately \$528 million. As of April 30, 2023, the HIF had a total loan amount on outstanding commitments and housing insurance contracts in force of approximately \$2.57 billion on 332 properties. As of April 30, 2023, the HIF was funded in cash or marketable securities in an amount at least equal to the HIF requirement.

REMIC also maintains the PRF to provide for payment of REMIC's liabilities arising from its operations, its housing insurance contracts and its mortgage insurance contracts. All monies deposited in the PRF, whether from earned premiums, investment income or other sources, represent the excess over the HIF requirements. If the amounts in the HIF are below their respective requirements, amounts in the PRF are available to restore these funds to their requirements. As of April 30, 2023, the PRF totaled approximately \$46.6 million.

Since 2011, the Corporation has provided \$35.5 million to REMIC to capitalize future capacity. As of April 30, 2023, the REMIC total fund balance was approximately \$152 million.

<u>Claims for Loss</u>. As of April 30, 2023, the HIF paid four claims for loss totaling \$95,000.

The claims-paying ability of the HIF is rated "AA" by S&P. The PRF is not rated by any recognized rating agency. Such ratings reflect only the respective views of such rating agencies, and an explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. There is no assurance that this rating will be retained for any given period of time or that the same will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency furnishing the same if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant.

The payment of principal and interest on the Bonds is not secured by or payable from monies held in the HIF or the PRF, and REMIC is not liable on the Bonds. The REMIC Act provides that all amounts in the HIF, with certain exceptions, shall be used solely for the payment of its liabilities arising from housing insurance contracts. Only monies in the HIF and the PRF will be available to REMIC for payment of REMIC's liabilities under the REMIC Insurance. There are no other dedicated sources of revenue to pay for the insurance obligations of REMIC. There can be no assurance that the amounts on deposit in the HIF and PRF will not be depleted through payment of liabilities arising with respect to insured mortgage loans other than REMIC-insured Mortgage Loans.

The audited financial statements of REMIC for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022 are included in the audited financial statements of the Corporation for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2022 which are incorporated by reference in this Official Statement. Copies of the Annual Report of the Corporation, which includes information on REMIC, are available from REMIC at 110 William Street, New York, New York 10038, telephone: (212) 227-5500, or through its internet address: www.nychdc.com/REMIC.

Benefits for the Mortgage Loans secured or expected to be secured by REMIC Insurance under <u>HIF</u>. The REMIC Master Policy of Insurance (the "REMIC Policy"), which covers a specified percentage of the original Mortgage Loan amount for each insured Mortgage Loan on a first loss basis, requires each

insured lender benefitting from REMIC Insurance (an "Insured") to notify REMIC within forty-five (45) days after a payment default by a Mortgagor on an insured Mortgage Loan and to provide various additional notices during the period of default. When a Mortgagor fails to pay a total aggregate amount equal to four regular monthly payments of principal and interest, and any escrow payments due under the terms of an insured Mortgage Loan, disregarding any waivers or extensions by the Insured (termed "Four Months in Default" under the REMIC Policy), and assuming such notices have been timely submitted and other preconditions have been met, the Insured may make a claim for REMIC Insurance benefits.

Upon receipt of a notice of default under an insured Mortgage Loan, REMIC has the right to purchase the Mortgage Loan from the Insured for a price equal to the unpaid principal balance thereof and all "Allowed Costs" (defined to mean delinquent interest, taxes, attorney fees and the like) not previously reimbursed by REMIC. Thereafter, REMIC is to receive an assignment of the Mortgage Loan and all reserves held for the credit of the related Development. The Insured may also request, if the Mortgage Loan is Four Months in Default, that REMIC enter into (i) a periodic payment plan lasting no more than two years during which time the Insured is to receive from REMIC on a quarterly basis the amounts due on the Mortgage Loan net of the operating income from the Development assigned by the Mortgagor to the Insured, or (ii) where there is no reasonable expectation that there will be a cure of the Mortgage Loan default, a lump sum payment agreement requiring payment by REMIC to the Insured of an amount equal to the average of two quoted market valuations of the property plus the Coverage Percentage of Allowed Costs. At the end of the two year periodic payment plan period, any additional insurance benefits due to the Insured are to be paid by REMIC. In the case of both a periodic payment plan and a lump sum payment plan, total insurance benefits paid may not exceed the lesser of (x) the Coverage Percentage of the full Claim for Loss (defined below), or (y) the Coverage Percentage of the Mortgage Loan principal amount as initially insured.

Unless the related Mortgage Loan is purchased by REMIC, or a periodic payment plan or lump sum payment plan has been executed, as described above, the Insured is required by the REMIC Policy to commence proceedings to obtain title to the Development when the insured Mortgage Loan becomes Four Months in Default (although the Insured is free to commence such proceedings upon any default). However, upon consent of REMIC or satisfaction of certain other conditions, actions, including foreclosure proceedings, may be undertaken in which title to the property will pass to a third party.

In the event that the Insured obtains title to the Development, the Insured may present a claim under the REMIC Insurance and REMIC, at its option, will pay insurance benefits in either of the following amounts:

(a) the full "Claim for Loss," consisting of the Mortgage Loan principal balance as of the date of default and Allowed Costs but net of reserves held for the Development and net of any portion of the claim attributable to Insured fault or previously reimbursed to the Insured, in which case title to the Development is to be transferred to REMIC, or

(b) a percentage of the full Claim for Loss equal to the Coverage Percentage thereof, but not in excess of the Coverage Percentage of the Mortgage Loan principal amount as initially insured, in which case the Insured is to retain title to the Development.

If proceedings are undertaken in which title to the property passes to a third party, the Insured may claim under the REMIC Insurance for payment of the full Claim for Loss, net of the amounts realized by the Insured from such proceedings, but never in excess of the Coverage Percentage of the Mortgage Loan principal amount as initially insured.

For specific information on the coverage provided by REMIC Insurance, reference should be made to the applicable REMIC commitment and the Master Policy issued by REMIC, which are available at the offices of the Corporation.

The REMIC Insurance may terminate pursuant to its terms upon the occurrence of certain events including, without limitation, the nonpayment of renewal premium, the material modification of the Mortgage without the prior written approval of REMIC, and the disposal of property or collateral securing the Mortgage Loan prior to the final settlement of a claim for loss.

With respect to the Mortgage Loans insured or expected to be insured by REMIC, amounts in the HIF are available, and amounts in the PRF are not available, to pay any liability incurred by REMIC with respect to such Mortgage Loans.

As of April 30, 2023, two hundred and sixty-eight (268) permanent Mortgage Loans under the Program, with an aggregate outstanding Mortgage Loan balance of approximately \$2.01 billion, are partially insured by REMIC. Twenty-one (21) of these Mortgage Loans, with an aggregate outstanding Mortgage Loan balance of approximately \$321 million, are in the process of receiving REMIC certification.

REMIC makes no representation as to the contents of this Official Statement (other than this section), the suitability of the Bonds for any investor, the feasibility of the Developments, or compliance with any securities or tax laws and regulations which may relate to the issuance and sale of the Bonds.

REMIC's role is limited to providing the coverage set forth in the REMIC Insurance.

SONYMA Insurance Program

As further described below, the State of New York Mortgage Agency ("SONYMA") operates a mortgage insurance program. Mortgage Loans insured by SONYMA are referred to as the "SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans." *The Bonds are not insured by SONYMA and SONYMA is not liable on the Bonds.*

<u>General</u>. SONYMA was established pursuant to the State of New York Mortgage Agency Act, Chapter 612 of the Laws of New York, 1970, as amended (the "SONYMA Act"). The directors of SONYMA consist of the State Comptroller or his appointee, the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, the Commissioner of the New York State Division of Housing and Community Renewal, one director appointed by the Temporary President of the State Senate, one director appointed by the Speaker of the State Assembly, and four directors appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate. SONYMA employs a staff of approximately 153 employees, including 10 persons who staff the legal, underwriting and risk evaluation, administrative and servicing units of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund (defined below). The issuance of commitments to insure loans of greater than \$2,000,000 requires the approval of SONYMA's Mortgage Insurance Committee and the issuance of commitments to insure loans of greater than \$7,000,000 also requires the approval of the directors of SONYMA.

The SONYMA Act authorizes SONYMA to enter into commitments to insure mortgages and contracts of mortgage insurance and to contract to facilitate the financial activities of the Convention Center Development Corporation (the "CCDC"), a subsidiary of the New York State Urban Development Corporation, and to fulfill SONYMA's obligations and enforce its rights under any insurance or financial support so furnished. Part II of the SONYMA Act, authorizing the mortgage insurance program, was adopted by the State Legislature in 1978 to encourage financial institutions to make mortgage loans in neighborhoods suffering from disinvestment by providing mortgage insurance to minimize the investment risk. In 1989, the SONYMA Act was amended to authorize SONYMA to provide insurance for a loan or

pool of loans (a) when the property is located in an "economic development zone" as defined under State law, (b) when the property will provide affordable housing, (c) when the entity providing the mortgage financing was or is created by local, State or Federal legislation, and certifies to SONYMA that the project meets the program criteria applicable to such entity or (d) when the property will provide a retail or community service facility that would not otherwise be provided. In December 2004, the SONYMA Act was amended to authorize SONYMA to enter into agreements with CCDC to provide a source or potential source of financial support to bonds of the CCDC and, to the extent not otherwise provided in respect of the support of bonds, for CCDC's ancillary bond facilities.

The SONYMA Act authorizes SONYMA to create a mortgage insurance fund (the "SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund"). The SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund is used as a revolving fund for carrying out the provisions of the SONYMA Act with respect to mortgages insured thereunder and with respect to providing credit support for the CCDC bonds or ancillary bond facilities. The Bonds are not secured by monies held in the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund and SONYMA is not liable on the Bonds. The SONYMA Act provides that all monies held in the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund, with certain exceptions, shall be used solely for the payment of its liabilities arising from mortgages insured by SONYMA or for providing credit support for CCDC bonds or ancillary bond facilities. Only monies in the appropriate accounts of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund will be available to SONYMA for payment of SONYMA's liabilities under the SONYMA mortgage insurance policies for the SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans (the "SONYMA Insurance").

The SONYMA Act establishes within the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund a project pool insurance account with respect to insurance on properties other than one to four dwelling units (the "Project Pool Insurance Account"), a special account (the "Special Account"), a single family pool insurance account with respect to insurance related to one to four dwelling units (the "Single Family Pool Insurance Account"), and a development corporation credit support account with respect to providing credit support for the bonds or ancillary bond facilities of the CCDC (the "Development Corporation Credit Support Account"). The Development Corporation Credit Support Account is a source or potential source of payment of the sum of the respective amounts (or percentages) of required or permissive funding by the CCDC of each reserve and financial support fund established by the CCDC for its bonds and, to the extent not otherwise provided in respect of the support of bonds, for its ancillary bond facilities for which SONYMA has determined that the Development Corporation Credit Support Account is or will be a source or potential source of funding.

The SONYMA Act provides that assets of the Project Pool Insurance Account, the Special Account, the Single Family Pool Insurance Account and the Development Corporation Credit Support Account shall be kept separate and shall not be commingled with each other or with any other accounts which may be established from time to time, except as authorized by the SONYMA Act. The SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans are insured by SONYMA under the Project Pool Insurance Account.

The SONYMA Act provides that all monies held in the Project Pool Insurance Account, with certain exceptions, shall be used solely for the payment of its liabilities arising from mortgages insured by SONYMA pursuant to the SONYMA Act. The claims-paying ability of each of the Project Pool Insurance Account and the Single Family Pool Insurance Account of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund are rated "Aa1", with stable outlooks, by Moody's Investors Service. Such ratings reflect only the views of such organization; an explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the rating agency. There is no assurance that such ratings will continue for any period of time or that they will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating agency if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. These ratings were established subsequent to SONYMA's change in its procedures to now require that reserves established with respect to project primary insurance it provides be

deposited to the Project Pool Insurance Account. The claims-paying ability of the Development Corporation Credit Support Account has not been rated. The SONYMA Act provides that SONYMA may not execute a contract to provide credit support to the bonds or ancillary bond facilities of the CCDC if, at the time such contract is executed, such execution would impair any then existing credit rating of the Single Family Pool Insurance Account or the Project Pool Insurance Account.

The SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund is funded primarily by a surtax on the State mortgage recording tax. Section 253(1-a) of the State Tax Law (the "State Tax Law") imposes a surtax (the "Tax") on recording mortgages of real property situated within the State. Excluded from the Tax are, among others, recordings of mortgages executed by voluntary nonprofit hospital corporations, mortgages executed by or granted to the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York and mortgages, wherein the mortgagee is a natural person, on mortgaged premises consisting of real property improved by a structure containing six or fewer residential dwelling units, each with separate cooking facilities. The Tax is equal to \$0.25 for each \$100 (and each remaining major fraction thereof) of principal debt which is secured by the mortgage. Section 261 of the State Tax Law requires the respective recording officers of each county of the State, on or before the tenth day of each month, after deducting certain administrative expenses incident to the maintenance of their respective recording offices, to pay SONYMA for deposit to the credit of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund the portion of the Tax collected by such counties during the preceding month, except that: (i) with respect to mortgages recorded on and after May 1, 1987, the balance of the Tax paid during each month to the recording officers of the counties comprising the Metropolitan Commuter Transportation District on mortgages of any real property improved by a structure containing six residential dwelling units or less with separate cooking facilities, shall be paid over to the Metropolitan Transportation Authority; (ii) with respect to mortgages recorded on and after May 1, 1987, the balance of the Tax paid during each month to the recording officers of the County of Erie on mortgages of any real property improved by a structure containing six residential dwelling units or less with separate cooking facilities, shall be paid over to the State Comptroller for deposit into the Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority light rail rapid transit special assistance fund; and (iii) Taxes paid upon mortgages covering real property situated in two or more counties shall be apportioned by the State Tax Commission among SONYMA, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority and the Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority, as appropriate.

Mortgage recording taxes have been collected in the State for more than 75 years. SONYMA has been entitled to receive Tax receipts since December 1978. Under existing law, no further action on the part of the State legislature is necessary for the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund to continue to receive such monies. However, the State is not bound or obligated to impose, or to impose at current levels, the mortgage recording taxes described above or to direct the proceeds to SONYMA as currently provided. The SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund's receipt of Tax receipts is dependent upon the performance by the county recording officers of their collection and remittance obligations; the State Tax Commission is given general supervisory power over such officers. Tax receipts paid to the Mortgage Insurance Fund in calendar years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022 were approximately \$140 million, \$73 million, \$64 million, \$79 million, \$19 million, \$140 million, \$156 million, \$188 million, \$179 million, \$161 million, \$154 million, \$165 million, \$130 million, \$156 million and \$205 million, respectively. Tax receipts have fluctuated over the period they have been payable to the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund, due to changing conditions in the State's real estate market.

The SONYMA Act provides that SONYMA must credit the amount of money received from the recording officer of each county to the Special Account. The SONYMA Act provides that SONYMA may credit from the Special Account to the Project Pool Insurance Account, the Single Family Pool Insurance Account or the Development Corporation Credit Support Account, such moneys as are needed to satisfy the mortgage insurance fund requirement (as defined in the SONYMA Act) (the "Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement") of the Project Pool Insurance Account, the Single Family Pool Insurance Account and the Development Corporation Credit Support Account, respectively, except that during any twelve-month

period ending on March thirty-first the aggregate amount credited to the Development Corporation Credit Support Account (excluding investment earnings thereon) shall not exceed the lesser of (i) \$50 million or (ii) the aggregate of the amounts required under the contracts executed by SONYMA to provide credit support to the CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities. The SONYMA Act also provides that if at any time the moneys, investments and cash equivalents (valued as determined by SONYMA) of the Project Pool Insurance Account, the Single Family Pool Insurance Account or the Development Corporation Credit Support Account exceed the amount necessary to attain and maintain the credit rating or, with respect to credit support to the CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities, credit worthiness (as determined by SONYMA) required to accomplish the purposes of such Account, SONYMA shall transfer such excess to the Special Account. Any excess balance in the Special Account is required to be remitted to the State annually. The SONYMA Act provides that no monies shall be withdrawn from any account within the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund at any time in such amount as would reduce the amount in each account of such Fund to less than its applicable Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement, except for the purpose of paying liabilities as they become due and for the payment of which other monies are not available. There can be no assurance that the amounts on deposit in the Project Pool Insurance Account will not be depleted through payment of liabilities arising with respect to insured mortgage loans other than the SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans.

The Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement as of any particular date of computation is equal to an amount of money or cash equivalents equal to (a) the aggregate of (i) the insured amounts of loans and such amount of credit support for the CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities that SONYMA has determined to be due and payable as of such date pursuant to its contracts to insure mortgages or provide credit support for the CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities plus (ii) an amount equal to twenty per centum (20%) of the amounts of loans insured under SONYMA's insurance contracts plus twenty per centum (20%) of the amounts to be insured under SONYMA's commitments to insure less the amounts payable pursuant to subparagraph (i) above (provided, however, that if the board of directors of SONYMA shall have established a higher per centum for a category of loans pursuant to the SONYMA Act, such per centum shall be substituted for twenty per centum (20%) in this paragraph as, for example, the March 2001 board of directors determination that the per centum for special needs facilities was forty per centum (40%)), plus (iii) an amount equal to the respective amounts established by contracts under which SONYMA has determined that the Development Corporation Credit Support Account will provide credit support for CCDC, less the amounts payable with respect to credit support for CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities pursuant to subparagraph (i) above less (b) the aggregate of the amount of each reinsurance contract procured in connection with obligations of SONYMA determined by SONYMA to be a reduction pursuant to this paragraph in calculating the Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement. Pursuant to the SONYMA Act, the board of directors of SONYMA may, from time to time, establish a Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement in an amount higher than the twenty per centum (20%) set forth above. There can be no assurance that, in the future, there will not be additional changes in the Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement for any category of loans.

As of March 31, 2022, the amount of reserves (money or cash equivalents) in the Project Pool Insurance Account was \$2,091,921,390 and the Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement related to such Account was \$1,262,438,582. Amounts on deposit in the Project Pool Insurance Account may be transferred to other accounts or withdrawn as described in the second preceding paragraph.

As of March 31, 2022, the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund's total liability against project mortgage insurance commitments and policies in force was \$6,112,647,579 and the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund had a total loan amount on outstanding project mortgage insurance commitments and policies in force of \$6,773,799,195.

As of March 31, 2022, the Project Pool Insurance Account had paid 101 project mortgage insurance claims for loss in the aggregate amount of \$123,986,924. As of March 31, 2022, the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund had 31 project mortgage insurance policies in force on which claims for loss had been submitted. SONYMA estimates that its total liability thereon is \$46,484,262.

In 2005, SONYMA entered into a credit support agreement with CCDC (the "Original CSA") to provide credit support for bonds issued in 2005 by CCDC (the "2005 Bonds"). In 2015, SONYMA and CCDC entered into a first amendment to the Original CSA which amended the Original CSA (as amended, the "Amended CSA") in order to provide credit support for refunding bonds issued by CCDC in 2015 (the "2015 Bonds"). Following the issuance of the 2015 Bonds, the 2005 Bonds were no longer outstanding. On September 22, 2016, SONYMA, with the authorization of its board of directors, entered into two separate credit support agreements with CCDC as follows: (i) an amendment and restatement of the Amended CSA (the "Amended and Restated Senior Lien CSA") to provide credit support for both the 2015 Bonds and bonds issued by CCDC in 2016 on a parity with the 2015 Bonds (the "2016 Senior Lien Bonds", together with the 2015 Bonds, the "Senior Lien Bonds") and possible future series of CCDC senior lien bonds, and (ii) a new credit support agreement (the "Subordinated CSA") to provide credit support for bonds issued by CCDC in 2016 which are subordinated to the Senior Lien Bonds (the "2016 Subordinated Lien Bonds") and possible future series of CCDC subordinated lien bonds. Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Senior Lien CSA, SONYMA will be obligated to maintain a minimum balance of \$25 million in the Development Corporation Credit Support Account which moneys will be used to support, in each bond year, the payment of an amount equal to up to one-third of the scheduled principal and interest due in such bond year on the Senior Lien Bonds. Pursuant to the Subordinated CSA, SONYMA will be obligated to maintain a minimum balance of \$8.2 million in a subaccount of the Development Corporation Credit Support Account which will be used to support the payment in each year of an amount equal to up to onethird of the scheduled principal and interest due in such year on the Series 2016 Subordinated Lien Bonds.

In addition to the mortgage insurance program and the credit support program, the SONYMA Act authorizes SONYMA to purchase and make commitments to purchase mortgage loans on single-family (one-to four-unit) housing and home improvement loans from certain lenders in the State, which loans may be the subject of SONYMA Insurance payable from the Single Family Pool Insurance Account. The SONYMA Act also empowers SONYMA to make and purchase certain student loans, none of which are eligible for SONYMA Insurance.

On the date hereof, SONYMA cannot determine the overall impact that the COVID-19 pandemic, including the ongoing federal and State regulatory and legislative responses thereto, will have on the operations and overall financial condition of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund, including the impact on mortgage recording tax receipts and the impact of increased mortgage insurance claims under policies in force.

Copies of SONYMA's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 are available from the State of New York Mortgage Agency, 641 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10022, telephone (212) 688-4000.

SONYMA makes no representation as to the contents of this Official Statement (other than this section), the suitability of the Bonds for any investor, the feasibility of any Project or compliance with any securities or tax laws and regulations which may relate to the issuance and sale of the Bonds.

SONYMA's role is limited to providing the coverage set forth in the SONYMA Insurance.

State Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Enacted Budget Provisions

The current Enacted Budget requires certain transfers of moneys in the aggregate amount of \$97.6 million, subject to the approval of the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, from (a) the Special Account in an amount up to the available excess balance in the Special Account, as calculated in accordance with the SONYMA Act for the State Fiscal Year 2022-2023, and/or (b) the Project Pool Insurance Account, provided that, at the time of each transfer from the Project Pool Insurance Account the reserves remaining in the Project Pool Insurance Account are sufficient to attain and maintain the credit rating required to accomplish the purposes of the Project Pool Insurance Account (as determined by SONYMA). There can be no assurances as to what effect, if any, any such transfer may have on the thencurrent rating of the Project Pool Insurance Account by any rating agency.

Similar provisions enacted as part of prior State Enacted Budgets resulted in transfers (i) in State Fiscal Year 2022-2023 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$0.00 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$40,020,000, (ii) in State Fiscal Year 2021-22 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$63,371,000 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$0.00, (iii) in State Fiscal Year 2020-2021 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$80,625,000 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$23,375,000, (iv) in State Fiscal Year 2019-2020 from the Project Pool Account in the aggregate amount of \$818,235 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$16,199,765, (v) in State Fiscal Year 2018-2019 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$3,032,511 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$51,967,489, (vi) in State Fiscal Year 2017-2018 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$99,397,781 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$53,602,219, (vii) in State Fiscal Year 2016-2017 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$100 million and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$75 million, (viii) in State Fiscal Year 2015-2016 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$75 million and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$50 million, (ix) in State Fiscal Year 2014-2015 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$75,418,000, (x) in State Fiscal Year 2013-2014 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$135,952,000, and (xi) in State Fiscal Years 2012-2013 and 2008-2009 from the Project Pool Insurance Account, each in the amount of \$100 million. State budget legislation in future years may provide for transfers from the Project Pool Insurance Account or other accounts in the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund. SONYMA makes no representation regarding whether any such transfers, or the amounts thereof, will be enacted.

The SONYMA Act provides that no monies shall be withdrawn from any account within the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund at any time in an amount which would reduce the amount on deposit in such account, including the Project Pool Insurance Account, of the Fund to fall below its statutorily required reserves.

Collection of SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Benefits – 100% Mortgage Loans.

It is expected that the SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans will be or have been insured by SONYMA upon compliance with certain conditions contained in their respective SONYMA insurance commitments. As of the date of this Official Statement, certain Mortgage Loans insured by SONYMA have been or will be insured for 100% of the outstanding principal balance thereof (the "100% Mortgage Loans"). The following description relates only to 100% Mortgage Loans which are insured for 100% of the outstanding principal balance thereof.

Pursuant to the SONYMA Insurance with respect to each of the SONYMA-insured 100% Mortgage Loans, following certain defaults under the respective Mortgage securing such 100% Mortgage Loans, the Corporation shall file a claim for loss with SONYMA. Thereupon, SONYMA has the option to either

(i) make periodic payments of its obligation under the SONYMA Insurance in amounts equal to the scheduled principal and interest payments due with respect to such 100% Mortgage Loan plus certain other amounts expended by the Corporation (for which the Corporation has not been reimbursed) or (ii) make a lump sum payment under the SONYMA Insurance in an amount equal to the sum of the principal outstanding and interest accrued on such 100% Mortgage Loan from the date of such claim for loss to the date of payment in respect of such claim for loss and certain other amounts expended by the Corporation (for which the Corporation has not been reimbursed). Periodic payments are to be made monthly. In addition, if SONYMA has chosen initially to make periodic payments it may nevertheless exercise its option to make a lump sum payment in the full amount of its then outstanding obligation under the SONYMA Insurance at any time while SONYMA is making periodic payments. Upon a lump sum payment by SONYMA, the Corporation shall assign such Mortgage to SONYMA. The SONYMA Insurance with respect to such 100% Mortgage Loan may terminate pursuant to its terms upon the occurrence of certain events including the nonpayment of renewal premium. For specific information on the coverage provided by the SONYMA Insurance with respect to such 100% Mortgage Loan, reference should be made to the policy related to such SONYMA Insurance which is available for inspection at the office of the Corporation.

The Corporation has covenanted not to take any action to conflict with SONYMA regulations so as to jeopardize the SONYMA Insurance. In addition, in the event of a default under any of the SONYMA-insured 100% Mortgage Loans, the Corporation has covenanted to undertake to assign such 100% Mortgage Loan to SONYMA or take such other actions in timely fashion so as to avoid any loss or diminution of benefits receivable as SONYMA Insurance.

Collection of SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Benefits – 50% Mortgage Loans.

It is expected that the SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans will be or have been insured by SONYMA upon compliance with certain conditions contained in their respective SONYMA insurance commitments. As of the date of this Official Statement, certain Mortgage Loans insured by SONYMA have been or will be insured for 50% of the originally insured principal balance thereof on a first loss basis (the "50% Mortgage Loans"). The following description relates only to 50% Mortgage Loans which are insured for 50% of the originally insured principal balance thereof.

Pursuant to the SONYMA Insurance with respect to each of the SONYMA-insured 50% Mortgage Loans, following certain defaults under the respective Mortgage securing such 50% Mortgage Loans, the Corporation shall file a claim for loss with SONYMA. Thereupon, SONYMA has the option to either (i) make periodic payments of its obligation under the SONYMA Insurance in amounts equal to the scheduled principal and interest payments due with respect to such 50% Mortgage Loan plus certain other amounts expended by the Corporation (for which the Corporation has not been reimbursed) in an aggregate amount not to exceed 50% of the originally insured principal balance or (ii) make a lump sum payment under the SONYMA Insurance in an amount not to exceed the lesser of (i) 50% of the originally insured amount thereof, or (ii) the sum of the principal outstanding and interest accrued on such 50% Mortgage Loan from the date of such claim for loss to the date of payment in respect of such claim for loss and certain other amounts expended by the Corporation (for which the Corporation has not been reimbursed). SONYMA shall make periodic payments for a period not to exceed three (3) years at the expiration of which, SONYMA may elect to continue the periodic payments or suspend payments until the Corporation obtains a deficiency judgment, at which time SONYMA will pay to the Corporation the remainder of its then outstanding obligation under the SONYMA Insurance. Periodic payments are to be made monthly. In addition, if SONYMA has chosen initially to make periodic payments it may at any time nevertheless exercise its option to make a lump sum payment. The SONYMA Insurance with respect to such 50% Mortgage Loan may terminate pursuant to its terms upon the occurrence of certain events including the nonpayment of renewal premium. For specific information on the coverage provided by the SONYMA

Insurance with respect to such 50% Mortgage Loan, reference should be made to the policy related to such SONYMA Insurance which is available for inspection at the office of the Corporation.

The Corporation has covenanted not to take any action to conflict with SONYMA regulations so as to jeopardize the SONYMA Insurance. In addition, in the event of a default under any of the SONYMA-insured 50% Mortgage Loans, the Corporation has covenanted to take such other actions in timely fashion so as to avoid any loss or diminution of benefits receivable as SONYMA Insurance.

GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Program

GNMA Securities are "fully-modified, pass-through" securities which require the Mortgage Banker that issued such GNMA Securities or its assignee (i) to make monthly payments of principal and interest on the aggregate principal balance thereof to the holder of the GNMA Securities, whether or not the Mortgage Banker receives payments on the mortgage loans backing the GNMA Securities from the mortgagor, and (ii) to pass through any prepayments of principal and premiums on the mortgage loans received by the Mortgage Banker. GNMA Securities are guaranteed as to full and timely payment of principal and interest by GNMA, a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States within the Department of Housing and Urban Development with its principal office in Washington, D.C.

<u>GNMA Guaranty</u>. GNMA is authorized by Section 306(g) of Title III of the National Housing Act to guarantee the timely payment of the principal of and interest on securities which are based on and backed by, among other things, an FHA-insured mortgage loan under the National Housing Act. Section 306(g) of the National Housing Act provides further that "the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of all amounts which may be required to be paid under any guaranty under this subsection." An opinion, dated December 12, 1969, of an Assistant Attorney General of the United States, states that, under Section 306(g) of the National Housing Act, such guarantees of mortgage-backed securities (of the type to be delivered to the Trustee on behalf of the Corporation) are authorized to be made by GNMA and "would constitute general obligations of the United States backed by its full faith and credit."

GNMA guarantees the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the GNMA Security by the Mortgage Banker. Interest and principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans received by the Mortgage Banker from the mortgagor are the primary source of monies for payments on the GNMA Securities. If such payments are less than what is due under the GNMA Security, the Mortgage Banker is obligated to advance its own funds to insure timely payment of all amounts coming due on the GNMA Security. GNMA guarantees such timely payment to the holder of the GNMA Securities by the Mortgage Banker whether or not made by a mortgagor. If such payments are not received as scheduled, the holder of the GNMA Securities has recourse directly to GNMA. The GNMA Securities do not constitute a liability of, nor evidence any recourse against, the Mortgage Banker as the issuer of the GNMA Securities, but recourse thereon is solely against GNMA.

In order to meet its obligations under such guaranty, GNMA, in its corporate capacity under Section 306(d) of Title III of the National Housing Act, may issue its general obligations to the United States Treasury in an amount outstanding at any time sufficient to enable GNMA, with no limitations as to amount, to perform its obligations under its guaranty of the timely payment of the principal of and interest on a GNMA Security. The Treasury is authorized to purchase any obligations so issued by GNMA and has indicated in a letter dated February 13, 1970, from the Secretary of the Treasury to the Secretary of HUD that the Treasury will make loans to GNMA, if needed, to implement the aforementioned guaranty. GNMA further warrants to the holder of each GNMA Security, that, in the event it is called upon at any time to make good its guaranty of the payment of principal and interest on a GNMA Security, it will, if necessary, in accordance with Section 306(d) of the National Housing Act, apply to the Treasury Department of the United States for a loan or loans in amounts sufficient to make payments of principal and interest.

Under the GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Program, the Mortgage Banker is obligated to execute a Guaranty Agreement which provides that, in the event of a default by the Mortgage Banker, including (i) a request to GNMA to make a payment of principal or interest on a GNMA Security, (ii) the insolvency of the Mortgage Banker, or (iii) a default by the Mortgage Banker under any other Guaranty Agreement with GNMA, GNMA shall have the right to extinguish the Mortgage Banker's interest in the mortgage loans that back GNMA Securities, which then shall become the absolute property of GNMA, subject only to the unsatisfied rights of the owners of the GNMA Securities. In such event, the GNMA Guaranty Agreement provides that GNMA shall be the successor in all respects to the Mortgage Banker in its capacity under the GNMA Guaranty Agreement and shall be subject to all responsibilities, duties and liabilities (except the Mortgage Banker's indemnification of GNMA) of the Mortgage Banker pursuant to the GNMA Guaranty Agreement. GNMA may contract for another eligible issuer of GNMA Securities to undertake and agree to assume any part or all of such responsibilities, duties or liabilities of GNMA in its capacity as guarantor of the GNMA Security or otherwise adversely affects the rights of the owners of the GNMA Securities.

<u>Payment of Principal and Interest on the GNMA Securities</u>. GNMA Securities provide that accrued interest for thirty (30) days is payable by the Mortgage Banker to the holder of the GNMA Securities on the fifteenth (15th) of each successive month thereafter until maturity of the GNMA Security. The GNMA Securities are payable in equal monthly installments, subject to prepayment. The aggregate amount of principal due on the GNMA Securities is in an amount equal to the scheduled principal amortization currently due on the underlying mortgage note.

Each of the monthly installments is subject to adjustment by reason of any prepayments or other early or unscheduled recoveries of principal on the mortgage note. In any event, the Mortgage Banker is obligated to pay to the holder of the GNMA Securities, monthly installments of not less than the interest due on the GNMA Securities at the rate specified in the GNMA Securities, together with any scheduled installments of principal whether or not collected from the mortgagor, and any prepayments or early recoveries of principal (including insurance proceeds and condemnation awards that are applied to principal and FHA insurance benefits) and prepayment premiums paid under the Mortgage Note. Final payment shall be made upon surrender of each outstanding GNMA Security. Any such prepayment could result in the redemption of Bonds at any time.

In the event that a mortgagor defaults under an FHA-insured mortgage loan that backs a GNMA Security, the Mortgage Banker may elect to file a claim for FHA Insurance benefits. See "FHA Insurance Program" above.

Under the GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Program, the Mortgage Banker is required to service and otherwise administer the mortgage loans in accordance with generally accepted practices of the mortgage banking industry and the GNMA Servicer Guide. The monthly remuneration of the Mortgage Banker, for its servicing and administrative functions, and the guaranty fee charged by GNMA, are based on the unpaid principal amount of GNMA Securities outstanding. Repayment of principal on such GNMA Securities will be based on repayment of the respective mortgage note which, because of the minimum 0.25% higher interest rate on the note will occur more slowly than would repayment by equal installments of principal and interest at the interest rate on the GNMA Securities.

<u>Fannie Mae</u>

<u>Fannie Mae Standby Credit Enhancement Instruments</u>. Fannie Mae has issued standby credit enhancement instruments with respect to certain Mortgage Loans pursuant to which, subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Fannie Mae has agreed to pay certain payment deficiencies related to the scheduled principal and interest payments on such Mortgage Loans, including any required Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, and any deficiencies in the event of a mandatory prepayment or acceleration thereof, as described therein ("Mortgage Loan Credit Enhancement").

The amount advanced under a standby credit enhancement instrument may not exceed the Amount Available thereunder. The "Amount Available" is, at any time, an amount at least equal to (i) the outstanding principal balance of the applicable Mortgage Loan (the "Principal Component") plus (ii) an amount equal to the accrued interest on the outstanding principal balance of such Mortgage Loan for up to 60 days at a specified rate computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30 day months (the "Interest Component"), in each instance as reduced by that amount, if any, previously provided by Fannie Mae to the Corporation for payment under such standby credit enhancement instrument, such reduction to be in an amount equal to 100% of the amount of such payment. Following certain payments, the Interest Component of the Available Amount will be immediately reinstated.

Upon its receipt of an advance request with respect to the applicable Mortgage Loan or the occurrence of an event of default thereunder or under a reimbursement security document, Fannie Mae can elect to pay the Corporation the sum of the Principal Component and the accrued interest and specified Corporation fee (not to exceed the Interest Component) and receive an assignment of such Mortgage Loan.

Information on Fannie Mae and its financial condition is contained in periodic reports that are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The SEC filings are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

<u>Fannie Mae Pool Credit Enhancement Instrument</u>. Pursuant to a Program Agreement with the Corporation, Fannie Mae has issued its credit enhancement instrument (the "Credit Enhancement Instrument") with respect to a specified pool of Mortgage Loans (the "Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans"). Each of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans in the pool will be entitled to the benefits of a contract to make periodic interest reduction payments ("IRPs") entered into by the Secretary of HUD pursuant to Section 236(b) of the National Housing Act with the applicable Mortgagor. See "Subsidy Programs – Section 236 Program" in this Appendix F. Each such Mortgage Loan will be bifurcated in to a 236 Loan component expected to be paid from IRPs paid by HUD and a Conventional Loan component expected to be paid from income of the related Development. The Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans will be pledged to the Trustee and to Fannie Mae, as their interests may appear.

Under the Credit Enhancement Instrument, Fannie Mae will agree to make "Debt Service Advances" and "Buy-Out Advances" (described below) with respect to the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans following a failure by the Mortgagor of any such Mortgage Loan to pay when due and in full payments required with respect to its Mortgage Loan (a "Borrower Payment Default").

Fannie Mae will agree to make Debt Service Advances to the Trustee on demand of the Trustee (i) with respect to the Conventional Loan component of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans, if a Borrower Payment Default has occurred and is continuing and the aggregate principal and interest payments received in any Payment Period on the Conventional Loan component are less than 75 percent of all the scheduled principal and interest payments to be made on the Conventional Loan component for the same Payment Period (such difference is referred to as the "Conventional Shortfall") and (ii) with respect to the 236 Loan component of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans, if a Borrower Payment Default has occurred and is continuing and the aggregate principal and interest payments received in any Payment Period on the 236 Loan component are less than 100% of all the scheduled principal and interest payments to be made on the 236 Loan component are less than 100% of all the scheduled principal and interest payments to be made on the 236 Loan components for such Payment Period (such difference is referred to as the "236 Shortfall"). A Debt Service Advance will be in an amount equal to such Conventional Shortfall or 236 Shortfall. Debt Service Advances will relate to a deficiency in the aggregate payments made by all

Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans during the Payment Period as set forth in the Program Agreement (and will not relate to any particular Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan).

If a Borrower Payment Default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the Conventional Loan component of Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans and the aggregate principal and interest payments received in any Payment Period for the Conventional Loan component is 75% or more (but less than 100%) of all the scheduled principal and interest payments to be made for the same Payment Period for the Conventional Loan Component, the Fannie Mae Credit Enhancement Instrument may not be drawn on to make up such deficiency. At the direction of the Corporation, the Trustee may apply amounts in the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account to pay debt service on Bonds the proceeds of which financed Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans.

Fannie Mae will also agree to make Buy-Out Advances to the Trustee in respect of any Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan with respect to which a Borrower Payment Default has occurred (a "Defaulted Mortgage Loan") under the terms and conditions set forth in the Credit Enhancement Instrument and the Supplemental Resolution. A Buy-Out Advance relates to a particular Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan. The Corporation may demand that Fannie Mae make a Buy-Out Advance with respect to a Defaulted Mortgage Loan upon the first to occur of (i) the completion of a foreclosure action on the Defaulted Mortgage Loan and the resulting transfer of the property securing that Defaulted Mortgage Loan; and (ii) the commencement of a foreclosure action on a Defaulted Mortgage Loan after conclusion of all administrative remedies by HPD with respect to such Defaulted Mortgage Loan and HPD's written certification to the effect that HPD will not contest or resist the proposed foreclosure, but in no event may the Corporation demand a Buy-Out Advance unless not less than two years has elapsed from the date of the first uncured Borrower Payment Default with respect to that Defaulted Mortgage Loan. Both Fannie Mae and the Corporation will each have the right, acting alone, to commence a foreclosure action, but only if HPD has provided a HPD Certification for such Defaulted Mortgage Loan. Upon payment of a Buy-Out Advance with respect to a Defaulted Mortgage Loan, all rights to such Defaulted Mortgage Loan and all payments made with respect to such Defaulted Mortgage Loan will be for the benefit of Fannie Mae and Fannie Mae shall be entitled to and/or control all rights with respect to such Defaulted Mortgage Loan.

Each Buy-Out Advance is to be in an amount equal to the unpaid principal balance of the Defaulted Mortgage Loan for which such advance is being made ("Defaulted Mortgage Loan Balance"), less an allocation of Buy-Out Credits (described below) then outstanding, if any, but not in an amount in excess of the Defaulted Mortgage Loan Balance. Fannie Mae may choose to make an allocation of Net Buy-Out Credits (described below) to the Buy-Out Advance and, if more than one Defaulted Mortgage Loan is the subject of one Buy-Out Advance, to which Defaulted Mortgage Loan or Loans within the Buy-Out Advance. Should Fannie Mae fail to make a selection, Fannie Mae will be deemed to have elected to apply any Net Buy-Out Credits then available to the Buy-Out Advance and if more than one Defaulted Mortgage Loan is included in the Buy-Out Advance, to the Defaulted Mortgage Loans in the chronological order in which such loans defaulted. The Defaulted Mortgage Loan Balance is to exclude all accrued and unpaid interest on the Defaulted Mortgage Loan, capitalized interest, interest on interest, late fees, collection costs and Mortgage Loan Costs or any other sums added to the principal balance at any time for purposes of determining the amount of the Buy-Out Advance for such Defaulted Mortgage Loan.

If a Debt Service Advance was made with respect to the 236 Loan component of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans, Buy-Out Credits earned by Fannie Mae will be the aggregate scheduled principal components of the unpaid installments of such Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans for the Payment Period for which that Debt Service Advance was made. If a Debt Service Advance was made with respect to the Conventional Loan component of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan, the Buy-Out Credits earned by Fannie Mae will be the amount of the Debt Service Advance, multiplied by a fraction, the denominator of which is equal to the scheduled principal and interest payments payable on the portion of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans to be paid from the income of the Developments during the relevant Payment Period and the numerator of which is equal to the scheduled

principal payments during such Payment Period with respect to such portion of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans. "Net Buy-Out Credits" will equal (i) the sum of all Buy-Out Credits earned by Fannie Mae from time to time less (ii) the sum of all reimbursements allocable to principal received by Fannie Mae and all Buy-Out Credits applied to Buy-Out Advances.

Pursuant to the applicable Supplemental Resolution, the Corporation is required for each applicable Payment Period, to calculate the aggregate Mortgage Loan Shortfall on all Defaulted Mortgage Loans for such Payment Period, if any, including a breakdown of the Conventional Loan Component Reserve Withdrawal Amount, the Conventional Loan Component Shortfall, if any, and the 236 Loan Component Shortfall, if any, for such Defaulted Mortgage Loans, and to submit such calculations in writing to the Trustee, with a copy to Fannie Mae, no later than the twentieth (20th) day of the calendar month (or if such twentieth (20th) day is not a Business Day, on the next succeeding Business Day) immediately preceding an Interest Payment Date. The Trustee is to request a Debt Service Advance under the Credit Enhancement Instrument not less than four (4) Business Days before the next succeeding Interest Payment Date. If a Certificate in respect of a Debt Service Advance is presented under the Credit Enhancement Instrument at or prior to 12:00 noon, Washington, D.C. time, on a Business Day, and the Certificate conforms to the requirements of the Credit Enhancement Instrument, Fannie Mae is required to either pay to the Trustee the amount specified or provide the Trustee with the fedwire number relating to the wiring of that amount no later than 12:00 noon, Washington, D.C. time, on the third Business Day following such presentation.

All payments received with respect to Defaulted 236 Mortgage Loans are to be applied to pay Mortgage Loan Costs (defined below) and then to reimburse Fannie Mae for any advances it has made. All payments received with respect to Defaulted Conventional Mortgage Loans are to be applied first to pay Mortgage Loan Costs and then to make the following payments in the following order of priority: to reimburse Fannie Mae for the portion of Debt Service Advances not allocable to the principal of Mortgage Loans, to the Trustee for unpaid and unreimbursed interest payments, to reimburse Fannie Mae for the portion of Debt Service Advances allocable to principal and to the Trustee for unpaid and unreimbursed principal payments. "Mortgage Loan Costs" means any of the amounts paid by the Corporation, any Servicer or Fannie Mae with respect to a Mortgage Loan for any of the following: (a) taxes and assessments, (b) insurance premiums, (c) any payments, reasonably determined by the Corporation or Fannie Mae to be necessary to preserve and protect the property related to the Mortgage Loan, and (d) any payments, as reasonably determined by the Corporation or Fannie Mae to be necessary to preserve and protect the property related to the Mortgage Loan, and (d) any payments, as reasonably determined by the Corporation or Fannie Mae to property related to the Mortgage Loan, and (d) any payments, as

Fannie Mae may remove a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan from the pool covered by the Credit Enhancement Instrument if certain representations made by the Corporation with respect to such Mortgage Loan are not correct. In the Program Agreement, the Corporation makes certain representations concerning its corporate authority to enter into the Program Agreement as well as representations regarding the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans, including the documentation relating to the Mortgage Loans, the properties that are subject to the Mortgage Loans, the priority of the liens created by the Mortgage Loans, the Mortgagors and the operation of the Developments. In addition, a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan will be removed from the pool covered by the Credit Enhancement Instrument following a Buy-Out Advance with respect to such Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan. Last, the Corporation may remove a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan from the pool covered by the Credit Enhancement Instrument (i) prior to a date approximately 15 years from the date the Mortgage Loan became a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage, with the consent of Fannie Mae upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement and (ii) on and after a date approximately 15 years from the date the Mortgage Loan became a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage, upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement. Any Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan removed from the pool other than by reason of a Buy-Out Advance shall continue to be a Mortgage Loan pledged under the Resolution subject to the terms of the Resolution permitting subsequent removal. Any Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan removed from the pool by reason of a Buy-Out Advance shall no longer be pledged for the benefit of the Bond owners under the Resolution.

Freddie Mac

Freddie Mac Standby Credit Enhancement Agreements

Freddie Mac has issued standby credit enhancement agreements with respect to certain Mortgage Loans pursuant to which, subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Freddie Mac has agreed to pay certain payment deficiencies related to the scheduled principal and interest payments on such Mortgage Loans and any deficiencies in the event of a mandatory prepayment or acceleration thereof, as described therein.

The amount drawn under a standby credit enhancement agreement may not exceed the Available Amount thereunder. The "Available Amount" is, at any time, an amount at least equal to (i) the outstanding principal balance of the applicable Mortgage Loan (the "Principal Component") plus (ii) an amount equal to the accrued interest on the outstanding principal balance of such Mortgage Loan for up to 60 days at a specified rate computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30 day months (the "Interest Component"), in each instance as reduced by that amount, if any, previously provided by Freddie Mac to the Corporation for payment under such standby credit enhancement agreement, such reduction to be in an amount equal to 100% of the amount of such payment. Following certain payments, the Interest Component of the Available Amount will be immediately reinstated.

Upon its receipt of a draw request with respect to the applicable Mortgage Loan or the occurrence of an event of default thereunder or under a reimbursement security document, Freddie Mac can elect to pay the Corporation the sum of the Principal Component and the accrued interest and specified Corporation fee (not to exceed the Interest Component) and receive an assignment of such Mortgage Loan.

Freddie Mac Risk Share Standby Credit Enhancement Agreements

It is expected that certain Mortgage Loans financed with proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series K will be partially enhanced by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") through its delivery of standby credit enhancement agreements ("Freddie Mac Risk Share Standby Credit Enhancement Agreements") upon completion of construction and stabilization of the related Projects and compliance with certain conditions to conversion contained in the related Freddie Mac forward commitments. Each such Mortgage Loan will be comprised of a senior loan tranche "(Senior Tranche") typically equal to 80% of the principal amount thereof and a subordinate loan tranche ("Subordinate Tranche") typically equal to 20% of the principal amount thereof (but such percentages may vary). Only the Senior Tranche of each such Mortgage Loan will be credit enhanced by Freddie Mac. Each Freddie Mac Risk Share Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement will provide that, subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Freddie Mac will pay certain payment deficiencies related to the principal and interest due with respect to the Senior Tranche of the related Mortgage Loan.

The amount drawn under a Freddie Mac Risk Share Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement may not exceed the Available Amount thereunder. The "Available Amount" is, at any time, an amount equal to (i) the outstanding principal balance of the Senior Tranche of the related Mortgage Loan (the "Principal Component") plus (ii) an amount equal to the accrued interest on the outstanding principal balance of the Senior Tranche of the related Mortgage Loan for up to 60 days at a specified rate computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30 day months (the "Interest Component"), in each instance as reduced by that amount, if any, previously provided by Freddie Mac to the Corporation for payment under such standby credit enhancement agreement, such reduction to be in an amount equal to 100% of the amount of such payment. Following certain payments, the Interest Component of the Available Amount will be immediately reinstated.

Upon its receipt of a draw request with respect to the applicable Mortgage Loan or the occurrence of an event of default thereunder or under a Freddie Mac reimbursement security document, Freddie Mac can elect to pay the Corporation the sum of the Principal Component and the accrued interest and specified Corporation fee (not to exceed the Interest Component) and receive an assignment of such Mortgage Loan, subject to the retention by the Corporation of its right to receive subsequent payment of amounts owed with respect to the Subordinate Tranche of the applicable Mortgage Loan.

Information on Freddie Mac and its financial condition is contained in periodic reports that are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The SEC filings are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Long-term LOCs

Supplemental Security in the form of a letter of credit issued by a bank or other financial institution may be provided with respect to a permanent Mortgage Loan (a "Long-term LOC"). The Long-term LOCs need not meet the requirements under the General Resolution for a Credit Facility and will not be pledged to the owners of the Bonds; however, any payments received by the Corporation from the letter of credit provider pursuant to a Long-term LOC constitute Revenues and therefore will be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds. It is anticipated that Long-term LOCS will provide that they may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the applicable Mortgagor fails to make the required debt service payments on the related Mortgage Loan. The Long-term LOCs are expected to provide that the amount drawn on a Long-term LOC be equal to such required debt service payment or, at the direction of the provider of the Long-term LOC, to the outstanding principal balance of the applicable Mortgage Loan plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest or (ii) the maximum amount available under the Long-term LOC with respect to accrued interest. It is expected that, in the case of the latter draw, such Mortgage Loan will be immediately assigned to the Long-term LOC provider, will no longer be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and will be free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

The following table provides information regarding Long-term LOCs for Mortgage Loans as of April 30, 2023:

Long-term LOC Bank	Number of LOCs	Total Dollar Amount
Citibank, N.A.	6	\$27,960,518
Total	6	\$27,960,518

The bank providing the Long-term LOCs is a wholly-owned subsidiary of a parent corporation. The parent corporation files annual, quarterly, and certain other reports with the SEC. Such reports are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Construction LOCs

Prior to the Corporation making a Mortgage Loan to a Mortgagor, such Mortgagor executes an HDC Commitment in which the Corporation agrees to provide the applicable Mortgage Loan. The HDC Commitment may require the Mortgagor to obtain a letter of credit (a "Construction LOC") to be available during construction from a bank or other financial institution acceptable to the Corporation as a condition to the Corporation providing the applicable Mortgage Loan during construction. The Construction LOCs need not meet the requirements under the Resolution for a Credit Facility. Such letters of credit will not be pledged to the owners of the Bonds; however, any payments related to the applicable Mortgage Loan received by the Corporation from the letter of credit providers pursuant to such Construction LOCs related to the failure of the Mortgagor to make the required debt service payments constitute Revenues and therefore will be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds. It is anticipated that such Construction LOCs may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the applicable Mortgagor fails to make the required debt service payments on the applicable Mortgage Loan. The amount drawn on a Construction LOC will be either (a) the outstanding principal balance of the applicable construction Mortgage Loan plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest, or (b) the lesser of (i) accrued interest or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest. The Construction LOC provider may direct the Corporation to make a principal and interest drawing or an interest-only drawing. If the Corporation makes a principal and interest drawing, such Mortgage Loan will be immediately assigned to the letter of credit provider and no longer be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and will be free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

Following the satisfaction of the conditions of the applicable HDC Commitment which may require, among other things, the provision by the Mortgagor of equity, the satisfactory completion of construction within a certain time schedule from the making of the applicable construction Mortgage Loan and within a certain construction budget, the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, the attainment of a specified minimum rental achievement level, and delivery of other required certificates and legal opinions, the Corporation will release the Construction LOC relating to the applicable construction Mortgage Loan. If said Construction LOC is not released because of a failure by the Mortgagor of applicable Development to comply with the conditions enumerated in the HDC Commitment or if said Construction LOC is not extended beyond its maturity until such conditions are satisfied, it is expected that said Construction LOC will be drawn upon by the Corporation and the proceeds from said draw could be used to redeem a portion of the Series of Bonds issued to finance such Mortgage Loan. Generally, until such Construction LOC is released, the bank issuing the Construction LOC will service or provide for the servicing of the applicable Mortgage Loan (see "The PROGRAM—Servicing" in Part II of this Official Statement).

Construction LOC Bank	Number of LOCs	Total Dollar Amount
Bank of America, N.A.	5	\$296,468,287
The Bank of New York Mellon	8	364,977,336
Citibank, N.A.	10	657,654,990
Goldman Sachs	4	365,938,189
JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	8	365,554,820
TD Bank, N.A.	6	307,253,606
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	23	1,483,688,419
Total:	64	\$3,841,535,647

The following table provides information regarding Construction LOCs for Mortgage Loans as of April 30, 2023:

Each bank providing a Construction LOC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of a parent corporation. These parent corporations file annual, quarterly, and certain other reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Such reports are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (the "Bank") is a national banking association organized under the laws of the United States of America with its main office at 101 North Phillips Avenue, Sioux Falls, South Dakota57104, and engages in retail, commercial and corporate banking, real estate lending and trust and investment services. The Bank is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company ("Wells Fargo"), a diversified financial services company, a financial holding company and a bank holding company registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, with its principal executive offices located in San Francisco, California.

The Bank prepares and files Call Reports on a quarterly basis. Each Call Report consists of a balance sheet as of the report date, an income statement for the year-to-date period to which the report relates and supporting schedules. The Call Reports are prepared in accordance with regulatory instructions issued by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council. While the Call Reports are supervisory and regulatory documents, not primarily accounting documents, and do not provide a complete range of financial disclosure about the Bank, the reports nevertheless provide important information concerning the Bank's financial condition and results of operations. The Bank's Call Reports are on file with, and are publicly available upon written request to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"), 550 17th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20429, Attention: Division of Insurance and Research. The FDIC also maintains an internet website that contains the Call Reports. The address of the FDIC's website is http://www.fdic.gov. The Bank's Call Reports are also available upon written request to the Wells Fargo Corporate Secretary's Office, Wells Fargo Center, MAC N9305-173, 90 South 7th Street, Minneapolis, MN 55479.

The Bank has a long-term issuer rating of "A+" and a short-term issuer rating of "A-1" from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, and a long-term deposit rating and a long-term counterparty risk assessment rating of "Aa1" and a short-term deposit rating and a short-term counterparty risk assessment rating of "P-1" from Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

The Construction LOCs provided by the Bank are solely obligations of the Bank and are not obligations of, or otherwise guaranteed by, Wells Fargo, and no assets of Wells Fargo or any affiliate

of the Bank or Wells Fargo will be pledged to the payment thereof. Payment of such Construction LOCs is not insured by the FDIC.

The information contained in this section, including financial information, relates to and has been obtained from the Bank, and is furnished solely to provide limited introductory information regarding the Bank and does not purport to be comprehensive. Any financial information provided in this section is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information appearing in the Call Reports referenced above. The delivery of this Official Statement shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Bank since the date of this Official Statement.

SUBSIDY PROGRAMS

Mitchell-Lama Program

<u>General</u>. The Mitchell-Lama program was created to facilitate the construction and continued operation of affordable moderate and middle income rental and cooperative housing in the State of New York. The Developments which are regulated under the Mitchell-Lama program are currently all non-refinanced rental housing projects located in the City of New York and, therefore, this summary of the Mitchell-Lama program is limited to non-refinanced rental projects. Each rental project in the Mitchell-Lama program was constructed and is operated as a limited-profit housing project or a cooperative in accordance with Article 2 of the New York Private Housing Finance Law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Mitchell-Lama Law").

<u>HPD Supervision</u>. The City of New York Department of Housing Preservation and Development ("HPD") has supervisory authority over those projects in the Mitchell-Lama program which received financing from the City or the Corporation. HPD carries out all its supervisory functions with limited resources, which may affect the priority or completion time frames for its various supervisory activities.

HPD regulates the project's rental procedures and tenant income limits. HPD oversees the renting of vacant units including the establishment of waiting lists and the advertising process relating thereto. HPD approves the admission of new tenants as well as the transfer of existing tenants to other units in a project. HPD also verifies initial and annual tenant income certifications submitted by tenants to ensure that the tenant income requirements of the Mitchell-Lama program are maintained. Tenants with incomes in excess of the certain income requirements are required to pay rent surcharges to the project owners.

HPD conducts a periodic physical inspection of the common areas of the projects in the Mitchell-Lama program in order to assess property maintenance levels. HPD has power to audit the books of a project owner and conducts a periodic site administrative review to review service contracts, insurance coverage and the project's record keeping systems. HPD also reviews all commercial leases, contracts in excess of \$5,000 or \$10,000 depending on project size, monthly project operations reports, the use of blocked reserve accounts and the annual profit retained by the project owner.

HPD approves all rent increase applications after holding a public hearing and reviewing a financial analysis prepared by HPD and project owners, provided, however, such rental increases in projects benefitting from the Section 236 program are also subject to the approval of HUD. HPD has the right to remove any or all of the existing directors of an ownership entity and to appoint individuals that HPD deems advisable in the event of a violation of a provision of the owner's certificate of incorporation, any applicable law, the loan or mortgage contract or HPD's rules and regulations.

<u>Corporation Rent Increase Authority</u>. Other than with respect to certain mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest regulated pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law, the Act empowers the

Corporation and the Resolutions require the Corporation (whenever it shall find that the maximum rentals, which are charged tenants of the dwellings in any Project in the Mitchell-Lama program, in whole or in part, shall not be sufficient together with all other income of the Mortgagor to meet within reasonable limits all necessary payments to be made by the Mortgagor of all expenses, including fixed charges, sinking funds, reserves and dividends) to request the Mortgagor to make application to vary such rentals so as to secure sufficient income, and upon the Mortgagor's failure to do so within thirty (30) days after the receipt of written request from the Corporation, to request HPD to take action upon HPD's own motion so to vary such rental rate, and upon failure of HPD either upon application by the Mortgagor or upon its own motion so to vary such rental rate within sixty (60) days after receipt of written request from the Corporation of the Corporation. Any such rental increases in Developments benefitting from the Section 236 program shall also be subject to the approval of HUD. The Corporation has only taken such actions relating to rental increases with respect to one (1) Development which was done in 1978.

<u>Tax Exemption</u>. The Mitchell-Lama Law provides that with the consent of the local legislative body, the real property, both land and improvements, of a project shall be exempt from local and municipal taxes, other than assessments for local improvements, to the extent of all or part of the value of the property included in such project which represents an increase over the assessed valuation of such real property at the time of its acquisition for the project by the company, provided however, that the real property in a project acquired for purposes of rehabilitation shall be exempt to the extent of all or part of the value of the property included in such rehabilitation and provided further that the minimum tax to be paid shall not be less than ten per centum (10%) of the annual shelter rent of such project. This tax exemption continues so long as the mortgage loan made to the owner remains outstanding. In the case of any Project in the Mitchell-Lama program which is the subject of a ground lease, such tax exemption is reflected in the underlying lease payments. Pursuant to the Act, the property of the Corporation is exempt from State and local taxes. In the event the Corporation shall become the owner of a Development, it would be exempt from the payment of real estate taxes.

Section 236 Program

<u>General</u>. Pursuant to Section 236(b) of the National Housing Act ("Section 236"), the Secretary of HUD (the "Secretary") entered into certain contracts (each a "Section 236 Contract") to make periodic interest reduction payments to Section 236 mortgagees on behalf of the mortgagors of housing projects designed for occupancy by persons or families as described in Article 2 of the Private Housing Finance Law and families of low income. HUD's interest reduction subsidy payment share is in an amount equal to the difference between the monthly payment for principal, interest and mortgage insurance premiums or mortgage servicing fees, as appropriate, which a mortgagor would be obligated to pay if its mortgage loan and the monthly payment for principal and interest a mortgagor would be obligated to pay if its mortgage loan were to bear interest at the rate of one per centum (1%) per annum. Under Section 236, interest reduction payments with respect to a project (the "HUD Payments") shall be made only during the period that such project is operated as a rental or cooperative housing project.

<u>Termination of HUD Payments</u>. HUD is obligated to make HUD Payments under a Section 236 Contract and may not terminate HUD Payments under a Section 236 Contract, except under the circumstances described below, including, but not limited to, certain foreclosure actions instituted by the Corporation (see "THE PROGRAM—Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy" and "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loans"). If HUD Payments are terminated, the Secretary may reinstate them at his or her discretion pursuant to such additional requirements as the Secretary may prescribe. A Section 236 Contract may be terminated at the option of, and upon written notice from, the Secretary after the expiration of one year from the date of the termination of HUD Payments, unless such payments have been reinstated. In the event HUD were to terminate HUD Payments in respect of a Development subsidized through a Section 236 Contract, such terminated HUD Payments would not be available to pay debt service on the related Mortgage Loan (a "Section 236 Mortgage Loan"), which could result in a default on such Mortgage Loan.

Acquisition by Ineligible Owner; Transfer Limitation of Mortgage Loan. HUD may terminate HUD Payments with respect to a Project if the Project is acquired by any owner who is not an eligible mortgagor under Section 236. Each Mortgagor has covenanted in the Section 236 Contract only to transfer such Project to an eligible Mortgagor approved by the Secretary and each Mortgagor has covenanted in the Mortgage not to transfer such Project without the consent of the Section 236 mortgagee. The Department of Housing and Urban Development Reform Act of 1989 (the "HUD Reform Act") made public entities eligible to be owners of projects receiving assistance under Section 236. Pursuant to the HUD Reform Act, the Corporation is an eligible Section 236 owner. Transfer of a Project is also subject to the prior approval of HPD.

Each Section 236 Contract provides that the corresponding Section 236 Mortgage Loan may only be assigned, including any assignment or reassignment between the Corporation and the Trustee, with HUD's prior written approval.

Excess Income. Pursuant to each Section 236 Contract, there is established (i) a basic or subsidized rental charge for each subsidized dwelling unit in the Project (the "basic rent"), determined on the basis of the anticipated operating costs of the Project assuming the payment of principal and interest on a mortgage note bearing interest at the rate of 1% per annum and an amortization period of up to fifty (50) years, and (ii) a fair market rental charge for each such unit, determined on the basis of the anticipated operating costs of the Project assuming payment of principal and interest at the unsubsidized mortgage rate (the "market rent"). The rent charged for each subsidized unit (the "tenant rent") is the greater of the basic rent or thirty per centum (30%) of the tenant's adjusted monthly income, but in no event may the Mortgagor charge an amount in excess of the market rent (not including permitted surcharges). Under each Section 236 Contract, the Section 236 mortgage and HUD must approve all rent increases.

Each Section 236 Contract provides that the Mortgagor shall pay monthly to HUD all rental charges collected in excess of the basic rental charges for all occupied units ("Excess Income Payments"). In a notice issued by HUD on January 4, 1991 with respect to all mortgagors subject to Section 236 Contracts, HUD stated that it would implement strict enforcement actions against an owner of a project who does not remit excess rental amounts. This notice states that HUD should attempt to recover Excess Income Payments if the affected mortgagor does not make a lump sum payment or enter into a repayment schedule with HUD through the following actions listed in order of priority: use of the project's residual receipts, repayment of distributions, surplus cash and finally, project income. Among HUD's numerous potential remedies against the affected mortgagors are suspension of interest reduction payments. No assurance can be given regarding which remedies, if any, HUD will utilize against affected mortgagors in the event HUD seeks to affirmatively enforce the collection of Excess Income Payments.

Prior to April 1996, mortgagors were permitted to calculate the amount of Excess Income Payments payable to HUD on a project-wide basis, which enabled mortgagors to use Excess Income Payments to offset collection losses from nonpaying tenants. Section 236 was amended to require that, beginning in 1996, Excess Income Payments must be remitted to HUD on a unit-by-unit basis, thus precluding the ability of mortgagors to use such Excess Income Payments to offset collection losses and potentially reducing the income available to the projects.

In 1999, Congress passed the "Preserving Affordable Housing for Senior Citizens and Families into the 21st Century Act" (the "1999 Act"). This and subsequent legislation allow Mortgagors of

Section 236 Developments to retain excess rents for project purposes if consented to by HUD. Based solely on a review of the most recent information submitted to it by the Mortgagors of the Section 236 Developments where the Corporation is the Section 236 mortgagee (which relate to the Section 236 Mortgage Loans other than the underlying 2002 Series D Trust Mortgage Loans), the Corporation believes that such Mortgagors are current on the Excess Income Payments due to HUD. No assurance can be given as to the impact of the revised Section 236 in the current or any future fiscal year on the ability of the Mortgagors of the Section 236 Developments to cover operating expenses and debt service on their respective Section 236 Mortgage Loans without requiring an increase in rents after Excess Income Payments are remitted to HUD.

The 1999 Act also permits Mortgagors of Section 236 Developments to refinance their mortgages (if the mortgages are otherwise eligible for prepayment) while retaining the Section 236 subsidy, which HUD generally refers to as its Section 236 "decoupling" program. HUD has considerable discretion in implementing the decoupling program and Section 236 Contracts executed pursuant to the program may have terms different from those described herein for the program generally. Among other things, in order to benefit from the decoupling program, the Mortgagor must agree to enforce the income and rent restrictions applicable to the development for a period ending five years beyond the term of assistance under the new Section 236 Contract.

<u>Certain Mortgagor Covenants</u>. Each Mortgagor has covenanted in the Section 236 Contract to limit admission to the subsidized dwelling units in the Project to those families whose incomes do not exceed the applicable limits approved by the Section 236 mortgagee or the Secretary, with the exception of those tenants who agree to pay fair market rent. The Section 236 Contracts contain other covenants relating to the preference for occupancy for certain displaced or low income families, the compliance with applicable civil rights laws prohibiting discrimination in housing, the maintenance of information and records concerning tenants and tenant income in a form required under HUD regulations, the availability for inspection of such information and records, prohibitions against denying occupancy due to number of children in the family and the number of subsidized units which may be rented to any one tenant at any one time. The Secretary has the authority to suspend or terminate HUD Payments at any time upon default by a Mortgagor under any of such covenants as well or upon any other default by a Mortgagor or the Section 236 mortgagee under the terms and conditions of the Section 236 Contract.

Each Mortgagor has covenanted to maintain habitability of the Project units. Under the terms of certain Section 236 Contracts, HUD may adjust subsidy payments in the event a subsidized unit is destroyed or otherwise rendered not habitable for any reason unless such unit is restored or rehabilitated within a reasonable time or unless an unsubsidized unit is designated in its place.

<u>Set-Off Rights of the United States</u>. Payments under a Section 236 Contract duly and properly paid and actually received by or on behalf of the Corporation have been pledged to the Trustee as part of the security for the Bonds, and the Corporation is obligated to deliver to the Trustee all such payments upon receipt. Under Federal law, the United States Government has the right to set-off liabilities to the United States against the amounts payable under a Section 236 Contract. The Corporation does not believe it has any liabilities to the United States which would result in any set-off against such payments for those projects where it is the Section 236 mortgagee. The set-off right of the United States described above applies only to payments under a Section 236 Contract which have not actually been paid by HUD. Once payments under a Section 236 Contract are received by the Corporation and delivered to a trustee, they cannot be subjected to repayment to the United States by such trustee. However, in the case of excessive payments under a Section 236 Contract, the Section 236 mortgagee would remain obligated to refund to the Secretary the amount which was overpaid, and such liabilities could be offset against future payments under the Section 236 Contract.

Section 236, the rules, regulations and directives promulgated pursuant thereto and the Section 236 Contracts, do not contain any express requirement that any savings which result from a reduction in the Corporation's cost of borrowing due to a refunding of its obligations issued to finance a mortgage loan must be used to lower the interest rate on the mortgage loan and thereby to reduce HUD Payments. Consequently, the Corporation did not reduce the interest rate on the applicable Section 236 Mortgage Loans as a result of the issuance of the 1996 Series A Bonds. Based on the foregoing, the Corporation does not believe that HUD or any other party is entitled to all or a portion of the Corporation's debt service savings that result from the issuance of the 1996 Series A Bonds. Similarly, the Corporation does not believe that HUD or any other party is entitled to any amounts received by the Corporation as a result of the redemption of: (i) the Corporation's bonds that originally financed the Knickerbocker Plaza Development related to the Additional Mortgage Loan contributed in connection with the issuance of the 1999 Series A Bonds and (ii) the Corporation's bonds that originally financed the developments related to the Mortgage Loans contributed in connection with the issuance of the 2001 Series B Bonds. However, no assurance can be provided that HUD will not assert a right to reduce the amount of payments payable under the applicable Section 236 Contracts based upon the issuance of the 1996 Series A Bonds and/or the 2001 Series B Bonds and/or the aforesaid redemptions. If such a right is asserted, HUD could take certain actions including attempting to reduce payments under the applicable Section 236 Contracts.

<u>HPD Supervision</u>. All but one of the Projects with Section 236 Contracts were constructed and are operated as limited-profit housing projects or cooperatives in accordance with the Mitchell-Lama Law. For more information on the Mitchell-Lama Law, see "Mitchell-Lama Program" above.

Section 8 Program

<u>General.</u> The following is a brief description of the housing assistance payments program (the "Section 8 program") authorized by Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (the "1937 Housing Act"), which is qualified in its entirety by references to the applicable provisions of said Act and the regulations thereunder (the "Regulations"). The description applies to the variant of the Section 8 program which provides assistance under subsidy contracts for projects which set aside units for lower income families. Accordingly, this variant of the Section 8 program may be referred to as the "project-based Section 8 program."

The Section 8 program is administered by HUD and authorizes subsidy payments pursuant to Housing Assistance Payments Contracts ("HAP Contracts") to the owners of qualified housing for the benefit of lower income families (defined generally as families whose income does not exceed 80% of the median income for the area as determined by HUD) and very-low income families (defined generally as families whose income does not exceed 50% of the median income for the area as defined by HUD). Provision is made under the 1937 Housing Act and Regulations for administration of the Section 8 program through state or local housing finance agencies acting as contract administrator (the "Contract Administrator") of the HAP Contracts. Under this arrangement, the Contract Administrator agrees to pay the subsidy to or for the account of the mortgagor and concurrently contracts with HUD for payments of the subsidy by HUD to it. HUD may also serve as Contract Administrator.

Under the 1937 Housing Act and the Regulations, not more than 25% of the dwelling units which were available for occupancy under HAP Contracts before October 1, 1981 and which are leased thereafter shall be available for leasing by lower income families other than very-low income families; and not more than 15% of the dwelling units which become available for occupancy under HAP Contracts after October 1, 1981 shall be available for leasing by lower income families other than very-low income families. The law also requires that not less than 40% of the dwelling units that become available for occupancy in any fiscal year shall be available for leasing only by families whose annual income does not exceed 30% of area median income (as determined by HUD and adjusted for family size) at the time of admission.

Amount and Payment of Subsidy. Section 8 subsidies available for debt service on the Mortgage Loans are based upon the "contract rent" applicable to specified dwelling units. The contract rent is initially based on the fair market rent for the dwelling unit, which is determined by HUD periodically with respect to each locality and published in the Federal Register. The housing assistance payments generally represent the difference between the contract rents for all eligible units in a development, as approved by HUD from time to time, and the eligible tenant's contribution, which is generally 30% of such tenant's income, as adjusted for family size, income and expenses, with certain adjustments, although each assisted family is generally required to pay a minimum rent of between \$25 and \$50 per month. The contract rents for a development are generally limited to the "fair market rents" established by HUD as reasonable in relation to rents for comparable units in the area.

<u>Subsidy Contracts.</u> The payment of subsidies under the Section 8 program is made pursuant to two contracts entered into with respect to each development assisted under such program: an annual contributions contract (the "ACC") between HUD and the Contract Administrator, and the HAP Contract between the Contract Administrator and the owner. The ACC obligates the United States to provide funds to the Contract Administrator with which to make monthly housing assistance payments to the owner pursuant to a HAP Contract.

It is useful, in discussing the project-based Section 8 Program to distinguish between contracts executed under the 1937 Housing Act and the Regulations prior to 1997 which have not yet expired for the first time ("Original Contracts"), and contracts under the 1937 Housing Act and the Regulations which have been renewed generally subsequent to 1997 ("Renewal Contracts"). This distinction is of significance as a consequence of the amendments to the 1937 Housing Act which went into effect beginning in 1997.

The ACC establishes the maximum annual amount of the housing assistance payments to be made by HUD for the account of the mortgagor of a development. This amount may not exceed the total of the initial contract rents and utility allowances for the eligible units in a development and any administrative fee. For projects under the Original Contracts, if the amount of housing assistance payments actually disbursed under an ACC in any given year is less than the total available amount, some or all of the excess (including an amount equal to the portion of the contract rents payable by the tenants) is required to be set aside by HUD in a "project account" for the particular development and will be available in future years to fund increases in contract rents for the development, decreases in family incomes or other costs authorized or approved by HUD. In the event that previously appropriated amounts are not sufficient to meet HUD's contractual obligations to the Section 8 Developments, HUD is required by applicable Section 8 provisions to take such additional steps authorized by subsection (c)(5) of Section 8 of the 1937 Housing Act as may be necessary to obtain funds to assure that payment will be adequate to cover increases in contract rents and decreases in tenant payments. Under subsection (c)(5) of Section 8: "[t]he Secretary [of HUD] shall take such steps as may be necessary, including the making of contracts for assistance payments in amounts in excess of the amounts required at the time of the initial renting of dwelling units, the reservation of annual contributions authority for the purpose of amending housing assistance contracts, or the allocation of a portion of new authorizations for the purpose of amending housing assistance contracts, to assure that assistance payments are increased on a timely basis to cover increases in maximum monthly rents or decreases in family incomes."

In practice until recently, HUD has sought and received amendment authority from Congress sufficient to enable it to discharge its obligations under the HAP Contracts and the ACCs. During 2007, a revision in HUD's interpretation of its outstanding contracts coupled with the amount of appropriations available led to many late payments to owners while HUD made adjustments. See "Late Payments in 2007" below.

The HAP Contract provides for housing assistance payments with respect to a dwelling unit covered by the HAP Contract on the condition that such unit is maintained according to the requirements of the HAP Contract and is occupied by an eligible tenant. An ACC remains in effect for as long as a HAP Contract is in effect.

Adjustment of Subsidy Amounts. Each HAP Contract provides for certain adjustments in contract rents. With respect to Original Contracts, HUD publishes at least annually an Annual Adjustment Factor ("AAF"), which is intended to reflect changes in the fair market rent established in the housing area for similar types and sizes of dwelling units; interim revisions may be made where market conditions warrant. Upon request from the owner to the Contract Administrator, the AAF is applied on the anniversary date of each HAP Contract to contract rents, provided that no adjustment shall result in a material difference between the rents charged for subsidized and comparable non-subsidized dwelling units except to the extent that the differences existed with respect to the contract rents set at HAP Contract execution or cost certification where applicable. (The difference that existed between the contract rent for a unit at HAP Contract execution and the rent on comparable unassisted units is generally referred to by HUD as the "initial difference" in contract rents.) In addition, provision is made in the regulations for special additional adjustments to reflect increases in actual and necessary expenses of owning and maintaining the subsidized units which have resulted from substantial general increases in real property taxes, assessments, utility rates and utilities not covered by regulated rates, if the owner demonstrates that the automatic annual adjustments have not provided adequate compensation. Under current law (Section 8(c)(2)(C) of the 1937 Housing Act), "[t]he Secretary may not reduce the contract rents in effect on or after April 15, 1987, for newly constructed, substantially rehabilitated, or moderately rehabilitated projects assisted under the section ... unless the project has been refinanced in a manner that reduces the periodic payments of the owner."

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the contract rents for a development exceed the applicable HUD fair market rents, then contract rents cannot be increased beyond comparable market rents (plus the initial difference) as determined by independent appraisals of at least three comparable local developments submitted by the owner. In addition, the AAFs for Section 8 units which experienced no turnover in tenants since their preceding HAP Contract anniversary date shall be one percentage point less than the AAFs that would otherwise apply.

With respect to Renewal Contracts, the HAP Contract will, in most cases, provide for annual adjustments in contract rents based upon an Operating Cost Adjustment Factor (OCAF). The OCAF is intended to reflect increases in the cost of operating comparable rental properties, which may or may not correspond to circumstances affecting a particular Section 8 Project. HAP Contracts renewed for terms longer than one year will be subject to Congressional appropriations, which may not be available. HUD's provision of such amendments and renewals was partially disrupted for a temporary period during 2007, when HUD determined appropriations available at the time to be inadequate to fulfill all such needs. For further discussion of that situation, see "Late Payments in 2007" below. The President's March 1, 2013 sequestration order pursuant to the Budget Control Act of 2011 and the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (the "2013 Federal Sequestration Order") resulted in a reduction of appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 for housing assistance payments under Renewal Contracts, which HUD implemented by funding certain Renewal Contracts for less than twelve months from such fiscal year's appropriations. The failure of the Congress to timely appropriate sufficient funds to pay subsidies pursuant to Renewal Contracts in any year, including payments requiring appropriations early in a fiscal year as a result of partial year funding in a prior year, could have an adverse impact on the ability of the related Section 8 Projects to pay debt service. In addition, the prohibition on adjustments that would lower contract rents, explained above, does not apply to HAP Contracts that are Renewal Contracts.

<u>Vacancies and Debt Service</u>. Generally, the Section 8 subsidy is payable with respect to the dwelling unit only when it is occupied by a qualified person or family. However, applicable law and

regulations provide for payment of the subsidy under certain circumstances and, for a limited period of time, when the dwelling unit is not occupied. Upon the occurrence of a vacancy in a dwelling unit, a subsidy amounting to 80% of the contract rent is payable for a vacancy period of 60 days subject to compliance by the mortgagor with certain conditions relating primarily to a diligent effort to rent the subsidized unit. The payment of a subsidy with respect to a dwelling unit vacant after initial rent-up may continue for an additional 12 months from the expiration of the 60-day period in an amount equal to the principal and interest payments required to amortize the debt service attributable to the vacant unit, if a good faith effort is being made to fill the unit and the unit provides decent, safe, and sanitary housing. Such continued payments also require the mortgagor to show that project costs exceed revenues, a good faith effort is being made to fill the unit and the additional subsidy payments do not exceed the deficiency attributable to the vacant units. With respect to the Section 8 Developments receiving subsidies pursuant to the Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Program, vacancy payments are only available for a maximum period of 60 consecutive days.

<u>Compliance With Subsidy Contracts</u>. The ACC and the HAP Contract each contain numerous agreements on the part of the Contract Administrator and the owner concerning, among other things, maintenance of the development as decent, safe and sanitary housing and compliance with a number of requirements typical of Federal contracts (such as non-discrimination, equal employment opportunity, relocation, pollution control and labor standards) as to which non-compliance by the owner may result in abatement by HUD or the Contract Administrator, as the case may be, of the payment of the Federal subsidy, in whole or in part.

Housing assistance payments will continue as long as the owner complies with the requirements of the HAP Contract and has leased the assisted units to an eligible tenant or satisfies the criteria for receiving assistance for vacant units. The Contract Administrator, which has primary responsibility for administering each HAP Contract subject to review and audit by HUD, subject to an opportunity by the mortgagor to cure any default under the HAP Contract, may abate housing assistance payments and recover overpayments pending remedy of the default. If the default is not cured, the Contract Administrator may terminate the HAP Contract or take other corrective action, in its discretion or as directed by HUD. HUD has an independent right to determine whether the owner is in default and to take corrective action and apply appropriate remedies.

If HUD determines that the Contract Administrator has failed to fulfill its obligations, HUD may, after notice to the Contract Administrator giving it a reasonable opportunity to take corrective action, require that the Contract Administrator assign to it all rights under the HAP Contract. In recent years, HUD has placed increasing emphasis on assuring that Contract Administrators fulfill their obligations in this respect.

Expiration of Subsidy Contracts. Until 1997, there was substantial uncertainty as to what would happen to Section 8 developments upon the expiration of their HAP Contracts at the end of their terms. HUD's Fiscal Year 1998 Appropriations Act, Pub. L. 105-65, signed into law on October 27, 1997, included within it the "Multifamily Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997" (as amended several times thereafter, the "MAHRA"). Under the so-called Mark-to-Market program established by MAHRA, many FHA-insured Section 8 projects with expiring HAP Contracts are eligible to receive continuing Section 8 assistance through contract renewals. Such Renewal Contracts may have terms from one to twenty years, subject to Congressional appropriations. As noted above, absent such appropriations, there is no assurance that funds will be available under these contracts. Additionally, FHA-insured Section 8 developments with expiring HAP Contracts and above-market rents may be eligible for restructuring plans and, upon restructuring, to receive continuing Section 8 assistance pursuant to contracts subject to Congressional appropriations and above-market rents may be eligible for full prepayment of mortgage debt intended to reduce Section 8 rent levels to those of comparable market rate properties or to

the minimum level necessary to support proper operations and maintenance, and in certain cases is designed to result in a change from "project-based" to "tenant-based" Section 8 payments. MAHRA provides, however, that no restructuring or renewal of HAP Contracts will occur if the owner of a project has engaged in material adverse financial or managerial actions or omissions with respect to that project or other Federally assisted projects, or if the poor condition of the project cannot be remedied in a cost effective manner.

Although the primary focus of the Mark-to-Market Program is developments that have FHAinsured mortgages with terms ranging from 30 to 40 years and which have HAP Contracts with substantially shorter terms, MAHRA contained distinct mortgage restructuring and HAP Contract renewal and contract rent determination standards for Section 8 developments for which the primary financing or mortgage insurance was provided by a state or local government, or a unit or instrumentality of such government. Such projects, including the Section 8 Developments, were, under MAHRA, excluded from restructuring and instead are eligible for renewals at the lesser of (i) existing rents, adjusted by an operating cost adjustment factor established by HUD, (ii) a budget-based rent, or (iii) in the case of certain "moderate rehabilitation" Section 8 assistance contracts, the lesser of (x) existing rents, adjusted by an operating cost factor determined by HUD, (y) existing fair market rents (less any amounts allowed for tenant purchased utilities), or (z) comparable market rents for the market area. Under current HUD policy, existing fair market rents for moderate rehabilitation projects means 120% of HUD's published existing fair market rents.

Although initially exempt from restructuring, the 1999 amendments to MAHRA made Section 8 developments with FHA-insured mortgages for which the primary financing was provided by a unit of state or local government subject to the Mark-to-Market program unless the implementation of a mortgage restructuring plan would be in conflict with applicable law or agreements governing such financing. The 1999 amendments also provide for a new program for preservation of Section 8 developments that allows increases in Section 8 rent levels for certain Section 8 developments (including Section 236 Developments which also have project-based HAP Contracts) that have below market rents, to market-rate or near market-rate levels.

Contract rents available upon any renewal may be significantly lower than the current Section 8 contract rents in the Section 8 Developments, and the corresponding reduction in housing assistance payments for such Developments would materially adversely affect the ability of the Mortgagors of such Developments to pay the currently scheduled principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans. Any termination or expiration of HAP Contracts without renewal or replacement with other project-based assistance (whether due to enactment of additional legislation, material adverse financial or managerial actions by a Mortgagor, poor condition of the project or other causes) would also have a material adverse impact on the ability of the related Section 8 Developments to generate revenues sufficient to pay the currently scheduled principal of and interest on the related Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1— Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program" for a description of the Mortgage Loans and the expiration dates of the HAP Contracts. While MAHRA generally allows mortgagors to renew HAP Contracts (absent certain material adverse conduct or conditions), mortgagors are not required to renew HAP Contracts beyond their initial expiration or the expiration of a renewal term.

A reduction in Section 8 contract rents or the termination or expiration of the HAP Contract (without renewal or replacement with other project-based assistance, or without prepayment, forgiveness, write-down or refinancing as described below), as described in the previous paragraphs, could thus result in a default under the Mortgage Loan for the related Section 8 Development. Nonetheless, if any or all of such Mortgage Loans were to default, FHA Insurance or other Supplemental Security benefits received by the Corporation or proceeds from enforcement actions (including foreclosure) regarding those Mortgage Loans not subject to Supplemental Security, together with monies held in the Accounts under or pursuant

to the General Resolution, including the Debt Service Reserve Account, are expected to be sufficient to redeem, pursuant to a special redemption from Recoveries of Principal, an allocable portion of certain Bonds in the event the Corporation is required or elects to redeem Bonds with such funds. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. Moreover, in the event of such partial redemption, sufficient monies are expected to be available from the remaining Mortgage Loans, the Debt Service Reserve Account and earnings on all monies held in the Accounts maintained under the Resolutions to continue to make timely payments of scheduled principal of and interest on the remaining Outstanding Bonds.

The restructuring plans established by MAHRA referred to above, as a general matter, contemplate restructuring FHA-insured mortgage loans on certain Section 8 projects through a nondefault partial or full prepayment of such loans. Nondefault partial or full prepayment or similar forgiveness or write-down of mortgage debt pursuant to a restructuring of these Mortgage Loans could result in the special redemption from Recoveries of Principal of an allocable portion of certain Bonds at any time with the proceeds the Corporation receives from any such prepayment, forgiveness or write-down. In addition, the Mortgagors of these Mortgage Loans could opt to refinance their Mortgage Loans in full, pursuant to Section 223(a) (7) of the National Housing Act, which could also result in the special redemption from Recoveries of Principal of an allocable portion of certain Bonds at any time with the proceeds the Corporation receives from any such refinancing. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. See Appendix D-1 hereto for a description of the Mortgage Loans and the expiration dates of the HAP Contracts.

Exception Projects Under MAHRA. MAHRA contains distinct mortgage restructuring and HAP Contract renewal and contract rent determination standards for certain Section 8 projects which require differentiation from the majority of developments. For example, one is the case noted above, in which primary financing or mortgage insurance was provided by a state or local government, or a unit or instrumentality of such government. A second important group of differentiated projects are those financed under Section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959 that also received Section 8 HAP Contracts when first constructed ("Section 202 Properties"). Such projects are, under MAHRA, excluded from restructuring and mark-down of their rents, and are known as "Exception Projects." Exception Projects are not involuntarily subject to mark-down to market, i.e. the rents may not be reduced below a level upon renewal or prepayment which would not provide the property with funds sufficient to operate the property with a balanced budget. A budget-based analysis is typically performed in connection with the renewal of a HAP Contract for a Section 202 Property. The owner of a Section 202 Property may opt to be renewed under the other renewal options discussed above, but in so doing risks losing the Exception Project designation. For some Section 202 Properties with below market rents this could be a viable option; any contemplation of this would need to be analyzed on a case by case basis. Section 202 Properties are Exception Projects and are statutorily eligible for renewals at the lesser of (i) existing rents, adjusted by an OCAF or (ii) a budget-based rent. Recent legislation and regulations facilitate the refinancing of Section 202 Properties. HUD has recently published final Regulations for the refinancing and rehabilitation of financed and constructed developments under Section 202 with Section 8 subsidies.

<u>No Assurance as to Congressional Action</u>. The HAP Contracts for most of the Section 8 Developments expire or have expired prior to the respective maturity dates of the related Mortgage Loans. Since payments received under the HAP Contracts constitute a primary source of revenues for the related

Developments, the expiration of the HAP Contracts (without renewal or replacement) – whether Original Contracts or Renewal Contracts - would have a material adverse impact on the ability of the related Developments to generate revenues sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the related Mortgage Loans. There can be no assurance that the HAP Contracts will be renewed or replaced or fully funded. Since 1997, MAHRA has been changed in a variety of ways and is always subject to Congressional reconsideration. In the event of the expiration of one or more of the HAP Contracts (without renewal or replacement), there is a likelihood of a default on one or more of the related Mortgage Loans. In the case of Section 8 Developments with FHA Mortgage Loans, the Mortgage Loan(s) would be assigned to FHA for FHA Insurance benefits. Upon receipt of such FHA Insurance or other Supplemental Security benefits or proceeds received from enforcement actions (including foreclosure) of a defaulted Mortgage Loan not subject to supplemental security, the Corporation may elect to redeem an allocable portion of certain Bonds. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5-Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. See Appendix D-1 hereto for the date of expiration of the HAP Contracts.

Late Payments in 2007. During 2007, a revision by HUD in its legal interpretation of its Section 8 renewal contracts led HUD to conclude that it only could stay within appropriated funding levels by amending renewal contracts to more explicitly allow for partial-year funding of those contracts. As a result of the time it took to implement this change, many fiscal 2007 payments were not paid on time. While HUD allowed owners to take steps such as borrowing against project reserves, some owners indicated that the delayed payments caused late fees on mortgages or other bills or interruptions in service at their properties.

HUD now has made the necessary contract changes to allow for partial-year renewal funding, but has told Congress that further improvements are needed in its budgeting, contract management and payment process. If future problems in these systems resulting from partial-year funding or otherwise cause delayed subsidy payments, such delays could jeopardize owners' ability to fulfill their mortgage obligations in a timely fashion, and thus jeopardize amounts available for payment of the Bonds.

<u>Use of Residual Receipts Reserves</u>. Certain of the Developments participating in the Section 8 program described above may be the subject of HAP Contracts originally entered into pursuant to certain revised HUD regulations that took effect in late 1979 or early 1980 (as applicable), which in each case generally provide for excess operating income exceeding certain owner distribution limits to be held in a reserve account (a "Residual Receipts Account"), to be used only for project purposes during the term of the HAP Contract and to be returned to HUD upon termination of the HAP Contract.

Pursuant to a HUD policy with respect to such Developments, effective for housing assistance payments in November 2012 and thereafter, amounts in the Residual Receipts Account for such a Development in excess of a specified level, equal to \$250 multiplied by the number of Section 8 units in the Development, are to be drawn on to fund Section 8 subsidy payments in lieu of HUD-funded payments until the Residual Receipts Account is reduced to such level.

In addition, with respect to any Development subject to a HAP Contract that authorizes HUD to require Residual Receipts Account deposits, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 provides that amounts in the Residual Receipts Account that are in excess of an amount determined by HUD shall, upon HUD's request, be remitted to HUD so as to be available to fund subsidy payments under the project-based Section 8 program generally.

Project-Based Voucher Programs. In addition to the project-based Section 8 program described in the preceding paragraphs, the 1937 Housing Act and the Regulations grant certain state and local housing agencies authority to establish programs ("Project-Based Voucher Programs") pursuant to which they may enter into HAP Contracts to provide assistance to projects that set aside units for lower income families, using a portion (generally limited to twenty percent, with certain exceptions) of the funds they receive from HUD under annual contributions contracts for the administration of the housing choice voucher program authorized by Section 8(o) of the 1937 Housing Act (the "Housing Choice Voucher Program"). Under Project-Based Voucher Programs, as under the project-based Section 8 program described in the preceding paragraphs, HAP Contracts provide for housing assistance payments to owners generally equal to the difference between specified contract rents for covered units in a project and the respective tenants' required contributions. However, under a Project Based Voucher Program, rules concerning the establishment of initial contract rents, the terms of periodic adjustment of contract rents (including whether reduction to levels below the initial rents may occur), the availability of payments for vacant units, and the availability of renewal of a HAP Contract upon expiration of its stated term, differ from the rules applicable to the project-based Section 8 program described in the preceding paragraphs and depend in part on the policies of the state or local agency operating the Project-Based Voucher Program. The project-based HAP Contracts may only be for terms up to 20 years each, and the state or local agency must determine whether renewal of the contracts for terms of up to 20 years each is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for lower income families. A state or local agency's obligations pursuant to a HAP Contract under its Project-Based Voucher Program are subject to the annual appropriation by Congress and obligation by HUD of funds in amounts sufficient to operate the Housing Choice Voucher Program, including the agency's Project-Based Voucher Program. The 2013 Federal Sequestration Order resulted in a reduction of appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 for the Housing Choice Voucher Program. No assurance can be given that Congress will timely appropriate sufficient funds each year for the Housing Choice Voucher Program to enable housing agencies to make housing assistance payments pursuant to such HAP Contracts.

Tenant-Based Housing Choice Vouchers. Pursuant to the Housing Choice Voucher Program referred to in the preceding paragraph, funds appropriated by Congress are distributed by HUD to certain state and local housing agencies under annual contributions contracts for the purpose of making housing assistance payments to owners of housing units that eligible families who have been granted a voucher by the agency have chosen to lease. A HAP Contract under the Housing Choice Voucher Program entered into between the agency and the owner of the housing unit chosen by such a family generally provides for housing assistance payments to such owner for the term of the family's tenancy equal to the difference between (a) an amount that is generally 30% of such family's income (with certain adjustments and subject to certain floor amounts) and (b) the lower of the rent payable under the family's lease (with certain adjustments) or a specified payment standard established by the agency in accordance with HUD requirements. Such payments are subject to termination if, among other reasons, the respective family moves out of the unit or the agency determines that sufficient funding is not available under its annual contributions contract for continued assistance to families in the Housing Choice Voucher Program, and are subject to reduction for reasons that include reduction in the size of the respective family or reduction in the agency's established payment standards. The 2013 Federal Sequestration Order resulted in a reduction of appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 for the Housing Choice Voucher Program. No assurance can be given that Congress will timely appropriate sufficient funds each year for the Housing Choice Voucher Program to enable housing agencies to make housing assistance payments pursuant to such HAP Contracts.

Public Housing

The 1937 Housing Act and the regulations thereunder provide that amounts appropriated by Congress in any year for the public housing operating fund under Section 9 of such Act ("Section 9") are

to be allocated by HUD among eligible state and local public housing agencies according to a formula that takes into account projections of the income from, and standards for the costs of, operating and managing the housing units assisted under the 1937 Housing Act (other than under the Section 8 program) ("Public Housing Units") that are owned, operated or assisted by such agencies. Such appropriated funds allocated to a public housing agency ("Public Housing Operating Subsidy") are provided to the agency pursuant to an annual contributions contract between HUD and the agency. Under certain circumstances, a public housing agency may request that such annual contributions contract be amended to permit use of Public Housing Operating Subsidy to pay eligible costs of operating and managing Public Housing Units located within a property that is owned and operated by an entity other than the agency (an "Owner Entity") and to provide for capital assistance for such units from amounts appropriated by Congress for the public housing capital fund under Section 9 and made available to the agency by HUD ("Capital Fund Assistance"). An annual contributions contract so amended (an "Amended ACC") generally provides that, for the purpose of ensuring that Public Housing Units are operated in accordance with applicable law, regulations and HUD policies in effect from time to time ("Applicable Public Housing Requirements"), the Owner Entity shall enter into a regulatory and operating agreement with the agency and shall enter into a declaration of covenants for the benefit of HUD restricting use of the property by the Owner Entity and successive owners that is prior to any other encumbrance of the property (collectively, together with the Amended ACC, "Mixed-Finance Agreements").

Among other provisions, Mixed-Finance Agreements with respect to Public Housing Units owned by an Owner Entity generally (1) provide for allocation of a portion of the agency's Public Housing Operating Subsidy to such Public Housing Units, (2) require that Public Housing Units be developed, operated and maintained in accordance with Applicable Public Housing Requirements, including requirements concerning occupancy by eligible lower income families (which may include minimum requirements as to occupancy by families whose income does not exceed 30% of the median income for the area as determined by HUD) and requirements concerning determination of rents, for a period extending to the latest of 10 years beyond the end of the year in which Public Housing Operating Subsidy is last provided by the agency, 20 years after any modernization using Capital Fund Assistance is last completed and, in the case of Public Housing Units developed using Capital Fund Assistance, 40 years after the units become available for occupancy, (3) prohibit disposition of the Public Housing Units before the expiration of such period, (4) require HUD consent prior to transferring or encumbering interests in the Public Housing Units or in the Owner Entity, and (5) provide that, in the event of casualty or condemnation with respect to the property in which the Public Housing Units are located, proceeds shall be applied to restoration of the property to the extent feasible, and any reduction of the number of units in the property shall neither reduce the percentage of units that are subject to Applicable Public Housing Requirements nor (except in certain circumstances) reduce the number of units that are subject to such requirements.

The 2013 Federal Sequestration Order referred to above under the heading "Section 8 Program" resulted in a reduction of appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 for the public housing operating fund under Section 9. No assurance can be given that Congress will timely appropriate sufficient funds each year for the public housing operating fund to enable public housing agencies to make Public Operating Subsidy available for such Public Housing Units.

Corporation Programs

The following are descriptions of the general programmatic guidelines for the Corporation's programs below. Since inception, as of April 30, 2023 the Corporation has provided over \$3,642,000,000 in subsidy loans across all Mortgage Loan Programs, including the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bond Program. Former Mayor de Blasio introduced the City's Housing New York plan, in May 2014, pledging to create and preserve 200,000 affordable housing units over 10 years. The Corporation is committed to help implement the plan through financing and subsidy programs such as ELLA, Preservation, Mixed

Income, Mix and Match, Mixed Middle (M2) and the Mitchell Lama Programs, described below. Variations from the guidelines are made from time to time.

Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program

The Corporation's Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program ("AHPLP") was intended to make small permanent first mortgage loans on projects primarily developed under programs sponsored by HPD. Generally, the maximum amount of each mortgage loan is \$2,000,000 and does not exceed 60% of the combined mortgage loans from HPD or other-subordinated lenders. The Corporation services the permanent first mortgage loan and the HPD subordinate mortgage loan.

For each AHPLP construction mortgage loan, the Corporation entered into a buy-sell agreement with the mortgagor's construction lender. A minimum replacement reserve of \$250 per unit is required. It is expected that AHPLP permanent mortgage loans will not be secured by Supplemental Security.

Low-Income Programs

The Corporation has established various programs to finance the construction, substantial rehabilitation or moderate rehabilitation of affordable low-income housing in New York City which would not otherwise be produced by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, as described below.

Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Program

The Corporation established the Low-income Affordable Marketplace Program ("LAMP") to finance the construction or substantial rehabilitation of developments where a minimum of 80% of the units are affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income.

LAMP projects are financed with a combination of a first construction and permanent mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt bond proceeds, as of right 4% Federal tax credits and a second mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Each development financed under LAMP will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low income households.

For each construction mortgage loan made with bond proceeds, the Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount of such loan plus a specified interest reserve amount. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is a subordinate loan of up to \$65,000 per unit provided at 1% interest with fixed minimum payments of at least interest only.

Extremely Low & Low-Income Affordability Program

The Corporation established the Extremely Low & Low-Income Affordability Program ("ELLA") to finance the construction or substantial rehabilitation of multi-family rental housing developments with approximately 40% of units affordable to households earning less than or equal

to area median income levels between 30% and 50% with the balance of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income. Approximately 70% of the units are either (i) affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income (AMI), or (ii) affordable to households earning less than or equal to 80% of AMI so long as the average income and rent limit for the low-income housing tax credit units in the project is less than or equal to 60% of AMI. ELLA may also be used to finance projects, where up to 30% of the units are affordable to households earning above 60% of the area median income and/or projects in which up to approximately 30% of the units are reserved for formerly homeless households earning 30% of the area median income or less.

ELLA projects are financed with a combination of a first construction and permanent mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt bond proceeds, as of right 4% Federal tax credits and a second mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Each development financed under ELLA will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low income households.

For each construction mortgage loan made with bond proceeds, the Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount of such loan plus a specified interest reserve amount. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is a subordinate loan of up to \$65,000 per unit provided at an interest rate ranging between 1% and the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate as determined when the subordinate loan closed with fixed minimum payments of at least 1%.

Preservation Program (formerly known as the Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Preservation Program)

The Corporation has established the Preservation Program (formerly known as the Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Preservation Program or "LAMP Preservation") to finance the acquisition and moderate rehabilitation of multi-family rental housing developments affordable to low-income or moderate-income households. Preservation projects are financed with a mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt bond proceeds and as of right 4% Federal tax credits or taxable bond proceeds. In most cases, this program does not offer a second mortgage loan funded by the Corporation. Preservation developments are usually 100% income restricted with units affordable to low-income households earning up to 60% of the area median income or moderate-income households earning between 80% and 165% of the area median income.

For some, but not all, Preservation construction mortgage loans made with bond proceeds, the Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount of such mortgage loan plus a specified interest reserve amount. For such construction mortgage loans, the letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal. Any amounts received by the Corporation under a letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release any such letter of credit. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

Mitchell-Lama Programs

The Mitchell-Lama program was enacted by the State in the mid-1950's as a way to promote and facilitate the construction of affordable rental and cooperative housing throughout New York State. The law stated that after twenty years from the occupancy date, the mortgagor is allowed to prepay the mortgage and release the affordability obligations of the program. To preserve such projects as affordable housing and to prevent owners of these projects from leaving the Mitchell-Lama program, the Corporation has developed the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program and the Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program as described below.

Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program/Mitchell-Lama Reinvestment Program

The Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program preserves Mitchell-Lama projects as affordable housing by refinancing existing mortgages. To refinance the mortgage loans the Corporation will refund the existing bonds that financed or refinanced the original Mitchell-Lama development loans by issuing longer term bonds and/or restructure the mortgagor's existing mortgage loans. The Corporation restructures the existing mortgage loans into new mortgage loans which contain an extended maturity date and a lower rate of interest. For certain developments, a new subordinate mortgage loan, which is subject to a residual right of ownership by the City, is made with a reduced rate of interest, usually 0%, due as a balloon payment upon the retirement of the new senior mortgage loans.

Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program

A significant number of the Mitchell-Lama developments are aging (each is between 35 and 50 years old) and are in need of significant repairs. The Corporation, under the Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program, will provide additional loans to these Mitchell-Lama projects with the issuances of taxable bond proceeds. These loans may be used to fund system modernizations, capital improvements or repairs at the Mitchell-Lama developments. The Corporation oversees the satisfactory completion of such modernizations, improvements and repairs.

Mixed, Middle and Moderate Income Programs

The Corporation has established various programs to finance the construction or substantial rehabilitation of mixed, middle and moderate income housing in New York City which would not otherwise be produced by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, as described below.

Mixed Income Program

The Corporation established the Mixed Income Program to finance the construction of mixedincome multi-family rental housing affordable developments with approximately 20% of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income, approximately 30% of units affordable to moderate to middle income households earning between 80% and 165% of area median income and approximately 50% of units reserved for market rate tenants.

The Corporation's Mixed Income Program combines a first mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds and a subordinate mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Some projects also qualify for as of right 4% Federal tax credits. Each development will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low, moderate and middle income households, as applicable.

The Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount plus a specified interest reserve amount for each construction loan financed under the Programs described below. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. In certain cases, the Corporation will finance a first mortgage only. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is provided at principal amounts ranging between \$65,000 to \$85,000 per affordable unit with an interest rate ranging between 1% and the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate, as determined when the subordinate loan closed with fixed minimum payments of at least 1%.

Mixed-Middle (M2) Program

The Corporation established the Mixed-Middle (M2) Program to finance the construction of mixedincome multi-family rental housing affordable developments with approximately 20% of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to 50% of the area median income, approximately 30% of units affordable to moderate-income households earning between 80% and 100% of area median income and approximately 50% must be affordable to middle-income households earning between 130% and 165% of the area median income.

The Corporation's Mixed-Middle Program combines a first mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds and a subordinate mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Some projects also qualify for as of right 4% Federal tax credits. Each development will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low, moderate and middle income households, as applicable.

The Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount plus a specified interest reserve amount for each construction loan financed under the Programs described below. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. In certain cases, the Corporation will finance a first mortgage only. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is provided at principal amounts ranging between \$85,000 to \$95,000 per affordable unit with an interest rate ranging between 1% and the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate, as determined when the subordinate loan closed with fixed minimum payments of at least 1%.

Mix and Match Program

The Corporation established the Mix and Match Program to finance the construction of mixedincome multi-family rental housing affordable developments with approximately 40%-60% of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income, with the remaining units affordable to households earning up to 130% of area median income.

The Corporation's Mix and Match Program combines a first mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds and a subordinate mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Some projects also qualify for as of right 4% Federal tax credits. Each development will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low, moderate and middle income households, as applicable.

The Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount plus a specified interest reserve amount for each construction loan financed under the Programs described below. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. In certain cases, the Corporation will finance a first mortgage only. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is provided at principal amounts ranging between \$40,000 to \$105,000 per affordable unit with an interest rate ranging between 1% and the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate, as determined when the subordinate loan closed with fixed minimum payments of at least 1%.

New Housing Opportunities Program

The Corporation established the New HOP Program to finance the construction of multi-family rental housing affordable developments with units affordable to moderate to middle income households earning between 80% and 165% of area median income.

The Corporation's New HOP Program combines a first mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds and a subordinate mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Each development will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low, moderate and middle income households, as applicable.

The Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount plus a specified interest reserve amount for each construction loan financed under the Programs described below. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. In certain cases, the Corporation will finance a first mortgage only. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is generally provided with an interest rate of 1% with fixed minimum payments of at least interest only.

Participation Loan Program

The Participation Loan Program ("PLP") was established by HPD in 1977 pursuant to Article XV of the Private Housing Finance Law of the State of New York. PLP is designed to increase accessibility to mortgage capital for the rehabilitation of privately owned multi-family housing in the City of New York. HPD administers PLP which provides mortgage financing for the rehabilitation of such housing at below-market interest rates. PLP developments may include units which are affordable to multiple income tiers but generally no higher than a level affordable to households earning 120% AMI.

HPD may only make a loan pursuant to PLP if another bona fide lender, such as the Corporation, also lends a portion of the funds necessary to complete the rehabilitation of the project. HPD's PLP loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages. Currently, the Corporation holds certain first position Mortgage Loans (some of which benefit from Supplemental Security) assisted under PLP and also holds subordinate Mortgage Loans originally funded under PLP.

In addition, Federal HOME funds available under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 are administered by HPD which provides mortgage financing for the rehabilitation and certain new construction of privately owned multi-family housing in the City of New York at nominal interest rates. HPD may make such a loan if non-Federal matching funds are available.

Article 8-A Loan Program

The Article 8-A Loan Program ("Article 8-A") was established in 1970 pursuant to the Private Housing Finance Law of the State of New York. Article 8-A is available to owners of privately owned multi-family housing developments if: (i) each dwelling unit in such development is available at rents affordable to low- and moderate- income persons or families and (ii) such owner is unable to obtain financing from the private sector. Article 8-A loan proceeds may be used to eliminate any substandard or unsanitary condition at a development, or for replacement or rehabilitation of systems at a development or other improvements necessary to prolong the useful life of a development. An Article 8-A development may include units which are affordable to multiple income tiers but generally no higher than a level affordable to households earning 120% AMI.

HPD administers Article 8-A which provides mortgage financing for the rehabilitation of such housing at below-market interest rates. Article 8-A loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages.

<u>§421-a Negotiable Certificate Program</u>

HPD's §421-a Negotiable Certificate Program (the "Certificate Program") was designed to link the creation of market rate multi-family housing in certain areas of the City of New York (the "Geographic Exclusion Zone") with the development of low income housing in other areas of New York City. In general, newly constructed multi-family housing in the Geographic Exclusion Zone was not eligible to receive any real estate tax exemption unless the developer of such housing either (i) set aside at least 20% of the units in such projects for low income households or (ii) purchased §421-a Negotiable Certificates from other developers who have constructed or rehabilitated low income housing in other areas of the City of New York ("off-site projects" or "off-site units") pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Certificate Program. The Certificate Program generally permitted HPD to grant five §421-a Negotiable Certificates for each off-site low income unit created under the Certificate Program. In turn, each §421-a Negotiable Certificate allowed the developer of a market rate unit in the Geographic Exclusion Zone to receive a 10-year phased exemption from any increase in such market rate unit's assessed value relating to the construction of such market rate unit. The 10-year phased real estate tax exemption increased the value of the market rate Geographical Exclusion Zone unit. Therefore, the developer of the market rate unit paid the developer of

the off-site unit to be able to receive and utilize the §421-a Negotiable Certificates that was generated by the off-site low income project. The program was authorized by §421-a of the New York Real Property Tax Law which has since been amended.

Low Income Rental Program

Under the Low Income Rental Program ("LIRP"), as administered by HPD, sponsors construct or rehabilitate multi-family units in order to create affordable multi-family developments in which 30% of the units for formerly homeless families and the remaining units to be reserved for households earning less than or equal to 60% of the New York City area median income. Under LIRP, HPD will provide a direct subsidy of up to \$75,000 per unit. The funds from HPD are advanced through a below-market, fixed interest rate loan for a maximum term of 30 years.

LIRP is used to leverage construction and permanent financing from private institutional lenders and from other public sources including the Corporation and the State. LIRP loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages. LIRP may be combined with other Subsidy Programs, including the Certificate Program.

New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation Programs

The New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation ("HTF"), a public benefit corporation which operates under the aegis of the Division of Housing and Community Renewal ("DHCR"), has two initiatives involving tax exempt bond financing: the Homes For Working Families Initiative ("HWFI") and the Senior Housing Initiative ("SHI"). Under both programs, HTF assistance of up to \$35,000 per unit will be provided in the form of low or deferred interest mortgages for affordable housing projects.

Through HWFI, DHCR provides subordinate permanent financing at an interest rate of 1% to private developers for the new construction or substantial rehabilitation of affordable rental housing projects. Under HWFI, 100% of the units must be affordable to households earning less than 60% of area median income. At least 50% of project cost must be financed by tax-exempt bonds issued under Section 142 of the Internal Revenue Code in order to enable the projects to qualify for Federal low-income housing tax credits.

Pursuant to SHI, DHCR provides subordinate permanent financing at an interest rate of 0% to 1% to not-for-profit developers for the new construction or substantial rehabilitation of affordable rental housing for the elderly. Under SHI, occupancy is limited to seniors, defined as households headed by a person 60 years of age or older. Approximately 20% of the units in a project assisted through the SHI must be affordable to households earning less than 50% of area median income.

General Municipal Law Article 16

Article 16 of the General Municipal Law, Section 690 et seq. authorizes certain municipalities in the State, including the City, to make grants or loans (i) to the owner of any property that is part of an urban development action area project (as defined in such law) for the purpose of rehabilitation of an existing private or multiple dwelling, (ii) for the purpose of providing site improvements, or (iii) for the purpose of providing for other costs of construction for the development of private and multiple dwelling housing accommodations. Any loan made in accordance with this section shall be secured by a note and mortgage. In the case of a loan for the purpose of providing rental housing for persons of low income, the rental development must be subject to a regulatory agreement limiting profits and rentals charged.

With regard to the Mortgage Loans financed or expected to be financed by the Corporation which are subsidized through General Municipal Law, Article 16, the initial feasibility of these Developments was determined by the Corporation, HPD and a conventional construction lender. HPD's General Municipal Law, Article 16 permanent loan is subordinate to the Corporation's Mortgage Loan and both loans are not secured by Supplemental Security. In the event of a default on the Corporation's Mortgage Loan, any proceeds resulting from a foreclosure which might result from such default would be applied to satisfy the Corporation's Mortgage Loan prior to HPD's General Municipal Law, Article 16 loan.

Housing Development Grant Program

Pursuant to the Housing Development Grant ("HoDAG") Program, which was authorized by Section 17 of the 1937 Housing Act, HUD made grants to localities for rental housing projects within such localities' respective jurisdictions. HPD received such a grant for certain of the Developments and utilized the funds provided by HUD to make a second unsecured mortgage loan. During the term of the HoDAG second uninsured mortgage loan made to the Mortgagor by HPD, the Mortgagor is required to comply with certain HoDAG Program requirements, including restrictions relative to the occupancy of certain units by low income tenants. If HoDAG Program requirements are not adhered to by the Mortgagor of the Development which received the HoDAG funds, the Mortgagor is required to repay HPD the amount of HoDAG grant funds, subject to certain adjustments. HUD may require the City to refund the grant monies. While no payments are due on this second position permanent loan during the term of the applicable Mortgage Loan, upon a violation of the HoDAG Program requirements by the Mortgagor, the City may then proceed to enforce its right to collect such grant monies from the Mortgagor.

Housing Assistance Corporation Programs

The Housing Assistance Corporation ("HAC") is a public benefit corporation of the State established pursuant to Section 654-b of the Act as a subsidiary of the Corporation. HAC is to continue in existence until terminated by law; provided, however, that no such termination shall take effect as long as its obligations remain outstanding. The payments and funds of HAC are not considered to be assets of the Corporation and are not pledged under the Resolutions.

HAC is empowered to receive monies from any source, including, but not limited to, the Corporation, the City or the State, for the purpose of assisting rental developments to maintain rentals affordable to low and moderate income persons for whom the ordinary operation of private enterprise cannot supply safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations. In order to accomplish this objective, HAC may transfer, lend, pledge or assign these monies to any rental development (and may enter into agreements for such purposes with mortgagors of rental developments) or assist the Corporation in financing such developments.

HAC provides monthly rental assistance payments pursuant to a Tenant Assistance Contract ("TAC"). See "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program" for the date of expiration of the TACs.

HPD Mix & Match Program

Under the HPD Mix & Match program ("HPD Mix and Match"), formerly known as Mixed Income Rental Program ("MIRP") and Multifamily Initiative Program ("Multifamily Initiative"), as administered by HPD, sponsors construct or rehabilitate multi-family developments with a range of affordability tiers. The HPD Mix and Match Program may include approximately 40%-60% of units which are affordable to households earning up to 60% of AMI and the other 40%-60% of units which are affordable to moderate and/or middle income households earning up to 130% of AMI. The funds from HPD are advanced through a below-market, fixed interest rate loan for a maximum term of 30 years.

HPD Mix & Match is used to leverage construction and permanent financing from private institutional lenders and from other public sources including the Corporation and the State. HPD Mix & Match loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages. HPD Mix & Match may be combined with other Subsidy Programs.

Third Party Transfer Program

The Third Party Transfer Program ("TPT"), as administered by HPD, is designed to allow qualified sponsors to purchase distressed multi-family properties in order to rehabilitate and preserve those properties. The TPT Program may include units which are affordable to multiple income tiers but no higher than a level affordable to households earning 130% AMI. The funds from HPD are advanced through a below-market, fixed interest rate loan for a maximum term of 30 years.

HPD's TPT loans are used to leverage construction and permanent financing from private institutional lenders and from other public sources including the Corporation and the State. TPT loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages and may be combined with other Subsidy Programs.

HUD Multifamily Program

The HUD Multifamily Program, as administered by HPD, is designed to rehabilitate and preserve privately-owned HUD-assisted rental housing in New York City. HUD-assisted rental housing includes properties where a majority of the units are covered by a form of project-based rental assistance including various types of Housing Assistance Payment contracts and/or properties that received federal subsidies through programs including the HUD 202 or 236 programs.

The HUD Multifamily Program combines tax exemptions and/or low interest loans at below market interest rates with traditional bank, federally-insured or tax exempt bond financing products. Projects may also be eligible for Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits ("LIHTC").

Income levels for units in the HUD Multifamily Program are tied to the subsidy program that is in place for the project. All units are subject to rent stabilization laws following rehabilitation. There is a required homeless preference of 20% for all unit vacancies.

Cornerstone Program

Established in 2000, the Cornerstone Program was an HPD multifamily new construction initiative designed to facilitate the construction of mixed income housing on City-owned land. The Cornerstone Program utilized a variety of funding sources including HPD's Low and Mixed Income Programs, the Corporation's NewHOP program, LAMP program, and its former Affordable Cooperative Housing Program, New York State's Affordable Housing Corporation ("AHC"), Housing Trust Fund ("HTF") and Homes for Working Families Program ("HWF"), and the New York City Housing Partnership Development Corporation. Fifty-one sites were awarded through four rounds of the Cornerstone Program for a total of over 4,000 units.

PACT Program

Under the "Permanent Affordability Commitment Together" Program (the "PACT Program"), the New York City Housing Authority ("NYCHA") seeks to identify resources and opportunities to make major improvements to its public housing developments while preserving long-term affordability and maintaining strong resident rights in line with public housing protections. The PACT Program was designed to facilitate the conversion of public housing units to Section 8 to stabilize the properties. The Corporation created a multifamily parity resolution (the "Multifamily Housing Impact Bonds Bond Resolution") as a tool to support the PACT Program.

The Developments receiving financing through the PACT Program are currently owned by NYCHA and will be converted from public housing pursuant to the Rental Assistance Demonstration ("RAD"), Section 18 or Part 200 programs of HUD. NYCHA will lease the Developments to for-profit and/or not-for-profit Mortgagors, which will be formed in order to provide for the ownership, financing, rehabilitation and construction of the Developments.

It is anticipated that Developments receiving financing under the PACT Program may benefit from a combination of lending programs, including mortgage loans funded with tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds, the available funds of the Corporation, or New York City capital. Some, but not all mortgage loans financed under the PACT Program may require third-party credit enhancement.

NYC 15/15 Rental Assistance Program

<u>General</u>. The following is a brief description of the NYC 15/15 Rental Assistance Program (the "NYC 15/15 program") which was created by Former Mayor Bill de Blasio in November 2015 in conjunction with the NYC Supportive Housing Initiative to fund and develop 15,000 new units of supportive housing in the City over the next fifteen years.

The NYC 15/15 program is administered by HPD and authorizes subsidy payments to the owners of qualified supportive housing. Supportive housing combines affordable housing with appropriate social services to help special populations, including chronically or at-risk homeless individuals and families with serious mental illness (SMI) and substance use disorders (SUD). Owners must be nonprofit organizations or partnerships between nonprofit and for-profit entities. Owners may also be the service provider or may partner with a service provider to deliver on-site services to tenants. The service provider must apply for and receive an award letter from New York City Human Resources Administration for the HRA Provision of Congregate Supportive Housing services before the owner can apply for the NYC 15/15 Program.

NYC 15/15 program funding is available to provide project based rental assistance to eligible households meeting a criterion which establishes four special population types. Eligible households are not restricted to a minimum or maximum income to be eligible for a NYC15/15 unit under the NYC 15/15 program.

The payment of subsidies under the NYC 15/15 program is made pursuant to a Rental Assistance Contract (RAC) between HPD and the Owner for an initial term of fifteen years with one renewal. Renewal may be for up to the initial term of contract. Apartments assisted with NYC 15/15 rental assistance cannot be subsidized by any other rental assistance, including Section 8 or rental subsidy from other service awards. HPD will determine reasonable rent before a RAC is approved and re-determine rent reasonableness when an increase in rent is requested. The initial program rent cannot exceed the NYC 15/15 Rental Assistance Schedule published on HPD's website. Tenants are also responsible for paying 30% of their income towards rent, as approved by HPD, directly to the property owner monthly.

Each RAC Contract provides for certain adjustments in contract rents. Owners may submit requests to HPD for a contract rent increase of 2% in rent once per year. Requests for a rent increase for project based rental assistance contract units must be made in writing by the owner 60 days prior to the annual anniversary date of the RAC.

The NYC 15/15 Rental Assistance Program is subject to the appropriation of funds by the City's Office of Management and Budget (OMB). If OMB advises HPD that sufficient funds are not available for rental assistance payments, HPD will give notice to impacted owners. HPD may offer: 1) reduction in contract rents; 2) reduction in number of contract units; and/or 3) alteration of contract term. If an impacted owner and HPD cannot agree to contract alterations within thirty days of such notice, either the owner or HPD may choose to terminate the Rental Assistance Contract (RAC). If it is determined that there may not be sufficient funding to continue RAC payments for all contract units and for the full term of the RAC contract, HPD may terminate the RAC contract by at least 30-day notice to the owner.

Provided there is funding availability, within one year before expiration of the RAC contract, HPD may extend the term of the contract for an additional term of up to 15 years if HPD determines an extension is appropriate to continue providing supportive housing for eligible households. Subsequent extensions are subject to the same limitations.

<u>Vacancies</u>. The NYC 15/15 program allows for vacancy payments when a household has vacated the unit. The owner must submit a request for vacancy payments in the form and manner required by HPD and notify HPD in writing within 30 calendar days, certifying that the applicable family has vacated, and must provide any information or substantiation required by HPD to determine the amount of any vacancy payment. If HPD determines that the owner is responsible for a vacancy and, as a result, is not entitled to either a vacancy payment or the right to the keep the rental assistance payment for the month in which the family vacated the unit, HPD will notify the landlord of the amount of rental assistance payment that the owner must repay.

<u>Compliance with Subsidy Contracts</u>. The RAC Contract contains numerous agreements on the part of HPD and the owner concerning, among other things, maintenance of the development as decent, safe and sanitary housing and compliance with a number of requirements (such as non-discrimination and equal employment opportunity) as to which non-compliance by the owner may result in abatement by HPD as the case may be, of the payment of the NYC program subsidy.

HPD's Housing Quality Standard (HQS) policies apply to NYC 15/15 program, with certain exceptions. If an NYC 15/15 assisted unit is under rental assistance payment abatement for HQS failures for more than 180 days, the project sponsor will be required to transfer the tenant to the next available appropriately sized contract unit. HPD may use its discretion to terminate a RAC if it is found that the owner exhibits persistent HQS failure that goes uncorrected for more than 180 days and/or previous practice of non-compliance with HQS and/or state and local housing codes.





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