2020 Bonds — NEW ISSUE — BOOK-ENTRY ONLY 2016 Series C-2 Bonds — NOT A NEW ISSUE — BOOK-ENTRY ONLY

In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2020 Series A-1-A Bond, 2020 Series A-2 Bond or 2020 Series B-1 Bond for any period during which such 2020 Series A-1-A Bond, 2020 Series A-2 Bond or 2020 Series B-1 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds or the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, respectively, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code. In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes, interest on the 2020 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York). On March 24, 2016, Bond Counsel to the Corporation rendered its opinion with respect to the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds substantially to the same effect as that described in the preceding sentences with respect to the 2020 Bonds. In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, in and of itself, will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code on any 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the interest on which is otherwise excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of th



\$145,210,000 NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds.

\$22,040,000 2020 Series A-1-A (Sustainable Development Bonds)

\$52,735,000 2020 Series A-2 (Sustainable Development Bonds)

\$52,295,000 2020 Series B-1 (Term Rate)

\$18,140,000 2016 Series C-2 (Term Rate) (Sustainable Development Bonds)

Dated: Date of delivery

Due: as shown on the inside cover pages

The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds will bear interest at the fixed rates and payable on the dates set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds are subject to mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation and are subject to redemption, all as set forth herein. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS." The Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds subject to mandatory tender for purchase and not remarketed only from monies available from and held under the Resolutions. No liquidity facility has been obtained to fund such obligation. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS."

The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will bear interest to their mandatory tender date as set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement at the fixed rate and payable on the dates set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds are subject to earlier redemption and mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation as set forth herein. The Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds subject to mandatory tender for purchase and not remarketed only from monies available from and held under the Resolutions. No liquidity facility has been obtained to fund such obligation. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS."

The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are being issued initially in a Term Rate Term and will bear interest during such Term Rate Term at the fixed rate and payable on the dates set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are subject to mandatory tender (including at the option of the Corporation) and are subject to redemption, all as set forth herein. The Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of 2020 Series B-1 Bonds subject to mandatory tender for purchase and not remarketed only from monies available from and held under the Resolutions. No liquidity facility has been obtained to fund such obligation. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS"

The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds (which were initially issued on March 24, 2016) are being remarketed in a Term Rate Term and will bear interest during such Term Rate Term at the fixed rate and payable on the dates set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are subject to mandatory tender and are subject to redemption, all as set forth herein. The Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of 2016 Series C-2 Bonds subject to mandatory tender for purchase and not remarketed only from monies available from and held under the Resolutions. No liquidity facility has been obtained to fund such obligation. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS"

The Bank of New York Mellon, located in New York, New York, is the Trustee with respect to the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds (collectively, the "2020 Bonds") and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

The 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will be issued, or were issued, as applicable, in book-entry form only and, when issued, will be, or are, registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"). Interest on and principal of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will be payable by the Trustee to Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, which will, in turn, remit such principal and interest to DTC Direct Participants for subsequent disbursement to the Beneficial Owners. Purchasers of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will not receive physical delivery of bond certificates. The 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will not be transferable or exchangeable, except for transfer to another nominee of DTC or otherwise as described herein. See "BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM."

The 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are being issued, or were issued, as applicable, when combined with other available monies, to finance directly or indirectly construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to refund certain outstanding bonds of the Corporation. Payment of the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will be secured by the Revenues and assets pledged to such payment, including, without limitation, certain payments to be made under or with respect to the Mortgage Loans, and monies and/or Cash Equivalents held under the Debt Service Reserve Account. The 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are being issued, or were issued, as applicable, on a parity with and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security as other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds). Payment of the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will also be secured by certain accounts securing only the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds.

The 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are special obligations of the New York City Housing Development Corporation, a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York. The 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are not a debt of the State of New York or The City of New York, and neither the State of New York nor The City of New York shall be liable thereon, nor shall the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

The issuance of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds was subject to the approval of Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. The 2020 Bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by the Underwriters thereof, subject to prior sale, to withdrawal or modification of the offer without notice, and to the unqualified approval of legality by Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. Certain legal matters related to the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will be passed upon for the Corporation by its General Counsel and for the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents by their Counsel, Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, New York, New York. It is expected that the 2020 Bonds will be available for delivery in New York, New York on or about March 18, 2020 and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will be available for delivery in New York, New York on or about April 29, 2020.

Morgan Stanley[†]
J.P. Morgan[†]
Academy Securities[†]
Jefferies[†]
RBC Capital Markets[†]
TD Securities[†]

Barclays†
Ramirez & Co., Inc.†
Roosevelt & Cross Incorporated†
UBS†

Citigroup[†]
Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC[†]
BofA Securities[†]
Raymond James[†]
Stern Brothers & Co.[†]
Wells Fargo Securities[†]

Dated: March 11, 2020, as supplemented March 12, 2020 to include terms of and information with respect to the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds.

[†] The Underwriters for each Series of the 2020 Bonds and the Remarketing Agents for the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are identified on the inside cover pages

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, PRICES

\$22,040,000 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds (Sustainable Development Bonds)

\$17,410,000 2020 Series A-1-A Fixed Rate Serial Bonds

<u>Due</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate	<u>Price</u>	CUSIP No.†
Nov. 1, 2020	\$985,000	0.75%	100%	64972EMM8
May 1, 2021	150,000	0.80	100	64972EMN6
Nov. 1, 2021	370,000	0.85	100	64972EMP1
May 1, 2022	1,080,000	0.90	100	64972EMQ9
Nov. 1, 2022	930,000	0.95	100	64972EMR7
May 1, 2023	2,160,000	1.00	100	64972EMS5
Nov. 1, 2023	2,080,000	1.00	100	64972EMT3
May 1, 2024	1,420,000	1.05	100	64972EMU0
Nov. 1, 2024	1,475,000	1.05	100	64972EMV8
May 1, 2025	1,685,000	1.15	100	64972EMW6
Nov. 1, 2025	1,945,000	1.15	100	64972EMX4
May 1, 2026	1,255,000	1.30	100	64972EMY2
Nov. 1, 2026	1,875,000	1.35	100	64972EMZ9

\$4,630,000 2.90% 2020 Series A-1-A Fixed Rate Term Bonds due May 1, 2059—Price 100% CUSIP No.[†] 64972ENA3

Interest Payment Dates: Interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds is payable on May 1 and November 1, commencing May 1, 2020, and on any redemption or tender date.

Authorized Denominations: \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

Senior Managing Underwriter: Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Co-Senior Managing Underwriters: J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC

Co-Managing Underwriters: Academy Securities Inc., Barclays Capital Inc., BofA Securities, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Jefferies LLC, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC, Roosevelt & Cross Incorporated, Samuel A. Ramirez & Co., Inc., Stern Brothers & Co., TD Securities (USA) LLC, UBS Financial Services Inc. and Wells Fargo Securities

[†] CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Corporation and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the 2020 Bonds. The Corporation is not responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, and no representation is made as to their correctness on the 2020 Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the 2020 Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity, tender and remarketing, or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the 2020 Bonds.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, PRICES

\$52,735,000 2020 Series A-2 Bonds (Sustainable Development Bonds)

\$52,735,000 1.10% 2020 Series A-2 Fixed Rate Term Bonds due November 1, 2059—Price 100% CUSIP No. † 64972EMK2

Mandatory Tender Date: May 1, 2024

Interest Payment Dates: May 1 and November 1, commencing

May 1, 2020, and on any redemption or

tender date.

Earliest Redemption or Mandatory Tender Date: May 1, 2022

Authorized Denomination: \$5,000 or any whole multiple thereof.

Senior Managing Underwriter: Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Co-Senior Managing Underwriters: J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC

Co-Managing Underwriters: Academy Securities Inc., Barclays Capital Inc., BofA Securities, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Jefferies LLC, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC, Roosevelt & Cross Incorporated, Samuel A. Ramirez & Co., Inc., Stern Brothers & Co., TD Securities (USA) LLC, UBS Financial Services Inc. and Wells Fargo Securities

[†] CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Corporation and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the 2020 Bonds. The Corporation is not responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, and no representation is made as to their correctness on the 2020 Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the 2020 Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity, tender and remarketing, or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the 2020 Bonds.

MATURITIES, PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS, INTEREST RATES, PRICES

\$52,295,000 2020 Series B-1 Bonds (Term Rate)

Price: 100%

\$52,295,000 Term Bond Due: November 1, 2049 CUSIP No. 64972EMJ5

Mandatory Tender Date for the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term: December 1, 2020

Interest Rate: 0.80%

Interest Payment Dates: May 1, 2020, November 1, 2020,

December 1, 2020 and on any redemption or tender date.

Earliest Redemption or Mandatory Tender Date: June 1, 2020

Authorized Denomination: \$5,000 or any whole multiple thereof.

Underwriter: Citigroup Global Markets Inc.

\$18,140,000 2016 Series C-2 Bonds (Term Rate)

Price: 100%

\$18,140,000 Term Bond Due: May 1, 2050 CUSIP No. 64972EML0

Mandatory Tender Date for the 2016 Series C-2 Term Rate Term: April 29, 2021

Interest Rate: 0.85%

Interest Payment Dates: May 1, 2020, November 1, 2020, April

29, 2021 and on any redemption date.

Earliest Redemption Date: July 29, 2020

Authorized Denomination: \$5,000 or any whole multiple thereof.

Senior Managing Remarketing Agent: Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC

Co-Senior Managing Remarketing Agents: J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC

Co-Managing Remarketing Agents: Academy Securities Inc., Barclays Capital Inc., BofA Securities, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Jefferies LLC, Raymond James & Associates, Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC, Roosevelt & Cross Incorporated, Samuel A. Ramirez & Co., Inc., Stern Brothers & Co., TD Securities (USA) LLC, UBS Financial Services Inc. and Wells Fargo Securities

[†] CUSIP numbers have been assigned by an independent company not affiliated with the Corporation and are included solely for the convenience of the owners of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds. The Corporation is not responsible for the selection or uses of these CUSIP numbers, and no representation is made as to their correctness on the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or as indicated above. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part of such maturity, tender and remarketing, or as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy, nor shall there be any sale of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds by any person in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful for such person to make such offer, solicitation or sale. No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized by the New York City Housing Development Corporation or any of the Underwriters named on the inside cover pages (collectively, the "Underwriters") or the Remarketing Agents for the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds named on the inside cover pages (collectively, the "Remarketing Agents") to give any information or to make any representations other than as contained in this Official Statement. If given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by any of the foregoing.

The information set forth herein has been obtained from the New York City Housing Development Corporation and other sources which are believed to be reliable but is not guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and is not to be construed as a representation by the Underwriters or the Remarketing Agents or by any of such sources as to information from any other source. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the New York City Housing Development Corporation or the other matters described herein since the date hereof.

The Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents have provided the following sentence for inclusion in this Official Statement: The Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents have reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as part of, their respective responsibilities to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

References to web site addresses presented herein are for informational purposes only and may be in the form of a hyperlink solely for the reader's convenience. Unless specified otherwise, such web sites and the information or links contained therein are not incorporated into, and are not part of, this Official Statement for purposes of, and as that term is defined in, paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

THE 2020 BONDS AND THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION, NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

IN CONNECTION WITH THIS OFFERING, THE UNDERWRITERS AND THE REMARKETING AGENTS MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE 2020 BONDS AND THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME. THE UNDERWRITERS AND THE REMARKETING AGENTS MAY OFFER AND SELL THE 2020 BONDS AND THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS TO CERTAIN DEALERS AND DEALER BANKS AND OTHERS AT PRICES LOWER THAN THE PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES STATED ON THE INSIDE COVER PAGES AND SUCH PUBLIC OFFERING PRICES MAY BE CHANGED FROM TIME TO TIME BY THE UNDERWRITERS AND THE REMARKETING AGENTS.

Part I and Part II of this Official Statement, including their respective appendices, are to be read together, and together Part I and Part II, including their respective appendices, constitute this Official Statement.

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT PART I

\$145,210,000 NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds,

\$22,040,000 2020 Series A-1-A (Sustainable Development Bonds) \$52,735,000 2020 Series A-2 (Sustainable Development Bonds) \$52,295,000 2020 Series B-1 (Term Rate)

\$18,140,000 2016 Series C-2 (Term Rate) (Sustainable Development Bonds)

This Official Statement Part I ("Part I") provides information as of its date (*except* where otherwise expressly stated) concerning the Corporation's 2020 Bonds and 2016 Series C-2 Bonds. It contains only a part of the information to be provided by the Corporation in connection with the issuance and sale or remarketing, as applicable, of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds. Additional information concerning Bonds previously issued under the General Resolution, certain sources of payment and security for the Bonds (including the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds), the Corporation, and the mortgage loan program financed with the proceeds of the Bonds is contained in the Official Statement Part II ("Part II") and is subject in all respects to the information contained herein. Certain defined terms used herein are set forth in "Appendix A—Definition of Certain Terms."

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OFFICIAL STATEMENT PART I

\$145,210,000 NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds,

\$22,040,000 2020 Series A-1-A (Sustainable Development Bonds) \$52,735,000 2020 Series A-2 (Sustainable Development Bonds) \$52,295,000 2020 Series B-1 (Term Rate)

\$18,140,000 2016 Series C-2 (Term Rate) (Sustainable Development Bonds)

This Official Statement consists of Part I and Part II. The purpose of Part I, which includes the cover page and inside cover pages to this Official Statement, and the appendices to this Part I, is to set forth certain information concerning the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation") in connection with the sale of (i) \$22,040,000 principal amount of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A-1-A (the "2020 Series A-1-A Bonds"), (ii) \$52,735,000 principal amount of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A-2 (the "2020 Series A-2 Bonds" and, collectively with the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the "2020 Series A Bonds") and (iii) \$52,295,000 principal amount of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series B-1 (the "2020 Series B-1 Bonds" and, collectively with the 2020 Series A Bonds, the "2020 Bonds") and the remarketing of \$18,140,000 principal amount of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C-2 (the "2016 Series C-2 Bonds"). The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds will bear interest at fixed rates to maturity or to the date, if any, on which the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation. The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will bear interest at a fixed rate to their mandatory tender date and are subject to earlier mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation as described herein. The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will bear interest at a fixed rate from their dated date to but excluding December 1, 2020 (the "2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term") and are subject to mandatory tender (including at the option of the Corporation) as described herein. The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will bear interest at a fixed rate from their dated date to but excluding April 29, 2021 (the "2016 Series C-2 Term Rate Term") and are subject to mandatory tender as described herein. The 2020 Series A Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, which will directly finance socially beneficial projects, are also referred to as "Sustainable Development Bonds." See "PLAN OF FINANCING-General-Sustainable Development Bonds."

The 2020 Bonds are to be issued, and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds were issued, in accordance with the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law, constituting Chapter 44 b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, as amended (the "Act"), and pursuant to a resolution entitled "Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution" adopted by the Members of the Corporation on July 27, 1993, as amended from time to time (the "General Resolution"), a supplemental resolution for the 2020 Series A Bonds entitled "Three Hundred Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A-1-A and 2020 Series A-2" (the "2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution") adopted by the Members of the Corporation on November 26, 2019, a supplemental resolution for the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds entitled "Two Hundred Ninety-Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series B-1" (the "2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution" and, together with the 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution, the "2020 Supplemental Resolutions") adopted by the Members of the Corporation on November 26, 2019, and a supplemental resolution for the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds entitled "Two Hundred Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C" (the "2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution") adopted by the Members of the Corporation on March 3, 2016. The General Resolution, the 2020 Supplemental Resolutions and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution are referred to herein, collectively, as the "Resolutions." Part II of this Official Statement sets forth additional information concerning the Corporation, the Act, the Program (as such term is defined below) and the Bonds Outstanding.

Pursuant to the General Resolution (except as otherwise expressly provided therein or in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a series of bonds), all bonds issued thereunder are equally and ratably secured by the Revenues and assets pledged thereunder. All bonds issued or to be issued under the General Resolution, including the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, are herein referred to as the "Bonds." Under the General Resolution, the Corporation may issue Bonds to finance any corporate purpose for which Bonds may be issued under the Act or any other applicable law hereafter enacted. The activities of the Corporation undertaken pursuant to the General Resolution are hereinafter referred to as the "Program." Under the Program, to date, the Corporation has issued Bonds to finance Mortgage Loans for privately owned multi-family rental housing for low and moderate income tenants. Multi-family housing developments financed by the Corporation under the Program are referred to herein individually as a "Development" or a "Project" and, collectively, as the "Developments" or the "Projects."

INTRODUCTION

The Corporation is a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York (the "State"). The Corporation was created by the Act for the purpose of providing and encouraging the investment of private capital in safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations in The City of New York (the "City") within the financial reach of families and persons of low income, which include families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, through the provision of low interest mortgage loans.

A portion of the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds and the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds are expected to be used by the Corporation to finance additional portions of two (2) existing Mortgage Loans (the "2020 Series A Mortgage Loans"). The remaining portion of the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds is expected to be used by the Corporation to redeem a portion of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2009 Series L-1, 2010 Series D-1-A and 2010 Series F (collectively, the "Refunded Bonds"), which were previously issued to finance Mortgage Loans. See "PLAN OF FINANCING—General—2020 Series A Bonds."

The proceeds of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will be deposited in the Initial 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account established for the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds pursuant to the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution (the "2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account"). The Corporation may not withdraw money from the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account unless certain conditions are satisfied, including that the amount remaining in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account and the Initial 2020 Series B-1 Redemption Account established for the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds pursuant to the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution (the "2020 Series B-1 Redemption Account") after a withdrawal is at least equal to the principal amount of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds that have not been converted to a different interest rate mode or redeemed during the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term. The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will be subject to redemption and mandatory tender for purchase as described herein. See "PLAN OF FINANCING—General—2020 Series B-1 Bonds" and "ADDITIONAL SECURITY FOR THE 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS." The Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of those 2020 Series B-1 Bonds subject to mandatory tender for purchase and not remarketed only from monies available therefor and held under the Resolutions, including the amounts held in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account. No liquidity facility has been obtained to fund such obligation. This Official Statement in general describes the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds only during the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term.

The proceeds of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds were used and are being used by the Corporation, together with the proceeds of other Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C, to finance a portion of one (1) senior mortgage loan (referred to herein as the "2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan") for

the construction of one (1) Development. See "PLAN OF FINANCING—General—2016 Series C-2 Bonds."

The 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are special revenue obligations of the Corporation, and payment of the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will be secured by the Revenues and assets pledged to such payment including, without limitation, certain payments to be made under or with respect to the Mortgage Loans, and monies and/or Cash Equivalents held under the Debt Service Reserve Account. The 2020 Bonds are being issued, and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds were issued, on a parity with, and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security of the General Resolution as, all other Bonds Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) issued and to be issued thereunder. As of January 31, 2020, the aggregate principal balance of Bonds Outstanding was \$8,161,115,000. The Corporation has authorized and contracted to sell \$128,810,000 aggregate principal amount of additional Bonds expected to be issued between 2020 and 2023. None of the Bonds Outstanding are Subordinate Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS" and "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are also secured by certain accounts created under the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution securing only the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds. See "ADDITIONAL SECURITY FOR THE 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS." In addition, as of January 31, 2020, the Corporation has pledged amounts on deposit from time to time in the Revenue Account held under the General Resolution to secure the payment of regularly scheduled debt service on (i) \$131,810,000 principal amount of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), 2009 Series 1 (the "NIBP Series 1 Bonds") secured under the Corporation's One Hundred Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), NIBP Series 1, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on December 3, 2009, as amended (the "NIBP Series 1 Resolution") and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and (ii) \$14,900,000 principal amount of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), 2009 Series 2 (the "NIBP Series 2 Bonds") secured under the Corporation's One Hundred Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), NIBP Series 2, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on December 3, 2009, as amended (the "NIBP Series 2 Resolution"; the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are collectively referred to as the "NIBP Resolutions" and each is referred to individually as a "NIBP Resolution") and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution. The NIBP Series 1 Bonds, any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution, the NIBP Series 2 Bonds and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are referred to collectively, as the "NIBP Bonds." Funds held under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are not security for the Bonds or the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds (as defined below). See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution—NIBP Bonds" in Part II of this Official Statement. In addition, as of January 31, 2020, the Corporation has pledged amounts on deposit from time to time in the Revenue Account held under the General Resolution to secure the payment of regularly scheduled interest on, and the mandatory redemption from loan principal repayments of, \$58,053,816 principal amount of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Insured Mortgage Loan Pass-Through), 2017 Series A (the "2017 Pass-Through Bonds") secured under the Corporation's Two Hundred Fifty-Fourth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Insured Mortgage Loan Pass-Through), 2017 Series A, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on September 19, 2017 (the "2017 Pass-Through Resolution"). Funds held under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution are not security for the Bonds or the NIBP Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution—2017 Pass-Through Bonds" in Part II of this Official Statement.

The Mortgage Loans may, but are not required to, be secured by supplemental security ("Supplemental Security"), including (a) mortgage insurance provided by (i) the Federal Housing

Administration ("FHA"), including insurance through the FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance Program, (ii) the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation, a subsidiary corporation of the Corporation ("REMIC") and (iii) the State of New York Mortgage Agency ("SONYMA"), (b) mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), (c) a credit enhancement instrument provided by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac"), (d) a risk share credit enhancement instrument provided by Freddie Mac and (e) bank letters of credit ("Long-term LOCs" or "Construction LOCs") or other forms of supplemental security. In addition, the Developments related to the Mortgage Loans may, but are not required to, be assisted through Federal, State or local subsidy programs ("Subsidy Programs") such as (a) the program (the "Mitchell-Lama Program" or "Mitchell-Lama") authorized by Article 2 of the New York Private Housing Finance Law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Mitchell-Lama Law"), and the related Corporation Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program (the "ML Restructuring Program"), (b) the interest reduction subsidies ("HUD Payments") authorized by Section 236 of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended ("Section 236"), pursuant to periodic interest reduction payment contracts ("Section 236 Contracts"), (c) the housing assistance payment program authorized by Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended ("Section 8"), (d) various subordinate loan or other programs of the Corporation such as the Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program ("AHPLP"), the Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Program ("LAMP"), the Extremely Low & Low-Income Affordability Program ("ELLA"), the Preservation Program ("Preservation"), the Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program ("ML Repair Loan Program"), the Mixed Income Program ("Mixed Income"), the Mixed-Middle (M2) Program ("Mixed-Middle (M2)"), the Mix and Match Program ("Mix and Match") and the New Housing Opportunities Program ("New HOP"), (e) various Federal, State and other subordinate loan or grant programs such as the Participation Loan Program ("PLP"), the Article 8-A Loan Program ("Article 8-A"), the §421-a Negotiable Certificate Program (the "Certificate Program"), the Low Income Rental Program ("LIRP"), General Municipal Law Article 16 ("GML Article 16") programs, Housing Development Grant ("HoDAG") programs, certain programs of the New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation ("HTF"), the HPD Mix & Match Program ("HPD Mix and Match"), the Third Party Transfer Program ("TPT"), the HUD Multifamily Program ("HUD Multifamily"), the Cornerstone Program ("Cornerstone") and the PACT Program (the "PACT Program"), and (f) subsidies through the Housing Assistance Corporation ("HAC"). The programs described in clauses (d), (e) and (f) in the immediately preceding sentence are referred to herein, collectively, as the "Subordinate Loan/Grant Programs." See "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs" in Part II of this Official Statement. A Mortgage Loan also may represent the Corporation's participation interest in a mortgage loan or pool of mortgage loans or the cash flow therefrom. A Mortgage Loan, or the mortgage loan underlying a participation interest, is required to be evidenced by a note and secured by a mortgage (but such mortgage need not create a first mortgage lien on the related Development).

The ability of the Corporation to pay the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the Bonds, including the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, is dependent on the Revenues derived from the assets pledged to secure the Bonds, which consist of all the Mortgage Loans (including the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan). In instances in which Supplemental Security backs a Mortgage Loan, timely receipt of the proceeds of the Supplemental Security may be material to the Corporation's ability to pay the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the Bonds. In cases in which Developments are beneficiaries of Subsidy Programs, full and timely receipt of subsidy payments, or loan or grant proceeds, may be necessary for full payment under the Mortgage Loans made with respect to such Developments. In the case of Mortgage Loans which are not secured by Supplemental Security or whose related Developments are not assisted under a Subsidy Program, the Revenues derived from such Mortgage Loans are entirely dependent on each Mortgagor's ability to make payments under its Mortgage Loan is and will be affected by a variety

of factors including the maintenance of a sufficient level of occupancy, the level of operating expenses, sound management of a Development, the ability to achieve and maintain rents or collect maintenance to cover payments under the Mortgage Loan, operating expenses, taxes, utility rates and maintenance costs, and changes in applicable laws and governmental regulations. In addition, the continued feasibility of a Development may depend in part upon general economic conditions and other factors in the surrounding area of a Development. See "THE PROGRAM—Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans" in Part II of this Official Statement and under the subheadings "Supplemental Security" and "Subsidy Programs" in Appendix F in Part II of this Official Statement.

Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds (which may be secured on a parity with, or be subordinate in right of payment to, the Bonds which are not Subordinate Bonds) to finance any of its corporate purposes for which bonds may be issued under the Act, or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted, including but not limited to financing mortgage loans and/or participation interests therein. No such additional Bonds may be issued under the General Resolution unless certain conditions set forth therein are met, including confirmation of the then existing ratings on the Bonds Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) by each of the Rating Agencies then rating such Bonds.

If Mortgage Loans (including participation interests in mortgage loans) are to be financed by any such additional Bonds and pledged to secure the Bonds, such Mortgage Loans or the mortgage loans underlying a participation interest need not create a first mortgage lien on such Projects and such Mortgage Loans or the Projects financed thereby may, but are not required to, be subject to Supplemental Security insuring or securing against Mortgage Loan default losses. Such Supplemental Security, if any, may be in the form of, among other things, a mortgage insurance policy, a guaranteed mortgage-backed security, a letter of credit, a surety bond or an escrow deposit, any or all of which may be obtained pursuant to one or more programs of the Federal, State or local government.

The General Resolution does not require that the Corporation pledge its interests in the assets financed with the proceeds of additional Bonds, or the revenues derived therefrom, to secure the Bonds. Moreover, the Corporation may withdraw Mortgage Loans and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement (or, with respect to surplus revenues, a Cash Flow Certificate), except with respect to certain Mortgage Loans which, pursuant to the applicable Supplemental Resolutions, may be released without the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, as more fully described under the subheading "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

The Bonds are not a debt of the State or the City, and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Descriptions of the Corporation, the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans, the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan, the 2020 Bonds, the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, sources of payment therefor, the Program and the Resolutions are included in Part I and Part II of this Official Statement. All summaries or descriptions herein of documents and agreements are qualified in their entirety by reference to such documents and agreements, and all summaries herein of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are qualified in their entirety by reference to the Resolutions and the provisions with respect thereto included in the aforesaid documents and agreements. The Corporation has covenanted in the General Resolution to provide a copy of each annual report of the Corporation (and certain special reports, if any) and any Accountant's Certificate relating thereto to the Trustee and to each Bond owner who shall have filed such owner's name

and address with the Corporation for such purposes. The Corporation also has committed to provide certain information on an ongoing basis to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. For a description of the Corporation's undertaking with respect to ongoing disclosure, see "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE." Summaries of the Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs are qualified in their entirety by reference to any statutes, regulations or agreements mentioned in such summaries. See Appendix F in Part II of this Official Statement.

Recent Developments

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, which was first detected in China and has since spread to other countries, including the United States, and to the City, has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The outbreak of the disease has affected travel, commerce and financial markets globally, and is widely expected to affect economies worldwide and in the City. While the potential impact on the Mortgagors, the Developments and the Corporation cannot be predicted at this time, the continued spread of the outbreak and containment and mitigation efforts could have a material adverse effect on the Mortgagors, the Developments and the operations of the Corporation.

PLAN OF FINANCING

General

Sustainable Development Bonds

The 2020 Series A Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, which allow investors to invest directly in bonds that finance socially beneficial projects, are designated as "Sustainable Development Bonds." In previous offering documents for applicable Outstanding Bonds, the Corporation has used the "Sustainable Neighborhood Bonds" designation, which the Corporation used to highlight the socially beneficial attributes and featured environmental benefits of the Developments which received subsidized financing from the Corporation at a time when no universal green and social standards existed. As the Green and Social Bond market matures and develops standard consensus around certain social and environmental goals, the Corporation seeks to align itself accordingly. The Corporation does not plan to make any substantive changes to its social and green goals and programs, which are described in more detail below.

The Corporation's Sustainable Development Bonds designation reflects the use of the proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds in a manner that is consistent with the "Social Bond Principles" and "Sustainability Bond Guidelines" as promulgated by the International Capital Market Association ("ICMA") and updated most recently in June 2018. The Sustainable Development Bonds designation also reflects the use of the proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds in a manner that is consistent with "Goal 1: No Poverty" and "Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities" of the United Nations 17 Sustainable Development Goals (referred to as "UNSDGs" generally and "SDG 1" and "SDG 11" specifically). The UNSDGs were adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in September 2015 as part of its 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. SDG 1 is focused on ending poverty in all its forms everywhere, and SDG 11 is focused on making cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.

<u>Use of Proceeds</u>. The Developments expected to be financed with the proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds and the socially beneficial attributes of each Development are set forth below under "2020 Series A Mortgage Loans." The Development financed with the proceeds of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds and the socially beneficial attributes of the Development are set forth below under "2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan" and Table 2 of "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under

the Program" in Part II of this Official Statement. The Developments financed with the proceeds of the Refunded Bonds to be redeemed with the proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds and the subsidy programs for such Developments, are set forth in Table 1 of "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" in Part II of this Official Statement.

In addition to the socially beneficial attributes of Developments receiving subsidized financing from the Corporation, certain of the Developments expected to be financed, or financed, as applicable, with Sustainable Development Bonds also feature environmental benefits. Certain of the Developments expected to be financed, or financed, as applicable, with Sustainable Development Bonds have applied for and are expected to receive Enterprise Green Communities ("EGC") certification, which involves the evaluation of certain criteria for creating healthy and energy efficient affordable housing. Such certification is administered by Enterprise Community Partners, Inc., a non-profit corporation. Certain of the Developments expected to be financed, or financed, as applicable, with Sustainable Development Bonds have applied for and are expected to receive Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design ("LEED") certification from the U.S. Green Building Council, which reviews LEED applications and assigns points to each project based on its level of achievement in improved environmental performance. There are four levels of certification starting at the Certified level and increasing to Silver, Gold and Platinum, each of which is determined by the number of points earned. There is no assurance that the EGC or LEED certification will be obtained nor is the Corporation responsible for determining if a Development has met or continues to meet the criteria for either such certification. The Corporation is not affiliated with EGC or the U.S. Green Building Council.

The expected subsidy program is indicated for each of the 2020 Series A Developments below under "2020 Series A Mortgage Loans." The subsidy program is indicated for the Development financed with the proceeds of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds in Table 2 of "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" in Part II of this Official Statement. The subsidy program is indicated for each of the Developments financed with the proceeds of the Refunded Bonds is indicated in Table 1 of "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" in Part II of this Official Statement.

<u>Project Evaluation and Selection</u>. The Corporation's mission is to provide financing for the purpose of increasing the City's supply of multi-family housing, stimulating economic growth and revitalizing neighborhoods through the creation and preservation of affordable housing for low-, moderate- and middle-income City residents. In furtherance of such purpose, the Corporation seeks to foster thriving, diverse and sustainable neighborhoods; finance new construction for residents of a mix of incomes; preserve affordability within existing housing stock; and protect the City's most vulnerable residents through supportive housing developments. The Corporation's staff has evaluated the Developments and selected them, in part based on the Developments' alignment with the Corporation's mission.

Management of Proceeds. The proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds will be deposited in one or more accounts under the General Resolution and applied to fund Mortgage Loans or to redeem the Refunded Bonds, or invested in Investment Securities (as defined in "Appendix A—Definitions of Certain Terms") until applied to fund Mortgage Loans or to redeem the Refunded Bonds, as discussed below under "2020 Series A Bonds." Such disbursements will be tracked by the Corporation. The proceeds of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds were deposited in one or more accounts under the General Resolution and applied to fund Mortgage Loans, or invested in Investment Securities until applied to fund Mortgage Loans. Such disbursements have been and will continue to be tracked by the Corporation.

<u>Post-Issuance Reporting</u>. The Corporation will provide annual updates regarding the disbursement of the proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds for the financing of Mortgage Loans. The Corporation has been providing and will continue to provide annual updates regarding the disbursement of the proceeds of

the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds for the financing of Mortgage Loans. The Corporation will cease to update such information with respect to a Development when the applicable Mortgage Loan has been fully funded. This reporting is separate from the Corporation's obligations described under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE" and will be provided on the Corporation's website (www.nychdc.com). Failure by the Corporation to provide such updates shall not be a default or an event of default under the General Resolution or the Disclosure Agreement. In limited instances, small portions of the proceeds of a Series of Bonds designated as Sustainable Development Bonds will be used at the discretion of the Corporation for other purposes permitted under the Act.

The term "Sustainable Development Bonds" is neither defined in nor related to provisions in the Resolutions. The use of such term herein is for identification purposes only and is not intended to provide or imply that an owner of Sustainable Development Bonds is entitled to any additional security beyond that provided therefor in the Resolutions. Holders of Sustainable Development Bonds do not assume any specific risk with respect to any of the funded Developments by reason of a Series of Bonds being designated as Sustainable Development Bonds and such Bonds are secured on a parity with all other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds).

2020 Series A Bonds

Upon the issuance of the 2020 Series A Bonds, the proceeds thereof initially will be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account and invested in Investment Securities. A portion of the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds and the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds are expected to be used by the Corporation to finance additional portions of two (2) existing Mortgage Loans (the "2020 Series A Mortgage Loans") for the construction of two (2) developments (the "2020 Series A Developments"). See "2020 Series A Mortgage Loans" below. The remaining portion of the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds is expected to be used by the Corporation to redeem, within 90 days of the issuance of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, all of the Refunded Bonds, which were previously issued to finance Mortgage Loans. Upon the redemption of the Refunded Bonds, the Corporation will re-designate such Mortgage Loans as "2020 Series A Mortgage Loans."

2020 Series B-1 Bonds

Upon the issuance of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, all of the proceeds of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds initially will be deposited in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account and invested and reinvested in short-term United States Treasury obligations and obligations of Federal agencies (whether or not guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America) with maturities no later than December 1, 2020, and will remain invested in such obligations while on deposit in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account. The proceeds of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are expected to be exchanged by the Corporation for an equal amount of repayments of existing mortgage loans made by the Corporation and then used to redeem, within ninety (90) days of the date of issuance of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, an equal amount of certain of the Corporation's outstanding bonds. Said repayments will be deposited in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account.

The amounts on deposit in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account may be used by the Corporation to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans (the "2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loans"). The Corporation may, but is not required to, convert an allocable portion of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to bear interest at a fixed rate to maturity or in a different interest rate mode coincident with the making of a 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan. The Corporation is required to deliver a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate in connection with making a 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan. The Corporation is not required to deliver a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate in connection with making a loan to a developer (which is not secured by a mortgage and will not constitute a 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage

Loan). In addition, the Corporation may not withdraw amounts from the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account to finance a 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan, to make a loan to a developer, or for any other purposes unless the amount remaining in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account and the 2020 Series B-1 Redemption Account after a withdrawal is at least equal to the principal amount of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds that have not been converted to a different interest rate mode or redeemed during the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term. The earliest date on which any 2020 Series B-1 Bond may be converted to bear interest at a fixed rate to maturity, in a new Term Rate Term or in a different interest rate mode or may be redeemed is June 1, 2020. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

2016 Series C-2 Bonds

The proceeds of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds were used and are being used, together with a portion of the proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C-1-A and 2016 Series C-1-B, to finance one (1) construction Mortgage Loan (referred to herein as the "2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan") for the construction of the Van Sinderen Plaza Development. The Mortgage Loan for the Van Sinderen Plaza Development is described in Table 2 in "Appendix D—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" in Part II of this Official Statement. Construction of the Van Sinderen Plaza Development has not been completed on schedule. The Construction LOC provider is expected to extend the Construction LOC to April 29, 2021 and the Mortgagor is expected to enter into an amendment of its commitment with the Corporation to address the construction delays. The Construction LOC provider will continue to have the right to take certain actions with respect to the Mortgage Loan, including directing the Corporation to draw on the applicable Construction LOC in the full amount of such Construction LOC, which could result in the assignment of the Mortgage Loan to the Construction LOC provider and the release of such Mortgage Loan from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security— Construction LOCs" in Part II of this Official Statement. In the event that the Construction LOC provider exercises such rights, the Corporation could redeem all or a portion of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or cause all or a portion of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS—Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2016 Series C-2 Bonds."

Estimated Sources and Uses of Funds

The proceeds of the 2020 Bonds received by the Corporation upon the sale of the 2020 Bonds, together with other available monies of the Corporation, are expected to be applied approximately as follows:

	2020 Series A	2020 Series B-1	<u>Total</u>
SOURCES			
Proceeds of Bonds	\$74,775,000	\$52,295,000	\$127,070,000
Other Available Monies	984,371	71,654	1,056,025
TOTAL SOURCES	\$75,759,371	\$52,366,654	\$128,126,025
<u>USES</u>			
Deposit to Bond Proceeds Account	\$74,775,000	-	\$74,775,000
Deposit to 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account	-	\$52,295,000	52,295,000
Deposit to Debt Service Reserve Account	361,650	-	361,650
Cost of Issuance*	622,721	71,654	694,375
TOTAL USES	\$75,759,371	\$52,366,654	\$128,126,025

^{*}Includes compensation to the Underwriters of the 2020 Bonds. See "UNDERWRITING."

Debt Service Reserve Account

2020 Series A-1-A Bonds

Under the terms of the 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement with respect to the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds shall equal, as of any date of calculation, (i) prior to May 1, 2020, \$361,650, and (ii) from and after May 1, 2020, an amount equal to 3% of the principal amount of the Outstanding 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds. The Corporation will fund the Debt Service Reserve Account in an amount equal to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds with funds held under the General Resolution and other available monies of the Corporation.

2020 Series A-2 Bonds

Under the terms of the 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement with respect to the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds shall initially equal zero dollars (\$0). Subject to the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement may be amended in connection with a mandatory tender and remarketing of all or a portion of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds.

2020 Series B-1 Bonds

Under the terms of the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement with respect to the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds shall initially equal zero dollars (\$0). Subject to the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement may be amended when a 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan is made based on the Supplemental Security and Subsidy Program applicable to such 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan and related 2020 Series B-1 Development.

2020 Bonds

For further information on the Debt Service Reserve Account and the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the Bonds, see "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Debt Service Reserve Account" in Part II of this Official Statement.

2020 Series A Mortgage Loans

2020 Series A Mortgage Loans

It is anticipated that a portion of the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds and the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will be used, as described under "General—2020 Series A Bonds" above, to finance the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans for the 2020 Series A Developments described in the chart below titled "2020 Series A Mortgage Loans." No assurances can be given that any such 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan will be made or, if made, funded in the amount presently contemplated by the Corporation. Additionally, the Corporation may substitute other Developments for those described in the chart below:

				2020 Series A Mortgage Loans			Sustainable Development Bonds			
Series of Bonds Financing the Mortgage Loans	Development Name (Borough/ Number of Units)	Anticipated Construction Period (in months)	Anticipated Construction Mortgage Loan Amount ⁽¹⁾	Expected Amount of Mandatory Prepayment	Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Amount	Anticipated Construction LOC ⁽²⁾	Anticipated Permanent Supplemental Security ⁽²⁾	Subsidy Program ⁽³⁾	Expected EGC or LEED Certification	Expected LIHTC
2020 Series A-1-A/ 2020 Series A-2	Chestnut Commons (Brooklyn/275)	36	\$45,595,000	\$33,540,000	\$12,055,000	Bank of America, N.A.	REMIC ⁽⁴⁾	ELLA	EGC	Yes
2020 Series A-2	RadRoc (Queens/253)	30	\$19,195,000	\$19,195,000	N/A	Bank of America, N.A.	REMIC ⁽⁴⁾	ELLA	EGC	Yes
		TOTAL	\$64,790,000	\$52,735,000	\$12,055,000					

⁽¹⁾ The amounts set forth in the chart represent the portions of the Mortgage Loans financed with proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds. The Mortgage Loan for the Chestnut Commons Development is also financed with \$6,905.000 of the proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series J (the "2019 Series J Bonds") and \$15,000.000 of the Corporation's own corporate funds. In addition, the Corporation has committed to fund an additional portion of the Mortgage Loan for the Chestnut Commons Development in the amount of \$3,390,000 and expects to issue Bonds in 2020 to fund such additional portion. The Mortgage Loan for the RadRoc Development is also financed with \$9,850,000 of the proceeds of the 2019 Series J Bonds and \$15,000,000 of the Corporation's own corporate funds. In addition, the Corporation has committed to fund an additional portion of the Mortgage Loan for the RadRoc Development in the amount of \$12,605,000 and expects to issue Bonds in 2020 to fund such additional portion. The Construction LOC for each such Mortgage Loan will be in the amount of the applicable Mortgage Loan funded with proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds, the 2019 Series J Bonds, such corporate funds and such additional Bonds.

⁽²⁾ For a description of the Construction LOCs and REMIC Insurance, see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security" in Part II of this Official Statement.

⁽³⁾ For a description of the ELLA program, see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Subsidy Programs" in Part II of this Official Statement.

⁽⁴⁾ It is anticipated that REMIC Insurance will secure the first loss on the Mortgage Loan up to twenty percent (20%) of the original permanent senior Mortgage Loan amount for the applicable 2020 Series A Development. For a description of REMIC Insurance, see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—REMIC Insurance Program" in Part II of this Official Statement.

It is expected that the provider of the Construction LOC (as described under the subheading "HDC Commitments; Construction Letters of Credit" below) will service the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan during construction, and the Corporation will service each permanent 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan after construction.

Mandatory Prepayments

Each of the Mortgagors of the 2020 Series A Developments will be required to make a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, as described in the chart titled "2020 Series A Mortgage Loans" above, upon completion of construction and/or release of the applicable Construction LOC. The Corporation may apply a portion of each 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment to redeem Bonds prior to maturity (including the 2020 Series A Bonds) or may direct that 2020 Series A Bonds be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and remarketed. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS—Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS—Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds."

Although a significant source of funds for each 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment is expected to come from either the syndication of federal low income housing tax credits or from a combination of the syndication of federal low income housing tax credits and local subordinate loan or grant programs, the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment is required to be made by the Mortgagor of the applicable 2020 Series A Development whether or not the federal low income housing tax credit syndication proceeds or the local subordinate loan or grant program proceeds are obtained. For each of the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans with a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, if the Mortgagor does not make the required 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, there would be a default under the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan and the Corporation may draw on the applicable Construction LOC in the full amount of such Construction LOC, which could result in the redemption of Bonds (including the 2020 Series A Bonds) in an amount equal to the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan. However, it is also possible in the event of such default that the applicable Construction LOC provider would direct the Corporation to make a partial draw on the applicable Construction LOC in an amount equal to the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment; such proceeds could be applied to redeem Bonds (including the 2020 Series A Bonds) prior to maturity in an amount equal to such 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment. In such event, unless the Mortgagor of the applicable 2020 Series A Development cured such default, the applicable Construction LOC provider would have the option to acquire the related 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan by obligating the Corporation to make a draw on the remaining portion of the applicable Construction LOC, the proceeds of which could be used to redeem Bonds (including the 2020 Series A Bonds) in an amount equal to such draw.

Any Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan may be used by the Corporation to finance new Mortgage Loans or may be used to redeem Bonds, or the Corporation may cause a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2020 Series A Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and remarketed. See "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS—Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS—Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds."

Mortgage Terms

Each of the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans will be evidenced by a Mortgage Note payable to the Corporation and secured by a first mortgage lien on the applicable 2020 Series A Development. The interest

rate (inclusive of servicing and credit enhancement fees) for the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans will be 5.55%.

The term to maturity for the permanent 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans will be thirty-five (35) years after completion of construction and the closing of the applicable permanent 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan. Each permanent 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan will contain provisions prohibiting the Mortgagor of the applicable 2020 Series A Development from making any prepayment, other than any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, prior to approximately ten (10) years after the closing of the applicable permanent 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan; however, the Corporation may waive a prohibition on prepayments contained in a Mortgage Loan.

HDC Commitments; Construction Letters of Credit

The Mortgagor of each of the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans has executed a commitment with the Corporation (the "HDC Commitment") in which the Corporation has agreed to provide a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan. The HDC Commitment for each 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan requires the Mortgagor to obtain a letter of credit to be available during construction, from a bank acceptable to the Corporation, as a condition to the Corporation providing the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan during construction (a "Construction LOC"). The Construction LOCs need not meet the requirements under the General Resolution for a Credit Facility (as defined in the General Resolution). Such Construction LOCs will not be pledged to the owners of the Bonds; however, any payments received by the Corporation from the Construction LOC providers pursuant to such Construction LOCs will be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and the full amount of such payments shall constitute Pledged Receipts and shall be deposited with the Trustee in the Revenue Account. It is anticipated that the Corporation will make a principal and interest or an interest-only drawing on the applicable Construction LOC if the Mortgagor fails to make the required debt service payments on the related 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan; provided, however, the Construction LOC provider may direct the Corporation to make a principal and interest drawing or an interest-only drawing. In the case of a principal and interest drawing, the amount drawn on a Construction LOC will be the outstanding principal balance of the applicable construction 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan, plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest, and such 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan will be immediately assigned to the Construction LOC provider and no longer be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and will be free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

Following the satisfaction of the conditions of the applicable HDC Commitment which may require, among other things, the provision by the applicable Mortgagor of equity, the payment of the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, if any, the satisfactory completion of construction within a certain time schedule from the making of the applicable construction 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan and within a certain construction budget, the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, if applicable, the attainment of a specified minimum rental achievement level, and delivery of other required certificates and legal opinions, the Corporation will release the Construction LOC relating to the applicable construction 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan. If said Construction LOC is not released because of a failure by the Mortgagor of the applicable 2020 Series A Development to comply with the conditions enumerated in the related HDC Commitment or if said Construction LOC is not extended beyond its maturity until such conditions are satisfied, it is expected that said Construction LOC will be drawn upon by the Corporation and the Corporation could use the proceeds from said draw to redeem a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2020 Series A Bonds or cause a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2020 Series A Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and remarketed (see "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS—Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS—Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds").

Each Construction LOC for a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan provides that, in the event that any rating assigned by S&P Global Ratings or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. to the Construction LOC provider is reduced below the minimum bank rating requirement of the Corporation or if such Construction LOC is confirmed by an irrevocable standby letter of credit, and such confirmation provider is reduced below the minimum bank rating requirement, and the applicable Construction LOC provider fails to provide alternative or supplemental credit enhancement satisfactory to the Corporation within ninety (90) days, the Corporation may draw on the applicable Construction LOC and hold the proceeds to secure the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan. If there is a default on the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan is not converted to a permanent loan pursuant to the terms of the HDC Commitment, the Corporation expects to apply such proceeds to redeem a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2020 Series A Bonds or cause a portion of the applicable Outstanding 2020 Series A Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and remarketed (see "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS—Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds" and "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS— Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds"), and at that time would assign the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan to the Construction LOC provider. Otherwise, such funds will be released to the applicable Construction LOC provider upon conversion of the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan to a permanent Mortgage Loan or replacement or further credit enhancement of the Construction LOC.

ADDITIONAL SECURITY FOR THE 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS

General

Payment of the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will be secured by the Revenues and assets pledged to such payment, including, without limitation, certain payments to be made under or with respect to the Mortgage Loans, and monies and/or Cash Equivalents held under the Debt Service Reserve Account. The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are being issued on a parity with and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security as other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds). See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS" in Part II of this Official Statement. In addition to being secured by a pledge of the General Resolution, payment of the principal or Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, of and interest on the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will also be secured by certain accounts created under the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution securing only the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds.

2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account

Upon the issuance of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, all of the proceeds of the sale of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will be deposited in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account. The 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account is pledged solely to secure the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds and no other Series of Bonds.

Amounts in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account may be expended from time to time only (i) to finance the 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loans, (ii) to finance a loan to a developer (which is not secured by a mortgage and will not constitute a 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan), (iii) to purchase or redeem 2020 Series B-1 Bonds as described in the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution and (iv) to pay principal of and interest on the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds when due, to the extent amounts in the Initial 2020 Series B-1 Revenue Account established for the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds pursuant to the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution (the "2020 Series B-1 Revenue Account"), the Revenue Account and the 2020 Series B-1 Redemption Account are insufficient for such purpose. The Corporation may not withdraw money from the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account in connection with the making of a 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan unless: (i) the Corporation delivers to the Trustee a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate

and (ii) the amount remaining in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account and the 2020 Series B-1 Redemption Account after a withdrawal is at least equal to the principal amount of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds that have not been converted to another interest rate mode or redeemed during the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term. It is expected that the Corporation will apply amounts in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account to make the 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loans on or before December 1, 2020.

DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS

General

The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds will bear interest at fixed rates to maturity or to the date, if any, on which the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation. The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds will mature on the dates and in the amounts set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The Bank of New York Mellon is the Trustee for the Bonds, including the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds.

The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds will be dated the date of delivery thereof and will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. Interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds will accrue from their dated date and be payable on May 1 and November 1 in each year, commencing May 1, 2020, and on any redemption date or mandatory tender date, at the rates per annum set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds are subject to optional redemption or mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation, special optional redemption or special mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation and sinking fund redemption prior to maturity, as described below.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds only prior to the date, if any, on which the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation.

Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds

The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds are subject to redemption or mandatory tender for purchase, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, from any source, at any time prior to maturity on or after May 1, 2028, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed or purchased, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date or purchase date.

Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds

The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds are subject to special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, at any time prior to maturity, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed or purchased, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date or purchase date, from any source other than: (i) Voluntary Sale Proceeds*; (ii) proceeds of bonds issued, or caused to be issued, by the Corporation for the purpose of refunding all or a portion of

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^{* &}quot;Voluntary Sale Proceeds" means the proceeds of the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of any Mortgage Loan (including any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan), except a sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution in the event of a default under the General Resolution or made when, in the sole judgment of the Corporation, such Mortgage Loan is in default.

the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds or refinancing all or a portion of any Mortgage Loan ("Refunding Bonds"), except that the proceeds of Refunding Bonds described in the succeeding paragraph may be applied to the special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds; or (iii) any other unencumbered funds of the Corporation not subject to the lien of the Resolutions.

The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds are subject to the foregoing special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase from the proceeds of Refunding Bonds issued in an amount not greater than any prepayment of a Mortgage Loan (including any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan) received by the Corporation, which prepayment is not used to redeem Bonds.

Amounts that may be applied to the foregoing special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase include, but are not limited to: any prepayment of a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan by the Mortgagor thereof, or proceeds of foreclosure proceedings or proceeds of any credit enhancement with respect to a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan which is in default; upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, any prepayment of, or any such proceeds with respect to, any other Mortgage Loans (except any Mortgage Loan financed under a Supplemental Resolution that prohibits such use); unexpended proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds; and, upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, amounts held in the Revenue Account that are not required to be used for other purposes.

Sinking Fund Redemption of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds

The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds maturing on May 1, 2059 are subject to redemption at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest to the date of redemption thereof, from mandatory Sinking Fund Payments which are required to be made in amounts sufficient to redeem on May 1 and November 1 of each year the principal amount of such 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds specified for each of the Redemption Dates shown below:

2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS MATURING ON MAY 1, 2059

	Principal		Principal
Redemption Date	Amount	Redemption Date	Amount
May 1, 2056	\$680,000	May 1, 2058	\$725,000
Nov. 1, 2056	695,000	Nov. 1, 2058	735,000
May 1, 2057	705,000	May 1, 2059^{\dagger}	380,000
Nov. 1, 2057	710,000		

[†] Stated maturity

The amounts accumulated for each Sinking Fund Payment may be applied by the Trustee, at the direction of the Corporation, prior to the forty-fifth (45th) day preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Payment, to the purchase of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds to be redeemed from such Sinking Fund Payments, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the applicable Redemption Price, plus accrued interest to the date of purchase; provided, however, that the purchase of such 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds may, to the extent permitted by law, be at prices exceeding the applicable Redemption Price if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee as provided in the General Resolution.

Upon the purchase or redemption of any 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds for which Sinking Fund Payments shall have been established, other than by application of Sinking Fund Payments, an amount equal to the principal amount of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds of such maturity and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such

Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer at the time of such purchase or redemption.

Provisions with Respect to Redemption of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds

Selection of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds to Be Redeemed

Subject to the redemption requirements set forth in the applicable 2020 Supplemental Resolution, in the event of a redemption of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds in connection with Recoveries of Principal, the maturity or maturities, CUSIP Numbers and the amount thereof to be so redeemed shall be selected as directed by the Corporation in written instructions filed with the Trustee accompanied by a Cash Flow Statement. In the absence of such direction, (i) 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds subject to redemption shall be redeemed in connection with Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to the Mortgage Loans financed from or allocated to such 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds and (ii) 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds of each maturity subject to redemption shall be redeemed in the proportion that the amount Outstanding of each such maturity bears to the total amount of all Outstanding 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds. The maturities of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds to be redeemed at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. In the event of a redemption of less than all of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds of the same maturity and CUSIP Number, the Trustee shall select the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution or the applicable 2020 Supplemental Resolution, no 2020 Series A-1-A Bond shall be selected for redemption if the portion of such 2020 Series A-1-A Bond remaining after such redemption would not be in a denomination authorized by the General Resolution or the applicable 2020 Supplemental Resolution.

Corporation's Right to Purchase 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds

The Corporation retains the right to purchase any 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, at such times, in such amounts and at such prices as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, and, thereby, reduce its obligations, including Sinking Fund Payments, if any, for such 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, or is otherwise required to redeem 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the Trustee will give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds or portions thereof. Such notice will specify the maturities of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. Not less than twenty (20) days before the Redemption Date for the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds (other than a Redemption Date that is also a mandatory tender date), the Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice to the registered owners of any 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds or portions thereof which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses appearing upon the registry books. Interest will not be payable on any 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds or portions thereof after the Redemption Date if notice has been given and if sufficient monies have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the principal or applicable Redemption Price of and interest on such 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds on such date and all conditions precedent, if any, to such redemption shall have been satisfied.

Provisions with Respect to Tender of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds

No liquidity facility has been obtained to pay the Purchase Price of any 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds that are tendered and not remarketed or redeemed, and the Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of those 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds only from monies available from and held under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the Purchase Price of the 2020 Series A Bonds constitutes a 2020 Series A Event of Default under the 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution but does not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. The 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution provides that upon such 2020 Series A Event of Default the Trustee shall proceed to bring suit on behalf of the owners of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds for such Purchase Price, with recovery limited to moneys available under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the unpaid principal amount and accrued interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds upon their maturity constitutes an Event of Default under the General Resolution.

The Trustee is required to deliver, or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the owner of each 2020 Series A-1-A Bond subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee, a notice not later than twenty (20) days prior to the mandatory tender date. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, that such owners shall be deemed to have tendered their affected 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds for purchase on such mandatory tender date, and the Purchase Price for such 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds.

Owners of affected 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds shall be required to tender their affected 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds not so delivered to the Tender Agent on or prior to the purchase date (the "Undelivered 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds") for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the applicable Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE) OTHER THAN THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2020 SERIES A-1-A BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

If, following the provision of notice of mandatory tender for purchase of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation that such purchase cannot be effected or is canceled, the mandatory tender shall be canceled. The Trustee shall promptly deliver or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, a notice to the owners of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds stating that such mandatory tender shall not occur (and the reasons therefor) and shall be canceled.

The maturities of 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. If only a portion of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds of the same maturity and CUSIP Number are to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, such 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds to be tendered (which shall be in authorized denominations) shall be selected by the Trustee by lot, using such method as it shall determine in its sole discretion except that the Trustee shall not select any 2020 Series A-1-A Bond for tender which would result in any remaining 2020 Series A-1-A Bond not being in an authorized denomination as provided in the Resolutions.

DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS

General

The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will bear interest at a fixed rate to May 1, 2024 or to the earlier date, if any, on which the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation. The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at a Purchase Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest, on May 1, 2024 if not redeemed or purchased prior to such date. The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will mature on the date and in the amount set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The Bank of New York Mellon is the Trustee for the Bonds, including the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds, and is the Tender Agent for the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds.

The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will be dated the date of delivery thereof and will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or in denominations of any whole multiple thereof. The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will bear interest from their dated date to but excluding May 1, 2024 at the fixed rate set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Prior to May 1, 2024, interest on the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will accrue from their dated date and be payable on May 1 and November 1, commencing May 1, 2020, and on any redemption or mandatory tender date. Interest on the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds are also subject to optional redemption or mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation and special optional redemption or special mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation prior to May 1, 2024, as described below.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds only prior to May 1, 2024 or the earlier date, if any, on which the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds are purchased upon mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation.

Optional Redemption or Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds

The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds shall be subject to optional redemption or mandatory tender for purchase at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, on any date on and after May 1, 2022, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption or purchase, and if not so redeemed or purchased, such 2020 Series A-2 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender for purchase on May 1, 2024, at such Purchase Price.

Special Optional Redemption or Special Mandatory Tender at the Option of the Corporation of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds

The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds are subject to special redemption or special mandatory tender for purchase, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, at any time prior to May 1, 2024, at a Redemption Price or Purchase Price, as applicable, equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed or purchased, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date or purchase date, in an amount not in excess of amounts on deposit in the Bond Proceeds Account representing unexpended proceeds of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds not used to finance the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans, and any other monies made available under the General Resolution in connection with such redemption.

Provisions with Respect to Redemption of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds

Selection of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds to Be Redeemed

In the event of a redemption of less than all of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds, the Trustee shall select the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution or the applicable 2020 Supplemental Resolution, no 2020 Series A-2 Bond shall be selected for redemption if the portion of such 2020 Series A-2 Bond remaining after such redemption would not be in a denomination authorized by the General Resolution or the applicable 2020 Supplemental Resolution.

Corporation's Right to Purchase 2020 Series A-2 Bonds

The Corporation retains the right to purchase any 2020 Series A-2 Bonds, at such times, in such amounts and at such prices as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, and, thereby, reduce its obligations, including Sinking Fund Payments, if any, for such 2020 Series A-2 Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem 2020 Series A-2 Bonds, or is otherwise required to redeem 2020 Series A-2 Bonds, the Trustee will give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2020 Series A-2 Bonds or portions thereof. Such notice will specify the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. Not less than twenty (20) days before the Redemption Date for the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds (other than a Redemption Date that is also a mandatory tender date), the Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice to the registered owners of any 2020 Series A-2 Bonds or portions thereof which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses appearing upon the registry books. Interest will not be payable on any 2020 Series A-2 Bonds or portions thereof after the Redemption Date if notice has been given and if sufficient monies have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the principal or applicable Redemption Price of and interest on such 2020 Series A-2 Bonds on such date and all conditions precedent, if any, to such redemption shall have been satisfied.

Provisions with Respect to Tender of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds

No liquidity facility has been obtained to pay the Purchase Price of any 2020 Series A-2 Bonds that are tendered and not remarketed or redeemed, and the Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of those 2020 Series A-2 Bonds only from monies available from and held under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the Purchase Price of the 2020 Series A Bonds constitutes a 2020 Series A Event of Default under the 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution but does not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. The 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution provides that upon such 2020 Series A Event of Default the Trustee shall proceed to bring suit on behalf of the owners of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds for such Purchase Price, with recovery limited to moneys available under the General Resolution. Failure to pay the unpaid principal amount and accrued interest on the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds upon their maturity constitutes an Event of Default under the General Resolution.

The Trustee is required to deliver, or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the owner of each 2020 Series A-2 Bond subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee, a notice not later than twenty (20) days prior to the mandatory

tender date. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, that such owners shall be deemed to have tendered their affected 2020 Series A-2 Bonds for purchase on such mandatory tender date, and the Purchase Price for such 2020 Series A-2 Bonds.

Owners of affected 2020 Series A-2 Bonds shall be required to tender their affected 2020 Series A-2 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power endorsed in blank. Any 2020 Series A-2 Bonds not so delivered to the Tender Agent on or prior to the purchase date (the "Undelivered 2020 Series A-2 Bonds") for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the applicable Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2020 Series A-2 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the applicable Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE) OTHER THAN THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2020 SERIES A-2 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE APPLICABLE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

If, following the provision of notice of mandatory tender for purchase of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds, the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation that such purchase cannot be effected or is canceled, the mandatory tender shall be canceled. The Trustee shall promptly deliver or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, a notice to the owners of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds stating that such mandatory tender shall not occur (and the reasons therefor) and shall be canceled.

The maturities of 2020 Series A-2 Bonds to be subject to mandatory tender at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. If only a portion of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds of the same maturity and CUSIP Number are to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, such 2020 Series A-2 Bonds to be tendered (which shall be in authorized denominations) shall be selected by the Trustee by lot, using such method as it shall determine in its sole discretion except that the Trustee shall not select any 2020 Series A-2 Bond for tender which would result in any remaining 2020 Series A-2 Bond not being in an authorized denomination as provided in the Resolutions.

DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS

General

The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will mature on the date and in the amount set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The Bank of New York Mellon is the Trustee for the Bonds, including the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, and is the Tender Agent for the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds.

The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will be dated the date of delivery thereof and will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or in denominations of any whole multiple thereof. The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will bear interest from their dated date to but excluding December 1, 2020 (the "2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term") at the fixed rate set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement (the "2020 Series B-1 Term Rate"). During the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term, interest on the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will accrue from their dated date and be payable on May 1, 2020, November 1, 2020, December 1, 2020 and on any earlier mandatory tender or redemption date. See "Tender of 2020 Series B-1"

1 Bonds" and "Redemption Provisions for the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds" below. Interest on the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds only while the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are in the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term.

Tender of 2020 Series B-1 Bonds

The Corporation may direct that all or a portion of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds in the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term be subject to mandatory tender for purchase and converted to another interest rate mode (including to a fixed rate to maturity or a new Term Rate Term) on any Business Day at any time from and after June 1, 2020 to and including December 1, 2020 and, if not so converted, the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender on December 1, 2020, at a purchase price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof (the "Purchase Price"). If only a portion of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are to be subject to mandatory tender for purchase, the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to be tendered (which shall be in authorized denominations) shall be selected by the Trustee by lot, using such method as it shall determine in its sole discretion except that the Trustee shall not select any 2020 Series B-1 Bond for tender which would result in any remaining 2020 Series B-1 Bond not being in an authorized denomination as provided in the Resolutions. No liquidity facility has been obtained to pay the Purchase Price of any 2020 Series B-1 Bonds that are tendered and not remarketed or redeemed, and the Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of those 2020 Series B-1 Bonds only from monies available from and held under the General Resolution and the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution. The Corporation expects that, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, it will use the unexpended proceeds of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to pay the Purchase Price of any 2020 Series B-1 Bonds that are subject to mandatory tender for purchase and are not remarketed. See "PLAN OF FINANCING—General—2020 Series B-1 Bonds." Failure to pay such Purchase Price of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds constitutes an event specified in the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution as a 2020 Series B-1 Event of Default (a "2020 Series B-1 Event of Default"). The 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution provides that upon such 2020 Series B-1 Event of Default the Trustee shall proceed to bring suit on behalf of the owners of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds for such Purchase Price, with recovery limited to moneys available under the Resolutions. In connection with the making of a 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan, the Corporation will be required to deliver to the Trustee a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement. Such Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate with respect to the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds will also be required to demonstrate that the amount of cash or Cash Equivalents on deposit in the 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account and the 2020 Series B-1 Redemption Account following the making of such 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loan is at least equal to the principal amount of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds remaining in the 2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term.

The Trustee is required to deliver, or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the owner of each 2020 Series B-1 Bond subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee, a notice not later than fifteen (15) days prior to the mandatory tender date. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, that such owners shall be deemed to have tendered their affected 2020 Series B-1 Bonds for purchase on such mandatory tender date, and the Purchase Price for such 2020 Series B-1 Bonds.

Owners of affected 2020 Series B-1 Bonds shall be required to tender their affected 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power of attorney endorsed in blank. Any 2020 Series B-1 Bonds not so delivered to the Tender Agent on or prior to the

purchase date (the "Undelivered 2020 Series B-1 Bonds") for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2020 Series B-1 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE) OTHER THAN THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

Redemption Provisions for the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds

The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity, as described below.

Optional Redemption

The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are subject to redemption, at the option of the Corporation, from any source of funds, in whole or in part, on and after June 1, 2020, at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date.

Selection of 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to Be Redeemed

The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to be redeemed in accordance with the optional redemption provisions described above shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. In the event of redemption of less than all of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, the Trustee shall select the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution or the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution, no 2020 Series B-1 Bond shall be selected for redemption if the portion of such 2020 Series B-1 Bond remaining after such redemption would not be in a denomination authorized by the General Resolution or the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution.

Corporation's Right to Purchase 2020 Series B-1 Bonds

The Corporation retains the right to purchase any 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, at such times, in such amounts and at such prices as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, and, thereby, reduce its obligations for such 2020 Series B-1 Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, or is otherwise required to redeem 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, the Trustee will give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2020 Series B-1 Bonds or portions thereof. Such notice will specify the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. Not less than fifteen (15) days before the Redemption Date for such 2020 Series B-1 Bonds (other than a Redemption Date that is also a mandatory tender date), the Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice to the registered owners of any 2020 Series B-1 Bonds or portion thereof which are to be redeemed, at their

last addresses appearing upon the registry books. Interest will not be payable on any 2020 Series B-1 Bonds or portions thereof after the Redemption Date if notice has been given and if sufficient monies have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the principal or applicable Redemption Price of and interest on such 2020 Series B-1 Bonds on such date and all conditions precedent, if any, to such redemption shall have been satisfied.

DESCRIPTION OF THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS

General

The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will mature on the date and in the amount set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. The Bank of New York Mellon is the Trustee for the Bonds, including the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, and is the Tender Agent for the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are being remarketed in a Term Rate Term. The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will be dated the date of remarketing thereof (April 29, 2020) and will be remarketed as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or in denominations of any whole multiple thereof. The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will bear interest from such date of remarketing to but excluding April 29, 2021 (the "2016 Series C-2 Term Rate Term") at the fixed rate set forth on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. During the 2016 Series C-2 Term Rate Term, interest on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will accrue from their dated date and be payable on May 1, 2020, November 1, 2020, April 29, 2021 and on any earlier redemption date. Interest on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.

The Corporation may direct that the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds be converted on April 29, 2021 to another interest rate mode (including a fixed rate to maturity or a new Term Rate Term). The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are subject to redemption as described below.

This Official Statement in general describes the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds only while the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are in the 2016 Series C-2 Term Rate Term.

Tender of 2016 Series C-2 Bonds

The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds shall be subject to mandatory tender for purchase on April 29, 2021, at a purchase price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof (the "Purchase Price"). No liquidity facility has been obtained to pay the Purchase Price of any 2016 Series C-2 Bonds that are tendered and not remarketed or redeemed, and the Corporation will be obligated to pay the Purchase Price of those 2016 Series C-2 Bonds only from monies available from and held under the General Resolution and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution. The Corporation expects to receive, prior to April 29, 2021, the Mandatory Prepayment for the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan in an amount sufficient to pay the Purchase Price of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds on April 29, 2021 or to pay the Redemption Price of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds on or prior to April 29, 2021. See "PLAN OF FINANCING—General—2016 Series C-2 Bonds." Failure to pay such Purchase Price of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds constitutes an event specified in the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution as a 2016 Series C Event of Default (a "2016 Series C Event of Default"). The 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution provides that upon such 2016 Series C Event of Default the Trustee shall proceed to bring suit on behalf of the owners of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds for such Purchase Price, with recovery limited to moneys available under the Resolutions.

The Trustee is required to deliver, or mail by first class mail, postage prepaid, to the owner of each 2016 Series C-2 Bond subject to mandatory tender for purchase, at its address shown on the registration books of the Corporation held by the Trustee, a notice not later than fifteen (15) days prior to the mandatory

tender date. Any notice given in such manner shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the owner receives such notice. Such notice shall set forth, in substance, that such owners shall be deemed to have tendered their affected 2016 Series C-2 Bonds for purchase on such mandatory tender date, and the Purchase Price for such 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

Owners of affected 2016 Series C-2 Bonds shall be required to tender their affected 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to the Tender Agent for purchase at the Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date with an appropriate endorsement for transfer to the Tender Agent, or accompanied by a bond power of attorney endorsed in blank. Any 2016 Series C-2 Bonds not so delivered to the Tender Agent on or prior to the purchase date (the "Undelivered 2016 Series C-2 Bonds") for which there has been irrevocably deposited in trust with the Trustee or Tender Agent an amount of moneys sufficient to pay the Purchase Price of such Undelivered 2016 Series C-2 Bonds shall be deemed to have been purchased at the Purchase Price on the mandatory tender date. IN THE EVENT OF A FAILURE BY AN OWNER OF AFFECTED 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS TO DELIVER ITS AFFECTED 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS ON OR PRIOR TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE, SAID OWNER SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO ANY PAYMENT (INCLUDING ANY INTEREST TO ACCRUE SUBSEQUENT TO THE MANDATORY TENDER DATE) OTHER THAN THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR SUCH UNDELIVERED 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS, AND ANY UNDELIVERED 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS SHALL NO LONGER BE ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF THE RESOLUTIONS, EXCEPT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE THEREFOR.

Redemption Provisions for the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds

The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are subject to optional redemption and special optional redemption prior to maturity, as described below.

Optional Redemption

The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are subject to redemption, at the option of the Corporation, from any source of funds, in whole or in part, on and after July 29, 2020, at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date.

Special Optional Redemption

The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are subject to special redemption, at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part, at any time prior to maturity, at a Redemption Price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or portions thereof to be so redeemed, plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date, from any source other than: (i) Voluntary Sale Proceeds*; (ii) proceeds of bonds issued, or caused to be issued, by the Corporation for the purpose of refunding all or a portion of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or refinancing all or a portion of any Mortgage Loan ("Refunding Bonds"), except that the proceeds of Refunding Bonds described in the succeeding paragraph may be applied to the special redemption of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds; or (iii) any other unencumbered funds of the Corporation not subject to the lien of the Resolutions.

The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are subject to the foregoing special redemption from the proceeds of Refunding Bonds issued in an amount not greater than any prepayment of a Mortgage Loan (including the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan) received by the Corporation, which prepayment is not used to redeem Bonds.

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^{* &}quot;Voluntary Sale Proceeds" means the proceeds of the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of any Mortgage Loan (including the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan), except a sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution in the event of a default under the General Resolution or made when, in the sole judgment of the Corporation, such Mortgage Loan is in default.

Amounts that may be applied to the foregoing special redemption include, but are not limited to: any prepayment of the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan by the Mortgagor thereof, or proceeds of foreclosure proceedings or proceeds of any credit enhancement with respect to the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan if it is in default; upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, any prepayment of, or any such proceeds with respect to, any other Mortgage Loans (except any Mortgage Loan financed under a Supplemental Resolution that prohibits such use); unexpended proceeds of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds; and, upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement, amounts held in the Revenue Account that are not required to be used for other purposes.

Selection of 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to Be Redeemed

Subject to the redemption requirements set forth in the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution, in the event of a redemption of 2016 Series C-2 Bonds in connection with Recoveries of Principal, the amount thereof to be so redeemed shall be selected as directed by the Corporation in written instructions filed with the Trustee accompanied by a Cash Flow Statement. In the absence of such direction, 2016 Series C-2 Bonds subject to redemption shall be redeemed in connection with Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to the Mortgage Loans financed from or allocated to such 2016 Series C-2 Bonds. The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to be redeemed at the option of the Corporation shall be selected as directed by the Corporation. In the event of a redemption of less than all of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the Trustee shall select the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to be redeemed by lot, using such method of selection as it shall deem proper in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution or the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution, no 2016 Series C-2 Bond shall be selected for redemption if the portion of such 2016 Series C-2 Bond remaining after such redemption would not be in a denomination authorized by the General Resolution or the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution.

Corporation's Right to Purchase 2016 Series C-2 Bonds

The Corporation retains the right to purchase any 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, at such times, in such amounts and at such prices as the Corporation shall determine, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, and, thereby, reduce its obligations for such 2016 Series C-2 Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Notice of Redemption

When the Trustee receives notice from the Corporation of its election or direction to redeem 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, or is otherwise required to redeem 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the Trustee will give notice, in the name of the Corporation, of the redemption of such 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or portions thereof. Such notice will specify the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to be redeemed, the Redemption Date, any conditions precedent to such redemption and the place or places where amounts due upon such redemption will be payable. Not less than fifteen (15) days before the Redemption Date for such 2016 Series C-2 Bonds (other than a Redemption Date that is also a mandatory tender date), the Trustee is to mail a copy of such notice to the registered owners of any 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or portion thereof which are to be redeemed, at their last addresses appearing upon the registry books. Interest will not be payable on any 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or portions thereof after the Redemption Date if notice has been given and if sufficient monies have been deposited with the Trustee to pay the principal or applicable Redemption Price of and interest on such 2016 Series C-2 Bonds on such date and all conditions precedent, if any, to such redemption shall have been satisfied.

BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds (for the purposes of this section "BOOK-ENTRY ONLY SYSTEM" only, the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are referred to collectively as the "2020 Bonds"). The 2020 Bonds will be issued, or were issued, as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered 2020 Bond certificate will be issued for each Series and maturity of the 2020 Bonds, totaling in the aggregate the principal amount of the 2020 Bonds of each Series, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions, in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants," and together with Direct Participants, "Participants"). The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of the 2020 Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the 2020 Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each 2020 Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase; Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the 2020 Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in the 2020 Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the 2020 Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all 2020 Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of the 2020 Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the 2020 Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such 2020 Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of a Series, maturity and CUSIP number of the 2020 Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such Series, maturity and CUSIP number of the 2020 Bonds to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the 2020 Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Corporation as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the 2020 Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Principal and interest payments on the 2020 Bonds will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Corporation or the Trustee, on the payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Underwriters, the Remarketing Agents, the Trustee, or the Corporation, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Corporation or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

The requirement for physical delivery of the 2020 Bonds in connection with a mandatory purchase will be deemed satisfied when the ownership rights in the applicable 2020 Bonds are transferred by Direct Participants on DTC's records and followed by a book-entry credit of applicable tendered 2020 Bonds to the Tender Agent's DTC account.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to a Series of the 2020 Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Corporation or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, 2020 Bond certificates of such Series are required to be printed and delivered. The Corporation may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, the applicable 2020 Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information herein concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Corporation, the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents believe to be reliable, but none of the Corporation, the Underwriters or the Remarketing Agents take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

Each person for whom a Participant acquires an interest in the 2020 Bonds of a Series, as nominee, may desire to make arrangements with such Participant to receive a credit balance in the records of such Participant, and may desire to make arrangements with such Participant to have all notices of redemption or other communications to DTC, which may affect such persons, to be forwarded in writing by such

Participant and to have notification made of all interest payments. NONE OF THE CORPORATION, THE UNDERWRITERS, THE REMARKETING AGENTS OR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO SUCH PARTICIPANTS OR THE PERSONS FOR WHOM THEY ACT AS NOMINEES WITH RESPECT TO THE 2020 BONDS OF SUCH SERIES.

So long as Cede & Co. is the registered owner of the 2020 Bonds of a Series, as nominee for DTC, references herein to Bondholders or registered owners of the 2020 Bonds of such Series (other than under the heading "TAX MATTERS" herein) shall mean Cede & Co., as aforesaid, and shall not mean the Beneficial Owners of the 2020 Bonds of such Series.

When reference is made to any action which is required or permitted to be taken by the Beneficial Owners, such reference shall only relate to those permitted to act (by statute, regulation or otherwise) on behalf of such Beneficial Owners for such purposes. When notices are given, they shall be sent by the Trustee to DTC only.

For every transfer and exchange of 2020 Bonds of a Series, the Beneficial Owner may be charged a sum sufficient to cover any tax, fee or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto.

The Corporation, in its sole discretion and without the consent of any other person, may terminate the services of DTC with respect to the 2020 Bonds of a Series if the Corporation determines that (i) DTC is unable to discharge its responsibilities with respect to the 2020 Bonds of such Series, or (ii) a continuation of the requirement that all of the Bonds Outstanding be registered in the registration books kept by the Trustee in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC, is not in the best interests of the Beneficial Owners. In the event that no substitute securities depository is found by the Corporation or restricted registration is no longer in effect, the applicable 2020 Bond certificates will be delivered as described in the Resolutions.

NONE OF THE CORPORATION, THE UNDERWRITERS, THE REMARKETING AGENTS OR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO DIRECT PARTICIPANTS, TO INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS, OR TO ANY BENEFICIAL OWNER WITH RESPECT TO (I) THE ACCURACY OF ANY RECORDS MAINTAINED BY DTC, ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT, OR ANY INDIRECT PARTICIPANT; (II) ANY NOTICE THAT IS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN TO THE OWNERS OF THE 2020 BONDS UNDER THE RESOLUTIONS; (III) THE SELECTION BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY PERSON TO RECEIVE PAYMENT IN THE EVENT OF A PARTIAL REDEMPTION OF THE 2020 BONDS; (IV) THE PAYMENT BY DTC OR ANY DIRECT PARTICIPANT OR INDIRECT PARTICIPANT OF ANY AMOUNT WITH RESPECT TO THE PRINCIPAL OR REDEMPTION PREMIUM, IF ANY, OR INTEREST DUE WITH RESPECT TO THE 2020 BONDS; (V) ANY CONSENT GIVEN OR OTHER ACTION TAKEN BY DTC AS THE OWNER OF THE 2020 BONDS; OR (VI) ANY OTHER MATTER.

UNDERWRITING AND REMARKETING

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, as senior manager, and the co-senior managing underwriters and co-managing underwriters listed on the inside cover pages, have jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds from the Corporation at a purchase price of \$22,040,000, and to make a public offering of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds at prices that are not in excess of the public offering prices stated on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Such Underwriters will be obligated to purchase all of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds if any are purchased. The 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers at prices lower than such public offering prices, and such public offering prices may be changed, from time to time, by such Underwriters. Such Underwriters

will receive an underwriting fee in the amount of \$138,168.90, which amount includes expenses for such underwriting.

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, as senior manager, and the co-senior managing underwriters and co-managing underwriters listed on the inside cover pages, have jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds from the Corporation at a purchase price of \$52,735,000, and to make a public offering of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds at prices that are not in excess of the public offering price stated on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Such Underwriters will be obligated to purchase all of the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds if any are purchased. The 2020 Series A-2 Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers at prices lower than such public offering price, and such public offering price may be changed, from time to time, by such Underwriters. Such Underwriters will receive an underwriting fee in the amount of \$342,881.12, which amount includes expenses for such underwriting.

Citigroup Global Markets Inc. has agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds from the Corporation at a purchase price of \$52,295,000, and to make a public offering of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds at prices that are not in excess of the public offering price stated on the inside cover pages of this Official Statement. Such Underwriter will be obligated to purchase all of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds if any are purchased. The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds may be offered and sold to certain dealers at prices lower than such public offering price, and such public offering price may be changed, from time to time, by such Underwriter. Such Underwriter will receive an underwriting fee in the amount of \$62,653.98, which fee includes the expenses for such underwriting.

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, as senior remarketing agent, and the co-senior remarketing agents and co-managing remarketing agents listed on the inside cover pages, have jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds that are tendered for remarketing on April 29, 2020 at a purchase price of par and to remarket such 2016 Series C-2 Bonds at par. Such Remarketing Agents will receive a remarketing agents' fee in the amount of \$72,595.65, which includes expenses for such remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

This paragraph has been supplied by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC: Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, one of the Underwriters of the 2020 Bonds and one of the Remarketing Agents of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution arrangement with its affiliate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of the distribution arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may distribute municipal securities to retail investors through the financial advisor network of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. As part of this arrangement, Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC may compensate Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC for its selling efforts with respect to the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

This paragraph has been supplied by Citigroup Global Markets Inc.: Citigroup Global Markets Inc., an Underwriter of the 2020 Bonds and one of the Remarketing Agents of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, has entered into a retail distribution agreement with Fidelity Capital Markets, a division of National Financial Services LLC (together with its affiliates, "Fidelity"). Under this distribution agreement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. may distribute municipal securities to retail investors at the original issue price through Fidelity. As part of this arrangement, Citigroup Global Markets Inc. will compensate Fidelity for its selling efforts.

This paragraph has been supplied by J.P. Morgan Securities LLC: J.P. Morgan Securities LLC ("JPMS"), one of the Underwriters of the 2020 Bonds and one of the Remarketing Agents of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, has entered into negotiated dealer agreements (each, a "Dealer Agreement") with each of Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. ("CS&Co.") and LPL Financial LLC ("LPL") for the retail distribution of certain securities offerings at the original issue prices. Pursuant to each Dealer Agreement, each of CS&Co. and LPL may purchase 2020 Bonds and 2016 Series C-2 Bonds from JPMS at the original issue price less

a negotiated portion of the selling concession applicable to any 2020 Bonds and 2016 Series C-2 Bonds that such firm sells.

This paragraph has been supplied by BofA Securities, Inc.: BofA Securities, Inc., an Underwriter of the 2020 Bonds and a Remarketing Agent of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, has entered into a distribution agreement with its affiliate Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S"). As part of this arrangement, BofA Securities, Inc. may distribute securities to MLPF&S, which may in turn distribute such securities to investors through the financial advisor network of MLPF&S. As part of this arrangement, BofA Securities, Inc. may compensate MLPF&S as a dealer for their selling efforts with respect to the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

This paragraph has been supplied by Jefferies LLC: Jefferies LLC, an Underwriter of the 2020 Bonds and a Remarketing Agent of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, has entered into an agreement (the "Jefferies Agreement") with E*TRADE Securities LLC ("E*TRADE") for the retail distribution of municipal securities. Pursuant to the Jefferies Agreement, Jefferies will sell 2020 Bonds and 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to E*TRADE and will share a portion of its selling concession with E*TRADE.

This paragraph has been supplied by Stern Brothers & Co.: Stern Brothers & Co ("Stern"), an Underwriter of the 2020 Bonds and a Remarketing Agent of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, has entered into dealer agreements (the "Stern Agreements") each with Herbert J. Sims ("HJ Sims") and BNY Mellon Capital Markets, LLC ("BNYMCM") for the retail distribution of certain securities offerings at the original issue prices. Pursuant to the Stern Agreements, each of HJ Sims and BNYMCM may purchase 2020 Bonds and 2016 Series C-2 Bonds from Stern at the original issue price less a negotiated portion of the selling concession applicable to any 2020 Bonds and 2016 Series C-2 Bonds that such firm sells.

This paragraph has been supplied by TD Securities (USA) LLC: TD Securities (USA) LLC has entered into a negotiated dealer agreement (the "TD Dealer Agreement") with TD Ameritrade for the retail distribution of certain securities offerings, including the Bonds at the original issue price. Pursuant to the TD Dealer Agreement, TD Ameritrade may purchase the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds from TD Securities (USA) LLC at the original issue prices less a negotiated portion of the selling concession applicable to any of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds TD Ameritrade sells.

The following two paragraphs have been supplied by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association: Wells Fargo Securities is the trade name for certain securities-related capital markets and investment banking services of Wells Fargo & Company and its subsidiaries, including Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, which conducts its municipal securities sales, trading and underwriting operations through the Wells Fargo Bank, NA Municipal Products Group, a separately identifiable department of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a municipal securities dealer pursuant to Section 15B(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, acting through its Municipal Products Group ("WFBNA"), one of the underwriters of the 2020 Bonds and one of the Remarketing Agents of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, has entered into an agreement (the "WFA Distribution Agreement") with its affiliate, Wells Fargo Clearing Services, LLC (which uses the trade name "Wells Fargo Advisors") ("WFA"), for the distribution of certain municipal securities offerings, including the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds. Pursuant to the WFA Distribution Agreement, WFBNA will share a portion of its underwriting or remarketing agent compensation, as applicable, with respect to the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds with WFA. WFBNA has also entered into an agreement (the "WFSLLC Distribution Agreement") with its affiliate Wells Fargo Securities, LLC ("WFSLLC"), for the distribution of municipal securities offerings, including the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds. Pursuant to the WFSLLC Distribution

Agreement, WFBNA pays a portion of WFSLLC's expenses based on its municipal securities transactions. WFBNA, WFSLLC, and WFA are each wholly-owned subsidiaries of Wells Fargo & Company.

From time to time, affiliates of the underwriters or the remarketing agents of Bonds provide Long-term LOCs or Construction LOCs for Mortgage Loans and are separately compensated for providing these credit facilities. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—Long-term LOCs" and "—Construction LOCs." From time to time, affiliates of the underwriters and the remarketing agents may be investors in the Mortgagors.

The following three paragraphs have been provided by the Underwriters.

The Underwriters and their respective affiliates are full service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities and mortgage loan servicing. Certain of the Underwriters and their respective affiliates have, from time to time, performed, and may in the future perform, various financial services and investment banking services for the Corporation, for which they received or will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the Underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities, which may include credit default swaps) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and may at any time hold long and short positions in such securities and instruments. Such investment and securities activities may involve securities and instruments of the Corporation.

The Underwriters and their respective affiliates may also communicate independent investment recommendations, market color or trading ideas and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such assets, securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they should acquire, long and/or short positions in such assets, securities and instruments.

RATINGS

S&P Global Ratings and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. have assigned the 2020 Series A Bonds a rating of "AA+" and "Aa2," respectively. S&P Global Ratings and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. have assigned the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds a rating of "A-1+" and "Aa2/VMIG 1," respectively. S&P Global Ratings and Moody's Investors Service, Inc. have assigned the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds a rating of "A-1+" and "Aa2/VMIG 1," respectively. Such ratings reflect only the respective views of such rating agencies, and an explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. There is no assurance that either or both of such ratings will be retained for any given period of time or that the same will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency furnishing the same if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings, or either of them, may have an adverse effect on the market price of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

TAX MATTERS

Opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation

In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes and court decisions and assuming continuing compliance with certain tax covenants described herein, (i) interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds is excluded from gross

income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2020 Series A-1-A Bond, 2020 Series A-2 Bond or 2020 Series B-1 Bond for any period during which such 2020 Series A-1-A Bond, 2020 Series A-2 Bond or 2020 Series B-1 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds or the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, respectively, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code. In rendering such opinion, Bond Counsel to the Corporation has relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation, the Mortgagors (as defined in the General Resolution) of the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans, including the Mortgage Loans financed by the Refunded Bonds, and others in connection with the issuance of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, and Bond Counsel to the Corporation has assumed compliance by the Corporation, such Mortgagors and the Mortgagors of the 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loans with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

In addition, in the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes, interest on the 2020 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

On March 24, 2016, Bond Counsel to the Corporation rendered its opinion that, under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Code, except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2016 Series C-2 Bond for any period during which such 2016 Series C-2 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code. In rendering such opinion, Bond Counsel to the Corporation relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation and others in connection with the issuance of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, and Bond Counsel to the Corporation assumed compliance by the Corporation and the Mortgagors of the Mortgage Loans financed in whole or in part with the proceeds of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.

On March 24, 2016, Bond Counsel to the Corporation rendered its opinion that, under existing statutes, interest on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State of New York or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

In the opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation, under existing statutes and court decisions, the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, in and of itself, will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code on any 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the interest on which is otherwise excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code.

Bond Counsel to the Corporation expresses no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds. Bond Counsel to the Corporation renders its opinion with respect to the 2020 Bonds under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date of the 2020 Bonds and its opinion referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph

with respect to the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds under existing statutes and court decisions as of the date of the remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, and assumes no obligation to update its opinion after the issue date of the 2020 Bonds or after the date of the remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as the case may be, to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. The opinion of Bond Counsel to the Corporation referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph with respect to the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds is limited to the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds and does not extend to any event or matter occurring subsequent to the delivery of its opinion on March 24, 2016. In addition, Bond Counsel to the Corporation expresses no opinion on the effect of any action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds or the exemption from personal income taxes of interest on the 2020 Bonds under state and local tax law.

Summary of Certain Federal Tax Requirements

Under applicable provisions of the Code, the exclusion from gross income of interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds, the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds (collectively, the "Tax-Exempt Bonds") for purposes of Federal income taxation requires that either (i) at least 20% of the units in a Project financed by the Tax-Exempt Bonds (directly or through the refunding of Refunded Bonds) be occupied during the "Qualified Project Period" (defined below) by individuals whose incomes, determined in a manner consistent with Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, do not exceed 50% of the median income for the area, as adjusted for family size, or (ii) at least 25% of the units in a Project financed by the Tax-Exempt Bonds be occupied during the "Qualified Project Period" by individuals whose incomes, determined in a manner consistent with Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, do not exceed 60% of the median income for the area, as adjusted for family size, and (iii) all of the units of each such Project be rented or available for rental on a continuous basis during the Qualified Project Period. "Qualified Project Period" for each such Project means a period commencing upon the later of (a) occupancy of 10% of the units in each such Project or (b) the date of issue of the Tax-Exempt Bonds (or the Refunded Bonds refunded thereby, as applicable), and running until the later of (i) the date which is 15 years after occupancy of 50% of the units in each such Project, (ii) the first date on which no tax-exempt private activity bonds issued with respect to each such Project are outstanding or (iii) the date on which any assistance provided with respect to such Project under Section 8 of the 1937 Housing Act terminates. Such Project will meet the continuing low income requirement as long as the income of the individuals occupying a low income unit does not increase to more than 140% of the applicable limit. Upon an increase over 140% of the applicable limit, the next available unit of comparable or smaller size in the Project must be rented to an individual having an income that does not exceed the applicable income limitation. An election may be made to treat a Project as a deep rent skewed project which requires that (i) at least 15% of the low income units in the Project be occupied during the Qualified Project Period by individuals whose income is 40% or less of the median income for the area, (ii) the gross rent of each low income unit in the Project not exceed 30% of the applicable income limit which applies to the individuals occupying the unit and (iii) the gross rent with respect to each low income unit in the Project not exceed one-half of the average gross rent with respect to units of comparable size which are not occupied by individuals who meet the applicable income limit. Under the deep rent skewing election, the Project will meet the continuing low income requirement as long as the income of the individuals occupying the unit does not increase to more than 170% of the applicable limit. Upon an increase over 170% of the applicable limit, the next available low income unit must be rented to an individual having an income of 40% or less of the area median income.

In the event of noncompliance with the requirements described in the preceding paragraph arising from events occurring after the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, the Treasury Regulations provide that the exclusion of interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes will

not be impaired if the Corporation takes appropriate corrective action within a reasonable period of time after such noncompliance is first discovered or should have been discovered by the Corporation.

Compliance and Additional Requirements

The Code establishes certain additional requirements which must be met subsequent to the issuance and delivery of the Tax-Exempt Bonds in order for interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds to be and remain excluded from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. These requirements include, but are not limited to, requirements relating to the use and expenditure of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, yield and other limits regarding investments of the proceeds of the Tax-Exempt Bonds and other funds, and rebate of certain investment earnings on such amounts on a periodic basis to the United States.

The Corporation has covenanted in the Resolutions that it shall at all times do and perform all acts and things necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Tax-Exempt Bonds shall be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. The Corporation has included provisions in its Tax Regulatory Certificate and has established procedures in order to assure compliance with the requirements which must be met subsequent to the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds. In connection with the issuance of the Tax-Exempt Bonds, the Corporation has entered or will enter into Regulatory Agreements with the Mortgagors of the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loans to assure compliance with the Code. However, no assurance can be given that in the event of a breach of any such covenants, or noncompliance with the provisions, procedures or certifications set forth therein, the remedies available to the Corporation and/or the owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds can be judicially enforced in such manner as to assure compliance with the above-described requirements and therefore to prevent the loss of the exclusion of interest from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Any loss of such exclusion of interest from gross income may be retroactive to the date from which interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds is payable.

Certain Collateral Federal Tax Consequences

The following is a brief discussion of certain collateral Federal income tax matters with respect to the Tax-Exempt Bonds. It does not purport to address all aspects of Federal taxation that may be relevant to a particular owner of a Tax-Exempt Bond. Prospective investors, particularly those who may be subject to special rules, are advised to consult their own tax advisors regarding the Federal tax consequences of owning and disposing of the Tax-Exempt Bonds.

Prospective owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds should be aware that the ownership of such obligations may result in collateral Federal income tax consequences to various categories of persons, such as corporations (including S corporations and foreign corporations), financial institutions, property and casualty and life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or railroad retirement benefits, individuals otherwise eligible for the earned income tax credit, and to taxpayers deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry obligations the interest on which is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds may be taken into account in determining the tax liability of foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax imposed by Section 884 of the Code.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Information reporting requirements will apply to interest paid on tax-exempt obligations, including the Tax-Exempt Bonds. In general, such requirements are satisfied if the interest recipient completes, and provides the payor with, a Form W-9 "Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification," or if the recipient is one of a limited class of exempt recipients. A recipient not otherwise exempt from

information reporting who fails to satisfy the information reporting requirements will be subject to "backup withholding," which means that the payor is required to deduct and withhold a tax from the interest payment, calculated in the manner set forth in the Code. For the foregoing purpose, a "payor" generally refers to the person or entity from whom a recipient receives its payments of interest or who collects such payments on behalf of the recipient.

If an owner purchasing a Tax-Exempt Bond through a brokerage account has executed a Form W-9 in connection with the establishment of such account, as generally can be expected, no backup withholding should occur. In any event, backup withholding does not affect the excludability of the interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds from gross income for Federal income tax purposes. Any amounts withheld pursuant to backup withholding would be allowed as a refund or a credit against the owner's Federal income tax once the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

Miscellaneous

Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Tax-Exempt Bonds under Federal or state law or otherwise prevent beneficial owners of the Tax-Exempt Bonds from realizing the full current benefit of the tax status of such interest. In addition, such legislation or actions (whether currently proposed, proposed in the future, or enacted) and such decisions could affect the market price or marketability of the Tax-Exempt Bonds.

Prospective purchasers of the Tax-Exempt Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

NO LITIGATION

At the time of delivery and payment for the 2020 Bonds and the remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the Corporation will deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Certificate of the Corporation substantially to the effect that there is no litigation or other proceeding of any nature now pending or threatened against or adversely affecting the Corporation of which the Corporation has notice or, to the Corporation's knowledge, any basis therefor, seeking to restrain or enjoin the issuance, sale, execution or delivery of the 2020 Bonds or the remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, or in any way contesting or affecting the validity of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the Resolutions, the Disclosure Agreements (as defined below), any investment agreement related to the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds or any proceedings of the Corporation taken with respect to the issuance or sale of the 2020 Bonds or the remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, or the financing of the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans or the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan, or the redemption of any outstanding bonds resulting directly or indirectly from the issuance of the 2020 Bonds, or the pledge, collection or application of any monies or security provided for the payment of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, or the existence, powers or operations of the Corporation, or contesting in any material respect the completeness or accuracy of the Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto, if any.

CERTAIN LEGAL MATTERS

All legal matters incident to the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds by the Corporation were subject to the approval of Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation, which delivered its approving opinion, dated the date of the issuance of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, on March 24, 2016 (a copy of which is attached hereto as Appendix 1-2). The remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds is subject to the delivery by Bond Counsel to the Corporation of its opinion substantially in the form attached as Appendix 1-3. All legal matters incident to

the authorization, issuance, sale and delivery of the 2020 Bonds by the Corporation are subject to the approval of Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, New York, New York, Bond Counsel to the Corporation. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Corporation by its General Counsel. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the Underwriters and the Remarketing Agents by their Counsel, Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP, New York, New York.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended October 31, 2019, which are included as Appendix C to Part II of this Official Statement, have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors, as stated in their report appearing therein. Ernst & Young LLP, the Corporation's auditor, has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of such report, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in such report. Ernst & Young LLP also has not performed any procedures relating to this Official Statement.

The information contained in these financial statements, which are provided for informational purposes only, should not be used in any way to modify the description of the security for the Bonds contained herein. The assets of the Corporation, other than those pledged pursuant to the General Resolution including certain instruments of the Corporation with respect to the Debt Service Reserve Account, are not pledged to nor are they available to Bond owners.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

In order to assist the Underwriters in complying with the provisions of paragraph (b)(5) of Rule 15c2-12 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Rule 15c2-12"), the Corporation and the Trustee will enter into a written agreement for the benefit of the holders of the 2020 Bonds (the "2020 Disclosure Agreement") to provide continuing disclosure. With respect to the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the Corporation and the Trustee entered into a written agreement for the benefit of the holders of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds upon the initial issuance of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds (the "2016 Disclosure Agreement" and, together with the 2020 Disclosure Agreement, each a "Disclosure Agreement" or together, the "Disclosure Agreements"). The Corporation has undertaken, in the case of the 2016 Disclosure Agreement, and will undertake, in the case of the 2020 Disclosure Agreement, to provide to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB"), on an annual basis on or before 150 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Corporation, commencing with the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019 with respect to the 2020 Disclosure Agreement and commencing with the fiscal year ended October 31, 2016 with respect to the 2016 Disclosure Agreement, certain financial information and operating data, referred to herein as "Corporation Annual Information," including, but not limited to annual financial statements of the Corporation. In addition, the Corporation will undertake or has undertaken, as applicable, in the Disclosure Agreements, for the benefit of the holders of the 2020 Bonds or 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, to provide to the MSRB, in a timely manner (not in excess of ten (10) Business Days after the occurrence of the event), the notices required to be provided by Rule 15c2-12 and described below. With regard to each Series of Bonds issued under the General Resolution for which an underwriter has an obligation under Rule 15c2-12, the Corporation has entered into agreements substantially identical to the Disclosure Agreements.

The Corporation Annual Information shall consist of the following: (a) financial information and operating data of the Corporation prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; provided, however, that if audited financial statements are not available in accordance with the dates described above, unaudited financial statements shall be provided and such audited financial statements shall be delivered to the MSRB when they become

available; (b) a statement setting forth the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account and (only with respect to the 2020 Disclosure Agreement) the Bond Proceeds Account; (c) financial information and operating data of the type set forth in Part II of this Official Statement under the headings or subheadings "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM," "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates," "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS-Summary of Program Assets and Revenues," "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Liquidity Facilities for Bonds Bearing Variable Rates of Interest" (chart only), "THE PROGRAM—Mortgage Loans" (charts only), "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program," "Appendix D-2— Mortgage Loan Prepayment Provisions" (chart only), "Appendix D-3—Permanent Mortgage Loan Physical Inspection Ratings" (chart only), "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions," "Appendix E— Interest Rate Hedge Agreements," "Appendix F-Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—Long-term LOCs" (chart only) and "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—Construction LOCs" (chart only); and (d) the information regarding amendments to a Disclosure Agreement required pursuant thereto. together with (e) such narrative explanation as may be necessary to avoid misunderstanding and to assist the reader in understanding the presentation of financial information and operating data concerning the Corporation and in judging the financial information about the Corporation. With respect to the 2016 Disclosure Agreement, the Corporation Annual Information also includes (i) a statement setting forth the valuations of the Mortgage Loans with respect to each Series of Bonds; and (ii) financial information and operating data of the type set forth in Part II of the Official Statement pursuant to which the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds were initially offered under the headings "Appendix D—Activities of the Corporation" and "Appendix F-1—Certain Investments under the General Resolution."

Pursuant to the Disclosure Agreements, the Corporation has undertaken or will further undertake, as applicable, to use its best efforts to provide to the MSRB, on an annual basis on or before 150 days after the end of each fiscal year of any Mortgagor whose payment obligations due under its Mortgage Note equals or exceeds twenty percent (20%) of the aggregate payment obligations due under all outstanding Mortgage Notes (a "Major Obligated Mortgagor"), certain financial information and operating data, referred to herein as "Mortgagor Annual Information," including, but not limited to, annual financial statements of such Major Obligated Mortgagor, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards if so required by the applicable Mortgage; provided, however, that if audited financial statements are required but not available in accordance with the dates described above, unaudited financial statements shall be provided and such audited financial statements shall be delivered to the MSRB when they become available. Currently, there are no Major Obligated Mortgagors.

The notices required to be provided by Rule 15c2-12, which the Corporation will undertake to provide as described above, include notices of any of the following events with respect to the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) nonpayment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, or other material events affecting the tax status of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable; (7) modification to the rights of holders of 2020 Bonds or 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, if material; (8) 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series 2 Bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances of all or a portion of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar events of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor; (13) the

consummation of a merger, consolidation or acquisition involving the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Corporation or a Major Obligation Mortgagor, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) only with respect to the 2020 Disclosure Agreement, the incurrence of a Financial Obligation (as defined below) of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, if material, or agreement as to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a Financial Obligation of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, any of which affect holders of the 2020 Bonds, if material; and (16) only with respect to the 2020 Disclosure Agreement, a default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar events under the terms of a Financial Obligation of the Corporation or a Major Obligated Mortgagor, any of which reflect financial difficulties; and to the MSRB, in a timely manner, notice of a failure by the Corporation to provide the Corporation Annual Information or the Mortgagor Annual Information required by the Disclosure Agreement. "Financial Obligation" (i) means a: (A) debt obligation; (B) derivative instrument entered into in connection with, or pledged as security or a source of payment for, an existing or planned debt obligation; or (C) guarantee of (A) or (B), but (ii) shall not include municipal securities as to which a final official statement has been provided to the MSRB consistent with Rule 15c2-12.

In addition to the notices described above, the Corporation in the 2020 Disclosure Agreement has agreed to provide a notice to the MSRB regarding the making of a Mortgage Loan with the proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds in substitution for any of the Developments described under "PLAN OF FINANCING—2020 Series A Mortgage Loans." The Corporation has agreed in the 2020 Disclosure Agreement to provide such notice to the MSRB on or before the date of the making of such substitution and to include in such notice information regarding such substitute Development and Mortgage Loan substantially similar to the information regarding other Developments contained under such heading. Because such notices are not required to be provided under Rule 15c2-12, failure to comply with this provision of the 2020 Disclosure Agreement will not constitute a failure to comply with an undertaking in a written agreement specified in paragraph (b)(5)(i) of Rule 15c2-12.

If any party to a Disclosure Agreement fails to comply with any provisions thereof, then the other party to such Disclosure Agreement and, as a direct or third party beneficiary, as the case may be, any holder of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, may enforce, for the equal benefit and protection of all holders similarly situated, by mandamus or other suit or proceeding at law or in equity, such Disclosure Agreement against such party and any of its officers, agents and employees, and may compel such party or any such officers, agents or employees to perform and carry out their duties thereunder; provided that the sole and exclusive remedy for breach or default under such Disclosure Agreement to provide the continuing disclosure described above is an action to compel specific performance of the undertakings contained therein, and no person or entity may recover monetary damages thereunder under any circumstances; provided, however, that the rights of any holder of 2020 Bonds or 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to challenge the adequacy of the information provided by the Corporation are conditioned upon the provisions of the General Resolution with respect to the enforcement of remedies of holders of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds upon the occurrence of an Event of Default described in the General Resolution. A breach or default under a Disclosure Agreement shall not constitute an Event of Default under the General Resolution. In addition, if all or any part of Rule 15c2-12 ceases to be in effect for any reason, then the information required to be provided under a Disclosure Agreement, insofar as the provisions of Rule 15c2-12 no longer in effect required the provision of such information, shall no longer be required to be provided. Beneficial Owners of the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are third-party beneficiaries of the applicable Disclosure Agreement and, as such, are deemed to be holders of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, for the purposes of exercising remedies.

The foregoing undertakings are intended to set forth a general description of the type of financial information and operating data that will be provided; the descriptions are not intended to state more than general categories of financial information and operating data. Where an undertaking calls for information that no longer can be generated because the operations to which it related have been materially changed or discontinued, a statement to that effect will be provided. Each Disclosure Agreement, however, may be amended or modified without the consent of the holders of the 2020 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, under certain circumstances set forth in each Disclosure Agreement.

Copies of the 2020 Disclosure Agreement, when executed and delivered by the parties thereto on the date of the initial delivery of the 2020 Bonds, will be on file at the office of the Corporation. Copies of the 2016 Disclosure Agreement are on file at the office of the Corporation.

Under the Corporation's agreements to provide continuing disclosure with respect to prior Bonds issued under the General Resolution, during the past five years, the Corporation was on one occasion one day late in filing required Corporation annual financial information and on occasion has not timely linked to every applicable CUSIP number timely-filed Corporation annual financial information. In addition, on April 18, 2018, the Corporation was informed by S&P Global Ratings ("S&P") of a downgrade of the short-term rating assigned by S&P to the certain Series of Bonds, which downgrade occurred on February 20, 2018 as a result of the downgrade by S&P of the short-term issuer rating of the Liquidity Provider with respect to such Bonds. The Corporation failed to timely file notice of such downgrade after the occurrence thereof, but did make such filing promptly upon receiving notice of the downgrade from S&P. Also, the Corporation failed to timely file an annual statement setting forth the valuations of Mortgage Loans for purposes of the Resolution that was required to be filed in March 2019 under the Corporation's agreements to provide continuing disclosure with respect to certain prior Bonds issued under the General Resolution. The Corporation filed such statement in September 2019.

Under certain of the Corporation's agreements to provide continuing disclosure with respect to bonds issued under other bond resolutions, during the past five years, the Corporation (i) did not file annual financial statements for up to eight mortgagors when due, and did not file a required notice of such failure, in 2015, 2016 and 2017 (all such financial statements subsequently were filed in 2017), and did not file annual financial statements for one mortgagor when due, and did not timely file a required notice of such failure, in 2019 (such financial statements and notice of such failure subsequently were filed in 2019), (ii) on five occasions was between one and five days late in filing required mortgagor annual financial statements or Corporation annual financial information, and (iii) on occasion has not timely linked to every applicable CUSIP number timely-filed mortgagor annual financial statements or Corporation annual financial information.

FURTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this Official Statement is subject to change without notice and no implication should be derived therefrom or from the sale of the 2020 Bonds or the remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds that there has been no change in the affairs of the Corporation from the date hereof. Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has covenanted to keep proper books of record and account in which full, true and correct entries will be made of all its dealings and transactions under the General Resolution, and to cause such books to be audited for each fiscal year. The General Resolution requires that such books be open to inspection by the Trustee and the owners of not less than five percent (5%) of the Bonds then Outstanding issued thereunder during regular business hours of the Corporation, and that the Corporation furnish a copy of the auditor's report, when available, upon the request of the owner of any Outstanding 2020 Bonds or 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

Additional information, including the annual report of the Corporation, may be obtained from the Corporation at 110 William Street, New York, New York 10038, (212) 227-5500 or through its internet address: www.nychdc.com.

MISCELLANEOUS

Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such, and not as representations of fact. This Official Statement is not to be construed as an agreement or contract between the Corporation and the purchasers or owners of any 2020 Bonds or 2016 Series C-2 Bonds.

This Official Statement is submitted in connection with the sale of the 2020 Bonds and the remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds and may not be reproduced or used, as a whole or in part, for any other purpose. This Official Statement and the distribution thereof has been duly authorized and approved by the Corporation, and duly executed and delivered on behalf of the Corporation.

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION					
By: _	/s/ Ellen K. Duffy Authorized Officer				



PROPOSED FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION RELATING TO THE 2020 BONDS

Upon delivery of the 2020 Bonds, Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP, Bond Counsel to the Corporation, proposes to deliver its approving opinion in substantially the following form:

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 110 William Street New York, New York 10038

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We, as bond counsel to the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under and pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of New York), as amended (the "Act"), have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance by the Corporation of \$22,040,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A-1-A (the "2020 Series A-1-A Bonds"), \$52,735,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A-2 (the "2020 Series A-2 Bonds"; the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds and the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds being collectively referred to as the "2020 Series B-1 Bonds"; the 2020 Series A Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds being collectively referred to as the "2020 Bonds").

The 2020 Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to the Act, the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted July 27, 1993, as amended (the "General Resolution"), and, with respect to the 2020 Series A Bonds, the Three Hundred Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series A-1-A and 2020 Series A-2 of the Corporation, adopted November 26, 2019, and, with respect to the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, the Two Hundred Ninety-Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2020 Series B-1 of the Corporation, adopted November 26, 2019 (collectively, the "Supplemental Resolutions"; the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolutions being collectively referred to as the "Resolutions"). The 2020 Series A Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions) and refunding the Prior Bonds (as defined in the Resolutions). The 2020 Series B-1 Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions).

The 2020 Bonds are dated, mature, are payable, bear interest and are subject to redemption as provided in the Resolutions.

We have not examined nor are we passing upon matters relating to the real and personal property referred to in the mortgages which are to secure the 2020 Bonds.

Upon the basis of the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation has been duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York (including the Act), and has good right and lawful authority, among other things, to finance the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loans and to refund the Prior Bonds, to provide sufficient funds therefor by the adoption of the Resolutions and the issuance and sale of the 2020

Bonds, and to perform its obligations under the terms and conditions of the Resolutions, as covenanted in the Resolutions.

- 2. The Resolutions have been duly adopted by the Corporation, are in full force and effect, and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms.
- 3. The 2020 Bonds have been duly authorized, sold and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the Resolutions and the laws of the State of New York (the "State"), including the Act.
- 4. The 2020 Bonds are valid and legally binding special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues, funds or monies pledged for the payment thereof pursuant to the Resolutions, are enforceable in accordance with their terms and the terms of the Resolutions, and are entitled to the benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Resolutions.
- 5. The 2020 Bonds are secured by a pledge in the manner and to the extent set forth in the Resolutions. The Resolutions create the valid pledge of and lien on the Revenues and, with respect to the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, the 2020 Series B-1 Revenues (as such terms are defined in the Resolutions), and all the Accounts and, with respect to the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, the 2020 Series B-1 Accounts, established by the Resolutions and monies and securities therein, which the Resolutions purport to create, subject only to the provisions of the Resolutions permitting the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolutions.
- 6. The 2020 Bonds are not a debt of the State or The City of New York and neither is liable thereon, nor shall the 2020 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged for the payment thereof.
- 7. Under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2020 Series A-1-A Bond, 2020 Series A-2 Bond or 2020 Series B-1 Bond for any period during which such 2020 Series A-1-A Bond, 2020 Series A-2 Bond or 2020 Series B-1 Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds or the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, respectively, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax under the Code. In rendering this opinion, we have relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation, the Mortgagors (as defined in the General Resolution) of the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans, including the Mortgage Loans financed by the Prior Bonds, and others in connection with the issuance of the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, and we have assumed compliance by the Corporation, such Mortgagors and the Mortgagors of the 2020 Series B-1 Mortgage Loans with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code.
- 8. Under existing statutes, interest on the 2020 Bonds is exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

We express no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2020 Bonds. We render this opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date, and assume no obligation to update this opinion after the issue date to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. We express no opinion on the effect of any action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2020 Series A-1-A Bonds, the 2020 Series A-2 Bonds and the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, or the exemption from personal income taxes of interest on the 2020 Bonds under state and local tax law.

In rendering this opinion, we are advising you that the enforceability of rights and remedies with respect to the 2020 Bonds and the Resolutions may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies heretofore or hereafter enacted and is subject to the general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

We have examined an executed 2020 Series A-1-A Bond, and executed 2020 Series A-2 Bond and an executed 2020 Series B-1 Bond and in our opinion the forms of said Bonds and their execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,



FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION DELIVERED UPON THE ISSUANCE OF THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 110 William Street New York, New York 10038

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We, as bond counsel to the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, organized and existing under and pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of New York), as amended (the "Act"), have examined a record of proceedings relating to the issuance by the Corporation of \$66,445,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series A (the "2016 Series A Bonds"), \$42,535,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series B (the "2016 Series B Bonds"), \$213,170,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C (the "2016 Series C Bonds") and \$54,090,000 Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series D (the "2016 Series D Bonds"); the 2016 Series A Bonds, the 2016 Series B Bonds, the 2016 Series C Bonds and the 2016 Series D Bonds being collectively referred to as the "2016 Bonds").

The 2016 Bonds are authorized to be issued pursuant to the Act, the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted July 27, 1993, as amended (the "General Resolution"), and, with respect to the 2016 Series A Bonds, the Two Hundred Nineteenth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2015 Series G of the Corporation, adopted December 2, 2015, with respect to the 2016 Series B Bonds, the Two Hundred Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series B of the Corporation, adopted March 3, 2016, with respect to the 2016 Series C Bonds, the Two Hundred Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C of the Corporation, adopted March 3, 2016, and with respect to the 2016 Series D Bonds, the Two Hundred Twenty-Eighth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series D of the Corporation, adopted March 3, 2016 (collectively, the "Supplemental Resolutions"; the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolutions being collectively referred to as the "Resolutions"). The 2016 Series A Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the 2016 Series A Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions). The 2016 Series B Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the 2016 Series B Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions). The 2016 Series C Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the 2016 Series C Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions). The 2016 Series D Bonds are being issued for the purpose of financing the 2016 Series D Mortgage Loans (as defined in the Resolutions).

The 2016 Bonds are dated, mature, are payable, bear interest and are subject to redemption as provided in the Resolutions.

We have not examined nor are we passing upon matters relating to the real and personal property referred to in the mortgages which are to secure the 2016 Bonds.

Upon the basis of the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. The Corporation has been duly created and validly exists as a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, under and pursuant to the laws of the State of New York

(including the Act), and has good right and lawful authority, among other things, to finance the 2016 Series A Mortgage Loans, the 2016 Series B Mortgage Loans, the 2016 Series C Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series D Mortgage Loans, to provide sufficient funds therefor by the adoption of the Resolutions and the issuance and sale of the 2016 Bonds, and to perform its obligations under the terms and conditions of the Resolutions, as covenanted in the Resolutions.

- 2. The Resolutions have been duly adopted by the Corporation, are in full force and effect, and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms.
- 3. The 2016 Bonds have been duly authorized, sold and issued by the Corporation in accordance with the Resolutions and the laws of the State of New York (the "State"), including the Act.
- 4. The 2016 Bonds are valid and legally binding special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues, funds or monies pledged for the payment thereof pursuant to the Resolutions, are enforceable in accordance with their terms and the terms of the Resolutions, and are entitled to the benefit, protection and security of the provisions, covenants and agreements of the Resolutions.
- 5. The 2016 Bonds are secured by a pledge in the manner and to the extent set forth in the Resolutions. The Resolutions create the valid pledge of and lien on the Revenues and, with respect to the 2016 Series B Bonds, the 2016 Series B Revenues, and, with respect to the 2016 Series C Bonds, the 2016 Series C Revenues (as such terms are defined in the Resolutions) and all the Accounts and, with respect to the 2016 Series B Bonds, the 2016 Series B Accounts, and, with respect to the 2016 Series C Bonds, the 2016 Series C Accounts, established by the Resolutions and monies and securities therein, which the Resolutions purport to create, subject only to the provisions of the Resolutions permitting the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions set forth in the Resolutions.
- 6. The 2016 Bonds are not a debt of the State or The City of New York and neither is liable thereon, nor shall the 2016 Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged for the payment thereof.
- 7. Under existing statutes and court decisions, (i) interest on the 2016 Series A Bonds, the 2016 Series B Bonds, the 2016 Series C Bonds and the 2016 Series D Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes pursuant to Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), except that no opinion is expressed as to such exclusion of interest on any 2016 Series A Bond, 2016 Series B Bond, 2016 Series C Bond or 2016 Series D Bond for any period during which such 2016 Series A Bond, 2016 Series B Bond, 2016 Series C Bond or 2016 Series D Bond is held by a person who, within the meaning of Section 147(a) of the Code, is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed with the proceeds of the 2016 Series A Bonds, the 2016 Series B Bonds, the 2016 Series C Bonds or the 2016 Series D Bonds, respectively, or a "related person," and (ii) interest on the 2016 Series A Bonds, the 2016 Series B Bonds, the 2016 Series C Bonds and the 2016 Series D Bonds is not treated as a preference item in calculating the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations under the Code and is not included in the adjusted current earnings of corporations for purposes of calculating the alternative minimum tax. In rendering this opinion, we have relied on certain representations, certifications of fact, and statements of reasonable expectations made by the Corporation, the Mortgagors (as defined in the General Resolution) of the 2016 Series A Mortgage Loans, the 2016 Series D Mortgage Loans and others in connection with the issuance of the 2016 Bonds and included in said record of proceedings, and we have assumed compliance by the Corporation, such Mortgagors and the Mortgagors of the 2016 Series B Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C Mortgage Loans with certain ongoing covenants to comply with applicable requirements of the Code to assure the exclusion of interest on the 2016 Bonds from gross income under Section 103 of the Code. In addition, under existing statutes, interest on the 2016 Bonds is

exempt from personal income taxes imposed by the State or any political subdivision thereof (including The City of New York).

We express no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the 2016 Bonds. We render this opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the issue date, and assume no obligation to update this opinion after the issue date to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. We express no opinion on the effect of any action hereafter taken or not taken in reliance upon an opinion of other counsel on the exclusion from gross income for Federal income tax purposes of interest on the 2016 Bonds, or the exemption from personal income taxes of interest on the 2016 Bonds under state and local tax law.

In rendering this opinion, we are advising you that the enforceability of rights and remedies with respect to the 2016 Bonds and the Resolutions may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights or remedies heretofore or hereafter enacted and is subject to the general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

We have examined an executed 2016 Series A Bond, an executed 2016 Series B Bond, an executed 2016 Series C Bond and an executed 2016 Series D Bond and in our opinion the forms of said Bonds and their execution are regular and proper.

Very truly yours,



PROPOSED FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL TO THE CORPORATION RELATING TO THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 110 William Street New York, New York 10038

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON as Trustee 240 Greenwich Street New York, New York 10286

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are bond counsel to the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporate governmental agency, constituting a public benefit corporation, created and existing under and pursuant to the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of New York), as amended (the "Act"). On March 24, 2016, we rendered our approving opinion (the "Approving Opinion") with respect to the issuance by the Corporation of its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C, in the original aggregate principal amount of \$213,170,000 (the "2016 Series C Bonds"). The 2016 Series C Bonds were issued under and pursuant to the Act, the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution of the Corporation, adopted July 27, 1993, as amended (the "General Resolution"), and the Two Hundred Twenty-Seventh Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C of the Corporation, adopted March 3, 2016 (the "Supplemental Resolution"; the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolution being collectively referred to as the "Resolutions"). Unless otherwise defined in this opinion, all capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Resolutions.

On June 29, 2016, \$32,820,000 aggregate principal amount of the 2016 Series C Bonds were remarketed as Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2016 Series C-2 (the "2016 Series C-2 Bonds"), bearing interest at a Term Rate. The Resolutions provide that the Term Rate for the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds is to be changed to a new Term Rate on each Interest Adjustment Date (unless the interest rate on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds is converted to a rate other than a Term Rate). Today, pursuant to the provisions of the Resolutions, is an Interest Adjustment Date with respect to the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the Term Rate on the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds is being changed to a new Term Rate and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are being remarketed (the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as so remarketed, being referred to as the "Reoffered Bonds").

We are of the opinion that such change in the method of determining the interest rate on the Reoffered Bonds is consistent with the provisions of the Resolutions.

We express no opinion as to whether, as of the date hereof, the interest on the Reoffered Bonds is excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). We are of the opinion, however, that, under existing statutes and court decisions, such change in the method of determining the interest rate on the Reoffered Bonds, in and of itself, will not adversely affect the exclusion of interest from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code on any Reoffered Bonds, the interest on which is otherwise excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes under Section 103 of the Code.

We express no opinion regarding any other Federal or state tax consequences with respect to the Reoffered Bonds. We render this opinion under existing statutes and court decisions as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update this opinion after the date hereof to reflect any future action, fact or circumstance, or change in law or interpretation, or otherwise. We wish to advise you that our opinion is limited to the change in the method of determining the interest rate on the Reoffered Bonds on the date hereof and does not extend to any event or matter occurring subsequent to the delivery of our Approving Opinion on March 24, 2016.

Very truly yours,

OFFICIAL STATEMENT PART II

relating to

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds

Part II of this Official Statement provides certain information concerning bonds previously issued under the General Resolution (the "Bonds"), certain sources of payment and security for the Bonds, the Corporation, and the mortgage loan program financed with the proceeds of Bonds. It contains only a part of the information to be provided by the Corporation in connection with the issuance of its Bonds. The terms of the Series of Bonds being issued, including designation, principal amount, authorized denominations, price, maturity, interest rate and time of payment of interest, redemption provisions, and any other terms or information relating thereto are set forth in Part I of this Official Statement. Additional information concerning certain sources of payment and security for the Bonds, the Corporation, and the mortgage loans program financed with the proceeds of Bonds is contained in Part I of this Official Statement. The information contained herein may be supplemented or otherwise modified by Part I of this Official Statement and is subject in all respects to the information contained therein.

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PART II

relating to

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Part II of this Official Statement is to set forth certain information concerning the Corporation, the Program and the Bonds in connection with the issuance of certain Series of Bonds by the Corporation. Each Series of Bonds is issued pursuant to the Act, the General Resolution, and a related Supplemental Resolution. Certain defined terms used herein are set forth in Part I of this Official Statement or in "Appendix A—Definition of Certain Terms."

THE CORPORATION

Purposes and Powers

The Corporation, which commenced operations in 1972, is a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State, created for the purposes of providing, and encouraging the investment of private capital in, safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations in The City of New York (the "City") for families and persons of low income, which include families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, or in areas designated as blighted through the provision of low interest mortgage loans. Powers granted the Corporation under the Act include the power to issue bonds, notes and other obligations to obtain funds to carry out its corporate purposes, and to refund the same; to acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property; to make mortgage loans to specified private entities; to purchase loans from lending institutions; to make loans insured or co-insured by the Federal government for new construction and rehabilitation of multiple dwellings; to make and to contract for the making of loans for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of multi-family housing accommodations; to acquire and to contract to acquire any Federally-guaranteed security evidencing indebtedness on a mortgage securing a loan; to acquire mortgages from the City, obtain Federal insurance thereon and either sell such insured mortgages or issue its obligations secured by said insured mortgages and to pay the net proceeds of such sale of mortgages or issuance of obligations to the City; and to do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes. The Act further provides that the Corporation and its corporate existence shall continue at least so long as its bonds, including the Bonds, notes, or other obligations are outstanding.

The sale of the Bonds and the terms of such sale are subject to the approval of the Comptroller of the City. The Corporation is a "covered organization" as such term is defined in the New York State Financial Emergency Act for The City of New York, as amended, and the issuance of the Bonds is subject to the review of the New York State Financial Control Board for The City of New York.

The Corporation's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019, including as Schedule 3 supplemental information related to the Program, are contained in Appendix C hereto. In addition, a summary of assets and revenues related to the Program are described, in part, under "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Summary of Program Assets and Revenues."

Organization and Membership

The Corporation, pursuant to the Act, consists of the Commissioner of The City of New York Department of Housing Preservation and Development ("HPD") (who is designated as Chairperson of the Corporation pursuant to the Act), the Commissioner of Finance of the City and the Director of Management and Budget of the City (such officials to serve <u>ex-officio</u>), and four (4) public members, two (2) appointed by the Mayor of the City (the "Mayor") and two (2) appointed by the Governor of the State. The Act provides that the powers of the Corporation shall be vested in and exercised by not less than four (4) members. The Corporation may delegate to one or more of its members, officers, agents or employees such powers and duties as it deems proper.

Members

LOUISE CARROLL, Chairperson and Member ex-officio. Ms. Carroll, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, was appointed Commissioner of HPD by Mayor Bill de Blasio, effective May 6, 2019. Prior to her appointment as Commissioner of HPD, Ms. Carroll was appointed Senior Vice President & General Counsel for the Corporation on September 26, 2018, effective October 29, 2018. Prior to joining the Corporation, Ms. Carroll held senior positions at HPD including Associate General Counsel, Assistant Commissioner and, most recently, Associate Commissioner for Housing Incentives. Prior to her work at HPD, Ms. Carroll served as an Associate Counsel at the New York City Conflicts of Interest Board and as a transactions attorney for the New York City Administration for Children's Services. Prior to her public service career, Ms. Carroll was Chief Financial Officer for an international ship-owning and brokerage company. Ms. Carroll received a B.S. in Political Science and History from the University of Wales, an M.B.A. from the University of Leicester in the United Kingdom and a J.D. from Tulane Law School in New Orleans.

HARRY E. GOULD, JR., Vice Chairperson and Member, serving pursuant to law. From 1969 to May 2015, Mr. Gould served as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Gould Paper Corporation. He was Chairman and President of Cinema Group, Inc., a major independent film financing and production company, from 1982 to May 1986, and is currently Chairman and President of Signature Communications Ltd., a new company that is active in the same field as well as providing consulting services in M&A, "turnarounds," manufacturing and distribution. Signature, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, acquired a majority shareholding on May 1, 2019 in Denmaur PaperMedia, the fourth largest paper distributor in the United Kingdom. Mr. Gould began his career in 1962 in the Corporate Finance Department of Goldman Sachs. From 1964-1969, he held senior operating positions at Universal American Corporation, an industrial conglomerate that merged with Gulf + Western Industries at the beginning of 1968. At the time of the merger, Universal American was ranked 354th on the Fortune 500 List, while Gulf + Western ranked in the top 75. He is a Life Member of the Executive Branch of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences. He is a member of the Board of Directors of the Roundabout Theatre Organization and a member of the Board of Overseers at the Columbia Business School. He was a member of the Board of Directors of Domtar, Inc., North America's largest and second largest global manufacturer of uncoated free sheet papers from 1995 to 2004. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the USO of Metropolitan New York from 1973 to 2004. He was a member of the Board of Trustees of the American Management Association from 1996 to 1999. Mr. Gould served as Special Counsel to the New York State Assembly, Committee on Cities from 1970 to 1976. He was a member of Colgate University's Board of Trustees from 1976 to 1982. He was appointed Trustee Emeritus of Colgate University in 2012. He was appointed by President Johnson to serve on the Peace Corps Advisory Council from 1964 to 1968 and to serve as the U.S. representative to the U.N. East-West Trade Development Commission from 1967 to 1968. He was appointed by President Carter to serve as Vice Chairman of the U.S. President's Export Council and was a member of the Executive Committee and Chairman of the Export Expansion Subcommittee from 1977 to 1980. He was a National Trustee of the National Symphony Orchestra, Washington, D.C., also serving as a member of its Executive Committee from 1977 to 1999. He was a member of the Board of United Cerebral Palsy Research and Educational Foundation, and the National Multiple Sclerosis Society of New York from 1972 to 1999. He was a Trustee of the Riverdale Country School from 1990 to 1999. Mr. Gould received his Bachelor of Arts degree from Colgate University with High Honors in English Literature. He began his M.B.A. studies at Harvard University and received his degree from Columbia Business School.

MELANIE HARTZOG, Member ex-officio. Ms. Hartzog was appointed New York City Budget Director in January, 2018. Prior to the appointment, Ms. Hartzog was the deputy director of the New York City Office of the Deputy Mayor for Health and Human Services. Prior to joining the Mayor's Office, she was the Executive Director at the Children's Defense Fund and served as the Deputy Commissioner for early childhood services at New York City's Administration for Children's Services. Hartzog was also Project Director for the Young Men's Initiative, a public/private partnership aimed at reducing disparities between economic and social outcomes of young men of color and other demographic groups in New York City. Hartzog also led a social services unit in the Mayor's Office of Management and Budget, and was Director of Policy and Advocacy for the Human Services Council of New York City, Inc. She has a Master of Science degree from the New School's Milano School of International Affairs, Management and Urban Policy and Bachelor of Arts from Eckerd College.

JACQUES JIHA, Member ex-officio. Mr. Jacques Jiha Ph.D. was appointed Commissioner of New York City's Department of Finance by Mayor Bill de Blasio on April 8, 2014. Prior to becoming Commissioner, Mr. Jiha was the Executive Vice President / Chief Operating Officer & Chief Financial Officer of Earl G. Graves, Ltd., a multi-media company with properties in print, digital media, television, events and the Internet. He has also served on a number of government and not-for-profit boards including the Ronald McDonald House of New York, Public Health Solutions, the Investment Advisory Committee of the New York Common Retirement Fund and as Secretary of the board of the New York State Dormitory Authority. Previous positions include Deputy Comptroller for Pension Investment and Public Finance in the Office of the New York State Comptroller, where he managed the assets of the New York State Common Retirement Fund - then the nation's second-largest pension fund valued at \$120 billion. Prior to his appointment, he worked for the New York City Office of the Comptroller first as Chief Economist and later as Deputy Comptroller for Budget, with oversight responsibilities over the city's operating budget and four-year capital plan. Mr. Jiha also served as Executive Director of the Legislative Tax Study Commission of New York State and as Principal Economist for the New York State Assembly Committee on Ways and Means. He holds a Ph.D. and a Master's degree in Economics from the New School for Social Research and a Bachelor's degree in Economics from Fordham University.

KYLE KIMBALL, Member, serving pursuant to law. Mr. Kimball is vice president of Government Relations for Consolidated Edison. He joined Con Edison in June 2015. In 2013, Mr. Kimball was appointed president of the New York City Economic Development

Corporation (NYCEDC) by Mayor Michael Bloomberg, and was later reappointed by Mayor Bill de Blasio. In that position, he oversaw billions of dollars in capital infrastructure investments and implemented several commercial and housing real estate development projects in the City. Prior to joining NYCEDC, Mr. Kimball worked at Goldman, Sachs & Co. as vice president in the Americas Financing Group, and at J.P. Morgan, also as a vice president, in corporate capital markets. Mr. Kimball received an undergraduate degree from Harvard University 1995. He also received a master's degree in Public Policy from Harvard's John F. Kennedy School of Government in 1998.

CHARLES G. MOERDLER, Member, serving pursuant to law. Mr. Moerdler is a partner in the law firm of Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP. Prior to joining his law firm in 1967, Mr. Moerdler was Commissioner of Buildings for The City of New York from 1966 to 1967, and previously worked with the law firm of Cravath, Swaine & Moore. Mr. Moerdler has served as a member of the Committee on Character and Fitness of Applicants to the Bar of the State of New York, Appellate Division, First Department since 1977 and as a member of the Mayor's Committee on Judiciary since 1994. He has also served on the Editorial Board of the New York Law Journal since 1986. Mr. Moerdler held a number of public service positions, including Chairman of The New York State Insurance Fund from 1995 to March 1997, Commissioner and Vice Chairman of The New York State Insurance Fund from 1978 to 1994, Consultant to the Mayor of The City of New York on Housing, Urban Development and Real Estate from 1967 to 1973, Member of the Advisory Board on Fair Campaign Practices, New York State Board of Elections in 1974, Member of the New York City Air Pollution Control Board from 1966 to 1967 and Special Counsel to the New York State Assembly, Committee on Judiciary in 1961 and Committee on The City of New York in 1960. Mr. Moerdler also serves as a Trustee of St. Barnabas Hospital and served on the Board of Overseers of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America. He served as a Trustee of Long Island University from 1985 to 1991 and on the Advisory Board of the School of International Affairs, Columbia University from 1976 to 1979. Mr. Moerdler is a graduate of Long Island University and Fordham Law School, where he was an Associate Editor of the Fordham Law Review.

DENISE SCOTT, Member, serving pursuant to law. Ms. Scott is Managing Director of the Local Initiatives Support Corporation's New York City program (LISC NYC) since 2001. During her tenure, LISC NYC has invested in the development of over 10,000 units of affordable housing. Ms. Scott served as a White House appointee to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) from 1998 to January 2001 responsible for daily operations of HUD's six New York/New Jersey regional offices. She was the Managing Director/Coordinator responsible for launching the Upper Manhattan Empowerment Zone Development Corporation. Ms. Scott served as the Assistant Vice President of the New York City Urban Coalition after serving as Deputy Director of the New York City Mayor's Office of Housing Coordination from 1990-1992. She held several positions at HPD ultimately serving as the Director of its Harlem preservation office. Ms. Scott serves on the U.S. Department of Treasury's Office of Thrift Supervision Minority Depository Institutions Advisory Committee and also serves on several boards including the National Equity Fund, Supportive Housing Network of New York, Citizens Housing and Planning Council, Neighborhood Restore / Restored Homes and the New York Housing Conference. Ms. Scott has a MS in Urban Planning from Columbia University and has taught at its Graduate School of Architecture, Planning and Preservation as a Visiting Assistant Professor.

Principal Officers

LOUISE CARROLL, Chairperson.

HARRY E. GOULD, JR., Vice Chairperson.

ERIC ENDERLIN, President. Mr. Enderlin was appointed President of the Corporation on September 22, 2016, effective October 12, 2016. Prior to joining the Corporation, he served as Deputy Commissioner for Development and Special Advisor at the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development (HPD), overseeing divisions including New Construction Finance, Preservation Finance, Housing Incentives, Property Disposition and Finance, Special Needs Housing, Building and Land Development Services, Storm Recovery, and Credit and Underwriting. Prior to his tenure at HPD, Mr. Enderlin was Assistant Director for Asset Management and Private Market Operations at the New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA), worked as a consultant with the Louis Berger Group in its Economics Department, and served as Principal Planner and land use mediator with the New Jersey Council on Affordable Housing (NJ COAH). Mr. Enderlin holds a Bachelor of Arts in economics and a Master of Science in urban planning and policy, both from Rutgers University.

RICHARD M. FROEHLICH, First Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Froehlich, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, was appointed First Executive Vice President of the Corporation on September 26, 2018. Mr. Froehlich was previously appointed Chief Operating Officer of the Corporation on June 9, 2011, and Executive Vice President for Capital Markets of the Corporation on February 27, 2008. He was originally appointed Senior Vice President and General Counsel of the Corporation effective November 17, 2003. Prior to joining the Corporation, he was Counsel at the law firm of O'Melveny & Myers LLP in its New York City office, where Mr. Froehlich's practice focused on real estate, public finance and affordable housing. From 1993 to 1998, Mr. Froehlich was an Assistant Counsel at the New York State Housing Finance Agency. Upon graduation from law school, he was an associate at Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom. Mr. Froehlich received his B.A. degree from Columbia College and his J.D. from Columbia University School of Law. He is an Adjunct Associate Professor of Urban Planning at Columbia University.

ANTHONY R. RICHARDSON, Executive Vice President for Development. Mr. Richardson was appointed Executive Vice President for Development of the Corporation effective September 26, 2018. Previously, Mr. Richardson was Senior Vice President for Development for the Corporation since 2014. Prior to joining the Corporation, Mr. Richardson was the Director of Multifamily New Construction Programs at HPD. Prior to joining HPD, Mr. Richardson held financial advisory and sales positions at Ernst & Young, M.R. Beal & Company and Cantor Fitzgerald. Mr. Richardson received a Masters in Public Administration and Public Policy from Columbia's School of International Public Affairs and a Masters in Public Administration and Economic Policy from The London School of Economics & Political Science. Mr. Richardson received a B.A. from Morehouse College.

CATHLEEN A. BAUMANN, Senior Vice President and Treasurer. Ms. Baumann was appointed Senior Vice President of the Corporation on August 8, 2012 and Treasurer of the Corporation by the President on July 20, 2009. Prior to such appointments, she held the position of Deputy CFO since September 2004. Ms. Baumann joined the Corporation in

1988 as an Accountant. She has also held the positions of Senior Accountant and Internal Auditor and Vice President of Internal Audit. Ms. Baumann received her bachelor's degree with majors in Accounting and Economics from Queens College of the City University of New York and her MBA in Finance from Baruch College's Zicklin School of Business of the City University of New York.

- ELLEN K. DUFFY, Senior Vice President for Debt Issuance and Finance. Ms. Duffy was appointed Senior Vice President of the Corporation on September 15, 2009, effective September 21, 2009. Prior to joining the Corporation, Ms. Duffy was a principal of the housing finance group at Bank of America Securities ("BAS"). At BAS, Ms. Duffy focused on quantitative structuring of transactions and cash flow analysis for state and local housing issuers. Ms. Duffy previously held positions in the housing areas of the public finance groups at CS First Boston, First Union Securities and Citicorp Investment Bank. Ms. Duffy holds a B.A. in Economics from Providence College.
- TERESA GIGLIELLO, Senior Vice President—Portfolio Management. Ms. Gigliello was appointed a Senior Vice President of the Corporation on August 3, 1998. Prior to such appointment, Ms. Gigliello held the position of Director of Audit. She began her career with the Corporation in 1985 as an accountant and served as the Corporation's Internal Auditor from 1986 until her appointment as Director of Audit in 1995. Ms. Gigliello received a Bachelor of Science degree from St. John's University.
- SUSANNAH LIPSYTE, Senior Vice President and General Counsel. Ms. Lipsyte, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, was appointed Senior Vice President and General Counsel on September 26, 2019. Prior to such appointment, Ms. Lipsyte was Deputy General Counsel since August 1, 2015 and Secretary of the Corporation since October 7, 2015. Prior to this, she had been an Assistant Secretary of the Corporation since October 2008 and an Associate General Counsel since July 2009. Ms. Lipsyte joined the Corporation in 2006 as an Assistant General Counsel. Before joining the Corporation, Ms. Lipsyte was a public finance associate at Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP. Ms. Lipsyte received her B.A. degree from Yale University and her J.D. from Georgetown University Law Center.
- RUTH MOREIRA, Senior Vice President for Development. Ms. Moreira was appointed a Senior Vice President for Development on May 30, 2019. Prior to such appointment, Ms. Moreira held the position of Vice President for Development when she rejoined the Corporation in 2016. Between 2014 and 2016, Ms. Moreira held the position of Vice President of Acquisitions at Hudson Housing Capital LLC, a low income housing tax credit syndicator, underwriting and originating tax credit transactions. Ms. Moreira first joined the Corporation in 2000 as an Investment Analyst and then as Assistant Vice President for Cash Management. In 2008, Ms. Moreira transferred to the Development group, as a project manager underwriting transactions and was then promoted to Assistant Vice President in 2011. Ms. Moreira holds a B.A. in Economics from Upsala College.
- JIM QUINLIVAN, Senior Vice President of Administration. Mr. Quinlivan was appointed Senior Vice President of the Corporation on April 10, 2013, effective April 15, 2013. Mr. Quinlivan is currently on temporary leave from the Corporation while he fills a temporary vacancy at HPD. Prior to such appointment, Mr. Quinlivan held the position of Vice President and Deputy Director of Asset Management. Mr. Quinlivan began his career with the Corporation in 1996 and held several positions before being promoted to Vice President in 2002. Prior to joining the Corporation, Mr. Quinlivan worked at the U.S.

Department of Housing & Urban Development. Mr. Quinlivan received a B.A. from New York University.

MOIRA SKEADOS, Deputy General Counsel and Assistant Secretary. Ms. Skeados, an attorney and member of the New York State Bar, was appointed Deputy General Counsel on September 26, 2019. Prior to such appointment, she was an Associate General Counsel and was appointed Assistant Secretary of the Corporation on October 7, 2015. Ms. Skeados joined the Corporation in 2011 as an Assistant General Counsel. Before becoming the Assistant General Counsel, Ms. Skeados was a New York City HPD-HDC Housing Fellow from 2009 to 2011. Ms. Skeados received her B.A. degree from Trinity College and her J.D. from Brooklyn Law School.

Potential Legislative and Regulatory Actions

From time to time, legislation is introduced on the Federal and State levels which, if enacted into law, could affect the Corporation, its operations or its bonds. The Corporation is not able to represent whether such bills will be introduced in the future or become law. In addition, the State undertakes periodic studies of public authorities in the State (including the Corporation) and their financing programs. Any of such periodic studies could result in proposed legislation which, if adopted, could affect the Corporation, its operations and its bonds.

BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM

The first Series of Bonds were issued in 1993 and approximately \$17,044,795,000 principal amount of Bonds has been issued under the General Resolution. As of January 31, 2020, the following Series of Bonds were Outstanding under the Program.

Series Designation	Original Par Amount	Outstanding Par Amount	Date of Issue/Remarketing
1998 Series A	\$57,800,000	\$100,000	May 21, 1998
1998 Series B	21,380,000	100,000	September 24, 1998
1999 Series A-1	49,100,000	3,385,000	March 3, 1999
1999 Series C	9,800,000	115,000	September 16, 1999
1999 Series E	10,715,000	100,000	January 13, 2000
2002 Series C	49,500,000	36,510,000	June 20, 2002
2003 Series B-2	33,175,000	100,000	July 16, 2003
2003 Series E-2	28,690,000	100,000	December 22, 2003
2007 Series A	25,690,000	22,335,000	March 22, 2007
2008 Series E	100,000,000	83,280,000	April 24, 2008
2008 Series F	86,825,000	69,615,000	June 26, 2008
2008 Series J	34,590,000	28,600,000	December 23, 2008
2008 Series K	106,945,000	66,555,000	December 23, 2008
2009 Series I-2	25,000,000	21,780,000	October 1, 2009
2009 Series L-1	23,590,000	21,265,000	March 16, 2010 ⁽¹⁾
2010 Series D-1-A	43,475,000	28,765,000	June 29, 2010
2010 Series F	4,130,000	2,830,000	June 29, 2010
2010 Series G	50,765,000	30,745,000	October 26, 2010
2010 Series H	74,575,000	22,570,000	October 26, 2010
2010 Series J-1	21,560,000	7,045,000	December 22, 2010
2010 Series K-1	5,165,000	4,300,000	December 22, 2010
2010 Series L-1	12,620,000	8,545,000	April 28, 2011 ⁽²⁾
2010 Series N	5,675,000	735,000	December 22, 2010
2011 Series C	1,980,000	810,000	April 28, 2011
2011 Series D	23,645,000	630,000	June 29, 2011
2011 Series E	72,030,000	14,255,000	June 29, 2011
2011 Series F-2	56,460,000	30,690,000	June 29, 2011
2011 Series F-3	12,540,000	10,820,000	June 29, 2011
2011 Series G-2-A	38,925,000	7,320,000	December 22, 2011
2011 Series H-2-A	22,890,000	16,305,000	December 22, 2011
2011 Series H-2-B	15,970,000	15,970,000	December 22, 2011
2011 Series H-3-B	11,685,000	4,345,000	December 22, 2011
2011 Series J-1	38,345,000	38,345,000	December 22, 2011
2011 Series J-2	25,550,000	2,810,000	December 22, 2011
2012 Series B	42,650,000	20,945,000	May 3, 2012
2012 Series D-1-A	48,725,000	47,575,000	June 28, 2012
2012 Series D-1-B	85,450,000	73,265,000	June 28, 2012
2012 Series E	72,000,000	51,185,000	August 3, 2012
2012 Series F	80,330,000	36,055,000	October 11, 2012
2012 Series G	31,960,000	29,385,000	October 11, 2012
2012 Series I	89,175,000	43,660,000	October 25, 2012
2012 Series K-1-A	155,750,000	87,210,000	December 20, 2012
2012 Series L-1	12,390,000	12,220,000	December 20, 2012
2012 Series L-2-A	102,825,000	99,310,000	March 8, 2013
2012 Series L-2-B	2,060,000	1,810,000	March 8, 2013
2012 Series M-2	9,745,000	9,190,000	May 3, $2013^{(3)}$
2012 Series M-3	10,525,000	9,925,000	June 27, 2013 ⁽³⁾
2013 Series B-1-A	131,880,000	74,150,000	June 27, 2013
2013 Series B-1-B	74,700,000	43,085,000	June 27, 2013
2013 Series D-1	40,135,000	27,225,000	July 31, 2013
2013 Series D-2	55,000,000	55,000,000	June 27, 2013

G : D : .:	0.11		Date of
Series Designation	Original Par Amount	Outstanding Par Amount	Issue/Remarketing
2013 Series E-1-A	118,660,000	35,505,000	December 19, 2013
2013 Series E-1-B	57,060,000	14,060,000	December 19, 2013
2013 Series E-1-C 2013 Series F-1	78,025,000 29,080,000	45,025,000 28,160,000	December 19, 2013 May 1, 2014 ⁽⁴⁾
2013 Series F-1 2014 Series A	8,170,000	6,490,000	May 1, 2014
2014 Series A 2014 Series B-1	100,000,000	19,925,000	May 1, 2014
2014 Series B-1 2014 Series B-2	50,000,000	50,000,000	May 1, 2014 May 1, 2014
2014 Series C-1-A	162,345,000	93,855,000	June 26, 2014
2014 Series D-1	38,000,000	20,125,000	July 17, 2014
2014 Series D-2	38,000,000	38,000,000	July 17, 2014
2014 Series C-1-C	30,500,000	12,065,000	September 24, 2014
2014 Series E	39,595,000	37,360,000	September 24, 2014
2014 Series G-1	337,875,000	204,385,000	December 18, 2014
2014 Series G-2	8,330,000	3,255,000	December 18, 2014
2014 Series H-1	75,000,000	64,780,000	January 7, 2015
2014 Series H-2	50,000,000	50,000,000	December 18, 2014
2015 Series A-1	28,000,000	9,380,000	April 29, 2015
2015 Series A-2	6,150,000	6,150,000	April 29, 2015
2015 Series B-1	37,000,000	18,750,000	April 29, 2015
2015 Series B-2	33,000,000	33,000,000	April 29, 2015
2015 Series D-1-A	167,495,000	62,590,000	June 25, 2015
2015 Series D-1-B	322,470,000	134,790,000	June 25, 2015
2015 Series D-2 2015 Series E-1	64,140,000 37,660,000	47,735,000 34,695,000	August 13, 2015 October 22, 2015
2015 Series E-1 2015 Series E-2	16,025,000	4,835,000	October 22, 2015
2015 Series E-2 2015 Series G-1	129,335,000	53,825,000	December 22, 2015
2015 Series G-2	47,160,000	32,720,000	December 22, 2015
2015 Series H	136,470,000	136,470,000	December 22, 2015
2015 Series I	60,860,000	60,860,000	December 22, 2015
2016 Series A	66,445,000	36,535,000	March 24, 2016
2016 Series D	54,090,000	50,105,000	March 24, 2016
2016 Series C-1-A	119,330,000	118,955,000	June 29, 2016 ⁽⁵⁾
2016 Series C-1-B	61,020,000	38,870,000	June 29, 2016 ⁽⁵⁾
2016 Series C-2	32,820,000	26,375,000	June 29, $2016^{(5)(8)}$
2016 Series E-1-A	82,510,000	51,885,000	June 29, 2016
2016 Series E-1-B	81,340,000	37,855,000	June 29, 2016
2016 Series F-1-A	23,675,000	23,675,000	October 18, 2016
2016 Series F-1-B	40,275,000	40,275,000	October 18, 2016
2016 Series F-2	8,120,000	8,025,000	October 18, 2016
2016 Series G-1	30,000,000	14,145,000	October 18, 2016
2016 Series G-2	78,000,000	78,000,000	October 18, 2016
2016 Series I-1-A	111,095,000	111,095,000	December 22, 2016
2016 Series I-1-B 2016 Series I-2-A-1	36,300,000	36,300,000 25,185,000	December 22, 2016 December 22, 2016
2016 Series I-2-A-1 2016 Series I-2-A-2	25,185,000 74,840,000	25,185,000 74,840,000	December 22, 2016
2016 Series I-2-A-2 2016 Series I-2-B	65,320,000	23,020,000	December 22, 2016
2016 Series J-1	161,500,000	161,500,000	December 22, 2016 ⁽⁶⁾
2016 Series J-2	29,500,000	29,500,000	December 22, 2016 ⁽⁶⁾
2017 Series A-1-A	51,610,000	51,610,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series A-1-B	11,165,000	11,165,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series A-2-A	48,880,000	48,880,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series A-2-B	11,285,000	11,285,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series A-3	50,000,000	50,000,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series B-1	24,500,000	21,195,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series B-2	61,500,000	61,500,000	April 5, 2017
2017 Series C-1	139,725,000	139,725,000	June 28, 2017
2017 Series C-2	103,025,000	103,025,000	June 28, 2017
2017 Series C-3-A	40,000,000	40,000,000	June 28, 2017
2017 Series C-3-B	40,000,000	40,000,000	June 28, 2017
2017 Series C-4	57,830,000	57,830,000	June 28, 2017

			Date of
Series Designation	Original Par Amount	Outstanding Par Amount	Issue/Remarketing
2017 Series E-1	60,465,000	60,465,000	October 12, 2017
2017 Series E-2	3,535,000	3,535,000	October 12, 2017
2017 Series G-1	197,140,000	194,715,000	December 28, 2017
2017 Series G-2	101,330,000	101,330,000	December 28, 2017
2017 Series G-4	85,950,000	85,950,000	December 28, 2017
2018 Series A-1	50,730,000	49,980,000	April 19, 2018
2018 Series B-1	65,475,000	65,340,000	April 19, 2018
2018 Series B-2	100,000,000	100,000,000	April 19, 2018
2018 Series C-1-A	237,965,000	237,965,000	June 21, 2018
2018 Series C-1-B	168,925,000	168,925,000	June 21, 2018
2018 Series C-2-A	135,040,000	135,040,000	June 21, 2018
2018 Series C-2-B	8,615,000	8,615,000	June 21, 2018
2018 Series D	75,000,000	75,000,000	June 21, 2018
2018 Series E-1	18,230,000	17,185,000	July 19, 2018
2018 Series F	25,425,000	25,425,000	August 9, 2018
2018 Series E-2	9,495,000	8,955,000	October 11, 2018
2018 Series H	84,765,000	84,765,000	October 11, 2018
2018 Series I	125,000,000	125,000,000	October 11, 2018
2018 Series E-3	5,760,000	5,660,000	December 26, 2018
2018 Series E-4	5,000,000	4,980,000	December 26, 2018
2018 Series K	271,585,000	271,085,000	December 26, 2018
2018 Series L-1	125,000,000	125,000,000	December 26, 2018
2018 Series L-2	59,000,000	59,000,000	December 26, 2018
2019 Series A-1	85,000,000	85,000,000	February 6, 2019
2019 Series A-2	25,000,000	25,000,000	February 6, 2019
2019 Series A-3-A	114,670,000	112,080,000	March 13, 2019
2019 Series A-3-B	35,100,000	35,100,000	March 13, 2019
2019 Series A-4	30,000,000	30,000,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series B-1-A	112,635,000	112,635,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series B-1-B	36,435,000	36,435,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series B-2	27,810,000	27,810,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series D-1	7,390,000	7,390,000	April 18, 2019
2019 Series E-1	359,640,000	359,640,000	June 27, 2019
2019 Series E-2	130,955,000	130,955,000	June 27, 2019
2019 Series E-3	45,000,000	45,000,000	June 25, 2019
2019 Series F	175,000,000	175,000,000	June 27, 2019
2019 Series G-1-A	79,380,000	79,380,000	September 26, 2019
2019 Series G-1-B	126,505,000	126,505,000	September 26, 2019
2019 Series G-2	8,460,000	8,460,000	September 26, 2019
2019 Series H	113,175,000	96,885,000	September 26, 2019
2019 Series I	42,910,000	13,180,000	October 29, 2019
2019 Series J	243,170,000	243,170,000	December 20, 2019
2019 Series K	22,130,000	22,130,000	December 20, 2019
2019 Series L	71,330,000	71,330,000	December 20, 2019

Data of

Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2009 Series L Bonds on December 17, 2009.

\$10,284,500,000

TOTAL

\$8,161,115,000

Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2010 Series L-1 Bonds on December 22, 2010.

Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2012 Series M Bonds on December 20, 2012.

Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2013 Series F Bonds on December 19, 2013.

Date of remarketing; Bonds originally issued as 2016 Series C Bonds on March 24, 2016.

The proceeds of the 2016 Series J-1 Bonds and 2016 Series J-2 Bonds are being applied to finance the Mortgage Loan for the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Development. The 2016 Series J Supplemental Resolution provides that on or before April 15, 2022, upon the delivery by Freddie Mac of a Credit Enhancement Agreement in connection with the conversion of the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Mortgage Loan to a permanent Mortgage Loan and satisfaction of other conditions, (i) the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Mortgage Loan will be released from the lien of the General Resolution and will no longer be a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution and (ii) the 2016 Series J-1 Bonds will no longer be secured by the Revenues and assets pledged under the General Resolution but will instead be secured solely by the Mortgage Loan for the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Development and the revenues and mortgage related thereto. If such conditions are not satisfied on or before April 15, 2022, then the Mortgage Loan for the Jamaica Crossing High Rise Development will be in default and the 2016 Series J-1 Bonds and 2016 Series J-2 Bonds will be subject to mandatory tender for purchase on May 1, 2022.

⁽⁵⁾ The 2016 Series C-2 Bonds are being remarketed pursuant to this Official Statement.

As of January 31, 2020, the following Bonds were Outstanding under the Program.

	Bonds Outstanding	Percentage of Total Bonds Outstanding
Fixed Rate ⁽¹⁾	\$6,865,415,000	84%
Variable Rate	\$1,295,700,000	16%
TOTAL	\$8,161,115,000	100%

⁽¹⁾ Including bonds bearing interest in a term rate term (a fixed rate to a mandatory tender date) or in a fixed rate mode (a fixed rate to maturity, subject to earlier mandatory tender and conversion to other interest rates after a specified date at the option of the Corporation).

None of the Bonds Outstanding are Subordinate Bonds. The Corporation has entered into interest rate cap and swap agreements to hedge a portion of the variable interest rate exposure associated with its variable interest rate bond program. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Interest Rate Caps and Swaps" and "Appendix E—Interest Rate Hedge Agreements" herein. The total principal amount of Bonds Outstanding described above does not include the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series J-1 and 2018 Series N, because each is separately secured from all other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Additional Obligations Issued Under the General Resolution But Not Secured by the General Resolution."

The Corporation has issued NIBP Series 1 Bonds under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and NIBP Series 2 Bonds under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution. Additional bonds may also be issued under each NIBP Resolution secured on a parity with the NIBP Series 1 Bonds or NIBP Series 2 Bonds, as applicable (the NIBP Series 1 Bonds, any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution, the NIBP Series 2 Bonds and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are referred to collectively as the "NIBP Bonds"). Amounts on deposit in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution are pledged to secure regularly scheduled debt service on the NIBP Bonds on parity with all Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds) and the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution."

The Corporation has issued 2017 Pass-Through Bonds under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. Amounts on deposit in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution are pledged to secure the payment of regularly scheduled interest on the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds, and the mandatory redemption thereof from loan principal repayments, on parity with all Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds) and the NIBP Bonds. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution."

SECURITY FOR THE BONDS

Pledge of the General Resolution

The General Resolution constitutes a contract among the Corporation, the Trustee and the owners of the Bonds issued thereunder and, except as otherwise provided under the General Resolution or in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, its provisions are for the equal benefit, protection and security of the owners of all such Bonds, each of which, regardless of maturity, is to be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction. The General Resolution authorizes the issuance of Bonds having a charge and lien on the Revenues and other assets pledged under the General Resolution subordinate to the charge and lien of the Bonds (the "Subordinate Bonds"). Prior to the issuance of any Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds), the General Resolution requires that the Trustee be provided with confirmation of the then existing ratings on the Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds) by each of the Rating Agencies then rating such Bonds. See "Additional Bonds" below.

The Bonds are special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the Revenues and Accounts described below.

Payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on all Bonds is secured by a pledge of Revenues, which consist of, among other things, unless otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, all payments received by the Corporation from or on account of the Mortgage Loans, including scheduled, delinquent and advance payments of principal of and interest on the Mortgage Loans, proceeds from the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of the Mortgage Loans, amounts received on account of the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loans or other remedial proceedings taken in the event of a default thereon, proceeds of any mortgage insurance or credit enhancement with respect to defaulted Mortgage Loans, proceeds of any hazard insurance or condemnation award, and income derived from the investment of funds held by the Trustee in Accounts established under or pursuant to the General Resolution. Revenues do not, however, include amounts required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund, Escrow Payments, late charges or administrative, financing, extension, servicing or settlement fees on account of any Mortgage Loan. Payment of the Bonds is also secured by a pledge by the Corporation of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loans and, except as otherwise provided in any Supplemental Resolution authorizing a particular Series of Bonds, of all Accounts established pursuant to the General Resolution (including the investments thereof, if any). Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is not required to subject to the pledge and lien of the General Resolution assets, including mortgage loans, financed by Bonds issued thereunder. In addition, under the General Resolution the Corporation may pledge Accounts created pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a particular Series of Bonds solely to the Bonds of such Series or exclude such Accounts from the pledge of the General Resolution. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution."

The foregoing pledges are also subject to the terms and provisions of the General Resolution requiring transfers of amounts to the Rebate Fund and permitting the application of the Revenues and amounts in such Accounts for certain purposes, including financing Mortgage Loans, funding the Debt Service Reserve Account in order to maintain such Account at its required level, paying certain amounts to the Trustee, the Corporation and Credit Facility Providers, if any, and paying certain investment fees, if any. The Corporation is also authorized under the General Resolution to withdraw surplus revenues and any Mortgage Loans, free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution, upon filing a Cash Flow Statement (or, with respect to surplus revenues, a Cash Flow Certificate) with the Trustee. See "Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" below and "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Revenue Account."

Mortgage Loans

Under the General Resolution, the Corporation is authorized to issue Bonds to finance any of its corporate purposes for which the Corporation may issue bonds under the Act, or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted. Such corporate purposes include, but are not limited to, financing one or more Mortgage Loans. The term Mortgage Loan is defined under the General Resolution as a loan for a Project, evidenced by a note, secured by a Mortgage (but such Mortgage need not create a first mortgage lien on such Project) and specified in a Supplemental Resolution as being subject to the lien of the General Resolution. The term Mortgage Loan also includes a participation by the Corporation with another party or parties, public or private, in a loan made to a Mortgagor with respect to a Project, or pool of such loans, and any instrument evidencing an ownership in any such loan or the cash flow therefrom, including, but not limited to, guaranteed mortgage-backed securities. In addition to Mortgage Loans, the Corporation may finance mortgage loans and other assets that are not subject to the pledge of the General Resolution. See "THE PROGRAM—General" and "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" for a description of the Mortgage Loans financed under the Program to date.

If Mortgage Loans are financed under the General Resolution, such Mortgage Loans may, but are not required to, be subject to Supplemental Security insuring or securing against Mortgage Loan default losses. Such Supplemental Security, if any, may be in the form of, among other things, a policy of mortgage insurance, a guaranteed mortgage-backed security, a letter of credit, a surety bond or an escrow deposit, any or all of which may be obtained pursuant to one or more programs of the Federal, State or local government.

In the case of most of its programs, the Corporation has not assumed sole responsibility for the underwriting of mortgage loans financed thereunder. For certain Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation relies on the underwriting criteria and expertise of other parties, including HUD, FHA, Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, REMIC, SONYMA, credit facility providers and/or HPD. For certain other Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation, in conjunction with conventional lenders, credit facility providers and/or HPD, has underwritten such Mortgage Loans. For certain Mortgage Loans in the Program, the Corporation may determine to undertake such underwriting responsibility by itself. In the General Resolution, the Corporation has covenanted to retain and employ competent personnel for the purposes of carrying out its powers thereunder.

Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing Bonds, the Corporation shall do all acts and things necessary to receive and collect Revenues (including diligent enforcement of the prompt collection of all arrears on Mortgage Loans) and shall diligently enforce, and take all steps, actions and proceedings reasonably necessary in the judgment of the Corporation to protect its rights with respect to or to maintain any Supplemental Security on Mortgage Loans or any Subsidy Programs in connection with the Projects securing the Mortgage Loans or the occupancy thereof and to enforce all terms, covenants and conditions of the Mortgage Loans, including the collection, custody and prompt application of all Escrow Payments for the purposes for which they were made. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loans."

Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates

The General Resolution provides that the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a current Cash Flow Statement: (i) whenever any Series of Bonds is issued; (ii) upon purchase or redemption of Bonds of a Series in a manner other than (a) as contemplated in the last Cash Flow Statement filed by the Corporation with the Trustee or (b) on a basis whereby the Bonds of each maturity of such Series are purchased or redeemed in the proportion that the amount Outstanding of such maturity bears to the total amount of all Bonds Outstanding of such Series, when such purchases or redemptions are to be made in connection with

Recoveries of Principal; (iii) prior to withdrawing monies for payment to the Corporation, pursuant to the General Resolution, free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution, in an amount in excess of the amounts determined to be available for such purpose in the last Cash Flow Statement filed with the Trustee; (iv) prior to selling Mortgage Loans not in default; (v) prior to the financing of or amending Mortgage Loans to contain terms that would adversely affect the cash flow projections contained in the last Cash Flow Statement filed with the Trustee; (vi) prior to the releasing of any Mortgage Loan from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution; (vii) prior to the application of Recoveries of Principal to any use other than the purchase or redemption of Bonds; (viii) prior to the purchase of Bonds pursuant to certain provisions of the General Resolution at prices in excess of those specified in the General Resolution; or (ix) prior to the application of monies in the Redemption Account resulting from Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to any Mortgage Loans to the purchase or redemption of Bonds of a Series other than the Series issued to finance such Mortgage Loans.

In addition, the Corporation shall not take any of the actions described in clauses (ii) through (ix) of the preceding paragraph unless subsequent to such action the amount of monies and Investment Securities held in the Bond Proceeds Account, the Redemption Account, the Revenue Account and the Debt Service Reserve Account (valued at their cost to the Corporation, as adjusted by amortization of the discount or premium paid upon purchase of such obligations ratably to their respective maturities), together with accrued but unpaid interest thereon, and the outstanding principal balance of Mortgage Loans, together with accrued but unpaid interest thereon, and any other assets, valued at their realizable value, pledged for the payment of the Bonds will exceed the aggregate principal amount of and accrued but unpaid interest on Bonds Outstanding; provided, however, that in the event that a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds specifies that, for purposes of the requirements of this paragraph, the Mortgage Loans financed by such Series of Bonds shall be valued at other than their outstanding principal balance, then, with respect to such Mortgage Loans, such other value shall be used in the calculations required by this paragraph. Each Supplemental Resolution assigns or provides for the assignment of a valuation to the Mortgage Loans financed thereunder. The Corporation may change such valuation with respect to any such Mortgage Loan by furnishing to the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer specifying the new valuation. Copies of the Supplemental Resolutions and any such Certificates are on file with the Corporation and the Trustee.

A Cash Flow Statement consists of a statement of an Authorized Officer giving effect to actions proposed to be taken and demonstrating in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding that amounts then expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in each such Bond Year will be at least equal to all amounts required by the General Resolution to be on deposit in the Accounts for the payment of the principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds and for the funding of the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement. However, a Supplemental Resolution may provide that an Account established in such Supplemental Resolution not be taken into account when preparing the Cash Flow Statement. The Cash Flow Statement shall set forth the assumptions upon which the estimates therein are based, which assumptions are to be based upon the Corporation's reasonable expectations and must not adversely affect any of the Rating Agencies' ratings on the Bonds. In calculating the amount of interest due in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding on Bonds bearing interest at a variable rate, the interest rate used shall be assumed to be the fixed rate, which in the judgment of the remarketing agents for such Bonds, or such other financial consultant selected by the Corporation and experienced in the sale of municipal securities (having due regard to the prevailing market conditions), would be necessary to enable such Bonds to be sold at par in the secondary market on the date of such calculation or such higher or lower rate which does not adversely affect any of the Rating Agencies' ratings on the Bonds. Upon filing a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee, the Corporation is to perform its obligations under the General Resolution in accordance, in all material respects, with the assumptions set forth in such Cash Flow Statement. Except with respect to actions being taken contemporaneously with the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement, facts

reflected in a Cash Flow Statement may be as of a date or reasonably adjusted to a date not more than 180 days prior to the date of delivery of such statement.

In lieu of filing a Cash Flow Statement, a Cash Flow Certificate may be filed in order to take the actions described in (1) clause (iii) of the first paragraph of this subsection or (2) clause (v) of the first paragraph of this subsection relating to amending Mortgage Loans but only if, in the judgment of the Corporation, such amendments do not materially adversely affect the cash flow projections contained in the last Cash Flow Statement. A Cash Flow Certificate shall consist of a statement of an Authorized Officer to the effect of one of the following:

- (a) The proposed action is consistent with the assumptions set forth in the latest Cash Flow Statement; or
- (b) After giving effect to the proposed action, in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding, amounts expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in each such Bond Year will be at least equal to all amounts required by the General Resolution to be on deposit in such Accounts for the payment of the principal and Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds, and for the funding of the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement, except that to the extent specified in a Supplemental Resolution an Account established in said Supplemental Resolution shall not be taken into account in connection with such Cash Flow Certificate; or
- (c) The proposed action will not in and of itself adversely affect the amounts expected to be on deposit in the Accounts in the current and each succeeding Bond Year in which Bonds are scheduled to be Outstanding, except that the Cash Flow Certificate shall not consider any Accounts which a Supplemental Resolution specifies shall not be taken into account in connection with the delivery of a Cash Flow Certificate.

A Cash Flow Statement is not required in connection with the release of the 2014 Series B Mortgage Loan at such time as both (a) the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B-1 and Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B-2 (collectively, the "2014 Series B Bonds") are no longer Outstanding or the Corporation provides a Certificate to the Trustee demonstrating that the 2014 Series B Bonds would have been no longer Outstanding had excess revenues from the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest available for the redemption of 2014 Series B Bonds been applied to redeem the 2014 Series B Bonds and (b) the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series B (the "2018 Series B Bonds") are no longer Outstanding or the Corporation provides a Certificate to the Trustee demonstrating that the 2018 Series B Bonds would have been no longer Outstanding had excess revenues from the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest (and, after a certain date, from the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest) available for the redemption of 2018 Series B Bonds been applied to redeem the 2018 Series B Bonds. A Cash Flow Statement is also not required for the release of funds in payment of the fee payable to the Corporation pursuant to the Participation Agreements with respect to the 2014 Series B Participant Interest (equal to 1.25% of the principal amount deemed to be Outstanding of the 2014 Series B Bonds). In addition, a Cash Flow Statement is not required in connection with the release of the 2018 Series B Mortgage Loan at such time as the 2018 Series B Bonds are no longer Outstanding or at such earlier time as the Corporation provides a Certificate to the Trustee demonstrating that the 2018 Series B Bonds would have been no longer Outstanding had excess revenues from the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest available for the redemption of 2018 Series B Bonds been applied to redeem the 2018 Series B Bonds. A Cash Flow Statement is also not required for the release of funds in payment of the fee payable to the Corporation pursuant to the Participation Agreement with respect to the 2018 Series B Participant Interest (equal to 1.25% of the principal amount deemed to be Outstanding of the 2018 Series B Bonds) or for certain other actions described in "THE PROGRAM—2014 Series B Participant Interest" and "—2018 Series B Participant Interest."

A Cash Flow Statement is also not required in connection with the release of the 2005 Series F Participant Interest, the 2015 Series J Participant Interest, the 2011 Participant Interest and certain of the subordinate Mortgage Loans originated pursuant to the ML Restructuring Program when the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are no longer Outstanding. In addition, a Cash Flow Statement is not required in connection with the release of the Lexington Gardens II 2017 Series C Mortgage Loan financed with the proceeds of the 2017 Series C-4 Bonds upon receipt by the Trustee from the Corporation of funds equal to the outstanding principal amount of the Lexington Gardens II 2017 Series C Mortgage Loan at the time of such release and notice to redeem the outstanding 2017 Series C-4 Bonds.

In addition, with respect to Mortgage Loans financed with the proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series C-1 and 2018 Series C-2; 2018 Series K; 2019 Series B-1 and 2019 Series B-2; 2019 Series E-1, 2019 Series E-2 and 2019 Series E-3; and 2019 Series J, a Cash Flow Statement is not required in connection with release to the Corporation of a portion of a Mandatory Prepayment in an amount not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the portion of the applicable Mortgage Loan funded with monies of the Corporation other than proceeds of applicable Series of Bonds.

Bond Proceeds Account

Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has established a Bond Proceeds Account. Proceeds of the sale of Bonds are deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account. The General Resolution provides that amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account may only be expended to (i) finance Corporation Corporate Purposes, including, but not limited to, the financing of Mortgage Loans; (ii) pay costs of issuance; (iii) pay principal and interest on Bonds when due to the extent amounts in the Revenue Fund are insufficient; (iv) purchase or redeem Bonds; (v) pay, purchase or redeem bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or any other entity; and (vi) reimburse a Credit Facility Provider for amounts obtained under a Credit Facility for the purposes described in clauses (iii), (iv) or (v).

As of July 31, 2019, the Bond Proceeds Account had a balance of \$1,962,479,537, which the Corporation expects to use primarily to finance Mortgage Loans over the course of the construction or rehabilitation of each Development and for other Corporation Corporate Purposes. Monies held in the Bond Proceeds Account are invested in Investment Securities. For information regarding the investment of amounts on deposit in the Bond Proceeds Account, see "Certain Investments" below.

Debt Service Reserve Account

Pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation has established a Debt Service Reserve Account. If on any Interest Payment Date or Redemption Date the amount available in the Revenue Account and Redemption Account, as applicable, is insufficient to pay Principal Installments and interest due on any Bonds, the Trustee must apply amounts from the Debt Service Reserve Account to the extent necessary to make good the deficiency.

Under the General Resolution, the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement is the aggregate of the amounts specified as the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for each Series of Bonds in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of such Series of Bonds. There is no minimum Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement under the General Resolution. The General Resolution further provides that the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for any Series of Bonds may be funded, in whole or in part, through Cash Equivalents if so provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Debt Service

Reserve Account." As of July 31, 2019, the Debt Service Reserve Account had a balance of \$179,011,774 including a payment obligation of \$12,507,500 by the Corporation which constitutes a general obligation of the Corporation; the aggregate Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for all of the Bonds Outstanding was met as of such date. Monies held in the Debt Service Reserve Account are invested in Investment Securities. For information regarding the investment of amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account, see "Certain Investments" below.

Mortgage Loan Reserve Account

In 2005, the Corporation established a Mortgage Loan Reserve Account for a specified pool of Mortgage Loans that receive credit enhancement from Fannie Mae (the "Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans"). Funds in the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account may be used by the Trustee at the direction and discretion of the Corporation to pay a portion of the debt service on the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—Fannie Mae—Fannie Mae Pool Credit Enhancement Instrument." As of July 31, 2019, the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account had a balance of \$1,358,868. Monies held in the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account are invested in Investment Securities. For information regarding the investment of amounts on deposit in the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account, see "Certain Investments" below.

Interest Rate Caps and Swaps

In connection with its variable interest rate bond program, the Corporation has entered into interest rate cap agreements to manage its exposure to variable interest rate risk (the "Interest Rate Cap Agreements") under which, in exchange for an upfront payment from the Corporation, the counterparties to such Interest Rate Cap Agreements agree to pay an amount equal to interest on specified amortizing notional amounts calculated using the amount by which a specified index (the "Index") exceeds a specified interest rate (the "Strike Rate"). Under the Interest Rate Cap Agreements, the counterparty is not obligated to pay the Corporation with respect to such notional amounts, the amount by which the Index exceeds a specified ceiling rate. The Corporation has pledged the payments, if any, received from the counterparties pursuant to the Interest Rate Cap Agreements to the General Resolution for the benefit of the Bond owners.

The table titled "Interest Rate Caps" in Appendix E hereto sets forth the following information with respect to each Interest Rate Cap Agreement into which the Corporation has entered: counterparty, Index, Strike Rate, ceiling rate, effective date and termination date. See "Appendix E—Interest Rate Hedge Agreements."

The Corporation has also entered into certain interest rate exchange agreements ("Interest Rate Exchange Agreements") to manage its exposure to variable interest rate risk. Under the terms of each Interest Rate Exchange Agreement, the Corporation will receive a payment to the extent an amount based on a variable rate calculated on a notional amount exceeds an amount based on a fixed rate calculated on the notional amount, and the Corporation will be obligated to make a payment to the extent the amount based on the fixed rate exceeds the amount based on the variable rate. Under certain Interest Rate Exchange Agreements, the counterparty is not obligated to pay the Corporation with respect to such notional amounts, the amount by which the variable rate exceeds a specified ceiling rate. The Corporation has pledged the payments, if any, received from the counterparty pursuant to each Interest Rate Exchange Agreement to the General Resolution for the benefit of the Bond owners (reserving the right to remove such payments from such pledge upon filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee). However, the obligation of the Corporation under each Interest Rate Exchange Agreement is a general obligation of the Corporation and is not secured under the General Resolution.

The table titled "Interest Rate Exchange Agreements" in Appendix E hereto sets forth the following information with respect to the Interest Rate Exchange Agreements: counterparty, Index, rate payable, rate received, ceiling rate, effective date and termination date. See "Appendix E—Interest Rate Hedge Agreements."

From time to time, the Corporation considers entering into additional interest rate cap agreements and interest rate exchange agreements in order to manage its exposure to variable interest rate risk.

Additional Bonds

Additional Bonds, subordinate to or on parity with the Bonds then Outstanding, may be issued by the Corporation pursuant to the General Resolution. Prior to the issuance of any such additional Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds), the General Resolution requires that the Trustee be provided with, among other things, confirmation of the then existing rating on the Bonds (other than the Subordinate Bonds) by each of the Rating Agencies then rating such Bonds. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Provisions for Issuance of Bonds" for a description of the requirements that must be met under the General Resolution prior to the issuance of additional Bonds.

Bonds Not a Debt of the State or the City

The Bonds are not a debt of the State or the City and neither the State nor the City shall be liable thereon, nor shall the Bonds be payable out of any funds other than those of the Corporation pledged therefor. The Corporation has no taxing power.

Summary of Program Assets and Revenues

Accompanying the audited financial statements of the Corporation for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019 is supplemental information related to the Program (referred to therein as the "Housing Revenue Bond Program") which is specifically set forth in Schedule 3, all as set forth in Appendix C hereto. Schedule 3 is supplemental information primarily related to the Program for the Corporation's fiscal years ended October 31, 2019 and 2018. Said schedule includes (i) a balance sheet with assets, liabilities and net assets substantially related to the assets pledged under the General Resolution and (ii) a schedule of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets substantially related to the revenues pledged under the General Resolution. Said schedule does not include financial information with respect to activities under the General Resolution subsequent to October 31, 2019, including the issuance of Bonds or the making of Mortgage Loans after such date.

Schedule 3 contains a schedule of balance sheet information which reflects such net assets of approximately \$1,800,766,000 as of October 31, 2019, an increase of 17.3% from October 31, 2018. This schedule also provides information pertaining to revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets that reflects an increase in such net assets of approximately \$265,164,000 during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019, an increase from net assets of \$1,535,602,000 as of October 31, 2018.

The Corporation may withdraw assets and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate as more fully described in "Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates" above. Since the inception of the Program, the Corporation has made withdrawals of surplus revenues. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019, the Corporation withdrew \$47,983,545 of surplus revenues from the General Resolution, \$4,195,498 of surplus revenues from the NIBP Series 1 Resolution, \$931,473 of surplus revenues from the NIBP Series 2 Resolution and \$1,889,484 of surplus revenues from the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. Subsequent to October 31, 2019, the Corporation withdrew approximately \$24,339,528 of surplus revenues

from the General Resolution, \$2,213,565 of surplus revenues from the NIBP Series 1 Resolution, \$430,039 of surplus revenues from the NIBP Series 2 Resolution and \$1,016,869 of surplus revenues from the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution.

Certain Investments

The Corporation at times may invest amounts held in the Accounts under the General Resolution in Investment Securities, including: repurchase agreements and bank deposit agreements (both of which are at least 102% collateralized and held by a third party or secured by a FHLB letter of credit), guaranteed investment contracts (GICs), municipal securities, and U.S. Treasury and agency securities in accordance with the Corporation's investment guidelines. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee with funds that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution must, as of the date of such purchase, be rated by each of the Rating Agencies in a category at least equal to the rating category of the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) (or "A-1+" or "P-1," as applicable, if the Investment Security has a remaining term at the time it is provided not exceeding one (1) year); provided, however, that the Trustee may purchase Investment Securities that are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the purchase of such Investment Securities does not, as of the date of such purchase, in and of itself, result in a reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies. A change in the rating of any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee, subsequent to the date of purchase, would not require the Trustee to sell such Investment Securities. If a Rating Agency were to downgrade or withdraw the rating on any Investment Securities previously purchased by the Trustee, the rating on the Bonds could be negatively affected. See "RATINGS" in Part I of this Official Statement. Investment earnings on Accounts are to be transferred to the Revenue Account except as otherwise provided by the General Resolution. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Deposits and Investments" and "—Revenue Account."

Liquidity Facilities for Bonds Bearing Variable Rates of Interest

The Corporation has outstanding Series of Bonds supported by a liquidity facility that currently bear interest at a variable interest rate and that are subject to optional or mandatory tender (the "Variable Rate Bonds"). As of January 31, 2020, each of the banks identified below (each for purposes of this section, a "Liquidity Facility Provider") has provided a standby bond purchase agreement (each for purposes of this section, a "Liquidity Facility") with respect to the specified Series of Variable Rate Bonds. Each Liquidity Facility requires the Liquidity Facility Provider to provide funds to pay the Purchase Price of any Variable Rate Bonds of the applicable Series that are tendered for purchase and not remarketed.

Outstanding Liquidity Facilities

			Par Amount of	
Bonds	Development	Liquidity Facility Provider	Liquidity Facility	Expiration Date
		Wells Fargo Bank, National		
2017 Series C-4	Lexington Gardens II	Association	\$57,830,000	December 28, 2020
		Wells Fargo Bank, National		
2017 Series G-3	La Central Building A and B	Association	\$85,950,000	March 28, 2021
2019 Series A-4	N/A	Royal Bank of Canada	\$30,000,000	April 18, 2024
2019 Series E-3	N/A	Royal Bank of Canada	\$45,000,000	June 25, 2024
TOTAL			\$218,780,000	

Any Variable Rate Bond purchased by the Liquidity Facility Provider pursuant to the terms of the Liquidity Facility becomes a "Bank Bond" until such Bank Bond is either remarketed to a purchaser (other than the Liquidity Facility Provider) or retired. Interest on any Bank Bond will be due and payable at the rate provided for the Variable Rate Bonds of the applicable Series set forth in the applicable Supplemental Resolution and the principal of any Bank Bond will be payable at the times and amounts set forth for the Variable Rate Bonds of the applicable Series in the applicable Supplemental Resolution.

Each Liquidity Facility expires prior to the maturity date of the related Variable Rate Bonds. In connection with any scheduled expiration as stated in the above table, the Corporation may extend the scheduled expiration, provide an alternate liquidity facility to replace the expiring standby bond purchase agreement, or convert the interest rates on the applicable Series of Variable Rate Bonds to fixed interest rates or to an interest rate mode that does not require a liquidity facility. Each Series of Variable Rate Bonds is subject to mandatory tender for purchase prior to the expiration of the applicable Liquidity Facility. There can be no assurance that the Corporation will be able to extend any expiration date or to obtain an alternate liquidity facility on terms substantially similar to the terms of the expiring standby bond purchase agreement. Under certain circumstances, the Liquidity Facility Provider may terminate a standby bond purchase agreement without affording the applicable Variable Rate Bond owners a right to tender their Bonds.

Additional Obligations Secured by the General Resolution

NIBP Bonds

The Corporation has issued \$415,000,000 principal amount of NIBP Series 1 Bonds (\$131,810,000 principal amount of which is Outstanding as of January 31, 2020 under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and \$85,000,000 principal amount of NIBP Series 2 Bonds (\$14,900,000 principal amount of which is Outstanding as of January 31, 2020) under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution. Additional bonds may also be issued under each NIBP Resolution secured on a parity with the NIBP Series 1 Bonds or NIBP Series 2 Bonds, as applicable (the NIBP Series 1 Bonds, any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution, the NIBP Series 2 Bonds and any additional bonds issued under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution are referred to collectively, as the "NIBP Bonds"). Amounts on deposit in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution are pledged to secure regularly scheduled payments of principal of and interest on the NIBP Bonds, including the sinking fund payments thereon, on a parity with all Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds) and the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. No other funds and Accounts under the General Resolution other than the Revenue Account are pledged to secure the NIBP Bonds. Payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the NIBP Bonds is also secured by the funds and accounts established under and the revenues and assets pledged under the

applicable NIBP Resolution. However, the funds, accounts, revenues and assets pledged under the NIBP Resolutions are not security for the Bonds or the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds.

The Second Supplement to each NIBP Resolution provides that the regularly scheduled principal of and interest on the applicable NIBP Bonds, including sinking fund payments thereon, shall be paid first with revenues available under such NIBP Resolution, second with amounts withdrawn from the debt service reserve fund held under such NIBP Resolution and third, but only to the extent that such sources are not sufficient, with amounts in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution. Amounts held in the Debt Service Reserve Account and other funds and Accounts under the General Resolution (other than the Revenue Account) are not available to pay any amounts with respect to the NIBP Bonds. Any projected transfers from the Revenue Account for the payment of NIBP Bonds, as described above, will be taken into account in all Cash Flow Statements.

Each NIBP Resolution contains its own events of default and does not provide that an event of default under the General Resolution is an event of default under the NIBP Resolution. If an event of default under a NIBP Resolution occurs but no event of default has occurred under the General Resolution, then the holders of the applicable NIBP Bonds will be entitled to pursue remedies under the related NIBP Resolution (but not under the General Resolution). Such remedies may include acceleration of the applicable NIBP Bonds but the Revenues and amounts held in the funds and Accounts under the General Resolution shall not be available to pay any accelerated amounts. If an event of default under the General Resolution occurs but no event of default has occurred under a NIBP Resolution, then the holders of Bonds (excluding the NIBP Bonds) may direct remedies under the General Resolution including the acceleration of Bonds other than the NIBP Bonds. However, so long as there is no event of default under a NIBP Resolution, the NIBP Bonds issued thereunder shall not be accelerated and no remedies may be pursued by the holders of such NIBP Bonds. If an event of default occurs under the General Resolution and an event of default also occurs under a NIBP Resolution, the holders of Bonds may pursue remedies under the General Resolution, the holders of applicable NIBP Bonds may pursue remedies under the related NIBP Resolution and such remedies are not required to be coordinated. In no event may holders of NIBP Bonds direct remedies under the General Resolution. However, since certain mortgage loans and the payments thereunder are allocated between the General Resolution and the NIBP Series 1 Resolution and under certain circumstances the trustee under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution may direct remedies with respect to such mortgage loans, the exercise of remedies under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution by the trustee thereunder or by the holders of the applicable NIBP Bonds may impact the security and Revenues under the General Resolution.

The NIBP Bonds were issued as part of the New Issue Bond Program of the United States Department of the Treasury and the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation purchased the NIBP Bonds. The proceeds of each Series of the NIBP Bonds have been advanced to fund advances of mortgage loans and for certain other purposes.

2017 Pass-Through Bonds

The Corporation has issued \$59,891,354 principal amount of 2017 Pass-Through Bonds (\$58,053,816 principal amount of which is Outstanding as of January 31, 2020) under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. Amounts on deposit in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution are pledged to secure the payment of regularly scheduled interest on the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds, and the mandatory redemption thereof from loan principal repayments, on a parity with all Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution (other than Subordinate Bonds) and the NIBP Bonds. No other funds and Accounts under the General Resolution other than the Revenue Account are pledged to secure the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. Payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds is also secured by the funds and accounts established under and the revenues and assets

pledged under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. However, the funds, accounts, revenues and assets pledged under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution are not security for the Bonds or the NIBP Bonds.

The 2017 Pass-Through Resolution provides that regularly scheduled interest on the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds, and the mandatory redemption thereof from loan principal repayments, shall be paid first with revenues available under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution, second with amounts withdrawn from the debt service reserve fund held under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution and third, but only to the extent that such sources are not sufficient (and only if and for so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing under the General Resolution), with amounts in the Revenue Account under the General Resolution. Amounts held in the Debt Service Reserve Account and other funds and Accounts under the General Resolution (other than the Revenue Account) are not available to pay any amounts with respect to the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. Any projected transfers from the Revenue Account for the payment of 2017 Pass-Through Bonds, as described above, will be taken into account in all Cash Flow Statements.

The 2017 Pass-Through Resolution contains its own events of default and does not provide that an event of default under the General Resolution is an event of default under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution. If an event of default under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution occurs but no event of default has occurred under the General Resolution, then the holders of 2017 Pass-Through Bonds will be entitled to pursue remedies under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution (but not under the General Resolution). Such remedies may include acceleration of the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds but the Revenues and amounts held in the funds and Accounts under the General Resolution shall not be available to pay any accelerated amounts. If an event of default under the General Resolution occurs but no event of default has occurred under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution, then the holders of Bonds (excluding the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds) may direct remedies under the General Resolution including the acceleration of Bonds other than the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. However, so long as there is no event of default under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution, the 2017 Pass-Through Bonds issued thereunder shall not be accelerated and no remedies may be pursued by the holders of such 2017 Pass-Through Bonds. If an event of default occurs under the General Resolution and an event of default also occurs under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution, the holders of Bonds may pursue remedies under the General Resolution, the holders of 2017 Pass-Through Bonds may pursue remedies under the 2017 Pass-Through Resolution and such remedies are not required to be coordinated. In no event may holders of 2017 Pass-Through direct remedies under the General Resolution.

Additional Obligations Issued Under the General Resolution But Not Secured by the General Resolution

The Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series J-1 and 2018 Series N (the "Separately Secured Bonds") are separately secured from all other Bonds issued and to be issued under the General Resolution such that no Revenues or assets pledged under the General Resolution are available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or interest on the Separately Secured Bonds and no revenues or assets pledged under the applicable Supplemental Resolutions for the Separately Secured Bonds shall under any circumstances (including, but not limited to, the occurrence of an Event of Default under the General Resolution) be available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of or Sinking Fund Payments or interest on any Bonds (other than the Separately Secured Bonds) issued or to be issued under the General Resolution. If an event of default under a Supplemental Resolution relating to the Separately Secured Bonds occurs, the holders of the Separately Secured Bonds will not be entitled to pursue remedies under the General Resolution. If an Event of Default under the General Resolution occurs, the holders of Bonds (excluding the Separately Secured Bonds) will not be entitled to pursue remedies under the applicable Supplemental Resolutions relating to the Separately Secured Bonds.

Additional Pledged Receipts

The Corporation has agreed to deposit in the Revenue Account revenues from the senior mortgage loans for four multi-family housing developments that are in excess of amounts due to the holder of participation interests in such mortgage loans.

With respect to the first of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$1.3 million per year, declining to approximately \$980,000 per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. In addition, the Corporation has agreed to deposit in the Revenue Account any amounts received after October 15, 2024 as a prepayment of a related subordinate mortgage loan in connection with a full prepayment of such senior mortgage loan, not to exceed a specified amount (declining from approximately \$10 million in 2024 to zero in 2034). The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on October 31, 2034, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

With respect to the second of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$1.7 million per year, declining to approximately \$1.08 million per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on July 31, 2032, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

With respect to the third of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$348,000 per year, declining to approximately \$196,000 per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on December 31, 2032, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

With respect to the fourth of such mortgage loans, the amount of such excess revenues is expected to be approximately \$983,918 per year, declining to approximately \$730,606 per year, but would be reduced to zero in the event of a prepayment in full of the mortgage loan or a default under the mortgage loan. The Corporation's agreement to make the deposits terminates on August 31, 2028, and may be terminated at any earlier time upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate with the Trustee.

All such amounts deposited in the Revenue Account shall constitute Pledged Receipts. The mortgage loans themselves will not be pledged as security under the General Resolution.

THE PROGRAM

General

Under the Program, the Corporation may issue Bonds to finance any corporate purpose for which bonds may be issued under the Act or any other applicable law now or hereafter enacted. The Bonds have been issued to, among other things, finance construction Mortgage Loans (the "Construction Mortgage Loans"), finance permanent Mortgage Loans and/or finance the acquisition of permanent Mortgage Loans (collectively, the "Permanent Mortgage Loans"), for certain newly constructed or rehabilitated

Developments. Construction Mortgage Loans and Permanent Mortgage Loans are referred to herein, collectively, as the "Mortgage Loans."

The General Resolution provides for the issuance of additional Bonds to be used for financing any corporate purpose including the financing of Mortgage Loans and Developments which are neither secured by Supplemental Security nor subsidized pursuant to a Subsidy Program. The General Resolution does not require Mortgage Loans to be secured by first mortgage liens on their respective Developments. A Mortgage Loan also may represent the Corporation's participation interest in a mortgage loan or the cash flow therefrom (see "2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest," "2011 Participant Interest," "2014 Series B Participant Interest" and "2018 Series B Participant Interest" below). Moreover, the Corporation may withdraw Mortgage Loans and surplus revenues from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate or, with respect to certain fees and Mortgage Loans, without the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate. See "SECURITY FOR THE BONDS—Cash Flow Statements and Cash Flow Certificates." The information below is as of July 31, 2019. Subsequent to July 31, 2019, the Corporation has financed or acquired additional Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 8: Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program—Developments and Mortgage Loans Financed Under the Program Subsequent to July 31, 2019."

Mortgage Loans

General

The Mortgage Loans financed Developments located throughout the City. Approximately 300 Developments have more than one Mortgage Loan. The following table summarizes all of the Mortgage Loans outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019 other than the "ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans" which are described under "ML Restructuring Mortgage Loans" below and listed in "Appendix D-1—Table 3: ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019." Subsequent to July 31, 2019, the Corporation has financed or acquired additional Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 8: Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program—Developments and Mortgage Loans Financed Under the Program Subsequent to July 31, 2019." In addition, certain Construction Loans have converted to Permanent Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019." Furthermore, since July 31, 2019, the Corporation has received principal prepayments as well as scheduled prepayments. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "—Prepayment Notifications."

Summary of All Mortgage Loans

	Number of Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance of Mortgage Loans	Percentage of Total Outstanding Principal Balance of Mortgage Loans
Permanent Mortgage Loans	1,102	\$5,232,536,743	67.33%
Construction Mortgage Loans	187	\$2,538,831,953	32.67%
TOTAL [†]	1,289	\$7,771,368,696	100.00%

May not add due to rounding.

See "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program."

Approximately one hundred twenty (120) of the Permanent Mortgage Loans relate to the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and are subject to a participation interest (see "2014 Series B Participant Interest" below). Approximately two hundred ninety-two (292) of the Permanent Mortgage Loans relate to the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and are subject to a participation interest (see "2018 Series B Participant Interest" below).

The majority of mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, the 2011 Participant Interest, the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans and certain of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are secured by subordinate mortgage liens on their respective Developments. The majority of the other outstanding Mortgage Loans under the Program are secured by first mortgage liens on their respective Developments. As further security, as of July 31, 2019, approximately 53% of the aggregate outstanding balance of the Permanent Mortgage Loans and 68% of the aggregate outstanding balance of the Construction Mortgage Loans were subject to Supplemental Security. The balance of the Mortgage Loans are not secured by Supplemental Security. In the event of a default on the Mortgage Loans that are not secured by Supplemental Security, the related mortgage liens would likely be the sole security for repayment (see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" below). The information in this paragraph with respect to Supplemental Security excludes information relating to the mortgage loans underlying the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans.

In addition, Developments related to most of the Mortgage Loans outstanding under the Program are beneficiaries of one or more Subsidy Programs. Certain Developments are neither secured by Supplemental Security nor subsidized through Subsidy Programs. Each Supplemental Security program and Subsidy Program is implemented under different Federal, State or local statutes, and is subject to its own rules and guidelines. See Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program" and "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs."

There have been no material monetary defaults on any of the Mortgage Loans (generally loans that are sixty (60) to ninety (90) days delinquent in payment of debt service) other than temporary financial difficulties with respect to certain Developments, which have since been cured or are in the process of being cured. There is one (1) Development with an aggregate outstanding senior Mortgage Loan balance of \$10,134 as of July 31, 2019 that has had debt service payment delinquencies of over ninety (90) days. The Mortgagor of this Development has entered into a compliance and repayment agreement with the Corporation to cure these delinquencies. See "Appendix D-1—Table 1: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019." There are two (2) developments underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest that have had debt service delinquencies of over (90) days. See "Appendix D-1—Table 6: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019." There is one (1) development underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest that has had debt service delinquencies of over (90) days. See "Appendix D-1—Table 7: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019." Additionally, the Corporation is aware of one (1) development underlying the 2005 Series J Participation interest that has a debt service delinquency of over ninety (90) days. HPD is pursuing action under Article II of the New York State Private Housing Finance Law, which grants supervising agencies the authority to replace the board of directors of certain Mitchell-Lama housing companies under certain circumstances. See "Appendix D-1—Table 4: Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2005 Series F Participation Interest and the 2005 Series J Participation Interest Outstanding Under the Program." In addition, the Corporation is currently aware that five (5) Developments with an aggregate outstanding senior mortgage loan balance of \$20,363,348 and an aggregate outstanding subordinate loan balance of \$2,730,851 as of July 31, 2019, have each received a Notice of Default of the Agreement for Interest Reduction Payments or HAP Contract, as applicable, from HUD because of its low inspection ratings. One (1) Development,

with a construction loan of \$28,400,000, was not completed on schedule and the Mortgagor failed to make its mandatory prepayment on a timely basis. The Mortgagor has since made its mandatory prepayment and expects that the Mortgage Loan will convert to a permanent Mortgage Loan in 2020. The expiration date of the Construction LOC with respect to such Development has been extended to address the construction delays.

Permanent Mortgage Loans

The following table summarizes the Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs, if any, relating to the completed Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans (excluding the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans) outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019. Since July 31, 2019, the Corporation has financed or acquired certain Permanent Mortgage Loans and certain Construction Mortgage Loans have converted to Permanent Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019." In addition, since July 31, 2019, the Corporation has received principal prepayments of Permanent Mortgage Loans as well as scheduled repayments of Permanent Mortgage Loans. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "—Prepayment Notifications" below.

Summary of Permanent Mortgage Loans

Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program	Number of Permanent Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance of Permanent Mortgage Loans	Percentage of Total Outstanding Principal Balance of Permanent Mortgage Loans
FHA	Section 8	4	\$9,183,176	0.18%
FHA	Section 236	1	26,231	0.00%
FHA	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]	4	17,277,723	0.33%
FHA	ML Restructuring, Section 8	2	83,615,853	1.60%
FHA	ML Restructuring [†]	1	10,463,776	0.20%
FHA	ELLA/Section 8	2	30,309,222	0.58%
FHA	LAMP	6	43,792,010	0.84%
FHA	LAMP/Section 8	1	8,907,054	0.17%
GNMA	LAMP/Section 8	2	18,660,616	0.36%
SONYMA	ELLA	1	1,213,156	0.02%
SONYMA	ELLA/Section 8	2	18,505,715	0.35%
SONYMA	New HOP, New HOP/HTF	4	65,777,882	1.26%
SONYMA	N/A	2	34,852,643	0.67%
SONYMA	LAMP	5	64,093,288	1.22%
SONYMA	Lamp/Section 236	1	5,839,103	0.11%
SONYMA	Preservation	6	60,881,302	1.16%
SONYMA	Preservation/Section 8	22	197,474,887	3.77%
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	13	88,737,695	1.70%
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	13	39,722,057	0.76%
SONYMA	Section 236	1	4,885,029	0.76%
REMIC	ELLA	10	54,758,691	1.05%
REMIC	LAMP*	105	514,319,528	9.83%
REMIC	Preservation	18	105,311,457	2.01%
REMIC	Preservation/Section 8	1	2,390,874	0.05%
REMIC	LAMP/Section 8	2	13,775,465	0.26%
REMIC	N/A	9	38,695,843	0.74%
REMIC	Mix/Match	4	35,896,781	0.69%
REMIC	Mixed Income	2	16,002,552	0.31%
REMIC	ML Restructuring [†]	4	21,321,802	0.41%
REMIC	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan†	2	51,886,896	0.41%
REMIC	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]	1	12,388,054	0.24%
REMIC	New HOP	51	396,116,213	7.57%
REMIC	PLP	3	167,465	0.00%
REMIC	Section 8	4	12,584,628	0.24%
Fannie Mae	Preservation	3	74,665,838	1.43%
Fannie Mae	Mixed Income	2	197,330,000	3.77%
	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]			
Fannie Mae		<u>8</u> 5	31,798,525	0.61%
Fannie Mae	Preservation/Section 8		116,769,672	2.23%
Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	LAMP	2	31,155,819	0.60%
	Preservation	5	2,021,182	0.04%
Freddie Mac	LAMP/Section 8		19,181,551	0.37%
Freddie Mac	Preservation/Section 8	6	50,068,817	0.96%
Freddie Mac	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]	1	36,329,148	0.69%
Freddie Mac	N/A	1	82,620,922	1.58%
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	9	45,673,639	0.87%
LOC-Long Term	LAMP	2	8,057,864	0.15%

N/A	Article 8-A	99	117,816,323	2.25%
N/A	Cornerstone	2	3,459,559	0.07%
N/A	ELLA	15	92,421,906	1.77%
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	5	34,748,693	0.66%
N/A	HAC	4	26,599,915	0.51%
N/A	HoDAG/PLP	2	8,319,292	0.16%
N/A	HPD Mix & Match	21	112,096,324	2.14%
N/A	HUD Multifamily	14	33,857,665	0.65%
N/A	HTF	4	8,797,793	0.17%
N/A	LAMP**	153	874,469,607	16.71%
N/A	Mix/Match	8	38,992,074	0.75%
N/A	ML Repair Loan [†]	9	30,598,501	0.58%
N/A	ML Restructuring [†]	25	68,910,453	1.32%
N/A	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan [†]	1	1,293,221	0.02%
N/A	ML Restructuring, Section 236 [†]	20	102,142,743	1.95%
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 8	2	8,830,154	0.17%
N/A	PLP, PLP/LAMP	263	402,925,907	7.70%
N/A	Preservation	3	20,053,558	0.38%
N/A	Section 236	4	22,794,667	0.44%
N/A	Section 8	2	1,252,869	0.02%
N/A	New HOP, New HOP/HTF	75	355,115,834	6.79%
N/A	Mixed Income	5	41,551,101	0.79%
N/A	Third Party Transfer (TPT)	12	30,961,703	0.59%
N/A	N/A	12	19,019,233	0.36%
TOTAL ^{††}		1,102	\$5,232,536,743	100.00%

[†] The Mortgagors of the majority of these Mortgage Loans are regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law. See Appendix D-1 and Appendix F hereto.

See "Appendix D-1—Table 1: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019."

Construction Mortgage Loans

The following table summarizes the Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs, if any, relating to the Developments under construction and Construction Mortgage Loans outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019." Subsequent to July 31, 2019, the Corporation has financed or acquired additional Mortgage Loans and certain Construction Mortgage Loans have converted to Permanent Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019" and "Appendix D-1—Table 8: Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program—Developments and Mortgage Loans Financed Under the Program Subsequent to July 31, 2019."

May not add due to rounding.

^{*} Includes the following subsidy program types: LAMP/HAC, LAMP/HTF, LAMP/MIRP, LAMP/LIRP, LAMP Section 8.

^{**} Includes the following subsidy program types: LAMP/Certificate Program, LAMP/HTF, LAMP/MIRP.

Summary of Construction Mortgage Loans

Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Subsidy	Number of Construction Mortgage	Anticipated Amount of Permanent Mortgage	Amount of Construction Mortgage Loans	Outstanding Principal Balance of Construction Mortgage Loans Advanced
Security	Program LAMP,	Loans	Loans	Mortgage Loans	Advanced
N/A	Preservation	1	\$5,655,000	\$5,655,000	\$3,464,142
N/A	ELLA	33	385,996,120	471,946,120	229,826,808
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	10	74,179,201	74,179,201	58,796,098
	ML	10	71,179,201	71,177,201	20,770,070
N/A	Restructuring	10	49,227,548	49,227,548	8,250,976
N/A	ML Restructuring/ Section 236	1	9,525,000	9,525,000	4,401,227
N/A	ML Preservation	1	230,000	230,000	157,931
N/A	Mix/Match	20	334,471,435	392,301,435	246,051,657
N/A	Mixed-Middle	8	89,687,855	280,687,855	255,032,819
N/A	Mixed Income	2	25,050,000	25,050,000	9,860,038
N/A	N/A	2	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,149,600
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/ Section 236	1	58,530,903	58,530,903	21,338,475
FHA Risk Share	ELLA	6	159,275,000	319,150,000	52,700,308
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8	10	147,050,000	338,460,000	217,121,433
FHA Risk Share	Mix/Match	2	61,940,000	113,655,000	57,792,006
FHA Risk Share	Mixed Income	4	239,545,000	239,545,000	200,000
FHA Risk Share	Mixed-Middle	1	30,030,000	30,030,000	28,771,391
FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring	1	83,475,000	83,475,000	36,877,039
FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring/ Section 236	2	17,550,000	17,550,000	17,549,400
REMIC	ELLA	29	379,175,000	1,039,250,000	601,700,469
REMIC	Mix/Match	11	201,745,000	355,640,000	198,597,864
REMIC	Mixed Income	2	65,980,000	81,900,000	14,799,400
REMIC	Mixed-Middle	5	52,690,000	52,690,000	35,596,381
REMIC	N/A	1	5,300,000	5,300,000	5,251,100
REMIC	New HOP	1	22,640,000	22,640,000	22,639,600
REMIC	ML Preservation	1	5,860,000	5,860,000	4,012,845
REMIC	ML Restructuring	5	37,205,000	42,830,000	40,442,327
REMIC	Preservation	2	35,890,000	109,565,000	95,074,537
SONYMA	ELLA	2	34,820,000	87,940,000	30,933,331
SONYMA	ELLA/Section 8	1	11,160,000	27,810,000	27,787,190
SONYMA	Mix/Match	4	141,745,000	224,565,000	125,680,127
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	7	156,535,000	156,535,000	80,836,781
SONYMA/REMIC	Mixed-Middle	1	12,900,000	12,900,000	6,138,653
TOTAL [†]		187	\$2,936,213,062	\$4,735,773,062	\$2,538,831,953

[†] May not add due to rounding.

Certain Construction Mortgage Loans are secured by standby letters of credit. Such letters of credit need not meet the requirements under the General Resolution for Credit Facilities. Such letters of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if a Mortgagor fails to make the required payments of interest and principal on the related Construction Mortgage Loan. Such letters of credit are not pledged to the owners of the Bonds; however, any payments relating to the applicable Mortgage Loan received by the Corporation from the letter of credit providers pursuant to such letters of credit will be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—Construction LOCs." It is anticipated that upon conversion of the Construction Mortgage Loans secured by letters of credit to Permanent Mortgage Loans, the letters of credit will be released and such Permanent Mortgage Loans will be secured by REMIC Insurance, SONYMA Insurance, FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, GNMA or a Long-term LOC or will not be secured by Supplemental Security, as shown in the table above. See "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019."

2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest

In connection with the issuance of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series F-2 (the "2005 Series F-2 Bonds"), the Corporation entered into a Participation Agreement (the "2005 Series F Participation Agreement") with the City and purchased a 100% participation interest in twelve (12) second mortgage loans. In connection with the issuance of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series J-2 (the "2005 Series J-2 Bonds"), the Corporation entered into a Participation Agreement (the "2005 Series J Participation Agreement") with the City and purchased a 100% participation interest in eleven (11) second mortgage loans. The mortgage notes relating to such mortgage loans are held by the City and secured by second mortgage liens on the applicable Developments (the "2005 Series F Participant Interest Developments" and the "2005 Series J Participant Interest Developments," respectively). Such mortgage loans are not secured by Supplemental Security (see "THE PROGRAM—Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" and "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans"). All of the 2005 Series F Participant Interest Developments and 2005 Series J Participant Interest Developments have first mortgage loans that are held and serviced by the Corporation.

All of the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest contain provisions permitting the mortgagors thereof to prepay the applicable mortgage loan, in whole or in part, at any time (see "Appendix D-2-Mortgage Loan Prepayment Provisions-Category 1"). If any of such mortgagors do not participate in the ML Restructuring Program but obtain other sources of prepayment of their mortgage loans, such payments will be paid as a cash distribution under the 2005 Series F Participant Interest or 2005 Series J Participant Interest, as applicable, and will constitute a Recovery of Principal under the General Resolution which the Corporation can determine to apply to the redemption of Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds. The Corporation has offered to each of the mortgagors of the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest the opportunity to receive new mortgage financing under the ML Restructuring Program of the Corporation, which new mortgage financing will cause prepayment of the related mortgages and be paid as a cash distribution under the 2005 Series F Participant Interest or the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, as applicable. The Supplemental Resolutions pursuant to which the 2005 Series F-2 Bonds and the 2005 Series J-2 Bonds were issued each provides that any such cash distributions under the 2005 Series F Participant Interest or the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, as applicable, will not constitute Recoveries of Principal under the General Resolution and the Corporation expects to cause the release of such amounts from the lien of the General Resolution (in accordance with the requirements of the General Resolution) to reimburse it for funds advanced by the Corporation for the restructuring.

The 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest shall be automatically released from the lien of the General Resolution when no Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are Outstanding without the requirement for a filing of any Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate.

Pursuant to the 2005 Series F Participation Agreement and the 2005 Series J Participation Agreement, notwithstanding the acquisition of a 100% participation interest by the Corporation, legal title to the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest will remain with the City.

For additional information regarding the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "—Prepayment Notifications" below and "Appendix D-1—Table 4: Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program—Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019."

2011 Participant Interest

In connection with the issuance of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series F-1 and 2011 Series F-2, the Corporation amended and restated a Participation Agreement (the "2004 Participation Agreement") with the City relating to a participation interest (the "2011 Participant Interest"). The Corporation pledged the 2011 Participant Interest (net of certain amounts to be paid to the Corporation) for the benefit of the Holders of the Bonds, and the 2011 Participant Interest is a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution. However, the 2011 Participant Interest will be automatically released from the lien of the General Resolution on the date that no Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds remain Outstanding under the General Resolution, and such release shall not require a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate.

The 2011 Participant Interest is a 100% participation interest in permanent second mortgage loans (the "2004 Participated Second Lien Loans") and the Section 236 Contracts related to the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans. Subject to prepayments of the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans, the monthly payments under the Section 236 Contracts are projected to be made through September 1, 2025. Payments on the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans are scheduled to be made after the related first mortgage loans are satisfied, commencing April 1, 2017 through September 1, 2029, and are expected to be satisfied in part by payments under the Section 236 Contracts.

The 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans contain terms permitting prepayment thereof at the option of the mortgagors at any time. The Corporation has offered to each of the mortgagors of a 2004 Participated Second Lien Loan the opportunity to receive new mortgage financing under the ML Restructuring Program of the Corporation, which new mortgage financing will cause a prepayment of the related 2004 Participated Second Lien Loan and, to the extent of any such prepayment, be paid to the Corporation pursuant to the 2011 Participation Agreement. Any such amounts paid under the 2011 Participant Interest will not constitute Recoveries of Principal under the General Resolution and the Corporation expects to cause the release of such amounts from the lien of the General Resolution (in accordance with the requirements of the General Resolution) to reimburse it for funds advanced by the Corporation for the restructuring. To the extent that any of such mortgagors with 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans do not participate in the ML Restructuring Program but obtain other sources for prepayment of their 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans, any prepayment of the related 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans by such mortgagors, to the extent of any such prepayment and less any amounts owed to the Corporation, will be paid to the Corporation under the 2011 Participant Agreement and will constitute a Recovery of Principal under the General Resolution and may only be used to redeem Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds. See "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions." The Corporation expects that there will be significant prepayments of the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans.

The 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans included in the 2011 Participant Interest are not supported by any Supplemental Security (see "THE PROGRAM—Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" and "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans").

For additional information regarding the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans underlying the 2011 Participant Interest, see "Appendix D-1—Table 5: 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans Underlying the 2011 Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019."

2014 Series B Participant Interest

In connection with the issuance of the 2014 Series B Bonds, the Corporation amended and restated a Participation Agreement (the "2002 Participation Agreement") with the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2002-2, a Delaware statutory trust (the "2002 Facilitation Trust") and a Participation Agreement (the "2003 Participation Agreement") with the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2003-1, a Delaware statutory trust (the "2003 Facilitation Trust," and together with the 2002 Facilitation Trust, the "Facilitation Trusts") formerly associated with the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series A (the "2006 Series A Bonds") and relating to a certain participation interest referred to as the "2006 Participant Interest." Upon the final redemption of the 2006 Series A Bonds and the issuance of the 2014 Series B Bonds, (i) the 2006 Participant Interest was re-designated as the "2014 Series B Participant Interest" and (ii) the 2002 Participation Agreement and the 2003 Participation Agreement, as so amended and restated, are referred to as the "2014 Participation Agreements." The 2014 Series B Participant Interest constitutes a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution and is also referred to herein as the "2014 Series B Mortgage Loan."

Such participation interests in the aggregate consist of (i) a 100% participation interest in certain permanent mortgage loans for multi-family housing developments (the "2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans"), (ii) a 100% participation interest in a portion of the cash flow derived from the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Multifamily Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate, Series 1996M-1 (the "Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate"), at a pass-through rate of 0.77% as of July 31, 2019, which certificate evidences a beneficial ownership interest in the Class B Sheridan Trust Multifamily Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate, Series 1995M-1 (the "Class B Sheridan Trust Certificate"), which certificate, in turn, represents a beneficial ownership interest in certain permanent mortgage loans (the "2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans") excluding certain voting rights with respect to the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate, (iii) all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans under the servicing agreements with respect to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans, and (iv) all rights of the Facilitation Trusts under the Purchase and Sale Agreements between the City and each Facilitation Trust (collectively, the "Purchase and Sale Agreements"), pursuant to which the City assigned the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans and the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate to the applicable Facilitation Trust (such interests, net of certain amounts payable to the Corporation and other servicers for servicing the underlying mortgage loans are referred to collectively as the "2014 Series B Participant Interest").

The Corporation has pledged the 2014 Series B Participant Interest for the benefit of the Holders of the Bonds; provided that such 2014 Series B Participant Interest shall be automatically released from the lien of the General Resolution as described below and such release shall not require the provision of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate. Most of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest contain provisions permitting the prepayment thereof at the option of the mortgagors at any time. The 2014 Series B Bonds are subject to special mandatory redemption from revenues (including

prepayments) relating to the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest in excess of scheduled debt service on the 2014 Series B Bonds and other related fees, expenses and payments.

The mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Mortgage Loan were originated and underwritten by parties other than the Corporation.

Pursuant to the Purchase and Sale Agreements, legal title to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans remained with the City. In addition, with respect to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans that are regulated pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law, HPD remained the supervising agency. The Corporation, the Facilitation Trusts and HPD have entered into agreements pursuant to which HPD agreed to pursue certain remedies with respect to any defaulted mortgage loan underlying the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans as directed by the Corporation. In the event title to any Development related to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans is acquired as a result of proceedings instituted upon a default on a 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loan, such Development shall constitute an "Acquired Project" for purposes of the General Resolution (see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans— New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" below). The Corporation may, without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate, modify any mortgage loan underlying the 2014 Series B Mortgage Loan in order to address delinquencies or potential payment defaults. Any mortgage loan underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest may be removed from the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and thereby released from the lien of the General Resolution, without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate, in the event that in connection with enforcing remedies, the Corporation assigns its interest in such underlying mortgage loan to the City and/or accepts an interest from the City in a substitute or additional mortgage loan (which would thereupon become part of the 2014 Series B Participant Interest).

The Corporation's rights as to the 2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans are limited by (i) the terms of the trust related to the Class B Sheridan Trust Certificate and (ii) the fact that voting rights with respect to said trust, including the right to amend or terminate said trust, have been retained by the City and not granted to the Corporation. The City has agreed, however, to consult with the Corporation prior to the exercise of such rights and not to exercise any such rights in a manner that shall have a material adverse effect on the rights of the Corporation to receive payments on the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate without the prior written consent of the Corporation.

Revenues from the 2014 Series B Participant Interest remaining after the payment of regularly scheduled debt service on the 2014 Series B Bonds and, if necessary, other Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution, after deduction of certain amounts, may be used to redeem the 2014 Series B Bonds or, with the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate, may be used by the Corporation for any purpose permitted under the General Resolution. The 2014 Series B Participant Interest shall be automatically released from the lien of the General Resolution without the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate at such time as both (a) the 2014 Series B Bonds are no longer Outstanding or the Corporation provides a Certificate to the Trustee demonstrating that the 2014 Series B Bonds would have been no longer Outstanding had excess revenues from the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest available for the redemption of 2014 Series B Bonds been applied to redeem the 2014 Series B Bonds and (b) the 2018 Series B Participant Interest is released as described in "2018 Series B Participant Interest" below. As of July 31, 2019, the Corporation has used \$51,290,000 of excess revenues from the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest for other purposes permitted under the General Resolution.

For additional information regarding the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest, see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "—

Prepayment Notifications" below and "Appendix D-1—Table 6: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019."

2018 Series B Participant Interest

In connection with the issuance of the 2018 Series B Bonds, the Corporation entered into a Participation Agreement (the "2018 Participation Agreement") with the City and purchased a 100% participation interest (the "2018 Series B Participant Interest") in certain specified mortgage loans and all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of such mortgage loans under the servicing agreements with respect to such mortgage loans. The 2018 Series B Participant Interest constitutes a "Mortgage Loan" under the General Resolution and is also referred to as the "2018 Series B Mortgage Loan."

The Corporation has pledged the 2018 Series B Participant Interest for the benefit of the Holders of the Bonds; provided that such 2018 Series B Participant Interest shall be automatically released from the lien of the General Resolution as described below and such release shall not require the provision of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate.

The mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are generally seasoned mortgage loans with Developments that have been in operation on average for more than five years. Approximately 91% of the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are secured by a subordinate mortgage lien on the applicable Development. A majority of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest contain provisions permitting the prepayment thereof at the option of the mortgagors at any time.

The mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are serviced by either the Corporation or the Community Preservation Corporation ("CPC"). Although the Corporation services some of the underlying mortgage loans, the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest were originated and underwritten by other parties. The Corporation and HPD have entered into an agreement pursuant to which HPD will agree to pursue certain remedies with respect to a defaulted mortgage loan underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as directed by the Corporation (after consultation with HPD). In the event title to any 2018 Series B Development is acquired as a result of proceedings instituted upon a default on the applicable underlying mortgage loan, such Development shall constitute an "Acquired Project" for purposes of the General Resolution (see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" below).

The Corporation may, without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate, modify any mortgage loan underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest in order to address delinquencies or potential payment defaults. Any mortgage loan underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest may be removed from the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and thereby released from the lien of the General Resolution, without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate, in the event that in connection with enforcing remedies, the Corporation assigns its interest in such underlying mortgage loan to the City and/or accepts an interest from the City in a substitute or additional mortgage loan (which would thereupon become part of the 2018 Series B Participant Interest). In addition, certain underlying mortgage loans (identified in "Appendix D-1—Table 7: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019") may be removed from the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and thereby released from the lien of the General Resolution (without regard to delinquency or default) at the direction of the Corporation upon the request of the City without the requirement for filing a Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate.

Revenues from the 2018 Series B Participant Interest (or from the 2014 Series B Participant Interest after the date (the "Cash Flow Transfer Date") on which all 2014 Series B Bonds have been redeemed, or would have been redeemed, as described in "2014 Series B Participant Interest" above) remaining after the payment of regularly scheduled debt service on the 2018 Series B Bonds and, if necessary, other Bonds outstanding under the General Resolution, after deduction of certain amounts, may be used to redeem the 2018 Series B Bonds or, with the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate, may be used by the Corporation for any purpose permitted under the General Resolution. The 2018 Series B Participant Interest shall be automatically released from the lien of the General Resolution without the delivery of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate at such time as the 2018 Series B Bonds are no longer Outstanding or at such earlier time as the Corporation provides a Certificate to the Trustee demonstrating that the 2018 Series B Bonds would have been no longer Outstanding had such remaining excess revenues available for the redemption of 2018 Series B Bonds been applied to redeem the 2018 Series B Bonds. As of July 31, 2019, the Corporation has used \$3,395,000 of excess revenues from the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest for other purposes permitted under the General Resolution.

Approximately 57% in outstanding principal balance of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Mortgage Loan (representing \$370,449,020 of the outstanding principal balance as of July 31, 2019) permit prepayment at any time without penalty. Approximately 37.37% in outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans (representing \$242,876,140 of the outstanding principal balance as of July 31, 2019) are prepayable now with a penalty and will become prepayable without penalty in approximately 10 years or less. Approximately 5.62% in outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage loans (representing \$36,530,352.83 of the outstanding principal balance as of July 31, 2019) are not prepayable prior to maturity. However, the Corporation or HPD may, in its sole discretion, waive the prohibition on prepayment contained in those mortgage loans that restrict prepayment and to date has permitted the prepayment of several mortgage loans with similar provisions. Such waiver does not require the provision of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate. See "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans."

For additional information regarding the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest, see "Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—Subsequent Prepayments" and "— Prepayment Notifications" below and "Appendix D-1—Table 7: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019."

ML Restructuring Mortgage Loans

The proceeds of certain of the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds were used to finance mortgage loans, each of which was evidenced by a mortgage note payable to the Corporation and secured by a first mortgage lien on the applicable Development (the "ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans"). The term to maturity for most of the ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans is thirty (30) years. Most of the ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans contain provisions prohibiting prepayment by the Mortgagor of the applicable Development for approximately ten to fifteen years following the execution of such ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans.

The proceeds of certain of the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds were also used to finance mortgage loans to the Mortgagors of the ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans each of which was evidenced by a mortgage note payable to the Corporation, secured by a subordinate mortgage lien on the applicable Development and subject to a residual right to ownership held by the City (the "ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans"). The Corporation sold to the City a residual right to ownership of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans, which will be transferred to the City on the date when no Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds remain Outstanding under the General Resolution or

other Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds outside of the General Resolution as defined in the 2011 Participation Agreement with the City remain outstanding. Such transfer of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans on such date will be made automatically and without the requirement for a filing of any Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate. The interest rate for most ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans is 0% and the term to maturity for most of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans is thirty (30) years. Most of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans do not amortize and the balloon payment is due within ninety (90) days after maturity of the related ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loan. Most of the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans contain provisions prohibiting prepayment by the Mortgagor of the applicable Development for approximately fifteen years following the execution of such ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans.

Prepayments of the ML Restructuring First Mortgage Loans and ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans may be used to redeem only Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds. See "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions." For additional information regarding the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans, see "Appendix D-1—Table 3: Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program—ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019."

Servicing

All of the Mortgage Loans are serviced by the Corporation except for (i) the Mortgage Loans financed through the acquisition of GNMA Securities which are serviced by the applicable Mortgage Banker, (ii) certain mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest which are serviced by private third-party servicers as described below, (iii) certain Construction Mortgage Loans which are serviced by the bank issuing the letter of credit during construction, (iv) the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, and (v) certain Permanent Mortgage Loans with Supplemental Security from Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac which are serviced by a servicer delegated by the credit provider. Servicing by the Corporation includes the collection of mortgage payments from the Mortgagors of the applicable Developments.

With respect to Mortgage Loans serviced by the Corporation and not regulated by HPD, an escrow account for the payment of taxes, hazard insurance and mortgage insurance, if any, is maintained by the Corporation for each Development and is funded from the monthly revenues of each such Development. FHA, GNMA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac impose similar obligations. However, with respect to Mortgage Loans regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law and not insured by FHA, there is no such escrow requirement. With respect to Mortgage Loans serviced by the Corporation and not regulated by HPD, each Mortgagor is also required to maintain a reserve fund for replacements with the Corporation. These reserve funds for replacements are funded from the monthly revenues of their respective Development. With respect to Mortgage Loans regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law and not insured by FHA, each Mortgagor is required to maintain a reserve fund for replacements. In general, the applicable escrows and reserves for the Developments serviced by the Corporation were funded at the required levels. The Corporation requires financial statements for each Development serviced by the Corporation to be furnished to the Corporation annually.

The Corporation conducts an annual site review of each Development with a Permanent Mortgage Loan serviced by the Corporation to monitor its physical condition; however, Developments with FHA-insured Mortgage Loans having a superior inspection rating need only be inspected by the Corporation every three (3) years and the Corporation does not inspect Developments for which the Corporation holds only a subordinate lien mortgage, the NYCHA Public Housing Preservation I LLC Development or the NYCHA Public Housing Preservation II LLC Development. During this review, the Corporation

undertakes various procedures to monitor the exterior and interior physical condition of the Developments. See "Appendix D-3—Permanent Mortgage Loan Physical Inspection Ratings."

Any Development with an FHA-insured mortgage loan which receives a score under 60 according to HUD's inspection ratings may be subject to foreclosure by HUD. Any Development that receives HUD assistance such as Section 236 or Section 8 which receives an unsatisfactory physical condition rating may have its subsidy payments reduced, suspended or terminated. See "FHA-Insured Mortgage Loans and HUD Assisted Developments with Low Inspection Ratings" below and "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Subsidy Programs—Section 236 Program" and "—Section 8 Program."

The Corporation's inspection reviews include recommendations for curing deficiencies. The Corporation monitors those Developments which receive below average and unsatisfactory ratings in order to determine whether (i) required reports have been made and/or (ii) curative work has been undertaken and completed within a prescribed time frame. In order to cure deficiencies and thus improve the ratings of such Developments, the Corporation may advise the Mortgagor to request a drawdown on its respective reserve fund for replacements. If the reserves are not sufficient to cover the work required to improve a Development's rating or if the Corporation has determined that the low rating is due to Mortgagor neglect, the Corporation will meet with the Mortgagor to discuss corrective actions in all review reporting areas which include management practices, financial operations and vouchering procedures, as well as physical For additional information concerning the Permanent Mortgage Loans and the related Developments, their respective physical inspection ratings and occupancy rates, and the Corporation's inspection procedures and rating categories, see "Appendix D-1—Table 1: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019," "Appendix D-3—Permanent Mortgage Loan Physical Inspection Ratings" and "Appendix D-4—Permanent Mortgage Loan Occupancy." In addition, the Corporation conducts an annual review of (i) the inspected Developments to monitor their financial condition and (ii) the Developments subsidized through the Section 8 program to monitor their financial management controls.

In addition to the Corporation, CPC and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo"), both of which are experienced mortgage loan servicers, service the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest, and in addition to the Corporation, CPC services the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest. As of July 31, 2019, approximately 55 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest (representing \$62,458,079 of the outstanding principal balance) are serviced by CPC, 1 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest (representing \$39,178.29 of the outstanding principal balance) are serviced by Wells Fargo and 64 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest are serviced by the Corporation (representing \$45,859,543 of the outstanding principal balance). As of July 31, 2019, approximately 139 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest (representing \$223,647,118 of the outstanding principal balance) are serviced by CPC and 153 of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest are serviced by the Corporation (representing \$426,208,396 of the outstanding principal balance). In addition to collecting mortgage payments, required escrows and reserves from the Mortgagors of the applicable Developments, CPC and Wells Fargo currently conduct annual physical inspections of the Developments that are subject to the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest, as applicable, that they service. The Corporation currently conducts annual inspections of the Developments that it services that are subject to first mortgage liens.

In addition to any insurance coverage required by the applicable Supplemental Security provider, the Corporation requires property, liability, boiler and machinery, and fidelity insurance for the Mortgage Loans that it services (see "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—

Supplemental Security—FHA Insurance Program—General"). Property insurance must cover at least the outstanding Mortgage Loan amount and lost rental value of at least one year's rental income at the Development. As of July 31, 2019, all such Developments were in compliance with the Corporation's insurance requirements. With respect to the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest serviced by CPC, CPC has agreed to monitor, pursuant to servicing agreements, compliance by the applicable Mortgagor with the insurance requirements set forth in the loan documents related to such mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the 2018 Series B Participant Interest.

Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans

Scheduled Payments of Principal and Interest

The ability of the Corporation to pay the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds is dependent on the Revenues derived from the assets pledged to secure the Bonds, including the Mortgage Loans, and with respect to such Mortgage Loans, the proceeds under the applicable Supplemental Security program, if any, in the event of a default on a Mortgage Loan, and the full and timely receipt of subsidy payments under the applicable Subsidy Program, if any. The ability of each Mortgagor to make the required payments under its Mortgage Loan is and will be affected by a variety of factors, including the maintenance of a sufficient level of occupancy, the maintenance of the physical condition of its Development, the level of operating expenses, sound management of its Development, timely receipt of subsidy payments, as applicable, the ability to achieve and maintain rents sufficient to cover payments under such Mortgage Loan and operating expenses (including taxes, utility rates and maintenance costs), any changes in the amount of subsidy payments, if any, changes in applicable laws and governmental regulations, and the financial condition of the Mortgagor. In addition, the continued feasibility of a Development may depend in part upon general economic conditions and other factors in the surrounding area of a Development.

Accordingly, in the event of the occurrence of substantial increases in operating costs without corresponding increases in rent levels on a timely basis, substantial reductions in occupancy or a reduction, loss or termination of subsidy payments, there may be a default with regard to one or more of the Mortgage Loans. In the event of any such default, the Corporation is required to apply for payment of proceeds under the applicable Supplemental Security program, if any, due with regard to any such Mortgage Loan. In the event of any such default where such Mortgage Loan is not secured by Supplemental Security, such mortgage lien would likely be the sole security for repayment of such Mortgage Loan (see "New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy—New York Foreclosure Procedures" below and "Appendix B-Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loans"). Such proceeds, when received, together with other monies available under or pursuant to the General Resolution may be applied to redeem an allocable portion of certain Bonds. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. For a discussion of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs, see Appendix F hereto.

Prepayments of Principal

General. The Corporation may receive amounts relating to the principal of the Mortgage Loans financed with the proceeds of the Bonds prior to the scheduled due date of such principal. Generally, principal prepayments, at the option of the applicable Mortgagor, are either (A) permitted, (B) not permitted at all, (C) permitted after a prescribed time period (which prescribed time period may have ended), or (D) permitted only with the approval of FHA and/or the Corporation. All of the Mortgage Loans and the

mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest are subject to prepayment of principal in whole or in part from proceeds of insurance or condemnation. For a more detailed discussion of the prepayment terms and conditions for all of the outstanding Mortgage Loans under the Program, see "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program" which identifies the applicable categories of prepayment provisions for each Mortgage Loan and Appendix D-2 hereto which sets forth each of the Mortgage Loan prepayment categories. Prepayments of principal may be subject to the payment of certain fees and expenses and other terms and conditions, including the payment of penalties and premiums. Any prepayment premium or penalty does not constitute a Pledged Receipt or Recovery of Principal unless otherwise specified in a Supplemental Resolution. There may be certain other restrictions outside the Mortgage Loan documents that limit the ability of the applicable Mortgagor to prepay. In addition, prior written notice of any optional prepayment to the Corporation or the Mortgage Banker, as applicable, generally is required. Any such prepayment could result in the special redemption from Recoveries of Principal of certain Bonds at any time. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Under the General Resolution, advance payments of amounts to become due pursuant to a Mortgage Loan, including those made at the option of a Mortgagor, shall be deposited in the Redemption Account. Unless specifically directed otherwise by written instructions of an Authorized Officer and accompanied by a Cash Flow Statement, any monies in the Redemption Account resulting from such Recoveries of Principal shall be applied to the purchase or redemption of Bonds of the Series issued to finance the Mortgage Loans which gave rise to the Recoveries of Principal. See "THE PROGRAM—2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, respectively.

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee, it may deposit such Recoveries of Principal in the Bond Proceeds Account or the Revenue Account in lieu of applying such monies to purchase or redeem Bonds. See "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Bond Proceeds Account," "—Revenue Account" and "—Disposition of Recoveries of Principal" with respect to the right of the Corporation to apply prepayments of the Mortgage Loans for purposes other than the purchase or redemption of Bonds, and the right of the Corporation to withdraw surplus revenues in the Revenue Account from the pledge and lien of the General Resolution. See the description of the redemption provisions for the applicable series of Bonds in Part I of this Official Statement. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement.

Subsequent Prepayments

Subsequent to July 31, 2019, three (3) Mortgage Loans relating to 130-136 West 112th Street and David Chavis Senior Apartments have been prepaid. In addition, the Corporation has a received a prepayment in connection with the refinancing of the Phelps Houses Development. Such Mortgage Loans were prepayable at the option of the Mortgagor.

Subsequent to July 31, 2019, in connection with the refinancing of the Bay Towers Development and the Goodwill Terrace Development, two (2) Mortgage Loans underlying the 2011 Participant Interest have been prepaid. Such Mortgage Loans were prepayable at the option of the Mortgagor.

Subsequent to July 31, 2019, seven (7) Mortgage Loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest have been prepaid, having an outstanding principal balance of \$2,770,738. In addition, in connection with the refinancing of the St. Ann's Development and the 215 Audubon Development, the Corporation released two (2) Mortgage Loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest. Such Mortgage Loans were prepayable at the option of the Mortgagor.

Subsequent to July 31, 2019, three (3) Mortgage Loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest have been prepaid, having an outstanding principal balance of \$2,032,548. Such Mortgage Loans were prepayable at the option of the Mortgagor.

Prepayment Notifications

From time to time the Corporation has received inquiries or expressions of interest from Mortgagors regarding the possible prepayment, refinancing or restructuring of their respective Mortgage Loans. There can be no assurance as to whether any such prepayment, refinancing or restructuring will occur. For a description of redemption provisions of the Bonds in the event of a prepayment, see "General" above.

New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy

Below are descriptions of current foreclosure procedures in New York State and current bankruptcy provisions for mortgage loans generally. Such descriptions are relevant for Mortgage Loans under the Program not fully secured by Supplemental Security.

New York Foreclosure Procedures. In order to recover the debt due on a defaulted mortgage loan, the holder of the mortgage loan may either commence an action on the mortgage debt or commence an action to foreclose the mortgage. New York law restricts the ability of the holder of a mortgage loan to simultaneously bring an action to recover the mortgage debt and foreclose the mortgage. For purposes of these restrictions, actions to recover the mortgage debt include actions against the party primarily liable on the mortgage debt, actions against any guarantor of the mortgage debt and actions on insurance policies insuring the mortgaged premises. If an election is made to commence an action to foreclose the mortgage, no other action on the mortgage debt may be commenced to recover any part of the mortgage debt without leave of court. If an election is made to commence an action on the mortgage debt, where final judgment has been rendered in such an action, an action may not be commenced to foreclose the mortgage unless the sheriff has been issued an execution against the property of the defendant, which has been returned wholly or partially unsatisfied. In addition, there is New York case law indicating that if an action is commenced on the mortgage debt where final judgment has not been rendered and a subsequent action is commenced to foreclose the mortgage, then the action on the mortgage debt must be stayed or discontinued to prevent the mortgage from pursuing both actions simultaneously.

Where a foreclosure action is brought, every person having an estate or interest in possession or otherwise in the property whose interest is claimed to be subject and subordinate to the mortgage must be made a party defendant to the action in order to have its interest in the property extinguished. At least twenty (20) days before a final judgment directing a sale is rendered, the mortgagee must file, in the clerk's office for the county where the mortgaged property is located, a notice of the pendency of the action. Judicial foreclosure in New York is a lengthy process, as judicial intervention is required at all stages, including but not limited to (1) the appointment of a referee to compute the amount due, (2) the appointment

of a receiver to operate the property during the pendency of the action, (3) the confirmation of the referee's oath and report, (4) the issuance of the judgment of foreclosure and sale, (5) the confirmation of the sale, and (6) the issuance of a deficiency judgment and/or rights to surplus monies. If during the pendency of the action the mortgagor pays into court the amount due for principal and interest and the costs of the action together with the expenses of the proceedings to sell, if any, the court will (i) dismiss the complaint without costs against the mortgagee if the payment is made before judgment directing the sale or (ii) stay all proceedings upon judgment if the payment is made after judgment directing sale but before sale.

Where the mortgage debt remains partly unsatisfied after the sale of the property, the court, upon application, may award the mortgagee a deficiency judgment for the unsatisfied portion of the mortgage debt, or as much thereof as the court may deem just and equitable, against a mortgagor who has appeared or has been personally served in the action. Prior to entering a deficiency judgment, the court determines the fair and reasonable market value of the mortgaged premises as of the date such premises were bid in at auction or such nearest earlier date as there shall have been any market value thereof. In calculating the deficiency judgment, the court will reduce the amount to which the mortgagee is entitled by the higher of the sale price of the mortgaged property and the fair market value of the mortgaged property as determined by the court.

The mortgagee may also, at its discretion, negotiate with the delinquent mortgagor to offer a deed in lieu of foreclosure to the mortgagee, where appropriate. In some situations this would allow the mortgagee to reduce the cost of, and the time involved in, acquiring the property.

Most of the Mortgage Loans under the Program are non-recourse to the Mortgagor. Therefore, the Corporation may only have limited rights to pursue the enforcement of an action on the debt or seek a deficiency judgment post-foreclosure. Consequently, with respect to such Mortgage Loans, the above provisions relating to an action on the mortgage debt or seeking a deficiency judgement are not applicable.

Section 236 Contracts may provide that the HUD Payments under a Section 236 Contract shall terminate if the related Development is acquired by the Corporation or by any ineligible owner, and that the Secretary of HUD (the "Secretary") may terminate HUD Payments if an action of foreclosure is instituted, unless the Secretary approves a plan providing for continuity of eligibility of the related Development for receiving HUD Payments. It may not be possible, under New York foreclosure procedures, to complete a foreclosure sale subject to the continuing lien of the mortgage being foreclosed. Under Pub. L. 98-473, enacted in 1984, contract authority which would otherwise be subject to recapture by HUD at the time of termination of a contract for Section 236 interest reduction payments as a result of a foreclosure of the mortgage loan on a development shall remain available for such development for the balance of the contract term, and the Secretary is directed to offer to execute new Section 236 Contracts with the new owners of such projects, subject to satisfaction of statutory eligibility requirements. On this basis the Corporation believes that, notwithstanding the language of the Section 236 Contracts, in the event of a foreclosure of a Mortgage Loan secured by a Section 236 Contract not subject to FHA Insurance (which also would include 2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans with Section 236 Contracts), the Secretary would enter into a contract for Section 236 interest reduction payments with the new owner, subject to the satisfaction of statutory eligibility requirements, the availability of appropriations and the willingness of the mortgagee to enter into a new contract for interest reduction payments.

With respect to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans, the Corporation entered into a special servicing agreement with HPD and the Facilitation Trusts which sets forth procedures to be followed with regard to any 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loan subject to foreclosure.

For a description of provisions regarding enforcement and foreclosure of the Mortgage Loans under the General Resolution, see "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loans."

Bankruptcy. If a petition for relief under Federal bankruptcy law were filed voluntarily by a mortgagor, or involuntarily against a mortgagor by its creditors, the filing would operate as an automatic stay of the commencement or continuation of any judicial or other proceedings, including, without limitation, foreclosure proceedings, against such mortgagor and its property. If a bankruptcy court so ordered, the mortgagor's property, including its revenues, could be used for the benefit of the mortgagor, despite the rights granted the mortgagee or a trustee. Certain provisions of the mortgage that make the initiation of bankruptcy and related proceedings by or against the mortgagor an event of default thereunder are not enforceable in the mortgagor's bankruptcy proceeding.

In addition, if a bankruptcy court concludes that a mortgagee is "adequately protected," it might (A) substitute other security for the property presently pledged and (B) subordinate the lien of the mortgagee or a trustee to (i) claims by persons supplying goods and services to the mortgagor after commencement of such bankruptcy proceedings, (ii) the administrative expenses of the bankruptcy proceedings and (iii) a lien granted a lender proving funds to the mortgagor during the pendency of the bankruptcy case.

In bankruptcy proceedings initiated by the filing of a petition under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code, a mortgagor or another party-in-interest could elect to file a plan of reorganization that seeks to modify the rights of creditors generally, or any class of creditors, including secured creditors. In the event a mortgagor files under Chapter 11, the mortgagor may seek to modify the terms of the mortgage note and the mortgage in a plan of reorganization. In a reorganization case, a mortgagee holds a secured claim equal to the lesser of the value of the mortgaged premises or the debt. If the adjusted value is less than the pre-petition debt, then the mortgagee is not entitled to post-petition interest and the deficiency will be treated as an unsecured claim. With respect to the mortgagee's secured claim, if the debtor intends to retain the premises, the debtor will generally propose to treat the mortgage as unimpaired by curing any monetary defaults and reinstating the terms of the mortgage. Alternatively, the debtor may seek to alter the terms, however, the mortgagee is entitled to retain its lien under a plan and must receive deferred cash payments totaling the amount of the claim with a present value not less than the value of the mortgaged premises. If the premises are to be sold by the debtor, the mortgagee can bid at the bankruptcy court sale and offset its claim against the selling price at such sale.

FHA-Insured Mortgage Loans and HUD Assisted Developments with Low Inspection Ratings

Pursuant to HUD regulations and administrative procedures for physical inspections of FHA-insured properties that score less than 60 total points, properties scoring 30 and under are automatically referred to HUD's Departmental Enforcement Center ("DEC"). Those scoring between 31 and 59 may be referred to DEC and will be evaluated for enforcement by local HUD Office of Housing Staff. A Notice of Violation/Default of Regulatory Agreement and Housing Assistance Payment Contract is then issued. The property owner has sixty (60) days to certify that all repairs have been completed. HUD will then reinspect the property, either following such sixty (60) day period or, in certain cases with respect to properties being evaluated for enforcement by local HUD Office of Housing Staff, the following year. If the property scores above 60 (a satisfactory rating and above), normal monitoring resumes. If the score is below 60 (a below average or unsatisfactory rating), HUD may consider the owner in default and may pursue available remedies. Available remedies may include termination of subsidy payments under the affected Housing Assistance Payment Contract or requiring that the mortgage accelerate and assign the FHA-insured mortgage loan to HUD as a result of the default under the Project's Regulatory Agreement in

exchange for FHA Insurance benefits. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Supplemental Security—FHA Insurance Program."

Any Development subsidized through the Section 8 program which receives an unsatisfactory physical condition rating may have its subsidy payments reduced, suspended or terminated. In addition, HUD may reduce the Section 236 subsidy in certain cases if a unit or units in a Development subsidized through the Section 236 program become not habitable for any reason. In the event such payments were reduced, suspended or terminated in respect of a Permanent Mortgage Loan subsidized by a HAP Contract or a Section 236 Contract, such reduced, suspended or terminated payments would not be available to pay debt service on such Mortgage Loan, which could result in a default on such Mortgage Loan. See "Appendix F—Description of Supplemental Security and Subsidy Programs—Subsidy Programs—Section 236 Program" and "—Section 8 Program."

The Corporation is currently aware that two (2) Developments with Fannie Mae insured Mortgage Loans, one (1) Development with a SONYMA insured Mortgage Loan and two (2) Developments with REMIC insured Mortgage Loans, with an aggregate outstanding permanent senior Mortgage Loan balance of \$20,363,348 and a subordinate Mortgage Loan balance of \$2,730,851 as of July 31, 2019, have each received a Notice of Default of the Section 236 Agreement for Interest Reduction Payments or HAP Contract, as applicable, from HUD because of its low inspection ratings. These Developments are required to maintain certain reserves for replacements for capital improvements; such reserves could be applied to rectify the applicable Notice of Default. However, the Corporation can give no assurance as to whether such loan proceeds and reserves will, in fact, be used by the Mortgagor in such manner or whether the amount of such reserves will be sufficient to correct all violations.

AGREEMENT OF THE STATE

Section 657 of the Act provides that the State pledges to and agrees with the holders of obligations of the Corporation, including owners of the Bonds, that it will not limit or alter the rights vested by the Act in the Corporation to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the owners of the Bonds, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of such owners until the Bonds, together with the interest thereon, with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding by or on behalf of such owners of the Bonds, are fully met and discharged.

LEGALITY OF THE BONDS FOR INVESTMENT AND DEPOSIT

Under the provisions of Section 662 of the Act, the Bonds are securities in which all public officers and bodies of the State of New York and all municipalities and municipal subdivisions, all insurance companies and associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and savings associations, including savings and loan associations, building and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all administrators, guardians, executors, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or in other obligations of the State, may properly and legally invest funds, including capital, in their control or belonging to them. The Bonds are also securities which may be deposited with and may be received by all public officers and bodies of the State and all municipalities and public corporations for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of the State is now or hereafter authorized.



DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS

Set forth below are certain defined terms used in this Official Statement and in the Resolutions. In some instances, the General Resolution permits the modification of certain of its provisions by a Supplemental Resolution relating to a specific Series of Bonds. Certain modifications to the General Resolution, which have been made with respect to the 2020 Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds by the provisions of the 2020 Supplemental Resolutions and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution, are reflected in the defined terms below. This Appendix A does not purport to be comprehensive or definitive and is qualified by reference to the Resolutions and the Supplemental Resolutions relating to each Series of Bonds, copies of which may be obtained from the Corporation.

The following terms shall have the following meanings in this Official Statement and in the Resolutions unless the context shall clearly indicate otherwise:

"Account" means one of the special accounts (other than the Rebate Fund) created and established pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution.

"Accountant" means such reputable and experienced independent certified public accountant or firm of independent certified public accountants as may be selected by the Corporation and satisfactory to the Trustee and may be the accountant or firm of accountants who regularly audit the books and accounts of the Corporation.

"Acquired Project" means a Project financed by a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan, other than a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Insurance, title to or the right to possession of which has been acquired by or on behalf of the Corporation through protection and enforcement of rights conferred by law or the Mortgage upon such Project.

"Acquired Project Expenses" means all costs and expenses arising from the acquisition, ownership, possession, operation or maintenance of an Acquired Project, including reasonable operating, repair and replacement reserves therefor.

"Acquired Project Gross Operating Income" means all monies received in connection with the acquisition, ownership, possession, operation or maintenance of an Acquired Project.

"Acquired Project Net Operating Income" means Acquired Project Gross Operating Income less Acquired Project Expenses.

"Act" means the New York City Housing Development Corporation Act, Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended.

"AHPLP" means the Corporation's Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program.

"Article 8-A" means the Article 8-A Loan Program.

"Authorized Officer" means the Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, President, First Senior Vice President or any other Senior Vice President of the Corporation and, in the case of any act to be performed or duty to be discharged, any other member, officer or employee of the Corporation then authorized to perform such act or discharge such duty.

"Bond" means one of the bonds to be authenticated and delivered pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Bond Counsel's Opinion" means an opinion signed by an attorney or firm of attorneys of nationally recognized standing in the field of law relating to municipal, state and public agency financing, selected by the Corporation and satisfactory to the Trustee.

"Bond owner" or "owner" or words of similar import, when used with reference to a Bond, means any person who shall be the registered owner of any Outstanding Bond.

"Bond Proceeds Account" means the Bond Proceeds Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Bond Year" means a twelve month period ending on the first day of November of any year.

"Business Day" means any day other than (a) a Saturday or a Sunday, (b) any day on which banking institutions located in (i) the City of New York, New York or (ii) the city in which the Principal Office of the Trustee is located are required or authorized by law to close, (c) a day on which the New York Stock Exchange is closed or (d) so long as any Series of Bonds is held in book-entry form, a day on which DTC is closed.

"Cap" means any financial arrangement entered into by the Corporation with an entity which is a cap, floor or collar, or any similar transaction or combination thereof or any option with respect thereto executed by the Corporation for the purpose of limiting its exposure with respect to interest rate fluctuations which has been designated in writing to the Trustee by an Authorized Officer as a Cap. "Cap" shall also include any such financial arrangement described above entered into by the Corporation with an entity, as a replacement of a Cap that has been terminated and which has been so designated in writing to the Trustee by an Authorized Officer.

"Cash Equivalent" means a Letter of Credit, Insurance Policy, Surety, Guaranty or other Security Arrangement (each as defined and provided for in a Supplemental Resolution providing for the issuance of Bonds rated by the Rating Agencies or in another Supplemental Resolution), provided by an institution which has received a rating of its claims paying ability from the Rating Agencies at least equal to the then existing rating on the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) or whose unsecured long-term debt securities are rated at least the then existing rating on the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) (or "A-1+" or "P-1," as applicable, if the Cash Equivalent has a remaining term at the time of acquisition not exceeding one year) by the Rating Agencies; provided, however, that a Cash Equivalent may be provided by an institution which has received a rating of its claims paying ability which is lower than that set forth above or whose unsecured long-term (or short-term) debt securities are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the providing of such Cash Equivalent does not, as of the date it is provided, in and of itself, result in the reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies.

"Cash Flow Certificate" means a Cash Flow Certificate conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution.

"Cash Flow Statement" means a Cash Flow Statement conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution.

"Certificate" means (i) a signed document either attesting to or acknowledging the circumstances, representations or other matters therein stated or set forth or setting forth matters to be determined pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution or (ii) the report of an accountant as to audit or other procedures called for by the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution.

"Certificate Program" means the §421-a Negotiable Certificate Program.

"City" means The City of New York, a municipal corporation organized and existing under and pursuant to the laws of the State.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 or 1986, each as amended from time to time, and as applicable to the Bonds pursuant to Section 1313 of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, as amended.

"Cornerstone" means the Cornerstone Program.

"Corporation" means the New York City Housing Development Corporation, or any body, agency or instrumentality of the State which shall hereafter succeed to the powers, duties and functions of the Corporation.

"Corporation Corporate Purposes" means any purpose for which the Corporation may issue bonds pursuant to the Act or other applicable law.

"Costs of Issuance" means all items of expense, directly or indirectly payable or reimbursable by or to the Corporation and related to the authorization, sale and issuance of Bonds, including but not limited to printing costs, costs of preparation and reproduction of documents, filing and recording fees, initial fees and charges of the Trustee, legal fees and charges, fees and disbursements of consultants and professionals, costs of credit ratings, fees and charges for preparation, execution, transportation and safekeeping of Bonds, and any other cost, charge or fee in connection with the original issuance of Bonds.

"Credit Facility" means (i) an unconditional and irrevocable letter of credit in form and drawn on a bank or banks acceptable to the Corporation (which bank or banks must be rated by each of the Rating Agencies in a category at least equal to the rating category of the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) (or "A-1+" or "P-1," as applicable, if the Credit Facility has a remaining term at the time it is provided not exceeding one year); provided, however, that such letter of credit may be provided by a bank or banks whose rating is lower than that set forth above, so long as the providing of such letter of credit does not, as of the date it is provided, in and of itself, result in a reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies, (ii) cash, (iii) a certified or bank check, (iv) Investment Securities, or (v) any other credit facility similar to the above in purpose and effect, including, but not limited to, a guaranty, standby loan or purchase commitment, insurance policy, surety bond or financial security bond or any combination thereof, which is approved by each of the Rating Agencies.

"Credit Facility Provider" means the issuer of or obligor under a Credit Facility.

"Debt Service" means, with respect to any particular Bond Year, an amount equal to the sum of (i) all interest payable on Outstanding Bonds during such Bond Year, plus (ii) any Principal Installments of such Bonds during such Bond Year.

"Debt Service Reserve Account" means the Debt Service Reserve Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement" means as of any date of calculation, the aggregate of the amounts specified as the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for each Series of Bonds in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds; provided, however, that a Supplemental Resolution may provide that the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement for the Series of Bonds authorized thereunder may be funded, in whole or in part, through Cash Equivalents and such method of funding shall be deemed to satisfy all provisions of the General Resolution with respect to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement and the amounts required to be on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account.

"DTC" means The Depository Trust Company, a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York, and its successors or assigns.

"ELLA" means the Corporation's Extremely Low & Low-Income Affordability Program.

"Escrow Payments" means and includes all amounts whether paid directly to the Corporation or to the servicer of any Mortgage Loan representing payments to obtain or maintain mortgage insurance or any subsidy with respect to a Mortgage Loan or the mortgaged premises or payments in connection with real estate taxes, assessments, water charges, sewer rents, ground rents, fire or other insurance, replacement or operating reserves or other like payments in connection therewith.

"Event of Default" means any of the events specified in the General Resolution as an Event of Default.

"Fannie Mae" means the Federal National Mortgage Association.

"Federal Housing Commissioner" or "FHA Commissioner" means the Secretary of HUD (or successor thereof) or the Federal Housing Commissioner of FHA (or successor thereof) or a duly authorized agent thereof.

"FHA" means the Federal Housing Administration.

"FHA Insurance" means the Federal mortgage insurance authorized pursuant to Section 220, 221(d)(3), 221(d)(4) or 223(f) of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended.

"FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance" means the Federal mortgage insurance authorized pursuant to Section 542(c) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992.

"Freddie Mac" means the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

"General Resolution" means the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds Bond Resolution adopted by the Corporation on July 27, 1993, and any amendments thereof or supplements thereto made in accordance with its terms.

"GML Article 16" means General Municipal Law Article 16.

"GNMA" means the Government National Mortgage Association.

"GNMA Security" means a mortgage-backed security guaranteed by GNMA as to payments of principal and interest.

"Government Obligations" means (i) direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, including, but not limited to, United States Treasury Obligations, Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) and Coupons Under Book-Entry Safekeeping (CUBES), provided the underlying United States Treasury Obligation is not callable prior to maturity, and (ii) obligations of the Resolution Funding Corporation, including, but not limited to, obligations of the Resolution Funding Corporation stripped by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

"HAC" means the Housing Assistance Corporation.

"HoDAG" means the Housing Development Grant.

"HPD" means the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and Development.

"HTF" means the New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation.

"HUD" means the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, or any successor thereof.

"HUD Multifamily" means the HUD Multifamily Program.

"Interest Payment Date" means any date upon which interest on the Bonds is due and payable in accordance with their terms.

"Interest Rate Cap" means a Cap.

"Investment Securities" means and includes any of the following obligations, to the extent the same are at the time legal for investment of funds of the Corporation under the Act, including the amendments thereto hereafter made, or under other applicable law:

- (1) Government Obligations;
- (2) any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation issued by any one or combination of the following agencies: GNMA, Federal Farm Credit System Banks, Federal Home Loan Banks, Tennessee Valley Authority and Export-Import Bank of the United States;
- (3) any bond, debenture, note, participation certificate or other similar obligation issued by Fannie Mae to the extent such obligations are guaranteed by GNMA or issued by any other Federal agency and backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America;
- (4) any other obligation of the United States of America or any Federal agencies guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America which may then be purchased with funds belonging to the Corporation;
- (5) deposits in interest-bearing time or demand deposits, or certificates of deposit, secured by any of the obligations described above or fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor;
- (6) any participation certificate of Freddie Mac guaranteeing timely payment of principal and any mortgage-backed securities of Fannie Mae; and

(7) any other investment permitted under the Corporation's investment guidelines adopted August 14, 1984, as amended from time to time.

"LAMP" means the Corporation's Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Program.

"LIRP" means the Low Income Rental Program.

"MIRP" means the Mixed Income Rental Program.

"Mitchell-Lama Law" means the Limited-Profit Housing Companies Law, Article 2 of the New York Private Housing Finance Law (Chapter 44-b of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York), as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

"Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds" means, as of July 31, 2019, Bonds, including the 2008 Series C-2 Bonds, a portion of the 2008 Series E Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2008 Series E Mortgage Loans for the Carol Gardens Development, the Esplanade Gardens Development, the Goddard Riverside Development, the RNA House Development, the Washington Square SE Development, the Strycker's Bay Development, the Lincoln Amsterdam Development, the Rosalie Manning Development, the Bethune Tower Development, the Seaview Towers Development and the Castleton Park Development), a portion of the 2008 Series F Bonds (in an amount equal to the Mortgage Loan for the Franklin Place Development and the 2008 Series F Mortgage Loan for the Dayton Towers Coop Development), the 2008 Series J Bonds, the 2008 Series L Bonds, a portion of the 2010 Series G Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2010 Series G Mortgage Loans for the Tivoli Towers Development, the Trinity House Development and the Linden Plaza Development), a portion of the 2010 Series H Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2010 Series H Mortgage Loan for the Cannon Heights Development), the 2010 Series N Bonds, the 2011 Series F-1 Bonds, the 2011 Series F-2 Bonds, the 2011 Series G-2-B Bonds, the 2011 Series H-2-B Bonds, the 2011 Series H-3-B Bonds, the 2012 Series G Bonds, a portion of the 2012 Series I Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2012 Series I Mortgage Loans for the Albert Einstein Development, the Cadman Plaza North Development, the Carol Gardens Development, the Esplanade Gardens Development, the Goddard Riverside Development, the Jefferson Towers Development, the Kingsbridge Arms Development, the Montefiore Hospital II Development, the Riverbend Development, the RNA House Development, the Scott Tower Development, the TriFaith Apartments Development, the Village East Development, the Washington Square SE Development, the Woodstock Terrace Development, the Strycker's Bay Development, the Crown Gardens Development, the Second Atlantic Terminal Development, the Lincoln Amsterdam Development, the Stevenson Commons Development, the Tracey Towers Development, the Ocean Village Development and the Tilden Towers II Development), the 2014 Series E Bonds, a portion of the 2014 Series G-1 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2014 Series G Mortgage Loans for the North Shore Plaza Development), portions of the 2014 Series H-1 Bonds and the 2014 Series H-2 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2014 Series H Mortgage Loans for the Lindville Housing Development, the Sam Burt Houses Development, the Ryerson Towers Development and the Cadman Towers Development), the 2015 Series A-2 Bonds, a portion of the 2015 Series B-1 Bonds and the 2015 Series B-2 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2015 Series B Mortgage Loans for the 1199 Plaza Development, the Cadman Towers Development, the Clinton Towers Development, the Confucius Plaza Development, the Crown Gardens Development, the Nordeck Apartments Development, the Second Atlantic Terminal Development and the Castleton Park Development), a portion of the 2015 Series D-1-A Bonds and the 2015 Series D-1-B Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2015 Series D Mortgage Loans for the Castleton Park Development), the 2015 Series D-2 Bonds, the 2015 Series E-1 Bonds, the 2015 Series E-2 Bonds, a portion of the 2015 Series G-1 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2015 Series G Mortgage Loan for the Essex Terrace Development) and a portion of the 2016 Series G-1 Bonds and the 2016 Series G-2 Bonds (in an amount equal to the 2016 Series G Mortgage Loans for the Nordeck Apartments Development, the Tilden Towers I Development and the Scott Tower Development), issued under the Corporation's Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program, including all Bonds issued to refund any of such Bonds.

- "Mix and Match" means the Corporation's Mix and Match Program.
- "Mixed Income" means the Corporation's Mixed Income Program.
- "Mixed-Middle" means the Corporation's Mixed-Middle (M2) Program.
- "ML Repair Loan Program" means the Corporation's Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program.
- "ML Restructuring Program" means the Corporation's Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program.
- "Mortgage" means a mortgage or other instrument securing a Mortgage Loan.
- "Mortgage Banker" means the mortgagee of record of a mortgage loan that backs a GNMA Security.
- "Mortgage Loan" means a loan, evidenced by a note, for a Project, secured by a Mortgage and specified in a Supplemental Resolution as being subject to the lien of the General Resolution; provided, that Mortgage Loan shall also mean a participation by the Corporation with another party or parties, public or private, in a loan made to a Mortgagor with respect to a Project; provided, further, that Mortgage Loan shall also mean an instrument evidencing an ownership in such loans, including, but not limited to, a mortgage-backed security guaranteed by GNMA, Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac.
 - "Mortgage Note" means the note evidencing a Mortgage Loan.
 - "Mortgagor" means a mortgagor with respect to any Mortgage Loan.
 - "New HOP" means the Corporation's New Housing Opportunities Program.
- "NIBP Series 1 Bonds" means the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), 2009 Series 1, issued pursuant to and secured under the NIBP Series 1 Resolution.
- "NIBP Series 1 Resolution" means the One Hundred Twenty-Fifth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), NIBP Series 1, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on December 3, 2009, as amended.
- "NIBP Series 2 Bonds" means the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), 2009 Series 2, issued pursuant to and secured under the NIBP Series 2 Resolution.
- "NIBP Series 2 Resolution" means the One Hundred Twenty-Sixth Supplemental Resolution Authorizing the Issuance of Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds (Federal New Issue Bond Program), NIBP Series 2, adopted by the Members of the Corporation on December 3, 2009, as amended.
- "Outstanding," when used with reference to Bonds, means, as of any date, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all Bonds theretofore or thereupon being authenticated and delivered under the General Resolution, except:

- (1) any Bond canceled by the Trustee or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation at or prior to such date;
- any Bond (or portion of a Bond) for the payment or redemption of which there have been separately set aside and held in a Redemption Account under the General Resolution either:
 - (a) monies in an amount sufficient to effect payment of the principal or applicable Redemption Price thereof, together with accrued interest on such Bond to the payment date or Redemption Date, which payment date or Redemption Date shall be specified in irrevocable instructions to the Trustee to apply such monies to such payment or redemption on the date so specified; or
 - (b) Government Obligations, as described in the section of the General Resolution entitled "Defeasance," in such principal amounts, of such maturities, bearing such interest and otherwise having such terms and qualifications as shall be necessary to provide monies in an amount sufficient to effect payment of the principal or applicable Redemption Price of such Bond, together with accrued interest on such Bond to the payment date or Redemption Date, which payment date or Redemption Date shall be specified in irrevocable instructions to the Trustee to apply such monies to such payment or redemption on the date so specified; or
 - (c) any combination of (a) and (b) above;
- any Bond in lieu of or in substitution for which other Bonds shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the General Resolution; and
- (4) any Bond deemed to have been paid as described in the section of the General Resolution entitled "Defeasance."

"Permitted Encumbrances" means such liens, encumbrances, reservations, easements, rights of way and other clouds on title as do not impair the use or value of the premises or such other liens, encumbrances, reservations, easements, rights of way and other clouds on title as are specified in a Supplemental Resolution with respect to a Mortgage Loan.

"Pledged Receipts" means, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, (i) the scheduled or other payments required by any Mortgage Loan and paid to or to be paid to the Corporation from any source, including, but not limited to, interest, rent or other subsidy payments, and including both timely and delinquent payments, (ii) accrued interest received at the sale of Bonds and (iii) all income earned or gain realized in excess of losses suffered on any investment or deposit of monies in the Accounts established and maintained pursuant to the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution, or monies provided by the Corporation and held in trust for the benefit of the Bond owners pursuant to the General Resolution, but shall not mean or include amounts required to be deposited into the Rebate Fund, Recoveries of Principal, any payments with respect to any Mortgage Loan received prior to the date that Revenues therefrom are pledged under the General Resolution, Escrow Payments, late charges, administrative fees, if any, of the Corporation or any

amount retained by the servicer (which may include the Corporation) of any Mortgage Loan, as financing, servicing, extension or settlement fees.*

"PLP" means the Participation Loan Program.

"Preservation" means the Corporation's Preservation Program.

"Principal Installment" means, as of any date of calculation, (i) the aggregate principal amount of Outstanding Bonds due on a certain future date, reduced by the aggregate principal amount of such Bonds which would be retired by reason of the payment when due and application in accordance with the General Resolution of Sinking Fund Payments payable before such future date plus (ii) the unsatisfied balance, determined as provided in the General Resolution, of any Sinking Fund Payments due on such certain future date, together with the aggregate amount of the premiums, if any, applicable on such future date upon the redemption of such Bonds by application of such Sinking Fund Payments in a principal amount equal to said unsatisfied balance.

"Principal Office", when used with respect to the Trustee shall mean The Bank of New York Mellon, 240 Greenwich Street, Floor 7E, New York, New York 10286, Attention: New York Municipal Finance Unit and when used with respect to the Tender Agent shall mean the same address as that of the Trustee or the address of any successor Tender Agent appointed in accordance with the terms of the applicable 2020 Supplemental Resolution or the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution, or such other offices designated to the Corporation in writing by the Trustee or the Tender Agent, as the case may be.

"Project" means any multi-family housing development or other facility financeable by the Corporation under the Act or other applicable law and approved by the Corporation.

"Purchase Price" means an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount of any Bond that is subject to mandatory tender for purchase, plus, unless the Purchase Price is to be paid on an Interest Payment Date (in which case interest will be paid in the normal manner), accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the date of purchase.

"Rating Agencies" means, collectively, (i) Standard & Poor's Corporation or any successor thereto ("S&P") when the Bonds are rated by S&P and (ii) Moody's Investors Service Inc. or any successor thereto ("Moody's") when the Bonds are rated by Moody's or, if neither S&P nor Moody's is maintaining a rating on the Bonds, then any other nationally recognized rating agency when the Bonds are rated by such agency, pursuant to a request for a rating by the Corporation.

^{*} The 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution provide that (i) with respect to any Acquired Project, Acquired Project Net Operating Income shall constitute Pledged Receipts, (ii) with respect to the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan, as applicable, any prepayment premiums or penalties shall not constitute Pledged Receipts, (iii) with respect to the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan (other than any such 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan while insured by FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance), amounts obtained under a letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing any such Mortgage Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement in the event of a default on such Mortgage Loan with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, including the applicable 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment or 2016 Series C Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, shall constitute Pledged Receipts, (iv) with respect to any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan insured by SONYMA Insurance, amounts obtained pursuant to such SONYMA Insurance, with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, shall constitute Pledged Receipts, (v) with respect to the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loans and any Federal subsidy payments pursuant to Section 236 of the United States Housing Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, with respect thereto, only Federal subsidy payments duly and properly paid and actually received by or on behalf of the Corporation or the Trustee pursuant to Section 236 of the United States Housing Act of 1934, as amended, or Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, shall constitute Pledged Receipts and (vi) with respect to the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan, the payment in whole or in part of a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment or 2016 Series C Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment on or after the day that is sixty (60) days prior to the maturity date of the 2020 Series A Bonds or 2016 Series C-2 Bonds of the applicable maturity shall constitute Pledged Receipts.

"Rebate Amount" means, with respect to a particular Series of Bonds, the amount, if any, required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund in order to comply with the tax covenants contained in the General Resolution.

"Rebate Fund" means the Rebate Fund established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Record Date" means the fifteenth (15th) day next preceding an Interest Payment Date.

"Recoveries of Principal" means, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all amounts received by the Corporation as a recovery of the principal amount disbursed by the Corporation in connection with any Mortgage Loan, including any premium or penalty with respect thereto, on account of (i) the advance payment of amounts to become due pursuant to such Mortgage Loan, at the option of the Mortgagor, (ii) the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition thereof, (iii) the acceleration of payments due thereunder or other remedial proceedings taken in the event of the default thereon, (iv) proceeds of any insurance award resulting from the damage or destruction of a Project which are required to be applied to payment of a Mortgage Note pursuant to a Mortgage, (v) proceeds of any condemnation award resulting from the taking by condemnation (or by agreement of interested parties in lieu of condemnation) by any governmental body or by any person, firm, or corporation acting under governmental authority, of title to or any interest in or the temporary use of, a Project or any portion thereof, which proceeds are required to be applied to payment of a Mortgage Note pursuant to a Mortgage or (vi) proceeds of any mortgage insurance or credit enhancement with respect to a Mortgage Loan which is in default.*

"Redemption Account" means the Redemption Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Redemption Date" means the date or dates upon which Bonds are to be called for redemption pursuant to the General Resolution or the applicable Supplemental Resolution.

"Redemption Price" means, with respect to any Bonds, the principal amount thereof plus the applicable premium, if any, payable upon redemption thereof.

"REMIC" means the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation, a subsidiary corporation of the Corporation.

"REMIC Insurance" means the partial mortgage insurance for multi-family rental housing Developments issued by REMIC.

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^{*} The 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution provide that (i) with respect to any Acquired Project, the proceeds of sale of such Acquired Project shall constitute Recoveries of Principal, (ii) with respect to the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan, as applicable, any prepayment premiums or penalties shall not constitute Recoveries of Principal, (iii) with respect to the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan (other than any such 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan while insured by FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance), amounts obtained under a letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing any such Mortgage Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement, in the event of a default on such Mortgage Loan, other than with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, shall constitute Recoveries of Principal, (iv) with respect to any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, (x) the advance payment of principal amounts to become due with respect to such Mortgage Loan, at the option of the Mortgagor or at the option or direction of the Federal Housing Administration, and (y) proceeds of FHA Insurance or FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, shall constitute Recoveries of Principal, (v) with respect to any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan insured by SONYMA Insurance, amounts obtained pursuant to such SONYMA Insurance, other than with respect to scheduled principal and/or interest payments required by such Mortgage Loan, shall constitute Recoveries of Principal and (vi) with respect to the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan, the payment in whole or in part of a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment or 2016 Series C Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment prior to the day that is sixty (60) days prior to the maturity date of the 2020 Series A Bonds or 2016 Series C-2 Bonds of the applicable maturity shall constitute Recoveries of Principal.

"Revenue Account" means the Revenue Account established pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Revenues" means the Pledged Receipts and Recoveries of Principal.

"Section 236 Contract" means a periodic interest reduction payment contract authorized by Section 236 of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended.

"Series" means any Series of Bonds issued pursuant to the General Resolution.

"Sinking Fund Payment" means, with respect to a particular Series, as of any particular date of calculation, the amount required to be paid in all events by the Corporation on a single future date for the retirement of Outstanding Bonds which mature after said future date, but does not include any amount payable by the Corporation by reason of the maturity of a Bond or by call for redemption at the election of the Corporation.

"SONYMA" means the State of New York Mortgage Agency, a corporate governmental agency of the State of New York constituting a political subdivision and public benefit corporation established under the SONYMA Act.

"SONYMA Act" means the State of New York Mortgage Agency Act, constituting Chapter 612 of the Laws of New York, 1970, as amended.

"SONYMA Insurance" means the mortgage insurance for multi-family rental housing developments authorized pursuant to the SONYMA Act.

"State" means the State of New York.

"Subordinate Bonds" means any Bonds which, pursuant to the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds, are secured by a subordinate charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under the General Resolution.

"Subordinate Loan/Grant Programs" means the AHPLP, LAMP, ELLA, Preservation, ML Repair Loan Program, Mix and Match, Mixed Income, Mixed-Middle, New HOP, PLP, Article 8-A, Certificate Program, LIRP (formerly known as MIRP), GML Article 16 programs, HoDAG programs, certain programs of HTF and subsidies through HAC.

"Subsidy Programs" means (a) the Mitchell-Lama program authorized by Article 2 of the New York Private Housing Finance Law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the related ML Restructuring Program, (b) the interest reduction subsidies authorized by Section 236 of the National Housing Act of 1934, as amended, pursuant to Section 236 Contracts, (c) the housing assistance payment program authorized by Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, (d) various subordinate loan programs of the Corporation such as AHPLP, LAMP, ELLA, Preservation, ML Repair Loan Program, Mix and Match, Mixed Income, Mixed-Middle and New HOP, (e) various Federal, State and other local subordinate grant or loan programs such as PLP, Article 8-A, Certificate Program, LIRP (formerly known as MIRP), GML Article 16 programs, HoDAG programs and certain programs of HTF, and (f) subsidies through HAC.

"Supplemental Resolution" means any resolution supplemental to or amendatory of the General Resolution, adopted by the Corporation and effective in accordance with the General Resolution.

"Supplemental Security" means (a) mortgage insurance provided by (i) FHA, including FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, (ii) REMIC and (iii) SONYMA, (b) mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by GNMA, (c) a credit enhancement instrument by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac securing a Mortgage Loan, (d) a risk share credit enhancement instrument by Freddie Mac securing a Mortgage Loan and (e) bank letters of credit securing Mortgage Loans.

"Tender Agent" means The Bank of New York Mellon, a New York banking corporation, and its successors and assigns appointed in accordance with the applicable 2020 Supplemental Resolution or the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution.

"Term Rate" means the rate of interest on the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, described in "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2020 SERIES B-1 BONDS—General" or "DESCRIPTION OF THE 2016 SERIES C-2 BONDS—General," as applicable.

"Term Rate Period" means any period of time during which the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds or the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, as applicable, bear interest at the applicable Term Rate.

"TPT" means the Third Party Transfer Program.

"Trustee" means the trustee designated as Trustee in the General Resolution and its successor or successors and any other person at any time substituted in its place pursuant to the General Resolution.

"2005 Series F Participant Interest" means the Participant Interest in the Participated Assets purchased with the proceeds of the 2005 Series F Bonds (all as defined in the 2005 Series F Participation Agreement).

"2005 Series F Participation Agreement" means the Participation Agreement by and between the Corporation and the City, dated the date of issuance of the 2005 Series F Bonds, as amended.

"2005 Series J Participant Interest" means the Participant Interest in the Participated Assets purchased with the proceeds of the 2005 Series J Bonds (all as defined in the 2005 Series J Participation Agreement).

"2005 Series J Participation Agreement" means the Participation Agreement by and between the Corporation and the City, dated the date of issuance of the 2005 Series J Bonds, as amended.

"2011 Participant Interest" means the Participant Interest in the Participated Assets purchased with the proceeds of the 2011 Series F-1 Bonds and the 2011 Series F-2 Bonds (all as defined in the 2011 Participation Agreement).

"2011 Participation Agreement" means the Participation Agreement by and between the Corporation and the City, dated the date of issuance of the 2011 Series F-1 Bonds and the 2011 Series F-2 Bonds, as amended.

"2014 Series B Mortgage Loan" or "2014 Series B Participant Interest" means, collectively (i) a 100% participation interest of the Corporation in certain permanent mortgage loans for multi-family housing developments (the "2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans"), (ii) a 100% participation interest of the Corporation in a portion of the cash flow derived from the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Multifamily Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate, Series 1996M-1 (the "Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate"), at a pass-through rate of 0.99%, as of July 31, 2014, which certificate evidences a beneficial ownership interest in the Class B Sheridan Trust Multifamily Mortgage Pass-Through Certificate, Series 1995M-1,

which certificate, in turn, represents a beneficial ownership interest in certain permanent mortgage loans (the "2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans") excluding certain voting rights with respect to the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate, (iii) all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans under the servicing agreements with respect to the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans, and (iv) all rights of the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2002-2 and the New York City Mortgage Sale Facilitation Trust 2003-1, each a Delaware statutory trust (each a "Facilitation Trust"), under the Purchase and Sale Agreements between the City and each Facilitation Trust, pursuant to which the City assigned the 2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans and the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate to the applicable Facilitation Trust.

- "2014 Series B Purchased Mortgage Loans" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the definition of the "2014 Series B Mortgage Loan."
- "2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans" has the meaning ascribed thereto in the definition of the "2014 Series B Mortgage Loan."
- "2016 Series C-2 Term Rate Term" means, with respect to the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, the Term Rate Period commencing with the date of remarketing of the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds to but excluding April 29, 2021.
- "2018 Series B Mortgage Loan" or "2018 Series B Participant Interest" means a 100% participation interest (the "2018 Series B Participant Interest") in certain specified mortgage loans and all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of such mortgage loans under the servicing agreements with respect to such mortgage loans, under the Participation Agreement between the Corporation and the City.
- "2018 Series B Mortgage Loan" or "2018 Series B Participant Interest" means a 100% participation interest (the "2018 Series B Participant Interest") in certain specified mortgage loans and all rights, but not the obligations, of the "owner" of such mortgage loans under the servicing agreements with respect to such mortgage loans, under the Participation Agreement between the Corporation and the City.
- "2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account" means the Initial 2020 Series B-1 Bond Proceeds Account established pursuant to the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution.
- "2020 Series B-1 Event of Default" means the event specified in the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution as a 2020 Series B-1 Event of Default.
- "2020 Series B-1 Term Rate Term" means, with respect to the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds, the Term Rate Period commencing with the date of issuance of the 2020 Series B-1 Bonds to but excluding December 1, 2020.
- "2020 Series B-1 Redemption Account" means the Initial 2020 Series B-1 Redemption Account established pursuant to the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution.
- "2020 Series B-1 Revenue Account" means the Initial 2020 Series B-1 Revenue Account established pursuant to the 2020 Series B-1 Supplemental Resolution.
- "Voluntary Sale Proceeds" means the proceeds of the sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition of any Mortgage Loan (including any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan), except a sale, assignment, endorsement or other disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution in the event of a default under the General Resolution or made when, in the sole judgment of the Corporation, such Mortgage Loan is in default.



SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL RESOLUTION

Set forth below are abridged or summarized excerpts of certain sections of the General Resolution. In some instances, the General Resolution permits the modification of certain of its provisions by a Supplemental Resolution relating to a specific Series of Bonds. Certain modifications to the General Resolution, which have been made with respect to the 2020 Bonds by the provisions of the 2020 Supplemental Resolutions and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution, have also been summarized below. The excerpts set forth below do not purport to be complete or to cover all sections of the General Resolution. Reference is made to the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolutions relating to each Series of Bonds, copies of which are on file with the Corporation and the Trustee, for a complete statement of the rights, duties and obligations of the Corporation, the Trustee and the Bond owners thereunder.

Contract With Bond Owners—Security for Bonds—Limited Obligation

In consideration of the purchase and acceptance of the Bonds by those who shall own the same from time to time, the provisions of the General Resolution shall be deemed to be and shall constitute a contract among the Corporation, the Trustee and the owners from time to time of such Bonds. The pledges and assignments made in the General Resolution and the provisions, covenants and agreements therein set forth to be performed by or on behalf of the Corporation shall be for the benefit, protection and security of the owners of any and all of such Bonds, each of which, regardless of the time of its issue or maturity, shall be of equal rank without preference, priority or distinction over any other thereof except as expressly provided in the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds. The Corporation pledges the Revenues and all amounts held in any Account established under the General Resolution to the payment of the principal or Redemption Price of and interest on the Bonds, subject to provisions permitting the use and application of such amounts for stated purposes, as provided in the General Resolution; provided, however, that notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, also pledge such Revenues and amounts to one or more Credit Facility Providers who have provided Credit Facilities to secure such Series of Bonds and such further pledge may be either on a parity with or subordinate to the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds, all as set forth in such Supplemental Resolution; and provided further, however, that the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, provide that amounts in an Account established pursuant to such Supplemental Resolution be excluded from the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds or otherwise limit such pledge with respect to such Account. The foregoing pledge does not include amounts on deposit in or required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund. The Bonds shall be special revenue obligations of the Corporation payable solely from the revenues and assets pledged therefor pursuant to the General Resolution.

Provisions for Issuance of Bonds

In order to provide sufficient funds for financing the Corporation Corporate Purposes, Bonds of the Corporation are authorized to be issued without limitation as to amount except as may be provided by law. The Bonds shall be executed by the Corporation for issuance and delivered to the Trustee and thereupon shall be authenticated by the Trustee and delivered to the Corporation or upon its order, but only upon the receipt by the Trustee of, among other things:

- (a) a Bond Counsel's Opinion to the effect that (i) the General Resolution and the Supplemental Resolution have been duly adopted by the Corporation and are in full force and effect and are valid and binding upon the Corporation and enforceable in accordance with their terms (except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency and other laws affecting creditors' rights and remedies and is subject to general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law)); (ii) the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution create the valid pledge and lien which they purport to create of and on the Revenues and all the Accounts established under the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution and monies and securities on deposit therein, subject to the use and application thereof for or to the purposes and on the terms and conditions permitted by the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution; and (iii) upon the execution, authentication and delivery thereof, such Bonds will have been duly and validly authorized and issued in accordance with the laws of the State, including the Act as amended to the date of such Opinion, and in accordance with the General Resolution and such Supplemental Resolution;
 - (b) a written order as to the delivery of such Bonds, signed by an Authorized Officer;
- (c) the amount of the proceeds of such Bonds to be deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution;
- (d) a Cash Flow Statement conforming to the requirements of the General Resolution; and
- (e) except with respect to the initial Series of Bonds issued under the General Resolution, confirmation of the then existing rating on the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by each of the Rating Agencies.

Refunding Bonds

Refunding Bonds of the Corporation may be issued under and secured by the General Resolution, subject to the conditions provided in the General Resolution, from time to time, for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for (i) redeeming (or purchasing in lieu of redemption) prior to their maturity or maturities, or retiring at their maturity or maturities, all or any part of the Outstanding Bonds of any Series, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon (or premium, to the extent permitted by law, included in the purchase price, if purchased in lieu of redemption), (ii) making any required deposits to the Debt Service Reserve Account, (iii) if deemed necessary by the Corporation, paying the interest to accrue on the refunding Bonds or refunded Bonds to the date fixed for their redemption (or purchase) and (iv) paying any expenses in connection with such refunding. Before such Bonds shall be issued, the Corporation shall adopt a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance and sale of such Bonds, fixing the amount and the details thereof, describing the Bonds to be redeemed and setting forth determinations required by the General Resolution.

Except as otherwise provided in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of refunding Bonds, refunding Bonds shall be on a parity with and shall be entitled to the same benefit and security of the General Resolution as all other Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) issued under the General Resolution, provided, however, a Supplemental Resolution may provide for differences in the maturities thereof or the Interest Payment Dates or the rate or rates of interest or the provisions for redemption.

Before any Series of refunding Bonds shall be authenticated and delivered by the Trustee, there shall be on file with the Trustee, among other things, the following:

- (a) the documents specified under the heading "Provisions for Issuance of Bonds";
- (b) a certificate of an Authorized Officer stating that the proceeds (excluding accrued interest but including any premium) of such refunding Bonds, together with any monies which have been made available to the Trustee for the purpose of paying Debt Service, or the principal of and the interest on the investment of such proceeds or any such monies, will be not less than an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and the redemption premium, if any, on the Bonds to be refunded and the interest which will become due and payable on or prior to the date of their payment or redemption and the expenses in connection with such refunding and to make any required deposits to the Debt Service Reserve Account; and
- (c) if all or part of the refunded Bonds are to be redeemed prior to maturity, irrevocable instructions from an Authorized Officer to the Trustee to redeem the applicable Bonds.

The proceeds of such refunding Bonds and the investment income therefrom shall, to the extent practicable, be invested and reinvested by the Trustee, with the approval of the Corporation in Investment Securities, and the monies so invested shall be available for use when required.

Application and Disbursement of Bond Proceeds

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution, the proceeds of sale of a Series of Bonds, shall, as soon as practicable upon the delivery of such Bonds by the Trustee, be applied as follows:

- (1) the amount, if any, received at such time as a premium above the aggregate principal amount of such Bonds shall be applied as specified in the Certificate of an Authorized Officer, and such portion of the amount, if any, received as accrued interest shall be deposited in the Revenue Account as shall be directed by an Authorized Officer;
- (2) with respect to any Series issued for the purpose of refunding Bonds or any other bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or other entity, the amount, if any, required to pay Costs of Issuance, as designated by an Authorized Officer, shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account;
- (3) with respect to any Series issued for the purpose of refunding Bonds or any other bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or other entity, the balance remaining after such deposits have been made as specified in (1) and (2) above shall be applied as specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Series;
- (4) the amount, if any, necessary to cause the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account to equal the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement immediately following the time of such delivery shall be deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Account together with such additional amount, if any, as may be specified in the Supplemental Resolution authorizing such Bonds; and
- (5) the balance remaining after such deposits have been made shall be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account.

Except as otherwise provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution, amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account shall not be disbursed for financing a Mortgage Loan, including either advances during

construction or permanent financing thereof, unless, among other things, (1) the instrument evidencing such Mortgage Loan and the Mortgage and any other document securing such Mortgage Loan shall have been duly executed and delivered and, in the opinion of counsel, who may be counsel to the Mortgagor, constitute valid and binding agreements between the parties thereto enforceable in accordance with their terms, except as such enforcement may be limited by operation of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting the rights and remedies of creditors; (2) there shall have been filed with the Trustee, an opinion of counsel, who may be counsel to the Corporation, to the effect that such Mortgage Loan complies with all provisions of the Act or otherwise applicable law and the General Resolution; (3) the Mortgage is the subject of a policy of title insurance, in an amount not less than the amount of the unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loan, insuring in favor of the Corporation, a mortgage lien (which need not be a first mortgage lien, if so provided in the applicable Supplemental Resolution), subject only to Permitted Encumbrances, on the real property securing the Mortgage Loan; and (4) the Project is insured against loss by fire and other hazards as required by the Corporation.

Deposits and Investments

Any amounts that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution and held by the Trustee in any Accounts under or pursuant to the General Resolution may be invested in Investment Securities. In computing the amount in any Account, obligations purchased as an investment of monies therein shall be valued at amortized value or if purchased at par, at par.

Upon receipt of written instructions from an Authorized Officer, the Trustee shall exchange any coin or currency of the United States of America or Investment Securities held by it pursuant to the General Resolution or any Supplemental Resolution for any other coin or currency of the United States of America or Investment Securities of like amount.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, any Investment Securities purchased by the Trustee with funds that are pledged pursuant to the General Resolution must, as of the date of such purchase, be rated by each of the Rating Agencies in a category at least equal to the rating category of the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) (or "A-1+" or "P-1," as applicable if the Investment Security has a remaining term at the time it is provided not exceeding one year); provided, however, that the Trustee may purchase Investment Securities that are rated lower than that set forth above, so long as the purchase of such Investment Securities does not, as of the date of such purchase, in and of itself, result in a reduction or withdrawal of the then existing rating assigned to the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) by any of the Rating Agencies.

Establishment of Accounts

The General Resolution establishes the following special trust accounts to be held and maintained by the Trustee in accordance with the General Resolution:

- (1) Bond Proceeds Account;
- (2) Revenue Account;
- (3) Redemption Account; and
- (4) Debt Service Reserve Account.

Bond Proceeds Account

There shall be deposited from time to time in the Bond Proceeds Account any proceeds of the sale of Bonds representing principal or premium or other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts determined by the Corporation to be deposited therein from time to time. Upon the issuance, sale and delivery of any Series of Bonds pursuant to the General Resolution, the Corporation shall establish on the books of the Corporation a separate sub-account designated "_____ Series _____ Bond Proceeds Sub-Account" (inserting therein the appropriate series and other necessary designation). Upon payment of any amounts from the Bond Proceeds Account, such payments shall be charged to the appropriate Bond Proceeds Sub-Account on the books of the Corporation.

Amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account shall be expended only (i) to finance one or more of the Corporation Corporate Purposes, including but not limited to, the financing of Mortgage Loans, in accordance with the General Resolution, which may include making Mortgage Loans, acquiring Mortgage Loans or refinancing Mortgage Loans; (ii) to pay Costs of Issuance; (iii) to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds when due, in accordance with the General Resolution, to the extent amounts in the Revenue Account are insufficient for such purpose; (iv) to purchase or redeem Bonds in accordance with the General Resolution; (v) to pay, purchase or redeem bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation or any other entity in accordance with the General Resolution; and (vi) if so provided in a Supplemental Resolution, to reimburse a Credit Facility Provider for amounts obtained under a Credit Facility for the purposes described in clauses (iii), (iv) or (v) of this paragraph.

At least one day prior to each Interest Payment Date the Corporation shall deliver to the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer setting forth the amounts necessary and available to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds from the amount on deposit in the Bond Proceeds Account, after giving effect to the actual and expected application of amounts therein to the financing of the Corporation Corporate Purposes as of the date of such Certificate, the amount on deposit for such use in the Revenue Account, and any other amount available for such use pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution. On each Interest Payment Date the Trustee shall transfer the amounts so stated to the Revenue Account.

If so provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, the Corporation may direct the Trustee in writing to transfer amounts in the Bond Proceeds Account to fund the payment, purchase or redemption of bonds, notes or other obligations, which may include interest thereon, theretofore issued by the Corporation or any other entity upon receipt by the Trustee of a written requisition setting forth (i) the issue of bonds, notes or other obligations with respect to which the transfer is to be made, and (ii) the amount of the transfer.

Revenue Account

The Corporation shall cause all Pledged Receipts to be deposited promptly with the Trustee in the Revenue Account. There shall also be deposited in the Revenue Account any other amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution. Earnings on all Accounts established under the General Resolution not required to be deposited in the Rebate Fund shall be deposited, as realized, in the Revenue Account.

The Trustee shall pay out of the Revenue Account (i) on or before each Interest Payment Date, the amounts required for the payment of the Principal Installments, if any, and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date, and (ii) on or before the Redemption Date or date of purchase, the amounts required for the payment of accrued interest on Outstanding Bonds to be redeemed or purchased on such date unless the payment of such accrued interest shall be otherwise provided for, and in each such

case, such amounts shall be applied by the Trustee to such payments; provided, however, that if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to make the payments referred to in this paragraph, then amounts in the Revenue Account which would have otherwise been used to make such payments may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Any amount accumulated in the Revenue Account up to the unsatisfied balance of each Sinking Fund Payment may, and if so directed in writing by the Corporation shall, be applied (together with amounts accumulated in the Revenue Account with respect to interest on the Bonds for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established) by the Trustee prior to the forty-fifth day preceding the due date of such Sinking Fund Payment (i) to the purchase of Bonds of the maturity for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established, at prices (including any brokerage and other charges) not exceeding the Redemption Price plus accrued interest, or (ii) to the redemption of such Bonds, if then redeemable by their terms, at the Redemption Prices referred to above; provided, however, that the purchase of such Bonds may be at prices exceeding that set forth in clause (i) of this paragraph if the Corporation shall have filed with the Trustee a Cash Flow Statement pursuant to the General Resolution, and provided further, however, that if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to make the purchases referred to in this paragraph, then amounts in the Revenue Account which would have otherwise been used to make such purchases may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Except as otherwise provided in an applicable Supplemental Resolution, upon the purchase or redemption of any Bond for which Sinking Fund Payments have been established from amounts in the Revenue Account, an amount equal to the principal amount of the Bonds so purchased or redeemed shall be credited toward the next Sinking Fund Payment thereafter to become due with respect to the Bonds of such maturity and the amount of any excess of the amounts so credited over the amount of such Sinking Fund Payment shall be credited by the Trustee against future Sinking Fund Payments in direct chronological order, unless otherwise instructed in writing by an Authorized Officer at the time of such purchase or redemption.

As soon as practicable after the forty-fifth day preceding the due date of any such Sinking Fund Payment, the Trustee shall call for redemption on such due date, Bonds of the maturity for which such Sinking Fund Payment was established in such amount as shall be necessary to complete the retirement of a principal amount of Bonds equal to the unsatisfied balance of such Sinking Fund Payment. The Trustee shall so call such Bonds for redemption whether or not it then has monies in the Revenue Account sufficient to pay the applicable Redemption Price thereof on the Redemption Date.

On each Interest Payment Date, the Trustee shall transfer from the Revenue Account (i) first, to the Debt Service Reserve Account, an amount equal to the amount necessary to be transferred to such Account in order that the amount on deposit therein be equal to the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement (or such lesser amount as may be available), (ii) second, to the Bond Proceeds Account, such amount as the Corporation determines is required to finance Corporation Corporate Purposes, as evidenced by a Certificate of an Authorized Officer, (iii) third, if so directed by the Corporation, to the Trustee, an amount equal to the Trustee's unpaid fees and expenses, (iv) fourth, if so directed by the Corporation, to any Credit Facility Providers, an amount equal to any fees due and owing to such Credit Facility Providers, (v) fifth, to the Corporation, an amount equal to the administrative fee, if any, of the Corporation, to the extent unpaid and (vi) sixth, to the entities providing Investment Securities with respect to the Accounts or any arrangements or agreements with respect thereto, amounts equal to the fees due and payable on or before the next succeeding Interest Payment Date to such entities, as designated in a Certificate of an Authorized Officer. At any time after the transfers described in (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi) above have been made, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution, the

Corporation may, upon the written request of an Authorized Officer and upon filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate pursuant to the General Resolution, withdraw free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution any amount remaining in the Revenue Account.

Notwithstanding any other provision under this heading, the Trustee may at any time make transfers from the Revenue Account, upon the written direction of an Authorized Officer, to the Redemption Account for the purposes of such Account. No such transfer shall be made, however, unless there is on deposit in the Revenue Account after such transfer an amount equal to the Debt Service accrued on all Outstanding Bonds as of the date of such transfer.

Notwithstanding any other provision under this heading, no payments shall be required to be made into the Revenue Account so long as the amount on deposit therein shall be sufficient to pay all Outstanding Bonds (including the Sinking Fund Payments for the retirement thereof) in accordance with their terms, and any Revenues thereafter received by the Corporation may be applied to any corporate purpose of the Corporation free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

Redemption Account

There shall be deposited in the Redemption Account all amounts which are required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts available therefor and determined by the Corporation to be deposited therein. Subject to the provisions of the General Resolution or of any Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, requiring the application thereof to the payment, purchase or redemption of any particular Bonds, the Trustee shall apply any amounts deposited in the Redemption Account to the purchase or redemption of Bonds at the times and in the manner provided in the General Resolution.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to purchase or redeem Bonds, then amounts in the Redemption Account which would otherwise have been used for such purposes may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

Debt Service Reserve Account

There shall be deposited in the Debt Service Reserve Account all amounts required to be deposited therein pursuant to the General Resolution and any Supplemental Resolution and any other amounts received and determined to be deposited therein by the Corporation.

Amounts on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account shall be applied, to the extent other funds are not available therefor pursuant to the General Resolution and the applicable Supplemental Resolution, to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on the Outstanding Bonds when due, whether by call for redemption or otherwise.

Whenever the amount in the Debt Service Reserve Account exceeds the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement, the amount of such excess, upon the direction of the Corporation, shall be transferred to the Revenue Account.

Monies in the Debt Service Reserve Account may, and at the direction of the Corporation shall, be withdrawn by the Trustee and deposited in the Redemption Account for the purchase or redemption of Bonds at any time, provided that subsequent to such purchase or redemption the amount in the Debt Service Reserve Account will not be less than the Debt Service Reserve Account Requirement.

If on any Interest Payment Date or Redemption Date for the Bonds the amount in the Revenue Account and the Redemption Account, as applicable, shall be less than the amount required for the payment of the Principal Installments and interest due on the Outstanding Bonds on such date, the Trustee shall apply amounts from the Debt Service Reserve Account to the extent necessary to make good the deficiency.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, if, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution, amounts obtained under a Credit Facility are to be used to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on Bonds, then amounts in the Debt Service Reserve Account which would otherwise have been used for such purposes may be applied to reimburse the Credit Facility Provider for the amounts so obtained, all in accordance with such Supplemental Resolution.

The 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution provide that, with respect to the 2020 Series A Bonds and the 2016 Series C-2 Bonds, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, the Corporation may, at any time, provide to the Trustee one or more Cash Equivalents for deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account with respect to such Series of Bonds. In the event any such Cash Equivalents are so provided (other than in connection with the initial issuance of the applicable Series of Bonds, or to replenish the Debt Service Reserve Account) in replacement of funds on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Account, the Trustee shall make such deposit and transfer funds in an equivalent amount from the Debt Service Reserve Account to the Revenue Account.

Rebate Fund

The General Resolution also establishes the Rebate Fund as a special trust account to be held and maintained by the Trustee. Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution with respect to an Account established thereunder which is not pledged to the payment of the Bonds or to any Credit Facility Provider in connection with a Credit Facility securing one or more Series of Bonds, earnings on all Accounts required to be deposited into the Rebate Fund shall be deposited, at least as frequently as the end of each fifth Bond Year and at the time that the last Bond that is part of the Series for which a Rebate Amount is required is discharged, into the Rebate Fund.

The Rebate Fund and the amounts deposited therein shall not be subject to a security interest, pledge, assignment, lien or charge in favor of the Trustee or any Bond owner or any other person other than as set forth in the General Resolution.

The Trustee, upon the receipt of a certification of the Rebate Amount from an Authorized Officer, shall deposit in the Rebate Fund at least as frequently as the end of each fifth Bond Year and at the time that the last Bond that is part of the Series for which a Rebate Amount is required is discharged, an amount such that the amount held in the Rebate Fund after such deposit is equal to the Rebate Amount calculated as of such time of calculation. The amount deposited in the Rebate Fund pursuant to the previous sentence shall be deposited from amounts withdrawn from the Revenue Account, and to the extent such amounts are not available in the Revenue Account, directly from earnings on the Accounts.

Amounts on deposit in the Rebate Fund shall be invested in the same manner as amounts on deposit in the Accounts, except as otherwise specified by an Authorized Officer to the extent necessary to comply with the tax covenant set forth in the General Resolution, and except that the income or interest earned and gains realized in excess of losses suffered by the Rebate Fund due to the investment thereof shall be deposited in or credited to the Rebate Fund from time to time and reinvested.

In the event that, on any date of calculation of the Rebate Amount, the amount on deposit in the Rebate Fund exceeds the Rebate Amount, the Trustee, upon the receipt of written instructions from an Authorized Officer, shall withdraw such excess amount and deposit it in the Revenue Account.

The Trustee, upon the receipt of written instructions and certification of the Rebate Amount from an Authorized Officer, shall pay to the United States, out of amounts in the Rebate Fund, (i) not less frequently than once each five (5) years after the date of original issuance of each Series for which a Rebate Amount is required, an amount such that, together with prior amounts paid to the United States, the total paid to the United States is equal to 90% of the Rebate Amount with respect to each Series for which a Rebate Amount is required as of the date of such payment, and (ii) notwithstanding the provisions of the General Resolution, not later than sixty (60) days after the date on which all Bonds of a Series for which a Rebate Amount is required have been paid in full, 100% of the Rebate Amount as of the date of payment.

Payment of Bonds

The Corporation covenants that it will duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid, as provided in the General Resolution, the principal or Redemption Price of every Bond and the interest thereon, at the dates and places and in the manner stated in the Bonds, according to the true intent and meaning thereof and shall duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid all Sinking Fund Payments, if any, becoming payable with respect to any of the Bonds.

Tax Covenants

The following covenants are made solely for the benefit of the owners of, and shall be applicable solely to, any Bonds as designated in a Supplemental Resolution, to which the Corporation intends that the following covenants shall apply.

The Corporation shall at all times do and perform all acts and things necessary or desirable in order to assure that interest paid on the Bonds shall be excluded from gross income for Federal income tax purposes, except in the event that the owner of any such Bond is a "substantial user" of the facilities financed by the Bonds or a "related person" within the meaning of the Code.

The Corporation shall not permit at any time or times any of the proceeds of the Bonds or any other funds of the Corporation to be used directly or indirectly to acquire any securities or obligations or other investment property, the acquisition of which would cause any Bond to be an "arbitrage bond" as defined in Section 148(a) of the Code.

Except as otherwise permitted in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, the Corporation shall not permit any person or "related person" (as defined in the Code) to purchase Bonds in an amount related to the Mortgage Loan to be acquired by the Corporation from such person or "related person."

Pursuant to the provisions of supplemental resolutions for Bonds the interest on which is included in gross income for Federal income tax purposes, the Corporation has provided that the provisions under this heading do not apply to such Bonds.

Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans

The Corporation pledges for the benefit of the Bond owners all of its right, title and interest in and to the Mortgage Loans, which pledge shall be valid and binding from and after the date of adoption of

the General Resolution. Such Mortgage Loans shall immediately be subject to the lien of such pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act, and the lien of such pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the Corporation, irrespective of whether such parties have notice thereof. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the General Resolution, the Corporation may, pursuant to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing a Series of Bonds, (i) also pledge one or more Mortgage Loans for the benefit of one or more Credit Facility Providers who have provided Credit Facilities to secure such Series of Bonds and such further pledge may be either on a parity with or subordinate to the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds, all as set forth in such Supplemental Resolution or (ii) provide that any or all of the mortgage loans financed by the Series of Bonds authorized pursuant to such Supplemental Resolution be excluded from the pledge set forth in this paragraph to secure the payment of the Bonds or otherwise limit such pledge with respect to such mortgage loans. In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing, any Mortgage Loan pledged under the General Resolution may, at the written direction of the Corporation, be released from such pledge upon the filing with the Trustee of a Cash Flow Statement pursuant to the General Resolution. Upon the happening of an event of default specified under the heading "Events of Default," the written request of the Trustee or the owners of not less than twenty-five per centum (25%) in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), the Corporation shall effectuate the assignment and deliver the Mortgage Loans to the Trustee. If, however, the Trustee and the Bond owners are restored to their positions in accordance with the General Resolution, the Trustee shall assign such Mortgage Loans with respect thereto back to the Corporation.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, pursuant to the Supplemental Resolutions authorizing the issuance of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series B-1 and 2018 Series B-2 (collectively, the "2018 Series B Bonds"), at such time as the 2018 Series B Bonds are no longer Outstanding or at such earlier time as the Corporation provides a Certificate to the Trustee demonstrating that the 2018 Series B Bonds would have been no longer Outstanding had excess revenues from the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest (and after a certain date, from the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest) available for the redemption of 2018 Series B Bonds been applied to redeem the 2018 Series B Bonds, the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and the 2014 Series B Participant Interest shall be released from the pledge set forth in the foregoing paragraph without the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate. Notwithstanding the foregoing, pursuant to the Supplemental Resolutions authorizing the issuance of Outstanding Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds, at such time as no Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are Outstanding, the subordinate Mortgage Loans listed in "Appendix D-1 Table 3: ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019" shall be released from the pledge set forth in the foregoing paragraph without the filing of a Cash Flow Statement or a Cash Flow Certificate.

With respect to any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, the 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution provide that no assignment or reassignment of such 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan as described in the second preceding paragraph shall be permitted so long as such FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance is in effect with respect to such 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan, and HUD shall have no obligation to recognize or deal with anyone other than the Corporation in its role as mortgagee of record and as party to a risk sharing agreement with HUD with respect to rights, benefits and obligations of the Corporation under the FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance contract.

In order to pay the Principal Installments of and interest on the Bonds when due, the Corporation shall, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, from time to time, with all practical dispatch and in a sound and economical manner consistent in all respects with the Act, any other applicable law, the provisions of the General Resolution and sound

banking practices and principles, (i) use and apply the proceeds of the Bonds, to the extent not reasonably or otherwise required for other purposes of the kind permitted by the General Resolution, to finance the Corporation Corporate Purposes pursuant to the Act, any other applicable law and the General Resolution and any applicable Supplemental Resolution, (ii) do all such acts and things as shall be necessary to receive and collect Revenues (including diligent enforcement of the prompt collection of all arrears on Mortgage Loans), (iii) diligently enforce, and take all steps, actions and proceedings reasonably necessary in the judgment of the Corporation to protect its rights with respect to or to maintain any insurance on Mortgage Loans or any subsidy payments in connection with the Projects securing the Mortgage Loans or the occupancy thereof and to enforce all terms, covenants and conditions of the Mortgage Loans, including the collection, custody and prompt application of all Escrow Payments for the purposes for which they were made.

Pursuant to the 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution, with respect to the 2020 Series A Mortgage Loans and the 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan (other than any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan or 2016 Series C-2 Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Insurance) (for the purposes of the remainder of this section "Covenants with Respect to the Mortgage Loans," each a "2020 Mortgage Loan" and collectively the "2020 Mortgage Loans"), as the case may be, the following additional provisions shall apply:

- (1) The Corporation shall take all steps, actions and proceedings necessary, in the judgment of the Corporation, to protect its rights with respect to the Mortgages securing the 2020 Mortgage Loans.
- (2) Whenever, in the Corporation's judgment, it shall be necessary in order to protect and enforce the rights of the Corporation under a Mortgage securing a 2020 Mortgage Loan and to protect and enforce the rights and interests of Bondholders, the Corporation may, in its discretion, commence foreclosure proceedings against the Mortgagor in default under the provisions of such Mortgage and/or, in protection and enforcement of its rights under such Mortgage, the Corporation may, in its discretion, acquire and take possession of the Project covered by such Mortgage by bidding for and purchasing such Project at the foreclosure sale thereof, by deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise.
- (3) Upon acquisition by the Corporation of a Project securing a 2020 Mortgage Loan by foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise, and so long as the Corporation shall have title thereto or be in possession thereof, the Corporation shall, as the case may be, operate and administer such Project in the place and stead of the Mortgagor and in the manner required of such Mortgagor by the terms and provisions of the related Mortgage. The Corporation shall pay the Acquired Project Net Operating Income derived from such Acquired Project to the Trustee for deposit into the Revenue Account.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (3) above, upon acquisition by the Corporation of a Project securing a 2020 Mortgage Loan, whether by foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or otherwise:
 - (a) The Corporation may at any time thereafter sell such Project to another qualified entity and make a Mortgage Loan with respect thereto as if such entity were the original Mortgagor, provided that (i) the Mortgage securing such Mortgage Loan shall contain the terms, conditions, provisions and limitations substantially similar to the Mortgage of such Project which had previously secured the related 2020 Mortgage Loan, (ii) said new Mortgage Loan shall automatically become subject to the lien of the General Resolution and (iii) the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer

describing said replacement Mortgage Loan and specifying which 2020 Mortgage Loan has been so replaced; or

- (b) The Corporation may at any time thereafter sell such Project, provided that the proceeds of such sale shall be treated as a Recovery of Principal.
- (5) In addition, and as an alternative to the rights of the Corporation described above, following a default under a 2020 Mortgage Loan, the Corporation may, in its discretion, cause or consent to the sale of a Project securing such 2020 Mortgage Loan to another qualified entity and, in connection with any such sale (a) allow the purchaser to assume the related Mortgage, or (b) make a Mortgage Loan with respect thereto as if such entity were the original Mortgagor, if such sale shall occur after the original Mortgage shall have been discharged, provided, however, that (i) the Mortgage securing such Mortgage Loan shall contain the terms, conditions, provisions and limitations substantially similar to the Mortgage of such Project which had previously secured the related 2020 Mortgage Loan, (ii) said new Mortgage Loan shall automatically become subject to the lien of the General Resolution and (iii) the Corporation shall file with the Trustee a Certificate of an Authorized Officer describing said replacement Mortgage Loan and specifying which 2020 Mortgage Loan has been so replaced.
- (6) To the extent permitted by law, any rights of the Corporation set forth in (1) (5) above may be exercised by a subsidiary of the Corporation established pursuant to Section 654-a of the Act.
- (7) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions described above, from and after the date of issuance of SONYMA Insurance with respect to a 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan, the provisions of (1) (6) above shall apply only during the period that SONYMA has failed to honor its payment obligations under such SONYMA Insurance.
- (8) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions described above, with respect to any 2020 Series A Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, the provisions of (1) (6) above shall apply only during the period that HUD has failed to honor its payment obligations under such FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance.
- (9) In addition, and as a further alternative to the rights of the Corporation described above, following a default under a 2020 Mortgage Loan, the Corporation may, in its discretion, obtain amounts under any letter of credit or other credit enhancement securing such 2020 Mortgage Loan or under any agreement entered into by the Corporation and the provider of such letter of credit or other credit enhancement in connection with the providing of such letter of credit or credit enhancement, in accordance with the terms thereof; provided that if the Corporation obtains funds in an amount equal to the outstanding principal balance of such 2020 Mortgage Loan, plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest thereon or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest thereon, pursuant to any such letter of credit, credit enhancement or other agreement, the Corporation shall immediately assign such 2020 Mortgage Loan to or upon the order of the provider thereof free and clear of the lien of the General Resolution.

With respect to any 2020 Mortgage Loan insured by FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, the 2020 Series A Supplemental Resolution and the 2016 Series C Supplemental Resolution provide as follows. Upon receipt of proceeds of FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance, such 2020 Mortgage Loan shall no longer be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and will be free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution. The Corporation shall comply with and shall not take any action in conflict with the regulations or prescribed mortgage documents of the Federal Housing Administration so as to jeopardize

the FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance and shall notify the Federal Housing Administration, on a timely basis, of the occurrence of a default on such 2020 Mortgage Loan. The Corporation shall promptly advise the Trustee of the occurrence of a default on such 2020 Mortgage Loan and shall keep the Trustee advised as to any actions taken to cure such default and/or to claim the benefits of FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance. Other than as permitted by HUD, the Corporation shall not seek any extension of the deadline for filing notice of its intention to file a claim for FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance. The Corporation shall take any and all action necessary or desirable to ensure that all benefits of FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance are paid to the Corporation in cash, in accordance with all applicable regulations of the Federal Housing Commissioner.

Issuance of Additional Obligations

The Corporation shall not hereafter create or permit the creation of or issue any obligations or create any indebtedness which will be secured by a superior charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under or pursuant to the General Resolution for the payment of Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds). In addition, the Corporation shall not hereafter create or permit the creation of or issue any obligations or create any additional indebtedness (other than additional Bonds and except as expressly permitted by the General Resolution with respect to pledges made for the benefit of Credit Facility Providers) which will be secured by an equal charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under or pursuant to the General Resolution. The Corporation expressly reserves the right (i) to issue one or more Series of Subordinate Bonds pursuant to Supplemental Resolutions and (ii) to issue one or more series of bonds, notes or other obligations pursuant to other resolutions which will be secured by a subordinate charge and lien on the Revenues and assets pledged under the General Resolution.

Sale of Mortgage Loans

The Corporation is authorized to sell, assign or otherwise dispose of a Mortgage Loan, in addition to a sale, assignment or disposition required pursuant to the General Resolution or any applicable Supplemental Resolution, provided the proceeds of such sale, assignment or disposition shall be treated as Recoveries of Principal for purposes of the General Resolution and provided, further, that, with respect to any Mortgage Loan not in default, a Cash Flow Statement is filed with the Trustee.

Disposition of Recoveries of Principal

All Recoveries of Principal shall be deposited in the Redemption Account and applied to the redemption of Bonds as soon as practically possible; provided, however, that, except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, in lieu of such deposit, the Corporation may, upon filing a Cash Flow Statement, direct the Trustee to deposit all or a portion of any such Recoveries of Principal in the Bond Proceeds Account or the Revenue Account.

Powers of Amendment

Any modification of or amendment to the provisions of the General Resolution and of the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the owners of the Bonds may be made by a Supplemental Resolution, with the written consent (given as provided in the General Resolution), (i) of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds Outstanding at the time such consent is given, (ii) in case less than all of the Bonds then Outstanding are affected by the modification or amendment, of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds so affected and Outstanding at the time such consent is given, and (iii) in case the modification or amendment changes the terms of any Sinking Fund Payment, of the owners of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of the particular Series and maturity entitled to such Sinking Fund Payment and Outstanding at the time such consent is given; provided, however, that in addition to the foregoing and notwithstanding anything to the contrary

contained in the General Resolution, any modification of or amendment to a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds and of the rights and obligations of the Corporation and of the owners of the Bonds of such Series thereunder, in any particular, may, if no Bonds other than the Bonds of such Series are affected by the modification or amendment, be made by a Supplemental Resolution, but only, in the event such Supplemental Resolution shall require the consent of Bond owners, with the written consent given as provided in the General Resolution, of at least two-thirds in principal amount of the Bonds of such Series Outstanding at the time such consent is given. If any such modification or amendment will not take effect so long as any Bonds of any specified Series and maturity remain Outstanding however, the consent of the owners of such Bonds shall not be required and such Bonds shall not be deemed to be Outstanding for the purpose of any calculation of Outstanding Bonds under this paragraph. No such modification or amendment shall permit a change in the terms of redemption or maturity of the principal of any Outstanding Bond or of any installment of interest thereon or a reduction in the principal amount or the Redemption Price thereof or in the rate of interest thereon without the consent of the owner of such Bond, or shall reduce the percentages or otherwise affect the classes of Bonds the consent of the owners of which is required to effect any such modification or amendment, or shall change or modify any of the rights or obligations of the Trustee without its written assent thereto.

The Corporation may adopt, without the consent of any owners of the Bonds, Supplemental Resolutions to, among other things, provide limitations and restrictions in addition to the limitations and restrictions contained in the General Resolution on the issuance of other evidences of indebtedness; add to the covenants and agreements or limitations and restrictions on, the Corporation's other covenants and agreements or limitations and restrictions which are not contrary to or inconsistent with the General Resolution; surrender any right, power or privilege of the Corporation under the General Resolution, but only if the surrender is not contrary to or inconsistent with the covenants and agreements of the Corporation contained in the General Resolution; confirm any pledge under the General Resolution of the Revenues or of any other revenues or assets; modify any of the provisions of the General Resolution in any respect whatever (but no such modification shall be effective until all Bonds theretofore issued are no longer Outstanding); provide for the issuance of Bonds in coupon form payable to bearer; authorize the issuance of a Series of Bonds and prescribe the terms and conditions thereof; cure any ambiguity or correct any defect or inconsistent provision in the General Resolution (provided that the Trustee shall consent thereto); comply with the Code; pledge under the General Resolution any additional collateral as further security for the Bonds or specific Series of Bonds, including, but not limited to, additional Mortgage Loans or other assets or revenues; appoint a trustee (other than the Trustee) with respect to any Subordinate Bonds; or make any additions, deletions or modifications to the General Resolution which, in the opinion of the Trustee, are not materially adverse to the interests of the Bond owners.

Events of Default

Each of the following events shall constitute an "Event of Default" with respect to the Bonds: (1) payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of or interest on any Bond when and as the same shall become due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption or otherwise, shall not be made when and as the same shall become due; or (2) the Corporation shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of the General Resolution or shall default in the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained therein or in any applicable Supplemental Resolution or the Bonds, and such failure, refusal or default shall continue for a period of forty-five (45) days after written notice thereof by the Trustee or the owners of not less than 5% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds).

Remedies

Upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (1) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee shall proceed, or upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default specified in clause (2) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee may proceed and, upon the written request of the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), shall proceed, in its own name, subject to the provisions of the General Resolution, to protect and enforce the rights of the Bond owners by such of the following remedies, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights: (1) by mandamus or other suit, action or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Bond owners, including the right to require the Corporation to receive and collect Revenues adequate to carry out the covenants and agreements as to the Mortgage Loans and to require the Corporation to carry out any other covenants or agreements with such Bond owners, including the assignment of the Mortgage Loans, and to perform its duties under the Act; (2) by bringing suit upon the Bonds; (3) by action or suit in equity, to require the Corporation to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the owners of the Bonds; (4) by action or suit in equity to enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the owners of the Bonds; (5) by declaring all Outstanding Bonds due and payable (provided that with respect to an Event of Default specified in clause (2) of the preceding paragraph, no such declaration shall be made without the consent of the owners of 100% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds)), and if all defaults shall be cured, then, with the written consent of the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Outstanding Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), by annulling such declaration and its consequences; or (6) in the event that all Outstanding Bonds are declared due and payable, by selling Mortgage Loans and any Investment Securities securing such Bonds.

In the enforcement of any rights and remedies under the General Resolution, the Trustee shall be entitled to sue for, enforce payment of and receive any and all amounts then or during any default becoming, and at any time remaining, due and unpaid from the Corporation for principal, Redemption Price, interest or otherwise, under any provisions of the General Resolution or a Supplemental Resolution or of the Bonds with interest on overdue payments at the rate of interest specified in such Bonds, together with any and all costs and expenses of collection and of all proceedings thereunder and under such Bonds, without prejudice to any other right or remedy of the Trustee or of the Bond owners, and to recover and enforce a judgment or decree against the Corporation for any portion of such amounts remaining unpaid, with interest, costs and expenses (including without limitation pre-trial, trial and appellate attorneys' fees), and to collect from any monies available for such purpose, in any manner provided by law, the monies adjudged or decreed to be payable.

Anything in the General Resolution to the contrary notwithstanding, the owners of the majority in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) shall have the right, by an instrument or concurrent instruments in writing executed and delivered to the Trustee, to direct the method of conducting all remedial proceedings to be taken by the Trustee under the General Resolution, provided that such direction shall not be otherwise than in accordance with law or the provisions of the General Resolution, and that the Trustee shall have the right to decline to follow any such direction which in the opinion of the Trustee would be unjustly prejudicial to Bond owners not parties to such direction.

No owner of any Bond shall have any right to institute any suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding in equity or at law under the General Resolution, or for the protection or enforcement of any right under the General Resolution unless such owner shall have given to the Trustee written notice of the Event of Default or breach of duty on account of which such suit, action or proceeding is to be taken, and unless the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the Bonds then Outstanding (other than Subordinate Bonds) shall have made written request of the Trustee after the right to exercise such powers or right of action, as the case may be, shall have occurred, and shall have afforded the Trustee a

reasonable opportunity either to proceed to exercise the powers in the General Resolution granted or granted under the law or to institute such action, suit or proceeding in its name and unless, also, there shall have been offered to the Trustee reasonable security and indemnity against the costs, expenses (including legal fees and expenses) and liabilities to be incurred therein or thereby, and the Trustee shall have refused or neglected to comply with such request within a reasonable time. Nothing contained in the General Resolution shall affect or impair the right of any Bond owner to enforce the payment of the principal of and interest on such owner's Bonds, or the obligation of the Corporation to pay the principal of and interest on each Bond issued under the General Resolution to the owner thereof at the time and place in said Bond expressed.

Unless remedied or cured, the Trustee shall give to the Bond owners notice of each Event of Default under the General Resolution known to the Trustee within ninety (90) days after actual knowledge by the Trustee of the occurrence thereof. However, except in the case of default in the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of or interest on any of the Bonds, or in the making of any payment required to be made into the Bond Proceeds Account, the Trustee may withhold such notice if it determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interest of the Bond owners.

Priority of Payments After Default

In the event that upon the happening and continuance of any Event of Default the funds held by the Trustee shall be insufficient for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest then due on the Bonds affected, such funds (other than funds held for the payment or redemption of particular Bonds which have theretofore become due at maturity or by call for redemption) and any other amounts received or collected by the Trustee acting pursuant to the Act and the General Resolution, after making provision for the payment of any expenses necessary in the opinion of the Trustee to protect the interest of the owners of such Bonds and for the payment of the charges and expenses and liabilities incurred and advances made by the Trustee in the performance of its duties under the General Resolution, shall be applied as follows:

- (1) Unless the principal of all of such Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable:
 - (a) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due (other than with respect to Subordinate Bonds) in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference,
 - (b) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal or Redemption Price of any such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price, if any, due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference,
 - (c) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of all installments of interest then due with respect to Subordinate Bonds in the order of the maturity of such installments, and, if the amount available shall not be sufficient to pay in full any installment, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts due on such installment, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference, and

- (d) To the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the unpaid principal or Redemption Price of any Subordinate Bonds which shall have become due, whether at maturity or by call for redemption, in the order of their due dates and, if the amounts available shall not be sufficient to pay in full all the Subordinate Bonds due on any date, then to the payment thereof ratably, according to the amounts of principal or Redemption Price, if any, due on such date, to the persons entitled thereto, without any discrimination or preference.
- (2) If the principal of all such Bonds shall have become or have been declared due and payable, first to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds) without preference or priority of principal over interest or of interest over principal, or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any such Bond (other than Subordinate Bonds) over any other such Bond (other than Subordinate Bonds), ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in such Bonds (other than Subordinate Bonds), and second, to the payment of the principal and interest then due and unpaid upon the Subordinate Bonds without preference or priority of principal over interest or of interest over principal, or of any installment of interest over any other installment of interest, or of any such Subordinate Bond over any other such Subordinate Bond, ratably, according to the amounts due respectively for principal and interest, to the persons entitled thereto without any discrimination or preference except as to any difference in the respective rates of interest specified in such Subordinate Bonds.

Defeasance

If the Corporation shall pay or cause to be paid to the owners of all Bonds then Outstanding the principal and interest and Redemption Price, if any, to become due thereon, at the times and in the manner stipulated therein and in the General Resolution, then the pledge of any Revenues and other monies, securities, funds and property pledged by the General Resolution and all other rights granted by the General Resolution shall be discharged and satisfied.

Bonds or interest installments for the payment or redemption of which monies shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) at the maturity or Redemption Date thereof shall be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph. Except as otherwise provided in a Supplemental Resolution authorizing the issuance of a Series of Bonds, all Outstanding Bonds of any Series shall, prior to the maturity or Redemption Date thereof, be deemed to have been paid within the meaning and with the effect expressed in the above paragraph if: (i) in case any of said Bonds are to be redeemed on any date prior to their maturity, the Corporation shall have given to the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to give as provided in the General Resolution notice of redemption on said date of such Bonds, (ii) there shall have been set aside and shall be held in trust by the Trustee (through deposit by the Corporation of funds for such payment or redemption or otherwise) either (a) monies in an amount which shall be sufficient, or (b) Government Obligations or (c) obligations (1) validly issued by or on behalf of a state or political subdivision thereof, (2) the interest on which is excluded from gross income for Federal income taxation purposes pursuant to Section 103(a) of the Code and (3) fully secured by a first lien on Government Obligations, the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide monies which, together with the monies, if any, deposited with the Trustee at the same time, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and (iii) in the event said Bonds are not by their terms subject to redemption within the

next succeeding sixty (60) days, the Corporation shall have given the Trustee in form satisfactory to it irrevocable instructions to give by mail, as soon as practicable, notice to the owners of such Bonds that the deposit required by this subsection has been made with the Trustee and that said Bonds are deemed to have been paid in accordance with the General Resolution and stating such maturity or Redemption Date upon which monies are to be available for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, on said Bonds. To the extent required for the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, of and interest on said Bonds, neither monies deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution nor principal or interest payments on any such Government Obligations or obligations described in clause (c) above and deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution shall be withdrawn or used for any purpose other than, and shall be held in trust for, the payment of the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest on said Bonds; provided that any cash received from such principal or interest payments on such Government Obligations or obligations described in clause (c) above and deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution, if not then needed for such purpose, shall, to the extent practicable, be reinvested in obligations described in clauses (b) or (c) above maturing at times and in amounts sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if any, of and interest to become due on said Bonds on and prior to such Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, and, if not required for the payment of such Bonds, any monies deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution and principal and interest payments on the obligations described in clauses (b) or (c) above shall be paid over to the Corporation, as received by the Trustee, free and clear of any trust, lien or pledge. The Trustee may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of the obligations described in clauses (b) and (c) above deposited with the Trustee pursuant to the General Resolution; provided that the amounts received upon any such sale, transfer or other disposition, or a portion of such amounts, shall be applied to the purchase of other obligations described in clauses (b) and (c) above, the principal of and the interest on which when due will provide monies which, together with the monies on deposit with the Trustee, shall be sufficient to pay when due the principal or Redemption Price, if applicable, of and interest due and to become due on said Bonds on and prior to the Redemption Date or maturity date thereof, as the case may be, in accordance with the General Resolution.

Amounts held by the Trustee for the payment of principal or Redemption Price of, or interest on, Bonds held by particular Bond owners with respect to which no claim for payment has been made shall be disposed of as provided by applicable law, or if there shall be no such applicable law, shall be returned to the Corporation three years after the date on which payment of such amounts would have been due.

APPENDIX C

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE CORPORATION FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2019 INCLUDING AS SCHEDULE 3 SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATED TO THE HOUSING REVENUE BOND PROGRAM





Combined Financial Statements and Other Information

New York City Housing

Development Corporation

October 31,2019



New York City Housing Development Corporation

Combined Financial Statements and Additional Information

Year Ended October 31, 2019

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Report of Independent Auditors

Management and the Members of the New York City Housing Development Corporation

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the City of New York, as of and for the year ended October 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as of October 31, 2019 and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Corporation's 2018 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated January 30, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended October 31, 2018 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Contributions, the Schedule of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the Corporation's Pension Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedules of Net Position for the Housing Revenue Bond Program and Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bond Program as of October 31, 2019 and 2018 and the Schedules of Revenue, Expenses



and Changes in Net Position for the years then ended, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Ernst + Young LLP

January 29, 2020

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended October 31, 2019

INTRODUCTION

The New York City Housing Development Corporation ("HDC" or the "Corporation") is a state public benefit corporation created pursuant to Article XII of the New York State Private Housing Finance Law ("PHFL") that finances affordable housing in New York City. HDC issues tax-exempt and taxable debt and uses the proceeds along with other monies of the Corporation to make loans to finance new residential construction and the rehabilitation of existing multi-family housing. HDC, which is financially self-supporting, also lends its own internally-generated funds for these purposes. All these activities are reported in the financial statements under the heading "Housing Development Corporation."

HDC currently has two active subsidiaries that are presented as blended component units in the financial statements. The New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation ("REMIC") insures residential mortgages in New York City. The New York City Housing Assistance Corporation ("HAC") made mortgage loans for affordable housing in the 1980s. Presently, it provides rental subsidy assistance to one residential development.

The Corporation's annual financial report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, which includes the Schedule of Changes in the net Postemployment Benefit Other Than Pensions ("OPEB") Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Contributions, the Schedule of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the Corporation's Pension Contributions, and supplementary information, which includes the Schedule of Net Position and the Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the Housing Revenue Bond Program and the Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bond Program. This follows directly after the notes to the financial statements.

This section of the Corporation's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Corporation's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on October 31, 2019. This period is also referred to as fiscal year ("FY") 2019. Reported amounts have been rounded to facilitate reading.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Corporation is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting. An enterprise fund reports activity that is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenue from that activity as well as activity that is not supported by taxes or similar revenues. HDC's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting matches revenues and expenses to the period in which they are earned or attributable, respectively, which may differ from the period in which the associated cash is received or expended.

Enterprise fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the Corporation's activities. While detailed sub-fund information is not presented in the Corporation's financial statements, separate accounts are maintained for each bond issue and component unit, as well as the Corporation's general operating fund, known as the Corporate Services Fund. These sub-funds permit HDC to control and manage money for the purposes they were intended and to demonstrate that the Corporation is properly using specific resources. In addition, HDC also services construction and permanent loans on behalf of New York City's Department of Housing Preservation and Development ("HPD").

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Corporation had net earnings of \$300.5 million in fiscal year 2019, compared to net earnings of \$184.2 million in 2018. Total revenues were \$738.3 million an increase of \$173.9 million or 30.81% from \$564.4 million in fiscal year 2018. The increase in total revenues was mainly due to an increase of \$86.3 million in operating revenues and \$87.6 million in non-operating revenues. Operating revenues which are mainly comprised of interest on loans, loan origination and servicing fees, were \$557.6 million up from \$471.4 million in fiscal year 2018. The increase in operating revenues was primarily due to a \$47.7 million increase in interest on loans, as the mortgage portfolio saw an increase of \$1.5 billion from fiscal year end 2018. Fees and charges from loan originations and servicing increased by \$18.7 million.

Non-Operating revenues which are primarily investment earnings and grant revenues saw a significant increase from a year ago. Total investment earnings, including the fair market valuation increased from \$53.6 million to \$139.5 million, a 160.56% increase from fiscal year 2018. This increase was due to the growth in the investment portfolio from \$5.2 billion to \$5.9 billion as a result of bond issuances and receipts in HPD Section 661 Grant Funds as well as a higher rate of return on the portfolio compared to a year ago. The Corporation also recorded grant revenues of \$41.7 million from funds received from The Battery Park City Authority ("BPCA").

Operating expenses in fiscal year 2019 were \$437.8 million, a \$57.6 million or 15.15% increase from a year ago. Operating expenses in fiscal year 2018 were \$380.2 million. Interest on bonds and other debt obligations increased by a net of \$53.1 million, due to the higher debt level. Fiscal year 2019 was a record year for HDC's bond issuances. In its continuing commitment to the *Mayor's Housing New York Plan*, HDC's bond issuances totaled \$2.2 billion.

The new bond proceeds were allocated to finance twenty-three new construction projects with loan commitments in excess of \$1.1 billion. New bond proceeds were also used for the recycling of prepayments as well as the securitization of loans previously funded from corporate reserves. The Corporation also committed \$360.5 million to the refinancing or the rehabilitation of nine developments which included four Mitchell-Lama projects, as part of its Mitchell-Lama restructuring program ("MLRP"). Two new funding loan agreements were closed to fund the mortgages of two developments for \$129.9 million. In addition, the Corporation committed \$229.1 million of subsidy from its corporate reserves.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The condensed statement of net position presents the Corporation's total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position as of October 31, 2019 and 2018. The following table represents the changes in the Corporation's net position between October 31, 2019 and 2018 and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. (Dollar amounts are in thousands):

	2019	2018	Change	Percent Change
Assets				
Cash and Investments	\$5,910,569	\$5,264,290	\$646,279	12.28%
Mortgage Loans	13,790,266	12,253,404	1,536,862	12.54
Loan Participation Receivable	1,075,529	1,092,274	(16,745)	(1.53)
Notes Receivable	552,461	589,991	(37,530)	(6.36)
Accrued Interest	112,935	80,588	32,347	40.14
Other Receivables	28,106	34,240	(6,134)	(17.91)
Capital Assets	1,874	2,165	(291)	(13.44)
Interest Rate Swaps	_	32,012	(32,012)	(100.00)
Other Assets	619	2,386	(1,767)	(74.06)
Total Assets	21,472,359	19,351,350	2,121,009	10.96
Deferred Outflows of Resources	112,330	10,189	102,141	1002.46
Liabilities				
Bonds Payable & Debt Obligations, net	12,710,039	11,974,779	735,260	6.14
Interest Payable	135,926	121,416	14,510	11.95
Payable to The City of New York:	155,520	121,110	11,510	11.55
Loan Participation Agreements	1,075,529	1,092,274	(16,745)	(1.53)
Housing Finance Fund Section 661	2,523,338	1,647,918	875,420	53.12
Other	833,420	636,759	196,661	30.88
Payable to Mortgagors	855,422	849,311	6,111	0.72
Restricted Earnings on Investments	23,265	20,728	2,537	12.24
Accounts and Other Payables	49,635	25,348	24,287	95.81
Net Pension Liability	10,049	9,325	724	7.76
Net OPEB Liability	7,154	13,822	(6,668)	(48.24)
Interest Rate Swaps	102,907	-	102,907	100.00
Unearned Revenues and Other	, , ,		, , ,	
Liabilities	115,565	104,258	11,307	10.85
Total Liabilities	18,442,249	16,495,938	1,946,311	11.80
Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,522	34,133	(23,611)	(69.17)
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Net Position				
Net Investments in Capital Assets	1,874	2,165	(291)	(13.44)
Restricted for Insurance Requirements	85,918	79,378	6,540	8.24
Restricted for Bond Obligations	2,236,470	1,904,075	332,395	17.46
Unrestricted	807,656	845,850	(38,194)	(4.52)
Total Net Position	\$3,131,918	\$2,831,468	\$300,450	10.61%

Assets of the Corporation

Assets consist largely of the following: cash and investments from bond proceeds, debt service and other reserves, funds designated for various housing programs, mortgage loans, other assets, which include participation interests in cash flows from pools of mortgage loans, housing-related notes receivable and purpose investments. At October 31, 2019, HDC's total assets were \$21.5 billion, an increase of \$2.1 billion or 10.96% from fiscal year 2018. The increase was primarily a result of the Corporation's mortgage lending and bond financing activities. In fiscal year 2018, total assets were \$19.4 billion.

Cash and Investments: The Corporation ended the fiscal year with \$5.9 billion in cash and investments. Other than collateralized and purpose investments, investments were recorded at fair value. Approximately \$3.5 billion of that balance was un-advanced construction loan monies already committed to fund mortgage loans that have already closed. Net cash provided by operating and financing activities were a combined \$484.8 million. Investment interest collected during the year totaled \$116.0 million, as the cash balance and the investment portfolio increased by a net of \$646.3 million from a year ago.

Mortgage Loans: Mortgage loans comprised 64.22% of the Corporation's total assets. The mortgage loan portfolio at the end of the fiscal year was \$13.8 billion, an increase of \$1.5 billion or 12.54% from the previous year. At October 31, 2018, the mortgage loan portfolio was \$12.3 billion. During fiscal year 2019, mortgage loan activities included advances of approximately \$2.0 billion and principal loan repayments of \$751.7 million. Mortgage loans assigned to the Corporation via purchase and sale agreements totaled \$190.0 million.

Loan Participation Receivable: Loan participation receivable at October 31, 2019 was \$1.1 billion, a \$16.7 million decrease from a year ago. The decrease was primarily the result of the payoff and refinancing by the Corporation of one development in the amount of \$16.0 million. Additionally, there were some principal repayments in the Mitchell-Lama second mortgages in the loan participation portfolio.

Notes Receivable: Notes receivable was \$552.5 million, down from \$590.0 million in 2018. The Corporation has two outstanding notes receivable that relate to the bonds issued for a military housing development at Fort Hamilton ("Military Housing") and a Capital Fund ("Capital Fund Note") financing for the New York City Housing Authority ("NYCHA"), with outstanding balances of \$43.5 million and \$508.9 million, respectively. In fiscal year 2019, there were \$37.5 million in notes repayments. The Military Housing notes are secured by pledged revenues of the development and the NYCHA Capital Fund notes are secured by payments from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD").

Accrued Interest: Interest receivable increased from \$80.6 million at October 31, 2018 to \$112.9 million at October 31, 2019. This is a \$32.3 million or 40.14% increase from fiscal year 2018. Interest receivable has increased comparable to the loan portfolio, in addition to deferred interest accrued to maturity on some subsidy loans.

Other Receivables: Other receivables were \$28.1 million at October 31, 2019, a net decrease of \$6.1 million from October 31, 2018. The net change was comprised of the repayment of a loan in the amount of \$10.9 million under a participating agreement with the Community Preservation

Corporation Special Purpose Enterprise. In fiscal year 2019, HDC made a new loan of \$2.2 million into the Down Payment Assistant Fund ("DPAF") as part of an initiative to assist non-profit entities. Additionally, there was an increase of \$2.6 million of interest and servicing fees billed on loans serviced for other entities.

Interest Rate Swaps: The Corporation entered into various interest rates swap contracts as a means of mitigating its exposure to its variable rate debt. In fiscal year 2019, the Corporation entered into three additional forward interest rate swap agreements. As interest rates continue to trend lower, the fair market value of the Corporation's swap portfolio changed from an asset position with a fair market value of \$32.0 million at October 31, 2018, to a liability position of \$102.9 million at October 31, 2019, this amount was offset by a deferred outflow of resources.

Capital and Other Assets: Other assets decreased \$2.1 million. This decrease was mainly due to a \$1.8 million decrease relating to the amortization on the 2011 participation interest cash flow and a \$0.3 million decrease in capital assets. Under the 2011 Participation Agreement, the Corporation holds a 100% participation interest in the second mortgages and related Section 236 contracts on some properties. There was a payoff of one of the three loans that remained in the portfolio. The unamortized value of the 2011 Participation Interest was \$0.6 million at October 31, 2019.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources (deferred outflows) were \$112.3 million at October 31, 2019, an increase of \$102.1 million from October 31, 2018 when deferred outflows were \$10.2 million. Deferred outflows consist of (a) interest swaps and caps purchased to mitigate the Corporation's exposure to its variable rate bonds in its General Resolution, (b) the loss incurred on the early retirement of debt due to an advance refunding in 2013, (c) deferred outflows related to the pension plan liability and (d) deferred outflows related to the OPEB plan liability. In fiscal year 2019, the market value of the Corporation's derivative portfolio changed to a liability position offset by a deferred outflow of \$101.2 million. In fiscal year 2019, the amount amortized on the deferred loss on early debt retirement was \$0.7 million. Included in deferred outflows related to the pension plan is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on the pension plan investments, the change in assumptions and the change in proportion related to the Corporation's pension liability as calculated by the New York City Office of the Actuary ("NYCOA"). Deferred outflows related to pensions increased by \$1.7 million. In fiscal year 2017, HDC adopted GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." There was a slight decrease in deferred outflows related to OPEB in fiscal year 2019.

Liabilities of the Corporation

Total liabilities were \$18.4 billion at October 31, 2019, an increase of \$1.9 billion or 11.80%. At October 31, 2018, total liabilities were \$16.5 billion. Liabilities are grouped into three main categories. The largest are HDC Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations, net, which were approximately \$12.7 billion, and accounted for approximately 68.92% of total liabilities. The second largest category is Payable to The City of New York. This includes the return at maturity of loans made by the Corporation with funds granted to it by the City acting through HPD under Section 661 of the PHFL ("HPD Section 661 Grant Funds"). Other payables to the City include

loans administered on behalf of HPD and other loans, which will ultimately revert to the City pursuant to various loan participation and other agreements. These include loan assets, which are currently held by HDC and pledged to pay HDC bonds. These loans are transferred back to the City when the related bonds are retired. The last category of liabilities includes Payable to Mortgagors, Accounts and Other Payables, and Unearned Revenues. The Payable to Mortgagors' funds are held and administered by HDC but are the property of others, such as escrows held by HDC in the course of its loan servicing functions.

Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations: Bonds and outstanding debt obligations were \$12.7 billion at October 31, 2019, an increase of \$735.3 million. At October 31, 2018, bonds and outstanding debt obligations were \$12.0 billion. In fiscal year 2019, HDC issued 27 new bond series for a total of \$2.2 billion. Government debt obligation draws during fiscal year 2019 totaled \$40.0 million. Bond principal repayments this fiscal year amounted to \$1.4 billion. The Corporation's scheduled debt service principal payments this fiscal year were \$409.0 million and there was a total of \$947.3 million in redemptions. There were \$158.4 million in debt obligation repayments which were primarily refunded by bond issuances. Pursuant to the forward bond purchase agreement, the Corporation issued bonds in the Open Resolution and refunded the debt obligations. Additionally, there were \$2.8 million of principal repayments to the Federal Financing Bank ("FFB") and \$4.0 million in bond premium amortization. (See Note 10: "Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations")

Interest Payable: Accrued interest payable increased by \$14.5 million to \$135.9 million at October 31, 2019 from \$121.4 million in 2018. This increase reflects the Corporation's bond issuances during the year.

Payable to The City of New York: Payable to The City of New York at October 31, 2019 was \$4.4 billion, a net increase of \$1.0 billion from 2018. Payable to the City is grouped into three categories for reporting purposes: loan participation agreements, HPD grant programs such as HPD Section 661 Grant Funds and other. The Mitchell-Lama and City loan participation program had an outstanding balance of \$1.0 billion, a net decrease of \$16.7 million due to the payoff and refinancing of one mortgage and the partial repayments of others in the portfolio. The second category, HPD Section 661 Grant Funds had an outstanding balance of \$2.5 billion, a net increase of \$875.4 million as a result of funds received during the fiscal year. Under the program, the City, acting through HPD, grants monies to the Corporation pursuant to Section 661 of the PHFL for making loans on its behalf to developments that are also financed by HDC. Upon maturity of the Corporation's related senior loan, the subordinate loan made on behalf of the City is returned to it. The Other Payable to The City of New York had a net increase of \$196.7 million. Changes in this category include a net increase of \$203.4 million in loan assignments, additionally there was an increase of \$3.0 million on loans serviced on behalf of the City. There was a decrease of \$7.2 million related to the Stuyvesant Town loan made by HAC on behalf of the City in December 2015, and a decrease of \$2.5 million of subsidy payments related to one development.

Payable to Mortgagors: Payable to mortgagors was \$855.4 million at October 31, 2019, an increase of \$6.1 million from \$849.3 million in 2018. There was a net increase in escrows and reserve for replacement funds of \$52.6 million, resulting from funds held in the course of the Corporation's loan servicing function. Community Development Block Grants ("CDBG") funds held on behalf of mortgagors decreased by \$48.6 million, as a result of fund expenditures and

loan evaporations pursuant to the program requirements. Prepaid debt service, and equity funds held, increased by \$2.1 million.

Accounts Payable: Accounts payable at fiscal year-end was \$49.6 million, up from \$25.3 million at October 31, 2018. The net increase of \$24.3 million was primarily attributable to \$18.7 million of grants and collateral funds received on behalf of some developments. There was also an increase of \$4.8 million in bond issuance costs and mortgage insurance premiums payable. Additionally, there was an increase of deferred interest billed and payable to other entities, and accrued salaries payable.

Restricted Earnings on Investments: Restricted earnings on investments represents cumulative amounts by which pass-through revenues exceed expenses. They represent accumulated investment earnings that are credited to the mortgagors. This amount increased by \$2.5 million, from \$20.7 million in fiscal year 2018 to \$23.2 million in fiscal year 2019.

Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities: The accumulated amount of the Corporation's net pension liability as calculated by the NYCOA, amounted to \$10.0 million as of October 31, 2019, a net increase of \$0.7 million from 2018. The Corporation recorded a net OPEB liability of \$7.1 million as of October 31, 2019, a decrease of \$6.7 million from \$13.8 million in 2018. The decrease was due to updating some of the assumptions to align with the NYCOA 2019 report. The reduction in the Pension and OPEB liabilities were offset by deferred inflows of resources.

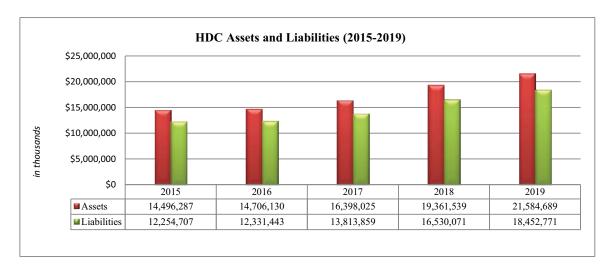
Interest Rate Swaps (Liability): At October 31, 2019 the fair value of the Corporation's interest rate swap portfolio was \$102.9 million in a liability position. At October 31, 2018 the portfolio was valued at \$32.0 million in an asset position. Three additional agreements were added to the portfolio in fiscal year 2019. As the hedges were deemed to be effective the changes in fair value were offset by deferred outflows of resources.

Unearned Revenues and Other Liabilities: Unearned revenues and other liabilities increased by \$11.3 million to \$115.6 million at October 31, 2019. There was a net increase of \$12.8 million mainly due to the receipt of construction and bond financing fees on mortgage closings, which will be earned over the construction period of the related mortgages. Other unearned revenues, including deferred guaranty and other fees received in advance, decreased by \$1.5 million due to amortization.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

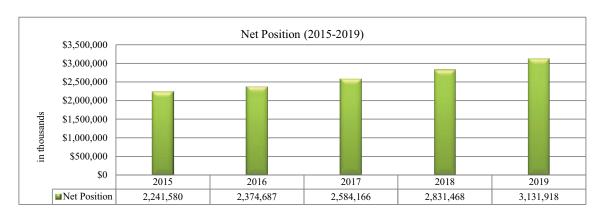
Deferred inflows of resources decreased from \$34.1 million to \$10.5 million at October 31, 2019. The deferred inflows related to interest rate swap agreements was reallocated to a deferred outflows of resources due to changes in the fair value, from \$32.0 million in favor of HDC to a \$102.9 million in favor of the counterparty. The deferred inflows related to the Corporation's OPEB increased by \$8.0 million from changes in assumptions. The deferred inflows related to the pension liability decreased by \$0.3 million.

The following chart presents the comparative data of the Corporation's assets including deferred outflows, and liabilities including deferred inflows, over the last five years:



Net Position

Net position, the excess of assets and deferred outflows of resources over liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, totaled \$3.13 billion as of October 31, 2019. This represents an increase of \$300.5 million or 10.61% over the balance from the previous year. In 2018, net position increased by \$247.3 million. Net position is classified as either restricted or unrestricted net position, with restricted net position being committed by law or contract for specific purposes. HDC's most significant restricted assets include debt service reserves for HDC bond issues and undisbursed bond proceeds held prior to construction advances. Unrestricted assets may be classified as designated or undesignated. Designated assets are those allocated by action or policy for specific purposes determined by HDC's Members, such as rating agency reserves (to support the Corporation's general obligation rating), specific housing loan programs to which the Corporation has committed resources under the Mayor's *Housing New York Plan* and working capital. Virtually all the Corporation's net position is either restricted or designated. The following chart presents the comparative data of the Corporation's net position over the last five years:



Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents total revenues recognized in and expenses attributed to the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019. The table below summarizes the Corporation's revenues and expenses and presents comparative data. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. (Dollar amounts are in thousands):

	2019	2018	Change	Percent Change
Revenues	2019	2010	Change	Change
Interest on Loans	\$446,267	\$398,559	\$47,708	11.97%
Fees and Charges	85,006	66,294	18,712	28.23
Income on Loan Participation	Í	,	,	
Interests	22,710	4,624	18,086	391.13
Other Income	3,651	1,887	1,764	93.48
Total Operating Revenues	557,634	471,364	86,270	18.30
Expenses				
Bond Interest and Amortization	378,494	325,384	53,110	16.32
Salaries and Related Expenses	27,274	26,282	992	3.77
Trustees and Other Fees	9,271	8,981	290	3.23
Bond Issuance Costs	16,644	12,735	3,909	30.69
Corporate Operating Expenses	6,133	6,824	(691)	(10.13)
Total Operating Expenses	437,816	380,206	57,610	15.15
Operating Income	119,818	91,158	28,660	31.44
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Earnings on Investments	114,054	64,434	49,620	77.01
Unrealized Gains (Losses) on				
Investments	25,490	(10,879)	36,369	(334.30)
Other Non-Operating Revenues	41,088	39,472	1,616	4.09
Total Non-Operating Revenues, net	180,632	93,027	87,605	94.17
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Income before Special Item	300,450	184,185	116,265	63.12
Loan Securitization Proceeds	-	63,117	(63,117)	(100.00)
Change in Net Position	300,450	247,302	53,148	21.49
Net Position, Beginning of the Year	2,831,468	2,584,166	247,302	9.57
Net Position, End of the Year	\$3,131,918	\$2,831,468	\$300,450	10.61%

Revenues of the Corporation are classified as operating and non-operating. Interest income from mortgages represents the Corporation's major source of operating revenue. It also includes various loan and bond program fees such as commitment, bond financing, mortgage insurance and servicing fees. The Corporation's non-operating revenues consist mostly of earnings on investments and purpose investments and grants revenue. Investment income accrues to the benefit of the program for which the underlying sources of funds are utilized. Also reported separately as part of non-operating revenues is the amount of unrealized appreciation on investments reported by the Corporation during the year.

HDC's expenses are also classified as operating and non-operating. Operating expenses consist primarily of interest on bonds, which accounted for 86.45% of operating expenses in fiscal year 2019. Other operating expenses include corporate operating expenses (salaries, overhead and depreciation) and fees. The Corporation's largest non-operating expense was the amortization of the capitalized value of a purchased cash flow.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Revenues

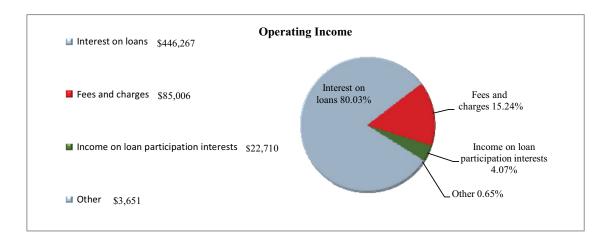
The Corporation had total revenues of \$738.3 million, an increase of \$173.9 million from a year ago. Operating revenues were \$557.6 million in 2019 compared to \$471.4 million in fiscal year 2018, an increase of \$86.3 million or 18.30%. Operating revenues were approximately 75.53% of total revenues in fiscal year 2019. Net operating income for the fiscal year was \$119.8 million. In fiscal year 2019, HDC recorded non-operating revenues of \$180.6 million, which included \$139.5 million of net investment earnings and \$41.7 million from grants offset by \$0.6 million of non-operating expenses.

Interest on Loans: Interest on loans, the largest component of operating revenues, was \$446.3 million, an increase of \$47.7 million or 11.97% from 2018. In fiscal year 2018, interest on loans was \$398.6 million. The increase in 2019 was a result of higher mortgage and notes receivable balances consistent with an increase in the Corporation's mortgage lending.

Fees and Charges: Fees and charges, which are mainly comprised of loan origination and servicing related fees, was \$85.0 million in 2019, an increase of \$18.7 million from 2018. Bond financing fees, construction financing and bond servicing fees earned increased by \$13.0 million. Commitment fees saw an increase of \$5.9 million. The Corporation also saw an increase of \$2.5 million in loan restructuring and satisfaction fees. This was offset by lower fees related to construction monitoring and servicing fees on conduit debt.

Income on Loan Participation Interests: Loan participation income in fiscal year 2019 was \$22.7 million, compared to \$4.6 million the previous year. Loan participation income is driven by prepayments or restructuring of the second mortgage loans in the MLRP. In fiscal year 2019 there was one mortgage payoff in addition to partial repayments of other loans in the portfolio.

Other Income: Other income in fiscal year 2019 was \$3.7 million compared to \$1.9 million in 2018. Other income is mainly comprised of a receivable setup for debt service on the NYCHA Capital Fund Grant program bonds ("NYCHA Bonds"), income on mortgage participations, and administrative fees on the CDBG Superstorm Sandy related loans.



Expenses

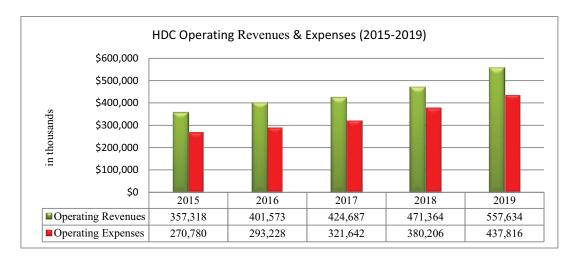
Operating Expenses: Operating expenses in fiscal year 2019 were \$437.8 million, an increase of \$57.6 million or 15.15% compared to the previous year, when operating expenses amounted to \$380.2 million. This increase was mainly attributable to higher bond interest expense from the Corporation's issuances as well as rising interest rates on floating rate debt during the year. Interest on bonds increased by \$53.1 million from \$325.4 million in fiscal year 2018 to \$378.5 million in fiscal year 2019. Debt issuance costs increased by \$3.9 million.

Bond Interest and Amortization: Interest expense constituted 86.45% of the total operating expenses. Total interest, net of amortization, was \$378.5 million, a 16.32% increase from 2018 when it was \$325.4 million. The bonds and other debt obligations portfolio increased \$735.3 million from fiscal year end 2018.

Salaries and Related Expenses: Salaries and related expenses were \$27.3 million in fiscal year 2019, a net increase of \$1.0 million from \$26.3 million in fiscal year 2018.

Bond Issuance and Other Expenses: Trustees' and other fees, mortgage insurance premiums, bond issuance costs and corporate operating expenses increased by \$3.5 million. Bond issuance costs were \$16.6 million this fiscal year compared to \$12.7 million in 2018. The \$3.9 million increase is directly related to the \$2.2 billion in bond issuances this year. Corporate operating expenses decreased by \$0.7 million from \$6.8 million to \$6.1 million this year.

The following chart presents the comparative data of the Corporation's operating revenues and expenses over the last five years:



Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)

Earnings on Investments and Unrealized Gains: Earnings on investments are recognized as non-operating income. Investment income, including the fair value adjustment on outstanding investments was \$139.5 million in fiscal 2019 compared to \$53.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The increase was primarily due to the higher outstanding balance of investments and higher interest rates on such investments, as well as more favorable market conditions. The Corporation ended the fiscal year with \$5.9 billion of investments and cash equivalents under management. Additionally, through the first three quarters of the fiscal year as rates were rising the Corporation diligently tried to balance maintaining liquidity and maximizing its return on investments. Realized investment income was \$114.1 million, an increase of \$49.6 million from a year ago. The Corporation reported a \$25.5 million unrealized gain on investments this fiscal year compared to a \$10.9 million unrealized loss in fiscal year 2018.

Other Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Other non-operating revenues include \$41.7 million in 421-A Grant Revenue from the Battery Park City Authority ("BPCA"), \$1.2 million in pass-through related revenue on the City loan sale participation programs and \$1.8 million of amortization expense on the 2011 participation interests purchased cash flow, as a result of prepayments and restructuring of loans in the portfolio.

Change in Net Position

Change in net position for fiscal year 2019 was \$300.5 million, up from \$247.3 million the previous year. The Corporation generated \$258.8 million from normal operating activities, and in addition \$41.7 million was received from the 421-A Grant Revenue Program with the BPCA.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, the Corporation had approximately \$12.7 billion of bond principal and debt obligations outstanding, net of discount and premium, an increase of 6.14% over the prior year. The following table summarizes the changes in bonds payable and debt obligations between October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2019. (Dollar amounts are in thousands):

	2019	2018	Percentage increase FY 2018 to 2019
Bonds Payable & Debt			
Obligations	\$12,710,039	\$11,974,779	6.14%

In fiscal year 2019, all variable rate demand obligation ("VRDO") bond series were successfully remarketed and no bonds were tendered to become bank bonds. Additional information about HDC's debt is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

NEW BUSINESS

In fiscal year 2019, the Corporation issued 27 new Housing Revenue Bonds series totaling \$2.2 billion. Included in this total were 24 series of tax-exempt bonds totaling \$2.0 billion and 3 series of taxable bonds totaling \$191.9 million. The Corporation also made low interest loans from its net position.

Subsequent to October 31, 2019, bonds issued in the course of the Corporation's normal business activities were \$336,630,000. In addition, the Corporation sold \$65,630,000 of loan participation interest to FFB as well.

CONTACTING THE CORPORATION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Corporation's finances and to demonstrate the Corporation's accountability for the resources at its disposal. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Public Information Officer, New York City Housing Development Corporation, 110 William Street, New York, NY 10038. The Corporation also maintains information on its website at www.nychdc.com.

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statements of Net Position

At October 31, 2019 (with comparative summarized financial information as of October 31, 2018) (\$ in thousands)

	Н	DC and Component	Units				
	New York City New York City New York City Housing Housing Development Assistance New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance		T	otal			
	Corporation	Corporation	Corporation	2019	2018		
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$ 801,40	1 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 801,401	\$ 765,088		
Investments (note 3)	202,89		<u>-</u>	202,891	135,589		
Receivables:	,	-		,	,		
Mortgage loans (note 4)	330,78	8 -	_	330,788	294,485		
Accrued interest	38,93		_	38,933	38,532		
Notes (note 5)	38,91		_	38,913	37,529		
Other (note 7)	5,43		_	5,431	13,527		
Total Receivables	414,06		_	414,065	384,073		
Other assets	1		_	16	16		
Total Current Assets	1,418,37		_	1,418,373	1,284,766		
Noncurrent Assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	1,622,29	8 9,820	24,152	1,656,270	1,817,070		
Restricted investments (note 3)	3,101,22		120,290		2,517,462		
Purpose investments (note 2)	28,49		120,250	28,497	29,081		
Mortgage loans (note 4)	274,34		_	274,342	340,502		
Restricted receivables:	217,37	-	_	274,342	540,502		
Mortgage loans (note 4)	12,784,10	5 122,068	2	12,906,173	11,336,474		
Mortgage loans (note 4) Mortgage loan participation - Federal Financing Bank (note 4)	278,96		-	278,963	281,943		
Loan participation receivable - The City of NY (note 6)	1,075,52		_	1,075,529	1,092,274		
			-				
Accrued interest	74,00		-	74,002	42,056		
Notes (note 5)	513,54		-	513,548	552,462		
Other (note 7)	22,67		-	22,675	20,713		
Total Restricted Receivables	14,748,82			14,870,890	13,325,922		
Primary government/component unit receivable (payable)	2	`	9) (18)		2.165		
Capital assets	1,87	4 -	-	1,874	2,165		
Interest rate swaps (note 9)	-	-	-	-	32,012		
Other assets (note 8) Total Noncurrent Assets	19,777,68		9 144,424	20,053,986	2,370 18,066,584		
Total Assets	21,196,05			21,472,359	19,351,350		
1 Otal Assets	21,190,05	0 131,87	9 144,424	21,472,339	19,351,350		
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Interest rate caps (note 9)	21	4 -	-	214	1,880		
Deferred loss on early retirement of debt (note 9)	4,92	0 -	-	4,920	5,660		
Deferred outflows related to pensions (note 13)	3,26	4 -	-	3,264	1,588		
Deferred outflows related to interest rate swaps (note 9)	102,90	7 -	-	102,907	-		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB (note 14)	1,02	5 -	-	1,025	1,061		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 112,33	0 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 112,330	\$ 10,189		
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statements of Net Position (continued)

At October 31, 2019 (with comparative summarized financial information as of October 31, 2018) (\$ in thousands)

	HD	C and Component U	Jnits_		
	New York City Housing Development	New York City Housing Assistance	New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance	Tota	
	Corporation	Corporation	Corporation	2019	2018
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Bonds payable (net) (note 10)	\$ 342,849	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 342,849	627,161
Debt obligations payable	93	_	· -	93	94
Loan participation payable to Federal Financing Bank	2,980	_	-	2,980	2,826
Accrued interest payable	135,926	-	-	135,926	121,416
Payable to mortgagors	194,650	_	-	194,650	182,299
Restricted earnings on investments	23,265	-	-	23,265	20,728
Accounts and other payables	49,635	-	-	49,635	25,348
Total Current Liabilities	749,398	-	-	749,398	979,872
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds and debt obligations payable:					
Bonds payable (net) (note 10)	11,788,584	-	_	11,788,584	10,647,712
Debt obligations payable	296,570	-	_	296,570	415,043
Loan participation payable to Federal Financing Bank	278,963	-	_	278,963	281,943
Payable to The City of New York:					
Loan participation agreements (note 12)	1,075,529	-	-	1,075,529	1,092,274
Housing finance fund (Section 661)	2,523,338	-	-	2,523,338	1,647,918
Other	701,541	131,879	-	833,420	636,759
Payable to mortgagors	660,772	-	-	660,772	667,012
Net pension liabilities (note 13)	10,049	-	-	10,049	9,325
OPEB liability (note 14)	7,154	-	-	7,154	13,822
Derivative instrument - interest rate swaps	102,907			102,907	-
Unearned revenues and other liabilities	115,565	-	-	115,565	104,258
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	17,560,972	131,879	-	17,692,851	15,516,066
Total Liabilities	18,310,370	131,879	-	18,442,249	16,495,938
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows related to pensions (note 13)	1,737	-	-	1,737	1,356
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (note 14)	8,785	-	-	8,785	765
Interest rate swaps fair value (note 9)	-	-	-	-	32,012
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,522	-	-	10,522	34,133
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	1,874	-	-	1,874	2,165
Restricted for bond obligations (note 19)	2,236,470	-	-	2,236,470	1,904,075
			05.010		
Restricted for insurance requirement and others	-	-	85,918	85,918	19,378
Restricted for insurance requirement and others Unrestricted (note 19)	- 749,150	- -	85,918 58,506	85,918 807,656	79,378 845,850

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Year ended October 31, 2019 (with comparative summarized financial information for the year ended October 31, 2018) (\$ in thousands)

	Н	OC and Component 1	Units		
	New York City Housing Development Corporation	New York City Housing Assistance Corporation	New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation	<u>Total</u> 2019	2018
Operating Revenues	Corporation	corporation	corporation	2017	2010

Interest on loans (note 4)	\$ 446,259	\$ 8	\$ -	\$ 446,267 \$	398,559
Fees and charges (note 7)	81,215	-	3,791	85,006	66,294
Income on loan participation interests (note 6)	22,710	-	-	22,710	4,624
Other	3,651	=	-	3,651	1,887
Total Operating Revenues	553,835	8	3,791	557,634	471,364
Operating Expenses					
Interest and amortization of bond premium and discount (note 10)	378,494	_	_	378,494	325,384
Salaries and related expenses	27,274	_	_	27,274	26,282
Trustees' and other fees	9,271	-	_	9,271	8,981
Bond issuance costs	16,644	-	-	16,644	12,735
Corporate operating expenses (note 11)	6,133	-	-	6,133	6,824
Total Operating Expenses	437,816	-	-	437,816	380,206
Operating Income	116,019	8	3,791	119,818	91,158
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Earnings on investments (note 3)	110,564	1	3,489	114,054	64,434
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments (note 3)	25,490	-	· -	25,490	(10,879)
(Loss) on early retirement of debt, net	-	-	-	-	(129)
Other non-operating revenues, net (note 7)	31,088	-	10,000	41,088	39,601
Payments from REMIC subsidiary to HDC	566	-	(566)	-	-
Other	9	(9)	-	-	-
Total Non-operating Revenues, net	167,717	(8)	12,923	180,632	93,027
Income (Loss) before Special Item	283,736		16,714	300,450	184,185
Loan participation agreement securitization 2018 Series B-1 and B-2	-	-	-	-	63,117
Changes in Net Position	283,736	-	16,714	300,450	247,302
Total net position - beginning of year	2,703,758	-	127,710	2,831,468	2,584,166
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,987,494	\$ -	\$ 144,424	\$ 3,131,918 \$	2,831,468

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statements of Cash Flows

Year ended October 31, 2019 (with comparative summarized financial information for the year ended October 31, 2018) (\$ in thousands)

	HDC	and Component U			
	New York City Housing Development	New York City Housing Assistance	New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance	Tota	I
	Corporation	Corporation	Corporation	2019	2018
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Mortgage loan repayments	\$ 1,138,648	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,138,648 \$	949,784
Note repayments	62,805	-	-	62,805	62,790
Receipts from fees and charges	91,053	-	80	91,133	70,069
Mortgage escrow receipts	214,945	-	-	214,945	214,604
Reserve for replacement receipts	72,962	-	-	72,962	81,934
Mortgage loan advances	(2,077,011)	(101)	-	(2,077,112)	(1,746,361)
Escrow disbursements	(175,855)	-	-	(175,855)	(173,354)
Reserve for replacement disbursements	(55,896)	_	-	(55,896)	(62,649)
Payments to employees	(26,292)	_	-	(26,292)	(24,614)
Payments to suppliers for corporate operating expenses	(5,471)	_	_	(5,471)	(6,208)
Project contributions and funds received from NYC	930,040	_	_	930,040	956,679
Advances and other payments for NYC	(116,018)	_	_	(116,018)	(214,247)
Bond cost of issuance	(17,047)	_	_	(17,047)	(12,233)
Other receipts	170,691	_	_	170,691	127,766
Other payments	(135,831)	(2,527)	-	(138,358)	(60,075)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	71,723	(2,628)	80	69,175	163,885
Proceeds from sale of bonds Proceeds from loan participation - FFB Proceeds from debt obligations	2,216,745 - 40,021	-	-	2,216,745 - 40,021	1,655,994 85,025 190,382
Retirement of bonds	(1,517,547)	-	-	(1,517,547)	(834,101)
Interest paid	(365,279)	-	-	(365,279)	(313,323)
Grant proceeds from BPCA	41,668	-	-	41,668	41,964
Payments to component units	(13,144)	(2)	13,146	-	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non Capital Financing Activities	402,464	(2)	13,146	415,608	825,941
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Fin	ancing Activi	ities			
Purchase of capital assets	(372)	- -	-	(372)	(442)
Net Cash (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(372)	-	-	(372)	(442)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Sale of investments	18,427,804	2,733	255,800	18,686,337	17,661,276
Purchase of investments	(19,154,861)	(2,737)	(253,652)	(19,411,250)	(17,941,151)
Interest and dividends collected	112,413	259	3,343	116,015	68,435
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Investing Activities	(614,644)	255	5,491	(608,898)	(211,440)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(140,829)	(2,375)	18,717	(124,487)	777,944
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,564,528	12,195	5,435	2,582,158	1,804,214
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 2,423,699				
1	. ,,>	,	,	,, Ψ	,===,==0

New York City Housing Development Corporation Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

Year ended October 31, 2019 (with comparative summarized financial information for the year ended October 31, 2018) (\$ in thousands)

	HDC and Component Units					<u>s</u>		
	De	w York City Housing evelopment orporation		New York City Housing Assistance Corporation		New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation	Total 2019	2018
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:								
Operating Income	\$	116,019	\$	8	\$	3,791	\$ 119,818 \$	91,158
Adjustments to reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities:								
Depreciation expense		662		-		-	662	616
Amortization of bond discount and premium		(3,959)		-		-	(3,959)	(3,978)
Amortization of deferred loss on early retirement of debt		740		-		-	740	706
Non-operating bond interest payment		365,279		-		-	365,279	313,194
Changes in Assets & Liabilities:								
Mortgage loans		(1,535,765)		7,054		-	(1,528,711)	(1,912,400)
Loan participation receivable - NYC		3,172		-		-	3,172	11,227
Accrued interest receivable		(26,922)		-		-	(26,922)	(18,396)
Notes receivable		37,529		-		-	37,529	36,208
Other receivables		6,134		-		-	6,134	(1,073)
Primary government/component unit receivable (payable)		3,711		-		(3,711)	-	-
Other assets		(70,869)		-		-	(70,869)	(23,456)
Payable to The City of New York		1,064,382		(9,690)		-	1,054,692	1,529,576
Payable to mortgagors		(10,477)		-		-	(10,477)	87,685
Accounts and other payables		127,895		-		-	127,895	264
Restricted earnings on investments		(1,355)		-		-	(1,355)	(1,183)
Unearned revenues and other liabilities		(18,965)		-		-	(18,965)	37,238
Accrued interest payable		14,512		-		-	14,512	16,499
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	71,723	\$	(2,628)	\$	80	\$ 69,175 \$	163,885
Non Cash Investing Activities:								
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	25,490	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 25,490 \$	(10,879)

Note 1: Organization

The New York City Housing Development Corporation (the "Corporation" or "HDC") is a corporate governmental agency constituting a public benefit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York (the "State"). The Corporation is also a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Corporation was established in 1971 under the provisions of Article XII of the Private Housing Finance Law (the "Act") of the State and is to continue in existence for at least as long as bonds, notes or other obligations of the Corporation are outstanding.

The Corporation was created to encourage the investment of private capital through low-interest mortgage loans in order to increase the supply of safe and sanitary dwelling accommodations for families and persons whose need for housing accommodations cannot be provided by unassisted private enterprise. To accomplish its objectives, the Corporation is empowered to finance housing through new construction or rehabilitation and to provide permanent financing for multi-family residential housing. The Corporation finances significant amounts of its activities through the issuance of bonds, notes and debt obligations. The bonds, notes and debt obligations of the Corporation are not debts of either the State or The City of New York (the "City").

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Codification 2100, Defining the Financial Reporting Entity, the Corporation's financial statements are included in the City's financial statements as a component unit for financial reporting purposes.

Primary Government Entity

For the purpose of these financial statements, the Corporation is the primary government entity. Financial activity in HDC's bond and loan programs and in its Corporate Services Fund are aggregated and reported in the financial statements under Housing Development Corporation. The Corporation sells bonds, administers bond proceeds and manages bond revenues and repayments in accordance with bond resolutions adopted by its Board Members (see Note 10: "Bonds Payable"). Bond proceeds are used to make loans and provide for related costs and reserves, and loan repayments are applied to pay principal and interest on the related bonds (see Note 4: "Mortgage Loans"; Note 5: "Notes Receivable"; and Note 6: "Loan Participation Receivable for The City of New York"). Corporation resources that are not pledged under or governed by a bond resolution are managed in the Corporate Services Fund. This fund accounts for (1) fees and earnings transferred from the bond and loan programs; (2) fees earned on loans serviced for HDC and for the City; (3) compliance monitoring fees; (4) income from Corporate Services Fund investments; (5) grant revenues; (6) payments of the Corporation's operating expenses; and (7) loans made with corporate funds.

The Corporation currently has four blended component units, two of which are inactive.

The New York City Housing Assistance Corporation ("HAC") and the New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation ("REMIC") are active subsidiaries and together with HDC, the Housing New York Corporation ("HNYC") and the Real Estate Owned Corporation comprise the reporting entity.

HAC and REMIC have been included in the Corporation's financial statements as blended component units of HDC. All of these entities have been reported as component units because HDC's Members comprise all or a controlling majority of the Board for each entity and HDC's staff provides all services for each entity.

Component Units

(A) New York City Housing Assistance Corporation

HAC is a public benefit corporation established pursuant to Section 654-b of the Act as a subsidiary of the Corporation.

HAC is empowered to receive monies from any source, including, but not limited to, the Corporation, the City or the State, for the purpose of assisting rental developments to maintain rentals affordable to low and moderate-income persons for whom the ordinary operation of private enterprise cannot supply safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations. In order to accomplish this objective, HAC may transfer, lend, pledge or assign these monies to any rental development or assist the Corporation in financing such developments. As a subsidiary of HDC, HAC's functions are administered by the Corporation and its Board Members substantially overlap with HDC's Board Members, so it is reported as a blended component unit in HDC's financial statements.

(B) New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation

REMIC a public benefit corporation established pursuant to Section 654-d of the Act as a subsidiary of HDC. REMIC is the successor entity to the New York City Rehabilitation Mortgage Insurance Corporation ("Old REMIC"), which was dissolved on January 27, 1993. REMIC has the authority to insure residential mortgage loans throughout the City in order to promote the preservation of neighborhoods which are blighted, are becoming blighted or may become blighted, to discourage divestment and encourage the investment of mortgage capital in such neighborhoods and to provide safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations to persons and families for whom the ordinary operations of private enterprise cannot supply such accommodations.

REMIC currently maintains two reserves, the Housing Insurance Fund and the Premium Reserve Fund. The Housing Insurance Fund can be used as a revolving fund solely for the payment of liabilities arising from housing insurance contracts issued by REMIC. The Housing Insurance Fund requirement (as of any particular date) is established by statute and must be in an amount equal to the aggregate of (i) one hundred percent of the insured amounts due and payable pursuant to housing insurance contracts, plus (ii) twenty percent of the insured amounts under housing insurance contracts other than insured amounts which are due and payable pursuant to (i) above, plus (iii) twenty percent of the amounts to be insured under REMIC's commitments to insure. The Housing Insurance Fund requirement at October 31, 2019 is \$85,918,000.

Any income or interest earned on the Housing Insurance Fund in excess of its respective requirements is transferred at least annually to the Premium Reserve Fund. The Premium Reserve Fund must also be maintained to provide for the payment of REMIC's liabilities arising from its operations, including liabilities arising from housing insurance contracts. REMIC also maintains an Operating Fund for operation purposes. As a component unit of HDC, REMIC functions are administered by the Corporation. The Premium Reserve Fund and Operating Fund have a combined balance of \$58,506,000 at October 31, 2019. REMIC is a blended component unit because HDC's Members comprise a controlling majority of the Board and HDC's staff provides all services for REMIC.

Inactive Component Units

(C) Real Estate Owned Corporation

The NYC HDC Real Estate Owned Corporation ("REO Subsidiary Corporation") was established under Section 654-a of the Act on September 20, 2004. The REO Subsidiary Corporation has the power to hold property whenever, in the sole discretion of the Corporation, it has become necessary to acquire a project in the case of sale under foreclosure or in lieu of foreclosure to effectuate the purposes of the Act. There was no activity undertaken by this subsidiary during fiscal year 2019 and did not have any assets or liabilities at October 31, 2019. The REO Subsidiary Corporation is treated as a blended component unit of HDC.

(D) Housing New York Corporation

The Housing New York Corporation is a public benefit corporation established pursuant to Section 654-c of the Act as a subsidiary of the Corporation. Authorization for the funding of the Housing New York Program ended on July 1, 1995. Consequently, HNYC can no longer issue bonds or notes to fund the Housing New York Program.

Upon repayment of all of the outstanding HNYC bonds on November 3, 2003, HNYC became an inactive subsidiary of the Corporation and its remaining funds were transferred out of HNYC. However, HNYC is not expected to be dissolved.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Corporation follows the principles of fund accounting, with a sub-fund for each bond series, for the Corporate Services Fund, and for each component unit. Each fund's assets, liabilities and net position are accounted for as separate entities and follow enterprise fund reporting. Certain individual funds are aggregated into larger categories for the purpose of financial reporting. The accompanying financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred. In its accounting and financial reporting, the Corporation follows the pronouncements of the GASB.

Other significant accounting policies are:

A. Revenue and Expense Recognition

The Corporation's operating revenues consist of earnings on loans and loan participation interests, fees and charges associated with both financing and servicing mortgages and loans, and other revenues that are received to cover the costs of raising capital. All other revenue, which is primarily investment income and grant revenue are considered non-operating. Revenues are recognized when earned.

Operating expenses include bonding costs, expenses for administering the various bond resolutions, personnel expenses, corporate operating expenses, bond issuance and financing costs, and depreciation expense. The Corporation reports all other expenses, including distributions of first mortgage earnings to the City in connection with loan participations and the payment, if necessary, of mortgage loan principal receipts on bond payments, as non-operating expenses. Expenses are recognized as incurred.

Virtually all resources are either restricted or designated. Net position has been restricted in accordance with terms of an award, agreement or by state law. Designated net position is committed for specific purposes pursuant to HDC policy and/or Board directives (see Note 19: "Net Position" for more detailed information).

B. Cash Equivalents and Investments

Short-term bank deposits and investments with stated maturities of 90 days or less are reported as Cash and Cash Equivalents. All investments are reported at fair value, except for certificates of deposit and investment agreements. The Corporation's investment agreements, which can take the form of open time deposits or fixed repurchase agreements, are reported at an amount equal to principal and accrued interest.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") require that restricted assets be reported as noncurrent assets. In the case of cash equivalents and investments, this treatment generally causes restricted investments with maturities less than one year to be reported as non-current. However, to more accurately report the alignment of HDC's current liability for payment of bond principal and interest with funds available to satisfy these liabilities, HDC has included cash, cash equivalents and investments totaling \$614,534,000 at October 31, 2019, to cover the payment of bond principal and interest due in the following year.

C. Purpose Investments

As part of its financing activities, HDC has made three housing development loans that are secured by GNMA certificates rather than mortgages on the related properties. The GNMA certificates provide payments at such times and in such amounts as to fully repay the respective HDC loans and are the only source of repayment for these loans. The GNMA certificates are treated under U.S. Treasury regulations as acquired program obligations. The GNMA certificates are classified in the financial statements as purpose investments and identified separately from other investments and restricted investments in the financial statements. However, interest earned on the GNMA certificates is included in investment

income.

It is the Corporation's policy to record GNMA certificates at amortized cost, which amounted to \$28,497,000 and \$29,081,000 at October 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018, respectively. The fair value of these purpose investments amounted to \$30,488,000 and \$29,067,000 at October 31, 2019 and at October 31, 2018, respectively.

D. Mortgage Loans

As part of the Corporation's major financing activities, mortgage loans are funded from bond and debt obligation proceeds and corporate reserves. The mortgage loans funded from bond proceeds and debt obligations are generally classified as restricted receivables because the loan repayments of all such loans are pledged to cover the debt service on the related bonds and obligations. The loans funded from corporate reserves are not restricted but designated for a specific purpose.

E. Earnings on Investments

Investment earnings on monies held for the City, project reserves for replacement and certain other project escrows are not reported as revenues; rather, they are reported as payable to the City or payable to mortgagors, respectively.

F. Allowance for Credit Losses

HDC's loans are underwritten according to standards the Corporation believes prudent and are closely monitored for payment and for management of the associated housing developments. In addition, many of the Corporation's mortgages have credit enhancements through letters of credit, mortgage insurance and other supports. Therefore, HDC believes that the likelihood of experiencing material credit losses relating to its bonded mortgage programs is remote. Management has determined that current charges against income are not required.

G. Summarized Financial Information

The basic financial statements include summarized comparative information as of and for the year ended October 31, 2018 in total but not by reporting unit. Such information does not include enough detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2018, from which the summarized information was derived (which are available from the Corporation and on its website).

H. Recent and Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Standards Issued and Adopted

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, was issued in March 2016. The primary objective of this statement is to provide financial statement users with information about asset retirement obligations (ARO's) that were not addressed in GASB standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for those obligations. The requirements of this statement apply to financial statements of all state and local governments. For purposes of applying this statement, an ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset (that is, the tangible capital asset is permanently removed from service). The retirement of a tangible capital asset encompasses its sale, abandonment, recycling, or disposal in some other manner; however, it does not encompass the temporary idling of a tangible capital asset. This statement also applies to legally enforceable liabilities of a lessor in connection with the retirement of its leased property if those liabilities meet the definition of an ARO.

The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The Corporation adopted this statement in fiscal year 2019 and there was no significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, was issued in April 2018. The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established.

This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The Corporation adopted this statement in fiscal year 2019 and there was no significant impact on the Corporation's financial statements.

Accounting Standards Issued and Not Yet Adopted

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was issued in January 2017. The primary objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Corporation is in the process of evaluating the impact of its adoption on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued in June 2017. The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Corporation is in the process of evaluating the impact of its adoption on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, was issued in June 2018. The objectives of this statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

This statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost as incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this statement. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred

before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund.

This statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles.

The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Corporation is in the process of evaluating the impact of its adoption on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests* – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, was issued in August 2018. The primary objectives of this statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

This statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100% equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100% equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition.

The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements should be applied retroactively, except for the provisions related to (1) reporting a majority equity interest in a component unit and (2) reporting a component unit if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest. Those provisions should be applied on a prospective basis. The Corporation is in the process of evaluating the impact of its adoption on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, was issued in May 2019. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated

with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Corporation is in the process of evaluating the impact of its adoption on the financial statements.

Note 3: Investments and Deposits

The Corporation is authorized to engage in investment activity pursuant to the Act and the Corporation's respective bond resolutions. Investment policies are set for the Corporation by the Members of the Corporation on an annual basis, through the annual adoption of written investment guidelines. Investments are reviewed on a periodic basis by the Corporation's Audit Committee. Day-to-day investment decisions are made by the Corporation's Investment Committee. The Corporation principally invests in securities of the United States and its agencies, open time deposits ("OTDs") in the form of investment agreements, demand accounts, and repurchase agreements. In fiscal year 2019, HDC continued investing in taxable municipal bonds of New York State and New York City, consistent with the Corporation's enabling statute and Investment Guidelines. The Corporation did not enter into any reverse repurchase agreements during the year ended October 31, 2019. The Corporation is not aware of any violations of any provisions of the foregoing policies.

All securities, other than securities held by the respective trustees for the benefit of the bondholders, were held by the Corporation or its agents in the Corporation's name. Bond program investments are held by the trustee of the applicable program.

All investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Investments, other than purpose investments, which are reported at fair value at October 31, 2019, were as follows:

Investment Maturities at October 31, 2019 (in Years)					
					More
Investment Type	2019	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	than 10
(in thousands)					
Money Market and NOW Accounts	\$2,256,393	\$2,256,393	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
FHLB	820,134	412,935	120,160	287,039	_
Federal Farm Credit Bond	528,553	33,701	83,623	411,229	_
FHLMC Bonds	434,202	52,600	331,137	40,899	9,566
U.S. Treasury (Bonds, Notes, Bills)	316,147	312,552	3,595		_
NYS/NYC Municipal Bonds *	222,690	51,759	118,839		52,092
Fixed Repurchase Agreements	165,652	165,652	_		
FNMA Bonds	112,656	44,254	68,402	_	_
Total	4,856,427	3,329,846	725,756	739,167	61,658
Less amounts classified as cash					
equivalents	(2,422,045)	(2,422,045)	_		_
Total investments	\$2,434,382	\$907,801	\$725,756	\$739,167	\$61,658
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^{*}Note: Primarily taxable VRDO instruments which can be put weekly.

Total investments recorded on the Statement of Net Position at October 31, 2019 of \$3,427,343,000 is made up the following: (a) investments recorded at fair value of \$2,434,382,000, (b) certificates of deposits in the amount of \$581,579,000 and (c) OTDs in the amount of \$411,382,000.

As required by GASB No. 31, the Corporation has recorded a fair value adjustment in its investment portfolio. HDC recorded a net appreciation of \$25,490,000 for the year ended October 31, 2019.

Under Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, HDC categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Corporation has the following recurring fair value measurements as of October 31, 2019:

- NYC/NYS Municipal securities of \$222,690,000 are valued using quoted market prices. (Level 1 inputs)
- U.S. Treasury securities of \$316,147,000 are valued based on models using observable inputs. (Level 2 inputs)
- U.S. Agency securities of \$1,895,545,000 are valued based on models using observable inputs. (Level 2 inputs)

Money Market and Now accounts of \$2,256,393,000 are valued at cost. In addition to the investments identified above, as of October 31, 2019 and 2018, the Corporation held \$32,684,000 and \$16,995,000, respectively, uninvested as cash in various trust and escrow accounts.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Corporation's Investment Guidelines charge the Investment Committee with "...determining appropriate investment instruments...based on...length of time funds are available for investment purposes..." among other factors. Thus, maturities are matched to the Corporation's liquidity needs. As part of the Corporation's investment policies, it looks to invest its bond and corporate related reserves in long-term securities that carry a higher yield, with the intent to hold the investments to maturity.

Credit Risk: The Corporation's investment guidelines and policies are designed to protect principal by limiting credit risk. This is accomplished by making decisions based on a review of ratings, collateral, and diversification requirements that vary according to the type of investment.

As of October 31, 2019, investments in Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA" or "Fannie Mae"), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC" or "Freddie Mac"), Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") and Federal Farm Credit Bank ("FFCB") were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or Moody's Investors Service (Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, FHLB and FFCB are collectively referred to as "Agency"). Standard & Poor's ratings for long-term and short-term were AA+ and A-1+, respectively. Moody's long-term and short-term ratings were Aaa and P-1, respectively. Investments in Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, FHLB and FFCB are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. They carry ratings

equivalent to the credit ratings for the U.S. government. Some investments were not rated by Fitch Ratings. Of the investments that were rated by Fitch Ratings, they carried ratings of AAA for long-term and F1+ for short-term. Money market accounts are either backed by collateral held by the provider or letters of credit provided by third parties.

NYS/NYC municipal bonds are usually the highest rated securities held at HDC. The ratings by Standard & Poor's ranged from AAA to A; Moody's ranged from Aaa to A1 and Fitch Ratings Service ranged from AAA to AA. Money market, open time deposits and repurchase agreements in the form of OTDs are not rated; however, the providers are rated.

Custodial Credit Risk: For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Corporation, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the name of the Corporation. The Corporation manages custodial credit risk by limiting its investments to highly rated institutions and/or requiring high quality collateral be held by the counterparty in the name of the Corporation.

As of October 31, 2019, open time deposits in the amount of \$30,093,000, repurchase agreements in the amount of \$165,652,000, certificates of deposits in the amount of \$581,579,000 and demand accounts in the amount of \$2,123,304,000 were collateralized by high quality instruments such as U.S. Treasury Notes, U.S. Treasury Bills, and Agency investments and letters of credits held by the Corporation's agent in the name of the Corporation. A portion of collateral supporting the demand accounts was in the form of FHLB letters of credit.

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the Corporation's deposit may not be returned to it. HDC bank deposits amounted to \$39,967,000 at October 31, 2019, of which \$39,147,000 was uninsured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") and uncollateralized. Correspondingly, \$31,121,000 was secured in trust accounts, which are protected under state law and \$8,846,000 was held in demand deposit accounts ("DDA"). HDC limits its deposits to highly rated institutions, and such deposits are either in trust accounts or partially insured through the FDIC. The maximum coverage of \$250,000 is available to depositors under the FDIC's general deposit insurance rules. All of the Corporation's funds held in the DDA are subject to this provision.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Corporation follows its annually adopted investment guidelines in accordance with concentration limits and reviews its credit concentration monthly. The Corporation's Credit Risk unit monitors concentration risk amongst issuers and reports regularly to the Members of the Corporation's Audit Committee.

The following table shows issuers that represent 5% or more of total investments at October 31, 2019

(in thousands):

Issuer	Dollar Amount	Percentage
NY Community Bank (*)	\$968,028	16.55%
Signature Bank (*)	732,636	12.52
FHLB	596,921	10.20
Customers Bank (*)	483,465	8.27
FHLMC	409,061	6.99
Sterling National Bank (*)	311,294	5.32
FFCB	306,555	5.24
Toronto-Dominion Bank (TD)	292,217	5.00

^{*}Note: Either fully or partially covered by FHLB securities and/or FHLB letter of credit collateral held by the Corporation.

Note 4: Mortgage Loans

The Corporation had outstanding, under various loan programs, mortgage loans of \$13,790,266,000 and \$12,253,404,000 as of October 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. These amounts represent the portion of mortgage loans for which the Corporation has advanced monies. Of the total loans outstanding above, \$274,801,000 of loans funded from corporate reserves were not restricted assets as they were not pledged to any specific bonds or under any bond resolutions. However, they are considered designated as defined under Note 19: Net Position. The portion of mortgage loans that have not yet been advanced is recorded as investments and amounted to \$3,473,030,000 and \$2,781,199,000 at October 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018, respectively (see Note 16: "Commitments").

Changes in Mortgage Loans

The changes in Mortgage Loans are as follows:			
(in thousands)		Loan Participation	
	Total Mortgage	Receivable – The	Mortgage Loans
	Loans	City of New York	(net)
Mortgage loans outstanding at October 31, 2018	\$13,300,654	\$1,047,250	\$12,253,404
Mortgage Advances	2,077,112	-	2,077,112
Other Additions*	203,263	6,804	196,459
Principal Collections	(751,668)	(14,953)	(736,715)
Discount/Premium Amortized	6	-	6
Mortgage loans outstanding at October 31, 2019	14,829,367	1,039,101	13,790,266
NYC Loan Participation Interest Receivable	36,428	36,428	-
Total	\$14,865,795	\$1,075,529	\$13,790,266

^{*}Loan assignments and capitalized interest.

(A) New York City Housing Development Corporation

(i) The HDC mortgage loans listed above were originally repayable over terms of 2 to 50 years and bear interest at rates from 1.00% to 10.36% per annum. Almost all mortgage loans receivable are collateralized by first or second mortgages on the property of the housing sponsors and contain exculpatory clauses with respect to the liability of the principals of such housing sponsors. The table above does not include loans which are not secured by mortgages, which include a military housing loan and a loan to NYCHA, each

of which are secured by notes (see Note 5: "Notes Receivable"), and loans secured by GNMA certificates (see Note 2C: "Purpose Investments"). Of the total HDC mortgages including those that are in the Mitchell-Lama programs held as of October 31, 2019, 64% are first mortgages and 36% are subordinate loans.

(ii) In fiscal year 2014, the Corporation entered into a new financing agreement with the FFB for selling beneficial ownership interests in mortgage loans originated by housing finance agencies and insured with mortgage insurance provided by the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") pursuant to a risk sharing agreement between FHA and such housing finance agency like the Corporation. The Corporation was selected to be the first housing finance agency to participate in this new Federal initiative to reduce the costs of capital for affordable housing. The Corporation acts as servicer of the loans and receives the monthly mortgage payments from the borrower as per the schedule of the Certificates of Participation. The monthly loan principal and interest payment will be remitted to the FFB as per the schedule of the Certificates of Participation.

The mortgage loan participation program with the FFB had a payable balance of \$281,943,000 and \$284,769,000 at October 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018, respectively. For more details on the loans included in the FFB Loan Participation program, see Note 10: "Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations".

(B) Housing Assistance Corporation

The Housing Assistance Corporation financed construction and capitalized interest costs for eight affordable housing projects during the period of 1986 to 1990. These loans, funded by the City, accrue interest at the rate of 0-1% per annum.

The cash flows from these loans were used to provide funding for City directed subsidy programs. Beginning in 2003, the cash flows from mortgage loan interest and the investment portfolio were not sufficient to meet the payment requirements for the subsidy program. HDC's Members approved fund transfers from the Corporation to HAC for an amount at any one time not to exceed \$10,000,000 in total to cover the shortfall of payments required.

In order to continue to fund the City subsidy program for the project named Ruppert/Yorkville ("RY Subsidy Program") and to repay HDC for the obligations, HAC's Board Members approved the sale of the remaining five mortgage loans in the HAC loan portfolio to HDC at its meeting on September 19, 2017. The total outstanding balance on these loans at the time of the loan sale was \$32,400,000. The sale raised \$23,800,000 for HAC. This amount represented the discounted value of the future cash flow on the purchased loans. A portion of the sale proceeds was used to repay HDC for outstanding obligations and the remainder should be sufficient to continue to provide funds for the RY Subsidy Program through 2022.

In fiscal year 2016, The City of New York requested that the Corporation help facilitate the implementation of the new affordable housing regime for Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village. On December 15, 2015, HDC and Wells Fargo Bank entered into a Participation Agreement whereby HDC funded a \$143,236,000 subordinate loan to the purchasers of Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village. The Corporation executed this transaction through its subsidiary HAC. This subordinate loan bears no interest

and is forgiven at the rate of 1/20th per annum over its 20-year term. HDC will be reimbursed for this transaction pursuant to a memorandum of understanding with the City. In fiscal year 2019, \$7,162,000 of the Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village loan was forgiven according to the 20-year term stated in the Participation Agreement. As of October 31, 2019, the outstanding mortgage loan balance was \$121,750,000 and HDC has received a total of \$112,576,000 in Stuyvesant Town fund reimbursements from the City to date.

In fiscal year 2017, a construction loan was closed for a project named BEC Continuum Resyndication. One building at 145 Hart Street, Brooklyn, New York, with a loan commitment in the amount of \$335,000 was financed by HAC. The mortgage loan had a balance of \$317,000 as of October 31, 2019.

The total loan outstanding balance in HAC was \$122,068,000 and \$129,121,000 at October 31, 2019 and October 31, 2018, respectively.

Note 5: Notes Receivable

HDC has loans outstanding that are secured by notes and pledged revenues. Military Housing notes receivable of \$47,545,000 was received in connection with the 2004 Series A Class I & II Military Housing Revenue Bond (Fort Hamilton LLC Project) issuance. The notes are secured by pledged revenues of the development under a Master Trust Indenture. The interest rate on the mortgage loan is a blended rate of 6.32% which is equal to the bond interest rate. The interest on the mortgage is collected semi-annually on the debt service date. As of October 31, 2019, the outstanding Military Housing notes receivable was \$43,530,000.

During fiscal year 2013, notes receivable from NYCHA received in connection with the Corporation's 2005 Series A Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds were replaced upon the issuance of the Corporation's 2013 Series A Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds. As of October 31, 2019, the outstanding NYCHA notes receivable relating to the 2013 Series A Bonds was \$111,950,000.

In addition to the NYCHA notes receivable of the 2013 Series A Bonds, the Corporation also agreed to provide additional funds for a second note from NYCHA for the purpose of modernizing and making capital improvements at NYCHA projects across the City. The Corporation issued the 2013 Series B Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds for this purpose. As of October 31, 2019, the outstanding NYCHA notes receivable relating to the 2013 Series B Bonds was \$396,981,000.

The 2013 Series A and B notes receivable are secured by a first priority pledge of NYCHA's capital grant money provided by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD").

Note 6: Loan Participation Receivable for The City of New York

In fiscal year 2002, the Corporation acquired interests in two real estate mortgage investment trusts in connection with its housing activities. In addition, the Corporation entered into various agreements with the City whereby HDC sold bonds and used the bond proceeds to purchase from the City interests in various mortgage loans and pools of mortgage loans.

In each of fiscal years 2002 and 2003, HDC used bond proceeds from its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2002 Series D (the "2002 Series D Bonds"), and Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2003 Series D (the "2003 Series D Bonds"), to purchase a subordinated position in a 100% participation interest in a portion of the cash flows from a pool of mortgage loans the City had previously securitized in 1996. This pool is known as the Sheridan Trust II and HDC's purchased asset is the Sheridan Trust II Class B Certificate. Upon completion of the 2003 transaction, HDC's participation interest covered all of the City's cash flows from the Sheridan Trust II. In September 2005, the senior lien interests were satisfied and HDC became the primary beneficiary of the Sheridan Trust II. At that time, therefore, the loan asset was added to HDC's statement of net position and was valued at its principal amount.

In 2006, the Corporation issued its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series A, which refinanced its 2002 Series D and 2003 Series D Bonds. On May 1, 2014, the 2006 Series A bonds were fully redeemed. Simultaneously, the Corporation issued the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B-1 and 2014 Series B-2 (collectively, the "2014 Series B Bonds") to re-securitize the remaining underlying loan portfolio, which included the Sheridan Trust II Class B Certificate. At that time, the Sheridan Trust II had a balance of \$57,372,000. The Sheridan Trust II, along with the other remaining underlying loans under the 2006 Series A Bonds totaling \$246,698,000, were transferred to the 2014 Series B Bonds.

In April 2018, the Corporation issued its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series B Bonds. The proceeds were used to purchase and securitize a 100% participation interest in various pools of City mortgage loans totaling \$671,611,000.

As of October 31, 2019, the balance in the Sheridan Trust II was \$14,401,000. This balance is included under "Loan Participation Receivable – The City of New York" which totaled \$1,075,529,000 at October 31, 2019. In each case, the "Loan Participation Receivable - The City of New York" are pledged to the associated bonds but revert to the City when such bonds are retired (see Note 12: "Payable to The City of New York").

Note 7: Other Receivables

Other Receivables of \$28,106,000 represent mortgage related fees, servicing fees receivable, Corporate Services Fund loans not secured by mortgages on the properties, bond interest receivable from HUD, and interest and servicing fees receivable on Department of Housing Preservation and Development ("HPD") loans serviced (but not owned) by HDC.

The Corporation continues to receive funds from the BPCA under the "Pay-as-You-Go" capital funds program as directed by the City. The Corporation received \$41,668,000 during this past fiscal year. As of October 31, 2019, the Corporation received a total of \$172,989,000 from the BPCA.

Note 8: Other Non-Current Assets

On June 27, 2011, a trust created by the City was dissolved and the Corporation and the City entered into the 2011 Participation Agreement. The trust when created consisted of a pledge of the income from Interest Reduction Payment Contracts ("Section 236 Contracts") from HUD on 32 developments. Under the 2011 Participation Agreement, the Corporation holds a 100% participation interest in the second mortgages and related Section 236 Contracts on the remaining properties. The Corporation paid the City \$10,266,000 as the purchase price, which represents the discounted value of the future cash flows (monthly interest reduction payments). During fiscal year 2019, \$1,767,000 was amortized and was recorded as a non-operating expense. The unamortized value of the 2011 Participation Interest was \$603,000 at October 31, 2019.

Note 9: Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

(A) Interest Rate Caps

The Corporation uses interest rate caps to mitigate its exposure to rising interest rates on its variable rate debt.

At October 31, 2019, the fair values of all the interest rate caps were:

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Trade Date	Bonds	Current Notional Amount	Counterparty	Effective Date	Termination Date	Cap Strike	Cap Ceiling	Fair Value at 10/31/19
	2008 Series K, as well as similar outstanding		Goldman					
11/29/2005	variable rate bonds	\$138,715,000	Sachs	12/2/2005	11/1/2032	7.35%	14.85%	\$27,000
10/23/2014	2014 Series B-2, as well as similar outstanding variable rate bonds	50,000,000	PNC	11/1/2014	11/1/2033	4.50%	7.50%	170,000
7/30/2015	2002 Series C, as well as similar outstanding variable rate bonds	150,000,000	Barclays Bank	8/3/2015	11/1/2020	3.50%	8.00%	1
10/16/2017	2017 Series A-2, as well as similar outstanding variable rate bonds	39,825,000	U.S. Bank	2/1/2018	2/1/2023	3.25%	7.50%	17,000
Total Caps		\$378,540,000						\$214,000

(B) Interest Rate Swaps

HDC has entered into certain interest rate swap contracts to manage the risk associated with the variable rate bonds in its portfolio.

As of October 31, 2019, the fair value balances of the interest rate swaps were recognized as liabilities, offset by deferred outflows of resources. The fair value for the derivative instruments is the estimated exit price that assumes a transaction takes place in the market. The fair value recorded was derived from a third-party source as listed below as of October 31, 2019.

				Notional
Description	Classification	Fair Value Amount	Classification	Amount
Cash flow hedges:				
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(\$2,401,000)	Debt	\$65,630,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(3,982,000)	Debt	85,000,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(21,000)	Debt	50,000,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(6,432,000)	Debt	54,126,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(15,756,000)	Debt	100,000,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(11,098,000)	Debt	75,000,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(8,356,000)	Debt	75,000,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(20,244,000)	Debt	184,000,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(14,291,000)	Debt	98,895,000
Pay-Fixed interest rate swap	Deferred Outflow	(20,326,000)	Debt	135,460,000
Total Swaps		(\$102,907,000)	·	\$923,111,000

At October 31, 2019, the total fair value of the interest rate swaps amounted to (\$102,907,000) and were valued using other significant observable inputs (Level 2 inputs).

The following table displays the objectives and terms of HDC's interest rate swaps outstanding at October 31, 2019.

Trade Date	Туре	Objective	Notional Amount	Counter- party	Term	Effective Date	Termination Date	Counter- party Rating Moody's /S&P
		Hedge of changes in						
		cash flows for 2016						
		Series A drawdown						
		bond and bank loan						
		funded by Wells Fargo in accordance			Pay 2.24%;			
	Pay-Fixed	with the			receive 100%			
	interest	participation			3M LIBOR;			
7/26/2016	rate swap	agreement	\$65,630,000	Wells Fargo	CXL-8/1/2031	8/1/2019	5/1/2047	Aa2/A+
		Hedge of changes in	, , ,	8				
		cash flows for 2016						
		Series G-2 bonds,			Pay 2.029%;			
	Pay-Fixed	as well as similar			receive 100%			
	interest	outstanding variable			3M LIBOR;			
11/2/2016	rate swap	rate bonds	85,000,000	PNC Bank	7.50% Ceiling	5/1/2018	11/1/2035	A2/A
	Pay-Fixed	Hedge of changes in			Pay 1.2028%;			
4/4/2017	interest	cash flows for 2017 Series A-3 bonds	50,000,000	PNC Bank	receive 70% 1M LIBOR	6/1/2017	8/1/2020	A2/A
4/4/2017	rate swap	Hedge of changes in	30,000,000	FINC Ballk	IWI LIBUK	0/1/2017	6/1/2020	AZ/A
		cash flows for 2017			Pay 2.984%;			
	Pay-Fixed	Series C-4 bonds			receive 100%			
	interest	(FFB Lexington			3M LIBOR;			
7/5/2017	rate swap	Gardens)	54,126,000	Wells Fargo	CXL-2/1/2033	2/1/2021	5/1/2048	Aa2/A+
	-			_	Pay 3.0949%;			
	Pay-Fixed	Hedge of changes in			receive 100%			
	interest	cash flows for 2018			3M LIBOR;			
4/5/2018	rate swap	Series B-2 bonds	100,000,000	PNC Bank	CXL-2/1/2034	2/1/2019	5/1/2046	A2/A
	B E: 1	Hedge of changes in			D 2.0220/			
	Pay-Fixed	cash flows for overall FHLB			Pay 3.022%; receive 100%			
8/10/2018	interest rate swap	variable rate bonds	75,000,000	Wells Fargo	3M LIBOR	2/1/2019	2/1/2036	Aa2/A+
0/10/2010	rate swap	variable rate bolids	75,000,000	W Clis Faigo	JIM LIDOK	4/1/2019	4/1/2030	Aa2/A

October 31, 2019

								Counter- party Rating
Trade			Notional	Counter-		Effective	Termination	Moody's
Date	Type	Objective	Amount	party	Term	Date	Date	/S&P
		Hedge of changes in			Pay 2.367%;			
	Pay-Fixed	cash flows for			receive 100%			
	interest	variable rate			SIFMA;			
8/10/2018	rate swap	SIFMA index bonds	75,000,000	Wells Fargo	CXL-8/1/2039	8/1/2019	5/1/2059	Aa2/A+
		Hedge of changes in			Pay 2.538%;			
	Pay-Fixed	cash flows for			receive 77.5%			
	interest	outstanding variable		Royal Bank	1M LIBOR			
12/14/2018	rate swap	rate bonds	184,000,000	Canada	CXL-12/1/2038	5/1/2024	5/1/2050	Aa2/AA-
		Hedge of changes in			Pay 2.5017%;			
	Pay-Fixed	cash flows for			receive 77.5%			
	interest	interest rate risk			1M LIBOR			
12/18/2018	rate swap	during construction	98,895,000	Citibank	CXL-12/1/2038	7/1/2022	5/1/2051	Aa3/A+
		Hedge of changes in						
	Pay-Fixed	cash flows for			Pay 2.9563%;			
	interest	interest rate risk			receive 100%			
12/19/2018	rate swap	during construction	135,460,000	Citibank	3M LIBOR	1/1/2021	11/1/2038	Aa3/A+
Total Swaps			\$923,111,000					

Credit Risk: HDC is exposed to credit risk on hedging derivative instruments. To mitigate the risk, HDC requires the swap be collateralized by the counterparty if the counterparty's credit rating falls below Baa1/BBB+. At October 31, 2019, the counterparty ratings were above the threshold; therefore, no collateral was required.

Termination Risk: HDC or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of the termination, the fair value of the swap is negative, HDC would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the fair value of the instrument. To mitigate this termination risk, the swap agreement provides that the counterparty may terminate the swap only if HDC's rating falls below investment grade (Baa3 or BBB-) for PNC and Baa2 or BBB for Wells Fargo. HDC's current ratings are Aa1 and AA+, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk: HDC is exposed to interest rate risk on the pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps. As LIBOR decreases, HDC's net payments on such swaps increase.

Basis Risk: HDC is exposed to basis risk on its pay-fixed interest rate swaps, because the variable-rate payments received by HDC on these derivative instruments are on a rate other than rates HDC pays on its hedged variable-rate debt. Under the terms of its fixed rate swap transactions, HDC pays a variable rate on its bonds based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) and U.S. Treasury, but receives a variable rate on the swaps based on a percentage of LIBOR plus basis points.

Rollover Risk: HDC is exposed to rollover risk on hedging derivative instruments should a termination event occur prior to the maturity of the hedged debt.

(C) Deferred Loss on Early Retirement of Debt

On September 10, 2013, the 2005 Series A Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds (NYCHA) were retired through an advance refunding and the Corporation incurred a loss in the amount of \$8,958,000 which will be amortized over the shorter of the life of the old bonds or the new bonds. At October 31, 2019, the

balance of the unamortized deferred loss on early retirement of debt was \$4,920,000. This loss was covered by NYCHA as a part of this transaction.

(D) Pension

At October 31, 2019, the Corporation's pension contribution after the measurement date was \$2,128,000. The Corporation recorded a net increase in Deferred Outflows of Resources in the amount of \$1,676,000 (as per New York City Employees' Retirement System ("NYCERS") pension report). This amount represents the net difference between expected and actual experience, the change in assumptions and changes in proportionate share. The outstanding balance of Deferred Outflows of Resources was \$3,264,000 and \$1,588,000 at October 31, 2019 and at October 31, 2018, respectively. The Corporation recorded a net increase in Deferred Inflows of Resources in the amount of \$381,000. This amount represents the net difference between expected and actual experience, the change in assumptions, changes in proportionate share and the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments. The outstanding balance of Deferred Inflows of Resources was \$1,737,000 and \$1,356,000 at October 31, 2019 and at October 31, 2018, respectively.

(E) OPEB

As of November 1, 2016, HDC adopted GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". HDC reported Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$1,025,000 and Deferred Inflows of Resources of \$8,785,000 related to OPEB as of October 31, 2019 (see Note 14 for more details).

Note 10: Bonds Payable and Debt Obligations

The Corporation's authority to issue bonds and notes for any corporate purpose is limited by the Act to the extent that (i) the aggregate principal amount outstanding may not exceed \$14.5 billion, exclusive of refunding bonds or notes, and (ii) the maximum Capital Reserve Fund requirement may not exceed \$85 million. No bonds are currently subjected to the Capital Reserve Fund requirement. These limits may be changed from time to time through State legislation. During the year ended October 31, 2019, the limit on the aggregate principal amount outstanding was increased from \$13.5 billion to \$14.5 billion.

Bond Programs

The Corporation issues bonds and notes to fund mortgage loans for multi-family residential developments under the bond programs described below. As of October 31, 2019, the Corporation had bonds outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$12,109,829,000. All of the bonds are separately secured, except for the bonds issued under the General Resolution which are equally and ratably secured by the assets pledged under the General Resolution (see "C. Housing Revenue Bond Program" below). None of the bonds under the bond programs described in "A. Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program", "B. Military Housing Revenue Bond Program", "B. Liberty Bond Program", "E. Capital Fund Revenue Bond Program" and, "F. Pass-Through Revenue Bond Program" provide security under the General Resolution, and none of the bonds under these programs are secured by the General Resolution.

- <u>A. Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program</u>. The Corporation established its Multi-Family Program to develop privately-owned multi-family housing, all or a portion of which is reserved for low income tenants. The following describes the Corporation's activities under its Multi-Family Program.
- (1) Rental Projects; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac Enhanced: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt and/or taxable bonds which either (i) are secured by mortgage loan payments, which payments are secured by obligations of Fannie Mae under various collateral agreements, (ii) are secured by a Direct Pay Credit Enhancement Instrument issued by Fannie Mae or (iii) are secured by a Direct Pay Credit Enhancement Agreement with Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac").
- (2) Rental Projects; Letter of Credit Enhanced: The Corporation has issued tax-exempt and/or taxable bonds to finance a number of mixed income projects and entirely low-income projects, which bonds are secured by letters of credit issued by investment-grade rated commercial lending institutions.
- (3) Residential Housing; Credit Enhanced: The Corporation has issued bonds to provide financing for residential facilities for hospital staff and for post-secondary students, faculty and staff which bonds are secured by letters of credit issued by investment-grade rated institutions.
- (4) Rental Projects; Not Rated: The Corporation has issued bonds and obligations to provide financing for rental projects, which bonds and obligations are not rated by a rating agency and were not publicly offered.
- (5) Commercial Mortgage Backed Security Program: Under this program, the Corporation has issued bonds structured as commercial mortgage backed securities to refinance a multi-family housing development.
- <u>B. Military Housing Revenue Bond Program</u>. Under this program, the Corporation has issued taxable obligations in order to fund a portion of the cost of the design, demolition, renovation, construction and operation of housing units in residential family housing areas located at Fort Hamilton.
- <u>C. Housing Revenue Bond Program</u>. Under its Housing Revenue Bond Program, the Corporation may issue bonds payable solely from and secured by the assets held under its General Resolution which include a pool of mortgage loans, some of which are construction loans (which pool contains FHA-insured mortgage loans, REMIC-insured mortgage loans, State of New York Mortgage Agency ("SONYMA") insured mortgage loans, GNMA mortgage-backed securities, other mortgage loans and participation interests in mortgage loans), the revenues received on account of all such loans and securities, and other assets pledged under such resolution and any supplemental resolution for a particular series of bonds. Certain of the projects, which secure a portion of the mortgage loans, receive the benefits of subsidy payments.
- <u>D. Liberty Bond Program</u>. In accordance with Section 301 of the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002, the Corporation has issued tax-exempt and taxable bonds, each secured by a letter of credit to finance the development of multi-family housing within an area of lower Manhattan designated in such legislation as the "Liberty Zone".

<u>E. Capital Fund Revenue Bond Program</u>. Under this program, the Corporation has issued tax-exempt obligations in order to assist NYCHA with the execution of a multi-year construction initiative that addressed critical capital improvement needs of their aging housing portfolio.

<u>F. Pass-Through Revenue Bond Program</u>. Under this program, the Corporation has issued bonds to finance loans evidenced by a note and secured by a mortgage of privately-owned multi-family housing. All repayments and prepayments derived from the associated mortgage loans, including a payment of insurance, if any, are passed through to the bondholder to redeem the bonds on a monthly basis.

Changes in Bonds Payable:

(in thousands)

The summary of changes in Bonds Payable was as follows:

Bonds Payable outstanding at October 31, 2018	\$11,274,873
Bonds Issued	2,216,745
Bond Principal Retired	(1,356,226)
Net Premium/Discount on Bonds Payable	(3,959)
Bonds Payable outstanding at October 31, 2019	\$12,131,433

Details of changes in HDC bonds payable for the year ended October 31, 2019 were as follows:

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)	200. 21, 2010	155444	10000	000001,2019
MULTI-FAMILY MORTGAGE REVENUE BOND PROGRAM:				
Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds – Rental Projects; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac Enhanced				
1999 Series A (AMT) Brittany Development Project – 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2029	\$49,300	\$-	(\$700)	\$48,600
2000 Series A (AMT) Related-West 89th Street Development – 1.16% to 2.21% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2029	53,000	_		53,000
2001 Series A Queenswood Refunding – 1.12% to 2.39% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2031	10,600	_	(400)	10,200
2001 Series A (AMT) Related-Lyric Development – 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2031	85,000	_	_	85,000

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2001 Series B (Federally Taxable) Related-Lyric Development – 1.83% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2031	3,700	_	(300)	3,400
2002 Series A (AMT) The Foundry – 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2032	55,100	_	_	55,100
2003 Series A (AMT) Related-Sierra Development – 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2033	56,000	_	_	56,000
2004 Series A (AMT) Related-Westport Development – 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2034	110,000	_	_	110,000
2004 Series B (Federally Taxable) Related-Westport Development – 1.83% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2034	10,800	_	(1,000)	9,800
2005 Series A Royal Charter Properties – 1.12% to 2.39% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2035	89,200	_	(1,000)	88,200
2005 Series A (AMT) Atlantic Court Apartments – 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2035	83,700	_		83,700
2005 Series B (Federally Taxable) Atlantic Court Apartments – 1.83% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2035	6,500	_	(2,000)	4,500
2005 Series A The Nicole Development – Variable Rate Bonds remarketed to 3.42% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2035	54,600	_	_	54,600
2005 Series B (Federally Taxable) The Nicole Development – 2.22% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2035	1,600		(1,600)	_
2006 Series A (AMT) Rivereast Apartments – 1.15% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	50,000		_	50,000
2006 Series A (AMT) Seaview Towers – 3.70% to 4.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2039	14,675	_	(680)	13,995

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)	j			
2007 Series A (AMT) Ocean Gate Development – 1.14% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	8,445	_	_	8,445
2007 Series B (AMT) Ocean Gate Development – 4.80% to 5.35% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2025	8,210	_	(965)	7,245
2007 Series A (AMT) 155 West 21st Street Apartments - 1.16% to 2.21% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	37,900	_		37,900
2007 Series B (Federally Taxable) 155 West 21st Street Apartments – 1.88% to 2.47% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	9,100	_	(900)	8,200
2008 Series A (AMT) Linden Plaza – 1.14% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2043	58,235	_	(1,995)	56,240
2009 Series A Gateway Apartments – 2.65% to 4.50% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2025	20,025	_	(325)	19,700
2009 Series A The Balton – 1.08% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2049	29,750	_		29,750
2009 Series A Lexington Courts – 1.07% to 2.37% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	17,600	_	(1,000)	16,600
2014 Series A-1 NYCHA Triborough Preservation Development – 0.55% to 3.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	223,775	_	(3,435)	220,340
2019 Series A (Federally Taxable) The Nicole – 3.90% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2035	_	4,400	_	4,400
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Rental Project; Fannie Mae or Freddie Mae Enhanced				
2001 Series A (AMT) West 48th Street – 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2034	19,100	_	(500)	18,600
2004 Series A (AMT) Aldus Street Apartments – 1.15% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	8,100	_	_	8,100
2004 Series A (AMT) 941 Hoe Avenue Apartments – 1.15% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	6,660	_	_	6,660

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)	,			, , , , , ,
2004 Series A (AMT) Peter Cintron Apartments – 1.15% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	7,840	_	_	7,840
2004 Series A (AMT) State Renaissance Court – 1.15% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	35,200	_		35,200
2004 Series A (AMT) Louis Nine Boulevard Apartments – 1.16% to 2.21% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	7,300	_	_	7,300
2004 Series A (AMT) Courtlandt Avenue Apartments – 1.20% to 2.21% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	7,905	_		7,905
2004 Series A (AMT) Ogden Avenue Apartments – 1.16% to 2.43% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,760	_		4,760
2004 Series A (AMT) Nagle Courtyard Apartments – 1.16% to 2.43% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,200	_		4,200
2005 Series A (AMT) Morris Avenue Apartments – 1.15% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	14,700	_		14,700
2005 Series A (AMT) Vyse Avenue Apartments – 1.16% to 2.43% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,335	_		4,335
2005 Series A (AMT) 33 West Tremont Avenue Apartments – 1.16% to 2.43% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	3,490			3,490
2005 Series A (AMT) Ogden Avenue Apartments II – 1.14% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	2,500	_		2,500
2005 Series A (AMT) White Plains Courtyard Apartments – 1.14% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,900	_		4,900
2005 Series A (AMT) Highbridge Apartments – 1.24% to 1.81% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	13,600	_	(13,600)	_

Description of Desidence Learned	Balance at	T	Datina d	Balance at
Description of Bonds as Issued (in thousands)	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
,				
2005 Series A (AMT) 89 Murray Street Development - 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	49,800			49,800
2005 Series A (AMT) 270 East Burnside Avenue Apartments – 1.16% to 2.21% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	6,400	_	_	6,400
2006 Series A (AMT) Reverend Ruben Diaz Gardens Apartments – 1.15% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	6,400	_	_	6,400
2006 Series A (AMT) Villa Avenue Apartments – 1.15% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	5,990	_	_	5,990
2006 Series A (AMT) Bathgate Avenue Apartments – 1.16% to 2.43% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	4,435	_		4,435
2006 Series A (AMT) Spring Creek Apartments I & II - 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	24,000	_	_	24,000
2006 Series A (AMT) Linden Boulevard Apartments – 3.90% to 4.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2039	11,735	_	(315)	11,420
2006 Series A (AMT) Markham Garden Apartments – 1.14% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	16,000	_		16,000
2008 Series A 245 East 124th Street – Variable Rate Bonds remarketed to 2.10% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2046	35,400	_	_	35,400
2008 Series A Bruckner by the Bridge – 1.10% to 2.38% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2048	36,800	_		36,800
2008 Series A Hewitt House Apartments – 1.13% to 2.25% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2048	4,100	_		4,100
2010 Series A Eliot Chelsea Development – 1.07% to 2.37% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2043	40,750	_	_	40,750

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2011 Series A (AMT) West 26th Street Development – 1.13% to 2.40% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2041	28,700	_	_	28,700
2011 Series B West 26th Street Development – 1.09% to 2.35% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2045	8,470	_	_	8,470
2012 Series A West 26th Street Development – 1.09% to 2.35% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2045	41,530	_	_	41,530
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Rental Project; Letter of Credit Enhanced				
2003 Series A (AMT) Related-Upper East – 1.20% to 2.17% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	67,000	_		67,000
2003 Series B (Federally Taxable) Related-Upper East – 1.95% to 2.55% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	3,000	_	_	3,000
2004 Series A (AMT) Manhattan Court Development – 1.15% to 2.41% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	17,500	_		17,500
2004 Series A (AMT) East 165th Street Development - 1.15% to 2.41% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	7,665	_	_	7,665
2004 Series A (AMT) Parkview Apartments – 1.17% to 2.22% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	5,935	_	_	5,935
2005 Series A (AMT) 2007 LaFontaine Avenue Apartments – 1.20% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	3,825	_	_	3,825
2005 Series A (AMT) La Casa del Sol Apartments – 1.15% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	4,250	_	(100)	4,150
2005 Series A (AMT) 15 East Clarke Place Apartments - 1.16% to 2.21% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	5,330	_	(100)	5,230

	Balance at			Balance at
Description of Bonds as Issued	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2005 Series A (AMT) Urban Horizons II Development – 1.15% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,965	_	(100)	4,865
2005 Series A (AMT) 1090 Franklin Avenue Apartments – 1.15% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	2,320	_	_	2,320
2005 Series A (AMT) Parkview II Apartments – 1.15% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2037	4,255	_	_	4,255
2006 Series A (AMT) Granville Payne Apartments – 1.15% to 2.41% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	5,560	_	_	5,560
2006 Series A (AMT) Beacon Mews Development – 1.16% to 2.21% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	23,500	_		23,500
2006 Series A (AMT) Granite Terrace Apartments – 1.16% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	4,060	_	_	4,060
2006 Series A (AMT) Intervale Gardens Apartments – 1.16% to 2.42% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2038	3,115	_	_	3,115
2006 Series A (AMT) 500 East 165th Street Apartments – 1.15% to 2.44% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	7,255	_	_	7,255
2006 Series A (AMT) 1405 Fifth Avenue Apartments - 1.15% to 2.41% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	14,190	_		14,190
2007 Series A (AMT) 550 East 170th Street Apartments – 1.19% to 2.41% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2042	5,500	_	_	5,500
2007 Series A (AMT) Susan's Court – 1.15% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2039	24,000	_	_	24,000
2007 Series A (AMT) The Dorado Apartments – 1.15% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	3,470	_	_	3,470

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)	Oct. 31, 2010	155404	Retired	Oct. 31, 2017
2007 Series A (AMT) Boricua Village Apartments Site A-2 – 1.17% to 2.22% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2042	4,250	_	_	4,250
2007 Series A (AMT) Boricua Village Apartments Site C – 1.16% to 2.21% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2042	6,665	_		6,665
2007 Series A (AMT) Cook Street Apartments – 1.15% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	4,180	_	(100)	4,080
2008 Series A (AMT) Las Casas Development – 1.13% to 2.47% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2040	19,200	_	_	19,200
2010 Series A 101 Avenue D Apartments – 2.57% to 3.75% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2043	22,700	_		22,700
Residential Revenue Bonds – Residential Housing; Letter of Credit Enhanced				
2012 Series A College of Staten Island Residences – 2.00% to 4.15% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2046	64,340	_	(800)	63,540
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds – Rental Project; Not Rated				
2007 Series A Queens Family Courthouse Apartments – 5.41% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2047	40,000	_	_	40,000
2016 Series A 148th Street Jamaica – 3.40% to 3.91% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2056	22,130	_	_	22,130
2016 Series A (Federally Taxable) Queens Family Courthouse Apartments – 5.97% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2047	15,000	_	_	15,000
2019 Series A 535 Carlton Avenue – 4.08% to 6.35% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2027	_	73,000	_	73,000
Multi-Family Commercial Mortgage Backed Securities				
2014 Series A, B and C - 8 Spruce Street (Federally Taxable) – 3.71% to 3.93% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	346,100	_	_	346,100

	Balance at			Balance at
Description of Bonds as Issued (in thousands)	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(in inousanas)				
Total Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds	2,373,175	77,400	(31,915)	2,418,660
MILITARY HOUSING REVENUE BOND				
PROGRAM:				
2004 Series A (Federally Taxable) Class I & II Fort Hamilton Housing LLC Project – 5.60% to 6.72% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2049	43,995	_	(465)	43,530
Total Military Housing Revenue Bond Program	43,995	_	(465)	43,530
HOUSING REVENUE BOND PROGRAM:				
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds Under the Corporation's General Resolution, assets pledged to bondholders in a pool of mortgage loans.				
1998 Series A (Federally Taxable) – 6.84% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2030	100	_	_	100
1998 Series B – 3.75% to 5.25% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2031	100	_		100
1999 Series A-1 (Federally Taxable) – 5.83% to 6.06% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2022	5,185	_	(1,200)	3,985
1999 Series C (AMT) – 4.40% to 5.70% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2031	115	_	_	115
1999 Series E – 4.40% to 6.25% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2036	100	_	_	100
2002 Series C (Federally Taxable) – 2.45% to 2.77% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2034	38,180	_	(1,325)	36,855
2003 Series B-2 (AMT) – 2.00% to 4.60% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2036	100	_		100
2003 Series E-2 (AMT) – 2.25% to 5.05% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2036	100	_	_	100
2006 Series J-1 – Index Floating Rate Term Bonds remarketed to 3.50% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2046	100,000	_		100,000
2007 Series A (Federally Taxable) – 5.26% to 5.52% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2041	23,060	_	(475)	22,585

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2008 Series C-2 (Federally Taxable) – 3.55% to 5.69% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2018	330	_	(330)	_
2008 Series E (Federally Taxable) – 2.45% to 2.77% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2037	86,430	_	(2,065)	84,365
2008 Series F (Federally Taxable) – 2.45% to 2.77% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2041	71,630	_	(1,325)	70,305
2008 Series J (Federally Taxable) – 2.86% to 3.35% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2043	29,120	_	(520)	28,600
2008 Series K (Federally Taxable) – 2.86% to 3.35% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2043	69,470	_	(2,915)	66,555
2008 Series M – 3.15% to 6.88% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2038	25,830	_	(25,830)	_
2009 Series A – 2.00% to 4.20% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2019	870	_	(575)	295
2009 Series C-1 – 2.50% to 5.70% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2046	105,415	_	(105,415)	_
2009 Series F – 1.95% to 4.85% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2041	5,300	_	(5,300)	_
2009 Series I-1 (Federally Taxable) – 5.63% to 6.42% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2039	50,000	_	(50,000)	_
2009 Series I-2 (Federally Taxable) – 2.73% to 3.22% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2039	25,000	_	(2,985)	22,015
2009 Series J – 0.70% to 4.80% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2036	18,835	_	(18,835)	_
2009 Series K – 1.95% to 4.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2039	67,515	_	(67,515)	_
2009 Series L-1 – 1.65% to 4.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2043	21,895	_	(415)	21,480
2009 Series M – 1.85% to 5.15% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	30,060	_	(30,060)	
2010 Series A-1 – 3.35% to 4.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2041	25,325	_	_	25,325

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2010 Series A-2 (Federally Taxable) – 3.67% to 4.97% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2019	600	_	(600)	_
2010 Series C – 1.50% to 4.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	13,700	_	(215)	13,485
2010 Series D-1-A – 1.60% to 5.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2042	29,695	_	(610)	29,085
2010 Series E – 0.80% to 3.85% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2019	1,305	_	(860)	445
2010 Series F – 1.70% to 4.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2030	3,130	_	(200)	2,930
2010 Series G – 0.40% to 4.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2041	33,960	_	(2,115)	31,845
2010 Series H (Federally Taxable) – 2.79% to 3.28% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2040	28,695	_	(6,125)	22,570
2010 Series J-1 – 0.75% to 5.00% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2022	10,215	_	(2,080)	8,135
2010 Series K-1 – 2.05% to 5.25% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2032	4,560	_	(170)	4,390
2010 Series L-1 – 2.35% to 5.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2026	9,990	_	(950)	9,040
2010 Series N – 0.60% to 4.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2021	1,580	_	(560)	1,020
2011 Series B-1 – 0.50% to 3.65% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2018	315	_	(315)	_
2011 Series C – 2.25% to 4.50% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2022	1,190	_	(250)	940
2011 Series D – 0.28% to 3.37% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2020	1,555	_	(605)	950
2011 Series E – 1.40% to 4.93% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2036	15,145	_	(600)	14,545
2011 Series F-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.29% to 3.47% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2018	2,250	_	(2,250)	_

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2011 Series F-2 (Federally Taxable) – 2.73% to 3.22% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2040	48,355	_	(15,810)	32,545
2011 Series F-3 (Federally Taxable) – 2.73% to 3.22% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2040	12,540	_	(1,635)	10,905
2011 Series G-2-A – 0.35% to 3.10% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2021	12,650	_	(3,540)	9,110
2011 Series H-2-A – 1.10% to 4.40% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2031	18,235	_	(1,275)	16,960
2011 Series H-2-B – 4.00% to 4.40% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2031	15,970	_	_	15,970
2011 Series H-3-B – 2.51% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2022	6,340	_	(1,320)	5,020
2011 Series J-1 – 4.00% to 4.80% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2044	38,345	_	_	38,345
2011 Series J-2 – 1.55% to 2.55% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2022	4,115	_	(860)	3,255
2012 Series B (Federally Taxable) – 0.66% to 3.93% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2025	25,590	_	(3,075)	22,515
2012 Series D-1-A – 0.80% to 4.30% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	47,960	_	(255)	47,705
2012 Series D-1-B – 0.35% to 4.30% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	76,375	_	(2,055)	74,320
2012 Series E (Federally Taxable) – 0.34% to 4.40% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2032	55,875	_	(3,135)	52,740
2012 Series F – 0.80% to 3.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	37,300	_	(825)	36,475
2012 Series G – 0.95% to 3.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	30,435	_	(700)	29,735
2012 Series H – 0.25% to 1.60% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2018	390	_	(390)	_
2012 Series I (Federally Taxable) – 0.40% to 4.49% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	53,145	_	(6,205)	46,940

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			, , , , , ,
2012 Series K-1-A – 0.45% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	90,175	_	(1,965)	88,210
2012 Series L-1 – 1.80% to 3.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2042	12,390	_	(85)	12,305
2012 Series L-2-A – 0.30% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	100,170	_	(570)	99,600
2012 Series L-2-B (AMT) – 2.30% to 3.60% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2026	2,060	_	(130)	1,930
2012 Series M-2 – 1.10% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	9,475	_	(190)	9,285
2012 Series M-3 – 1.40% to 4.65% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	10,225	_	(200)	10,025
2013 Series B-1-A – 1.10% to 4.60% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2045	74,150	_		74,150
2013 Series B-1-B – 0.35% to 4.60% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2045	46,255	_	(2,100)	44,155
2013 Series D-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.70% to 3.78% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2028	31,035	_	(2,525)	28,510
2013 Series D-2 (Federally Taxable) – 2.90% to 3.39% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2038	55,000	_	_	55,000
2013 Series E-1-A – 0.25% to 4.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2038	38,070	_	(1,705)	36,365
2013 Series E-1-B – 0.75% to 4.95% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2043	14,060	_	_	14,060
2013 Series E-1-C – 0.75% to 4.95% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2046	45,025	_	_	45,025
2013 Series F-1 – 1.25% to 4.50% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	28,830	_	(440)	28,390
2014 Series A – 0.20% to 4.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	6,655	_	(110)	6,545
2014 Series B-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.25% to 3.69% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2024	34,675	_	(8,850)	25,825

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2014 Series B-2 (Federally Taxable) – 2.74% to 3.23% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2033	50,000	_	_	50,000
2014 Series C-1-A – 0.70% to 4.30% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	96,595	_	(1,830)	94,765
2014 Series C-1-C – 1.10% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	12,425	_	(240)	12,185
2014 Series D-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.40% to 4.10% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2027	24,030	_	(2,865)	21,165
2014 Series D-2 (Federally Taxable) – 2.74% to 3.23% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2037	38,000	_	_	38,000
2014 Series E – 2.90% to 3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	37,360	_	_	37,360
2014 Series G-1 – 0.20% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	252,030	_	(44,750)	207,280
2014 Series G-2 – 0.25% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	3,355	_	(65)	3,290
2014 Series H-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.76% to 4.32% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	69,195	_	(2,925)	66,270
2014 Series H-2 (Federally Taxable) – 2.72% to 3.21% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2044	50,000	_	_	50,000
2014 Series I – 1.45% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2018	3,260	_	(3,260)	_
2015 Series A-1 – 0.70% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	9,535	_	(95)	9,440
2015 Series A-2 – 2.25% to 3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	6,150	_	_	6,150
2015 Series B-1 (Federally Taxable) – 0.60% to 3.53% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2027	23,530	_	(3,315)	20,215
2015 Series B-2 (Federally Taxable) – 2.65% to 3.14% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2044	33,000	_	_	33,000
2015 Series D-1-A – 1.30% to 4.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	113,245	_	(50,105)	63,140

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2015 Series D-1-B – 0.85% to 4.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	267,750	_	(131,860)	135,890
2015 Series D-2 – 0.45% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	56,555	_	(6,520)	50,035
2015 Series D-3 – 1.21% to 2.25% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2020	15,000	_	(15,000)	_
2015 Series D-4 – 1.21% to 1.70% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2020	13,500	_	(13,500)	_
2015 Series E-1 – 0.30% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	36,150	_	(965)	35,185
2015 Series E-2 – 0.30% to 3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	5,920	_	(720)	5,200
2015 Series G-1 (SNB) – 0.30% to 3.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2049	129,100	_	(58,085)	71,015
2015 Series G-2 (SNB) – 1.45% to 3.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2049	47,160	_	(14,440)	32,720
2015 Series H (SNB) – 2.95% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2026	136,470	_	_	136,470
2015 Series I (SNB) – 2.95% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2026	60,860	_	_	60,860
2015 Series K (SNB) – 1.15% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2019	3,755	_	(3,755)	_
2016 Series A (SNB) – 0.35% to 3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	62,355	_	(25,555)	36,800
2016 Series D (SNB) – 0.50% to 3.75% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	52,320	_	(1,465)	50,855
2016 Series C-1-A (SNB) – 1.20% to 3.45% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2050	119,330	_	_	119,330
2016 Series C-1-B (SNB) – 1.38% to 3.40% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2047	61,020	_	_	61,020
2016 Series C-2 (SNB) – 1.45% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2020	32,820		(6,445)	26,375

	Balance at	_		Balance at
Description of Bonds as Issued (in thousands)	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(in mousurus)				
2016 Series E-1-A (SNB) – 0.40% to 5.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	80,810	_	(28,070)	52,740
2016 Series E-1-B (SNB) – 1.30% to 3.40% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2047	81,340	_	(43,485)	37,855
2016 Series E-2 (SNB) – 1.25% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2019	48,235	_	(48,235)	
2016 Series F-1-A (SNB) – 1.95% to 3.37% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2051	23,675	_		23,675
2016 Series F-1-B (SNB) – 2.75% to 3.15% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2041	40,275	_	_	40,275
2016 Series F-2 (AMT) (SNB) – 1.25% to 2.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2025	8,120	_	(45)	8,075
2016 Series G-1(Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 0.85% to 2.82% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2027	19,965	_	(3,775)	16,190
2016 Series G-2 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 2.76% to 3.25% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2045	78,000	_	_	78,000
2016 Series I-1-A (SNB) – 1.80% to 4.30% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2050	111,095	_	_	111,095
2016 Series I-1-B (SNB) – 3.60% to 4.30% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2050	36,300	_	_	36,300
2016 Series I-2-A-1 (SNB) – 2.00% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2020	25,185	_	_	25,185
2016 Series I-2-A-2 (SNB) – 2.00% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2020	74,840	_	_	74,840
2016 Series I-2-B (SNB) – 1.85% to 2.00% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2021	65,320	_	_	65,320
2016 Series J-1 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 2.93% to 3.42% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2052	161,500	_	_	161,500
2016 Series J-2 (SNB) – 2.93% to 3.42% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2052	29,500	_	_	29,500
2017 Series A-1-A (SNB) – 1.45% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2052	51,610	_	_	51,610

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)	300.51, 2010	155444	11001100	00001,2012
2017 Series A-1-B (SNB) – 3.80% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2052	11,165	_	_	11,165
2017 Series A-2-A (SNB) – 1.90% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2021	48,880	_		48,880
2017 Series A-2-B (SNB) – 1.90% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2021	11,285	_		11,285
2017 Series A-3 (SNB) – 1.96% to 2.30% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2021	50,000	_	_	50,000
2017 Series B-1 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 1.60% to 3.81% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2029	24,500	_	(2,215)	22,285
2017 Series B-2 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 2.68% to 3.17% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2046	61,500	_	_	61,500
2017 Series C-1 (SNB) – 1.20% to 3.85% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2057	139,725	_	_	139,725
2017 Series C-2 (SNB) – 1.70% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2021	103,025	_	_	103,025
2017 Series C-3-A (SNB) – 1.70% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2021	40,000	_	_	40,000
2017 Series C-3-B (SNB) – 1.70% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2021	40,000	_	_	40,000
2017 Series C-4 (SNB) – 1.11% to 2.25% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2057	57,830	_	_	57,830
2017 Series E-1 (SNB) – 1.50% to 3.55% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2043	60,465	_	_	60,465
2017 Series E-2 (SNB) – 1.20% to 3.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2036	3,535	_	_	3,535
2017 Series G-1 (SNB) – 1.15% to 3.85% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2057	197,140	_	(1,610)	195,530
2017 Series G-2 (SNB) – 2.00% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2057	101,330	_	_	101,330
2017 Series G-3 (SNB) – 1.09% to 2.35% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2057	85,950	_		85,950

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2018 Series A-1 (SNB) – 1.55% to 3.90% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	50,730	_	(375)	50,355
2018 Series A-2 (SNB) – 1.70% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2047	15,920	_	(15,920)	_
2018 Series B-1 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 2.32% to 3.65% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2028	65,475	_	(65)	65,410
2018 Series B-2 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 2.70% to 3.19% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2046	100,000	_	_	100,000
2018 Series C-1-A (SNB) – 2.10% to 4.13% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2058	237,965	_	_	237,965
2018 Series C-1-B (SNB) – 3.70% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2053	168,925	_	_	168,925
2018 Series C-2-A (SNB) – 2.20% to 2.35% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2022	135,040	_	_	135,040
2018 Series C-2-B (SNB) – 2.35% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2022	8,615	_	_	8,615
2018 Series D (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 3.26% to 4.10% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2038	75,000	_	_	75,000
2018 Series E-1 (Draper Hall) – 1.25% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	18,230		(670)	17,560
2018 Series F (SNB) – 3.20% to 3.80% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2047	25,425		_	25,425
2018 Series G – 1.50% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2019	65,325	_	(65,325)	_
2018 Series E-2 (Stanley Commons) – 1.25% to 4.00% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048	9,495	_	(345)	9,150
2018 Series H (SNB) – 4.00% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	84,765	_	_	84,765
2018 Series I (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 3.22% to 4.48% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2038	125,000	_	_	125,000
2018 Series J – 1.80% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2048	42,795	_	(42,795)	_

	Balance at			Balance at
Description of Bonds as Issued	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2018 Series N (Federally Taxable) (Avalon Morningside Apartments) –3.95% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2046	_	12,500		12,500
2018 Series E-3 (3475 Third Avenue - La Casa del Mundo) – 1.65% to 4.35% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2048		5,760	(50)	5,710
2018 Series E-4 (MHANY) – 1.30% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2049	_	5,000	_	5,000
2018 Series K (SNB) – 1.75% to 4.20% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2058	_	271,585	_	271,585
2018 Series L-1 (SNB) – 2.75% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2050	_	125,000	_	125,000
2018 Series L-2 (SNB) – 2.75% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2050	_	59,000	_	59,000
2019 Series A-1 (SNB) – 4.15% to 4.25% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2043	_	85,000	_	85,000
2019 Series A-2 (SNB) – 3.90% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2033	_	25,000	_	25,000
2019 Series A-3-A (SNB) – 1.50% to 3.95% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2049	_	114,670	_	114,670
2019 Series A-3-B (SNB) – 3.90% to 4.05% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2054	_	35,100	_	35,100
2019 Series A-4 (SNB) – 1.07% to 2.38% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2058		30,000		30,000
2019 Series B-1-A (SNB) – 1.40% to 3.85% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2058	_	112,635		112,635
2019 Series B-1-B (SNB) – 3.40% to 3.75% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2054	_	36,435	_	36,435
2019 Series B-2 (SNB) – 2.10% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2058	_	27,810	_	27,810
2019 Series C – 1.63% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2049	_	105,435	(105,435)	_

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
2019 Series D-1 (Prospect Plaza III) – 1.30% to 3.80% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2049	_	7,390	_	7,390
2019 Series E-1 (SNB) – 1.45% to 3.45% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2059	_	359,640	_	359,640
2019 Series E-2 (SNB) – 1.75% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2059	_	130,955	_	130,955
2019 Series E-3 (SNB) – 1.07% to 1.94% Variable Rate Term Bonds due 2059	_	45,000	_	45,000
2019 Series F (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 2.02% to 3.77% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2044	_	175,000	_	175,000
2019 Series G-1-A (SNB) – 1.10% to 2.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2031	_	79,380	_	79,380
2019 Series G-1-B (SNB) – 2.55% to 3.05% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2050	_	126,505		126,505
2019 Series G-2 (AMT) (SNB) – 1.75% to 2.10% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2027	_	8,460		8,460
2019 Series H – 1.30% Term Rate Term Bonds due 2049	_	113,175		113,175
2019 Series I – 1.69% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2052	_	42,910	_	42,910
Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds				
2011 Series A (Federally Taxable) Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds – 1.26% to 4.78% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2026	30,730	_	(3,580)	27,150
2013 Series A (Federally Taxable) Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds – 0.48% to 5.34% Fixed Rate Serial and Term Bonds due 2035	33,730	_	(1,845)	31,885
2017 Series A-1 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds – 1.37% to 3.48% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2029	24,600	_	(2,180)	22,420
2017 Series A-2 (Federally Taxable) (SNB) Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds – 2.66% to 3.15% Index Floating Rate Term Bonds due 2041	39,825	_		39,825

Description of Bonds as Issued	Balance at Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Balance at Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
Federal New Issue Bond Program (NIBP)				
2009 Series 1-2 HRB (NIBP) – 3.16% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2043	62,230		(62,230)	_
2009 Series 1-5-A HRB (NIBP) – 2.47% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	158,800	_	(46,230)	112,570
2009 Series 1-5-B HRB (NIBP) (AMT) – 2.47% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2041	30,290	_	(10,180)	20,110
2009 Series 2-5 HRB (NIBP) – 2.47% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	32,500		(16,750)	15,750
Total Housing Revenue Bond Program	7,575,105	2,139,345	(1,284,710)	8,429,740
LIBERTY BOND PROGRAM:				
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds				
2005 Series A 90 Washington Street – 1.10% to 2.38% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2035	74,800		_	74,800
2006 Series A 90 West Street – 1.13% to 2.18% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	104,000			104,000
2006 Series B (Federally Taxable) 90 West Street – 1.88% to 2.45% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	7,200	_	(500)	6,700
2006 Series A - 2 Gold Street - 1.13% to 2.18% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	162,000	_	_	162,000
2006 Series B (Federally Taxable) - 2 Gold Street – 1.88% to 2.47% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2036	34,200	_	(3,500)	30,700
2006 Series A 201 Pearl Street – 1.13% to 2.18% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2041	65,000	_	_	65,000
2006 Series B (Federally Taxable) 201 Pearl Street – 1.88% to 2.47% Variable Rate Bonds due upon demand through 2041	21,800	_	(700)	21,100
2014 Series Classes D, E and F (8 Spruce Street) – 3.00% to 4.50% Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2048	203,900	_	_	203,900
Total Liberty Bond Program	672,900	_	(4,700)	668,200

	Balance at			Balance at
Description of Bonds as Issued	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
CAPTIAL FUND PROGRAM REVENUE BONDS				
(New York City Housing Authority ('NYCHA'))				
2012 Spring A Conital Frond Program 2 000/ to 5 000/				
2013 Series A Capital Fund Program – 2.00% to 5.00% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2025	122 400		(15,005)	107 205
Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2023	122,400	_	(15,095)	107,305
2013 Series B-1 Capital Fund Program – 2.00% to				
5.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2033	276,070		(18,345)	257,725
5.25 / 0 1 INCC TALL BOILD ALC 2055	270,070		(10,5 15)	231,123
2013 Series B-2 Capital Fund Program – 5.00% to				
5.25% Fixed Rate Serial Bonds due 2032	122,170	_	_	122,170
	,			Í
Total Capital Fund Program Revenue Bonds	520,640	_	(33,440)	487,200
Pass-Through Revenue Bond Program				
2014 Series A (Federally Taxable) – 3.05% Fixed Rate				
Term Bonds due 2036	4,348		(129)	4,219
Term Bonds due 2030	7,570		(12))	4,217
2017 Series A (Federally Taxable) (SNB) – 3.10%				
Fixed Rate Term Bonds due 2046	59,147		(867)	58,280
	,		(***)	
Total Pass-Through Revenue Bond Program	63,495	_	(996)	62,499
			, ,	
Total Bonds Payable Prior to Net Premium				
Unamortized (Discount) on Bonds Payables	11,249,310	2,216,745	(1,356,226)	12,109,829
Net Premium (Discount) on Bonds Payables	25,563	_	(3,959)	21,604
Total Bonds Payable (Net)	\$11,274,873	\$2,216,745	(\$1,360,185)	\$12,131,433

Interest on the Corporation's variable rate debt is based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") rate and is reset daily and/or weekly.

Bonds Issued in Fiscal Year 2019

On December 19, 2018, the variable rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2006 Series J-1 (Avalon Morningside Apartments) which were remarketed previously on September 15, 2010 and July 13, 2012 and had bonds outstanding in the amount of \$100,000,000, were again remarketed. In connection with the remarketing, the term rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series N (Federally Taxable) (Avalon Morningside Apartments) were issued in the amount of \$12,500,000. The funds were used to reimburse the project's equity investors and to pay for certain other related costs.

On December 26, 2018, the fixed rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series E-3, were issued in the amount of \$5,760,000 to refund the Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Debt Obligations (La Casa Del Mundo Portfolio) as the project converted to permanent status in December 2018.

On December 26, 2018, the fixed rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series E-4, were issued in the amount of \$5,000,000 to refund the Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Debt Obligations (MHANY Portfolio) as the project converted to permanent status in December 2018.

On December 26, 2018, three Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in an amount totaling \$455,585,000. The fixed rate 2018 Series K Bonds were issued in the amount of \$271,585,000, the term rate 2018 Series L-1 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$125,000,000, and the term rate 2018 Series L-2 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$59,000,000. The 2018 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to pay for certain other related costs.

On January 10, 2019, the variable rate Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds, 2005 Series A (The Nicole) which had bonds outstanding in the amount of \$54,600,000 were remarketed. In connection with the remarketing, the fixed rate Multi-Family Rental Housing Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series A (The Nicole), (Federally Taxable) were issued in the amount of \$4,400,000. The funds were used to reimburse the project's equity investors and to pay for certain other related costs.

On February 6, 2019, the fixed rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series A-2, were issued in the amount of \$25,000,000 to refund certain outstanding bonds of the Corporation. In addition, the fixed rate 2019 Series A-1 Bonds in the amount of \$85,000,000, which were sold on October 11, 2018 as forward delivery were delivered on February 6, 2019.

On March 13, 2019, two Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in the amount totaling \$149,770,000. The fixed rate 2019 Series A-3-A Bonds were issued in the amount of \$114,670,000, and the fixed rate 2019 Series A-3-B Bonds were issued in the amount of \$35,100,000. The 2019 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to refund certain outstanding bonds of the Corporation.

On April 18, 2019, five Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in the amount totaling \$312,315,000. The variable rate 2019 Series A-4 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$30,000,000, the fixed rate 2019 Series B-1-A Bonds were issued in the amount of \$112,635,000, the fixed rate 2019 Series B-1-B Bonds were issued in the amount of \$36,435,000, the fixed rate 2019 Series B-2 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$27,810,000, and the term rate 2019 Series C Bonds were issued in the amount of \$105,435,000. The 2019 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to refund certain outstanding bonds of the Corporation.

On April 18, 2019, the fixed rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series D-1, were issued in the amount of \$7,390,000 to refund the Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Debt Obligations (Prospect Plaza III) as the project converted to permanent status in February 2019.

On June 18, 2019, the term rate Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series A, were issued in the amount of \$73,000,000 to refund the Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Debt Obligations (535 Carlton Avenue) as the project converted to permanent status in June 2019.

On June 25, 2019, the variable rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series E-3, were issued in the amount of \$45,000,000 to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to finance other corporate purposes of the Corporation.

On June 27, 2019, three Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in the amount totaling \$665,595,000. The fixed rate 2019 Series E-1 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$359,640,000, the fixed rate 2019 Series E-2 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$130,955,000, and the fixed rate 2019 Series F (Federally Taxable) Bonds were issued in the amount of \$175,000,000. The 2019 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments, to refund certain outstanding bonds and to finance other corporate purposes of the Corporation.

On September 26, 2019, four Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds series were issued in the amount totaling \$327,520,000. The fixed rate 2019 Series G-1-A Bonds were issued in the amount of \$79,380,000, the fixed rate 2019 Series G-1-B Bonds were issued in the amount of \$126,505,000, the fixed rate 2019 Series G-2 Bonds were issued in the amount of \$8,460,000 and the term rate 2019 Series H Bonds were issued in the amount of \$113,175,000. The 2019 Bonds were issued and combined with other available monies to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to refund certain outstanding bonds of the Corporation.

On October 29, 2019, the index floating rate Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series I, were issued in the amount of \$42,910,000 to finance construction and permanent mortgage loans for certain developments and to finance other corporate purposes of the Corporation.

All the bonds listed above are subject to regular redemption and certain issues are also subject to special redemption provisions as well. The parameters under which the redemptions may occur are set forth in the respective bond resolutions.

In fiscal year 2010, as part of the Housing Finance Agency ("HFA") initiative using authority provided to the U.S. Treasury pursuant to the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008 ("HERA") to help expand resources to provide affordable mortgages for low and middle income households, and to support the development and rehabilitation of affordable housing units, the Corporation was allocated \$500,000,000 by the U.S. Treasury to issue bonds under the New Issue Bond Program ("NIBP"). HDC has issued two programs under the NIBP. The variable rate 2009 Housing Revenue Bonds Series 1 (Federally Taxable) Bonds were issued in the amount of \$415,000,000 and the 2009 Housing Revenue Bonds Series 2 (Federally Taxable) Bonds were issued in the amount of \$85,000,000 on December 23, 2009. During the period between June 2010 and December 2011, all the principal amount of the 2009 Series 1 (NIBP) Bonds and the 2009 Series 2 (NIBP) Bonds were converted to fixed rate tax exempt bonds. These bonds were designated as the "Converted Bonds". As of October 31, 2019, portions of the NIBP Converted Bonds in the amount of \$351,570,000 were redeemed and \$148,430,000 remain outstanding.

Debt Obligations Program

In fiscal year 2019, the Corporation closed two new funding loan agreements with Citibank to finance mortgage loans under its Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Debt Obligations Program. Under the agreements, Citibank will provide the funds to the Corporation, which the Corporation will then use to advance to the project. This is also referred to as "Back to Back". This debt obligation is subject to private activity bond volume cap.

At October 31, 2019, the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Debt Obligations program was \$296,663,000.

Changes in Debt Obligations Payable:

(in thousands)

Debt Obligation Payable outstanding at October 31, 2018	\$415,137
Debt Obligation Issued	40,021
Debt Obligation Principal Retired	(158,495)
Debt Obligation Payable outstanding at October 31, 2019	\$296,663

Details of changes in HDC debt obligations for the year ended October 31, 2019 were as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
Description of Debt Obligations as Issued	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
(variable rates cover fiscal year 2019)				
MFMR Debt Obligations (Harlem Dowling Residential) – 2.49% to 5.21% Fixed Rate due 2047	\$5,084	\$	(\$94)	\$4,990
MFMR Debt Obligations (535 Carlton Avenue) – 2.85% to 4.30% Variable Rate due 2058	67,739	5,261	(73,000)	_
MFMR Debt Obligations (38 Sixth Avenue) – 3.12% to 4.30% Variable Rate due 2059	83,240	_	_	83,240
MFMR Debt Obligations (La Casa del Mundo) – 4.62% Fixed Rate due 2048	18,898	312	(19,210)	_
MFMR Debt Obligations (MHANY Portfolio) - 5.21% Fixed Rate due 2049	31,954	596	(32,550)	
MFMR Debt Obligations (MHANY Portfolio) (Federally Taxable) – 5.21% Fixed Rate due 2049	450	_	(450)	_

	Balance at			Balance at
Description of Debt Obligations as Issued	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
(variable rates cover fiscal year 2019)				
MFMR Debt Obligations (Prospect Plaza				
Phase III) – 4.48% Fixed Rate due 2049	31,557	1,634	(33,191)	
MFMR Debt Obligations (One Flushing) -				
4.14% Fixed Rate due 2055	42,785	11,732	_	54,517
MFMR Debt Obligations (1133 Manhattan) –				
3.86% Fixed Rate due 2027	45,600	_	_	45,600
MFMR Debt Obligations (1133 Manhattan)				
(Federally Taxable) – 3.86% Fixed Rate due				
2027	15,600	_	_	15,600
MFMR Debt Obligations (Far Rockaway) –				
3.65% Fixed Rate due 2058	72,230	_	_	72,230
MFMR Debt Obligations (MEC 125 Parcel B				
West) – 4.78% to 5.26% Variable Rate due				
2052	_	20,486	_	20,486
Total Debt Obligations Payable	\$415,137	\$40,021	(\$158,495)	\$296,663

On December 26, 2018, the Corporation entered into a Funding Loan Agreement with Citibank (the "Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Debt Obligations – Caton Flats"). The proceeds in the amount of \$55,920,000 were committed to finance the construction and to pay certain other related costs of a multi-family rental housing development located in the borough of Brooklyn, New York. There has been no advance made to the project as of October 31, 2019.

On December 31, 2019, the Corporation entered into a Funding Loan Agreement with Citibank (the "Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Debt Obligations – MEC 125th Street Parcel B West"). The proceeds in the amount of \$74,000,000 were committed to finance the construction and to pay certain other related costs of a multi-family rental housing development located in the borough of Manhattan, New York. The funding is on a draw down basis. The total obligation outstanding as of October 31, 2019 was \$20,486,000.

Federal Financing Bank Loan Participation Certificates Payable

In fiscal year 2014, the Corporation entered into a new financing agreement with the FFB for selling beneficial ownership interests in mortgage loans originated by housing finance agencies and insured with FHA/HFA Risk Sharing mortgage insurance. The Corporation was selected to be the first housing finance agency to participate in this new federal initiative to reduce costs of capital for affordable housing, whereby, the Corporation will sell beneficial ownership interest in its mortgages to the FFB. Beneficial ownership interest in mortgage loans that the Corporation sells to the FFB will be evidenced by certificates of participation from the Corporation. The participation proceeds were recorded as payable to the FFB. The monthly mortgage payments from the borrower will be used to repay the interest to the FFB and principal payments will reflect the scheduled mortgage principal payments.

The aggregate FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payable balance as of October 31, 2019 was \$281,943,000 (see Note 4: "Mortgage Loans").

Changes in FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payable:

The summary of changes in FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payable was as follows: (in thousands)

FFB Loan Participation Certificates payable outstanding at October 31, 2018	\$284,769
FFB Loan Participation Proceeds	_
Repayments to FFB	(2,826)
FFB Loan Participation Certificates payable outstanding at October 31, 2019	\$281,943

Details of changes in FFB loan participation certificates payable for the year ended October 31, 2019 were as follows:

Description of EED Loop Portionation on Louis	Balance at	Tagua d	D atina d	Balance at
Description of FFB Loan Participation as Issued (in thousands)	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(variable rates cover fiscal year 2019)				
FFB Loan Participation - Arverne View Apt – 3.32% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2049	\$69,349	\$—	(\$788)	\$68,561
FFB Loan Participation - 2629 Sedgwick Avenue – 3.28% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2051	2,814		(41)	2,773
FFB Loan Participation - Marseilles Apartments – 2.85% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2051	17,688	_	(273)	17,415
FFB Loan Participation - Sons of Italy Apartments – 2.76% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2051	8,050		(120)	7,930

	Balance at			Balance at
Description of FFB Loan Participation as Issued	Oct. 31, 2018	Issued	Retired	Oct. 31, 2019
(in thousands)				
(variable rates cover fiscal year 2019)				
FFB Loan Participation - Stevenson Commons – 2.96%				
Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2057	102,107	_	(836)	101,271
FFB Loan Participation - Independence House – 3.04%				
Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2057	7,204		(71)	7,133
FFB Loan Participation - Carol Gardens – 3.02% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2058	21,731	_	(174)	21,557
EED Loop Doubicipation, Lo Cohona Hausan, 2 250/				
FFB Loan Participation - La Cabana Houses – 3.35% Fixed Rate Certificate Pass-Through due 2053	55,826	_	(523)	55,303
	0004.500		(00.006)	#201.042
Total FFB Loan Participation Certificates Payables	\$284,769	\$—	(\$2,826)	\$281,943

The Corporation regularly defeases or retires bonds through in-substance defeasances whereby assets are placed in an irrevocable trust that is used exclusively to service the future debt requirement. During fiscal year 2018, the Corporation retired the 2008 Series L Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds through an in-substance defeasance. The remaining outstanding bonds of the 2008 Series L Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$3,025,000 were called and fully redeemed by the escrow agent on November 1, 2018. There was no defeased bonds outstanding as of October 31, 2019.

Future Debt Service:

Required debt payments for bonds payable by the Corporation for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Year Ending October 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
(in thousands)			
2020	Ф 2.42 .0.40	Ф251 002	Φ.(0.4.02.1
2020	\$342,849	\$351,982	\$694,831
2021	595,909	348,032	943,941
2022	342,039	336,098	678,137
2023	234,877	325,797	560,674
2024	236,143	318,378	554,521
2025 - 2029	1,290,200	1,472,705	2,762,905
2030 - 2034	1,644,119	1,230,412	2,874,531
2035 - 2039	2,345,048	950,965	3,296,013
2040 - 2044	1,600,965	678,620	2,279,585
2045 - 2049	1,987,875	368,930	2,356,805
2050 - 2054	895,495	119,096	1,014,591
2055 - 2059	594,310	39,978	634,288
Total	\$12,109,829	\$6,540,993	\$18,650,822

Changes in Long Term Liabilities:

Long term liability activities for the year ended October 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at	Due Within
Descriptions	Oct. 31, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Oct. 31, 2019	1 Year
(in thousands)					·
Bonds Payable, (net)	\$11,274,873	\$2,216,745	(\$1,360,185)	\$12,131,433	\$342,849
Debt Obligations	415,137	40,021	(158,495)	296,663	93
Payable to FFB – Loan Participation	284,769	_	(2,826)	281,943	2,980
Payable to The City of New York	3,376,951	1,310,224	(254,888)	4,432,287	
Payable to Mortgagors & Restricted					
Earnings on Investments	870,039	543,551	(534,903)	878,687	217,915
Others	274,169	651,098	(504,031)	421,236	185,561
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$16,495,938	\$4,761,639	(\$2,815,328)	\$18,442,249	\$749,398

Note 11: Consultants' Fees

The fees paid by the Corporation for legal, accounting and consulting services in fiscal year 2019 for HDC include: \$15,142 to Hawkins, Delafield & Wood; \$7,381 to Epstein, Becker & Green, P.C.; and \$6,435 to Seyfarth Shaw LLP. Auditing fees of \$242,000 were paid to Ernst & Young LLP.

The Corporation paid other consulting fees in the amount of \$75,000 to National Strategies Group, LLC; \$58,250 to R Square, Inc.; \$35,375 to Cristo Rey NY High School; \$16,605 to Bharat Shah, \$16,250 to Metropolitan Valuation Services Inc; \$8,000 to Buck Global, LLC; \$2,400 to Insurance Advisors; and \$1,215 to Lincoln Tyler Management Services, LLC. The Corporation also paid \$27,000 to Bartley & Dick Advertising/Design for concept, design and layout of the 2018 HDC Annual Report.

In addition, the Corporation paid legal, accounting and consulting fees for services provided in connection with bond financings, which have been reimbursed either from bond proceeds or from project developers. Fees of \$1,433,211 to Hawkins, Delafield & Wood; \$708,841 to Jefferies LLC; \$64,700 to Chapman and Cutler LLP; \$50,000 to Mohanty Gargiulo, LLC; \$40,000 to Caine Mitter & Associates, Inc.; and \$9,500 to Paparone Law, PLLC.

Note 12: Payable to The City of New York

(A) New York City Housing Development Corporation

The Corporation has entered into various agreements with the City whereby HDC sold bonds and used the bond proceeds to purchase from the City interests in various mortgage loans and pools of mortgage loans. Additionally, starting from fiscal year 2005 and 2006 and onward, HDC originated second mortgage loans in which it sold a residual interest to the City. Cash flow derived from these loan interests is pledged to the repayment of the related HDC bonds. At such time as these HDC bonds are retired, ownership of the associated loan interests transfers to the City. The excess of such interest over the amount of the related bonds totaled \$1,075,529,000 as of October 31, 2019 and is reported in the Corporation's statement of net position as "Loan participation receivable - The City of NY" in the Noncurrent Assets section and

"Payable to The City of New York: Loan participation agreements" in the Noncurrent Liabilities section. The related details are described in the following paragraphs.

In May 2014, the 2006 Series A bonds were fully redeemed. Simultaneously, the Corporation issued the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series B-1 and 2014 Series B-2 collectively, the ("2014 Series B Bonds") to re-securitize the remaining underlying loan portfolio previously financed by 2006 Series A (see Note 6: "Loan Participation Receivable for The City of New York"). As of October 31, 2019, the Corporation's payable to the City relating to the 2014 Series B Bonds was \$93,444,000.

In April 2018, the Corporation issued its Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series B Bonds. The proceeds were used to purchase and securitize a 100% participation interest in various pools of City mortgage loans totaling \$671,611,000. As of October 31, 2019, the Corporation's payable to the City relating to the 2018 Series B Bonds was \$496,330,000.

The Corporation has completed numerous transactions as part of its MLRP, an affordable housing preservation program. Under this program, the Corporation has funded various new first and second mortgage loans as well as the acquisition of participation interests in City-owned second mortgages and associated cash flows. As long as any Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are outstanding, all cash flows from the purchased interests must be applied to debt service on such bonds. Once all such bonds are retired, HDC's participation interests in City-owned second mortgages revert to the City. HDC also has sold to the City a residual interest in the second mortgage loans the Corporation originated. These loans also transfer to the City when the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds are retired. As of October 31, 2019, the Corporation's payable to the City under the MLRP was \$485,755,000.

In 2009, HPD and HDC entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU"), which provides for the granting of funds by HPD to HDC pursuant to Section 661 of the PHFL, to make subordinate loans for affordable housing. At October 31, 2019, the total payable to the City relating to this MOU was \$2,523,338,000.

Since fiscal Year 2013, the Corporation entered into several loan participation agreements with the City through HPD. In each case the Corporation made available to the mortgagor's new mortgage loans, the proceeds of which were used for the acquisition or rehabilitation of existing properties, with the HDC mortgage holding the first position lien on the properties. The existing HPD loans were assigned to the Corporation, via a Purchase and Sale agreement, where the Corporation purchased the existing loans from the City and the City purchased a residual interest in the HDC Loans. As of October 31, 2019, the participation mortgage loans underlying the Participation Interest had an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$630,344,000.

The Corporation also administers construction and permanent loans on behalf of HPD, using funds provided by HPD. All such funds are the property of HPD and thus are reported as due to the City in the Corporation's financial statements. At October 31, 2019, the total related payable to the City was \$101,856,000.

On December 18, 2015, at the request of The City of New York, the Corporation funded a \$143,236,000 subordinate loan to the purchasers of Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village to assist the preservation of the affordability of this project. During fiscal year 2019, the City reimbursed the Corporation by funding various subordinate loans originated by HDC totaling \$15,000,000. As of October 31, 2019, the remaining balance of the receivable from The City of New York was \$30,659,000.

(B) Housing Assistance Corporation

Funding for HAC was received through the City in 1985. All of HAC's assets, after repayment of HDC advances to HAC and if unused for HAC purposes, will revert back to the City. At October 31, 2019, total resources payable to the City amounted to \$131,879,000, of which \$121,750,000 was related to the funding of Stuyvesant Town-Peter Cooper Village. The remaining \$10,129,000 payable to the City was held to fund the RY Subsidy Program, which is expected to cover the subsidy until 2022 (see Note 4: "Mortgage Loans" for a detailed explanation).

Note 13: Retirement Programs

(A) NYCERS

The Corporation is a participating employer in NYCERS, a cost sharing multi-employer plan, of which 94 current employees of the Corporation are members. NYCERS provides defined benefit pension benefits to 191,000 active municipal employees and 154,000 pensioners through \$68.5 billion in assets. City employees who receive permanent appointment to a competitive position and have completed six months of service are required to participate in NYCERS, and all other employees such as HDC employees are eligible, but not required, to participate in NYCERS. NYCERS provides three main types of retirement benefits: service retirements, ordinary disability retirements (non-job-related disabilities) and accident disability retirements (job-related disabilities) to members who are in different "tiers." The members' tier is determined by the date of membership. Subject to certain conditions, members generally become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service. Employees may be required to contribute a percentage of their salary to the pension plan based on their tier. Annual pension benefit is calculated as a percentage of final average salary times the number of years of membership service.

Contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating New York City agencies are established and may be amended by the NYCERS Board. Employees' contributions are determined by their tier and number of years of service. They may range between 3.00% and 6.0% of their annual pay. Statutorily required contributions to NYCERS, determined by the New York City Office of the Actuary in accordance with State statutes and City laws, are funded by the employer within the appropriate fiscal year.

Copies of NYCERS' financial statements can be obtained by writing to NYCERS at 335 Adams Street, Suite 2300, Brooklyn, NY 11201-3751 or its website (www.nycers.org).

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of

NYCERS and additions to/deductions from NYCERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NYCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. Investments are recorded at fair value.

As of October 31, 2019, and 2018, the Corporation reported a liability of \$10,049,000 and \$9,325,000, respectively, for its proportionate share of NYCERS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The Corporation's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Corporation's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employees, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Corporation's proportion was 0.054%.

At October 31, 2019, the Corporation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual		
investment earnings on pension plan		
investments	\$ -	\$624,000
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	840,000	698,000
Changes in proportion and differences		
between Corporation's contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	290,000	(6,000)
Changes in assumptions	6,000	421,000
Corporation contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	2,128,000	-
Total	\$3,264,000	\$1,737,000

Of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, \$2,128,000 was a contribution that the Corporation made subsequent to the measurement date and it will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in fiscal year ending October 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020	\$ 120,000
2021	120,000
2022	120,000
2023	120,000
2024	121,000
Total	\$ 601,000

At October 31, 2018, the Corporation reported \$504,000 as deferred inflow of resources from the accumulated net difference between projected and actual earnings on NYCERS investments.

Deferred outflows of resources amounted to \$1,588,000 at October 31, 2018. A decrease of \$233,000 is related to the change in proportionate share and changes in assumptions. \$1,821,000 is related to the Corporation's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and was recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended October 31, 2018.

The Corporation recorded pension expense for fiscal years ending October 31, 2019 and 2018 in the amounts of \$1,738,000 and \$1,421,000, respectively.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment Rate of Return	7% per annum, net of investment expenses
Salary Increases	In general, merit and promotion increases plus assumed general wage increases of 3.0% per annum.
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	1.5% and 2.5% for certain tiers

 Mortality tables for service and disability pensioners were developed from an experience study of NYCERS. The mortality tables for beneficiaries were developed from an experience review. For more detail see the reports entitled "Proposed Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods for Determining Employer Contributions for Fiscal Years Beginning on or After July 1, 2011," also known as "Silver Books." Electronic versions of the Silver Books are available on the New York City Office of the Actuary website (www.nyc.gov/actuary) under Pension Information.

Pursuant to Section 96 of the New York City Charter, studies of the actuarial assumptions used to value liabilities of the five actuarially-funded New York City Retirement Systems ("NYCRS") are conducted every two years.

Expected Rate of Return on Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term	Weighted
		Expected Real	Average Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return	Return
U.S. Public Market Equities	29.00%	7.00%	2.03%
International Public Market Equities	13.00%	7.10%	.92%
Emerging Public Market Equities	7.00%	9.40%	.66%
Private Market Equities	7.00%	10.50%	.74%
U.S. Fixed Income	33.00%	2.20%	.73%
Alternatives	11.00%	5.70%	.63%

Management of the pension plan has determined its expected rate of return on investments to be 7%. This is based upon the weighted average rate of return from investments of 5.70% and a long-term Consumer Price Inflation assumption of 2.5% per year, which is offset by investment related expenses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, was 7.00% per annum. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the rates applicable to the current tier for each member and that employer contributions will be made based on rates determined by the Actuary. Based on those assumptions, the NYCERS fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and non-active NYCERS members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on NYCERS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as what the Corporation's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6%) or one percentage-point higher (8%) than the current rate.

Sensitivity Analysis			
1% decrease (6%) Discount rate (7%) 1% increase (8%)			
HDC's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$15,501,000	\$10,049,000	\$5,446,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NYCERS' report, which is available on their website (www.nycers.org).

(B) Tax Sheltered Annuity Plan

The Corporation also offers its employees the option of participating in a Tax-Sheltered Annuity Plan managed by Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as an alternate or supplemental retirement plan under Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Internal Revenue Service has approved the Corporation as an entity, which can provide this type of plan to its employees. The majority of the Corporation's employees participate in this plan.

Note 14: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan description. The Corporation sponsors a single employer postemployment defined benefit health care plan for eligible retirees and their spouses. Eligible retirees generally are classified into two groups as either NYCERS members or Non-NYCERS members. NYCERS members are those who have service ranging from 5 to 15 years at the time of their retirement. Non-NYCERS members are those who have service ranging from 10 to 15 years and retired at age 59 1/2. For NYCERS members, the Corporation provides retiree health care coverage and prescription drug coverage through the New York City Health Benefit Program ("NYCHBP"). For Non-NYCERS members, the Corporation provides retiree health care coverage and prescription drug coverage through the Empire Plan offered by the New York State Health Insurance Program ("NYSHIP").

Benefits provided. The Corporation provides comprehensive health care and prescription drug coverage for its eligible retirees and their spouses. No other benefits are provided. Benefit provisions for the plan are established and amended by actions taken by the Corporation's Members and there is no statutory requirement for HDC to continue this plan for future HDC employees. The plan is currently a non-contributory plan with all payments for plan benefits being funded by HDC on a pay-as-you-go-basis. The Corporation does not issue a publicly available financial report for the plan.

HDC's annual OPEB cost for the plan is calculated based on the Entry Age Normal level percentage cost method, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 75.

The covered-employee payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$17,487,000 and the ratio of the net OPEB liability to the covered-employee payroll was 40.91%.

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between HDC and the plan members to that point.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At October 31, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Membership Status as of November 1, 2018	Count
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit	
payments	31
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	
payments	11
Active plan employees	171
Total	213

Net OPEB Liability

HDC's net OPEB liability was measured as of October 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total OPEB liability was \$15,572,000 and the net OPEB liability was \$7,154,000. The actual benefit payments made during fiscal year 2019 amounted to \$140,000.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB
	Liability	Position	Liability
Net OPEB liability at beginning of the year	\$22,224,000	\$8,402,000	\$13,822,000
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,500,000	_	1,500,000
Interest	803,000	_	803,000
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,285,000)	_	(1,285,000)
Changes of assumptions	(7,568,000)	_	(7,568,000)
Net investment income	_	122,000	(122,000)
Benefit payments	(102,000)	(102,000)	_
Administrative expense		(4,000)	4,000
Net changes	(6,652,000)	16,000	(6,668,000)
Net OPEB liability at end of the year	\$15,572,000	\$8,418,000	\$7,154,000

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Since establishing an irrevocable OPEB trust in fiscal year 2012, the Corporation has funded a total of \$8,000,000 to date. All OPEB plan assets are held in a separate trust account for the exclusive purpose of paying OPEB obligations.

Investment policy. The Corporation's investment policy is set by the HDC Act and the guidelines are established and adopted by HDC's Board Members on an annual basis.

All investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. For fiscal years ending October 31, 2019 and 2018, the fair value of OPEB trust investments were \$8,550,000 and \$8,270,000, respectively.

		Investment Mat	urities at Octob	er 31, 2019	(in Years)
Investment Type	2019	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
(in thousands)					
FHLB Bonds	\$8,550	_	8,550	_	_
Total	\$8,550	_	8,550	_	_

The Corporation has the following recurring fair value measurements as of October 31, 2019:

• FHLB securities of \$8,550,000 are valued based on models using observable inputs. (Level 2 inputs)

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Corporation's Investment Guidelines charge the Investment Committee with "...determining appropriate investment instruments...based on...length of time funds are available for investment purposes..." among other factors. Thus, maturities are matched to the Corporation's liquidity needs. As part of the Corporation's investment policies, it looks to invest its bond and corporate related reserves in long-term securities that carry a higher yield, with the intent to hold the investments to maturity.

The Corporation's investment guidelines and policies are designed to protect principal by limiting credit risk. This is accomplished by making decisions based on a review of ratings, collateral, and diversification requirements that vary according to the type of investment.

As of October 31, 2019, investments in Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") were rated by Standard & Poor's (FHLB is referred to as "Agency"). The ratings were AA+ and A-1+ by Standard & Poor's for long-term and short-term instruments. Investment in FHLB is implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. They carry ratings equivalent to the credit ratings for the U.S. government.

The Corporation follows its annually adopted investment guidelines in accordance with concentration limits and reviews its credit concentration monthly. The Corporation's Credit Risk unit monitors concentration risk amongst issuers and reports regularly to the Members of the Corporation's Audit Committee.

The following table shows issuers that represent 5% or more of total investments at October 31, 2019:

Issuer	Dollar Amount	Percentage
FHLB	\$8,550,000	100.00%

For the year ended October 31, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 2.19%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

For the year ended October 31, 2019, HDC recognized an OPEB expense of \$1,388,000. At October 31, 2019, HDC reported OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Deferred Outflows/Inflows as of November 1, 2018	\$1,061,000	\$765,000
Changes for the year		
Difference between expected and actual experience	_	1,285,000
Change in assumptions	_	7,568,000
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	212,000	_
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows in FY 2019	(248,000)	(833,000)
Deferred Outflows/Inflows as of October 31, 2019	\$1,025,000	\$8,785,000

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future years as follows:

FY 2020	\$(585,000)
FY 2021	(585,000)
FY 2022	(629,000)
FY 2023	(670,000)
FY 2024	(712,000)
Thereafter	\$(4,579,000)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability at October 31, 2019 used the Entry Age Normal level percent cost method and the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.0% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	4.0%
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.5% grading down to a rate of 4.5%

Mortality. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the actual experience of the NYCERS population and the application of the mortality improvement scale (MP-2018). The mortality improvement scale was updated to MP-2018 based on the latest data released by the Society of Actuaries. The actuarial assumptions used in the October 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study from 2006 to 2016.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis
1155Ct Class	Target Timocation	THITIMICTIC DUSIS
U.S. Fixed Income	100.00%	2.20%

Discount Rate. The long term expected rate of return on plan assets is 4.00% per year, net of investment expenses. The weighted average discount rate is 3.91% in 2019, up from 3.39% in 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Corporation would continue to make payments for future benefits payments based on currently available assets and investment returns and will not make any additional contributions to the Trust. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees until 2032. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied until 2032 and the 20-year S&P bond index rate was applied for all years after 2032.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability and what it would be if it were calculated using a rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate and healthcare cost trend rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate	1% Decrease (2.91%)	Discount Rate (3.91%)	1% Increase (4.91%)
Net OPEB liability	\$9,728,000	\$7,154,000	\$5,049,000

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate	1% Decrease Net	Healthcare Cost Trend	1% Increase Net
	OPEB Liability	Rate	OPEB Liability
Net OPEB liability	\$3,498,000	\$7,154,000	\$13,259,000

Note 15: Due to the United States Government – Non-Current Liabilities

In order to maintain the exemption from federal income tax of interest on bonds issued subsequent to January 1, 1986, the Corporation established a separate fund, the Rebate Fund, into which amounts required to be rebated to the Federal Government pursuant to Section 148 of the Code are deposited. In general, the Code requires the payment to the U.S. Treasury of the excess of the amount earned on all non-purpose obligations over the amount that would have been earned if the gross proceeds of the issue were invested at a rate equal to the yield on the issue. Project or construction funds, debt service funds or any other funds or accounts funded with proceeds of such bonds, including earnings, or pledged to or expected to be used to pay interest on such bonds are subject to this requirement. Issues with respect to which all gross proceeds are expended for the governmental purpose of the issue within the required time period after the date of issue and debt service funds with annual gross earnings of less than \$100,000 are exempt from this requirement. Payment is to be made after the end of the fifth bond year and after every fifth bond year thereafter, and within 60 days after retirement of the bonds. As of October 31, 2019, HDC had set aside funds in the amount of \$139,000 to make future rebate payments when due.

Note 16: Commitments

- (A) New York City Housing Development Corporation
- (i) The Corporation is committed under one operating lease for office space for minimum annual rentals for the next five years as follows:

Year Ending October 31, 2019	
2020	\$2,143,000
2021	2,153,000
2022	2,156,000
2023	180,000
2024	0
Total	\$6,632,000

For fiscal year 2019, the Corporation's rental expense including escalation, taxes and operating costs amounted to \$2,292,000 and utility expense amounted to \$75,000.

- (ii) The Corporation's practice is to close loans only when all the funds committed to be advanced have been made available through bond proceeds or a reservation of corporate funds. Funds are invested prior to being advanced, as described in Note 3: "Investments and Deposits" and are reported as restricted assets.
- (iii) The portion of closed construction loans that had not yet been advanced as of October 31, 2019 is as follows: *(in thousands)*

<u>Programs:</u>	
Multi-Family Bond Programs	
Housing Revenue	\$1,909,555
Corporate Services Fund Loans	198,144
HPD Grant Funds	1,360,122
Department of Justice ("DOJ") Settlement Funds	5,209
Unadvanced Construction Loans (closed loans)	\$3,473,030

As of October 31, 2019, the Corporation has executed nine participation loans which HDC has committed to repurchase at permanent conversion. The timing and amount will be determined at the time of conversion.

- (iv) The Corporation has made a programmatic funding commitment in support of the City's housing initiatives. HDC has reserved funds to fulfill these commitments, but the timing and amount of remaining loan closings cannot be determined. The programmatic commitment is as follows:
 - On June 6, 2016, the Corporation entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with HPD, which was subsequently amended on December 15, 2016, that outlines the Corporation's obligations to use corporate reserves to fund construction loans for projects eligible under the Green Housing Preservation Program ("GHPP"). Under the GHPP, HPD extends construction and

permanent loans to projects specifically to finance energy efficiency and water conservation improvements, as well as moderate rehabilitation to improve building conditions, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and preserve affordability. HDC has set aside \$13,361,000 of its reserves for this purpose. The total amount advanced as of October 31, 2019 was \$3,593,000.

(B) New York City Residential Mortgage Insurance Corporation

As of October 31, 2019, REMIC insured loans with coverage amounts totaling \$287,213,000 and had outstanding commitments to insure loans with a maximum insurance coverage amount of \$142,375,000.

Note 17: Financial Guaranties

(A) NYCHA Tax Credit Guaranty

On April 2, 2012, the Corporation entered into a Guaranty Agreement with Citibank to guaranty the yield on Citibank's investment in the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit ("LIHTC") created pursuant to the NYCHA Tax Credit Transaction. In return, the Corporation received \$16.0 million as a guaranty fee from Citibank, less fees and expenses of \$929,000 incurred under this agreement.

On July 15, 2013, Citibank transferred 100% of its rights under the Guaranty Agreement to Wells Fargo Holdings ("Wells Fargo"). As of that date, the Guaranty Agreement between Citibank and HDC was terminated and a new agreement was signed between HDC and Wells Fargo. As a condition of Citibank selling its rights under the Guaranty Agreement, the Corporation received an additional \$8.0 million of guaranty fee from Wells Fargo, less fees and expenses of \$320,000 incurred under this agreement.

Under the Guaranty Agreement between HDC and Wells Fargo, the Corporation agreed to guaranty a minimum rate of return on Wells Fargo's tax credit investment in the NYCHA I Housing Development Fund Corporation through a 15-year compliance period. The minimum rate of return is equal to an annual effective rate of 4.50% on an after-tax basis return on its tax credit investment over the 15-year compliance period. During the compliance period, from time to time NYCHA LLC-I will determine if the total benefits allocated or paid to Wells Fargo through such date, together with the tax benefits projected to be received by Wells Fargo thereafter through the coverage period termination date, are sufficient to keep Wells Fargo on track to achieve the minimum return. If it is determined that Wells Fargo is not on track to achieve the minimum return through the coverage period termination date, the Corporation shall have the option, but not the obligation, subject to a cap amount of \$96,000,000, to make a payment to Wells Fargo under the Guaranty Agreement in an amount equal to the optional minimum return deficiency amount.

The NYCHA Tax Credit transaction required the establishment and funding of several project reserves and guaranties in order to ensure timely completion of rehabilitation, which has in fact proceeded on time and within budget. As of October 31, 2019, the unamortized guarantee fee was \$12,556,000 and the Corporation has designated this amount for the financial guaranty reserve (see Note 18: "Contingencies"). The likelihood that HDC has to pay out under this guaranty decreases with the passage of time. HDC will recognize the guaranty fee on a straight-line basis over the covered period, which is 15 years.

(B) Co-op City Guaranty

On November 28, 2012, the Corporation entered into a Credit Support Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank National Association ("Wells Fargo Bank"), HUD and SONYMA. Wells Fargo Bank agreed to make a mortgage in the amount of \$621,500,000 to a Mitchell-Lama cooperative housing development named Co-op City in the Bronx, New York. As a precondition of endorsing the loan for insurance, HUD acting through FHA required SONYMA and HDC each to provide a portion of top-loss guaranty on the loan. Pursuant to the agreement between HDC and HUD, HDC agreed to provide \$15,000,000 as a guaranteed amount to Wells Fargo Bank in the event of a default by the cooperative. The Corporation agreed to fund the full amount of the top-loss guaranty in a segregated designated account for the duration of the HDC top-loss guaranty. As of October 31, 2019, the Corporation has designated \$15,000,000 as a financial guaranty reserve (see Note 18: "Contingencies").

(C) Community Preservation Corporation Guaranty

On November 18, 2013, the Corporation's Members authorized the purchase of a subordinate participation in the two or more of Citibank Revolving Credit Facilities (each a "Revolving Credit Facility" and collectively "the Revolver") to Special Purpose Entities (each an "SPE") to be created by the Community Preservation Corporation ("CPC") in an amount not to exceed \$20 million. HDC's exposure will be limited to 10% of each mortgage loan, and \$20 million overall. The purpose of this agreement is to provide financing for the CPC SPEs to facilitate the origination, or acquisition of, or participation in mortgage loans for the construction, rehabilitation, and refinancing of multi-family rental properties located in the City's low- and moderate-income communities. In addition, this subordinate participation replaced the Limited Guaranty to CPC Funding SPE 1, LLC and the Corporation will not participate in a separate Citibank arranged working capital facility for CPC, which was approved by the Corporation's Members on April 9, 2012.

On May 17, 2016, HDC's loan participation agreement was amended and the Corporation's commitment increased, from \$20 million to \$25 million, with a new maturity date of May 17, 2022. The total amount advanced was \$33,052,000 and has been fully repaid to date. Since the funding is on a revolving basis, the Corporation has designated \$2,500,000 as a loan participation reserve (see Note 18: "Contingencies").

(D) Federal Housing Administration Risk Sharing Program

In November 2011, the Corporation entered into an amended risk sharing agreement with HUD. HDC participates in the Risk Sharing Program to obtain 100% insurance on certain loans made by HDC for affordable multifamily housing. The risk sharing allocation between HDC and HUD will be on a project-by-project basis and take effect when the loan converts to permanent financing.

In fiscal year 2014, the Corporation entered into a second risk-sharing agreement with HUD, which largely mirrors the terms of the existing amended Risk-Sharing Agreement. HDC has established a guaranty reserve for risk sharing obligations to FHA if there is a loss on a mortgage loan.

As of October 31, 2019, HDC has designated a total of \$8,135,000 as a financial guaranty reserve under the FHA risk-sharing mortgage insurance program for sixteen participating projects and future participating projects (see Note 18: "Contingencies").

Note 18: Contingencies

In the normal conduct of business, the Corporation is involved in litigation matters. In the opinion of management and the Corporation's legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of such litigations should not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Corporation.

As discussed in Note 17 above, the Corporation entered into several guaranty agreements with various entities in order to finance certain projects. To meet its obligations in the event that payments are required, the Corporation set aside various reserves to cover these guaranties. These reserves are held as Designated under Unrestricted Net Position (see Note 19: "Net Position").

The reserves are summarized in the chart below:

	At October 31, 2019
Financial Guaranties	Reserve Amounts
NYCHA Tax Credit Guaranty	\$12,556,000
Co-op City Guaranty	15,000,000
Community Preservation Corporation Guaranty	2,500,000
FHA Risk Sharing	8,135,000
Total	\$38,191,000

Note 19: Net Position

The Corporation's Net Position represents the excess of assets and deferred outflows of resources over liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and consists largely of mortgage loans and investments. HDC's net position is categorized as follows:

- Restricted Net Position is net position that has been restricted in use in accordance with the terms of
 an award, agreement or by State law. This includes net position restricted by bond resolutions,
 contractual obligations with HPD and HUD, and REMIC reserves that are required by statute, among
 other items (see chart below).
- <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is the remaining net position, which can be further categorized as Designated
 or Undesignated. Designated Net Position is not governed by statute or contract but is committed for
 specific purposes pursuant to HDC policy and/or Member directives. Designated Net Position includes
 funds and assets committed to various housing initiatives, reserves to maintain HDC's credit ratings,
 and working capital.

Changes in Net Position

The changes in Net Position are as follows: *(in thousands)*

	Restricted	Unrestricted	Total
Net position at October 31, 2017	\$1,608,799	\$975,367	\$2,584,166
Income	157,608	26,577	184,185
Loan participation agreement securitization	_	63,117	63,117
2018 B-1& B-2	017.046	-	,
Transfers	217,046	(217,046)	
Net position at October 31, 2018	1,983,453	848,015	2,831,468
Income	219,423	81,027	300,450
Transfers	119,512	(119,512)	_
Net position at October 31, 2019	\$2,322,388	\$809,530	\$3,131,918
Summary of Restricted Net Position			
(in thousands)		2019	2018
Multi-Family Bond Programs		\$1,926,087	\$1,626,419
421-A Housing Trust Fund		298,284	265,112
Corporate Debt Service Reserve 2014 Series B and			
2018 Series B		12,062	12,507
Claim Payment Fund for 223(f) Program		37	37
REMIC Insurance Reserve		85,918	79,378
Total Restricted Net Position		\$2,322,388	\$1,983,453

Of the total Unrestricted Net Position listed below, \$274,801,000 is for existing mortgages and other loans. An additional \$277,045,000 has been designated by senior management of the Corporation for future mortgage advances pursuant to housing programs established by the Corporation. The Corporation also has \$1,874,000 in capital assets.

Summary of Unrestricted Net Position		
(in thousands)	2019	2018
Designated Position:		
Existing Mortgages	\$274,801	\$341,117
Housing Programs and Commitments	277,045	294,781
Working Capital	24,113	23,579
Rating Agency Reserve	135,000	96,000
Financial Guaranty Reserves (Notes 17 and 18)	38,191	42,041
REMIC Insurance Reserves	58,506	48,332
Total Designated Net Position	807,656	845,850
_	·	<u> </u>

Net Investment in Capital Assets:

Capital Assets, net	1,874	2,165
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$1,874	\$2,165

In fiscal year 2019, net position transferred from unrestricted to restricted was a net amount of \$119,512,000. The amount represents excess in the Open Resolution, transfer of mortgage loans originated with corporate reserves into the Open Resolution as a result of securitizations, as well as transfer of amounts exceeding REMIC reserve requirement. In fiscal year 2018, a net amount of \$217,046,000 was transferred from restricted to unrestricted as noted above.

Note 20: Subsequent Events

Subsequent to October 31, 2019, bonds issued in the course of the Corporation's normal business activities were \$336,630,000. In addition, the Corporation sold \$65,630,000 of loan participation interest to FFB as well.

October 31, 2019

Schedule 1a:

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (\$ in thousands)

	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2017</u>
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 1,500 \$	1,389 \$	1,346
Interest	803	759	683
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,285)	(154)	-
Changes of assumptions	(7,568)	(716)	1,007
Benefit payments	 (102)	(107)	(95)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (6,652)	1,171	2,941
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 22,224	21,053	18,112
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 15,572 \$	22,224 \$	21,053
Plan fiduciary net position Contribution - employer	_	_	_
Net investment income	122	131	113
Benefit payment	(102)	(107)	(95)
Administrative expense	(4)	(4)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	16	20	18
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	8,402	8,382	8,364
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 8,418 \$	8,402 \$	8,382
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 7,154 \$	13,822 \$	12,671
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	54.06%	37.81%	39.81%
Covered payroll	\$17,487	\$16,535	\$15,517
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	40.91%	83.59%	81.66%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

In fiscal year 2018, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount assumed that HDC will continue to make payments for future benefits payments based on currently available assets and investment returns and will not make any additional contributions to the Trust. In fiscal year 2019, the termination, disability, and retirement rates were updated to be consistent with those in the 2019 NYCERS Assumptions and Methods Report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

October 31, 2019

Schedule 1b:

Schedule of the Corporation's OPEB Contributions (\$ in thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,607	\$ 1,617	\$ 2,132	\$ 1,723
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined					
contribution (funded from trust assets)	 1,555	1,607	1,617	2,132	1,723
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
HDC covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 17,487 9%	\$ 16,535 10%	\$ 15,517 10%	\$ 16,165 13%	\$ 14,967 12%
	 2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2014 1,657	\$ 2013 1,747	\$ 2012 2,033	\$ 2011 2,033	\$ 2010 1,643
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ _	\$	\$	\$	\$
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 1,657	\$ 1,747	\$ 2,033	\$ 2,033	\$ 1,643

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in benefit terms: None

Changes in assumptions: Yes

In 2018 the healthcare cost trend rates changed to "6.5% grading down to a rate of 4.5%" from previous year of "8% grading down to a rate of 5%".

In the 2019 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were adjusted based on the actual experience of the NYCERS population and the application of the MP-2018 mortality improvement scale. In prior years, those assumptions were based on the application of the MP-2017 mortality improvement scale.

Valuation date:

Retirement age

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of October 31, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll closed

Amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 5-year amortization market

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 4%, net of OPEB plan investment expense

> In the 2019 actuarial valuation, expected retirement ages of general employees were updated to be consistent with those in the

2019 NYCERS Assumptions and Methods Report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

October 31, 2019

Schedule 2:

The following schedules 2a & 2b are being presented to provide information on the Corporation's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability and the Corporation's contributions.

(2a) Schedule of the Corporation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
HDC's proportion of the net pension liability	0.054%	0.051%	0.053%	0.053%	0.053%	0.054%	0.054%
HDC's proportionate share of the net pension							
liability	\$ 10,048,926	\$ 9,325,396	\$ 10,991,263	\$ 12,877,315	\$ 10,907,802	\$ 9,730,403	\$ 12,459,533
HDC's covered payroll	9,696,963	9,283,052	10,244,624	10,045,598	10,158,437	9,938,413	10,919,865
HDC's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	104%	100%	107%	128%	107%	98%	114%
nationally as a perconnage of its covered payton	101/0	10070	10770	12070	10770	3070	111/0
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.84%	78.87%	74.84%	69.67%	73.16%	75.32%	67.22%

(2b) Schedule of the Corporation's Pension Contributions (\$ in thousands)

2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
\$ 2,003	\$	1,724	\$	1,779	\$	1,784	\$	1,675	\$	1,682	\$	1,645
2,003		1,724		1,779		1,784		1,675		1,682		1,645
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$ 9,697	\$	9,283	\$	10,245	\$	10,046	\$	10,158	\$	9,938	\$	10,920
\$ \$ \$	\$ 2,003 2,003 \$ -	\$ 2,003 \$ 2,003 \$ - \$	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 2,003 1,724 \$ - \$ -	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 2,003 1,724 \$ - \$ - \$	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 1,779 2,003 1,724 1,779 \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 1,779 \$ 2,003 1,724 1,779 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 1,779 \$ 1,784 2,003 1,724 1,779 1,784 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 1,779 \$ 1,784 \$ 2,003 1,724 1,779 1,784 \$ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 1,779 \$ 1,784 \$ 1,675 2,003 1,724 1,779 1,784 1,675 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 1,779 \$ 1,784 \$ 1,675 \$ 2,003 1,724 1,779 1,784 1,675 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 1,779 \$ 1,784 \$ 1,675 \$ 1,682 2,003 1,724 1,779 1,784 1,675 1,682 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	\$ 2,003 \$ 1,724 \$ 1,779 \$ 1,784 \$ 1,675 \$ 1,682 \$ 2,003 1,724 1,779 1,784 1,675 1,682 \$ 5 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms: None Changes in assumptions: Yes

The current fiscal year post-retirement mortality tables used were adopted by the Board of Trustees during fiscal year 2019.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule 3:

The following schedule is being presented to provide detail information on a program basis for the owners of the Housing Revenue Bond program's obligations

Housing Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands)

	2019	2018
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 442,488	\$ 430,281
Investments	5,943	6,755
Receivables:	,	,
Mortgage loans	316,263	277,980
Accrued interest	20,095	19,147
Other	101	128
Total Receivables	336,459	297,255
Total Current Assets	784,890	734,291
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,006,516	1,159,388
Restricted investments	1,145,883	857,560
Purpose investments (note 2)	28,497	29,081
Restricted receivables:		
Mortgage loans	7,317,755	6,411,592
Loan participation receivable - The City of NY	1,075,529	1,092,274
Accrued interest	19,664	10,600
Total Restricted Receivables	8,412,948	7,514,466
Primary government/component unit receivable (payable)	15,245	(37,321)
Interest rate swaps	-	19,673
Other assets	603	5,675
Total Noncurrent Assets	10,609,692	9,548,522
otal Assets	11,394,582	10,282,813
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Interest rate caps (note 9)	197	1,368
Deferred outflows related to interest rate swaps (note 9)	100,507	1,308
Deferred outriows related to interest rate swaps (note 1)	100,507	=

Schedule 3 (cont'd):

Housing Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands)

	2019	2018
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)	\$ 290,900	\$ 576,135
Accrued interest payable	114,328	98,481
Payable to mortgagors	1,696	1,376
Restricted earnings on investments	49	75
Accounts and other payables	248	48
Total Current Liabilities	407,221	676,115
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Bonds payable (net)	8,018,551	6,871,518
Payable to The City of New York:		
Loan participation agreements	1,075,529	1,092,274
Others	27	129
Payable to mortgagors	9,831	10,139
Derivative instrument - interest rate swaps	100,507	-
Unearned revenues and other liabilities	82,854	75,426
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,287,299	8,049,486
Total Liabilities	9,694,520	8,725,601
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Interest rate swaps fair value	-	22,978
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	22,978
		<i>y.</i>
Net Position		
Restricted for bond obligations	1,800,766	1,535,602
Total Net Position	\$ 1,800,766	\$ 1,535,602

Schedule 3 (cont'd):

Housing Revenue Bond Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years ended October 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands)

	2019	2018
Operating Revenues		
Interest on loans	\$ 261,307	\$ 226,482
Fees and charges	47,220	34,810
Income on loan participation interests	22,710	4,406
Other	2,135	575
Total Operating Revenues	333,372	266,273
Operating Expenses		
Interest and amortization of bond premium and discount	251,287	202,995
Trustees' and other fees	485	509
Bond issuance costs	15,225	11,560
Total Operating Expenses	266,997	215,064
Operating Income	66,375	51,209
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Earnings on investments	64,944	40,396
Unrealized gains on investments	4,879	3,894
Loss on early retirement of debt	-	(129)
Other non-operating revenues (expenses), net	(580)	(2,363)
Total Non-operating Revenues	69,243	41,798
Income	135,618	93,007
Operating transfers to Corporate Services Fund	(15,284)	(8,891)
Capital transfers	144,830	268,522
Changes in Net Position	265,164	352,638
Total net position - beginning of year	1,535,602	1,182,964
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,800,766	\$ 1,535,602

Schedule 4:

The following schedule is being presented to provide detail information on a program basis for the owners of the Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands)

	2019	2018
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,543	\$ 8,919
Receivables:		
Mortgage loans	4,631	4,763
Accrued interest	610	1,800
Total Receivables	5,241	6,563
Total Current Assets	22,784	15,482
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5,696	5,768
Restricted receivables:		
Mortgage loans	148,698	161,084
Accrued interest	937	-
Total Restricted Receivables	149,635	161,084
Primary government/component unit receivable (payable)	(259)	(4,037)
Total Noncurrent Assets	155,072	162,815
Total Assets	177,856	178,297
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Interest rate cap (note 9)	16	512
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 16	\$ 512

Schedule 4 (cont'd):

Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds Schedule of Net Position October 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands)

	2019		201
\$	7.260	\$	7,60
	1,102		1,16
	8,362		8,76
	114.020		121,28
	114,020		121,28
	122,382		130,04
	55 400		10 76
•		•	48,76 48,76
	\$	1,102 8,362 114,020 114,020 122,382	1,102 8,362 114,020 114,020 122,382 55,490

Schedule 4 (cont'd):

Multi-Family Secured Mortgage Revenue Bonds Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Fiscal Years ended October 31, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands)

	2019	2018
Operating Revenues		
Interest on loans	\$ 7,562	\$ 8,123
Total Operating Revenues	7,562	8,123
Operating Expenses		
Interest and amortization of bond premium and discount	5,108	4,350
Bond issuance costs	-	161
Total Operating Expenses	5,108	4,511
Operating Income	2,454	3,612
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Earnings on investments	495	262
Total Non-operating Revenues	495	262
Income	2,949	3,874
Capital transfers	3,778	3,312
Change in Net Position	6,727	7,186
Total net position - beginning of year	48,763	41,577
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 55,490	\$ 48,763



DEVELOPMENTS AND MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM

The following tables contain information with respect to the Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019 (except as noted).

Table 1 sets forth information with respect to individual Developments and permanent Mortgage Loans financed with the proceeds of each Series of Bonds issued as of July 31, 2019 except the mortgage loans underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest, the 2005 Series J Participant Interest, the 2011 Participant Interest, the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans.

Table 2 sets forth information with respect to individual Developments and construction Mortgage Loans. See "THE PROGRAM—Mortgage Loans—Construction Mortgage Loans."

Table 3 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to Developments and Mortgage Loans securing the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans. See "THE PROGRAM—ML Restructuring Mortgage Loans."

Table 4 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to Developments and permanent Mortgage Loans underlying the 2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest. See "THE PROGRAM—2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest."

Table 5 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans underlying the 2011 Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019. See "THE PROGRAM—2011 Participant Interest."

Table 6 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to the Developments and permanent mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019. See "THE PROGRAM—2014 Series B Participant Interest."

Table 7 sets forth information on an aggregated basis with respect to the Developments and permanent mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest as of July 31, 2019. See "THE PROGRAM—2018 Series B Participant Interest."

Table 8 sets forth information with respect to the Developments, Senior Construction, Senior Permanent, Subordinate Construction and Subordinate Permanent Mortgage Loans financed with Bonds subsequent to July 31, 2019 and certain other Mortgage Loans as indicated in the footnotes thereto.

TABLE 1: DEVELOPMENTS AND PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM AS OF JULY 31, 2019

					AS OF JUI	21 31, 2017									
Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units		Outstanding Iortgage Balance (S)=Subordinate Lien Position	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgage Interest Rate	Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Mortgage Maturity	#AP/TAC/ §236 Contract Expiration Date††	Prepayment Category (see Appendix E-2)	Physical Inspection	Foot- note
Fannie Mae	Mixed Income	1-50 50th Avenue (HPS A)	2015 Series H	Queens	619	98.06	136,470,000.00	136,470,000.00	3.58	22-Dec-15	1-Jan-26		Category 7	Above Average	
Fannie Mae	Mixed Income	1-55 Borden Avenue (HPS B)	2015 Series I	Queens	306	98.04	60,860,000.00	60,860,000.00	3.68	22-Dec-15	1-Jan-26		Category 7	Superior	
N/A	LAMP/Certificate Program		2003 Series E				3,368,753.97	4,480,000.00	5.75	9-Mar-06	22-Dec-35		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP/Certificate Program	1001 MLK Blvd (a/k/a University)	2018 Series D	Bronx	89	97.75 (S)	3,960,000.00	3,960,000.00	1.00	31-Mar-06	1-Apr-36		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	N/A	101 Avenue D Apartments	2010 Series G	Manhattan	78			2,535,000.00		10-Jun-13	1-Jun-43		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP/Certificate Program	1016 Washington Avenue	2013 Series B	Bronx	65	100.00	4,833,992.63	4,900,000.00	5.50	8-Jun-18	31-Jul-48		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
REMIC	LAMP		1999 Series A				3.005.116.38	3,665,000.00	5.75	9-Dec-08	1-Jan-39		Category 8	Below Average	
N/A	LAMP	1068 Gerard Avenue	2018 Series D	Bronx	82	100.00 (S)		4,510,000.00	1.00	9-Dec-08	1-Jan-39		Category 1	Below Average	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
REMIC	LAMP		2016 Series G				4.783.788.98	5,690,000.00	5.85	15-Oct-09	31-Oct-39		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	IAMP	1085 Washington Avenue	2013 Series D	Bronx	90	100.00 (S)		4,950,000.00	1.00	15-Oct-09	28-Jun-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	(-)
REMIC	New HOP	1000 Washington Avenue	2013 Series B	DIOIX	50	100.00 (3)	29,749,039.14	31,700,000.00	5.50	14-Nov-13	25-Feb-49		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP	11 Broadway	2011 Series H	Brooklyn	160	98.12 (S)		5,200,000.00	1.50	14-Nov-13	25-Feb-49		Category 1	Above Average	(1)
N/A	Mixed Income	1133 Manhattan Avenue	N/A	Brooklyn	210			6,800,000.00	7.50	21-Dec-17	1-Jan-28			Superior	_
N/A	New HOP	116 West 116th Street	2010 Series H	Manhattan	210			945,000.00	1.00	30-Mar-12	31-Aug-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
													Category 1		-
N/A	PLP	1203 Fulton Av & 575 E 168th St	2008 Series K	Bronx	37	100.00	141,952.62	538,754.00	1.00	17-Feb-05	17-Feb-24		Category 1	Unsatisfactory	(-)
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series H				5,721,749.03	6,835,000.00	5.85	21-Aug-09	29-Jun-38		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	1211 Southern Blvd	2013 Series D	Bronx	127	96.06 (S)	6,765,000.00	6,765,000.00	1.00	21-Aug-09	29-Jun-38		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP/Certificate Program		2003 Series B				3,546,676.66	5,025,000.00	5.30	30-Jan-05	1-Feb-35		Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP/Certificate Program	1240 Washington Avenue	2018 Series D	Bronx	100			3,350,000.00	1.00	30-Jan-05	1-Feb-35		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	PLP	128-136 Edgecombe Ave	2008 Series E	Manhattan	67		264,819.66	1,000,000.00	8.00	26-Feb-98	1-Sep-23		Category 8	Satisfactory]
N/A	PLP	1296 Sheridan Avenue	2008 Series E	Bronx	59	100.00 (S)	824,086.95	2,537,000.00	1.00	4-Jun-97	1-Jul-27		Category 1	Satisfactory	الصل
REMIC	New HOP		2013 Series D				4,327,383.04	5,450,000.00	6.75	3-Oct-06	24-Dec-35		Category 8	Superior	(1)(9)
N/A	New HOP	130-136 West 112th Street	2008 Series K	Manhattan	41	97.56 (S)	1,845,000.00	1,845,000.00	1.00	3-Oct-06	24-Dec-35		Category 1	Superior	(9)
REMIC	LAMP	1334 Louis Nine Boulevard	N/A	Bronx	123	100.00	11,465,539.78	12,495,000.00	6.10	10-Aug-11	5-May-45		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	1380 University Avenue	2014 Series C/2013 Series F	Bronx	139		8,099,600.45	8,330,000.00	5.75	18-May-17	1-Jun-47		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP		2010 Series H/2017 Series B		133		6,904,533.62	7,184,231.13	5.00	22-Jun-17	30-Jun-47		Category 10	Below Average	. ,
N/A	New HOP	140-26 Franklin Ave	2008 Series E	Queens	53	96.23 (S)	1,048,341.81	1,415,000.00	1.00	22-Jun-17	30-Jun-47		- ,	Below Average	
N/A	New HOP	1400 Fifth Avenue Condominium	2008 Series E	Manhattan	129			1,920,000.00	1.00	16-Nov-04	31-Oct-29		Category 1 Category 1	Satisfactory	+
N/A	New HOP	1405 Fifth Avenue Apts	2013 Series D	Manhattan	81			6,075,000.00	1.00	23-Oct-12	1-Nov-42			Satisfactory	-
						(-)	-)						Category 1		(***)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation	1428 Fifth Avenue	2019 Series A	Manhattan	120	100.00	13,509,719.02	15,420,000.00	6.00	4-May-11	1-Oct-41		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2019 Series A				4,867,582.75	5,475,000.00	6.20	18-Nov-11	31-Dec-41		Category 9	N/A	
N/A	LAMP	1490 Dumont Avenue	2019 Series A	Brooklyn	176	N/A (S)	-))	9,680,000.00	1.00	18-Nov-11	31-Dec-48		Category 1	N/A	
N/A	LAMP	15 East Clarke Place	2012 Series E	Bronx	102			5,610,000.00	1.00	10-Dec-09	15-Sep-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	PLP	1615 St Johns Place	2008 Series E	Brooklyn	34	100.00	593,415.99	788,000.00	7.05	1-Nov-04	1-Nov-34		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	Mixed Income		2012 Series F				8,610,584.74	9,160,000.00	5.50	28-May-15	3-Sep-45		Category 9	Above Average	
N/A	Mixed Income	161st Street Apartments	2014 Series B	Queens	101		6,347,136.95	6,565,000.00	1.00	28-May-15	3-Mar-45		Category 1	Above Average	(14)
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	1770 TPT Project	2014 Series G	Bronx	100	98.00	2,355,323.02	2,400,000.00	5.70	15-Feb-18	31-Dec-47		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2010 Series D				6,343,560.34	6,800,000.00	5.85	3-Sep-14	29-Jun-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	1778-1800 Southern Blvd	2014 Series B	Bronx	64	93.75 (S)	5,440,000.00	5,440,000.00	1.00	3-Sep-14	29-Jun-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	(14)
REMIC	LAMP		2016 Series G				4,568,069.82	5,370,000.00	5.90	10-Mar-10	28-Sep-39		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	1825 Atlantic Avenue	2012 Series E	Brooklyn	150	99.33 (S)	8,928,069.80	9,335,000.00	1.00	10-Mar-10	28-Sep-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	1
REMIC	PLP	201 West 146th Street	2014 Series D	Manhattan	12	100.00	10,134.30	133,650.00	6.40	6-Nov-02	31-Dec-17		Category 8	Unsatisfactory	(1)(7)
REMIC	New HOP		2013 Series D				1.410.713.76	1,785,000.00	7.00	26-May-06	29-Jun-36		Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP	201 West 148th Street	2018 Series D	Manhattan	25	100.00 (S)	1,125,000.00	1,125,000.00	1.00	26-May-06	29-Jun-36		Category 1	Satisfactory	ſ`´
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	2015 Monterey Avenue	2014 Series C	Bronx	330		20,329,755.88	21,280,000.00	5.75	17-Mar-16	31-Mar-46	26-lun-34	Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
N/A	IAMP	2015 Monterey / Wende	2014 Series B	DIONA	550	37.50	2,166,347.73	3,440,000.00	6.00	29-Oct-03	30-Nov-33	20 3411 54	Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	203-15 W 148 St - Site 15 (C-2)	2008 Series E	Manhattan	87	98.85 (S)		3,480,000.00		29-Oct-03	30-Nov-33		Category 1	Satisfactory	()
N/A	PLP	205-213 W 145 St	2008 Series E	Manhattan	62		85,023.75	1,512,431.00	8.95	9-Sep-99	1-Oct-20		Category 8	Satisfactory	+
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	2059 Madison Avenue	2019 Series A	Manhattan	54		4,275,448.68	4,880,000.00	6.00	10-May-11	1-Jun-41	30-Nov 20	Category 9	Above Average	/iii)
REMIC	LAMP	2000 Middison Avenue	2017 Series B	· · iaimattan	34	100.00	2,371,329.54	2,605,000.00	6.20	6-Dec-10	27-Dec-46	30*INUV-29	Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	IAMP	2065 Morris Avenue	2017 Series B 2013 Series D	Bronx	63	98.41 (S)		3,465,000.00	1.00	6-Dec-10	27-Dec-46			Satisfactory	(-)
REMIC	New HOP	2005 WIGHTS AVEILUE		DIUIIX	0.5	50.41 (S)					27-Dec-46 1-Mar-35		Category 1		(1)
		210 214 5+ 110++ 5+	2014 Series D		27	100.00 (S)	2,554,722.53	3,400,000.00	6.75	16-Feb-05			Category 8	Above Average Above Average	(±)
N/A	New HOP	210-214 East 118th Street	2008 Series K 2012 Series F	Manhattan	185	97.30 (S)	897,646.13 9.268.964.48	1,012,500.00 9.745.000.00	1.00	16-Feb-05	1-Mar-35		Category 1	Above Average Superior	+
N/A	Mixed Income	245 East 124th Street (Tapestry)		Manhattan				-,,		1-Nov-11	1-Nov-46		Category 1		
N/A	PLP	252 Wadsworth Avenue	2008 Series E	Manhattan	26		138,702.84	405,924.00	6.90	25-Aug-04	1-Sep-23		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	Preservation	2629 Sedgwick Avenue	N/A	Bronx	30	96.67 (S)		110,000.00	1.00	9-Sep-15	31-Dec-50		Category 1	Unsatisfactory	(4)(5)
REMIC	LAMP		2011 Series G			1 1	586,994.48	980,000.00	5.35	26-Feb-15	1-Apr-45		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)(6)
N/A	LAMP	27 E. 169th Street (East Clarke)	2011 Series G	Bronx	106	100.00 (S)		6,890,000.00	1.00	26-Feb-15	1-Apr-45		Category 1	Satisfactory	-
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	2727 Decatur Avenue	2018 Series D	Bronx	50	98.00	2,067,542.36	2,330,000.00	6.10	29-Nov-11	31-Dec-42		Category 9	Above Average	
REMIC	New HOP		2015 Series B/2002 Series C			1 1	2,339,244.82	2,465,000.00	6.45	22-May-15	1-Jun-45		Category 8	Below Average	(1)
N/A	New HOP		2008 Series K			(S)		853,237.69	1.00	22-May-15	1-Jun-45		Category 1	Below Average	4 J
N/A	New HOP	277 Gates Ave	2014 Series B	Brooklyn	35	94.29 (S)	118,058.64	180,000.00	5.45	22-May-15	1-Jun-25		Category 1	Below Average	(14)
REMIC	LAMP	3035 White Plains Road	2016 Series G	Bronx	74	98.65	3,821,736.77	4,284,000.00		9-Feb-10	31-Mar-45		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series G				2,247,855.00	2,280,000.00	5.70	22-May-18	31-Dec-47		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP	3160 Park Avenue Condo 1A	2018 Series A	Bronx	57	98.25 (S)	5,028,760.00	5,028,760.00	1.00	22-May-18	31-Dec-47		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	New HOP	3160 Park Avenue Condo 1B	2014 Series H	Bronx	57		8,648,693.41	8,750,000.00	6.75	23-May-18	31-Dec-47		Category 7	Superior	(1)
REMIC	New HOP		2019 Series A				8,769,246,03	9,610,000,00	6.20	19-Mar-13	29-Jul-41		Category 8	Above Average	
N/A	New HOP	3254 White Plains Road	2014 Series H	Bronx	125	96.80 (S)		10,625,000.00	1.00	19-Mar-13	29-Jul-41		Category 1	Above Average	
N/A	PIP	334 Beach 54th Street	2014 Series B	Queens	32		647,449.10	715,622.00	5.25	10-Jul-13	31-Aug-43		Category 1	Satisfactory	\vdash
REMIC	PLP	36 Crooke Avenue	2014 Series D	Brooklyn	71		114,162.39	1.108.869.00	7.26	30-Apr-02	31-May-21			Below Average	(1)
REMIC	New HOP	50 GLOUKE AVEILUE	1999 Series A/2018 Series B	DIOURIYII	/1	01.05	11,894,495.87	11.905.000.00	5.00	29-May-19	30-Jun-54		Category 8 Category 7	Below Average	
		201E Butnam Avenue W 220 St		Brony	90	100 00 (0)		,,							(12)
N/A	New HOP	3815 Putnam Avenue W 238 St	2008 Series K	Bronx		100.00 (S)	895,183.29	1,820,000.00	1.00	13-Dec-02	30-Jun-54		Category 1	Below Average	
N/A	HAC	405 East 94th St.	N/A	Brooklyn	24			945,000.00	1.00	14-Dec-88	1-Dec-20		Category 1	Satisfactory	\vdash
N/A	New HOP	414 Equities LLC	2018 Series D	Manhattan	41	N/A (S)		1,470,000.00	1.00	28-Feb-06	31-Mar-36		Category 1	N/A	
REMIC	New HOP		1998 Series A	1			3,255,669.93	7,713,000.00	7.50	15-Mar-00	1-Apr-30		Category 8	Superior	(1)
N/A	New HOP	421 Degraw St	2008 Series K	Brooklyn	90	100 (S)	1071084.15	1710000	1	36600	47574		Category 1	Superior	

Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Occupan cy Rate	Outsta Mortgage (S)=Subo Lien Po	Balance ordinate osition	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgage Interest Rate	Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Mortgage Maturity	HAP/TAC/ §236 Contract Expiration Date††	Prepayment Category (see Appendix E-2)	Physical Inspection	Foot- note
REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP	45 Malta Street	1999 Series A 2018 Series D	Brooklyn	48	100.00		86,990.03 42,944.77	2,200,000.00 2,640,000.00	5.75 1.00	26-Aug-08 26-Aug-08	28-Dec-37 28-Dec-37		Category 8	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A	PLP	455 Decatur Street	2008 Series E	Brooklyn	8			65,649.88	255,850.00	7.21	1-Jun-00	1-Jul-26		Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory	
REMIC	PLP	4673 Park Avenue	2014 Series D	Bronx	8	100.00		43,168.36	185,000.00	7.15	14-Mar-03	30-Apr-22		Category 8	Below Average	
REMIC	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan		2008 Series C-2/2008 Series J/2012 Series I				39,3	13,621.42	40,125,000.00	5.43	30-Jun-17	1-Jul-52		Category 11	Satisfactory	(1)(5)
N/A	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan	47th Ave - "Big Six"	2008 Series C-2/2008 Series J	Queens	980	100.00		93,221.22	1,532,169.77	5.00	30-Jun-17	1-Jul-52		Category 11	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	New HOP	482 Franklin Avenue	2012 Series K 2014 Series B	Brooklyn	93	93.55		34,438.32 45,000.00	16,060,000.00 6.045.000.00	5.35 1.00	4-May-16	31-Mar-46 31-Mar-46		Category 8	Above Average	
REMIC N/A	New HOP Mix/Match Mix/Match	482 Franklin Avenue	2014 Series B 2016 Series E 2016 Series E	вгоокіуп	93	93.55	8,2	41,304.50 30.000.00	8,250,000.00 5,730.000.00	5.70 2.22	4-May-16 13-May-19 13-May-19	28-Dec-48 28-Dec-48		Category 1 Category 9	Above Average N/A N/A	A (1)
N/A N/A	Mix/Match		2016 Series E 2016 Series E					97,174.00	4,897,174.00	2.22	13-May-19	28-Dec-48		Category 1 Category 1	N/A	
N/A	Mix/Match	491 Gerard Avenue	2016 Series E	Bronx	153	N/A		72,826.00	1,572,826.00	2.22	13-May-19	28-Dec-48		Category 1	N/A	
N/A	LAMP	500 East 165th Street	2013 Series D	Bronx	128			40,000.00	7,040,000.00	1.00	8-Oct-09	1-Jul-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	N/A	520-540 Audubon Avenue	2012 Series L/2011 Series E	Manhattan	138	100.00		07,002.67	2,100,000.00	5.35	27-Jul-11	30-Jul-41		Category 8	Satisfactory	
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series G					92,516.02	1,000,000.00	5.70	29-Nov-18	28-Dec-48		Category 9	Superior	
N/A	ELLA		2016 Series D					02,633.57	4,659,000.00	2.58	29-Nov-18	28-Dec-48		Category 1	Superior	
N/A	ELLA	530 Exterior Street	2019 Series B	Bronx	157	N/A		97,940.69	5,546,000.00	2.58	29-Nov-18	28-Dec-48		Category 1	Superior	
N/A	Mixed Income PLP	535 Carlton	2014 Series B	Brooklyn	298	N/A 97.22		85,000.00	11,785,000.00	1.20	18-Jun-19	31-Dec-58		Category 1	Superior Satisfactory	
N/A Fannie Mae	LAMP Preservation	542-48 & 552-58 W 149 St 55 Pierrepont St	2008 Series K 2011 Series G	Manhattan Brooklyn	36 189	98.41		714,867.44 90.991.30	1,659,000.00 4,430,000.00	1.00 5.35	14-Jan-99 22-Dec-11	1-Feb-29 1-Dec-41		Category 8 Category 8	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP	55 TETEPORE SE	2011 Series G 2018 Series F	STOOKIYII	109	30.41		30,353.82	4,910,000.00	7.20	25-Aug-11	30-Sep-41		Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	550 Watkins Street	2018 Series F	Brooklyn	104	99.04		95,000.00	5,895,000.00	1.00	25-Aug-11 25-Aug-11	30-Sep-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	N/A		2013 Series D				6	62,146.51	750,000.00	5.75	13-Dec-11	1-Jan-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	y (1)
N/A	N/A	560A Gates Avenue Coop	2013 Series D	Brooklyn	34	100.00		47,292.85	2,210,000.00	1.00	13-Dec-11	1-Jan-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP	58-12 Queens Blvd	1998 Series A	Queens	120	99.17		40,931.40	13,130,198.41	5.50	1-Oct-10	1-Sep-35		Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP/Certificate Program		2003 Series E					25,101.24	3,890,000.00	5.75	9-Mar-06	1-Apr-36		Category 8	Satisfactory	' I
N/A	LAMP/Certificate Program	600 Concord Avenue	2018 Series D	Bronx	83	100.00		30,000.00	3,630,000.00	1.00	9-Mar-06	1-Apr-36		Category 1	Satisfactory	
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	609 Metropolitan Avenue	N/A	Brooklyn	65	98.46	,	90,639.08	3,150,000.00	5.45 8.50	27-Mar-08	1-Feb-38	28-Feb-35	Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	New HOP New HOP	64 West 9th Street	2010 Series H 2008 Series K	Brooklyn	26	100.00		76,083.25 199,182.38	3,060,000.00 725,000.00	1.00	25-Apr-05 25-Apr-05	26-Dec-32 26-Dec-32		Category 8	Above Average Above Average	
N/A	New HOP	65-60 Austin Street	2010 Series H	Queens	50	94.00		50,000.00	3,250,000.00	1.00	28-Jul-10	26-Dec-32 26-Jun-40		Category 1 Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP	03-00 Austin Street	2014 Series C	Queens	30	54.00		46,578.62	15,210,000.00	5.75	22-Feb-18	31-Aug-47		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	IAMP		2018 Series A					60.000.00	6,160,000.00	1.00	22-Feb-18	31-Aug-47		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	655 Morris Avenue	2018 Series A	Bronx	176	N/A		80,000.00	5,280,000.00	1.00	22-Feb-18	31-Aug-47		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	PLP/ LAMP	725 & 737 Fox St. (Perm)	2013 Series D	Bronx	106			12,886.65	3,000,000.00	7.00	15-Jul-04	1-Aug-23		Category 8	Satisfactory	
REMIC	Section 8		2011 Series H					74,413.16	1,220,000.00	5.35	27-Mar-12	31-Mar-42	1-Jul-31	Category 8	Above Average	2 (1)
N/A	Section 8	738 St. Marks Rehab	2011 Series H	Brooklyn	21	100.00		73,710.07	730,779.00	1.00	27-Mar-12	31-Mar-42	1-Jul-31	Category 1	Above Average	4
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series H					12,164.74	3,155,000.00	5.85	27-Mar-09	29-Dec-38		Category 8	Above Average	
N/A	LAMP	830 Fox Street	2018 Series D	Bronx	58	94.83		90,000.00	3,190,000.00	1.00	27-Mar-09	29-Dec-38		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	New HOP	ara i	N/A 2014 Series H	Bronx	103			15,834.46	8,830,000.00	7.50 1.00	23-Apr-13	23-Apr-43		Category 8		A (1)(12)
N/A N/A	PLP	850 Jennings 865 East 167th Street	2014 Series H 2008 Series K	Bronx	52	N/A 100.00		55,000.00 .52,098.27	8,755,000.00 903,652.00	1.00	23-Apr-13 17-Feb-05	23-Apr-43 17-Feb-22		Category 1 Category 1	N/A Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP	870 Jennings Street Apartments	2010 Series H	Bronx	84			00,000.00	6,300,000.00	1.00	10-Aug-11	30-Sep-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	570 Semmigs Street Aparements	2010 Series D	DIOTA		100.00		50,646.66	7,230,000.00	5.85	8-Feb-13	1-Sep-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	920 Westchester Avenue	2014 Series D	Bronx	110	98.18		50,000.00	7,150,000.00	1.00	8-Feb-13	1-Sep-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP	9306 Shore Front Parkway	2014 Series G	Queens	64	N/A		99,482.98	6,750,000.00	5.70	13-Nov-18	28-Feb-47		Category 7	Superior	(1)
N/A	New HOP	9501 Rockaway Blvd	2008 Series K	Queens	72	100.00	(S) 2,50	69,994.68	2,880,000.00	1.00	19-Jan-06	1-Aug-35		Category 1	Above Average	
N/A	PLP	982 Prospect Avenue	2008 Series E	Bronx	21	100.00		.06,022.07	240,732.00	1.00	8-Sep-04	1-Sep-29		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP/HTF		2014 Series H/2013 Series D					16,179.77	6,312,369.53	5.95	10-Dec-15	1-Jan-46		Category 8	Below Average	
N/A	LAMP/HTF	Abeken Apartments	2018 Series D	Bronx	120 92	96.67 98.91		12,167.03	5,400,000.00	2.58	10-Dec-15	1-Jan-46		Category 1	Below Average	
LOC-Long Term		Albany Crossings Albert Einstein	2017 Series B	Brooklyn	92 471	98.91 44.16		89,273.45	4,595,000.00	5.70	5-Mar-10	1-Apr-40		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A SONYMA	ML Restructuring LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Albert Einstein Albert Goodman Apartments	2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2013 Series E	Bronx Bronx	4/1 252	99.60		96,689.29 26,773.16	8,918,472.43 12,300,000.00	6.50 6.10	29-Dec-04 23-Jun-16	31-Jan-35 30-Jun-46	18-Dec-22	Category 11 Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP Preservation/section 8	Aldus Street Apartments	2018 Series D	Bronx	164	96.95		83,628.24	6,270,000.00	1.00	23-Jun-16 14-Feb-07	30-Jun-46 31-Mar-37	10-060-33	Category 1	Below Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2016 Series G	1	104			88,985.08	2,900,000.00	5.85	26-Aug-10	31-Jul-39		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	All Saints Project	2012 Series E	Manhattan	99	98.99		45,000.00	5,445,000.00	1.00	26-Aug-10	31-Jul-39		Category 1	Satisfactory	/
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series G				4,6	94,600.68	4,730,000.00	5.70	28-Nov-18	22-Jun-47		Category 9	Above Average	
N/A	LAMP	Archer Avenue	2018 Series H	Queens	89	N/A		85,000.00	5,785,000.00	1.00	28-Nov-18	22-Jun-47		Category 1	Above Average	4
REMIC		Arista UAC	2019 Series A	Bronx	290			46,507.42	13,300,000.00	6.00	30-Aug-11	30-Mar-46		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A SONYMA	Preservation LAMP/Section 8	Arker East New York Portfolio	2017 Series B 2013 Series E	Brooklyn	437	N/A		00,000.00 28.927.95	11,500,000.00 3,315,000.00	3.05 6.10	16-Nov-16 22-May-17	1-Dec-21 30-Jun-47	1 1 24	Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Arthur Avenue Residence	2013 Series E 2013 Series E	Bronx	108	94.44		28,927.95	7,020,000.00	1.00	22-May-17 22-May-17	30-Jun-47 30-Jun-47	1-Jun-31 1-Jun-31	Category 9 Category 1	Superior Superior	٠,
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	A Color Avenue Residence	2013 Series E 2012 Series I	STOTIA	108	34.44		88.785.84	26.709.391.15	3.50	15-Oct-14	1-Jul-24		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2014 Series B					35,729.40	4,500,000.00	3.00	15-Oct-14	30-Nov-49		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Arverne View (Ocean Village)	2017 Series B	Queens	1093	96.80		69,697.17	8,334,000.00	5.00	21-Dec-16	31-Jan-50		Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A	HAC	Astoria Apart	N/A	Queens	62	100.00		28,664.21	3,951,500.00	1.00	26-Dec-89	1-May-31		Category 1	Satisfactory	y
REMIC	LAMP		N/A					99,289.96	3,500,000.00	5.70	19-Oct-10	22-Dec-38		Category 9	Superior	
N/A	LAMP	Astoria Senior Residence	2012 Series E	Queens	184	97.28		20,000.00	10,120,000.00	1.00	19-Oct-10	1-Nov-40		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	LAMP/MIRP		2019 Series A	L				04,020.01	1,980,000.00	6.00	22-Apr-13	26-Mar-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP/MIRP	Atlantic Commons Cornerstone LP	2014 Series B	Brooklyn	48	100.00		40,000.00	2,640,000.00	1.00	22-Apr-13	26-Mar-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	New HOP	Atlantic Torraco Coon	2012 Series E	Prookl:	80	100.00		54,700.51	3,045,000.00	7.80	19-May-11	30-Jun-41		Category 9	Above Average	
N/A REMIC	New HOP LAMP Preservation	Atlantic Terrace Coop Aurea Apartments	2012 Series E 2013 Series B/2011 Series E	Brooklyn Bronx	80 85	100.00 96.47		08,166.19 51.392.88	3,687,500.00 2.050.000.00	1.00 5.35	19-May-11 22-May-13	30-Jun-41 31-May-43		Category 9 Category 9	Above Average Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP	Aurea Apartificitis	2002 Series C	DIONA	83	50.47		56,304.36	5,820,000.00	7.75	17-Aug-04	25-Feb-34		Category 8	Below Average	
N/A	New HOP	Azure Holdings II LP	2008 Series E	Manhattan	110	100.00		00,000.00	3,800,000.00	1.00	17-Aug-04 17-Aug-04	25-Feb-34		Category 1	Below Average	
			2018 Series D		-10			80,147.44	3,870,000.00	5.83	28-Jun-12	30-Jun-42		Category 8	Above Average	
REMIC	N/A		ZU18 Series D				3.4									

													HAP/TAC/			
						_		Outstanding			Mortgage		§236	Prepayment		Foot-
Supple- mental		Development	Applicable Series		No. of	Occupan		rtgage Balance Subordinate	Original Mortgage	Mortgage Interest	Loan Closing	Final Mortgage	Contract Expiration	Category (see Appendix	Physical Inspection	note
Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Name	Resolution	Borough	Units	Rate		Lien Position	Amount	Rate	Date	Maturity	Date††	E-2)	Inspection	
ONYMA	LAMP/Section 8		2013 Series B/2012 Series M					3,775,320.28	3,965,000.00		1-Apr-16	30-Apr-46		Category 9	Satisfactory (i	,i)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Barrier Free Living Residences	2016 Series G	Bronx	121	100.00	(S)	7,865,000.00	7,865,000.00		1-Apr-16	3-Jan-47		Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory ((14)
N/A N/A	PLP	Beach 53rd Storm Recovery	2014 Series B 2014 Series B	Queens	16	100.00	(S)	153,809.96 430.016.66	185,164.00 614,836.00		13-Sep-13 13-Sep-13	1-Oct-43 30-Sep-29		Category 1 Category 1	Satisfactory (
REMIC	Mix/Match		2015 Series D	4,000.00				5,915,403.25	6,000,000.00		22-May-18	31-Dec-47		Category 9	Above Average ((1)
N/A	Mix/Match	Beach Green North	2018 Series H	Queens	101	99.01		7,825,245.46	7,698,220.00	2.47	22-May-18	31-Dec-47		Category 1	Above Average (16)
N/A SONYMA	New HOP Preservation/Section 8	Beacon Mews Bensonhurst Housing for the Elderly	2010 Series H 2015 Series A	Manhattan Brooklyn	125 71	99.20		5,430,100.08 5,832,550.58	5,625,000.00 6,000,000.00		2-Jun-10 8-May-17	1-Apr-39 21-May-47	20-May-35	Category 1 Category 9	Below Average Satisfactory ((i)
REMIC	LAMP	bensonialst riousing for the Elderry	2013 Series J	brooklyff	/1	100.00	,	4,371,021.74	4,700,000.00		21-Nov-14	31-Oct-44	20-IVIBY-32	Category 8	Satisfactory ((1)
N/A	LAMP	Berean Apartments	2011 Series J	Brooklyn	107	95.33	3 (S)	6,955,000.00	6,955,000.00	1.00	21-Nov-14	31-Oct-44		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP		2011 Series F		48			865,041.89	1,000,000.00		4-Aug-11	30-Sep-41		Category 9	Satisfactory (.1)
N/A REMIC	New HOP New HOP	Bergen Street Coop	2013 Series D 2018 Series I	Brooklyn	48	100.00)	2,990,788.79 3,945,076.16	3,120,000.00 3,980,000.00	1.00 5.10	4-Aug-11 16-Aug-18	30-Sep-41 30-Aug-53		Category 9 Category 7	Satisfactory ((1)
N/A	New HOP	Bethany Place	2014 Series B	Manhattan	23	95.65	5 (S)	1,271,133.50	1,250,000.00		16-Aug-18	30-Aug-61		Category 1	Satisfactory (14)(16)
N/A	ML Restructuring		2015 Series D					1,197,451.47	1,536,667.00	6.50	29-Jun-06	1-Jul-36		Category 11	Satisfactory (,5)
N/A	ML Repair Loan	Bethune Tower	2008 Series E	Manhattan	135	97.04		1,315,952.40	1,660,243.00		29-Jun-06	1-Dec-36		Category 7	Satisfactory (5)
REMIC N/A	LAMP New HOP	Boricua Site E Boricua Site F	N/A 2014 Series B	Bronx	80 77			3,878,361.02 6,545,000.00	4,245,000.00 6,545,000.00		5-Aug-11 10-Jan-13	1-Sep-46 31-Aug-46		Category 9 Category 1	Above Average (Above Average (
REMIC	New HOP	Boricus Site i	2013 Series D/2017 Series B	BIOIIX	- ''	30.70	3 (3)	15,525,328.40	16,860,000.00	6.45	2-Jun-11	30-Jun-46		Category 7	Above Average ((1)
N/A	New HOP	Boricua Village Site A-1	2014 Series B	Bronx	136	98.53	3 (S)	11,560,000.00	11,560,000.00	1.00	2-Jun-11	1-Jul-46		Category 1	Above Average ((14)
REMIC	New HOP	Basis vellage City C	2012 Series E	D			(6)	11,579,537.13	12,575,000.00		2-Jun-11	30-Jun-46		Category 7		(1)
N/A N/A	New HOP LAMP	Boricua Village Site B Boricua Village Site C	2014 Series B 2013 Series D	Bronx	100 130	98.00 99.23		8,500,000.00 385,000.00	8,500,000.00 385,000.00	1.00	2-Jun-11 20-Dec-12	1-Jul-46 30-Sep-42		Category 1 Category 1	Above Average (Satisfactory	14)
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	Borinquen Court	2013 Series D 2014 Series G/2011 Series H	Bronx	145	96.55		5,499,216.60	5,895,000.00		26-Feb-15	31-Mar-45	28-Feb-35	Category 9	Above Average (,i)
REMIC	Section 8	Borough Park Court	2014 Series H	Brooklyn	131	98.47		5,130,391.56	6,552,194.76	6.25	29-Nov-06	1-Nov-36	31-Aug-25	Category 8	Satisfactory (3)
REMIC	New HOP		2012 Series L/2010 Series F					19,037,657.50	20,720,000.00		27-Feb-14	29-Jun-42		Category 9	Satisfactory (.1)
N/A N/A	New HOP ML Restructuring	Bradford Brighton Houses Coop	2014 Series H 2015 Series A	Brooklyn Brooklyn	105 191	94.29		6,825,000.00 1,126,316.91	6,825,000.00 1,499,656.00		27-Feb-14 25-May-05	29-Jun-42 30-Jun-35		Category 1 Category 11	Satisfactory ((5)
REMIC	LAMP	Brighton Houses Coop	2018 Series D	BIOOKIYII	151	30.3.	,	6.035.414.29	6.970.000.00	6.15	1-Sep-10	1-Oct-40		Category 9	Above Average ((1)
N/A	LAMP	Bristol Hopkinson (The Beacon)	2011 Series F	Brooklyn	168	100.00	(S)	10,330,637.43	10,500,000.00	1.00	1-Sep-10	30-Oct-40		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2009 Series A					3,281,616.50	3,640,000.00	6.70	2-Feb-12	1-Feb-42		Category 9	Satisfactory (.1)
N/A N/A	LAMP HTF	Broad Street Senior Housing Brook Avenue Gardens (Perm)	2009 Series A/2012 Series E 2008 Series E	Staten Island Bronx	105 79	94.29		5,775,000.00 1,760,277.19	5,775,000.00 2,750.000.00		2-Feb-12 26-Jan-01	1-Feb-42 31-Mar-31		Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	Bruckner by the Bridge	2016 Series G	Bronx	419			5,005,000.00	5,005,000.00		29-Apr-13	25-Nov-48		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	Bryant Avenue Apartments	2011 Series H	Bronx	99	98.99	9	3,903,229.20	4,230,000.00	5.35	5-Jun-14	30-Jun-44		Category 9	Above Average (1)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	CABS Housing	2011 Series G	Brooklyn	72	95.83		409,117.60	770,000.00	5.35	11-Apr-14	1-Jun-44	31-Jul-31	L Category 9	Satisfactory ((i)(6)
SONYMA N/A	N/A ML Restructuring	CUNY Graduate Center Housing Cadman Plaza N Coop	2010 Series C 2014 Series E/2012 Series I	Manhattan Brooklyn	38 251		_	13,132,084.03	14,370,000.00 2,114,472.90	5.65 6.50	22-Nov-11 29-Dec-04	31-Dec-46 31-Jan-35		Category 9	Above Average (Satisfactory (
REMIC	ML Restructuring	Cadman Tower Coop	2014 Series B/2012 Series H	Brooklyn	422			9,200,812.32	9,855,000.00		26-Jun-14	31-Jul-44		Category 11 Category 7	Satisfactory (
REMIC	New HOP		2013 Series D					854,955.70	945,000.00	7.00	1-Feb-12	1-Feb-42		Category 9	Above Average (1)
N/A N/A	New HOP		2013 Series D		27			1,318,736.77	1,365,000.00		1-Feb-12	1-Feb-42		Category 9	Above Average	ı
N/A REMIC	N/A New HOP	Calvert Lancaster Parcel D	2013 Series D 2013 Series D	Manhattan	21	100.00	J (S)	188,322.82 1,014,804.24	248,286.00 1,115,000.00		1-Feb-12 23-May-12	1-Feb-42 1-Jun-42		Category 1 Category 8	Above Average ((1)
N/A	New HOP	Calvert Lancaster Parcel F	2013 Series D	Manhattan	29	100.00	0	1,396,900.17	1,430,000.00	1.00	23-May-12	1-Jun-42		Category 8	Above Average	-/
N/A	ML Restructuring	Cannon Heights	2018 Series D	Bronx	171	99.42		2,358,076.29	2,585,000.00		14-Oct-10	1-Nov-45		Category 7	Below Average (5)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Capitol Hall	2012 Series K	Manhattan	202			5,769,762.13	6,100,000.00		30-Nov-15	27-Jun-45		Category 9	Satisfactory (,
SONYMA Fannie Mae	LAMP Preservation/Section 8 LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Carmel Apartments Carnegie Park	2013 Series B 2014 Series A/2013 Series F	Staten Island Manhattan	100 92			6,195,098.66 27,088,748.61	6,600,000.00 28.600.000.00	5.50 5.72	30-Apr-15 12-May-14	27-Jun-45 1-Mav-44	31-Jul-28	Category 9 Category 9	Superior (i Above Average	1)
N/A	LAMP	Carriegie i ark	2014 Series D	Iviaiiiattaii	J.	100.00	(S)	6,270,000.00	6,270,000.00		15-Jul-09	1-Jul-37	11-iviay-54	Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP		2018 Series D				(S)	444,909.00	444,909.00	1.00	15-Jul-09	1-Jul-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	ı
N/A	LAMP LAMP/Section 8	Casa del Sol Apts	2018 Series D	Bronx	114 125	97.37		51,000.00 6.209.915.92	51,000.00		15-Jul-09	1-Jul-37 27-Mar-38		Category 1	Satisfactory	()
LOC-Long Term REMIC	New HOP	Casabe House	N/A N/A	Manhattan	125	100.00	J	5,656,903.87	7,700,000.00 6.495.000.00	7.00	8-Jan-09 19-Feb-10	27-Mar-38 1-Mar-40	31-May-34	Category 9 Category 7		(12) (1)(12)
N/A	New HOP	Casablanca Houses	2010 Series H	Manhattan	32	93.75	5 (S)	3,600,000.00	3,600,000.00	1.00	19-Feb-10	31-Mar-40		Category 1	Superior	-/(/
REMIC	New HOP		2014 Series D					2,334,214.71	2,815,000.00		15-Feb-08	1-Oct-36		Category 8	Satisfactory (1)
N/A	New HOP	Cassiopeia Apts (250 W 116th St)	2018 Series D	Manhattan	32	100.00) (S)	1,437,912.99	1,440,000.00		15-Feb-08	1-Oct-36		Category 1	Satisfactory	
FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring/Section 8		2015 Series D/2015 Series B/ 2008 Series E					55,415,774.74	55,615,000.00	4.95	7-Feb-19	31-Mar-54	29-Jun-35	Category 7	Satisfactory (.5)
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 8		2015 Series D				(S)	7,254,381.60	7,370,000.00	4.50	7-Feb-19	31-Mar-34	29-Jun-35	Category 8	Satisfactory ((5)
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 8	Castleton Park	2015 Series D	Staten Island	454	N/A	A (S)	1,575,772.60	1,620,000.00	4.00	7-Feb-19	31-Mar-29		Category 8	Satisfactory (,5)
N/A	New HOP		1999 Series A					5,750,981.97	8,768,000.00	6.00	19-Jun-01	1-Jun-31		Category 10	Satisfactory	
N/A N/A	New HOP New HOP	Celebration Townhouses	2014 Series B 2008 Series E	Staten Island	74	100.00	(5)	248,219.47 838,766.96	263,195.60 1,030,000.00		25-May-18 19-Jun-01	1-Jun-31 1-Jun-31		Category 7 Category 1	Satisfactory ((14)
SONYMA	New HOP		2017 Series B	June 11 Island	/4	100.00	(3)	23,950,546.93	31,615,000.00	6.65	25-Oct-01	1-Nov-36		Category 7	Satisfactory (,iii)
N/A	N/A	Central Harlem Plaza	2008 Series E	Manhattan	240	100.00		5,353,690.02	6,935,000.00	1.00	25-Oct-01	30-Nov-36		Category 1	Satisfactory	
SONYMA REMIC	LAMP/Section 236	Churchill House	2019 Series A	Manhattan	98	100.00	D	5,839,102.54	6,915,000.00	6.10 5.95	15-Sep-09	1-Oct-39	31-Aug-28	Category 8	Satisfactory (i	iii)
REMIC N/A	LAMP	City Cedars LP	N/A 2013 Series D	Bronx	95	93.68	R (S)	2,150,577.65 5.170.000.00	2,525,000.00 5,170,000.00		30-Mar-10 30-Mar-10	1-Apr-40 30-Apr-40		Category 9 Category 1	Above Average (Above Average	(1)(12)
REMIC	LAMP	City Cedars Li	2013 Series D	DIOIIA	93	20.00	(0)	5,477,506.34	6,885,000.00	5.95	18-Sep-07	1-Oct-37		Category 10	Satisfactory (1)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8		2008 Series K					324,026.10	446,298.00	3.50	18-Sep-07	1-Oct-37	21-Jan-36	Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	Claremont Park Apartments	2008 Series K	Bronx	98	96.94	4 (S)	5,388,903.30	5,390,000.00		18-Sep-07	1-Oct-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	New HOP New HOP	Cliffeide Properties	2016 Series G	Bronx	0.4	95.24	1 (5)	4,735,405.66	5,370,000.00		8-Dec-10	30-Jun-39 30-Jun-39		Category 7	Above Average (1)
N/A FHA 221 (d)(4)	Section 8	Cliffside Properties Clinton Arms	2018 Series D 2018 Series D	Bronx	84			5,750,000.00 2,327,776.02	5,750,000.00 4,962,700.00	10.36	8-Dec-10 19-Dec-85	30-Jun-39 1-Jul-25	31-Jan-30	Category 1 Category 4	Above Average Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	Clinton Parkview	2003 Series B	Manhattan	96	96.87	7	8,719,393.03	11,295,000.00	5.30	18-Sep-08	29-Jul-35		Category 8	Satisfactory (1)
Freddie Mac	LAMP	Clinton Terrific Tenements	2012 Series L/2010 Series E	Manhattan	88			22,226,836.18	25,000,000.00	5.50	29-Jun-10	1-Jun-40		Category 9	Satisfactory	
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2015 Series D/2015 Series B					4,627,511.63	12,651,476.50	6.50	23-Sep-05	31-Oct-35	1-Feb-25	Category 11	Satisfactory (5)
N/A	ML Repair Loan	Clinton Tower	2011 Series F	Manhattan	395	98.48	터 (S)	3,215,742.68	3,843,400.00	6.25	3-Oct-11	31-Oct-35		Category 11	Satisfactory ((د

Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Occupan cy Rate	Outstanding Mortgage Balance (S)=Subordinate Lien Position	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgage Interest Rate	Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Mortgage Maturity	Contract Ca Expiration Date††	Prepayment ategory (see Appendix E-2)	Physical Inspection Foot-note
REMIC REMIC	New HOP New HOP		2014 Series D 2014 Series D				2,172,360.47 8.192.261.89	2,425,000.00 9.145.000.00	6.70 6.70	6-Oct-11 6-Oct-11	30-Nov-41 30-Nov-41		tegory 9 tegory 9	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1)
N/A	New HOP		2013 Series D				(S) 3,975,000.00	3,975,000.00		6-Oct-11	30-Nov-41		tegory 1	Satisfactory
N/A	New HOP	Columbia Hicks	2013 Series D	Brooklyn	95	97.89	(S) 5430000	5430000	1	40822	51835		tegory 1	Satisfactory
REMIC	Mix/Match		2015 Series D				7,699,886.97	7,810,000.00	5.70	30-May-18	29-Jun-48		tegory 9	Above Average (1)
N/A REMIC	Mix/Match New HOP	Compass 2A	2018 Series H 2013 Series E	Bronx	128	N/A	(S) 10,240,000.00 8,036,891.51	10,240,000.00 8,270,000.00	1.00 6.10	30-May-18 21-Mar-17	29-Jun-48 1-May-46		tegory 1	Above Average
N/A	New HOP	Compass Residences 1A	2014 Series B	Bronx	110	99.09		9,350,000.00		21-Mar-17	1-May-46		tegory 7 tegory 1	Superior (1) Superior (14)
REMIC	LAMP	Compass residences 1A	2013 Series E	DIOIX	110	33.03	5,325,534.07	5,480,000.00	6.10	21-Mar-17	1-May-46		tegory 7	Superior (1)
N/A	LAMP	Compass Residences 1B	2013 Series E	Bronx	127	98.43		8,255,000.00	1.00	21-Mar-17	1-May-46		tegory 1	Superior
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series D				5,833,063.85	5,930,000.00	5.70	28-Mar-18	31-Mar-48	Cat	tegory 9	Superior (1)
N/A	ELLA	Compass Residences 2B	2018 Series A	Bronx	164	N/A		10,660,000.00	2.47	28-Mar-18	31-Mar-48		tegory 1	Superior (16)
REMIC Freddie Mac	Preservation LAMP/Section 8	Comunilife Portfolio	N/A 2010 Series J	Bronx	242	N/A	7,157,780.67 2,817,859.48	7,240,000.00 8,610,000.00	5.15 5.15	26-Jun-18 5-Jan-11	30-Jun-53 1-Dec-40	28-Feb-31 Cat	tegory 7	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory
Freddie Mac	LAMP/Section 8	Concord/Seaside	2016 Series F	Staten Island	431	97.45	11,370,000.00	11,370,000.00		5-Jan-11 5-Jan-11	1-Dec-40	28-Feb-31 Cat		Satisfactory (6)
REMIC	LAMP	Concord/ Seaside	2011 Series G	Statemisland	431	37.43	747,206,74	1.330.000.00	5.35	4-Dec-14	31-Oct-44		tegory 9	Above Average (1)(6)
N/A	LAMP	Coney Island Commons	2011 Series G	Brooklyn	195	98.46	(S) 12,675,000.00	12,675,000.00		4-Dec-14	31-Oct-44		tegory 1	Above Average
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Confucius Plaza Coop	2015 Series D/2015 Series B	Manhattan	760	98.16	10,122,842.30	28,663,900.44		23-Sep-05	31-Oct-35	1-Dec-25 Cat	tegory 11	Above Average (5)
N/A	LAMP	Cook Street Apts (Rev D J Kenna Apts)	2013 Series D	Brooklyn	152	100.00		8,360,000.00		17-May-10	1-Sep-40		tegory 1	Above Average
N/A REMIC	LAMP LAMP/MIRP	Courtlandt Ave Apt	2018 Series D	Bronx	167	N/A		5,885,000.00		15-Oct-07	15-Oct-37		tegory 1	N/A
N/A	LAMP/MIRP	Courtlandt Corners I	2018 Series D 2013 Series D	Bronx	71	98.59	2,991,161.45 (S) 3,905,000.00	3,320,000.00 3,905,000.00	6.10 1.00	30-Aug-12 30-Aug-12	30-Sep-42 30-Sep-42		tegory 9 tegory 1	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory
REMIC	New HOP	countries corners	2011 Series J	DIOIN	- / -	30.55	16,145,728.61	18,020,000.00	5.35	30-Aug-12	30-Sep-42		tegory 9	Satisfactory (1)
N/A	New HOP	Courtlandt Corners II	2013 Series D	Bronx	252	98.81		11,952,007.00		30-Aug-12	30-Sep-42		tegory 1	Satisfactory
REMIC	LAMP		2011 Series G				729,704.90	1,285,000.00	5.35	20-Mar-15	31-Oct-44		tegory 9	Above Average (1)(6)
N/A	LAMP	Courtlandt Crescent	2011 Series G	Bronx	217	99.08		14,105,000.00		20-Mar-15	31-Oct-44		tegory 1	Above Average
REMIC	LAMP Preservation New HOP	Creston Avenue Creston Towers	2012 Series M	Bronx	122 42	89.34 100.00		5,780,000.00 3,570,000.00		20-Apr-16 25-Jan-12	30-Apr-46 1-Sep-40		tegory 9	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory
N/A REMIC	New HOP	Creston Towers	2018 Series D 2012 Series K	Bronx	42	100.00	14,468,578.65	15,040,000.00	5.25	4-Nov-16	20-Jun-46		tegory 1 tegory 8	Above Average (1)
N/A	New HOP	Crossroads Plaza	2017 Series B	Bronx	126	92.06		10,710,000.00		4-Nov-16	20-Jun-46		tegory 1	Above Average
REMIC	LAMP	Crossroads Plaza II	2013 Series E	Bronx	136	100.00		12,000,000.00		18-Aug-17	31-Jul-46		tegory 9	Above Average (1)
REMIC	LAMP	Crotona Parkway Apartments	N/A	Bronx	96	89.58	5,298,605.73	5,985,000.00	5.70	19-Nov-09	18-Dec-44		tegory 9	Satisfactory (1)(12)
REMIC	New HOP	Crotona Terrace	2014 Series H	Bronx	80	N/A		7,150,000.00	6.75	3-Jun-19	31-Jan-48		tegory 7	Superior (1)
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series D			N/A	5,829,587.43	5,880,000.00	5.70	4-Oct-18	25-Apr-48		tegory 9	Above Average (1)
N/A SONYMA	ELLA Section 236	Crotona V Crotona V	2018 Series H 2012 Series D/2012 Series E	Bronx	108 87	91.95		7,020,000.00 5,110,000.00	2.47 5.50	4-Oct-18 18-May-16	25-Apr-48 30-Jun-46	30-Jun-32 Cat	tegory 1	Above Average (16) Satisfactory (i)
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Crotona v	2015 Series D/2015 Series B	BIOLIX	67	31.33	2,608,235.59	8,241,951.76	6.50	23-Sep-05	31-Oct-35	1-Jul-23 Cat		Satisfactory (5)
N/A	ML Repair Loan	Crown Gardens Coop	2012 Series I	Brooklyn	238	100.00		252,320.49	6.25	23-Sep-05	1-Sep-23		tegory 1	Satisfactory (5)
FHA 221 (d)(4)	Section 8	Crown Heights I	2018 Series D	Brooklyn	36	N/A	918,328.82	2,197,400.00	7.25	19-Feb-85	1-Aug-25	25-Nov-24 Cat		N/A
FHA 221 (d)(4)	Section 8	Crown Heights II	2010 Series H	Brooklyn	32	100.00	713,147.08	1,744,700.00	6.75	4-Jan-85	1-Aug-25	4-Oct-24 Ca		Below Average
N/A REMIC	LAMP ML Restructuring/Section 236	Crown Heights Senior Residence	2012 Series E 2011 Series H	Brooklyn	144	100.00	(S) 7,920,000.00 12,388,053.74	7,920,000.00 13,290,000.00		19-Aug-10 22-Nov-13	1-Sep-40 30-Jun-48		tegory 1	Superior Satisfactory (1)(5)
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	DCA Apartments	2011 Series H	Brooklyn	216	98.61	2.135.814.91	4.245.000.00	4.00	22-Nov-13	30-Mar-25	1-Mar-25 Car 1-Mar-25 Car		Satisfactory (5)
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Daly IV	2013 Series E	Bronx	273	97.80		12,240,000.00		5-Nov-15	30-Nov-45	18-Dec-33 Car	tegory 9	Satisfactory (i)
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	David Chavis Senior Apartments	N/A	Brooklyn	153	95.42		11,650,000.00	5.45	29-May-08	1-Feb-38		tegory 9	Satisfactory (9)(12)
N/A	New HOP	Decatur Terrace	2018 Series D	Bronx	122	96.72		10,370,000.00		24-Jan-12	28-Feb-42		tegory 1	Above Average
N/A	LAMP	Dorado Apartments (Melrose Site D)	2013 Series D	Bronx	57	98.25	., , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3,190,000.00	1.00	18-Mar-10	1-Jun-40		tegory 1	Below Average
REMIC REMIC	LAMP LAMP		2003 Series B 2019 Series A				6,216,012.48 1.375.216.32	7,000,000.00 1.540.000.00	5.30 5.60	9-Aug-12 9-Aug-12	31-Jul-42 31-Jul-42		tegory 9 tegory 9	N/A (1) N/A (1)
N/A	N/A	Dr. Betty Shabazz Houses	2019 Series A 2013 Series D	Brooklyn	160	N/A	, ,	2,114,319.00		9-Aug-12 9-Aug-12	31-Jul-42		tegory 9	N/A(1)
FHA Risk Share	LAMP	Draper Hall	2018 Series E	Manhattan	203	98.03		18,230,000.00	5.70	6-Jun-18	30-Jun-48		tegory 9	Superior
REMIC	Preservation	Dreamyard NEP	2017 Series B	Bronx	301	N/A	6,827,547.23	6,935,000.00	5.25	27-Jun-17	30-Jun-57			
REMIC	LAMP Preservation												tegory 7	N/A (1)
REMIC		ENY Resyndication	2013 Series E	Brooklyn	468	N/A	6,952,963.67	7,240,000.00	6.10	3-May-16	31-May-46	Car	tegory 9	N/A (1)
	New HOP	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2012 Series E			N/A	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00	6.10 7.00	3-May-16 8-Sep-11	31-May-46 31-Oct-41	Car Car	itegory 9 itegory 9	N/A (1) Superior (1)
N/A	New HOP	East 118th Street	2012 Series E 2015 Series B	Manhattan	468 59	N/A 100.00	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41	Car Car Car	itegory 9 itegory 9 itegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior
N/A N/A	New HOP LAMP	East 118th Street East 165th St Development	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series D	Manhattan Bronx	468 59 136	N/A 100.00 97.79	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36	Car Car Car Car	itegory 9 itegory 9 itegory 1 itegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory
N/A N/A N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP	East 118th Street East 165th St Development East Harlem South	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan	468 59	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 8,495,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43	Car Car Car Car	tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory Superior (14)
N/A N/A	New HOP LAMP	East 118th Street East 165th St Development	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series D	Manhattan Bronx	468 59 136 123	N/A 100.00 97.79	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36	Car Car Car Car Car Car	itegory 9 itegory 9 itegory 1 itegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory
N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP	East 118th Street East 165th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series H 2018 Series D	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan	468 59 136 123 178	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 2,748,160.83 (S) 4,015,000.00	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 8,495,000.00 4,900,000.00 3,290,000.00 4,015,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 12-Aug-39	Ca' Ca' Ca' Ca' Ca' Ca' Ca' Ca' Ca'	ttegory 9 ttegory 9 ttegory 1 ttegory 1 ttegory 1 ttegory 1 ttegory 8	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory
N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	East 118th Street East 165th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2011 Series G 2014 Series H 2018 Series D 2012 Series L/2010 Series E	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan	468 59 136 123	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 2,748,160.83 (S) 4,015,000.00 6,838,823.57	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,015,000.00 7,700,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-34 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41	Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai	ttegory 9 ttegory 9 ttegory 1 ttegory 1 ttegory 1 ttegory 1 ttegory 8 ttegory 9 ttegory 1 ttegory 9	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory Above Average (i)
N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	East 118th Street East 15th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series D 2014 Series B 2011 Series G 2014 Series H 2018 Series D 2019 Series J/2010 Series E 2019 Series A	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan	468 59 136 123 178 73 99	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 2,748,160.83 (S) 4,015,000.00 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,955,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,015,000.00 7,700,000.00 5,200,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41	Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai	stegory 9 stegory 9 stegory 1 stegory 1 stegory 1 stegory 8 stegory 9 stegory 9 stegory 9 stegory 9 stegory 9	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory Above Average (i) Satisfactory (1)
N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	East 118th Street East 155th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series D 2012 Series L/2010 Series E 2019 Series A 2011 Series F	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Manhattan	468 59 136 123 178 73 99	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 2,748,160.83 (S) 4,015,000.00 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16 (S) 4,983,245.48	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,950,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,015,000.00 7,700,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,100,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41	Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai Cai	tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory Above Average (i) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1)
N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	East 118th Street East 15th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series D 2014 Series B 2011 Series G 2014 Series H 2018 Series D 2019 Series J/2010 Series E 2019 Series A	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan	468 59 136 123 178 73 99	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55 7,926,025.55 2,021,181.50 2,748,160.83 (S) 4,015,000.06 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16 (S) 4,989,245.48 23,232,703.16	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,955,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,015,000.00 7,700,000.00 5,200,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41	Cai	tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory Above Average (i) Satisfactory (1)
N/A N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A Freddie Mac	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP Preservation/Section 8	East 118th Street East 15th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2011 Series G 2014 Series H 2018 Series H 2018 Series H 2018 Series H 2019 Series H 2019 Series A 2019 Series A 2019 Series A	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Staten Island	468 59 136 123 178 73 99	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 98.31	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (S) 109,458.55 7,926,025.55 2,021,181.50 2,748,160.83 (S) 4,015,000.06 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16 (S) 4,989,245.48 23,232,703.16	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 8,495,000.00 4,900,000.00 3,290,000.00 4,015,000.00 7,700,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,100,000.00 23,950,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15 1.00 6.16 1.00 5.70	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 24-Mar-16	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-42 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Apr-46 1-Jul-43 1-Jul-43	Cai	tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior Satisfactory Satisfactory (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory Above Average (i) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory Above Average Above Average Satisfactory (5)
N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A Freddie Mac N/A Freddie Mac N/A FHA Risk Share N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP MAP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP MMR Perservation/Section 8 New HOP MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236	East 118th Street East 15th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2011 Series G 2014 Series H 2018 Series H 2018 Series H 2018 Series H 2019 Series A 2011 Series F 2015 Series A 2015 Series B 2015 Series B	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Staten Island	468 59 136 123 178 73 99	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 98.31	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (5) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 2,748,160.83 (5) 4,015,000.00 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16 (5) 4,989,245.48 23,232,703.16 (5) 2,530,723.94 7,063,954.24 (5) 1,004,797.79	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,1860,000.00 1,100,000.00 8,495,000.00 3,290,000.00 4,015,000.00 7,700,000.00 5,200,000.00 23,950,000.00 2,700,000.00 7,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,000,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15 1.00 6.16 1.00	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11 12-Mar-16 29-May-13 12-Mar-19	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 13-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54	Car	tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5)
N/A N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A Freddie Mac N/A Freddie Mac N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP MEMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP MEMP LAMP MEMP MEMP MEMP MEMP MEMP MEMP MEMP M	East 118th Street East 155th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens Elliott Chelsea	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series G 2019 Series C 2019 Series A 2010 Series A 2015 Series B 2015 Series G	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Staten Island Manhattan	468 59 136 123 178 73 99 84 178 168	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 98.31 100.00	6,952,963,67 1,863,236,06 2,643,844,39 (S) 109,458,55 7,926,025,56 2,021,181,50 2,748,160,83 (S) 4,015,000,00 6,838,823,57 4,545,111,16 (S) 4,989,245,48 23,232,703,16 (S) 25,307,23,94 7,063,954,24 (S) 1,004,797,79 (S) 1,004,797,79	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 1,100,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,900,000.00 7,700,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,200,000.00 23,950,000.00 7,080,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15 1.00 6.16 1.00 5.70 3.70	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 24-Mar-16 29-May-13 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Mar-54	Car	tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 8 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (14) Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (2) Above Average Above Average Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5)
N/A N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A Freddie Mac N/A Freddie Mac N/A Freddie Mac N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP MW HOP MW HOP MW Restructuring/section 236 ML Restructuring/section 236 ML Restructuring/section 236 ML Restructuring/section 236 ML Restructuring/section 236	East 118th Street East 15th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series C 2019 Series J 2019 Series J 2019 Series A 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series G N/A 2015 Series G 2016 Series G 2016 Series G 2017 Series G 2018 Series G	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Staten Island	468 59 136 123 178 73 99	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 98.31 100.00	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (5) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16 (5) 4,989,245.48 23,232,703.16 (5) 2,530,723.94 (5) 1,004,797.79 (5) 135,600.76 (5) 1,028,813.57	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 2,186,000.00 1,100,000.00 8,9495,000.00 4,900,000.00 3,290,000.00 7,700,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,100,000.00 23,950,000.00 23,950,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15 1.00 6.16 1.00 5.70 2.58 3.70	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-0ec-11 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 12-Mar-19 29-May-13 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 131-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Jul-43 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Mar-54 1-Mar-54	Car	tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (14) Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (2) Satisfactory (5)
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A N/A Freddie Mac N/A Freddie Mac N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A REMIC	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP MAP LAMP	East 118th Street East 155th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens Elliott Chelsea Essex Terrace Apartments	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series B 2014 Series B 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series G 2019 Series A 2015 Series F 2016 Series A 2015 Series G 2016 Series G 2016 Series G 2017 Series G 2018 Series G	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx	468 59 136 123 178 73 99 84 178 168	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 98.31 100.00	6,952,963,67 1,863,236,06 2,643,844,39 (S) 109,458,55 7,926,025,56 2,021,181,50 4,015,000,00 6,838,823,57 4,545,111,16 (S) 4,989,245,48 23,232,703,16 (S) 25,307,723,94 7,063,954,24 (S) 1,004,797,79 (S) 1,028,813,57 1,316,896,35	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 1,100,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,900,000.00 3,290,000.00 7,700,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,200,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,800,000.00 1,800,000.00 1,800,000.00 1,800,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15 1.00 5.70 2.58 3.70 4.25 5.85	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-0ec-11 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 24-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-42 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-28 1-Jan-28 28-Jun-39	Cai	tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (14) Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (5)
N/A N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A Freddie Mac N/A Freddie Mac N/A Freddis Mac N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP MR WHOP MR Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 LAMP	East 118th Street East 155th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments EI Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens Elliott Chelsea Essex Terrace Apartments Fabria Houses	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series C 2019 Series C 2019 Series C 2019 Series A 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series G N/A 2015 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series G 2015 Series G 2015 Series G 2015 Series G 2016 Series G 2017 Series G 2018 Series G	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Staten Island Manhattan Brooklyn Manhattan	468 59 136 123 178 73 99 84 178 168	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 98.31 100.00	6,952,963.67 1,863,26.06 2,643,844.39 (5) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 2,748,160.83 (5) 4,015,000.00 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16 (5) 4,989,245.48 23,232,703.16 (5) 2,530,723.94 (6) 1,004,797.79 (5) 1,004,797.79 (5) 1,028,813.57 (5) 1,028,813.57 (5) 1,028,813.57 (5) 1,028,813.57 (5) 3,575,000.00	7,240,000.00 2,155,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,015,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,200,000.00 1,200,000.00 1,000	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.85 5.85 1.00 6.15 1.00 5.70 2.58 3.70 4.25 5.85	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-Dec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-19 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 12-Mar-19	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Apr-46 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Feb-28 1-Jan-28	Cai	tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (2) Satisfactory (3) Above Average (4) Above Average (5) Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (5) Above Average (1) Above Average (1) Above Average (1) Above Average (1)
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N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A N/A Freddie Mac N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236	East 118th Street East 155th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens Elliott Chelsea Essex Terrace Apartments Fabria Houses Fania Gersham Apartments First Atlantic Terminal	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series B 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series G 2016 Series G 2017 Series G 2018 Series G	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Staten Island Manhattan Brooklyn Manhattan Brooklyn	468 59 136 123 178 73 99 84 178 168 105 65 29	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 100.00 97.14 98.46 100.00 99.04	6,952,963,67 1,863,236,06 2,643,844,39 (S) 109,458,55 7,926,025,56 2,021,181,50 6,838,823,57 4,545,111,16 (S) 4,989,245,48 23,232,703,16 (S) 1,004,727,9 (S) 1,028,813,57 1,316,896,35 (S) 3,575,000,00 1,576,587,39 2,666,236,47 (S) 1,079,029,89 3,597,143,29	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 1,100,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,900,000.00 3,290,000.00 4,015,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,100,000.00 5,100,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,550,000.00 1,550,000.00 1,550,000.00 1,550,000.00 3,575,000.00 6,882,574.83 10,985,000.00 3,935,000.00 3,935,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 5.50 6.15 1.00 5.70 2.58 3.70 4.25 5.85 5.85 5.70 5.70 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.1	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-0ec-11 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 14-May-07 29-Jun-06 22-May-18 25-Feb-14	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-28 1-Jan-28 28-Jun-39 30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48	Cai	tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 2 tegory 3 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (14) Below Average (5) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (5)
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A Freddie Mac N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A LOC-Long Term Fannie Mae N/A REMIC N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP M. Restructuring/section 236 ML Restructuring LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	East 118th Street East 15th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens Elliott Chelsea Essex Terrace Apartments Fabria Houses Fania Gersham Apartments First Atlantic Terminal Forest House	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series D 2014 Series B 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series C 2019 Series J 2019 Series C 2019 Series A 2015 Series A 2015 Series B 2016 Series A 2015 Series G N/A 2015 Series G 2014 Series G 2013 Series G 2014 Series G 2013 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series G 2015 Series G 2016 Series G 2017 Series G 2017 Series G 2018 Series G 2018 Series G 2018 Series G 2018 Series B	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Staten Island Manhattan Brooklyn Manhattan Brooklyn Manhattan Manhattan Brooklyn Manhattan Brooklyn Brooklyn	468 59 136 123 178 73 99 84 178 168 105 65 29 209	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 100.00 97.14 98.46 100.00 99.04	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (5) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16 (5) 4,989,245.48 23,232,703.16 (5) 1,004,797.79 (5) 1,028,813.57 1,316,896.35 (5) 1,028,813.57 1,316,896.35 (5) 3,575,000.00 1,576,587.39 2,666,236.47 (5) 1,0796,029.89 3,597,143.29 3,597,143.29 3,597,143.29	7,240,000.00 2,185,000.00 2,860,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,900,000.00 4,015,000.00 4,015,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,200,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,050	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 6.15 1.00 2.28 3.70 2.28 3.70 4.25 5.85 5.85 6.15 5.50 6.15 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-0ec-11 12-Aug-09 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 14-May-07 29-Jun-06 22-May-18 25-Feb-14	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-32 1-Dec-41 112-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-54 1-Mar-54 1-Feb-28 1-Jun-48 1-Jun-49 1-Jun-	Cai	tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 8 tegory 8 tegory 8 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 9 teg	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (14) Superior (14) Below Average (6) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (5) Superior (1) Superior (1)
N/A N/A N/A N/A Freddie Mac REMIC N/A SONYMA REMIC N/A N/A Freddie Mac N/A Freddie Mac N/A	New HOP LAMP New HOP LAMP Preservation LAMP ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236	East 118th Street East 155th St Development East Harlem South East River Apartments East Tremont Avenue Apts Echo Apartments El Jardin de Seline Elbee Gardens Elliott Chelsea Essex Terrace Apartments Fabria Houses Fania Gersham Apartments First Atlantic Terminal	2012 Series E 2015 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series B 2014 Series B 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2014 Series G 2015 Series G 2016 Series G 2017 Series G 2018 Series G	Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Manhattan Bronx Staten Island Manhattan Brooklyn Manhattan Brooklyn	468 59 136 123 178 73 99 84 178 168 105 65 29	N/A 100.00 97.79 100.00 97.19 100.00 92.93 98.81 100.00 97.14 98.46 100.00 99.04	6,952,963.67 1,863,236.06 2,643,844.39 (5) 109,458.55 7,926,025.56 2,021,181.50 6,838,823.57 4,545,111.16 (5) 4,989,245.48 23,232,703.16 (5) 1,004,797.79 (5) 1,028,813.57 1,316,896.35 (5) 1,028,813.57 1,316,896.35 (5) 3,575,000.00 1,576,587.39 2,666,236.47 (5) 1,0796,029.89 3,597,143.29 3,597,143.29 3,597,143.29	7,240,000.00 2,135,000.00 1,100,000.00 1,100,000.00 4,900,000.00 3,290,000.00 4,015,000.00 5,200,000.00 5,100,000.00 5,100,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,700,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,000,000.00 1,550,000.00 1,550,000.00 1,550,000.00 1,550,000.00 3,575,000.00 6,882,574.83 10,985,000.00 3,935,000.00 3,935,000.00	6.10 7.00 1.00 1.00 1.25 5.35 5.85 1.00 6.15 1.00 2.28 3.70 2.28 3.70 4.25 5.85 5.85 6.15 5.50 6.15 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16 6.16	3-May-16 8-Sep-11 8-Sep-11 7-Mar-07 15-Mar-13 22-0ec-11 12-Aug-09 6-Jun-12 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 15-Feb-11 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-19 12-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 13-Mar-10 14-May-07 29-Jun-06 22-May-18 25-Feb-14	31-May-46 31-Oct-41 1-Jun-36 30-Apr-43 1-Dec-41 12-Aug-39 30-Oct-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-41 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-43 1-Mar-54 1-Jul-28 1-Jan-28 28-Jun-39 30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48 30-Jun-48	Cai	tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 1 tegory 2 tegory 3 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 9 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 7 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 1 tegory 7 tegory 9 tegory 1 tegory 7	N/A (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (1) Superior (14) Below Average (5) Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (5)

Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Occupan cy Rate	Mort	ntstanding gage Balance Subordinate en Position	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgage Interest Rate	Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Mortgage Maturity	HAP/TAC/ §236 Contract Expiration Date††	Prepayment Category (see Appendix E-2)	Physical Inspection	Foot- note
REMIC	LAMP		2013 Series D					1,016,776.81	1,305,000.00	5.95	1-Mar-07	1-Oct-36		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A N/A	LAMP	Freeman Gardens	2018 Series D 2013 Series D	Bronx	36 67	97.22 98.51		1,965,415.87	1,980,000.00	1.00 7.40	1-Mar-07 16-Jun-04	1-Oct-36 16-Jun-34		Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A REMIC	IAMP	Freeman Simpson	2013 Series D 2016 Series G	Bronx	6/	98.51		2030569.43	2390000	5.85	40291	16-Jun-34 51257		Category 8 Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	Friendly Hands Apartments	2012 Series E	Manhattan	76	98.68	(S)	4180000	4180000	1	40291	51287		Category 1	Satisfactory	
FHA 221 (d)(3)	Section 8	Fulton Park 7&8	2010 Series H	Brooklyn	209			5,223,923.58	13,780,700.00	6.25	18-Feb-86	1-Apr-25	18-Dec-29	Category 3	N/A	
N/A REMIC	HAC LAMP	Gates Ave.	N/A 2012 Series K	Brooklyn	83	100.00	(S)	4,225,000.00	4,225,000.00	1.00 5.50	26-Apr-89 24-Mar-16	1-May-21 30-Jul-45		Category 1	Satisfactory	(4)
N/A	LAMP	Gateway Elton II	2012 Series K 2016 Series G	Brooklyn	175	98.29	(5)	9,161,941.66 11,375,000.00	9,610,000.00 11,375,000.00	1.00	24-Mar-16 24-Mar-16	30-Jul-45 30-Jul-45		Category 7 Category 1	Above Average Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP	outeway Error ii	2014 Series C	Di GOKIYII	175	30.23		17,532,950.80	18,010,000.00	5.75	5-Jun-17	29-Feb-48		Category 7	Above Average	
N/A	LAMP	Gateway Elton III	2017 Series G	Brooklyn	287	99.30	(S)	4,305,000.00	4,305,000.00	1.00	5-Jun-17	29-Feb-48		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2010 Series J					1,692,111.88	2,670,000.00	5.15	8-May-14	1-Jun-44		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP	Gateway Elton Street	2016 Series F 2014 Series H	Brooklyn	197	98.98	(c)	3,380,000.00 12,805,000.00	3,380,000.00 12,805,000.00	5.15 1.00	8-May-14 8-May-14	1-Jun-44 1-Jun-44		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)(6)
N/A	New HOP	Genesis Cornerstone	2014 Series B	Manhattan	86			6,450,000.00	6,450,000.00	1.00	30-Mar-12	29-Jun-41		Category 1	Satisfactory	(14)
REMIC	Preservation	Genesis Year 15 Resyndication	2015 Series D/2014 Series I	Manhattan	358			4,456,492.71	4,500,000.00	5.70	5-Sep-18	31-Jul-48		Category 9	N/A	
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	George Hardy St Francis Apartments	2012 Series F	Bronx	204			13,151,146.33	13,980,000.00	5.15	25-Aug-15	11-Oct-45	30-Sep-32	Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	Preservation	Glendale Portfolio	2019 Series F	Queens	72	N/A	1	9,475,000.00	9,475,000.00	5.30	28-Jun-19	31-Jul-59		Category 7	N/A	
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring ML Repair Loan	Goddard Riverside	2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2008 Series E	Manhattan	194	98.97	/c\	1,789,664.37 41,934.15	2,419,560.09 1,505,859.77	6.50 6.25	29-Dec-04 13-Sep-06	31-Jan-35 1-Sep-19		Category 11 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(-)
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	Goddard Riverside	2010 Series J	ividililattali	154	30.37	(3)	2.372.233.14	4.470.000.00	5.15	16-Jul-12	22-Dec-42	31-Dec-30	Category 8	Satisfactory	
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	Good Neighbor Apartments	2016 Series F	Manhattan	118	99.15	<u> </u>	5,250,000.00	5,250,000.00	5.15	16-Jul-12	22-Dec-42	31-Dec-30	Category 8	Satisfactory	(i)(6)
FHA 223 (f)	Section 236	Goodwill Terrace	2008 Series K	Queens	207)	26,231.09	3,606,100.00	8.50	31-Jul-79	1-Aug-19		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	ML Restructuring		2015 Series A					4,570,714.07	6,085,757.00	6.50	25-May-05	30-Jun-35		Category 11	Satisfactory	(5)
N/A SONYMA	ML Restructuring LAMP Preservation	Gouverneur Gardens Greene Avenue Senior Housing	2011 Series F 2011 Series G	Manhattan Brooklyn	782 150	100.00 98.67		4,219,453.28 1,213,942.46	5,063,258.00	6.25 5.35	29-Nov-12 28-Jan-14	1-Jun-35 31-Jan-44		Category 8 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
REMIC	ELLA	Greene Avenue Senior Housing	2011 Series G 2015 Series A	BIOOKIYII	130	56.07		3.530.455.50	3,575,000.00	5.40	29-Mar-18	31-Mar-48		Category 9	Above Average	
N/A	ELLA	Greenpoint Landing F2	2018 Series A	Brooklyn	103	N/A	(S)	6,695,000.00	6,695,000.00	1.00	29-Mar-18	31-Mar-48		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series C					4,098,421.22	4,230,000.00	5.55	22-Mar-17	30-Jun-47		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Greenpoint Landing G2	2014 Series C	Brooklyn	93	98.92	(S)	6,045,000.00	6,045,000.00	1.00	22-Mar-17	30-Jun-47		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC N/A	Mixed Income Mixed Income	Greenpoint Landing Site E3	2014 Series G 2017 Series G	Brooklyn	98	96,94	(c)	7,391,967.04 7.350.000.00	7,575,000.00 7.350.000.00	5.75 1.00	30-Aug-17 30-Aug-17	31-Aug-47 1-Sep-47		Category 9 Category 1	Superior Superior	
N/A	PI P	HP Plaza LP	2008 Series E	Manhattan	86			818,229.31	2,900,000.00	6.90	29-Sep-04	29-Sep-22		Category 1	Satisfactory	
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Hamilton Housing	2015 Series D	Manhattan	174)	1,168,989.88	3,552,084.96	6.50	23-Sep-05	1-Oct-35	1-Oct-22	Category 11	Above Average	(5)(10)
N/A	LAMP	Harlem Dowling	2018 Series A	Manhattan	60		(S)	3,900,000.00	3,900,000.00	1.00	29-Aug-17	31-Aug-47		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	LAMP		2012 Series F					2,410,772.09	2,540,000.00	5.15	23-Feb-16	20-May-45		Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A REMIC	LAMP	Harlem RBI	2016 Series G 2011 Series E/2010 Series L-2-B	Manhattan	89	100.00) (S)	5,785,000.00 8.063.139.52	5,785,000.00 8.670.000.00	1.00 5.35	23-Feb-16 5-Nov-14	20-May-45 31-Oct-44	E Nov 44	Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A	IAMP	Harlem River Point North	2011 Series B 2010 Series L-2-B	Manhattan	173	97.69	(S)	11.245.000.00	11.245.000.00	1.00	5-Nov-14	31-Oct-44	3-1404-44	Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP		2012 Series D				ν-/	4,913,812.47	5,290,000.00	5.50	23-Sep-14	1-Nov-44		Category 9	Superior	
N/A	LAMP	Harlem River Point South Apartments	2015 Series B	Manhattan	140	99.29		9,100,000.00	9,100,000.00	1.00	23-Sep-14	1-Nov-44		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC Freddie Mac	New HOP LAMP/Section 8	Harriet Tubman Gardens Haven Plaza	2014 Series D 2011 Series G	Manhattan Manhattan	74 186			4,666,516.84 2.137.127.08	5,920,000.00 4.840.000.00	4.25 5.50	9-Oct-03 5-Dec-13	1-Nov-28 1-Oct-43	4.4. 24	Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	Hewitt House Apartments	2011 Series G 2012 Series B	Bronx	83			4.565.000.00	4,840,000.00	1.00	3-Dec-13	3-Oct-48	1-10101-51	Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP	newitt nouse / partinents	2014 Series C	DIOTA	- 05	37.33	, (5)	8,809,531.48	8,885,000.00	5.75	1-Nov-18	30-Jun-47		Category 7	Superior	
N/A	New HOP	High Hawk Apartments	2019 Series E	Bronx	73	N/A	(S)	6,205,000.00	6,205,000.00	1.00	1-Nov-18	30-Jun-47		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	LAMP		2011 Series J					4,310,654.21	4,600,000.00	5.35	14-Apr-15	1-Nov-44		Category 9	Above Average	(1)
N/A	LAMP LAMP	Highbridge Overlook	2011 Series J	Bronx	155 136	100.00		10,075,000.00	10,075,000.00	1.00	14-Apr-15	1-Nov-44		Category 1	Above Average	
N/A REMIC	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Hoe Avenue Apartments Hoewood Point	2018 Series D 2012 Series D	Bronx	80			5,376,991.02 2,390,873.59	6,270,000.00 2,570,000.00	1.00 5.50	15-Feb-07 21-Oct-14	31-Mar-37 31-Oct-44		Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory N/A	(1)
Fannie Mae	Preservation/Section 8	Hunts Point Peninsula Apartments	2015 Series D	Bronx	165			15,362,897.94	15,720,000.00	6.15	1-Dec-16	1-Dec-46	1-Dec-46	Category 7	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP		2013 Series B/2011 Series E					708,045.79	780,000.00	5.35	28-Aug-13	31-Oct-43		Category 9	Superior	
N/A	LAMP	Intervale Independent Seniors	2015 Series B	Bronx	48	95.83						31-Oct-44				
REMIC N/A	LAMP				40	33.03	(S)	3,120,000.00	3,120,000.00	1.00	28-Aug-13			Category 1	Superior	
		I	2015 Series B	0			, ,	1,094,299.46	1,335,000.00	5.50	15-Apr-09	30-Jun-37		Category 8	Satisfactory	(1)
	LAMP	Jacobs Place	2018 Series D	Bronx	63	96.83	, ,	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00	5.50 1.00	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09	30-Jun-37 1-May-39		Category 8 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A N/A		Jacobs Place Jefferson Tower		Bronx Manhattan			(S)	1,094,299.46	1,335,000.00	5.50	15-Apr-09	30-Jun-37		Category 8 Category 1 Category 11	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A N/A SONYMA	LAMP ML Restructuring ML Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8		2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series A		63	96.83	(S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40	29-Dec-20	Category 8 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii)
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share	LAMP ML Restructuring ML Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 ML Restructuring/Section 8	Jefferson Tower	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F	Manhattan	63	96.83	(S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52		Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5)
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP ML Restructuring ML Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 ML Restructuring/Section 8 ML Restructuring/Section 236	Jefferson Tower	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E	Manhattan	63	96.83	(S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00 3,760,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-25		Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5) (5)
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A	LAMP ML Restructuring ML Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 ML Restructuring/Section 13 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series I 2019 Series F/2011 Series F 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E	Manhattan Brooklyn	63 190 150	96.83 100.00 98.00	(S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00 3,760,000.00 1,565,654.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52		Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7	Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5) (5) (5)
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP ML Restructuring ML Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring ML Restructuring	Jefferson Tower	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2017 Series E	Manhattan	63	96.83	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00 3,760,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52		Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7	Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5) (5) (5) (5)
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring/Section 236	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2013 Series I 2015 Series F/2011 Series F 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2017 Series E 2015 Series E 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E/2011 Series F	Manhattan Brooklyn	63 190 150	96.83 100.00 98.00	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 10,463,776.26 1,898,819.25	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00 3,760,000.00 1,565,654.00 10,640,000.00 2,715,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.70	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Jun-26	1-Sep-30	Category 8 Category 11 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7	Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2017 Series E 2015 Series E	Manhattan Brooklyn Bronx	63 190 150	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 10,463,776.26 1,898,819.25 1,017,760.14	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00 3,760,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 10,640,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,039,683.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.70 4.58	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Jun-26 30-Sep-52	1-Sep-30	Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7	Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A N/A RHA Risk Share N/A N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E	Manhattan Brooklyn Bronx	63 190 150 311	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 10,463,776.26 1,898,819.25 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 3,760,000.00 1,565,654.00 10,640,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,039,683.00 1,695,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.70 4.58	15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30	Category 8 Category 1 Category 1 Category 7	Satisfactory	(1) (5) (6) (iii) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5)
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers Kent Village	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2017 Series E 2015 Series E	Manhattan Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Brooklyn	63 190 150 311 302 534	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.02	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 10,463,776.26 1,898,819.25 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15 5,280,539.66	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804,96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 1,0640,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,039,683.00 1,695,000.00 7,020,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 4.58 3.75 5.00	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 17-Sep-17 1-May-14	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30	Category 8 Category 1 Category 1 Category 7 Category 8	Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5
N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A N/A RHA Risk Share N/A N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E	Manhattan Brooklyn Bronx	63 190 150 311	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 10,463,776.26 1,898,819.25 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 3,760,000.00 1,565,654.00 10,640,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,039,683.00 1,695,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.70 4.58	15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30	Category 8 Category 1 Category 1 Category 7 Category 8 Category 8 Category 7	Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring/Section 236 LAMP/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 LAMP/Section 8 MI. Restructuring	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers Kent Village Kings County Senior Residence	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2015 Series B 2015 Series B	Manhattan Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Brooklyn Brooklyn	63 190 150 311 302 534 173	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 1,0463,776.26 1,898,819.25 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15 5,280,539.66 10,781,703.48 578,392.87 496,526.09	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 3,760,000.00 3,760,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 10,640,000.00 1,039,683.00 1,039,683.00 1,039,683.00 1,039,683.00 1,039,683.00 1,839,600.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.70 4.58 3.75 5.00 2.97 6.50	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Jun-26 30-Sep-52 30-Jun-26 31-Jun-47 31-Jan-35 30-Sep-44	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30	Category 8 Category 1 Category 1 Category 7 Category 9	Satisfactory	(1) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5
N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share GNMA N/A SONYMA LOC-Long Term	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers Kent Village Kings County Senior Residence Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Court	2018 Series D 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2015 Series I 2015 Series F/2011 Series F 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2011 Series G 2015 Series E 2011 Series G 2015 Series B	Manhattan Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Brooklyn Brooklyn Bronx Bronx	311 302 534 173 105 98	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A 100.00 97.96	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 10,463,776.26 1,898,819.25 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15 5,280,539.66 10,781,703.48 578,392.87 496,526.09 4,168,590.38	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,644,804,96 1,447,795.00 2,8,675,000.00 3,760,000.00 3,760,000.00 2,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,039,683,000 1,695,000.00 7,020,000.00 781,967,27 880,000.00 781,967,27	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.70 4.58 3.75 5.00 2.97 6.50 5.35	15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 27-Sep-17 37-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 37-Sep-17 37-Sep	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 31-Jul-48 1-Jan-47 31-Jan-35 30-Sep-44	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30	Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 7 Category 8 Category 8 Category 1 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Above Average	(1) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share GNMA N/A SONYMA LOC-Long Term N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers Kent Village Kings County Senior Residence Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Court Kingsbridge Court Kingston Heights	2018 Series D 2014 Series I/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2017 Series B 2017 Series B 2017 Series B 2017 Series B	Bronx Brooklyn Bronx Brooklyn Brooklyn Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	311 302 534 173 105 98	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A 100.00 97.96	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 10,463,776.26 1,898,819.25 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15 5,280,539.66 10,781,703.48 578,392.87 496,526.09 4,168,590.38 477,167.45	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 1,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,339,683.00 1,695,000.00 1,339,683.00 1,695,000.00 4,925,000.00 4,925,000.00 6,925,000.00 6,925,000.00 6,900.00 6,900.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.570 3.70 4.58 4.58 3.75 5.00 2.97 6.50 5.70 1.00	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 27-Sep-17 27-Sep	30-lun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 31-Jul-48 1-Jan-47 31-Jan-35 31-Jan-35 31-Jan-35 31-Jan-36	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30 1-Apr-25	Category 8 Category 1 Category 1 Category 11 Category 7 Category 8 Category 8 Category 7 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Above Average Above Average Above Average	(1) (5) (5) (iii) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (6) (6)
N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share N/A N/A SHA RISK Share N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring LAMP/Section 8 MI. Restructuring LAMP Preservation LAMP Preservation LAMP Preservation	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers Kent Village Kings County Senior Residence Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Court	2018 Series D 2018 Series I 2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2013 Series I 2015 Series F 2015 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2017 Series B 2013 Series B 2013 Series B 2013 Series D 2013 Series D 2013 Series D 2013 Series D	Manhattan Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Brooklyn Brooklyn Bronx Bronx	311 302 534 173 105 98	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A 100.00 97.96	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299,46 2,750,555,67 1,216,604,70 145,368,80 5,161,497,67 2,531,749,29 1,532,640,40 2,951,927,50 10,463,776,26 1,107,760,14 1,137,483,15 5,280,539,68 10,781,703,48 578,392,87 4,168,590,38 477,167,45 18,694,380,11	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,847,000.00 2,847,000.00 2,847,000.00 3,760,000.00 3,760,000.00 3,000,000.00 2,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,648,000.00 7,020,000.00 14,800,996.00 14,800,996.00 4,925,000.00 4,925,000.00 20,420,000.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.25 6.20 3.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.75 4.58 3.75 5.00 2.97 6.50 5.35 5.70	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 28-Jun-05 29-Dec-04 23-Jul-14 5-Mar-10 5-Mar-10 5-Mar-10 5-Mar-10	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Jun-26 30-Sep-52 30-Jun-26 30-Sep-22 31-Jul-48 1-Jan-47 31-Jan-35 30-Sep-42 1-Jan-47 31-Jan-35 30-Sep-40 31-Mar-44	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30 1-Apr-25	Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 11 Category 7 Category 8 Category 11 Category 11 Category 9	Satisfactory Satis	(1) (5) (5) (6) (6) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (6) (6) (7) (8)
N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA LOC-Long Term N/A N/A N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers Kent Village Kings County Senior Residence Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Court Kingsbridge Court Kingston Heights	2018 Series D 2014 Series I/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2015 Series E 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2015 Series B 2014 Series G 2017 Series B 2017 Series B 2017 Series B 2017 Series B	Bronx Brooklyn Bronx Brooklyn Brooklyn Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	311 302 534 173 105 98	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A 100.00 97.96	(S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 10,463,776.26 1,898,819.25 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15 5,280,539.66 10,781,703.48 578,392.87 496,526.09 4,168,590.38 477,167.45	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 28,675,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 1,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,339,683.00 1,695,000.00 1,339,683.00 1,695,000.00 4,925,000.00 4,925,000.00 6,925,000.00 6,925,000.00 6,900.00 6,900.00	5.50 1.00 6.50 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.570 3.70 4.58 4.58 3.75 5.00 2.97 6.50 5.70 1.00	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 27-Sep-17 27-Sep	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 31-Jun-26 30-Sep-52 31-Jun-26 30-Sep-52 31-Jun-35 30-Sep-34 1-Jan-47 1-Jan-47 1-Jan-47 1-Apr-40 1-Apr-40 31-Mar-44 31-May-48	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30 1-Apr-25	Category 8 Category 1 Category 1 Category 1 Category 7 Category 8 Category 7 Category 8 Category 9	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Above Average Above Average Above Average	(1) (5) (5) (6) (6) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (6) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (9) (1) (1) (1)
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LIAMP LIAM	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Keity Towers Kent Village Kings County Senior Residence Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Court Kingston Heights LMLD Citywide La Casa Del Mundo	2018 Series D 2018 Series I 2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2013 Series I 2015 Series I 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2014 Series E 2015 Series B 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2016 Series E 2017 Series B 2017 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series H/2019 Series B 2019 Series B	Bronx Brooklyn Bronx Brooklyn Bronx Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	311 302 534 173 105 98 132 662	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A 100.00 97.96 99.24 99.70	(S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15 5,280,539.66 1,0781,704.84 5,783,92.87 496,526.09 4,168,590.38 477,167.45 18,694,380.11 5,716,892.19 6,688,028.47 6,6688,028.47 6,6004,646.98	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,644,804,96 1,447,795.00 3,760,000.00 3,760,000.00 2,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,039,683.00 7,020,000.00 7,020,000.00 7,020,000.00 7,020,000.00 7,020,000.00 5,760,000.00 5,760,000.00 5,760,000.00 6,630,000.00 6,631,000.00	5.50 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 0.00 2.97 6.50 5.70 1.00 5.70 2.97 5.70 2.97 6.50 5.70 6.50 5.70 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.5	15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 27-Sep-17 28-Jul-14 28-Jun-04 28-Jul-14 28-Nov-18 28-Nov-18 28-Nov-18 28-Nov-18	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 31-Jul-48 1-Jan-47 31-Jan-35 30-Sep-40 1-Apr-40 1-Apr-40 31-Mar-44 31-Aug-48 31-Aug-48 31-Aug-48 31-Aug-48	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30 1-Apr-25	Category 8 Category 1 Category 1 Category 7 Category 8 Category 7 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 7 Category 7 Category 7 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 7	Satisfactory Superior Superior Superior Superior Superior	(1) (5) (5) (6) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (6) (6) (7) (8) (9) (1) (1) (16)
N/A N/A N/A N/A SONYMA FHA Risk Share N/A N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 LAMP/Section 8 MI. Restructuring LAMP LAMP ELIA LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Kelly Towers Kent Village Kings County Senior Residence Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Court Kingsbridge Tourt Kingsbridge Court Kingsbridge Court	2018 Series D 2014 Series I/2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2019 Series I 2019 Series A 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series E/2011 Series F 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2015 Series B 2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2015 Series B 2013 Series D 2018 Series E 2018 Series E 2018 Series B 2019 Series B 2019 Series B 2019 Series B 2019 Series B	Bronx Brooklyn Bronx Brooklyn Bronx Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	311 302 534 173 105 98 132 662	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A 100.00 97.96 99.24 99.70	(S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,7216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 1,898,819.25 1,017,60.14 1,137,483.15 5,280,539.68 10,781,703.48 578,392.87 4,168,590.38 477,167.45 18,688,028.47 6,004,646.98 5,716,892.19 6,688,028.47 6,004,646.98	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 1,644,804.96 1,447,795.00 6,000,000.00 2,8,675,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 1,565,654.00 3,000,000.00 1,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,039,683.00 1,695,000.00 14,800,996.00 781,967.27 880,000.00 4,925,000.00 6,630,000.00 6,630,000.00 6,630,000.00 6,730,	5.50 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.85 3.75 5.00 2.97 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.50 5.5	15-Apr-09 15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 26-May-10 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-17 27-Sep-10 28-Jun-05 29-Dec-04 23-Jul-14 5-Mar-10 26-Feb-14 28-Nov-18 18-Nov-18 15-May-12 15-May-12	30-lun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 31-Jul-48 1-Jan-47 31-Jan-35 30-Sep-44 1-Apr-40 1-Apr-40 31-Mar-44 31-May-42 1-May-42 1-May-42	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30 1-Apr-25	Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 11 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Above Average Satisfactory Satisfactory Satisfactory Superior	(1) (5) (5) (6) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5
N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP MI. Restructuring MI. Repair Loan LAMP Preservation/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 8 MI. Restructuring/Section 236 MI. Restructuring LAMP Preservation LAMP LAMP LAMP LIAMP LIAM	Jefferson Tower Jennings Hall Keith Plaza Keity Towers Kent Village Kings County Senior Residence Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Arms Kingsbridge Court Kingston Heights LMLD Citywide La Casa Del Mundo	2018 Series D 2018 Series I 2012 Series I 2012 Series I 2013 Series I 2015 Series I 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2014 Series E 2015 Series B 2015 Series E 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2015 Series B 2016 Series E 2017 Series B 2017 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series B 2018 Series H/2019 Series B 2019 Series B	Manhattan Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Brooklyn Brooklyn Brooklyn Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx Bronx	311 302 534 173 105 98 132 662	96.83 100.00 98.00 99.36 97.02 97.00 N/A 100.00 97.96 99.24 99.70	(S)	1,094,299.46 2,750,555.67 1,216,604.70 145,368.80 5,161,497.67 28,200,078.37 28,200,078.37 2,531,749.29 1,532,640.40 2,951,927.50 1,017,760.14 1,137,483.15 5,280,539.66 1,0781,704.84 5,783,92.87 496,526.09 4,168,590.38 477,167.45 18,694,380.11 5,716,892.19 6,688,028.47 6,6688,028.47 6,6004,646.98	1,335,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,835,000.00 2,644,804,96 1,447,795.00 3,760,000.00 3,760,000.00 2,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 2,715,000.00 1,039,683.00 7,020,000.00 7,020,000.00 7,020,000.00 7,020,000.00 7,020,000.00 5,760,000.00 5,760,000.00 5,760,000.00 6,630,000.00 6,631,000.00	5.50 6.50 6.25 6.20 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 3.70 4.58 5.85 5.70 0.00 2.97 6.50 5.70 1.00 5.70 2.97 5.70 2.97 6.50 5.70 6.50 5.70 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.5	15-Apr-09 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 29-Dec-04 27-Sep-17 28-Jul-14 28-Jun-04 28-Jul-14 28-Nov-18 28-Nov-18 28-Nov-18 28-Nov-18	30-Jun-37 1-May-39 31-Jan-35 15-Apr-20 25-Apr-40 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 30-Sep-52 31-Jul-48 1-Jan-47 31-Jan-35 30-Sep-40 1-Apr-40 1-Apr-40 31-Mar-44 31-Aug-48 31-Aug-48 31-Aug-48 31-Aug-48	1-Sep-30 1-Sep-30 1-Apr-25	Category 8 Category 1 Category 11 Category 11 Category 7 Category 8 Category 1 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7 Category 9 Category 7 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Superior Superior Superior Superior Superior	(1) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5) (5

Supple- mental		Development	Applicable Series		No. of	Occupan	Outstanding Mortgage Balance (S)=Subordinate	Original Mortgage	Mortgage Interest	Mortgage Loan Closing	Final Mortgage	HAP/TAC/ §236 Contract Expiration	Prepayment Category (see Appendix	Physical Foot- Inspection note
Security N/A	Subsidy Program(S)†	Name Las Casas Development	Resolution 2012 Series B	Bronx	Units 227	97.36	(S) 12.485.000.00	Amount 12.485.000.00	Rate 1.00	Date 16-Dec-11	Maturity 30-Oct-40	Date††	E-2) Category 1	Satisfactory
REMIC	LAMP	eas casas bevelopment	2012 Series D	БГОПК			4,912,565.52	5,125,000.00	5.50	27-Jul-16	30-Jun-45		Category 9	Superior (1)
N/A	LAMP	Lebanon West Farms	2016 Series G	Bronx	141	98.58	(5) 5,105,000.00	9,165,000.00		27-Jul-16	28-Jun-45		Category 1	Superior
REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP	Lenox Powell Apartments	2014 Series H 2012 Series E	Manhattan	50	100.00	2396822.93 (S) 3.245.000.00	2935000 3,245,000.00	5.85 1.00	40086 30-Sep-09	50585 29-Jun-38		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory
Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Lenox Fowell Apartments	2015 Series D	ividililattali	33	100.00	2,634,532.31	7,490,187.23	6.50	28-Dec-05	31-Jan-36	1-Jun-25	Category 11	Satisfactory (5)
N/A	ML Repair Loan	Lincoln Amsterdam	2012 Series I/2011 Series F/2008	Manhattan	185	99.46		4,026,538.22	6.25	21-Aug-12	31-Jan-36		Category 7	Satisfactory (5)
	· ·		Series E											
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Linden Plaza Preservation	2010 Series G 2011 Series E/2010 Series L-2-B	Brooklyn	1527	99.15	(S) 4,572,427.95 3.887.804.22	15,000,000.00 4.220.000.00	5.20 5.35	26-May-11 29-May-14	1-Dec-22 1-Jun-44	1-Dec-22	Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory (5)
N/A	LAMP	Lindenguild Hall	2011 Series E/2010 Series E-2-B	Bronx	104	93.27		6,760,000.00		29-May-14	1-Jun-44		Category 1	Satisfactory
REMIC	ML Restructuring		2014 Series H				2,891,149.26	3,110,000.00	6.00	12-Sep-13	30-Sep-43		Category 7	Satisfactory (1)(5)
N/A	ML Restructuring	Lindville Housing	2014 Series B	Bronx	143	99.30	(-)	970,000.00		12-Sep-13	30-Sep-43		Category 1	Satisfactory (5)(14)
REMIC SONYMA	LAMP LAMP/Section 8	Livonia Commons Livonia Terrace	2013 Series E 2019 Series A	Brooklyn Brooklyn	278 173	100.00 98.84		11,330,000.00 1,880,000.00		12-May-17 31-May-11	31-Oct-47 30-Jun-41	31-May-30	Category 7	Superior (1) Satisfactory (iii)
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	Logan Gardens	2019 Series A 2014 Series H	Manhattan	104	98.08		4.230.000.00		9-Dec-08	1-Oct-36	31-Aug-31		Above Average
N/A	New HOP	Longwood Gardens	2018 Series D	Bronx	25	100.00		2,125,000.00	1.00	12-Jul-11	31-Aug-41		Category 1	Satisfactory
	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Longwood Residences	2013 Series B/2012 Series M	Bronx	321	99.69		43,675,000.00		27-Jun-13	1-May-45		Category 9	Satisfactory
SONYMA	New HOP		1998 Series B/2009 Series J				12,388,596.48	20,665,000.00	5.30	21-Feb-01	1-Oct-31		Category 8	Satisfactory (iii)
N/A	New HOP LAMP	Lotts Residence (de Sales)	2008 Series E	Manhattan	127 95	100.00 97.89		960,000.00 4,180,000.00	3.00 1.00	21-Feb-01	1-Oct-31 15-Oct-37		Category 1	Satisfactory
N/A Freddie Mac	Preservation/Section 8	Louis Nine Blvd Apt MBD Rose Ellen Smith	2018 Series D 2015 Series D	Bronx	95 47	97.89	(S) 3,190,585.30 3.228.653.48	4,180,000.00 3.300.000.00	1.00 6.38	15-Oct-07 1-Dec-16	15-Oct-37 1-Jul-45	24-lun-25	Category 1 Category 7	Satisfactory Above Average
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	MBD Silva Taylor	2013 Series D 2012 Series D	Bronx	361	97.51	5,583,348.70	6,020,000.00		28-Aug-14	30-Sep-44	2Juli-33	Category 9	Satisfactory (1)
REMIC	Preservation	MBD Year 15 Resyndication (aka Don L.W.)	2016 Series C/2016 Series E	Bronx	270	N/A	4,839,575.39	4,855,000.00		13-Mar-19	1-Mar-49		Category 9	N/A (1)
REMIC	Preservation	MHANY Portfolio	2018 Series E	Brooklyn	255	N/A		5,000,000.00	5.70	30-Nov-18	1-May-49		Category 7	N/A (1)
FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring/Section 236	A VALCE OF	2011 Series H				4,326,744.08	4,460,000.00	4.70	7-Dec-16	31-Dec-51		Category 8	Satisfactory (5)
FHA Risk Share REMIC	ML Restructuring/Section 236	MINS Plaza	2011 Series H N/A	Bronx	84	95.24	606,484.91 2.363.641.02	1,735,000.00 3.255.000.00	3.20 5.95	7-Dec-16 23-Oct-08	31-Dec-51 1-Nov-38	1-Jul-29	Category 8 Category 8	Satisfactory (5) Satisfactory (1)(12)
N/A	LAMP	MONTMAC (Unimac II)	2018 Series D	Bronx	111	100.00		4,200,000.00	1.00	23-Oct-08	1-Nov-38		Category 8	Satisfactory
REMIC	LAMP	morrisis (oriniae ii)	2011 Series J	DIGIN		100.00	8,898,725.26	9,440,000.00		25-Aug-15	30-Apr-45		Category 9	Above Average (1)
N/A	LAMP	Macedonia Plaza	2011 Series J	Queens	143	97.20	(S) 9,295,000.00	9,295,000.00	1.00	25-Aug-15	30-Apr-45		Category 1	Above Average
N/A	New HOP		2008 Series E				5,770,238.95	7,500,000.00		3-Oct-02	30-Nov-27		Category 1	Satisfactory
N/A	New HOP	Madison Park Apartments	2014 Series B	Manhattan	128	100.00		1,195,000.00		11-May-15	1-Nov-27		Category 1	Satisfactory (14)
REMIC N/A	New HOP New HOP	Madison Plaza Manhattan Court	2014 Series D 2008 Series K	Manhattan Manhattan	92 123	100.00		7,360,000.00 4,046,250.00		27-Jul-04 13-Dec-06	1-Aug-29 1-Jun-36		Category 1 Category 1	Above Average (4) Above Average
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	Mannie Wilson	2016 Series G	Manhattan	102	91.18		9,950,000.00		18-Nov-09	1-Dec-40		Category 8	Satisfactory
REMIC	LAMP		2011 Series J				3,303,722.31	3,515,000.00	5.35	1-Jun-15	30-Aug-44		Category 9	Satisfactory (1)
N/A	LAMP	Maple Mesa Apartments	2011 Series J	Bronx	59	100.00		3,835,000.00		1-Jun-15	30-Aug-44		Category 1	Satisfactory
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8		2018 Series F			00.55	14,587,304.94	15,875,000.00	7.20	20-May-10	30-Jun-45	30-Nov-28		Satisfactory (ii)
N/A REMIC	LAMP	Maria Lopez Plaza	2012 Series B 2003 Series B	Bronx	216	99.62	(S) 1,550,000.00 6.051.732.78	1,550,000.00 6.815.000.00	1.00 5.30	20-May-10 9-Aug-12	30-Jun-45 31-Jul-42		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory N/A (1)
REMIC	LAMP		2019 Series A				4,509,638,93	5,050,000.00		9-Aug-12	31-Jul-42		Category 9	N/A (1)
N/A	LAMP	Medger Evers Houses	2013 Series D	Brooklyn	308	N/A	(S) 1,878,398.00	1,878,398.00		9-Aug-12	31-Jul-42		Category 1	N/A
REMIC	LAMP		2016 Series G				2,607,236.89	3,050,000.00	5.85	23-Jun-10	28-Jun-39		Category 9	Satisfactory (1)
N/A	LAMP	Melrose Commons Site 5 Apartments	2013 Series D	Bronx	63	93.65		3,465,000.00	1.00	23-Jun-10	28-Jun-39		Category 1	Satisfactory
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	MetroEast 99th Street Mid-Bronx Apartments	2012 Series F 2012 Series L/2010 Series L	Manhattan Bronx	176 184	98.30 98.91	13,074,985.27 13.518.426.24	13,950,000.00	5.50 5.35	9-Apr-15 20-Dec-12	26-Apr-45 31-Oct-42	31-Mar-31	Category 9	Above Average (i) Satisfactory (i)
SONYMA	Preservation/Section 8	Monsignor Jarka Hall	2016 Series A	Brooklyn	64	98.44		5,950,000.00	5.70	30-Jan-18	24-Sep-47	24-Mar-36		Above Average (i)
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	Monsignor Vetro Apartments	N/A	Brooklyn	45	93.33		3,800,000.00	5.45	27-Mar-08	1-Feb-38	23-Sep-32		Satisfactory (12)
N/A	ML Restructuring	Montefiore Hospital II	2014 Series E/2012 Series I	Bronx	398	95.73		7,007,536.52	6.50	29-Dec-04	31-Jan-35		Category 11	Satisfactory (5)
REMIC	LAMP		N/A				1,245,021.38	1,490,000.00	5.70	2-Sep-09	21-Dec-38		Category 9	Satisfactory (1)(12)
N/A REMIC	LAMP Section 8	Monterey Apartments	2013 Series D 2011 Series F	Bronx	97	96.91	(S) 5,335,000.00 3,036,476.88	5,335,000.00 3,464,100.00	1.00 6.50	2-Sep-09 22-Dec-10	21-Dec-38 31-Dec-40	31-Aug-22	Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory (1)
REMIC	Section 8		2011 Series L/2010 Series K				3,343,346.61	3,900,000.00		22-Dec-10 22-Dec-10	31-Dec-40	31-Aug-22		Satisfactory (1)
N/A	Section 8	Morningside One Apts	N/A	Manhattan	109	100.00		910,900.00		22-Dec-10	31-Dec-40		Category 1	Satisfactory
REMIC	LAMP		2012 Series D				20,993,089.94	22,050,000.00	5.50	8-Feb-16	31-Dec-45		Category 9	Satisfactory (1)
N/A	LAMP	Morris Court	2016 Series G	Bronx	201	98.51		13,065,000.00		8-Feb-16	31-Dec-45		Category 1	Satisfactory
Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	LAMP/Section 8 LAMP/Section 8		2010 Series J 2016 Series F		111	99.10	586,564.15	1,755,000.00	5.15	17-Nov-10 17-Nov-10	1-Nov-40 1-Nov-40	31-Oct-30		Below Average
	N/A	Morris Heights Mews Morrisania Portfolio	2016 Series F 2014 Series G	Bronx	676		2,270,000.00 82.620.921.64	2,270,000.00		17-Nov-10 18-Dec-14	1-Nov-40 1-lan-45	31-Oct-30	Category 7 Category 9	Below Average (6) Satisfactory
REMIC	LAMP	WOTTSalla TOLLONG	1999 Series A	DIOIIX	070	37.43	1.169.706.61	1.420.000.00	5.75	26-Feb-09	1-Feb-39		Category 8	Satisfactory (1)
N/A	LAMP	Morrisania Terrace	2018 Series D	Bronx	42	100.00	(S) 2,250,397.30	2,310,000.00		26-Feb-09	1-Feb-39		Category 1	Satisfactory
REMIC	LAMP		2013 Series B				3,546,558.09	3,720,000.00	5.50	9-Mar-16	31-Mar-46		Category 9	Satisfactory (1)
N/A	LAMP	Mother Arnetta Crawford Apartments	2016 Series G	Bronx	84	100.00	(-) .,,	4,660,000.00	1.00	9-Mar-16	31-Mar-46	,	Category 1	Satisfactory
SONYMA SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8 LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Mother Zion	2010 Series J 2016 Series F	Manhattan	76	98.68	1,236,554.87 2,750,000.00	2,370,000.00 2,750.000.00	5.15 5.15	30-May-12 30-May-12	1-Jun-42 1-Jun-42	1-Jul-30	Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory (i)(10) Satisfactory (i)(6)(10)
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	Mount Sharon	2016 Series F 2014 Series C	Bronx	106			1,330,000.00		24-Aug-17	31-Aug-47	1-101-30	Category 9	Satisfactory (1)(5)(10)
		NYCHA Public Housing Preservation I LLC	2009 Series L-1/2010 Series B	Manhattan	14465	N/A	21,720,558.67	23,590,000.00	6.30	10-Sep-13	31-Oct-43		Category 9	N/A (i)
SONYMA	N/A		2010 Series A				19,808,346.62	25,325,000.00	5.10	10-Sep-13	31-Oct-41		Category 9	N/A (1)
SONYMA REMIC	N/A								5.10	40.0 40				
SONYMA REMIC REMIC	N/A N/A	NYCHA Public Housing Preservation II LLC	2010 Series A	Brooklyn	5674	N/A	2,331,670.20	3,000,000.00		10-Sep-13	31-Oct-41		Category 9	N/A (1)
SONYMA REMIC REMIC REMIC	N/A N/A LAMP	NYCHA Public Housing Preservation II LLC	2010 Series A 2010 Series J	Brooklyn	5674	N/A	814,355.39	1,450,000.00	5.20	11-Oct-13	31-Oct-43		Category 9	Satisfactory (1)
SONYMA REMIC REMIC REMIC REMIC	N/A N/A		2010 Series A 2010 Series J 2016 Series F				814,355.39 1,930,000.00	1,450,000.00 1,930,000.00	5.20 5.20	11-Oct-13 11-Oct-13	31-Oct-43 31-Oct-43		Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1)(6)
SONYMA REMIC REMIC REMIC	N/A N/A LAMP LAMP	NYCHA Public Housing Preservation II LLC Navy Green R-1	2010 Series A 2010 Series J	Brooklyn Brooklyn	112	99.11	814,355.39 1,930,000.00	1,450,000.00	5.20 5.20	11-Oct-13	31-Oct-43		Category 9	Satisfactory (1)
SONYMA REMIC REMIC REMIC REMIC N/A REMIC N/A	N/A N/A LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	Navy Green R-1	2010 Series A 2010 Series J 2016 Series F 2014 Series D 2010 Series D 2015 Series B	Brooklyn Brooklyn	112 101	99.11	814,355.39 1,930,000.00 (S) 7,280,000.00 2,281,618.57 (S) 6,565,000.00	1,450,000.00 1,930,000.00 7,280,000.00 2,510,000.00 6,565,000.00	5.20 5.20 1.00 5.75 1.00	11-Oct-13 11-Oct-13 11-Oct-13 22-May-13 22-May-13	31-Oct-43 31-Oct-43 31-Oct-43 1-Jun-43 1-Jun-43		Category 9 Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1)(6) Satisfactory Above Average (1) Above Average
SONYMA REMIC REMIC REMIC REMIC N/A REMIC N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP HTF	Navy Green R-1	2010 Series A 2010 Series I 2016 Series F 2014 Series D 2010 Series D 2015 Series B 2012 Series E	Brooklyn	112	99.11	814,355.39 1,930,000.00 (S) 7,280,000.00 2,281,618.57 (S) 6,565,000.00 2,376,553.57	1,450,000.00 1,930,000.00 7,280,000.00 2,510,000.00 6,565,000.00 3,380,000.00	5.20 5.20 1.00 5.75 1.00 6.00	11-Oct-13 11-Oct-13 11-Oct-13 22-May-13 22-May-13 25-Mar-04	31-Oct-43 31-Oct-43 31-Oct-43 1-Jun-43 1-Jun-43 17-Jun-33		Category 9 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1 Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1)(6) Satisfactory Above Average (1) Above Average Satisfactory
SONYMA REMIC REMIC REMIC REMIC N/A REMIC N/A	N/A N/A LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP LAMP	Navy Green R-1	2010 Series A 2010 Series J 2016 Series F 2014 Series D 2010 Series D 2015 Series B	Brooklyn Brooklyn	112 101	99.11	814,355.39 1,930,000.00 (s) 7,280,000.00 2,281,618.57 (s) 6,565,000.00 2,376,553.57 2,373,197.60	1,450,000.00 1,930,000.00 7,280,000.00 2,510,000.00 6,565,000.00	5.20 5.20 1.00 5.75 1.00	11-Oct-13 11-Oct-13 11-Oct-13 22-May-13 22-May-13	31-Oct-43 31-Oct-43 31-Oct-43 1-Jun-43 1-Jun-43		Category 9 Category 9 Category 1 Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory (1) Satisfactory (1)(6) Satisfactory Above Average (1) Above Average

Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Occupan cy Rate	Mor (S)	Outstanding rtgage Balance =Subordinate Lien Position	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgage Interest Rate	Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Mortgage Maturity	HAP/TAC/ §236 Contract Expiration Date††	Prepayment Category (see Appendix E-2)	Physical Inspection	Foot- note
REMIC N/A	LAMP	New Lots Plaza	2018 Series F 2018 Series F		25	100.00	(6)	3,482,567.21 4,785,000.00	3,845,000.00 4,785,000.00		17-Nov-11 17-Nov-11	1-Dec-41 1-Dec-41		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A Fannie Mae	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	New Lots Plaza	2018 Series F 2010 Series L-1	Brooklyn	86	100.00	(S)	4,785,000.00 5,168,726.46	4,785,000.00 8,760,000.00		17-Nov-11 28-Apr-11	1-Dec-41 1-Apr-41	31-Jan-25	Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory	
Fannie Mae	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	North Park Apartments	2016 Series F	Manhattan	122	99.18	8	27,240,000.00	27,240,000.00	5.35	28-Apr-11	1-Apr-41		Category 8	Satisfactory	,
Freddie Mac	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2014 Series G					36,329,147.96	38,165,000.00		18-Dec-14	1-Jan-45		Category 9	Below Average	
N/A N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236	North Shore Plaza	2014 Series G 2014 Series G	Staten Island	535	98.32	(S)	77,015.98 1,701,008.77	4,290,000.00 2,555,000.00		18-Dec-14 18-Dec-14	1-Aug-19 1-Dec-26		Category 1 Category 9	Below Average Below Average	
REMIC	Mix/Match	NOTET SHOTE THEE	2016 Series C/2016 Series E	Statemisland	333	30.32	(3)	14,040,185.97	14,055,000.00		17-May-19	1-May-49	1-060-20	Category 9	N/A	
N/A	Mix/Match		2016 Series E				(S)	4,206,266.36	4,200,000.00	2.22	17-May-19	1-May-49		Category 1	N/A	
N/A	Mix/Match Mix/Match		2016 Series E	Bronx	118		(S)	3,491,545.59	3,486,344.00		17-May-19	1-May-49		Category 1	N/A N/A	
N/A N/A	ML Repair Loan	Norwood Gardens Ocean Gate Apartments	2016 Series E 2010 Series N	Brooklyn	542	N/A 95.20		1,029,016.99 1,014,495.13	1,027,484.00 5,500,000.00	2.22	17-May-19 1-Mar-11	1-May-49 1-Aug-40		Category 7	Satisfactory	
Freddie Mac	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Oceanview	2011 Series G	Queens	328	99.39		2,648,382.61	6,420,000.00	5.35	22-Dec-11	1-Dec-41	31-Dec-33	Category 8	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	Ocelot ECW	2012 Series L/2010 Series I/2010	Bronx	119	98.32	,	2,442,033.43	2,685,000.00	5.15	20-Nov-13	24-Nov-43		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	Preservation	PACC Resyndication	Series K 2015 Series D	Brooklyn	496	N/A		9,720,917.92	10,000,000.00		11-May-17	30-Jun-47		Category 9	N/A	
N/A	LAMP	POP Bishop Boardman	2016 Series G	Manhattan	200	98.00		6,984,999.98	9,300,000.00	6.14	17-Nov-08	15-May-36	12-Feb-26	Category 7	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	POP Bishop Mugavero	2016 Series G	Manhattan	85	98.82	2	3,723,333.42	4,950,000.00		17-Nov-08	15-May-36	18-Nov-25	Category 7	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	POP Holy Spirit	2016 Series G	Manhattan	50	100.00		1,993,333.38	2,650,000.00		17-Nov-08	15-May-36		Category 7	Above Average	
N/A N/A	LAMP	POP Mary Star of the Sea POP Msgr. Burke	2016 Series G 2016 Series G	Manhattan Manhattan	100 50	96.00		5,198,333.34 2,718,333.28	6,900,000.00 3,600,000.00	6.14	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08	15-May-36 15-May-36		Category 7 Category 7	Above Average Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	POP Msgr. Campbell	2016 Series G	Manhattan	72	100.00		3,926,666.72	5,200,000.00		17-Nov-08	15-May-36		Category 7	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	POP Msgr. OBrien	2016 Series G	Manhattan	112	98.21	L	4,069,999.96	5,400,000.00	6.14	17-Nov-08	15-May-36	15-Mar-28	Category 7	Above Average	•
N/A	LAMP	POP Pope John Paul II	2016 Series G	Manhattan	60	100.00		2,818,333.36	3,750,000.00		17-Nov-08	15-May-36		Category 7	Satisfactory	
N/A N/A	LAMP	POP Sr. Lucian POP St. Brendan	2016 Series G 2016 Series G	Manhattan Manhattan	149 120	99.33		5,466,666.64 4,508,333.32	7,250,000.00 6,000,000.00	6.14	17-Nov-08 17-Nov-08	15-May-36 15-May-36		Category 7 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
SONYMA	Preservation/Section 8	PRC Andrews	2015 Series D	Bronx	248	95.97		18,275,325.55	18,800,000.00	5.70	9-May-17	31-May-47		Category 9	Satisfactory	
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	PRC Shakespeare	2013 Series B	Bronx	414	99.03	3	24,585,906.51	26,270,000.00	5.50	5-Feb-15	28-Feb-45		Category 9	Below Average	
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation	PRC Simpson Street	2012 Series L/2011 Series D	Bronx	301	98.01		14,535,139.74	16,250,000.00	5.00	20-Mar-13	30-Nov-43		Category 9	Satisfactory	
SONYMA N/A	LAMP Preservation	PRC Westchester	2012 Series D 2003 Series E	Bronx	409	96.58	5	22,969,365.38 5.612.391.75	25,120,000.00 7,420,000.00		19-Nov-13 16-May-06	31-Dec-44 22-Jun-36		Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP/HTF	Palacio del Sol	2018 Series D	Bronx	124	99.19	(S)	3,150,000.00	3,150,000.00		16-May-06	1-Jun-36		Category 1	Satisfactory	
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8		2014 Series G					11,274,524.87	11,410,000.00	5.70	19-Nov-18	31-Jul-48		Category 9	Superior	(i)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Park House	2018 Series H	Bronx	248	N/A		16,120,000.00	16,120,000.00		19-Nov-18	31-Jul-48		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC N/A	LAMP	Park West Apartments Parkview Apartments	2013 Series B 2018 Series D	Bronx Bronx	134 110	100.00		8,390,411.02 4,950,000.00	8,730,000.00 4,950,000.00		12-Sep-16 31-Jul-07	30-Jun-46 1-Dec-36		Category 9 Category 1	Above Average Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	Parkview II	2018 Series D	Bronx	88	100.00		3,960,000.00	3,960,000.00		17-Nov-08	1-Dec-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	ML Repair Loan	Penn South	2011 Series F	Manhattan	2820	N/A	٠,	15,745,002.17	17,000,000.00		24-Jun-11	31-Jul-41		Category 1		(5)(17)
REMIC	LAMP/Section 8	Phelps House	2014 Series D	Manhattan	169	95.27		9,572,612.87	12,645,000.00		20-Apr-06	29-Jun-36	45.14 22	Category 8	Above Average	
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8 LAMP Preservation	Pio-VIP Homes Plaza Borinquen	2014 Series G 2013 Series F	Bronx Bronx	184 88	95.11 97.73	1	14,553,620.12 8.156.609.36	15,200,000.00 8.390.000.00	5.70	3-May-16 1-May-17	31-Aug-47 30-Jun-46	15-May-32	Category 9 Category 9	Superior Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP Preservation	Plover Apartments	2014 Series C	Bronx	138	99.28	3	3,010,609.59	3,100,000.00		19-Apr-17	30-Apr-47		Category 9	Satisfactory	
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Prince Hall Apartments	2013 Series E	Manhattan	98	98.98	3	8,376,191.19	8,810,000.00		19-Dec-13	1-Oct-45	8-Dec-33	Category 9	Above Average	
REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP	December 4	2014 Series H 2012 Series E	Bronx	124	99.19) (c)	4,530,770.08 6,606,182.65	5,415,000.00 6,820,000.00	5.75	13-Oct-09 13-Oct-09	1-Dec-37 1-Jan-38		Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	Prospect Avenue	2011 Series E/2010 Series L-2-B	BIOUX	124	33.13	(5)	3,752,310.76	4,060,000.00		27-Aug-14	30-Sep-44	27-Aug-44	Category 1 Category 8	Above Average	
N/A	LAMP	Prospect Court	2014 Series B	Bronx	59	91.53		3,835,000.00	3,835,000.00	1.00	27-Aug-14	30-Sep-44		Category 1	Above Average	1
N/A	New HOP	Prospect Macy	2013 Series D	Bronx	63	100.00)	4,150,101.94	4,182,000.00		31-May-12	31-May-42		Category 9	Above Average	
FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP LAMP	Prospect Plaza II	2014 Series G 2017 Series G	Brooklyn	148	99.32	/c)	7,500,213.43 5,109,793.00	7,610,000.00 5,109,793.00	5.85	9-Nov-17 9-Nov-17	31-Dec-52 31-Dec-52		Category 9 Category 1	Above Average Above Average	
FHA Risk Share	LAMP	Prospect Plaza II	2017 Series G 2014 Series C	БІООКІУП	140	33.32	(3)	2,635,039.45	2,710,000.00	5.75	18-May-17	31-May-47		Category 9	Superior	
N/A	LAMP	Prospect Plaza Ph 1	2014 Series C	Brooklyn	110	100.00	(S)	4,680,000.00	4,680,000.00	1.00	18-May-17	31-May-47		Category 1	Superior	
REMIC	ELLA		2019 Series D				(5)	7,368,578.49	7,400,000.00	5.70	22-Feb-19	1-Mar-49		Category 7	N/A	
N/A N/A	ELLA ELLA	Prospect Plaza Site 3	2016 Series D 2018 Series K/2019 Series B	Brooklyn	135	N/A	(S) (S)	435,039.15 8,381,285.14	433,000.00 8,342,000.00		22-Feb-19 22-Feb-19	23-Sep-48 23-Sep-48		Category 1 Category 1	N/A N/A	
N/A	New HOP	Putnam Deegan II	2018 Series D	Bronx	44	100.00	(S)	1,401,589.47	1,430,000.00		15-Apr-09	1-Apr-35		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP	Queens Family Courthouse Apartments	2013 Series D	Queens	346	95.09	(S)	14,849,299.26	15,275,000.00	1.00	16-Apr-12	1-Jun-47		Category 1	Satisfactory	1
N/A	HAC NAL Protection	Queenswood Apartments	N/A 2014 Series E/2012 Series I	Queens	296 208	93.92		17,929,100.00	17,929,100.00		21-Mar-01	1-Apr-36		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring ELLA	RNA House	2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2016 Series C/2016 Series E	Manhattan	208	100.00	,	1,384,372.71 5,009,714.17	1,870,978.11 5,015,000.00	6.50	29-Dec-04 23-May-19	31-Jan-35 30-Jun-49		Category 11 Category 9	Satisfactory N/A	
N/A	ELLA	Randolph Houses North	2016 Series E	Manhattan	115	N/A	(S)	4,671,009.82	4,665,000.00	2.22	23-May-19	30-Jun-49		Category 1	N/A	
N/A	Preservation	Restore Housing	2019 Series F	Brooklyn	138	99.28	(S)	8,452,908.42	8,460,000.00	3.72	27-Jun-19	1-Apr-49		Category 7	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	Barr Da Flatabar C Con ()	2019 Series A	D	0.0		(6)	3,287,807.64	3,620,000.00	6.00	26-Feb-13	21-Dec-42		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A REMIC	LAMP N/A	Rev. Dr. Fletcher C. Crawford Housing Revive 103 North	2014 Series H 2012 Series L/2011 Series E	Bronx Manhattan	84 30	94.05 96.94		4,620,000.00 1.075.371.16	4,620,000.00 1.245.000.00	1.00	26-Feb-13 17-May-11	21-Dec-42 30-Apr-41		Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(1)
REMIC	LAMP	nevice 203 Horas	2011 Series C/2010 Series L-2-A	Williamottan	50	30.54		4,683,434.62	5,100,000.00		20-Mar-14	31-Mar-44		Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	Richmond Place	2011 Series C	Queens	117	89.74	(S)	7,605,000.00	7,605,000.00	1.00	20-Mar-14	31-Mar-44		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP	River Rock	2018 Series D 2012 Series B	Brooklyn	54	98.15	(c)	2,078,726.33 2,970,000.00	2,355,000.00		25-Aug-11	30-Sep-41 30-Sep-41		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
REMIC	ML Restructuring and Repair Loan	River Terrace (156-20 Riverside Dr)	2012 Series B 2008 Series F/2018 Series D	Manhattan	430	100.00	(-)	12,573,274.76	12,585,000.00		25-Aug-11 16-May-19	30-Sep-41 1-Jun-54		Category 1 Category 11	Satisfactory	
N/A	ML Restructuring	Riverbend Coop.	2014 Series E/2012 Series I	Manhattan	626	98.24		6,212,955.30	8,399,678.63	6.50	29-Dec-04	31-Jan-35		Category 11	Satisfactory	
FHA	LAMP	пічегрена соор.	2014 Series E/2012 Series 1	ivialliditali	020	50.24		276,195.57	1,000,000.00		17-Oct-13	1-Oct-51		Category 7	Above Average	
FHA	LAMP	Riverway Apartments	2016 Series F	Brooklyn	115	96.52		6,000,000.00	6,000,000.00	4.95	17-Oct-13	1-Oct-51		Category 7	Above Average	•
N/A	ML Restructuring	Rosalie Manning	2015 Series D	Manhattan	109	100.00)	712,716.02	914,615.17	6.50	8-Aug-06	1-Jul-36		Category 11	Satisfactory	(5)
REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP	Passage C. Proum	2018 Series D 2013 Series D	Propy	279	97.85	(e)	6,833,727.07 15,345,000.00	7,585,000.00 15,345,000.00	6.10	21-Aug-12	26-Jun-41 26-Jun-41		Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8	Roscoe C. Brown Rose Hill	2013 Series D 2019 Series A	Bronx Bronx	119	100.00	(-)	7,092,117.43	15,345,000.00 8,280,000.00	6.10	21-Aug-12 8-Apr-10	26-Jun-41 1-May-40	7-Mar-31	Category 1 Category 9	Above Average	
REMIC	LAMP/Certificate Program	Rubin Wolf Apartments	2013 Series B	Bronx	69	100.00		3,719,608.64	3,860,000.00		16-Nov-16	30-Jun-46	, will-31	Category 9	Above Average	

												HAP/TAC/			
S1-			A		No.	0	Outstanding	e Original	Mantana	Mortgage Loan	Final	§236 Contract	Prepayment	Physical	Foot-
Supple- mental		Development	Applicable Series		of	Occupan cy	Mortgage Balan (S)=Subordinat		Mortgage Interest	Closing	Mortgage	Expiration	Category (see Appendix	Inspection	note
Security REMIC	Subsidy Program(S)† MI Restructuring	Name	Resolution	Borough	Units	Rate	Lien Position	Amount	Rate	Date	Maturity	Date††	E-2)	Catiofastan	(E)(10)
N/A	ML Restructuring ML Restructuring/Section 236	Ruppert House Coop	2008 Series K 2008 Series K	Manhattan	652	99.54	7,093,702. (S) 2,730,851.			21-Sep-78 27-Jun-18	1-Jun-48 1-Aug-25	1-Aug-25	Category 7 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Scheuer Gardens	2013 Series B	Bronx	116	97.41	7,353,350.	7,800,000.0	00 5.50	27-Jul-15	27-Mar-45	26-Jun-33	Category 9	Above Average	e (i)
SONYMA FHA Risk Share	LAMP Preservation/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8	Scheuer Plaza	2013 Series B 2016 Series C	Bronx	100	100.00	7,928,449. 14274822			27-Jul-15 43678	27-Mar-45 54666	26-Jun-33	Category 9 Category 9	Above Average N/A	(i)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Seaview Site C	2016 Series E	Staten Island	161	N/A				1-Aug-19	31-Aug-49		Category 1	N/A	
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236	Seaview Towers	2011 Series F/2008 Series E	Queens	460	98.04				24-Aug-12	1-Jan-37		Category 7	Satisfactory	(5)
Fannie Mae N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236 ML Repair Loan	Second Atlantic Terminal	2015 Series D/2015 Series B 2012 Series I	Brooklyn	296	99.66	4,099,554. (S) 5,657,210.			23-Sep-05 27-Apr-11	31-Oct-35 30-Apr-41	1-Apr-26	Category 11 Category 7	Below Average Below Average	
REMIC	LAMP	Second Addition Ferning	2012 Series L/2010 Series E	Бгооктуп	250	33.00	4,771,252		00 5.50	29-May-13	29-May-43		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	Sedgcliff	2014 Series D	Bronx	128	97.66				29-May-13	29-May-43		Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP	Self Help KVII	2013 Series B/2010 Series K 2015 Series B	Queens	92	100.00	5,004,919. (S) 5,980,000.			20-Feb-14 20-Feb-14	30-Sep-43 30-Sep-43		Category 9 Category 1	Superior Superior	1
REMIC	LAMP/HAC	Selfhelp (KIV) Apartments	2016 Series G	Queens	159	95.60	3,375,399.	6,900,000.0	00 5.66	12-Nov-08	1-Dec-38	1-Feb-36	Category 9	Above Average	
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	Selfhelp Houses	2014 Series H	Queens	150	98.67	4,715,815.				29-Sep-22	26-Dec-25	Category 9	Satisfactory	<u> </u>
FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8		2015 Series G 2016 Series D				16,034,399. (S) 9,638,648.			20-Mar-19 20-Mar-19	28-Feb-54 28-Feb-54		Category 9 Category 1	Superior Superior	, 1
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Serviam Heights	2019 Series B	Bronx	197	N/A	(S) 2,324,284.	2,314,000.0	00 2.58	20-Mar-19	28-Feb-54		Category 1	Superior	-
SONYMA	LAMP		2018 Series F		450	97.50	5,500,163.			27-Sep-11	1-Oct-41		Category 9	Above Average	
N/A		Serviam Towers	2012 Series E 2002 Series C/2008 Series E/2016	Bronx	160	97.50	(-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -			27-Sep-11	1-Oct-41		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC	New HOP		Series G				12,521,700			15-Nov-13	30-Jun-45		Category 7	Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP LAMP/LIRP	Shakespeare Place Silverleaf	2018 Series D	Bronx	127 118	90.55 94.92				15-Nov-13 27-Feb-07	30-Sep-45 1-Mar-37		Category 1	Satisfactory	
N/A Freddie Mac	LAMP/LIRP LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Silverleat Sinclair Apartments	2018 Series D 2012 Series K	Bronx Manhattan	118 81	94.92	(S) 6,490,000. 12,034,272.			27-Feb-07 21-Dec-12	1-Mar-37 1-Jan-43	20-Dec-32	Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	Soundview Family	2013 Series B	Bronx	120	96.67	5,876,147.	6,090,000.0	00 5.50	15-Dec-16	31-Aug-46		Category 7	Above Average	(1)
SONYMA Fannie Mae	LAMP/Section 8 LAMP Preservation	Soundview Senior Southern Boulevard Apartments	2013 Series E 2012 Series D	Bronx Bronx	86 370	96.51 99.73	7,144,551. 34,966,319.			16-May-17 28-Jun-12	19-Jul-46 1-Jul-44	15-Oct-31		Superior Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP	Southern Boulevard Apartments	2012 Series D 2019 Series A	Вгопх	370	99.73	24.336.225			26-Jun-12 16-Apr-12	25-Jun-40		Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP	St. Anns Terrace ABH	2015 Series B	Bronx	166	100.00				16-Apr-12	25-Jun-40		Category 1	Satisfactory	,
REMIC N/A	LAMP LAMP	St. Anns Terrace CDE	2019 Series A 2014 Series B	Bronx	314	98.41	19,823,328. (S) 19,270,000.			16-Apr-12	25-Jun-47 25-Jun-47		Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	LAMP	St. Anns Terrace CDE	2014 Series B 2010 Series D	Bronx	314	98.41	7.126.203.			16-Apr-12 24-Jan-13	25-Jun-47 29-Sep-42		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	St. Anns Terrace FG	2014 Series D	Bronx	161	96.89	(S) 10,465,000		00 1.00	24-Jan-13	29-Sep-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	,
SONYMA	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	St. Lucys Apartments	2012 Series D	Manhattan	100					5-Nov-14	30-Nov-44	21 4 27	Category 9	Satisfactory	(i)
SONYMA REMIC	LAMP Preservation/Section 8 LAMP	St. Lukes Housing for the Elderly	2011 Series J 2014 Series H	Bronx	81	100.00	4,762,314. 4,726,274.			12-Nov-13 10-Dec-15	31-Dec-43 1-Jan-51	31-Aug-27	Category 9 Category 9	Above Average Satisfactory	(1)
N/A	LAMP	St. Peters Avenue Apts (ABEKEN II)	2016 Series G	Bronx	58	96.55	(S) 3,374,409.	3,190,000.0	00 2.58	10-Dec-15	1-Jan-51		Category 1	Satisfactory	(16)
FHA Risk Share N/A	LAMP	Stanley Commons	2018 Series E 2018 Series H	Dan alaban	240	N/A	9,407,594. (S) 15,000,000			17-Aug-18	30-Jun-47 30-Jun-47		Category 9	Above Average Above Average	
REMIC	New HOP	Stanley Commons	2018 Series FI 2010 Series D	Brooklyn	240	IV/A	6.894.324.	//		17-Aug-18 14-May-13	29-Jun-42		Category 1 Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A	New HOP	Stapleton Court	2014 Series B	Staten Island	92	98.91			00 1.00	14-May-13	29-Jun-42		Category 1	Satisfactory	(14)
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring/Section 236 New HOP	Stevenson Commons	2015 Series E 2014 Series G	Bronx	947	94.40	(S) 5,087,265. 10,281,098.			29-Jun-17 5-Apr-18	31-Jan-36 31-Dec-47	1-Jan-26	Category 11	Satisfactory Above Average	
N/A	New HOP	Strivers Plaza	2014 Series G 2018 Series A	Manhattan	54	N/A				5-Apr-18	31-Dec-47		Category 7 Category 1	Above Average	: (1)
REMIC	LAMP		2014 Series G				1,797,222.	59 1,825,000.0	00 5.70	12-Apr-18	31-Dec-47		Category 9	Superior	
N/A N/A	LAMP New HOP	Summit Ridge Apartments Susans Court (454 Manhattan Avenue)	2018 Series A 2013 Series D	Bronx Manhattan	58 125	100.00 96.80	(5) 5,770,000.			12-Apr-18 17-Aug-10	31-Dec-47 1-Nov-39		Category 1 Category 1	Superior Above Average	
N/A	PLP	TPT Findlay Avenue	2008 Series K	Bronx	20					15-Mar-10	1-Apr-30		Category 8	Below Average	
Fannie Mae	Preservation	Tahl Propp Sec 8 Preservation Portfolio	2016 Series C	Manhattan	549		37,808,527			26-Jun-18	1-May-48		Category 7	Below Average	2
Fannie Mae SONYMA	ML Restructuring/Section 236 LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Tanya Towers The Bridge	2008 Series F 2019 Series A	Manhattan Manhattan	138 81	96.38 100.00	3,870,621. 5,208,821.			30-Jan-09 12-Apr-12	28-Feb-39 1-Apr-41	1-Feb-24 5-Mar-30	Category 11 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	(5)
REMIC	LAMP	The bridge	2019 Series A	ivialillactali	01	100.00	1,461,844.				22-Dec-41	J-1VIBI-50	Category 9	Above Average	
N/A	LAMP	The Dempsey	2012 Series E	Manhattan	80	100.00				19-Oct-12	22-Dec-41		Category 1	Above Average	
REMIC REMIC	LAMP	The Douglass	2019 Series A 2019 Series A	Manhattan	70	100.00	5,628,313. 2,545,254.			22-Aug-12 3-Apr-13	30-Sep-49 26-Sep-41		Category 9 Category 9	Above Average Above Average	
N/A	LAMP	The Garvey	2014 Series B	Brooklyn	78	100.00	(S) 4,290,000.	00 4,290,000.0	00 1.00	3-Apr-13	26-Sep-41		Category 1	Above Average	
SONYMA	ELLA/Section 8	The Classical	2015 Series D	Danalik		***	10,936,503			27-Feb-19	28-Feb-49		Category 9	N/A	
N/A REMIC	ELLA/Section 8 New HOP	The Glenmore The Hamilton (Site 7)	2018 Series H 2014 Series D	Brooklyn Manhattan	161 77	N/A 100.00				27-Feb-19 29-Jan-04	28-Feb-49 1-Jan-29		Category 1 Category 1	N/A Satisfactory	
SONYMA	LAMP	, , , , ,	2014 Series C				12,209,811.	37 12,425,000.0	0 5.75	21-Feb-18	28-Feb-48		Category 9	Above Average	e (i)
N/A REMIC	LAMP LAMP/LIRP	The Henry Apartments	2018 Series A	Brooklyn	134	98.51					28-Feb-48		Category 1	Above Average N/A	
N/A	LAMP/LIRP	The Hobbs Cienna Court	2019 Series A 2014 Series D	Manhattan	340	N/A	17,579,822 (S) 18,700,000				30-Dec-41 30-Dec-41		Category 9 Category 1	N/A N/A	
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series D				2,659,942.	38 2,680,000.0	00 5.70	9-Nov-18	25-Jun-48		Category 9	Superior	(1)
N/A REMIC	ELLA N/A	The Pavilion at Locust Manor	2018 Series H 2013 Series D	Queens	85	N/A	(S) 5,406,134. 1.698.415.			9-Nov-18 1-May-13	25-Jun-48 30-Jun-43		Category 1 Category 9	Superior Satisfactory	
N/A	N/A	The Shelton aka St. Phillips Co-op	2013 Series D	Brooklyn	83	100.00	5,075,291.			1-May-13	30-Jun-43		Category 9 Category 9	Satisfactory	
REMIC	New HOP		2019 Series A				3,730,332.	4,190,000.0	00 6.00	9-Feb-12	31-Mar-42		Category 8	Satisfactory	
N/A N/A	New HOP New HOP	The Tiffany	2012 Series E 2014 Series D	Bronx	54	100.00	(S) 4,050,000. 5,467,554.			9-Feb-12 3-Jun-04	31-Mar-42 1-Jun-29		Category 1 Category 1	Satisfactory Satisfactory	+-
N/A N/A	New HOP	The Washington (Site 14)	2014 Series B 2015 Series B	Manhattan	104	100.00				3-Jun-04 26-Nov-13	1-Jun-29 1-Dec-43		Category 1 Category 1	Satisfactory	
FHA Risk Share	LAMP/Section 8		2012 Series K				8,907,054.	9,400,000.0	00 5.50	25-Feb-16	31-Dec-45		Category 9	Satisfactory	/
N/A REMIC	LAMP/Section 8 LAMP	The Woodlands	2016 Series G 2019 Series A	Bronx	101	96.04	(S) 5,555,000. 3,812,799.			25-Feb-16 7-Apr-10	31-Dec-45 1-May-45		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
N/A	LAMP	Tiffany Street Apartments	2016 Series G	Bronx	84	97.62				7-Apr-10 7-Apr-10	1-May-45		Category 9 Category 1	Satisfactory	
REMIC	N/A		2012 Series I				6,554,457.			28-Aug-12	30-Sep-47		Category 9	Satisfactory	(1)
N/A N/A	Section 236 ML Restructuring/Section 236	Tilden Towers II	2012 Series I 2010 Series G	Bronx	266	97.37	800,456 24,221,689			28-Aug-12 28-Oct-10	31-May-21 1-Nov-42	1-May-21 1-Dec-27	Category 9 Category 7	Satisfactory Satisfactory	
		Tivoli Towers	2010 Series G 2010 Series G	Brooklyn	313	98.40				28-Oct-10	1-Nov-42	30-Nov-27		Satisfactory	

Supple- mental Security	Subsidy Program(S)†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Occupan cy Rate	Outstandii Mortgage Bal (S)=Subordi Lien Positi	lance inate ion	Original Mortgage Amount	Mortgage Interest Rate	Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Mortgage Maturity	HAP/TAC/ §236 Contract Expiration Date††	Prepayment Category (see Appendix E-2)	Physical Inspection	Foot- note
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	Tracey Towers	2012 Series G/2012 Series I	Bronx	871	99.08			40,890,000.00		29-Sep-16	30-Sep-50		Category 7	Satisfactor	
N/A	N/A	Tremont Vyse I	2018 Series D	Bronx	24	100.00		700.05	20,548.77		17-Jun-07	1-Sep-23		Category 1	Below Averag	
N/A	N/A	Tremont Vyse III Tri Faith House	2008 Series K	Bronx Manhattan	30 148	100.00 99.32		257.25	59,182.51		20-Jul-07 29-Dec-04	1-Sep-23 31-Jan-35		Category 1	Below Averag Satisfactor	
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring New HOP	In Faith House	2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2011 Series F	Mannattan	148	33.32	1,123,6 10.337.		1,518,666.48		26-Sep-05	1-Oct-35		Category 11 Category 8	Satisfactor	
N/A	New HOP	Triangle III	2008 Series K	Manhattan	97	94.85		857.41	3152500		38621	49583		Category 1	Satisfactor	
Freddie Mac	LAMP Preservation/Section 8		2011 Series D				194,8	805.32	1,170,000.00	5.35	29-Jun-11	1-Jul-41	1-Jul-31	Category 8	Satisfactor	y
Freddie Mac	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Trinity Apartments	2016 Series F	Bronx	75	98.67	8,730,0		8,730,000.00		29-Jun-11	1-Jul-41	1-Jul-31	Category 8	Satisfactor	
N/A	ML Restructuring	Trinity House	2010 Series G	Manhattan	200	98.00		771.15	939,923.52	5.53	21-Nov-13	1-Oct-28		Category 1	Above Averag	
REMIC	New HOP	T: Lunco	2002 Series C/2018 Series I		69		10,397,4		10,480,000.00	5.10	27-Sep-18	1-Sep-53		Category 7		A (1)
N/A N/A	New HOP New HOP	Triple HDFC Twin Pines Apartments	2008 Series E 2018 Series D	Manhattan Bronx	28	N/A 100.00			2,213,296.35 1,575,000.00	2.98 1.00	27-Sep-18 30-Jul-09	1-Sep-53 30-May-37		Category 1 Category 1	Satisfactor	'A (16)
LOC-Long Term	LAMP/Section 8	Two Bridges Senior Apartments	2014 Series H	Manhattan	109	90.83			8,500,000.00		7-Dec-07	29-Mar-37	30-lun-33	Category 8	Above Averag	
REMIC	New HOP	Two bridges senior repartments	2019 Series A	- Ividimactari	103	30.03	11,852,3		13,620,000.00		9-May-12	23-Dec-41	50 3411 55	Category 8	Satisfactor	
N/A	New HOP	University Avenue Consolidated III	2012 Series I	Bronx	173	100.00			14,705,000.00		9-May-12	23-Dec-41		Category 1	Satisfactor	
N/A	LAMP	Urban Horizons II	2013 Series D	Bronx	128	98.44			7,040,000.00	1.00	9-Apr-10	1-Dec-37		Category 1	Above Averag	
REMIC	LAMP/Section 8		2012 Series K				4,202,8		4,490,000.00	5.25	23-Jan-13	23-May-45		Category 9		'A (1)
N/A	LAMP/Section 8	Utica Place	2016 Series G	Brooklyn	87	N/A	(S) 5,655,0		5,655,000.00		23-Jan-13	23-May-45	N/A	Category 1	N/	
SONYMA N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8	Van Dyke Houses	2015 Series D 2018 Series A	Brooklyn	100	100.00	7,569,2 (S) 5,042,4		7,695,000.00 4,950,000.00		30-Mar-18 30-Mar-18	31-Mar-48 31-Mar-48		Category 9	Superio	
REMIC	New HOP	van Dyke Houses	2018 Series A 2013 Series D	вгоокіуп	100	100.00	(5) 5,042,4		1.210.000.00		30-Mar-18 21-Aug-12	31-Mar-48 31-Aug-42		Category 1 Category 9	Superio Above Averag	
REMIC	New HOP	Via Verde Apartment Corporation	2013 Series D	Bronx	36	100.00			4,615,000.00		21-Aug-12	31-Aug-42		Category 9	Above Averag	
N/A	New HOP	Via Verde Rental Associates LP	2015 Series B	Bronx	76	98.68			12,835,000.00		21-Mar-13	1-Apr-43		Category 1	Above Averag	
SONYMA	New HOP/HTF		1999 Series E/2009 Series J				7,189,4		9,790,000.00	5.85	21-May-09	1-Jul-36		Category 8	Above Averag	
N/A	New HOP/HTF	Village Care	2018 Series D	Manhattan	85	92.94			2,000,000.00		21-May-09	1-Jul-36		Category 1	Above Averag	
N/A	ML Restructuring	Village East	2012 Series I/2008 Series F	Manhattan	430	98.14			5,360,000.00		14-Sep-18	30-Sep-53		Category 11	Satisfactor	
REMIC	LAMP	Walton Henwood Apartments	2019 Series A	Bronx	105	99.05			5,515,000.00		1-Dec-10	1-Jan-46		Category 9	Satisfactor	
REMIC N/A	New HOP New HOP	Washington Bridge View	2013 Series D 2013 Series D	Bronx	48	100.00		049.62	900,000.00 3,120,000.00		20-May-11 20-May-11	31-Jul-41 31-Jul-41		Category 9	Satisfactor Satisfactor	
REMIC	ML Restructuring	wasnington bridge view	2013 Series D 2014 Series H/2014 Series E/2012 Series I		46	100.00	2,832,3		2,180,000.00		18-Dec-15	1-Jan-48		Category 9 Category 7	Satisfactor	1
N/A	ML Restructuring	Washington Square SE	2014 Series H	Manhattan	175	98.29	(S) 3,135,6	514.15	3,200,000.00	5.60	18-Dec-15	1-Jan-48		Category 1	Satisfactor	v (5)
N/A	HTF	Wavecrest II	1999 Series C	Queens	123	100.00			5,600,000.00	6.00	23-Jan-03	31-Oct-31		Category 8	Satisfactor	
REMIC	LAMP	Webster Commons Building A	2012 Series K	Bronx	135	100.00		016.96	10,915,000.00	5.25	2-Mar-17	21-Jun-45		Category 9	Above Averag	e (1)
REMIC	New HOP	Webster Commons Building B	2013 Series B	Bronx	95	96.84			8,570,000.00		17-May-17	31-Mar-46		Category 8	Above Averag	
REMIC	LAMP	Webster Commons Building E	2013 Series E	Bronx	80	95.00			5,120,000.00		10-Oct-17	31-Aug-46		Category 9	Superio	
SONYMA N/A	LAMP/Section 8	W 4251 C	2019 Series A 2019 Series B		400	00.40	19,517,5 (S) 11,265,7		22,360,000.00 11,285,000.00		10-Mar-11	29-Sep-41	31-May-24	Category 9	Unsatisfactor	
REMIC	LAMP/Section 8	West 135th Street	2019 Series B 2014 Series H	Manhattan	198	98.48	2,045,0		2,470,000.00	5.85	15-May-19 1-Apr-09	1-Oct-41 30-Jun-38		Category 1 Category 8	Unsatisfactor Satisfactor	
N/A	LAMP	West 153rd Street	2018 Series D	Manhattan	84	95.24			4.675.000.00		1-Apr-09	30-Jun-38		Category 1	Satisfactor	
SONYMA	LAMP		2012 Series L/2010 Series L				26,469,5		28,640,000.00		29-Jul-14	31-May-43		Category 9	Satisfactor	
N/A	LAMP	West Farms Square	N/A	Bronx	526	98.67	(S) 1,869,4	131.15	2,300,000.00	1.00	29-Jul-14	31-May-43		Category 1	Satisfactor	у
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series D				14,749,4		14,765,000.00		10-May-19	30-Jun-48		Category 9	Above Averag	
N/A	ELLA	West Farms/Longfellow	2018 Series H/2019 Series B	Bronx	181	N/A	(S) 11,789,5		11,765,000.00		10-May-19	30-Jun-48		Category 1	Above Averag	
REMIC	LAMP		2015 Series B				2,335,9		2,870,000.00		29-Jan-09	29-Jan-39		Category 8	Satisfactor Satisfactor	
N/A N/A	LAMP LAMP	Westchester Ave	2018 Series D 2018 Series D	Bronx	70	98.57	(S) 3,667,4 (S) 922.0	118.71 084.00	3,850,000.00 922,084.00		29-Jan-09 29-Jan-09	29-Jan-39 30-Jun-37		Category 1 Category 1	Satisfactor	
REMIC	LAMP	westchester Ave	2018 Series D 2012 Series K	Bronx	/0	30.37	10,065,3		10,260,000.00		21-Feb-18	28-Feb-46		Category 1 Category 9	Satisfactor	
N/A	LAMP	Westchester Point	2014 Series B	Bronx	141	98.58			9,165,000.00		21-Feb-18	28-Feb-46		Category 1	Satisfactor	
REMIC	LAMP		2019 Series A				2,738,5		3,125,000.00		19-May-11	30-Jun-41		Category 9	Satisfactor	
N/A	LAMP	Westside Bronx Apartments	2012 Series E	Bronx	147	97.28			5,110,000.00		19-May-11	30-Jun-41		Category 1	Satisfactor	
GNMA	LAMP/Section 8	Wien House	2014 Series D	Manhattan	100	100.00			10,627,309.00		29-Dec-04	1-Jan-46		Category 8	Above Averag	,
SONYMA	LAMP/Section 8		2016 Series E/2014 Series C				3,066,5		3,110,000.00		23-May-18	30-May-48		Category 9	Above Averag	
N/A REMIC	LAMP/Section 8 ELLA	Williamsburg Apartments	2018 Series A 2016 Series C/2016 Series E	Brooklyn	53	100.00	(S) 3,445,0 3,068,5		3,445,000.00 3,075,000.00	1.00 5.70	23-May-18 2-May-19	30-May-48 31-Mar-49	30-Sep-30	Category 1	Above Averag	
N/A	ELLA		2016 Series C/2016 Series E 2016 Series E					719.47	900.000.00		2-May-19 2-May-19	31-Mar-49 31-Mar-49		Category 9 Category 1	N/	'A (1)
N/A	ELLA	Williamsburg Bridgeview	2019 Series B	Brooklyn	55	N/A	(S) 2,683,0		2,675,000.00		2-May-19	31-Mar-49		Category 1	N/	
SONYMA	New HOP		2007 Series A		33	//	22,249,2		25,690,000.00		28-Sep-10	16-Sep-40		Category 7	Satisfactor	
N/A	New HOP	Williamsburg Edge	2012 Series E	Brooklyn	347	99.71			15,615,000.00		28-Sep-10	16-Sep-40		Category 1	Satisfactor	
N/A	ML Restructuring	Woodstock Terrace	2014 Series E/2012 Series I	Bronx	319	99.69			2,248,769.10	6.50	29-Dec-04	31-Jan-35		Category 11	Satisfactor	
REMIC	LAMP		N/A				2,394,5		2,800,000.00		30-Sep-10	28-Jun-39		Category 9	Satisfactor	
N/A	LAMP	YWCA Third Avenue	2013 Series D	Brooklyn	84	97.62			4,620,000.00	1.00	30-Sep-10	1-Oct-40		Category 1	Satisfactor	У
Total	1				91,624		4,431,4	89,352	4,893,769,171							_1

Supp			Applicable				Outstanding Mortgage Balance		Mortgage	Mortgage Loan	Final		Prepayment Category (see		Foot- note
ment	al	Development	Series		of	cy	(S)=Subordinate	Mortgage	Interest	Closing	Mortgage	Expiration	Appendix	Inspection	
Secur	ty Subsidy Program(S)†	Name	Resolution	Borough	Units	Rate	Lien Position	Amount	Rate	Date	Maturity	Date††	E-2)		

- † Unless otherwise noted, Section 8 refers to the Section 8 New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation Program.
- (i) SONYMA Insurance is for fifty (50%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.
- (ii) SONYMA Insurance is for ninety-five (95%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.
- (iii) SONYMA Insurance is for one-hundred (100%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.
- (1) REMIC Insurance is for twenty (20%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.
- (2) REMIC Insurance is for twenty-five (25%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.
- (3) REMIC Insurance is for fifty (50%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development.
- (4) REMIC Insurance is for fifty-one (51%) percent of the Mortgage Loan for this Development. (5) The Mortgagor of this Development is regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law.
- (6) The loan amount set forth here represents the portion of each Mortgage Loan that is financed with a portion of the proceeds of the 2010 Series I Bonds, 2011 Series B Seri
- \$3,730,000 for the CABS Housing Development, \$39,640,000 for the Kent Village Development, \$4,180,000 for the Kingsbridge Court Development, \$7,170,000 for the Coney Island Commons Development, \$5,000,000 for 27 E. 169th Street (East Clarke) and \$7,350,000 for Courtland Crescent.
- (7) The Mortgagor of this Development is over 90 days delinquent in payment of debt service on this Mortgage Loan due to temporary financial difficulties that are in the process of being cured.
- (8) The Mortgagor of this Development has notified the Corporation of its intention to prepay this mortgage loan.
- (9) The Mortgagor of this Development has prepaid this Mortgage Loan.
- (10) The Mortgagor of this Development has received a Notice of Violation/Default of its 236 Contract from HUD because of its low inspection rating.
- (11) Subsequent to January 31, 2019, SONYMA insurance has become effective for this Mortgage Loan.
- (12) The Mortgage Loan described in the table was acquired with Recoveries of Principal or other payments available under the General Resolution. Payments, including Recoveries of Principal, relating to the outstanding Mortgage Loan may be used to redeem Bonds of any Series (except to the extent the Supplemental Resolution for a Series of Bonds prohibits such redemption) or may be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account or Revenue Account if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee.
- (13) The Corporation has restructured this mortgage loan.
- (14) This Mortgage Loan is not included in the 2014 Series B Participant Interest.
- (15) This Mortgage Loan is not included in the 2018 Series B Participant Interest.
- (16) The Mortgages pay an interest rate of 1% and the balance of the interest rate is accrued and deferred. These Mortgages are prepayable at any time.
- (17) This loan has been restructured as a surplus cash flow note. The borrower has prepayed 20.5 months Debt Service at closing; on each anniversary date the borrower will prepay one year of debt service. The restructured loan documents provide that in certain limited circumstances and only with the approval of the Comptroller of the City of New York, the debt may be extinguished at the direction of HUD.

TABLE 2: DEVELOPMENTS AND CONSTRUCTION MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM AS OF JULY 31, 2019

										Permane					
Anticipated										nt	Anticipated				
Permanent Mortgage Loan						Advances Made to Date	Construction	Constructio n Loan	Anticipated Amount	Mortgag	Permanent Mortgage	Final Permanent	Prepayment Category	Construction Mortgage Loan Supplemental	
Supplemental					No. of	(S) = Subordinate Lien	Mortgage Loan	Interest	of Permanent	e Interest	Loan Closing	Mortgage	(Appendix	Security	Foot-
Security	Subsidy Program†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	Units	Position	Amount	Rate	Mortgage Loan	Rate	Date	Maturity	E-2)	(Construction LOC)	note
	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8	112 East Clarke	2018 Series C 2018 Series C		122	13,767,612.39 (S) 6,675,307.96	38,350,000.00 6,710,000.00	3.79 3.65	16,930,000 6,710,000	5.575 3.400	4/27/2021 4/27/2021	4/30/2062 4/30/2062		JPMorgan Chase	(6)
N/A Fannie Mae	ML Restructuring/Section 236	112 East Clarke	2018 Series C 2015 Series D/2015 Series B	Bronx	122	21,338,474.83	58,530,903.19	6.50	58,530,903	6.500	9/23/2005	10/31/2035	Category 1 Category 11		(0)
N/A	ML Restructuring		2019 Series F			3,348,898.51	35,000,000.00	3.19	35,000,000	3.890	12/31/2021	6/30/2056	Category 7		
N/A	ML Restructuring	1199 Plaza	2019 Series F	Manhattan	1,590		2,750,000.00	4.55	2,750,000	4.750	12/31/2021	6/30/2031	Category 1		\perp
SONYMA N/A	ELLA/Section 8 FILA/Section 8	1345 Rogers Avenue	2015 Series G 2016 Series D	Brooklyn	123	27,787,190.12 (S) 5,873,738.22	27,810,000.00 6,845,000.00	3.32 2.83	11,160,000 6,845,000	5.700 2.580	3/1/2020 3/1/2020	10/1/2048	Category 9 Category 1	JPMorgan Chase N/Δ	(6)
.,	ELLA	1343 rogers werde	2018 Series C	Droomyn	125	12,344,693.77	30,460,000.00	3.52	10,140,000	5.750	4/29/2021	10/31/2056	Category 9		(-/
	ELLA	14-14 Central Avenue	2018 Series C	Queens	142		9,230,000.00	3.26	9,230,000	3.010	4/29/2021	10/31/2056	Category 1	N/A	(6)
	Mixed-Middle ELLA/Section 8	148th Street Jamaica	2016 Series E 2018 Series K	Queens	380	(S) 30,129,170.88 6,652,207.41	30,400,000.00 32,525,000.00	2.47 3.95	30,400,000 14,700,000	2.220 5.575	12/31/2019 8/21/2021	12/31/2059 2/28/2062	Category 1	N/A Capital One Bank	(6)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	1490 Southern Blvd	2018 Series K	Bronx	115		6,325,000.00	3.51	6,325,000	3.260	8/21/2021	2/28/2062	Category 1		(2)
REMIC	Mix/Match		2019 Series B			12,463,987.87	46,570,000.00	4.06	24,030,000	5.750	5/1/2021	5/20/2056	Category 9	Bank of America	
N/A FHA Risk Share	Mix/Match FLLA/Section 8	1675 Westchester Ave 1880 Boston Road	2019 Series B 2016 Series I	Bronx	249 168	(S) 1,357,544.65 37,321,345.23	15,000,000.00 37,810,000.00	3.10 3.19	15,000,000 16,330,000	2.850 4.975	5/1/2021 9/30/2019	5/20/2056 3/31/2050	Category 1 Category 9	N/A	+
REMIC	Mixed-Middle	1880 BOSTON ROAD	2016 Series I	Bronx	108	9,589,563.92	9,610,000.00	5.00	9,610,000	5.700	11/21/2019	6/22/2048		Wells Fargo Bank	+ -
N/A	Mixed-Middle	2605 Grand Concourse	2016 Series D	Bronx	94	(S) 8,747,345.00	8,789,000.00	2.83	8,789,000	2.580	11/21/2019	6/22/2048	Category 1	N/A	(6)
	ELLA		2019 Series B			4,849,536.26	44,030,000.00	3.60	12,890,000	5.750	4/26/2022	3/1/2058	Category 7		
N/A REMIC	ELLA Mix/Match	50 Penn	2019 Series B 2017 Series G	Brooklyn	218	(S) 6,668,656.08 9,100,284.24	13,750,000.00	3.10 3.68	13,750,000 14,775,000	2.850 5.750	4/26/2022 6/28/2020	3/1/2058 10/31/2056	Category 1 Category 9		+
N/A	Mix/Match	600 East 156th Street	2017 Series G	Bronx	175		13,125,000.00	2.86	13,125,000	2.610	6/28/2020	10/31/2056	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	Mixed Income		2014 Series C/2019 Series B			14,799,400.00	28,400,000.00	5.05	12,480,000	5.750	3/31/2020	12/26/2046		Capital One Bank	(2)(9)
N/A SONYMA	Mixed Income FILA	810 River Avenue	2018 Series H/2019 Series B 2017 Series G	Bronx	134	(S) 9,860,038.02 20,679,474.89	10,050,000.00	1.25 3.41	10,050,000 16,460,000	1.000 5.700	3/31/2020 3/28/2021	12/26/2046 9/30/2051	Category 1 Category 9		+
N/A	ELLA	985 Bruckner	2017 Series G	Bronx	215		12,775,000.00	2.86	12,775,000	2.610	3/28/2021	9/30/2051	Category 1		(6)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8		2017 Series C			27,434,911.65	31,720,000.00	3.30	10,350,000	5.725	6/30/2020	6/30/2031		Bank of America	T
N/A REMIC	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA	988 East 180th Street	2017 Series E 2016 Series A/2015 Series K	Bronx	163	(S) 7,030,250.90 36,647,487.11	10,595,000.00 36,950,000.00	2.90 2.82	10,595,000 8,140,000	2.650 5.700	6/30/2020 9/1/2019	6/30/2061 1/31/2049	Category 1	N/A Capital One Bank	(6)
N/A	ELLA	Acacia Gardens	2016 Series D	Manhattan	179		11,635,000.00	2.56	11,635,000	2.310	9/1/2019	1/31/2049	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ML Restructuring		2008 Series K			7,193,515.72	7,415,000.00	4.55	7,415,000	5.250	6/11/2020	7/31/2053	Category 7	N/A	
N/A SONYMA	ML Restructuring Mix/Match	Adee Towers	2008 Series K 2019 Series E	Bronx	293	(S) 2,125.00 12,089,279.00	755,000.00 98,845,000.00	4.55 4.20	755,000 61,375,000	4.750 5.700	6/11/2020 6/27/2023	1/31/2028 6/30/2053	Category 7	N/A Wells Fargo Bank	+
N/A	Mix/Match	Apex Place	2019 Series E 2019 Series E	Queens	442	(S) 5,818,175.00	15,000,000.00	2.97	15,000,000	2.720	6/27/2023	6/30/2053	Category 1		
	Mix/Match		2018 Series C			34,555,573.88	80,625,000.00	4.12	46,840,000	5.675	3/28/2022	9/30/2062	Category 9	Bank of New York Mellon	
N/A SONYMA	Mix/Match ML Restructuring	Archer Green Apartments	2018 Series C	Queens	387	(S) 288,082.25 12,119,123.64	36,000,000.00 12,535,000.00	3.26 5.05	36,000,000 12,535,000	3.010 5.700	3/28/2022 6/30/2020	9/30/2062 9/1/2047	Category 1		(6)
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	Arverne/Nordeck Apartments (Ph 1)	2015 Series B/2016 Series G 2016 Series G	Queens	342	830,677.42	1,150,000.00	4.05	1,150,000	4.750	6/30/2020	9/1/2047	Category 7 Category 13		
REMIC	Preservation	BEC Continuum Resyndication	2017 Series C	Brooklyn	550	39,711,175.33	46,565,000.00	3.26	15,190,000	5.850	1/30/2020	1/31/2056	Category 9	Citibank	
FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 FILA/Section 8	Beach Channel Senior Residences	2015 Series D 2018 Series H	Queens	155	15,529,600.00 (S) 8,469,600.00	15,530,000.00 8,470,000.00	5.00 2.72	15,530,000 8,470,000	5.700 2.470	11/26/2019 11/26/2019	12/30/2047 12/30/2047	Category 9 Category 1	Wells Fargo Bank	(6)
REMIC	ELLA/SECTION 6	Beach Chamiler Senior Residences	2017 Series G	Queens	133	17,500,047.87	19,790,000.00	3.36	7,200,000	5.750	10/28/2020	10/31/2052		Wells Fargo Bank	(6)
N/A	ELLA	Beach Green Dunes II	2017 Series G	Queens	127	(S) 6,166,987.81	8,255,000.00	2.86	8,255,000	2.610	10/28/2020	10/31/2052	Category 1	N/A	(6)
	Mixed-Middle ELLA/Section 8	Bedford Arms	2018 Series A 2017 Series C	Brooklyn	94	10,005,451.18 20,909,182.64	14,570,000.00 30,000,000.00	5.05 3.29	14,570,000 9,760,000	5.750 5.725	6/28/2020 4/29/2020	6/1/2055 10/31/2060		Bank of America	_
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Bedford Green House	2017 Series C 2017 Series E	Bronx	118		6,960,000.00	2.85	6,960,000	2.600	4/29/2020	10/31/2060	Category 5	Bank of America N/A	(6)
REMIC	Mixed Income		2018 Series K/2019 Series A			-	53,500,000.00	4.80	53,500,000	5.500	7/31/2022	7/31/2058	Category 7	Wells Fargo Bank	
N/A FHA Risk Share	Mixed Income ELLA	Bedford Union Armory	2018 Series K 2019 Series F	Brooklyn	415	(S) - 6.003.043.84	15,000,000.00 54,000,000.00	3.51 3.91	15,000,000 24.670,000	3.260 5.575	7/31/2022 4/27/2022	7/31/2058 4/30/2062	Category 1	N/A Wells Fargo Bank	+
N/A	ELLA	Betances V	2019 Series E 2019 Series E	Bronx	152		8,360,000.00	2.97	8,360,000	2.720	4/27/2022	4/30/2062	Category 1		
REMIC	Mix/Match		2016 Series I			39,880,420.82	61,770,000.00	3.04	21,525,000	5.300	1/1/2020	1/27/2055	Category 9	Citibank	
N/A	Mix/Match Mixed-Middle	Bronx Commons	2017 Series E 2018 Series K	Bronx	305 255	(S) 21,911,578.01 (S) 12,803,249.14	26,386,513.00 15,000,000.00	2.49	26,386,513 15,000,000	2.240	1/1/2020 6/26/2022	1/27/2055	Category 1		(6)
	ML Preservation	Caton Flats	2018 Series R 2017 Series B	Brooklyn	255	4.012.844.51	5,860,000.00	1.25 5.05	5.860.000	1.000 5.750	11/29/2019	6/30/2053 11/29/2049	Category 1 Category 7		+
N/A	ML Preservation	Clayton Apartments	2017 Series B	Manhattan	161	(S) 157,930.99	230,000.00	4.55	230,000	4.750	11/29/2019	11/29/2029	Category 7	N/A	
	ELLA	Compass 3	2017 Series G	Bronx	366	47,721,373.91	50,920,000.00 48.800.000.00	3.46 2.58	20,430,000	5.750 5.300	12/28/2020	6/30/2056		Bank of New York Mellon	\perp
REMIC N/A	ELLA ELLA	Compass 5	2017 Series A 2017 Series E/2019 Series E	Bronx	218	47,243,517.12 (S) 12,306,322.42	14,170,000.00	2.58	7,690,000 14,170,000	2.740	10/5/2019 10/5/2019	4/30/2055 4/30/2052	Category 9 Category 1	Bank of New York Mellon N/Δ	(6)
REMIC	Mix/Match	compass s	2017 Series C	D. O.I.X		24,504,344.55	44,925,000.00	4.36	32,200,000	5.850	9/28/2020	3/31/2056		Wells Fargo Bank	(-/
N/A	Mix/Match	Concourse Village West	2017 Series E	Bronx	265		20,889,423.00	2.90	20,889,423	2.650	9/28/2020	3/31/2056	Category 1		(6)
REMIC N/A	ELLA FILA	Coney Island - Phase I	2018 Series C 2018 Series C	Brooklyn	446	27,339,139.20 (S) 3,401,377.64	81,370,000.00 15.000.000.00	3.65 3.26	31,770,000 15,000,000	5.750 3.010	5/1/2022 5/1/2022	4/30/2057 4/30/2057	Category 9 Category 1	Wells Fargo Bank	(6)
.,	ELLA	Coney Island - Friase i	2015 Series D	Brooklyll	440	9,989,600.00	9,990,000.00	5.00	9,990,000	5.700	10/1/2019	3/31/2048		Capital One Bank	(2)
N/A	ELLA	Creston Burnside	2018 Series H/2019 Series B	Bronx	114	(S) 7,119,916.24	7,330,000.00	2.72	7,330,000	2.470	10/1/2019	3/31/2048	Category 1		(6)
REMIC N/A	Mix/Match Mix/Match	Creston Parkview	2017 Series G 2017 Series G	Bronx	189	19,338,662.60 (S) 11,618,603.26	21,360,000.00 14,175,000.00	4.22 2.86	14,710,000 14,175,000	5.750 2.610	11/28/2020 11/28/2020	5/31/2056 5/31/2056	Category 9 Category 1		(6)
	New HOP	Crossroads Plaza IIIB	2014 Series G	Bronx	163	22,639,600.00	22,640,000.00	4.85	22,640,000	5.550	12/18/2019	6/18/2047		JPMorgan Chase	(0)
REMIC				1		7,389,600.00	7,390,000.00	5.00	7,390,000	5.700	9/26/2019	12/25/2047		Bank of America	(4)
REMIC	ELLA		2015 Series D												10.0
REMIC N/A	ELLA ELLA	East 138th St. Apartments	2018 Series H/2019 Series B	Bronx	96	(S) 5,786,470.00	5,786,870.00	2.72	5,786,870	2.470	9/26/2019	12/25/2047	Category 1	N/A	(6)
REMIC N/A	ELLA	East 138th St. Apartments Ebenezer Plaza 1B		Bronx Brooklyn	96 118	(S) 5,786,470.00 5,027,361.86							Category 1	N/A Bank of America	(6)

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Anticipated										Permane nt	Anticipated				
Permanent								Constructio		Mortgag	Permanent	Final	Prepayment	Construction Mortgage	
Mortgage Loan Supplemental					No. of	Advances Made to Date (S) = Subordinate Lien	Construction Mortgage Loan	n Loan Interest	Anticipated Amount of Permanent	e Interest	Mortgage Loan Closing	Permanent Mortgage	Category (Appendix	Loan Supplemental Security	Foot-
Security	Subsidy Program†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	Units	Position	Amount	Rate	Mortgage Loan	Rate	Date	Maturity	E-2)	(Construction LOC)	note
	ELLA	Ebenezer Plaza Phase IA Apartments	2018 Series C	Brooklyn	197	(S) 1,738,507.00	12,805,000.00	3.26	12,805,000	3.010	5/21/2021	11/30/2056	Category 1	N/A	(6)
REMIC N/Δ	ELLA FII A	Elton Crossing	2015 Series D 2018 Series H	Brony	199	8,729,600.00 (S) 11,605,391.12	8,730,000.00 12.679.250.00	5.00 1.25	8,730,000 12,679,250	5.700 1.000	12/31/2019 12/31/2019	3/1/2048 3/1/2048	Category 9 Category 1	Bank of America N/Δ	
FHA Risk Share	ML Restructuring	Enton crossing	2018 Series I/2014 Series E/2012	DIOTA	133	36,877,038.79	83,475,000.00	4.38	83,475,000	6.500	12/27/2021	12/27/2061	. Category 7		1
N/A	ML Restructuring	Esplanade Gardens	Series I 2018 Series I	Manhattan	1,872	(5) -	2,480,000.00	4.55	2,480,000	4.750	12/27/2021	12/27/2001	Category 7		
SONYMA	Ü	Espianade Gardens	2008 Series F/2011 Series F/2008	iviaiiiiaccaii	1,072	31,731,600.00	31.732.000.00	5.00	31,732,000	5.700			,	1	+
SUNTIVIA	ML Restructuring		Series K			31,731,000.00	31,732,000.00	3.00	31,732,000	3.700	3/31/2020	6/30/2050	Category 7	N/A	
N/A	ML Restructuring		2008 Series F/2011 Series F/2008 Series K			2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	5.00	2,000,000	5.700	3/31/2020	1/31/2046	Category 7	N/A	
SONYMA	ML Restructuring	Franklin Plaza Apartments	2008 Series F/2011 Series F/2008 Series K	Manhattan	1,635	12,078,771.95	15,268,000.00	4.05	15,268,000	4.750	3/31/2020	6/30/2050	Category 7	N/A	
FHA Risk Share	Mixed-Middle		2017 Series A/2016 Series I			28,771,391.18	30,030,000.00	4.60	30,030,000	5.075	9/27/2019	9/30/2055	Category 7	JPMorgan Chase	+-
N/A	Mixed-Middle	Fulton Houses	2017 Series E	Manhattan	160	(S) 7,222,375.99	10,735,000.00	1.25	10,735,000	1.000	9/27/2019	9/30/2055	Category 1	N/A	—
FHA Risk Share FHA Risk Share	Mixed Income Mixed Income	HPS - North Tower	2018 Series K/2019 Series A 2018 Series I	Queens	800	100,000.00	32,795,000.00 125,000,000.00	4.25 N/A	32,795,000 125,000,000	4.850 4.850	12/26/2022 12/26/2022	12/31/2053 12/31/2053	Category 7 Category 7	Wells Fargo Bank	(11)
FHA Risk Share	Mixed Income		2018 Series K/2019 Series A				22,750,000.00	4.25	22,750,000	4.850	12/26/2022	12/31/2053	Category 7	JPMorgan Chase	T
FHA Risk Share REMIC	Mixed Income Preservation	HPS - South Tower Hope East of Fifth	2018 Series L 2016 Series I	Queens Manhattan	394 506	100,000.00 55,363,361.37	59,000,000.00 63,000,000.00	N/A 2.96	59,000,000 20,700,000	4.850 5.200	12/26/2022 10/1/2019	12/31/2053 3/30/2049	Category 7	N/A Wells Fargo Bank	(12)
	ELLA/Section 8	Hope East of Fifth	2017 Series C	Ividililattali	300	34,130,340.45	45,115,000.00	3.38	16,070,000	5.725	1/20/2020	6/28/2060		Wells Fargo Bank	(4)
N/A	ELLA/Section 8	Ingersoll Senior Apartments	2017 Series E	Brooklyn	146	(S) 6,133,839.10	8,030,000.00	2.90	8,030,000	2.650	1/20/2020	6/28/2060	Category 1	N/A	(6)
N/A REMIC	Mixed-Middle ELLA	Jamaica Crossing High Rise	2016 Series J 2016 Series I	Queens	539	177,735,639.37 23.581.508.66	191,000,000.00 35,720,000.00	Variable 3.38	N/A 17,545,000	N/A 5.300	N/A 6/20/2020	N/A 6/20/2055	Category 9	Goldman Sachs Bank USA JPMorgan Chase	(3)
N/A	ELLA	Jamaica Crossing Mid Rise	2017 Series E	Queens	130	(S) 7,339,241.74	8,450,000.00	2.49	8,450,000	2.240	6/20/2020	6/20/2055	Category 1	N/A	(6)
	ELLA		2019 Series E		41	2,696,503.29	45,755,000.00	3.74	17,845,000	5.750 2.470	12/27/2022	5/31/2058	Category 7	TD Bank	T
N/A FHA Risk Share	ELLA ELLA	Jerome Court	2019 Series E 2017 Series G	Bronx	41	(S) 961,307.44 13.874.056.62	10,325,000.00 38,985,000.00	5.05	10,325,000 38,985,000	2.470 5.625	12/27/2022 4/1/2021	5/31/2058 10/31/2061	Category 1	N/A Wells Fargo Bank	+-
N/A	ELLA		2017 Series G			30,588,050.92	85,950,000.00	Variable	N/A	N/A	4/1/2021 N/A	N/A		Wells Fargo Bank	
N/A	ELLA	La Central	2017 Series G	Bronx	496	(S) 23,671,175.34	32,240,000.00	2.86	32,240,000	2.610	4/1/2021	10/31/2061	Category 1		(6)
N/A N/A	Mix/Match Mix/Match	Lexington Gardens II	2017 Series C 2017 Series E	Manhattan	400	36,197,113.68 (S) 21,845,256.23	57,830,000.00 31,400,000.00	Variable 2.90	N/A 31,400,000	N/A 2.650	N/A 12/28/2020	N/A 12/29/2060	Category 14 Category 1	Wells Fargo Bank N/A	(6)
	Mix/Match	<u> </u>	2018 Series C			27,800,680.37	33,545,000.00	4.28	22,265,000	5.750	12/22/2020	6/30/2056	Category 9	Bank of America	Ť
	Mix/Match ML Restructuring	Linden Terrace Bldg. I	2018 Series C 2018 Series I	Brooklyn	235	(S) 3,554,579.33 8,216,641.13	15,000,000.00 47,840,000,00	3.26 4.05	15,000,000 47,840,000	3.010 4.750	12/22/2020 12/30/2020	6/30/2056	Category 1		(6)
N/A	ML Restructuring	Lindsay Park	2018 Series I	Brooklyn	2,709	(S) -	2,315,000.00	4.55	2,315,000	4.750	12/30/2020	12/30/2030	Category 7 Category 7		
	ELLA		2016 Series C/2016 Series E			48,197,758.64	51,000,000.00	3.11	16,500,000	5.700	12/30/2019	6/29/2049	Category 9	Capital One Bank	(2)
	ELLA Preservation	Livonia Avenue Ph II (L2) Sites 6 7&8 Lott Legacy Apartments	2016 Series E N/A	Brooklyn Manhattan	242 359	(S) 13,141,896.83 3.464.142.34	15,730,000.00 5,655,000.00	2.47 4.50	15,730,000 5.655.000	2.220 5.200	12/30/2019 12/28/2019	6/29/2049	Category 1 Category 7		(6)
	ELLA	Este Legacy Aparenterio	2017 Series A	TVIGITI GECGII		27,709,800.00	27,720,000.00	2.85	7,545,000	5.300	1/5/2020	1/5/2055	Category 9	Citibank	1
N/A SONYMA	ELLA ML Restructuring	MLK Plaza	2017 Series E 2008 Series F/2008 Series K	Bronx	167	(S) 10,348,810.29 8.544,341.12	10,855,000.00 40,510,000.00	2.99 4.05	10,855,000 40,510,000	2.740 4.750	1/5/2020 6/29/2020	1/5/2055 7/30/2050	Category 1 Category 7		(6)
N/A	ML Restructuring ML Restructuring	Masaryk Towers	2008 Series F/2008 Series K 2008 Series F	Manhattan	1.109	6,544,541.12 (S) -	300,000.00	4.05	300,000	4.750	6/29/2020	7/30/2050	Category 7		
FHA Risk Share	ELLA/Section 8		2016 Series C			12,494,280.34	12,900,000.00	3.09	4,110,000	5.475	9/29/2019	3/23/2049	Category 9	Capital One Bank	(2)(4)
N/A REMIC	ELLA/Section 8 N/A	Melrose Commons Supp. Hsg.	2016 Series E 2012 Series L/2011 Series E	Bronx	59	(S) 2,365,118.29 5.251.099.95	2,754,201.00 5,300,000,00	2.47 5.35	2,754,201 5.300.000	2.220 6.050	9/29/2019 6/30/2020	3/23/2049 11/30/2043	Category 1 Category 8		(4)(6) (10)
	N/A		N/A			(S) 599,600.00	600,000.00	1.00	600,000	1.000	6/30/2020	11/30/2043	Category 1	N/A	(,
N/A	N/A	Metro North Gardens	N/A	Manhattan	48	(S) 550,000.00 31.047.595.48	550,000.00 44,500.000.00	5.35 3.70	550,000	5.350 5.725	6/30/2020	11/30/2043	Category 1		(2)
FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8	Mill Brook Terrace	2017 Series C 2017 Series E	Bronx	159	(S) 7,255,153.51	8,745,000.00	2.90	20,720,000 8,745,000	2.650	3/29/2020 3/29/2020	9/30/2060 9/30/2060	Category 9 Category 1	Capital One Bank N/A	(2) (6)
	ELLA		2017 Series A			29,614,599.99	29,615,000.00	2.77	7,020,000	5.300	10/5/2019	6/30/2055	Category 9	Bank of America	
N/A REMIC	ELLA Mix/Match	Morris II Apartments	2017 Series E 2018 Series C	Bronx	154	(S) 5,965,418.73 10.786.844.14	10,010,000.00 21,500,000.00	2.99 4.50	10,010,000 16,375,000	2.740 5.750	10/5/2019 1/21/2021	6/30/2055 1/21/2056	Category 1	N/A JPMorgan Chase	(6)
N/A	Mix/Match	Mosholu Grand	2018 Series C	Bronx	152	(S) 9,039,272.45	11,400,000.00	3.26	11,400,000	3.010	1/21/2021	1/21/2056	Category 1	N/A	(6)
FHA Risk Share N/A	ELLA/Section 8 ELLA/Section 8	Northeastern Towers Annex	2018 Series C 2018 Series C	Queens	159	17,834,357.79 (S) 8,512,410.20	50,010,000.00 8,745,000.00	3.81 3.26	22,550,000 8,745,000	5.575 3.010	3/1/2021 3/1/2021	8/31/2061 8/31/2061		Wells Fargo Bank	(6)
,	ELLA/Section 8 ML Restructuring/Section 236	INOTTHEASTERN TOWERS ANNEX	2018 Series C 2011 Series H	Queens	159	(S) 8,512,410.20 16,469,635.02	16,470,000.00	4.00	16,470,000	4.700	3/1/2021 6/30/2020	8/31/2061 11/30/2050	Category 1 Category 8		(0)
N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236		2011 Series H			4,401,227.28	9,525,000.00	3.20	9,525,000	3.200	6/30/2020	11/30/2050	Category 8	N/A	
FHA Risk Share N/A	ML Restructuring/Section 236 Mix/Match	OUB Houses One Flushing	2011 Series H 2019 Series E	Bronx Queens	361 232	1,079,764.98 (S) 13.869.472.17	1,080,000.00 14,502,852.00	3.00 2.49	1,080,000 14,502,852	3.000 2.240	6/30/2020 9/29/2019	11/30/2050 9/30/2055	Category 8 Category 1		+-
	Mix/Match	one manning	2016 Series I	Queens		19,538,935.71	19,540,000.00	3.67	12,530,000	5.200	12/30/2019	6/22/2049	Category 9	JPMorgan Chase	1
N/A	Mix/Match	PRC Fox Street Development	2017 Series E	Bronx	200	(S) 18,999,377.81	19,000,000.00	1.25	19,000,000	1.000	12/30/2019	6/22/2049	Category 1		+-
REMIC N/A	Mix/Match Mix/Match	PRC Tiffany Street	2018 Series C 2018 Series C	Bronx	161	10,018,386.53 (S) 5,211,178.07	18,180,000.00 12,075,000.00	3.76 1.25	8,180,000 12,075,000	5.700 1.000	6/22/2021 6/22/2021	6/30/2052 6/30/2052	Category 9 Category 1	JPMorgan Chase N/A	
REMIC	ELLA	•	2019 Series E			7,359,427.16	39,000,000.00	3.73	14,970,000	5.750	8/27/2022	2/28/2058	Category 9	Bank of New York Mellon	1
N/A REMIC	ELLA ELLA	Park Haven	2019 Series E 2019 Series E	Bronx	178	(S) 788,153.00 15.896,122.53	11,070,000.00 56,600,000.00	2.97 3.44	11,070,000 14.325.000	2.720 5.750	8/27/2022 5/27/2022	2/28/2058 2/28/2058	Category 1	N/A Wells Fargo Bank	+-
N/A	ELLA	Peninsula Phase 1	2019 Series E 2019 Series E	Bronx	183	(S) -	11,895,000.00	2.97	11,895,000	2.720	5/27/2022	2/28/2058	Category 7 Category 1		
	ELLA		2019 Series E			19,554,102.77	64,320,000.00	3.87	29,130,000	5.750	12/28/2022	6/1/2058		Wells Fargo Bank	
N/A SONYMA/REMIC	ELLA Mixed-Middle	River Crest Phase A Riverwalk 8	2019 Series E 2018 Series K	Bronx Manhattan	250 341	(S) 878,137.02 6.138,653.32	15,000,000.00 12,900,000.00	2.97 4.40	15,000,000 12,900,000	2.720 5.100	12/28/2022 1/26/2022	6/30/2058 1/31/2063	Category 1 Category 7	N/A Citihank	+-
REMIC	ML Restructuring	Ryerson Towers (309 Lafayette Ave)	2014 Series H	Brooklyn	327	9,332,523.83	9,375,000.00	5.55	3,750,000	6.250	6/30/2020	10/31/2047	Category 7	N/A	(8)
	ML Restructuring	Sam Burt Houses	2014 Series H	Brooklyn	147	7,315,625.78	7,500,000.00	5.55 6.50	7,500,000	6.250 6.500	6/30/2020	11/30/2047	Category 7		+ =
N/A REMIC	ML Restructuring ML Restructuring		2014 Series E/2012 Series I 2016 Series G			2,065,552.57 7,229,800.00	2,792,547.87 7,230,000.00	6.50 5.05	2,792,548 7,230,000	5.750	12/29/2004 12/31/2019	1/31/2035 12/31/2049	Category 11 Category 7		1
N/A	ML Restructuring	Scott Tower	2016 Series G	Bronx	352	(S) 369,600.00	370,000.00	4.55	370,000	4.750	12/31/2019	12/31/2031	Category 13	N/A	Т_
REMIC N/A	ELLA	C	2018 Series C	D	245	22,660,480.45	52,500,000.00	3.79	23,750,000	5.750	6/27/2021	6/30/2056		Bank of New York Mellon	(6)
/A	ELLA	Second Farms	2018 Series C	Bronx	319	(S) 7,932,224.86	15,000,000.00	2.10	15,000,000	1.850	6/27/2021	6/30/2056	Category 1	N/A	(6)

Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program†	Development Name	Applicable Series Resolution	Borough	No. of Units	Advances Made to Date (S) = Subordinate Lien Position	Construction Mortgage Loan Amount	Constructio n Loan Interest Rate	Anticipated Amount of Permanent Mortgage Loan	Permane nt Mortgag e Interest Rate	Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Closing Date	Final Permanent Mortgage Maturity	Prepayment Category (Appendix E-2)	Construction Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security (Construction LOC)	Foot-
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2019 Series E			8,442,951.74	104,550,000.00	3.93	48,970,000	5.575	12/25/2022	12/31/2062		Bank of America	
N/A	ELLA	Sendero Verde	2019 Series E	Manhattan	361	(S) 2,595,596.21	15,000,000.00	2.97	15,000,000	2.720	12/25/2022	12/31/2062	Category 1		+-
REMIC	ELLA		2017 Series G			16,658,267.35	19,420,000.00	3.71	9,580,000	5.750	11/28/2020	5/31/2056		Bank of New York Mellon	(6)
N/A	ELLA	Spring Creek 4B-1	2017 Series G	Brooklyn	160		9,200,000.00	2.86	9,200,000	2.610	11/28/2020	5/31/2056	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ELLA		2019 Series B			2,039,892.88	32,970,000.00	3.94	15,090,000	5.750	8/18/2022	3/1/2058		Bank of New York Mellon	
N/A	ELLA	Spring Creek 4B-2	2019 Series B	Brooklyn	240		15,000,000.00	3.10	15,000,000	2.850	8/18/2022	3/1/2058	Category 1		-
SONYMA	Mix/Match		2016 Series C/2016 Series E			38,410,516.24	41,850,000.00	3.81	24,055,000	5.700	9/29/2019	9/29/2049	Category 9		
N/A	Mix/Match	Story Avenue East	2016 Series E	Bronx	212		15,490,000.00	2.47	15,490,000	2.220	9/29/2019	9/29/2049	Category 1		(6)
SONYMA	Mix/Match		2016 Series I			30,922,544.32	36,710,000.00	3.68	23,595,000	5.200	3/22/2020	12/14/2049	Category 9		
N/A	Mix/Match	Story Avenue West	2017 Series E	Bronx	223		17,561,250.00	2.49	17,561,250	2.240	3/22/2020	12/14/2049	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ML Restructuring	Stryckers Bay	2015 Series A/2008 Series F	Manhattan	234	9,517,030.43	11,615,000.00	5.05	11,615,000	5.750	2/3/2020	10/1/2052	Category 11		(4)
REMIC	ELLA		2016 Series C/2016 Series E			17,601,519.42	19,000,000.00	2.53	2,260,000	5.700	8/30/2019	12/29/2048		Capital One Bank	(2)
N/A	ELLA	TLK Manor	2016 Series E	Bronx	83	(-) 1,100,100100	5,395,000.00	2.47	5,395,000	2.220	8/30/2019	6/30/2049	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	Mixed-Middle		2018 Series K			2,071,188.21	13,460,000.00	5.05	13,460,000	5.750	9/3/2021	9/30/2056		JPMorgan Chase	
N/A	Mixed-Middle	The Astra at Gates Avenue	2018 Series K	Brooklyn	96		8,550,000.00	2.95	8,550,000	2.700	9/3/2021	9/30/2056	Category 1		\bot
REMIC	ELLA	The Frederick	2017 Series C	Manhattan	75	11,326,221.64	17,200,000.00	3.27	5,650,000	5.850	12/30/2019	6/30/2055		Bank of New York Mellon	\bot
FHA Risk Share	Mix/Match		2017 Series A			23,236,432.30	33,030,000.00	3.30	15,100,000	5.075	1/5/2020	1/5/2055	Category 9		
N/A	Mix/Match	The Gilbert	2017 Series E	Manhattan	153		10,151,397.00	1.25	10,151,397	1.000	1/5/2020	1/5/2055	Category 1		\bot
REMIC	ELLA		2018 Series C			21,397,258.64	46,195,000.00	4.07	26,525,000	5.750	10/21/2021	4/20/2057	Category 9		
N/A	ELLA	The Watson	2018 Series C	Bronx	326		15,000,000.00	3.26	15,000,000	3.010	10/21/2021	4/20/2057	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ELLA	Thessalonia Manor	2016 Series I	Bronx	120	26,217,421.27	26,220,000.00	2.48	3,200,000	5.200	12/28/2019	12/31/2049		Bank of New York Mellon	\bot
REMIC	ML Restructuring		2016 Series G			7,169,457.48	7,195,000.00	5.05	7,195,000	5.750	6/30/2020	6/30/2040	Category 7		
N/A	ML Restructuring	Tilden Towers I (3511 Barnes Ave)	2016 Series G	Bronx	127		465,000.00	4.05	465,000	4.250	6/30/2020	6/30/2040	Category 13		\bot
REMIC	Mix/Match		2017 Series A			6,598,194.32	30,155,000.00	3.86	21,800,000	5.200	11/25/2019	11/24/2049	Category 9		
N/A	Mix/Match	Tree of Life	2017 Series E	Queens	174		12,760,000.00	2.99	12,760,000	2.740	11/25/2019	11/24/2049	Category 1		(6)
SONYMA	Mix/Match		2015 Series G			44,257,787.35	47,160,000.00	4.14	32,720,000	5.700	9/22/2019	9/30/2049		JPMorgan Chase	
N/A	Mix/Match	Tremont Renaissance Apartments	2016 Series D	Bronx	256		16,530,000.00	2.83	16,530,000	2.580	9/22/2019	9/30/2049	Category 1		(6)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2018 Series K			10,085,019.44	46,670,000.00	3.83	18,550,000	5.575	4/26/2022	12/31/2062	Category 9		
N/A	ELLA	Van Dyke III	2018 Series K	Brooklyn	180		11,700,000.00	3.51	11,700,000	5.575	4/26/2022	12/31/2062	Category 1		
REMIC	ELLA		2016 Series C			17,467,194.12	28,300,000.00	3.21	10,160,000	5.575	9/29/2019	3/27/2049		Bank of America	
N/A	ELLA	Van Sinderen Plaza	2016 Series E	Brooklyn	130		8,370,000.00	2.47	8,370,000	5.575	9/29/2019	3/27/2049	Category 1		(6)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2018 Series K			8,725,386.87	38,845,000.00	3.97	17,870,000	5.575	8/27/2021	2/28/2062		Wells Fargo Bank	
N/A	ELLA	Victory Plaza	2018 Series K	Manhattan	136		7,480,000.00	3.51	7,480,000	3.260	8/27/2021	2/28/2062	Category 1		
REMIC	Mixed-Middle		2016 Series I			4,452,188.31	5,560,000.00	4.50	5,560,000	5.200	12/29/2019	6/1/2050		JPMorgan Chase	
N/A	Mixed-Middle	Villa Gardens	2017 Series E	Bronx	53		5,035,000.00	2.49	5,035,000	2.240	12/29/2019	6/1/2050	Category 1		(6)
SONYMA	ELLA		2018 Series K			10,253,856.01	45,440,000.00	3.83	18,360,000	5.750	2/28/2022	2/28/2057		JPMorgan Chase	
N/A	ELLA	WSFSSH at 108th Street	2018 Series K	Manhattan	199		11,935,000.00	3.26	11,935,000	3.010	2/28/2022	2/28/2057	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	Mixed-Middle		2015 Series G			9,477,989.34	9,490,000.00	5.00	9,490,000	5.700	10/19/2019	11/1/2047		Wells Fargo Bank	
N/A	Mixed-Middle	Webster Commons Building D	2016 Series D	Bronx	123		11,178,855.00	2.83	11,178,855	2.580	10/19/2019	11/1/2047	Category 1		(6)
FHA Risk Share	ELLA		2018 Series C	1 .		5,569,849.50	36,100,000.00	3.42	10,230,000	5.575	7/25/2021	7/31/2062		JPMorgan Chase	
N/A	ELLA	West 127th Street Residence	2018 Series C	Manhattan	117		6,895,000.00	3.26	6,895,000	3.010	7/25/2021	7/31/2062	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	Mix/Match		2017 Series C	1		18,567,123.14	27,600,000.00	3.70	13,355,000	5.850	1/28/2020	7/31/2055		Capital One Bank	(2)
N/A	Mix/Match	Westchester Mews	2017 Series E	Bronx	200	(S) 16,258,094.40	18,025,000.00	2.90	18,025,000	2.650	1/28/2020	7/31/2060	Category 1		(6)
REMIC	ELLA	Wilfrid East & West	2017 Series C	Bronx	190	33,669,365.51	35,125,000.00	3.66	16,430,000	5.850	5/28/2020	11/30/2055	Category 9	Bank of America	+
Total	l			1	30,130	2,538,831,953	4,735,773,062	1	2,936,213,062	1	1				

† Unless otherwise noted, Section 8 refers to the Section 8 New Construction / Substantial Rehabilitation Program.

(1) The "Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Closing Date" indicates the anticipated end of the construction loan period.

(2) The Construction LOC is confirmed by an irrevocable standby letter of credit confirmation issued by Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta.

(3) At Conversion, the 2016 Series J Mortgage Loan will be released from the lien of the General Resolution and the 2016 Series J Bonds will be separately secured.

(4) Subsequent to July 31, 2019, this mortgage loan has made the Mandatory Prepayment and converted to the permanent phase.

(5) The Mortgage Loan initially financed with the proceeds of the Bonds issued pursuant to this Series Resolution is no longer outstanding. The Mortgage Loan described in the table was acquired with Recoveries of Principal or other payments relating to the initial Mortgage Loan. Payments, including Recoveries of Principal, relating to the outstanding Mortgage Loan may be used to redeem Bonds of any Series (except to the extent the Supplemental Resolution for a Series of Bonds prohibits such redemption) or may be deposited in the Bond Proceeds Account or Revenue Account if the Corporation files a Cash Flow Statement with the Trustee.

(6) The Mortgages pay an interest rate of 1% and the balance of the interest rate is accrued and deferred. These Mortgages are prepayable any time after the expiration of the Construction LOC.

(7) The Mortgagor of the Development has made the Mandatory Prepayment and the outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans is now the Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan amount but the loan has not converted to a permanent mortgage loan.
(8) It is expected that the permanent Mortgage Loan will be reduced by an amount of \$1,300,000.

(9) See "THE PROGRAM - Mortgage Loans - General".

(10) The Mortgagor of this Development has received a Notice of Violation/Default of its 236 Contract from HUD because of its low inspection rating.

(11) Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as a representative of a syndicate of banks, will provide cash collateral as Bond proceeds are advanced.

(12) JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, as a representative of a syndicate of banks, will provide cash collateral as Bond proceeds are advanced.

TABLE 3: ML RESTRUCTURING SUBORDINATE MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM AS OF JULY 31, 2019

Supplemental	Subsidy	Number of	Number of Units	Outstanding Mortgage	Original Mortgage	Mortgage Interest	Final Mortgage
Security	Program(s)	Loans		Balance	Amount	Rate	Maturity
N/A	ML Restructuring	45	19,895	\$461,143,941	\$471,015,368	0.00%- 4.00% [†]	10/11/50

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Interest payments are fully deferred for certain Mortgage Loans. One (1) Mortgage Loan relating to Seaview Towers is a surplus cash flow note requiring annual payments. For three (3) Mortgage Loans relating to Stevenson Commons, Keith Plaza and Kelly Towers, interest accrues at the Applicable Federal Rate (AFR) and is paid at 1%. The portion of the interest that is not paid is deferred into the principal balance.

TABLE 4: MORTGAGE LOANS UNDERLYING THE 2005 SERIES F PARTICIPANT INTEREST AND THE 2005 SERIES J PARTICIPANT INTEREST OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM AS OF JULY 31, 2019[†]

Supplemental Security	Applicable Series Resolution	Number of Mortgage Loans	Number of Units	Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance [◆]	Aggregate Original Mortgage Amount		Final Mortgage Maturity
N/A	2005 Series F	1*	171	\$14,361,102	\$3,845,400	7.85%	10/01/27
N/A	2005 Series J**	2**	379	\$9,479,763	\$3,889,223	5.06%	10/01/28
	TOTAL	3	550	\$23,840,865	\$7,734,623		

[†] The Corporation owns a participation interest in these loans. See "THE PROGRAM–2005 Series F Participant Interest and the 2005 Series J Participant Interest" in Part II of the Official Statement. Since July 31, 2019, the Corporation has received regularly scheduled payments on the mortgage loans, other than with respect to the mortgage loan discussed in footnote (**) below.

Original number of mortgage loans = 12

^{**} Original number of mortgage loans = 11

[•] Includes accrued interest.

^{••} One (1) development underlying the 2005 Series J Participation interest has debt service delinquency of over ninety (90) days. HPD is pursuing action under Article II of the New York State Private Housing Finance Law, which grants supervising agencies the authority to replace the board of directors of certain Mitchell-Lama housing companies under certain circumstances.

TABLE 5: 2004 PARTICIPATED SECOND LIEN LOANS HELD AS ASSETS UNDERLYING THE 2011 PARTICIPANT INTEREST AS OF JULY 31, 2019[†]

Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program(s)	Number of Mortgage Loans	Number of Units	Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance ▼	Aggregate Original Mortgage Amount	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Remaining Time to Maturity	Weighted Average Remaining Time to Section 236 Contract Expiration
N/A	Section 236	3	687	\$21,994,211	\$12,666,333	8.09%	7.52 years	6.09 years

The Corporation owns a 100% participation interest in the 2004 Participated Second Lien Loans and the associated Section 236 Contracts. See "THE PROGRAM—2011 Participant Interest" in Part II of the Official Statement. Since July 31, 2019, the Corporation has received regularly scheduled payments on the mortgage loans. Subsequent to July 31, 2019, in connection with the refinancing of the Bay Towers Development and the Goodwill Terrace Development, two (2) Mortgage Loans underlying the 2011 Participant Interest have been prepaid.

[▼] Includes accrued interest.

TABLE 6: DEVELOPMENTS AND PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOANS UNDERLYING THE 2014 SERIES B PARTICIPANT INTEREST AS OF JULY 31, 2019

2014 SERIES B PURCHASED MORTGAGE LOANS AND 2014 SERIES B TRUST MORTGAGE LOANS AS OF JULY 31, 2019[†]

Туре	Supplemental Security	Subsidy Program(s)	Number of Mortgage Loans	Number of Units	Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate*	Weighted Average Remaining Years to Maturity	Percentage Self- Amortizing Loans	Percentage Senior Position Loans	Prepayment Category (see Appendix D-2)
Purchased	N/A	HoDAG/PLP	2	254	\$8,319,292	1.00%	8.7	100.00%	93.78%	1
Purchased	N/A	PLP	75	3,531	\$75,930,316	1.00%	8.1	97.47%	42.44%	1
Purchased	N/A	N/A**	3	267	\$2,376,690	2.38%	20.0	30.18%	69.82%	1
Purchased	N/A	Article 8-A	4	256	\$636,598	2.98%	6.6	100.00%	38.86%	1
Purchased	N/A	Article 8-A	22	1,381	\$2,734,223	2.16%	8.7	100.00%	46.71%	13
	SUB- TOTAL***		106	5,689	\$89,997,120	1.09%	8.5	96.02%	48.01%	
Trust	N/A	PLP	13	969	\$15,320,502	1.00%	2.7	100.00%	98.59%	1
Trust	N/A	N/A	1	133	\$39,178	6.75%	3.8	100.00%	100.00%	1
	SUB- TOTAL***		14	1,102	\$15,359,680	1.01%	2.7	100.00%	98.59%	
	TOTAL***		120	6,791	\$105,356,800	1.08%	7.6	96.607%	55.39%	

On May 1, 2014, the 2006 Series A Bonds were retired and the Corporation issued the 2014 Series B Bonds. Upon the issuance of the 2014 Series B Bonds, the "2006 Participant Interest" was redesignated as the "2014 Series B Participant Interest". Since July 31, 2019, the Corporation has received regularly scheduled payments on the mortgage loans, except as discussed in this footnote. There are two (2) developments underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest that have had debt service delinquencies of over ninety (90) days. Subsequent to July 31, 2019, seven (7) mortgage loans with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$2,770,738 have been prepaid. In addition, in connection with the refinancing of the St. Ann's Development and the 215 Audubon Development, the Corporation released two (2) Mortgage Loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest.

^{*} The cash flow on the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate is based on the weighted average mortgage interest rate on the 2014 Series B Trust Mortgage Loans (net of servicing and trustee fees). The payments on the Class B-1 Sheridan Trust II Certificate began on September 26, 2005.

^{**} All of the mortgagors of these mortgage loans are regulated by HPD pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law.

^{***} May not add due to rounding.

TABLE 7: DEVELOPMENTS AND PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOANS UNDERLYING THE 2018 SERIES B PARTICIPANT INTEREST AS OF JULY 31, 2019[†]

Subsidy Program(s)	Number of Mortgage Loans	Number of Units	Aggregate Outstanding Mortgage Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Remaining Years to Maturity	Percentage Self- Amortizing Loans	Percentage Senior Position Loans*
Article 8-A	70	4,744	\$111,902,135	1.25%	15.54	57.04%	48.89%
Cornerstone	2	129	3,459,559	1.00%	14.97	0.00%	0.00%
HUD Multifamily	14	1,809	33,857,665	1.08%	22.57	37.10%	0.00%
Low Income Rental Program	11	1,149	50,050,466	0.87%	25.91	0.00%	6.89%
HPD Mix & Match	21	2,253	112,096,324	0.98%	24.62	0.00%	0.00%
Participation Loan Program	156	6,869	302,119,595	0.80%	22.69	7.71%	0.64%
Third Party Transfer (TPT)	12	370	30,961,703	0.55%	23.51	0.00%	0.00%
Sub-Total	286	17,323	644,447,448	0.92%	22.02	15.47%	9.32%
Article 8-A**	3	674	2,543,367	2.76%	16.20	100.00%	0.00%
Participation Loan Program**	3	132	2,864,698	0.38%	15.47	100.00%	0.00%
Sub-Total	7	806	5,408,066	1.50%	15.81	100.00%	0.00%
TOTAL	292	18,129	\$649,855,514	0.92%	21.97	16.17%	9.25%

Since July 31, 2019, the Corporation has received regularly scheduled payments on the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest, except as discussed in this footnote. There is one (1) development underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest that has had debt service delinquencies of over 90 days. Subsequent to July 31, 2019, three (3) mortgage loans with an aggregate outstanding principal balance of \$2,032,548 have been prepaid.

^{*} Approximately 90.80% of the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Mortgage Loan are secured by a subordinate mortgage lien on the applicable Development.

^{**} These mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Mortgage Loan may be removed from the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and thereby released from the lien of the General Resolution at the direction of the Corporation upon the request of the City without the requirement for a filing of any Cash Flow Statement or Cash Flow Certificate.

TABLE 8: DEVELOPMENTS AND MORTGAGE LOANS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM DEVELOPMENTS AND MORTGAGE LOANS FINANCED UNDER THE PROGRAM SUBSEQUENT TO JULY 31, 2019

Table 8. Developments, Senior Construction, Senior Permanent, Subordinate Construction and Subordinate Permanent Mortgage Loans financed or acquired subsequent to July 31, 2019. The information below is as of the issuance or remarketing of the applicable Bonds. The Mortgage Loans for certain of the Developments have not yet closed.

Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security	Applicable Series Resolution	Subsidy Program	Development Name	Borough	Construction Loan Amount	Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Amount	Anticipated Construction Mortgage Loan Supplemental Security (Construction LOC)
FHA Risk- Sharing	2019 Series G/2019 Series J	ML Restructuring	Bay Towers	Queens	N/A	\$50,160,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series G	ML Restructuring	Bay Towers	Queens	N/A	2,020,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series G	ELLA/Section 8	1345 Rogers Avenue (Subordinate) ⁽¹⁾	Brooklyn	N/A	6,845,0000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series G	ELLA	Acacia Gardens (Subordinate) ⁽¹⁾	Manhattan	N/A	11,635,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series G	ELLA	TLK Manor (Subordinate) ⁽¹⁾	Bronx	N/A	5,395,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series G	ELLA	Compass 5 (Subordinate) ⁽¹⁾	Bronx	N/A	14,170,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series G	ELLA	MLK Plaza (Subordinate) ⁽¹⁾	Bronx	N/A	10,855,000	N/A
SONYMA	2019 Series G	LAMP/Section 8	Good Neighbor Apartments	Manhattan	N/A	8,330,000	N/A
REMIC	2019 Series G	N/A	Gateway Elton Street	Brooklyn	N/A	5,980,000	N/A
SONYMA	2019 Series G	Preservation/ Section 8	Mother Zion	Manhattan	N/A	4,360,000	N/A
REMIC	2019 Series G	LAMP	Navy Green R-1	Brooklyn	N/A	3,580,000	N/A
Freddie Mac	2019 Series G	LAMP/Section 8	Concord/Seaside	Staten Island	N/A	32,690,000	N/A
Freddie Mac	2019 Series G	LAMP/Section 8	Morris Heights Mews	Bronx	N/A	6,600,000	N/A
SONYMA	2019 Series G	LAMP Preservation	Greene Avenue Senior Housing	Brooklyn	N/A	3,980,000	N/A
SONYMA	2019 Series G	LAMP Preservation	Kingsbridge Court	Bronx	N/A	1,520,000	N/A
REMIC	2019 Series G	LAMP	27 E. 169 th Street (East Clarke)	Bronx	N/A	1,760,000	N/A
SONYMA	2019 Series G	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	CABS Housing	Brooklyn	N/A	1,370,000	N/A
FHA Risk Share	2019 Series G	ML Restructuring/ Section 236	Kent Village	Brooklyn	N/A	8,210,000	N/A
REMIC	2019 Series G	LAMP	Coney Island Commons	Brooklyn	N/A	2,540,000	N/A
REMIC	2019 Series G	LAMP	Courtlandt Crescent	Bronx	N/A	2,610,000	N/A

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Freddie Mac	2019 Series G	LAMP Preservation/ Section 8	Oceanview	Queens	N/A	9,540,000	N/A
Fannie Mae	2019 Series G	LAMP Preservation	55 Pierrepont St	Brooklyn	N/A	6,430,000	N/A
Freddie Mac	2019 Series G	LAMP Preservation	East River Apartments	Manhattan	N/A	7,340,000	N/A
Freddie Mac	2019 Series G	LAMP Preservation/Section 8	Haven Plaza	Manhattan	N/A	8,740,000	N/A
FHA Insurance	2019 Series G	Section 8/Section 236	Phipps Plaza South	Manhattan	N/A	5,000,823	N/A
GNMA	2019 Series G	LAMP/Section 236	Restore Housing	Brooklyn	N/A	10,068,176	N/A
N/A	2008 Series F/ 2018 Series I/ 2019 Series F	ML Restructuring	Washington Square SE (Subordinate)	Manhattan	N/A	3,450,000	N/A
REMIC	2018 Series B	Preservation	215 Audobon	Manhattan	N/A	1,420,000	N/A
FHA Risk Share	2019 Series J	Mix and Match	425 Grand Concourse ⁽³⁾	Bronx	\$49,960,000	27,190,000	TD Bank, N.A.
SONYMA	2019 Series J	ELLA	980 Westchester	Bronx	33,910,000	9,260,000	JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
REMIC	2019 Series J	Mix and Match	Beach 21st	Queens	48,580,000	23,780,000	TD Bank, N.A.
REMIC	2019 Series J	ELLA	Chestnut Commons ⁽²⁾	Brooklyn	21,905,000	6,905,000	Bank of America, N.A.
REMIC	2019 Series J	ELLA	RadRoc ⁽²⁾	Queens	24,850,000	9,850,000	Bank of America, N.A.
REMIC	2019 Series J	ELLA	Rockaway Village Phase II ⁽³⁾	Queens	23,525,000	4,800,000	Citibank, N.A.
SONYMA	2019 Series J	Mix and Match	Apex Place	Queens	9,105,000	2,720,000	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association
N/A	2019 Series J	Mix and Match	425 Grand Concourse (Subordinate)	Bronx	20,775,000	20,775,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series J	Mix and Match	980 Westchester (Subordinate)	Bronx	9,505,000	9,505,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series J	ELLA	Beach 21st (Subordinate)	Queens	15,000,000	15,000,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series J	ELLA	Chestnut Commons (Subordinate)	Brooklyn	15,000,000	15,000,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series J	ELLA	RadRoc (Subordinate)	Queens	15,000,000	15,000,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series J	ELLA	Rockaway Village Phase II (Subordinate)	Queens	18,725,000	18,725,000	N/A
N/A	2019 Series J	Mix and Match	Jamaica 2 (Subordinate)	Queens	30,600,000	30,600,000	N/A
REMIC	2019 Series F	Preservation	St. Ann's Apartments	Bronx	7,390,000	7,390,000	N/A
Freddie Mac	2014 Series D/ 2019 Series F	LAMP/Section 8	Phelps House ⁽⁴⁾	Manhattan	N/A	59,125,500	N/A
N/A	2014 Series D/ 2019 Series F	LAMP/Section 8	Phelps House (Subordinate) ⁽⁴⁾	Manhattan	N/A	6,569,500	N/A
N/A	2019 Series L	PACT Program	PACT Brooklyn Bundle II ⁽⁴⁾	Brooklyn	N/A	122,000,000	N/A
REMIC	2019 Series L	Preservation	Goodwill Terrace ⁽⁴⁾	Queens	N/A	28,500,000	N/A

(Footnotes on next page)

⁽¹⁾ The Corporation has previously issued Bonds to finance, or reimburse the Corporation for its previous financing with its own corporate funds of, additional portions of each these Mortgage Loans, and all or a portion of each such Mortgage Loan has been advanced from the proceeds of Bonds previously issued or available funds of the Corporation as described in "Appendix D-1—Table 1: Developments and Permanent Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019" or "Appendix D-1—Table 2: Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding Under the Program as of July 31, 2019," as applicable, in Part II of this Official Statement.

⁽²⁾ It is anticipated that additional portions of the senior Chestnut Commons and RadRoc Mortgage Loans will be funded with the proceeds of the 2020 Series A Bonds as described in Part I of this Official Statement.

⁽³⁾ The Corporation expects to fund an additional portion of the Mortgage Loan and expects to issue Bonds in 2020 and 2021 to fund such additional portions.

⁽⁴⁾ The Corporation funded a portion of these loans with revenues available under the Resolution and/or other available funds of the Corporation.

MORTGAGE LOAN PREPAYMENT PROVISIONS

One of the following categories of prepayment provisions applies to the voluntary prepayment of principal with respect to each of the outstanding Mortgage Loans. Appendix D-1 denotes which prepayment category applies to each outstanding Mortgage Loan. The following chart summarizes the applicability of each prepayment category as of July 31, 2019. The chart does not include information with respect to the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans.

			Percentage of Total
	Number of Mortgage	Outstanding Principal Balance	Outstanding Principal Balance
Prepayment Category	Loans	of Mortgage Loans*	of Mortgage Loans*
Category 1	639	\$2,480,930,412	31.92%
Category 2	0	0	0.00%
Category 3	1	5,223,924	0.07%
Category 4	3	3,959,252	0.05%
Category 5	0	0	0.00%
Category 6	0	0	0.00%
Category 7	181	1,424,782,286	18.33%
Category 8	88	417,708,559	5.37%
Category 9	281	3,146,485,753	40.49%
Category 10	3	18,133,022	0.23%
Category 11	31	166,430,671	2.14%
Category 12	0	0	0.00%
Category 13	60	40,929,654	0.53%
Category 14	2	66,785,165	0.86%
N/A	0	0	0.00%
TOTAL	1,289	\$7,771,368,696*	100.00%*

May not add due to rounding.

In general, any prepayment described below is subject to the payment of certain fees and charges, and any prepayment premium or penalty described below will not constitute a Pledged Receipt or Recovery of Principal. In addition, prior written notice of any optional prepayment to the Corporation or the Mortgage Banker, as applicable, generally is required.

<u>Category 1</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may be made at any time.

<u>Category 2</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of FHA.

<u>Category 3.</u> Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of FHA and the Corporation, and may not be made prior to the later of (i) 21 years after the date on which any units in the Development are first occupied or (ii) the date on which assistance under the HAP Contract relating to the Development is terminated.

<u>Category 4.</u> Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of FHA and the Corporation, and may not be made prior to the later of (i) 22 years and 4 months after the date on which any unit in the Development is first occupied or (ii) the date on which assistance under the HAP Contract relating to the Development is terminated.

<u>Category 5.</u> Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of FHA and the Corporation, and may not be made prior to the later of (i) sixteen (16) years and three (3) months after the date on which any unit in the Development is first occupied or (ii) the date on which assistance under the HAP Contract relating to the Development is terminated.

- <u>Category 6.</u> Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan require the prior approval of the Corporation and may not be made prior to the date on which assistance under the HAP Contract relating to the Development is terminated.
- <u>Category 7.</u> Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to approximately ten (10) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan.
- <u>Category 8.</u> Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to approximately six (6) to ten (10) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan, and is subject to the payment of a premium for a specified period of time.
- <u>Category 9.</u> Prepayments of the principal amount of the permanent Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to approximately ten (10) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan and is subject to the payment of a premium for a specified period of time.

In addition, the Mortgagor is required to make a mandatory prepayment of a portion of the Mortgage Loan, without any premium, approximately two (2) to five (5) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan (which mandatory prepayment may be made prior to such time). The amount of a Mortgage Loan subject to such mandatory prepayment represents the difference between the Construction Mortgage Loan Amount and the Anticipated Permanent Mortgage Loan Amount. See "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program—Developments and Construction Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program as of July 31, 2019."

- <u>Category 10</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to fifteen (15) years after the date of the making of the permanent financing for the Mortgage Loan, and is subject to the payment of a premium for a specified period of time.
- <u>Category 11</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to approximately fifteen (15) years after the closing of the Mortgage Loan.
- <u>Category 12</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan may not be made prior to twenty (20) years after the date of the making of the permanent financing for the Mortgage Loan, and is subject to the payment of a premium for a specified period of time.
 - Category 13. No prepayments of the Mortgage Loan are permitted.
- <u>Category 14</u>. Prepayments of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan, which Mortgage Loans generally have a term of 5 years or less, may not be made prior to the date the allocable Bonds that financed the Mortgage Loan are redeemable.

PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOAN PHYSICAL INSPECTION RATINGS

The Corporation conducts an annual site review of each Development to monitor its physical condition; however, HUD Assisted Developments and Developments with FHA-insured Mortgage Loans having a superior inspection rating need only be inspected by the Corporation every three (3) years and Developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans made recently may not have been inspected by the Corporation. The Corporation does not conduct an annual site review for Developments that the Corporation holds only a subordinate lien mortgage, the NYCHA Public Housing Preservation I LLC Development and the NYCHA Public Housing Preservation II LLC Development. During this review, the Corporation undertakes various procedures to monitor both the exterior and interior physical condition of the Developments. The exterior review includes an inspection of exterior walls and foundations, roofs, exterior walkways, security systems, and gas, water and sewage systems. The Corporation's interior review includes an inspection of floors, stairs, interior walkways, community space, electrical and plumbing fixtures, heating and air conditioning systems, and boiler facilities. In addition, the Corporation inspects, among other things, each Development's play areas, elevators, and fire and safety safeguards.

The Corporation's inspection ratings for the Developments, which incorporate HUD's inspection ratings for FHA-insured mortgage loans, include five rating levels: superior (HUD score: 90-100), above average (HUD score: 80-89), satisfactory (HUD score: 60-79), below average (HUD score: 46-59) and unsatisfactory (HUD score: 0-45). Any FHA-insured Mortgage Loan or HUD Assisted Developments with a below average or unsatisfactory physical inspection rating may be subject to foreclosure by HUD (see "THE PROGRAM—FHA-Insured Mortgage Loans and HUD Assisted Developments with Low Inspection Ratings"). Appendix D-1 denotes which one of the rating levels applies to each outstanding inspected Development. The following chart summarizes the applicability of each physical inspection rating level as of July 31, 2019. A significant majority of the mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Mortgage Loan and the 2018 Series B Mortgage Loan are not inspected by the Corporation; such mortgage loans not inspected by the Corporation are not included in this chart. In addition, the table excludes information with respect to the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans other than those Developments with other Mortgage Loans under the Open Resolution.

			Percentage of Total
		Outstanding Principal	Outstanding Principal
Physical Inspection	Number of Mortgage Loans*	Balance of Mortgage Loans	Balance of Mortgage Loans
Superior	74	\$526,470,123	12.76%
Above Average	153	1,110,210,000	26.92%
Satisfactory	370	2,253,381,940	54.63%
Below Average	36	203,606,821	4.94%
Unsatisfactory	5	31,036,015	0.75%
TOTAL**	638	\$4,124,704,899	100.00%

Superior

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals no fire and safety violations; no roof or boiler leakage; no structural deficiencies; strict implementation of maintenance practices; virtually no minor deficiencies; adequate funds available to make necessary repairs; and overall attractive physical plant with highly presentable public and utility areas.

Above Average

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals no major deficiencies and very few and only minor deficiencies. These deficiencies would be easily correctable by the maintenance staff.

^{*} Developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans made recently may not yet have been inspected by the Corporation.

^{**} May not add due to rounding.

The Development would have no structural deficiencies and no health or safety violations. The common, utility and public areas would be secure, clean, and well lit.

Satisfactory

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals only minor violations in the Development which the Corporation believes management will cure; no structural deficiencies; no fire and safety violations; and basic adherence to maintenance practices. The public areas would be secure and presentable.

Below Average

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals multiple minor deficiencies, several major deficiencies or a critical deficiency. A critical deficiency is a violation that affects the health and safety of the residents and can affect the habitability of parts of the development. Critical deficiencies include an inoperable fire alarm control system; other fire and safety hazards; inoperable elevators; and/or structural deficiencies. Failure to correct all deficiencies or failure to fully comply with the Corporation's inspection process and/or reporting requirements after a satisfactory review may result in a below average rating on a subsequent review.

Unsatisfactory

This rating is assigned based on a physical inspection that reveals repeat violations including those covered under a below average rating; hazardous conditions throughout the Development including structural damage, leaking roofs and boilers; unattractive public and/or utility areas; and/or failure to correct deficiencies despite written warnings on at least two (2) occasions.

PERMANENT MORTGAGE LOAN OCCUPANCY

The following table sets forth occupancy rates for developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans, other than the mortgage loans underlying the 2011 Participant Interest, the ML Restructuring Subordinate Mortgage Loans and the 2014 Series B Participant Interest and the related Developments, which are generally seasoned Mortgage Loans with Developments that have been in operation on average for more than 20 years, and information relating to the mortgage loans underlying the 2018 Series B Participant Interest and the related Developments, which are generally seasoned Mortgage Loans with Developments that have been in operation on average for more than 5 years. A majority of the developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans, as measured by outstanding principal balance, have been in operation since at least 2013. Developments with Permanent Mortgage Loans made recently may not yet have been inspected by the Corporation and are included in the table below as Not Applicable.

	Number of		Outstanding Principal	Percentage of Total Outstanding Principal Balance of Mortgage
Occupancy	Developments	Number of Mortgage Loans	Balance of Mortgage Loans	Loans
Above 95%	354	532	\$3,345,588,659	75.50%
Between 90% - 94%	28	47	274,965,648	6.20%
Less than 90%	7	8	33,010,723	0.74%
Not Applicable	53	97	777,924,323	17.55%
TOTAL*	442	684	\$4,431,489,352	100.00%

^{*} May not add due to rounding.



CROSS-CALL PROVISIONS

The following table sets forth the Series of Bonds with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted. With respect to all Series of Bonds Outstanding not listed below, cross-calls into the Series and cross-calls out of the Series are permitted. As used herein, the term "cross-calls" refers to the redemption of Bonds of one Series from amounts representing Recoveries of Principal derived from or with respect to Mortgage Loans attributable to a different Series of Bonds. This table is not intended by the Corporation to be entirely inclusive of the information necessary for a Bondholder to determine the likelihood of redemptions due to cross-calls or otherwise with respect to a particular Series of Bonds. Many factors may affect the Corporation's decision to cross-call including, but not limited to, economic factors and certain limitations under Federal tax law. For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement.

	Cross-Calls Into	Cross-Calls Out of		
Series of Bonds	Series Permitted	Series Permitted		
1998 Series A	No	Yes		
1998 Series B	No	No		
1999 Series A-1	No	Yes		
1999 Series E	No	No		
2002 Series C	No	Yes		
2007 Series A	No	No		
2008 Series E	No	No		
2008 Series F	No	No		
2008 Series J	No ¹	No ¹		
2008 Series K	No	No		
2009 Series I-2	No	No		
2010 Series F	Yes	No		
2010 Series G	No ¹	No ¹		
2010 Series H	No	No		
2010 Series J-1	Yes	No		
2010 Series K-1	Yes	No		
2011 Series C	Yes	No		
2011 Series D	Yes	No		
2011 Series E	Yes	No		
2011 Series F-2	No ¹	No ¹		
2011 Series G-2-A	Yes	No		
2011 Series H-2-A	Yes	No		
2011 Series H-2-B	No ¹	No ¹		
2011 Series H-3-B	No ¹	No ¹		
2012 Series B	No	Yes		
2012 Series E	No	Yes		
2012 Series G	No ¹	No ¹		
2012 Series I	No ¹	No ¹		
2015 Series E-1	No ²	No ²		
2017 Series C-4	Yes ²	Yes ²		
2017 Series G-3	Yes ²	Yes ²		

Cross-calls into this Series of Bonds are only permitted from, and cross-calls out of this Series are only permitted to, any Series of Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Bonds issued or to be issued.

So long as there is a Liquidity Facility in place, the Corporation has covenanted not to cross-call into or out of the Series.



APPENDIX E

INTEREST RATE HEDGE AGREEMENTS

Interest Rate Caps

Notional Amount ¹	Counterparty	Index	Strike Rate	Ceiling Rate	Effective Date	Termination Date
\$95,150,000	Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products, L.P.	Three-Month LIBOR ²	7.35%	14.85%	12/2/2005	11/1/2032
\$40,375,000	Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marine Derivative Products, L.P.	Three-Month LIBOR ²	7.35%	14.85%	5/1/2007	5/1/2027
\$50,000,000	PNC Bank, National Association	Three-Month LIBOR ²	4.50%	7.50%	11/1/2014	11/1/2033
\$150,000,000	Barclays Bank PLC	Three Month LIBOR ²	3.50%	8.00%	8/3/2015	11/1/2020

Interest Rate Exchange Agreements

Notional Amount ¹	Counterparty	Index	Pay	Receive	Ceiling Rate	Effective Date	Termination Date
\$85,000,000	PNC Bank, National Association	Three-Month LIBOR ²	2.029%	100% 3M LIBOR	7.50%	5/1/2018	11/1/2035
\$50,000,000	PNC Bank, National Association	One-Month LIBOR ³	1.2028%	70% 1M LIBOR	7.50%	6/1/2017	8/1/2020
\$100,000,000	PNC Bank, National Association	Three-Month LIBOR ²	3.0949%	100% 3M LIBOR	N/A	2/1/2019	5/1/2046
\$75,000,000	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	SIFMA ⁴	2.367%	SIFMA	N/A	8/1/2019	5/1/2059
\$74,091,103	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	Three-Month LIBOR ²	3.022%	100% 3M LIBOR	N/A	2/1/2019	2/1/2036
\$65,630,000	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	Three-Month LIBOR ²	2.24%	100% 3M LIBOR	N/A	8/1/2019	5/1/2047
\$184,000,000	Royal Bank of Canada	One-Month LIBOR ³	2.538%	77.5% 1M LIBOR	N/A	5/1/2024	5/1/2050
\$98,895,000	Citibank, N.A.	One-Month LIBOR ³	2.5017%	77.5% 1M LIBOR	N/A	7/1/2022	5/1/2051

As of January 31, 2020. The notional amounts amortize over time.

² "Three-Month LIBOR" has the meaning attributed to such term in the related hedge agreement.

³ "One-Month LIBOR" has the meaning attributed to such term in the related hedge agreement.

⁴ "SIFMA" has the meaning attributed to such term in the related hedge agreement.



DESCRIPTION OF SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY AND SUBSIDY PROGRAMS

SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY

FHA Insurance Program

The following describes briefly the multi-family mortgage insurance program administered by HUD, acting through FHA, pursuant to Sections 220, 221(d)(3), 221(d)(4) or 223(f) of the National Housing Act, as amended (the "National Housing Act"), and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the National Housing Act and the regulations thereunder. The applicable FHA regulations regarding such Sections of the National Housing Act are contained in Part 200, Part 220 and Part 221 of Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations and, with certain exceptions, incorporate by reference the provisions of Subpart A, Part 207 of Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations concerning eligibility requirements of mortgages covering multi-family housing under Section 207 of the National Housing Act and the provisions of Subpart B, Part 207 of Title 24 of the Code of Federal Regulations concerning the contract rights and obligations of the mortgagee with respect to mortgages insured under Section 207 of the National Housing Act. In the event of a conflict between the documents governing the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans, the National Housing Act or the FHA rules, regulations and program requirements and the Resolutions, the documents governing the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans or provisions of the National Housing Act and FHA rules, regulations and program requirements will be controlling. FHA Insurance benefits under the program are available only if the mortgagee of record is an FHA-approved mortgagee. The Corporation has been an FHA-approved mortgagee under the FHA Insurance program since 1972.

FHA regulations define a default under an FHA-insured mortgage (including the note incorporated therein) as: (1) a failure to make any payments due under such mortgage or (2) a failure to perform any other mortgage covenant (which includes covenants in the regulatory agreement executed in connection with such FHA-insured mortgage) if the mortgagee, because of such failure, has accelerated the debt. In the event that there is a default beyond applicable notice and grace periods under the FHA regulatory agreement and FHA so requests, the mortgagee, at its option, may declare the whole indebtedness due and payable. Furthermore, the FHA regulations provide that upon notice of a violation of a mortgage covenant, FHA reserves the right to require the mortgagee to accelerate payment of the outstanding principal in order to protect FHA's interests. A mortgagee is entitled to receive the benefits of the mortgage insurance after the mortgagor has defaulted and such default (as defined in the FHA regulations) has continued for a period of thirty (30) days subject to certain requirements.

It is the responsibility of the mortgagee to notify FHA in the event of such a default by the mortgagor under the mortgage note or mortgage. FHA regulations further require the mortgagee to make an election, within forty-five (45) days after the date on which the mortgagee becomes eligible to receive FHA Insurance benefits, (i) to assign the mortgage to FHA or (ii) to acquire title to and convey the project property to FHA, unless such time period is extended by FHA.

The mortgage is required to submit all required documentation within forty-five (45) days of the date the mortgage is assigned to FHA unless the time is extended by FHA. The documentation required to be supplied to FHA includes the mortgage note, the mortgage, the security agreement, the financing statements, the title policy, the hazard policy and other instruments, together with assignments of such documents to FHA. If the election is not made or the documents are not delivered within the forty-five (45) days allowed, FHA will not pay the mortgagee interest on sums outstanding from the date the election should have been made or the date the required documents should have been submitted to FHA,

whichever is applicable, to the date when the mortgage insurance claim is finally paid, unless FHA has agreed to extend the period with interest.

The FHA Insurance benefits received in the event of any claim under the FHA Insurance contract will be subject to certain deductions. The mortgagee will be entitled to settlement of the insurance claim in cash (or, if elected by the mortgagee, in FHA debentures), upon assignment of the mortgage, in an amount equal to 99% of the amount of the principal balance of a defaulted mortgage loan outstanding as of the date of default, after adjustment for certain expenses and for deposits or assets held by the mortgagee for the benefit of the development and not assigned to FHA. However, the Corporation has covenanted in the applicable Supplemental Resolutions to receive insurance claim settlements in cash. FHA Insurance benefits include the payment of interest at the FHA debenture rate on the amount of the insurance claim from the date of default to the date the claim is paid (or such earlier date by which the mortgagee is required to file the election to assign the mortgage or complete submissions as described above, if the mortgagee fails to take such action on a timely basis). The interest rate on the FHA debentures is the rate in effect as of the date of the commitment for FHA Insurance or as of the date of initial endorsement of the note by FHA, whichever is higher. In the case of a monetary default, the date of default is deemed to be the date on which payment on the mortgage loan originally should have been Since interest is paid one month in arrears on the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans, the Corporation, in the event of a claim for FHA Insurance benefits, will not be reimbursed for interest which has accrued in the previous month and was due and payable on the date of default.

In connection with a claim for FHA Insurance benefits, FHA may require delivery to it of certain cash items. Cash items are defined to include, among other things, any cash held by or on behalf of the mortgagee which has not been applied to reduce the mortgage, funds held by the mortgagee for the account of the mortgagor, any unadvanced balance of the insured note and any undrawn balance under letters of credit delivered to the mortgagee in connection with endorsement of the insured note. The mortgagee is responsible for all funds in its custody and must therefore obtain approval from FHA and others when required, prior to release of any funds which may be in its possession. Failure to properly protect such funds may result in a deduction from the FHA Insurance benefits in an amount equal to the funds FHA asserts should have properly been held as a deposit.

In the event of an assignment, in order to receive FHA Insurance benefits, FHA requires the mortgagee to make certain warranties with respect to the validity and priority of the mortgage lien and to furnish FHA with a title insurance policy or policies which name FHA as an insured party and which assure that the mortgage constitutes a first lien on the project, subject only to such exceptions previously approved by FHA. The mortgagee will be required to remove any unapproved intervening liens and to obtain an updated title endorsement within the 45-day period (or such longer period as may be approved by FHA) during which documents are required to be submitted. FHA will deduct the amount of any unapproved liens which have priority over the insured mortgage lien from the mortgage insurance benefits.

FHA typically pays a portion of an insurance claim prior to the delivery of all required documentation, including the mortgage note and the mortgage. If a claim is made, FHA will usually, but is not obligated to, pay 90% of the outstanding principal balance of the note within fifteen (15) days of the recordation of an assignment of the mortgage to FHA. Remaining balances are paid to the mortgagee after FHA has received final financial data and final legal clearance has been received. During the period from the date of default on the mortgage until final payment (or such earlier date by which the mortgagee is required to complete submissions as described above), FHA pays interest on the remaining unpaid amount of the insurance claim at the FHA debenture rate.

Under FHA regulations, if the Corporation receives proceeds from any policy of casualty insurance, it may not exercise its option under the mortgages related to the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans to use such proceeds for either rebuilding the Developments, prepaying the mortgage notes or for any other disposition without FHA's prior written approval. If FHA fails to give its approval to the use of the insurance proceeds within thirty (30) days after written request by the Corporation, the Corporation may use or apply the funds for the purposes specified in such mortgages without prior FHA approval.

Regulatory Agreement, Rent Adjustments and HUD's Supervisory Powers. Under the form of regulatory agreement used in connection with developments financed pursuant to FHA-insured mortgage loans (the "Regulatory Agreement"), the mortgagor is required, among other things, to make all payments due under the mortgage loan and to pay a specified amount monthly into the reserve fund for replacements, which must at all times be under the control of state or local housing finance agencies (the "HFA") and disbursements from which may be made only with HUD's consent or, if authorized by HUD, with the consent of the HFA. In addition, the mortgagor must deposit all rents and other receipts of the development in a development bank account and may withdraw funds from such account only in accordance with the Regulatory Agreement for expenses of the development, certain required remittances to HUD, or distributions of return on equity. For projects subject to rent regulation by HUD (which include projects assisted with Section 8 contracts), rental increases may be made only with the approval of HUD. At any time HUD will consider a written request for a rental increase if such request is properly supported by substantiating evidence. Within a reasonable time HUD must either:

1) approve an increase in the rental schedule to compensate for any net increase in taxes other than income taxes and in operating and maintenance expenses over which the mortgagor has no effective control. With respect to certain mortgage loans insured pursuant to Section 223(f) of the National Housing Act, HUD may approve an additional increase giving consideration to the debt associated with any subordinate mortgage on the project provided HUD determines that market conditions warrant an increase sufficient to amortize all or part of such subordinate mortgage on the project and that such an increase will not unduly jeopardize the economic stability of the project because of adverse effects on rent collections or vacancies; or

2) deny the increase, stating the reasons therefor.

Rent increases for projects assisted with Section 8 contracts are governed by the provisions of the applicable Section 8 contract. Generally, projects insured under Sections 220 and 221(d)(4) of the National Housing Act are not subject to rent regulation by HUD, with certain project-by-project exceptions.

The Regulatory Agreement also contains provisions detailing requirements for tenant eligibility, nondiscrimination, and permissible uses of, or changes to, the development; and prohibits the conveyance, transference or encumbrance of the development or any right to manage the development without the prior written approval of HUD. The mortgagor may not make, receive, or retain any distribution of assets or income from the development except from "surplus cash" and only as permitted under the Regulatory Agreement and applicable laws.

The mortgagor is also prohibited, without the prior written approval of HUD, from remodeling, adding to or demolishing any part of the development or engaging in any other business or activity or incurring any obligation or liability not in connection with the development.

In the event of a violation in the performance of the mortgagor's obligations under the Regulatory Agreement and the mortgagor's failure to cure such violation after receiving notice from HUD, even in the absence of a default under a mortgage note or a mortgage, HUD may (a) notify the HFA of such

default and request the HFA to declare a default under the mortgage note and the mortgage, and the HFA may, at its option, declare the whole indebtedness due and thereupon proceed with foreclosure of the mortgage or assign the mortgage note and the mortgage to HUD, (b) collect all rents and charges in connection with the operation of the development and use such collections to pay the mortgagor's obligations under the Regulatory Agreement, the mortgage note and the mortgage and the expenses of maintaining the development, (c) take possession of and operate the development, and (d) apply for an injunction, appointment of a receiver or such other relief as may be appropriate.

The Regulatory Agreement provides that the mortgagor of the development assumes no personal liability for payments due under the related mortgage note and mortgage, for the reserve for replacements or for matters not under its control. The Regulatory Agreement does provide, however, that the mortgagor is liable for funds or property of the development in the possession of the mortgagor and which the mortgagor is not entitled to retain, and for the mortgagor's actions, or those of others which the mortgagor has authorized, in violation of the Regulatory Agreement.

Loss of FHA Insurance. FHA requires the maintenance of specified casualty insurance on mortgaged properties. The mortgagee must obtain such coverage in the event the mortgagor fails to do so. The failure to maintain adequate casualty insurance on a development may result in the partial or full loss of the FHA Insurance benefits in the event of damage to or destruction of such development. FHA Insurance benefits may also be lost for failure to pay required FHA mortgage insurance premiums or failure to provide FHA with required notices. FHA Insurance benefits may also be denied if fraudulent statements were made to FHA by the HFA or by the mortgagor with the knowledge of the HFA.

FHA Risk-Sharing Insurance Program

General. Section 542(c) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992, as amended (the "Risk-Sharing Act"), authorizes the Secretary of HUD to enter into risk-sharing agreements with qualified state or local housing finance agencies ("HFAs") to enable those HFAs to underwrite and process loans for which HUD will provide full mortgage insurance for eligible projects. HUD has promulgated regulations at 24 C.F.R. Part 266 (the "Regulations") pursuant to the Risk-Sharing Act. The Corporation has been designated by HUD as a "qualified HFA" under the Risk-Sharing Act and has entered into a risk-sharing agreement (the "Risk-Sharing Agreement") with HUD.

Under the program established by the Risk-Sharing Act (the "Risk-Sharing Program"), a participating HFA retains underwriting, loan management and property disposition functions and responsibility for defaulted loans. Following default under a mortgage loan subject to a HUD contract of mortgage insurance under the Risk-Sharing Program, the participating HFA may obtain from HUD an initial claim payment of 100% of the loan's unpaid principal balance and accrued interest, subject to certain adjustments, as further described below. After a period during which the HFA may work toward curing the default, foreclosure or resale of the related project, losses (if any) are to be calculated and apportioned between the HFA and HUD according to a specified risk-sharing percentage for the mortgage loan (determined at the time of its endorsement for insurance), and the amount of the HFA's reimbursement obligation to HUD is determined. During the period preceding such final loss settlement, the HFA is to pay HUD interest on the amount of the initial claim payment under a debenture required to be issued to HUD at the time of initial claim payment. In the case of the Corporation, such debenture interest and the Corporation's reimbursement and other payment obligations to HUD under the Risk-Sharing Agreement will not be payable from the Revenues, Accounts and Mortgage Loans pledged under the Resolution.

FHA Mortgage Insurance. In the case of a Mortgage Loan to be insured during construction, under the Regulations, HUD evidences its insurance by an initial endorsement of the applicable Mortgage Note at or prior to the first advance of moneys under the insured Mortgage Loan to the Mortgagor. Such advance ordinarily occurs prior to the commencement of construction although construction may begin using a Mortgagor's own funds with the Corporation's consent prior to initial endorsement. All advances for construction items will be made as authorized by the Corporation pursuant to the requirements of HUD. The Regulations also provide for insurance of a Mortgage Loan following completion of the project without insurance of construction advances. In either case, upon completion of the project, presentation of a closing docket and certifications required by the Regulations, HUD issues a final endorsement of the Mortgage Note for the costs related to the project which have been certified by an independent certified public accountant and have been approved by the Corporation. Although the Corporation has been given authority to approve cost certifications by a Mortgagor, such certifications are contestable by HUD, up to and during final endorsement of the applicable Mortgage.

The Regulations define an event of default under a HUD-insured mortgage as (i) a failure to make any payment due under the Mortgage or (ii) a failure to perform any other mortgage covenant (which include covenants in the related Regulatory Agreement, which is incorporated by reference in the applicable Mortgage) if the Corporation, because of such failure, has accelerated the debt. The Corporation is entitled to receive the benefits of insurance after the Mortgagor has defaulted and such default continues for a period of 30 days. If the default continues to exist at the end of the 30 day grace period, the Corporation is required to give HUD written notice of the default within 10 days after such grace period and monthly thereafter, unless waived by HUD, until such default has been cured or the Corporation has filed an application for an initial claim payment.

Unless a written extension is granted by HUD, the Corporation must file an application for initial claim payment (or, if appropriate, for partial claim payment) within 75 days from the date of default. Such claim may be made as early as the first day of the month following the month for which a payment was missed. Upon request of the Corporation, HUD may extend, up to 180 days from the date of default, the deadline for filing a claim. In those cases where the Corporation certifies that the Mortgagor is in the process of transacting a bond refunding, refinancing the Mortgage, or changing the ownership for the purpose of curing the default and bringing the Mortgage current, HUD may extend the deadline for filing a claim beyond 180 days.

The initial claim amount is 100% of the unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Note as of the date of default, plus interest at the Mortgage Note rate from the date of default to the date of initial claim payment (subject to curtailment as described below). HUD must make all claim payments in cash. The initial claim payment from HUD is equal to the initial claim amount, less any delinquent mortgage insurance premiums, late charges and interest assessment under the Regulations. The Regulations provide that proceeds of the initial claim payment must be used to retire any bonds or any other financing mechanisms securing the Mortgage within 30 days of the initial claim payment, and that any excess funds resulting from such retirement or repayment shall be returned to HUD within 30 days of the retirement.

In determining the Mortgage Note interest component of the initial claim amount, if the Corporation fails to meet any of the requirements of the Regulations concerning claim procedures within the specified time (including any granted extension of time), HUD shall curtail the accrual of Mortgage Note interest by the number of days by which the required action was late.

FHA insurance under the Risk Sharing Program with respect to any Mortgage Loan may be terminated upon the occurrence of certain events, including the following: (i) the corresponding Mortgage

is paid in full; (ii) the Corporation acquires the applicable project and notifies the FHA Commissioner that it will not file an insurance claim; (iii) a party other than the Corporation acquires the applicable project at a foreclosure sale; (iv) the Corporation notifies the FHA Commissioner of a voluntary termination; (v) the Corporation or its successors commit fraud or make a material misrepresentation to the FHA Commissioner with respect to certain information; (vi) the receipt by the FHA Commissioner of an application for final claims settlement by the Corporation; or (vii) the Corporation acquires the applicable project and fails to make an initial claim.

REMIC Insurance Program

General. REMIC was created in January 1993 as a public benefit corporation of the State under Section 654-d of the New York Private Housing Finance Law (the "REMIC Act"). The REMIC Act also established REMIC as a subsidiary of the Corporation.

REMIC consists of nine members, seven of whom are the members of the Corporation plus two additional members who are appointed by the Mayor of the City. The Chairperson of the Corporation is also the Chairperson of REMIC. The powers of REMIC are vested in and exercised by no less than five members. REMIC may delegate to one or more of its members, officers, agents or employees such powers and duties as it deems proper. The officers and staff of REMIC are all employees of the Corporation. The REMIC Act prohibits REMIC from issuing a commitment to insure a mortgage loan made by the Corporation unless such commitment is approved by at least two members of a three member committee composed of the Chairperson and the two members of REMIC who are not members of the Corporation.

<u>Purposes and Powers</u>. REMIC's purpose is to insure mortgage loans in order to promote the preservation of neighborhoods in New York City which are blighted, are becoming blighted or may become blighted; to discourage disinvestment and encourage investment of mortgage capital in such neighborhoods; and to provide safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations to persons and families for which the ordinary operations of private enterprise cannot supply such accommodations. In furtherance of its corporate purpose, REMIC is authorized to enter into commitments to insure mortgages and contracts of insurance, and fulfill its obligations and enforce its rights under any insurance so furnished.

REMIC is empowered to insure permanent first mortgage loans made by financial institutions for multi-family housing accommodations, one to four family homes, and emergency, transitional or shelter housing ("Shelter Housing") located in the City of New York. This includes multi-family rental and cooperative buildings, owner-occupied one to four family homes, cooperative units, condominium units, Shelter Housing and mixed-use buildings, provided that, with respect to mixed-use buildings containing more than six dwelling units and Shelter Housing, the above-ground commercial space must contain less than 25% of the total above-ground square footage of the insured property. REMIC insurance coverage (the "Coverage Percentage") is limited by property type and loan type. Lenders can obtain up to 50% coverage on preservation loans (i.e., refinancing and/or acquisition loans), up to 75% on rehabilitation loans (i.e., permanent loans which replace construction or rehabilitation financing) and up to 100% on preservation or rehabilitation loans made by a public employee pension system or another public benefit corporation, including the Corporation, when such loan is funded with the proceeds of a bond issue.

REMIC Funds. The REMIC Act establishes a housing insurance fund (the "HIF") and a REMIC premium reserve fund ("PRF"). REMIC is required to maintain the HIF to serve as a revolving fund for carrying out the provisions of the REMIC Act with respect to housing insurance contracts entered into by REMIC. The HIF requirement, as of any particular date of computation, is equal to an amount of money or cash equivalents equal to the aggregate of (a) the insured amounts of loans due and payable as of such

date pursuant to its housing insurance contracts, plus (b) an amount equal to 20% of the insured amounts under REMIC's housing insurance contracts (other than insured amounts due and payable pursuant to clause (a) above) plus 20% of the amounts to be insured under REMIC's commitments to insure. Increases to the HIF are funded solely from monies from the PRF. The term "cash equivalent" means a letter of credit, insurance policy, surety, guarantee, indemnity or other security arrangement.

The REMIC Act provides that no monies shall be withdrawn from the HIF at any time in such amount as would reduce the amount in the HIF to less than the HIF requirement, except for the purpose of paying liabilities arising from housing insurance contracts as they come due and for the payment of which other monies are not available.

As of July 31, 2019, the HIF's total liability against commitments and against housing insurance contracts in force was approximately \$410 million. As of July 31, 2019, the HIF had a total loan amount on outstanding commitments and housing insurance contracts in force of approximately \$1.947 billion on 307 properties. As of July 31, 2019, the HIF was funded in cash or marketable securities in an amount at least equal to the HIF requirement.

REMIC also maintains the PRF to provide for payment of REMIC's liabilities arising from its operations, its housing insurance contracts and its mortgage insurance contracts. All monies deposited in the PRF, whether from earned premiums, investment income or other sources, represent the excess over the HIF requirements. If the amounts in the HIF are below their respective requirements, amounts in the PRF are available to restore these funds to their requirements. As of July 31, 2019, the PRF totaled approximately \$58 million.

Since 2011, the Corporation has provided \$35.5 million to REMIC to capitalize future capacity. As of July 31, 2019, the REMIC total fund balance was approximately \$142 million.

<u>Claims for Loss</u>. As of July 31, 2019, the HIF had neither paid claims for loss nor had any policies in force on which claims for loss had been submitted.

The claims-paying ability of the HIF is rated "AA" by S&P. The PRF is not rated by any recognized rating agency. Such ratings reflect only the respective views of such rating agencies, and an explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the rating agency furnishing the same. There is no assurance that this rating will be retained for any given period of time or that the same will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency furnishing the same if, in its judgment, circumstances so warrant.

The payment of principal and interest on the Bonds is not secured by or payable from monies held in the HIF or the PRF, and REMIC is not liable on the Bonds. The REMIC Act provides that all amounts in the HIF, with certain exceptions, shall be used solely for the payment of its liabilities arising from housing insurance contracts. Only monies in the HIF and the PRF will be available to REMIC for payment of REMIC's liabilities under the REMIC Insurance. There are no other dedicated sources of revenue to pay for the insurance obligations of REMIC. There can be no assurance that the amounts on deposit in the HIF and PRF will not be depleted through payment of liabilities arising with respect to insured mortgage loans other than REMIC-insured Mortgage Loans.

The audited financial statements of REMIC for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019 are included in the audited financial statements of the Corporation for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019 which are incorporated by reference in this Official Statement. Copies of the Annual Report of the Corporation, which includes information on REMIC, are available from REMIC at 110 William Street,

New York, New York 10038, telephone: (212) 227-5500, or through its internet address: www.nychdc.com/REMIC.

Benefits for the Mortgage Loans secured or expected to be secured by REMIC Insurance under HIF. The REMIC Master Policy of Insurance (the "REMIC Policy"), which covers a specified percentage of the original Mortgage Loan amount for each insured Mortgage Loan on a first loss basis, requires each insured lender benefitting from REMIC Insurance (an "Insured") to notify REMIC within forty-five (45) days after a payment default by a Mortgagor on an insured Mortgage Loan and to provide various additional notices during the period of default. When a Mortgagor fails to pay a total aggregate amount equal to four regular monthly payments of principal and interest, and any escrow payments due under the terms of an insured Mortgage Loan, disregarding any waivers or extensions by the Insured (termed "Four Months in Default" under the REMIC Policy), and assuming such notices have been timely submitted and other preconditions have been met, the Insured may make a claim for REMIC Insurance benefits.

Upon receipt of a notice of default under an insured Mortgage Loan, REMIC has the right to purchase the Mortgage Loan from the Insured for a price equal to the unpaid principal balance thereof and all "Allowed Costs" (defined to mean delinquent interest, taxes, attorney fees and the like) not previously reimbursed by REMIC. Thereafter, REMIC is to receive an assignment of the Mortgage Loan and all reserves held for the credit of the related Development. The Insured may also request, if the Mortgage Loan is Four Months in Default, that REMIC enter into (i) a periodic payment plan lasting no more than two years during which time the Insured is to receive from REMIC on a quarterly basis the amounts due on the Mortgage Loan net of the operating income from the Development assigned by the Mortgagor to the Insured, or (ii) where there is no reasonable expectation that there will be a cure of the Mortgage Loan default, a lump sum payment agreement requiring payment by REMIC to the Insured of an amount equal to the average of two quoted market valuations of the property plus the Coverage Percentage of Allowed Costs. At the end of the two year periodic payment plan period, any additional insurance benefits due to the Insured are to be paid by REMIC. In the case of both a periodic payment plan and a lump sum payment plan, total insurance benefits paid may not exceed the lesser of (x) the Coverage Percentage of the full Claim for Loss (defined below), or (y) the Coverage Percentage of the Mortgage Loan principal amount as initially insured.

Unless the related Mortgage Loan is purchased by REMIC, or a periodic payment plan or lump sum payment plan has been executed, as described above, the Insured is required by the REMIC Policy to commence proceedings to obtain title to the Development when the insured Mortgage Loan becomes Four Months in Default (although the Insured is free to commence such proceedings upon any default). However, upon consent of REMIC or satisfaction of certain other conditions, actions, including foreclosure proceedings, may be undertaken in which title to the property will pass to a third party.

In the event that the Insured obtains title to the Development, the Insured may present a claim under the REMIC Insurance and REMIC, at its option, will pay insurance benefits in either of the following amounts:

- (a) the full "Claim for Loss," consisting of the Mortgage Loan principal balance as of the date of default and Allowed Costs but net of reserves held for the Development and net of any portion of the claim attributable to Insured fault or previously reimbursed to the Insured, in which case title to the Development is to be transferred to REMIC, or
- (b) a percentage of the full Claim for Loss equal to the Coverage Percentage thereof, but not in excess of the Coverage Percentage of the Mortgage Loan principal amount as initially insured, in which case the Insured is to retain title to the Development.

If proceedings are undertaken in which title to the property passes to a third party, the Insured may claim under the REMIC Insurance for payment of the full Claim for Loss, net of the amounts realized by the Insured from such proceedings, but never in excess of the Coverage Percentage of the Mortgage Loan principal amount as initially insured.

For specific information on the coverage provided by REMIC Insurance, reference should be made to the applicable REMIC commitment and the Master Policy issued by REMIC, which are available at the offices of the Corporation.

The REMIC Insurance may terminate pursuant to its terms upon the occurrence of certain events including, without limitation, the nonpayment of renewal premium, the material modification of the Mortgage without the prior written approval of REMIC, and the disposal of property or collateral securing the Mortgage Loan prior to the final settlement of a claim for loss.

With respect to the Mortgage Loans insured or expected to be insured by REMIC, amounts in the HIF are available, and amounts in the PRF are not available, to pay any liability incurred by REMIC with respect to such Mortgage Loans.

As of July 31, 2019, two hundred and sixteen (216) permanent Mortgage Loans under the Program, with an aggregate outstanding Mortgage Loan balance of approximately \$1.28 billion, are partially insured by REMIC.

REMIC makes no representation as to the contents of this Official Statement (other than this section), the suitability of the Bonds for any investor, the feasibility of the Developments, or compliance with any securities or tax laws and regulations which may relate to the issuance and sale of the Bonds.

REMIC's role is limited to providing the coverage set forth in the REMIC Insurance.

SONYMA Insurance Program

As further described below, the State of New York Mortgage Agency ("SONYMA") operates a mortgage insurance program. Mortgage Loans insured by SONYMA are referred to as the "SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans." *The Bonds are not insured by SONYMA and SONYMA is not liable on the Bonds.*

General. SONYMA was established pursuant to the State of New York Mortgage Agency Act, Chapter 612 of the Laws of New York, 1970, as amended (the "SONYMA Act"). The directors of SONYMA consist of the State Comptroller or his appointee, the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, the Commissioner of the New York State Division of Housing and Community Renewal, one director appointed by the Temporary President of the State Senate, one director appointed by the Speaker of the State Assembly, and four directors appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate. SONYMA employs a staff of approximately 153 employees, including 10 persons who staff the legal, underwriting and risk evaluation, administrative and servicing units of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund (defined below). The issuance of commitments to insure loans of greater than \$2,000,000 requires the approval of SONYMA's Mortgage Insurance Committee and the issuance of commitments to insure loans of greater than \$7,000,000 also requires the approval of the directors of SONYMA.

The SONYMA Act authorizes SONYMA to enter into commitments to insure mortgages and contracts of mortgage insurance and to contract to facilitate the financial activities of the Convention Center Development Corporation (the "CCDC"), a subsidiary of the New York State Urban Development Corporation, and to fulfill SONYMA's obligations and enforce its rights under any insurance or financial

support so furnished. Part II of the SONYMA Act, authorizing the mortgage insurance program, was adopted by the State Legislature in 1978 to encourage financial institutions to make mortgage loans in neighborhoods suffering from disinvestment by providing mortgage insurance to minimize the investment risk. In 1989, the SONYMA Act was amended to authorize SONYMA to provide insurance for a loan or pool of loans (a) when the property is located in an "economic development zone" as defined under State law, (b) when the property will provide affordable housing, (c) when the entity providing the mortgage financing was or is created by local, State or Federal legislation, and certifies to SONYMA that the project meets the program criteria applicable to such entity or (d) when the property will provide a retail or community service facility that would not otherwise be provided. In December 2004, the SONYMA Act was amended to authorize SONYMA to enter into agreements with CCDC to provide a source or potential source of financial support to bonds of the CCDC and, to the extent not otherwise provided in respect of the support of bonds, for CCDC's ancillary bond facilities.

The SONYMA Act authorizes SONYMA to create a mortgage insurance fund (the "SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund"). The SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund is used as a revolving fund for carrying out the provisions of the SONYMA Act with respect to mortgages insured thereunder and with respect to providing credit support for the CCDC bonds or ancillary bond facilities. The Bonds are not secured by monies held in the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund and SONYMA is not liable on the Bonds. The SONYMA Act provides that all monies held in the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund, with certain exceptions, shall be used solely for the payment of its liabilities arising from mortgages insured by SONYMA or for providing credit support for CCDC bonds or ancillary bond facilities. Only monies in the appropriate accounts of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund will be available to SONYMA for payment of SONYMA's liabilities under the SONYMA mortgage insurance policies for the SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans (the "SONYMA Insurance").

The SONYMA Act establishes within the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund a project pool insurance account with respect to insurance on properties other than one to four dwelling units (the "Project Pool Insurance Account"), a special account (the "Special Account"), a single family pool insurance account with respect to insurance related to one to four dwelling units (the "Single Family Pool Insurance Account"), and a development corporation credit support account with respect to providing credit support for the bonds or ancillary bond facilities of the CCDC (the "Development Corporation Credit Support Account"). The Development Corporation Credit Support Account is a source or potential source of payment of the sum of the respective amounts (or percentages) of required or permissive funding by the CCDC of each reserve and financial support fund established by the CCDC for its bonds and, to the extent not otherwise provided in respect of the support of bonds, for its ancillary bond facilities for which SONYMA has determined that the Development Corporation Credit Support Account is or will be a source or potential source of funding.

The SONYMA Act provides that assets of the Project Pool Insurance Account, the Special Account, the Single Family Pool Insurance Account and the Development Corporation Credit Support Account shall be kept separate and shall not be commingled with each other or with any other accounts which may be established from time to time, except as authorized by the SONYMA Act. The SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans are insured by SONYMA under the Project Pool Insurance Account.

The SONYMA Act provides that all monies held in the Project Pool Insurance Account, with certain exceptions, shall be used solely for the payment of its liabilities arising from mortgages insured by SONYMA pursuant to the SONYMA Act. The claims-paying ability of each of the Project Pool Insurance Account and the Single Family Pool Insurance Account of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund are rated "Aa1" by Moody's Investors Service. The claims-paying ability of the Project Pool Insurance Account and the Single Family Pool Insurance Account of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund are rated "AA-" and "AA+," respectively, by Fitch, Inc. Such ratings reflect only the views of such

organizations; an explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the respective rating agencies. There is no assurance that such ratings will continue for any period of time or that they will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by such rating agencies if, in their judgment, circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. These ratings were established subsequent to SONYMA's change in its procedures to now require that reserves established with respect to project primary insurance it provides be deposited to the Project Pool Insurance Account. The claims-paying ability of the Development Corporation Credit Support Account has not been rated. The SONYMA Act provides that SONYMA may not execute a contract to provide credit support to the bonds or ancillary bond facilities of the CCDC if, at the time such contract is executed, such execution would impair any then existing credit rating of the Single Family Pool Insurance Account or the Project Pool Insurance Account.

The SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund is funded primarily by a surtax on the State mortgage recording tax. Section 253(1-a) of the State Tax Law (the "State Tax Law") imposes a surtax (the "Tax") on recording mortgages of real property situated within the State. Excluded from the Tax are, among others, recordings of mortgages executed by voluntary nonprofit hospital corporations, mortgages executed by or granted to the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York and mortgages, wherein the mortgagee is a natural person, on mortgaged premises consisting of real property improved by a structure containing six or fewer residential dwelling units, each with separate cooking facilities. The Tax is equal to \$0.25 for each \$100 (and each remaining major fraction thereof) of principal debt which is secured by the mortgage. Section 261 of the State Tax Law requires the respective recording officers of each county of the State, on or before the tenth day of each month, after deducting certain administrative expenses incident to the maintenance of their respective recording offices, to pay SONYMA for deposit to the credit of the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund the portion of the Tax collected by such counties during the preceding month, except that: (i) with respect to mortgages recorded on and after May 1, 1987, the balance of the Tax paid during each month to the recording officers of the counties comprising the Metropolitan Commuter Transportation District on mortgages of any real property improved by a structure containing six residential dwelling units or less with separate cooking facilities, shall be paid over to the Metropolitan Transportation Authority; (ii) with respect to mortgages recorded on and after May 1, 1987, the balance of the Tax paid during each month to the recording officers of the County of Erie on mortgages of any real property improved by a structure containing six residential dwelling units or less with separate cooking facilities, shall be paid over to the State Comptroller for deposit into the Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority light rail rapid transit special assistance fund; and (iii) Taxes paid upon mortgages covering real property situated in two or more counties shall be apportioned by the State Tax Commission among SONYMA, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority and the Niagara Frontier Transportation Authority, as appropriate.

Mortgage recording taxes have been collected in the State for more than 75 years. SONYMA has been entitled to receive Tax receipts since December 1978. Under existing law, no further action on the part of the State legislature is necessary for the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund to continue to receive such monies. However, the State is not bound or obligated to impose, or to impose at current levels, the mortgage recording taxes described above or to direct the proceeds to SONYMA as currently provided. The SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund's receipt of Tax receipts is dependent upon the performance by the county recording officers of their collection and remittance obligations; the State Tax Commission is given general supervisory power over such officers. Tax receipts paid to the Mortgage Insurance Fund in calendar years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 were approximately \$140 million, \$73 million, \$64 million, \$79 million, \$99 million, \$140 million, \$156 million, \$188 million, \$179 million, \$161 million, \$154 million and \$165 million, respectively. Tax receipts have fluctuated over the period they have been payable to the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund, due to changing conditions in the State's real estate market.

The SONYMA Act provides that SONYMA must credit the amount of money received from the recording officer of each county to the Special Account. The SONYMA Act provides that SONYMA may credit from the Special Account to the Project Pool Insurance Account, the Single Family Pool Insurance Account or the Development Corporation Credit Support Account, such moneys as are needed to satisfy the mortgage insurance fund requirement (as defined in the SONYMA Act) (the "Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement") of the Project Pool Insurance Account, the Single Family Pool Insurance Account and the Development Corporation Credit Support Account, respectively, except that during any twelve-month period ending on March thirty-first the aggregate amount credited to the Development Corporation Credit Support Account (excluding investment earnings thereon) shall not exceed the lesser of (i) \$50 million or (ii) the aggregate of the amounts required under the contracts executed by SONYMA to provide credit support to the CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities. The SONYMA Act also provides that if at any time the moneys, investments and cash equivalents (valued as determined by SONYMA) of the Project Pool Insurance Account, the Single Family Pool Insurance Account or the Development Corporation Credit Support Account exceed the amount necessary to attain and maintain the credit rating or, with respect to credit support to the CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities, credit worthiness (as determined by SONYMA) required to accomplish the purposes of such Account, SONYMA shall transfer such excess to the Special Account. Any excess balance in the Special Account is required to be remitted to the State annually. The SONYMA Act provides that no monies shall be withdrawn from any account within the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund at any time in such amount as would reduce the amount in each account of such Fund to less than its applicable Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement, except for the purpose of paying liabilities as they become due and for the payment of which other monies are not available. There can be no assurance that the amounts on deposit in the Project Pool Insurance Account will not be depleted through payment of liabilities arising with respect to insured mortgage loans other than the SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans.

The Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement as of any particular date of computation is equal to an amount of money or cash equivalents equal to (a) the aggregate of (i) the insured amounts of loans and such amount of credit support for the CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities that SONYMA has determined to be due and payable as of such date pursuant to its contracts to insure mortgages or provide credit support for the CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities plus (ii) an amount equal to twenty per centum (20%) of the amounts of loans insured under SONYMA's insurance contracts plus twenty per centum (20%) of the amounts to be insured under SONYMA's commitments to insure less the amounts payable pursuant to subparagraph (i) above (provided, however, that if the board of directors of SONYMA shall have established a higher per centum for a category of loans pursuant to the SONYMA Act, such per centum shall be substituted for twenty per centum (20%) in this paragraph as, for example, the March 2001 board of directors determination that the per centum for special needs facilities was forty per centum (40%)), plus (iii) an amount equal to the respective amounts established by contracts under which SONYMA has determined that the Development Corporation Credit Support Account will provide credit support for CCDC, less the amounts payable with respect to credit support for CCDC's bonds or ancillary bond facilities pursuant to subparagraph (i) above less (b) the aggregate of the amount of each reinsurance contract procured in connection with obligations of SONYMA determined by SONYMA to be a reduction pursuant to this paragraph in calculating the Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement. Pursuant to the SONYMA Act, the board of directors of SONYMA may, from time to time, establish a Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement in an amount higher than the twenty per centum (20%) set forth above. There can be no assurance that, in the future, there will not be additional changes in the Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement for any category of loans.

As of October 31, 2019, the amount of reserves (money or cash equivalents) in the Project Pool Insurance Account was \$1,904,020,490 and the Mortgage Insurance Fund Requirement related to such Account was \$1,096,981,365. Amounts on deposit in the Project Pool Insurance Account may be transferred to other accounts or withdrawn as described in the second preceding paragraph.

As of October 31, 2019, the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund's total liability against project mortgage insurance commitments and policies in force was \$5,333,713,056 and the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund had a total loan amount on outstanding project mortgage insurance commitments and policies in force of \$5,980,874,704.

As of October 31, 2019, the Project Pool Insurance Account had paid 96 project mortgage insurance claims for loss in the aggregate amount of \$123,863,902. As of October 31, 2019, the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund had 6 project mortgage insurance policies in force on which claims for loss had been submitted. SONYMA estimates that its total liability thereon is \$15,436,129.

In 2005, SONYMA entered into a credit support agreement with CCDC (the "Original CSA") to provide credit support for bonds issued in 2005 by CCDC (the "2005 Bonds"). In 2015, SONYMA and CCDC entered into a first amendment to the Original CSA which amended the Original CSA (as amended, the "Amended CSA") in order to provide credit support for refunding bonds issued by CCDC in 2015 (the "2015 Bonds"). Following the issuance of the 2015 Bonds, the 2005 Bonds were no longer outstanding. On September 22, 2016, SONYMA, with the authorization of its board of directors, entered into two separate credit support agreements with CCDC as follows: (i) an amendment and restatement of the Amended CSA (the "Amended and Restated Senior Lien CSA") to provide credit support for both the 2015 Bonds and bonds issued by CCDC in 2016 on a parity with the 2015 Bonds (the "2016 Senior Lien Bonds", together with the 2015 Bonds, the "Senior Lien Bonds") and possible future series of CCDC senior lien bonds, and (ii) a new credit support agreement (the "Subordinated CSA") to provide credit support for bonds issued by CCDC in 2016 which are subordinated to the Senior Lien Bonds (the "2016 Subordinated Lien Bonds") and possible future series of CCDC subordinated lien bonds. Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Senior Lien CSA, SONYMA will be obligated to maintain a minimum balance of \$25 million in the Development Corporation Credit Support Account which moneys will be used to support, in each bond year, the payment of an amount equal to up to one-third of the scheduled principal and interest due in such bond year on the Senior Lien Bonds. Pursuant to the Subordinated CSA, SONYMA will be obligated to maintain a minimum balance of \$8.2 million in a subaccount of the Development Corporation Credit Support Account which will be used to support the payment in each year of an amount equal to up to one-third of the scheduled principal and interest due in such year on the Series 2016 Subordinated Lien Bonds.

In addition to the mortgage insurance program and the credit support program, the SONYMA Act authorizes SONYMA to purchase and make commitments to purchase mortgage loans on single-family (one-to four-unit) housing and home improvement loans from certain lenders in the State, which loans may be the subject of SONYMA Insurance payable from the Single Family Pool Insurance Account. The SONYMA Act also empowers SONYMA to make and purchase certain student loans, none of which are eligible for SONYMA Insurance.

Copies of SONYMA's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2019 are available from the State of New York Mortgage Agency, 641 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10022, telephone (212) 688-4000.

SONYMA makes no representation as to the contents of this Official Statement (other than this section), the suitability of the Bonds for any investor, the feasibility of any Project or compliance with any securities or tax laws and regulations which may relate to the issuance and sale of the Bonds.

SONYMA's role is limited to providing the coverage set forth in the SONYMA Insurance.

Proposed State Fiscal Year 2020-2021 Executive Budget Provisions

The Education, Labor and Family Assistance portion of the 2020-2021 Proposed Budget submitted by the Governor to the State Legislature on January 21, 2020, would require certain transfers of moneys in the aggregate amount of \$81.831 million, subject to the approval of the Director of the Budget of the State of New York, from (a) the Special Account in an amount up to the available excess balance in the Special Account, as calculated in accordance with the SONYMA Act for the State Fiscal Year 2019-2020, and/or (b) the Project Pool Insurance Account, provided that, at the time of each transfer from the Project Pool Insurance Account the reserves remaining in the Project Pool Insurance Account are sufficient to attain and maintain the credit rating required to accomplish the purposes of the Project Pool Insurance Account (as determined by SONYMA). There can be no assurances as to what effect, if any, any such transfer may have on the then-current rating of the Project Pool Insurance Account by any rating agency.

Similar provisions enacted as part of prior State Enacted Budgets resulted in transfers (i) in State Fiscal Year 2019-2020 from the Project Pool Account in the aggregate amount of \$818,235 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$16,199,765, (ii) in State Fiscal Year 2018-2019 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$3,032,511 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$51,967,489, (iii) in State Fiscal Year 2017-2018 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$99,397,781 and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$53,602,219, (iv) in State Fiscal Year 2016-2017 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$100 million and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$75 million, (v) in State Fiscal Year 2015-2016 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$75 million and the Special Account in the aggregate amount of \$50 million, (vi) in State Fiscal Year 2014-2015 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$75.418 million, (vii) in State Fiscal Year 2013-2014 from the Project Pool Insurance Account in the aggregate amount of \$135.952 million, and (viii) in State Fiscal Years 2012-2013 and 2008-2009 from the Project Pool Insurance Account, each in the amount of \$100 million. State budget legislation in future years may provide for transfers from the Project Pool Insurance Account or other accounts in the MIF. SONYMA makes no representation regarding whether any such transfers, or the amounts thereof, will be enacted.

The SONYMA Act provides that no monies shall be withdrawn from any account within the SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Fund at any time in an amount which would reduce the amount on deposit in such account, including the Project Pool Insurance Account, of the Fund to fall below its statutorily required reserves.

Collection of SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Benefits – 100% Mortgage Loans.

It is expected that the SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans will be or have been insured by SONYMA upon compliance with certain conditions contained in their respective SONYMA insurance commitments. As of the date of this Official Statement, certain Mortgage Loans insured by SONYMA have been or will be insured for 100% of the outstanding principal balance thereof (the "100% Mortgage Loans"). The following description relates only to 100% Mortgage Loans which are insured for 100% of the outstanding principal balance thereof.

Pursuant to the SONYMA Insurance with respect to each of the SONYMA-insured 100% Mortgage Loans, following certain defaults under the respective Mortgage securing such 100% Mortgage Loans, the Corporation shall file a claim for loss with SONYMA. Thereupon, SONYMA has the option to either (i) make periodic payments of its obligation under the SONYMA Insurance in amounts equal to the scheduled principal and interest payments due with respect to such 100% Mortgage Loan plus certain other amounts expended by the Corporation (for which the Corporation has not been reimbursed) or (ii)

make a lump sum payment under the SONYMA Insurance in an amount equal to the sum of the principal outstanding and interest accrued on such 100% Mortgage Loan from the date of such claim for loss to the date of payment in respect of such claim for loss and certain other amounts expended by the Corporation (for which the Corporation has not been reimbursed). Periodic payments are to be made monthly. In addition, if SONYMA has chosen initially to make periodic payments it may nevertheless exercise its option to make a lump sum payment in the full amount of its then outstanding obligation under the SONYMA Insurance at any time while SONYMA is making periodic payments. Upon a lump sum payment by SONYMA, the Corporation shall assign such Mortgage to SONYMA. The SONYMA Insurance with respect to such 100% Mortgage Loan may terminate pursuant to its terms upon the occurrence of certain events including the nonpayment of renewal premium. For specific information on the coverage provided by the SONYMA Insurance with respect to such 100% Mortgage Loan, reference should be made to the policy related to such SONYMA Insurance which is available for inspection at the office of the Corporation.

The Corporation has covenanted not to take any action to conflict with SONYMA regulations so as to jeopardize the SONYMA Insurance. In addition, in the event of a default under any of the SONYMA-insured 100% Mortgage Loans, the Corporation has covenanted to undertake to assign such 100% Mortgage Loan to SONYMA or take such other actions in timely fashion so as to avoid any loss or diminution of benefits receivable as SONYMA Insurance.

<u>Collection of SONYMA Mortgage Insurance Benefits – 50% Mortgage Loans.</u>

It is expected that the SONYMA-insured Mortgage Loans will be or have been insured by SONYMA upon compliance with certain conditions contained in their respective SONYMA insurance commitments. As of the date of this Official Statement, certain Mortgage Loans insured by SONYMA have been or will be insured for 50% of the originally insured principal balance thereof on a first loss basis (the "50% Mortgage Loans"). The following description relates only to 50% Mortgage Loans which are insured for 50% of the originally insured principal balance thereof.

Pursuant to the SONYMA Insurance with respect to each of the SONYMA-insured 50% Mortgage Loans, following certain defaults under the respective Mortgage securing such 50% Mortgage Loans, the Corporation shall file a claim for loss with SONYMA. Thereupon, SONYMA has the option to either (i) make periodic payments of its obligation under the SONYMA Insurance in amounts equal to the scheduled principal and interest payments due with respect to such 50% Mortgage Loan plus certain other amounts expended by the Corporation (for which the Corporation has not been reimbursed) in an aggregate amount not to exceed 50% of the originally insured principal balance or (ii) make a lump sum payment under the SONYMA Insurance in an amount not to exceed the lesser of (i) 50% of the originally insured amount thereof, or (ii) the sum of the principal outstanding and interest accrued on such 50% Mortgage Loan from the date of such claim for loss to the date of payment in respect of such claim for loss and certain other amounts expended by the Corporation (for which the Corporation has not been reimbursed). SONYMA shall make periodic payments for a period not to exceed three (3) years at the expiration of which, SONYMA may elect to continue the periodic payments or suspend payments until the Corporation obtains a deficiency judgment, at which time SONYMA will pay to the Corporation the remainder of its then outstanding obligation under the SONYMA Insurance. Periodic payments are to be made monthly. In addition, if SONYMA has chosen initially to make periodic payments it may at any time nevertheless exercise its option to make a lump sum payment. The SONYMA Insurance with respect to such 50% Mortgage Loan may terminate pursuant to its terms upon the occurrence of certain events including the nonpayment of renewal premium. For specific information on the coverage provided by the SONYMA Insurance with respect to such 50% Mortgage Loan, reference should be made to the policy related to such SONYMA Insurance which is available for inspection at the office of the Corporation.

The Corporation has covenanted not to take any action to conflict with SONYMA regulations so as to jeopardize the SONYMA Insurance. In addition, in the event of a default under any of the SONYMA-insured 50% Mortgage Loans, the Corporation has covenanted to take such other actions in timely fashion so as to avoid any loss or diminution of benefits receivable as SONYMA Insurance.

GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Program

GNMA Securities are "fully-modified, pass-through" securities which require the Mortgage Banker that issued such GNMA Securities or its assignee (i) to make monthly payments of principal and interest on the aggregate principal balance thereof to the holder of the GNMA Securities, whether or not the Mortgage Banker receives payments on the mortgage loans backing the GNMA Securities from the mortgagor, and (ii) to pass through any prepayments of principal and premiums on the mortgage loans received by the Mortgage Banker. GNMA Securities are guaranteed as to full and timely payment of principal and interest by GNMA, a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States within the Department of Housing and Urban Development with its principal office in Washington, D.C.

GNMA Guaranty. GNMA is authorized by Section 306(g) of Title III of the National Housing Act to guarantee the timely payment of the principal of and interest on securities which are based on and backed by, among other things, an FHA-insured mortgage loan under the National Housing Act. Section 306(g) of the National Housing Act provides further that "the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of all amounts which may be required to be paid under any guaranty under this subsection." An opinion, dated December 12, 1969, of an Assistant Attorney General of the United States, states that, under Section 306(g) of the National Housing Act, such guarantees of mortgage-backed securities (of the type to be delivered to the Trustee on behalf of the Corporation) are authorized to be made by GNMA and "would constitute general obligations of the United States backed by its full faith and credit."

GNMA guarantees the timely payment of the principal of and interest on the GNMA Security by the Mortgage Banker. Interest and principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans received by the Mortgage Banker from the mortgagor are the primary source of monies for payments on the GNMA Securities. If such payments are less than what is due under the GNMA Security, the Mortgage Banker is obligated to advance its own funds to insure timely payment of all amounts coming due on the GNMA Security. GNMA guarantees such timely payment to the holder of the GNMA Securities by the Mortgage Banker whether or not made by a mortgagor. If such payments are not received as scheduled, the holder of the GNMA Securities has recourse directly to GNMA. The GNMA Securities do not constitute a liability of, nor evidence any recourse against, the Mortgage Banker as the issuer of the GNMA Securities, but recourse thereon is solely against GNMA.

In order to meet its obligations under such guaranty, GNMA, in its corporate capacity under Section 306(d) of Title III of the National Housing Act, may issue its general obligations to the United States Treasury in an amount outstanding at any time sufficient to enable GNMA, with no limitations as to amount, to perform its obligations under its guaranty of the timely payment of the principal of and interest on a GNMA Security. The Treasury is authorized to purchase any obligations so issued by GNMA and has indicated in a letter dated February 13, 1970, from the Secretary of the Treasury to the Secretary of HUD that the Treasury will make loans to GNMA, if needed, to implement the aforementioned guaranty. GNMA further warrants to the holder of each GNMA Security, that, in the event it is called upon at any time to make good its guaranty of the payment of principal and interest on a GNMA Security, it will, if necessary, in accordance with Section 306(d) of the National Housing Act, apply to the Treasury Department of the United States for a loan or loans in amounts sufficient to make payments of principal and interest.

Under the GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Program, the Mortgage Banker is obligated to execute a Guaranty Agreement which provides that, in the event of a default by the Mortgage Banker, including (i) a request to GNMA to make a payment of principal or interest on a GNMA Security, (ii) the insolvency of the Mortgage Banker, or (iii) a default by the Mortgage Banker under any other Guaranty Agreement with GNMA, GNMA shall have the right to extinguish the Mortgage Banker's interest in the mortgage loans that back GNMA Securities, which then shall become the absolute property of GNMA, subject only to the unsatisfied rights of the owners of the GNMA Securities. In such event, the GNMA Guaranty Agreement provides that GNMA shall be the successor in all respects to the Mortgage Banker in its capacity under the GNMA Guaranty Agreement and shall be subject to all responsibilities, duties and liabilities (except the Mortgage Banker's indemnification of GNMA) of the Mortgage Banker pursuant to the GNMA Guaranty Agreement. GNMA may contract for another eligible issuer of GNMA Securities to undertake and agree to assume any part or all of such responsibilities, duties or liabilities of GNMA in its capacity as guarantor of the GNMA Security or otherwise adversely affects the rights of the owners of the GNMA Securities.

Payment of Principal and Interest on the GNMA Securities. GNMA Securities provide that accrued interest for thirty (30) days is payable by the Mortgage Banker to the holder of the GNMA Securities on the fifteenth (15th) of each successive month thereafter until maturity of the GNMA Security. The GNMA Securities are payable in equal monthly installments, subject to prepayment. The aggregate amount of principal due on the GNMA Securities is in an amount equal to the scheduled principal amortization currently due on the underlying mortgage note.

Each of the monthly installments is subject to adjustment by reason of any prepayments or other early or unscheduled recoveries of principal on the mortgage note. In any event, the Mortgage Banker is obligated to pay to the holder of the GNMA Securities, monthly installments of not less than the interest due on the GNMA Securities at the rate specified in the GNMA Securities, together with any scheduled installments of principal whether or not collected from the mortgagor, and any prepayments or early recoveries of principal (including insurance proceeds and condemnation awards that are applied to principal and FHA insurance benefits) and prepayment premiums paid under the Mortgage Note. Final payment shall be made upon surrender of each outstanding GNMA Security. Any such prepayment could result in the redemption of Bonds at any time.

In the event that a mortgagor defaults under an FHA-insured mortgage loan that backs a GNMA Security, the Mortgage Banker may elect to file a claim for FHA Insurance benefits. See "FHA Insurance Program" above.

Under the GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities Program, the Mortgage Banker is required to service and otherwise administer the mortgage loans in accordance with generally accepted practices of the mortgage banking industry and the GNMA Servicer Guide. The monthly remuneration of the Mortgage Banker, for its servicing and administrative functions, and the guaranty fee charged by GNMA, are based on the unpaid principal amount of GNMA Securities outstanding. Repayment of principal on such GNMA Securities will be based on repayment of the respective mortgage note which, because of the minimum 0.25% higher interest rate on the note will occur more slowly than would repayment by equal installments of principal and interest at the interest rate on the GNMA Securities.

Fannie Mae

<u>Fannie Mae Standby Credit Enhancement Instruments</u>. Fannie Mae has issued standby credit enhancement instruments with respect to certain Mortgage Loans pursuant to which, subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Fannie Mae has agreed to pay certain payment deficiencies related to the

scheduled principal and interest payments on such Mortgage Loans, including any required Mortgage Loan Mandatory Prepayment, and any deficiencies in the event of a mandatory prepayment or acceleration thereof, as described therein ("Mortgage Loan Credit Enhancement").

The amount advanced under a standby credit enhancement instrument may not exceed the Amount Available thereunder. The "Amount Available" is, at any time, an amount at least equal to (i) the outstanding principal balance of the applicable Mortgage Loan (the "Principal Component") plus (ii) an amount equal to the accrued interest on the outstanding principal balance of such Mortgage Loan for up to 60 days at a specified rate computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30 day months (the "Interest Component"), in each instance as reduced by that amount, if any, previously provided by Fannie Mae to the Corporation for payment under such standby credit enhancement instrument, such reduction to be in an amount equal to 100% of the amount of such payment. Following certain payments, the Interest Component of the Available Amount will be immediately reinstated.

Upon its receipt of an advance request with respect to the applicable Mortgage Loan or the occurrence of an event of default thereunder or under a reimbursement security document, Fannie Mae can elect to pay the Corporation the sum of the Principal Component and the accrued interest and specified Corporation fee (not to exceed the Interest Component) and receive an assignment of such Mortgage Loan.

Information on Fannie Mae and its financial condition is contained in periodic reports that are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The SEC filings are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Fannie Mae Pool Credit Enhancement Instrument. Pursuant to a Program Agreement with the Corporation, Fannie Mae has issued its credit enhancement instrument (the "Credit Enhancement Instrument") with respect to a specified pool of Mortgage Loans (the "Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans"). Each of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans in the pool will be entitled to the benefits of a contract to make periodic interest reduction payments ("IRPs") entered into by the Secretary of HUD pursuant to Section 236(b) of the National Housing Act with the applicable Mortgagor. See "Subsidy Programs – Section 236 Program" in this Appendix F. Each such Mortgage Loan will be bifurcated in to a 236 Loan component expected to be paid from IRPs paid by HUD and a Conventional Loan component expected to be paid from income of the related Development. The Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans will be pledged to the Trustee and to Fannie Mae, as their interests may appear.

Under the Credit Enhancement Instrument, Fannie Mae will agree to make "Debt Service Advances" and "Buy-Out Advances" (described below) with respect to the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans following a failure by the Mortgagor of any such Mortgage Loan to pay when due and in full payments required with respect to its Mortgage Loan (a "Borrower Payment Default").

Fannie Mae will agree to make Debt Service Advances to the Trustee on demand of the Trustee (i) with respect to the Conventional Loan component of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans, if a Borrower Payment Default has occurred and is continuing and the aggregate principal and interest payments received in any Payment Period on the Conventional Loan component are less than 75 percent of all the scheduled principal and interest payments to be made on the Conventional Loan component for the same Payment Period (such difference is referred to as the "Conventional Shortfall") and (ii) with respect to the 236 Loan component of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans, if a Borrower Payment Default has occurred and is continuing and the aggregate principal and interest payments received in any Payment Period on the 236 Loan component are less than 100% of all the scheduled principal and interest payments to be made on the 236 Loan components for such Payment

Period (such difference is referred to as the "236 Shortfall"). A Debt Service Advance will be in an amount equal to such Conventional Shortfall or 236 Shortfall. Debt Service Advances will relate to a deficiency in the aggregate payments made by all Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans during the Payment Period as set forth in the Program Agreement (and will not relate to any particular Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan).

If a Borrower Payment Default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the Conventional Loan component of Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans and the aggregate principal and interest payments received in any Payment Period for the Conventional Loan component is 75% or more (but less than 100%) of all the scheduled principal and interest payments to be made for the same Payment Period for the Conventional Loan Component, the Fannie Mae Credit Enhancement Instrument may not be drawn on to make up such deficiency. At the direction of the Corporation, the Trustee may apply amounts in the Mortgage Loan Reserve Account to pay debt service on Bonds the proceeds of which financed Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans.

Fannie Mae will also agree to make Buy-Out Advances to the Trustee in respect of any Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan with respect to which a Borrower Payment Default has occurred (a "Defaulted Mortgage Loan") under the terms and conditions set forth in the Credit Enhancement Instrument and the Supplemental Resolution. A Buy-Out Advance relates to a particular Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan. The Corporation may demand that Fannie Mae make a Buy-Out Advance with respect to a Defaulted Mortgage Loan upon the first to occur of (i) the completion of a foreclosure action on the Defaulted Mortgage Loan and the resulting transfer of the property securing that Defaulted Mortgage Loan; and (ii) the commencement of a foreclosure action on a Defaulted Mortgage Loan after conclusion of all administrative remedies by HPD with respect to such Defaulted Mortgage Loan and HPD's written certification to the effect that HPD will not contest or resist the proposed foreclosure, but in no event may the Corporation demand a Buy-Out Advance unless not less than two years has elapsed from the date of the first uncured Borrower Payment Default with respect to that Defaulted Mortgage Loan. Both Fannie Mae and the Corporation will each have the right, acting alone, to commence a foreclosure action, but only if HPD has provided a HPD Certification for such Defaulted Mortgage Loan. Upon payment of a Buy-Out Advance with respect to a Defaulted Mortgage Loan, all rights to such Defaulted Mortgage Loan and all payments made with respect to such Defaulted Mortgage Loan will be for the benefit of Fannie Mae and Fannie Mae shall be entitled to and/or control all rights with respect to such Defaulted Mortgage Loan.

Each Buy-Out Advance is to be in an amount equal to the unpaid principal balance of the Defaulted Mortgage Loan for which such advance is being made ("Defaulted Mortgage Loan Balance"), less an allocation of Buy-Out Credits (described below) then outstanding, if any, but not in an amount in excess of the Defaulted Mortgage Loan Balance. Fannie Mae may choose to make an allocation of Net Buy-Out Credits (described below) to the Buy-Out Advance and, if more than one Defaulted Mortgage Loan is the subject of one Buy-Out Advance, to which Defaulted Mortgage Loan or Loans within the Buy-Out Advance. Should Fannie Mae fail to make a selection, Fannie Mae will be deemed to have elected to apply any Net Buy-Out Credits then available to the Buy-Out Advance and if more than one Defaulted Mortgage Loan is included in the Buy-Out Advance, to the Defaulted Mortgage Loans in the chronological order in which such loans defaulted. The Defaulted Mortgage Loan Balance is to exclude all accrued and unpaid interest on the Defaulted Mortgage Loan, capitalized interest, interest on interest, late fees, collection costs and Mortgage Loan Costs or any other sums added to the principal balance at any time for purposes of determining the amount of the Buy-Out Advance for such Defaulted Mortgage Loan.

If a Debt Service Advance was made with respect to the 236 Loan component of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans, Buy-Out Credits earned by Fannie Mae will be the aggregate

scheduled principal components of the unpaid installments of such Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans for the Payment Period for which that Debt Service Advance was made. If a Debt Service Advance was made with respect to the Conventional Loan component of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan, the Buy-Out Credits earned by Fannie Mae will be the amount of the Debt Service Advance, multiplied by a fraction, the denominator of which is equal to the scheduled principal and interest payments payable on the portion of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans to be paid from the income of the Developments during the relevant Payment Period and the numerator of which is equal to the scheduled principal payments during such Payment Period with respect to such portion of the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans. "Net Buy-Out Credits" will equal (i) the sum of all Buy-Out Credits earned by Fannie Mae from time to time less (ii) the sum of all reimbursements allocable to principal received by Fannie Mae and all Buy-Out Credits applied to Buy-Out Advances.

Pursuant to the applicable Supplemental Resolution, the Corporation is required for each applicable Payment Period, to calculate the aggregate Mortgage Loan Shortfall on all Defaulted Mortgage Loans for such Payment Period, if any, including a breakdown of the Conventional Loan Component Reserve Withdrawal Amount, the Conventional Loan Component Shortfall, if any, and the 236 Loan Component Shortfall, if any, for such Defaulted Mortgage Loans, and to submit such calculations in writing to the Trustee, with a copy to Fannie Mae, no later than the twentieth (20th) day of the calendar month (or if such twentieth (20th) day is not a Business Day, on the next succeeding Business Day) immediately preceding an Interest Payment Date. The Trustee is to request a Debt Service Advance under the Credit Enhancement Instrument not less than four (4) Business Days before the next succeeding Interest Payment Date. If a Certificate in respect of a Debt Service Advance is presented under the Credit Enhancement Instrument at or prior to 12:00 noon, Washington, D.C. time, on a Business Day, and the Certificate conforms to the requirements of the Credit Enhancement Instrument, Fannie Mae is required to either pay to the Trustee the amount specified or provide the Trustee with the fedwire number relating to the wiring of that amount no later than 12:00 noon, Washington, D.C. time, on the third Business Day following such presentation.

All payments received with respect to Defaulted 236 Mortgage Loans are to be applied to pay Mortgage Loan Costs (defined below) and then to reimburse Fannie Mae for any advances it has made. All payments received with respect to Defaulted Conventional Mortgage Loans are to be applied first to pay Mortgage Loan Costs and then to make the following payments in the following order of priority: to reimburse Fannie Mae for the portion of Debt Service Advances not allocable to the principal of Mortgage Loans, to the Trustee for unpaid and unreimbursed interest payments, to reimburse Fannie Mae for the portion of Debt Service Advances allocable to principal and to the Trustee for unpaid and unreimbursed principal payments. "Mortgage Loan Costs" means any of the amounts paid by the Corporation, any Servicer or Fannie Mae with respect to a Mortgage Loan for any of the following: (a) taxes and assessments, (b) insurance premiums, (c) any payments, reasonably determined by the Corporation or Fannie Mae to be necessary to preserve and protect the property related to the Mortgage Loan, and (d) any payments, as reasonably determined by the Corporation or Fannie Mae be necessary to exercise any legal or equitable remedies (including reasonable attorney, appraisal, environmental or other professional fees and expenses).

Fannie Mae may remove a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan from the pool covered by the Credit Enhancement Instrument if certain representations made by the Corporation with respect to such Mortgage Loan are not correct. In the Program Agreement, the Corporation makes certain representations concerning its corporate authority to enter into the Program Agreement as well as representations regarding the Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loans, including the documentation relating to the Mortgage Loans, the properties that are subject to the Mortgage Loans, the priority of the liens created by the Mortgage Loans, the Mortgagors and the operation of the Developments. In addition,

a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan will be removed from the pool covered by the Credit Enhancement Instrument following a Buy-Out Advance with respect to such Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan. Last, the Corporation may remove a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan from the pool covered by the Credit Enhancement Instrument (i) prior to a date approximately 15 years from the date the Mortgage Loan became a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage, with the consent of Fannie Mae upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement and (ii) on and after a date approximately 15 years from the date the Mortgage Loan became a Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage, upon the filing of a Cash Flow Statement. Any Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan removed from the pool other than by reason of a Buy-Out Advance shall continue to be a Mortgage Loan pledged under the Resolution subject to the terms of the Resolution permitting subsequent removal. Any Fannie Mae Credit Enhanced Mortgage Loan removed from the pool by reason of a Buy-Out Advance shall no longer be pledged for the benefit of the Bond owners under the Resolution.

Freddie Mac

Freddie Mac Standby Credit Enhancement Agreements

Freddie Mac has issued standby credit enhancement agreements with respect to certain Mortgage Loans pursuant to which, subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Freddie Mac has agreed to pay certain payment deficiencies related to the scheduled principal and interest payments on such Mortgage Loans and any deficiencies in the event of a mandatory prepayment or acceleration thereof, as described therein.

The amount drawn under a standby credit enhancement agreement may not exceed the Available Amount thereunder. The "Available Amount" is, at any time, an amount at least equal to (i) the outstanding principal balance of the applicable Mortgage Loan (the "Principal Component") plus (ii) an amount equal to the accrued interest on the outstanding principal balance of such Mortgage Loan for up to 60 days at a specified rate computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30 day months (the "Interest Component"), in each instance as reduced by that amount, if any, previously provided by Freddie Mac to the Corporation for payment under such standby credit enhancement agreement, such reduction to be in an amount equal to 100% of the amount of such payment. Following certain payments, the Interest Component of the Available Amount will be immediately reinstated.

Upon its receipt of a draw request with respect to the applicable Mortgage Loan or the occurrence of an event of default thereunder or under a reimbursement security document, Freddie Mac can elect to pay the Corporation the sum of the Principal Component and the accrued interest and specified Corporation fee (not to exceed the Interest Component) and receive an assignment of such Mortgage Loan.

Freddie Mac Risk Share Standby Credit Enhancement Agreements

It is expected that certain Mortgage Loans financed with proceeds of the Corporation's Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bonds, 2018 Series K will be partially enhanced by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") through its delivery of standby credit enhancement agreements ("Freddie Mac Risk Share Standby Credit Enhancement Agreements") upon completion of construction and stabilization of the related Projects and compliance with certain conditions to conversion contained in the related Freddie Mac forward commitments. Each such Mortgage Loan will be comprised of a senior loan tranche "(Senior Tranche") typically equal to 80% of the principal amount thereof and a subordinate loan tranche ("Subordinate Tranche") typically equal to 20% of the principal amount thereof (but such percentages may vary). Only the Senior Tranche of each such Mortgage Loan will be credit enhanced by Freddie Mac. Each Freddie Mac Risk Share Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement will provide that,

subject to certain requirements set forth therein, Freddie Mac will pay certain payment deficiencies related to the principal and interest due with respect to the Senior Tranche of the related Mortgage Loan.

The amount drawn under a Freddie Mac Risk Share Standby Credit Enhancement Agreement may not exceed the Available Amount thereunder. The "Available Amount" is, at any time, an amount equal to (i) the outstanding principal balance of the Senior Tranche of the related Mortgage Loan (the "Principal Component") plus (ii) an amount equal to the accrued interest on the outstanding principal balance of the Senior Tranche of the related Mortgage Loan for up to 60 days at a specified rate computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30 day months (the "Interest Component"), in each instance as reduced by that amount, if any, previously provided by Freddie Mac to the Corporation for payment under such standby credit enhancement agreement, such reduction to be in an amount equal to 100% of the amount of such payment. Following certain payments, the Interest Component of the Available Amount will be immediately reinstated.

Upon its receipt of a draw request with respect to the applicable Mortgage Loan or the occurrence of an event of default thereunder or under a Freddie Mac reimbursement security document, Freddie Mac can elect to pay the Corporation the sum of the Principal Component and the accrued interest and specified Corporation fee (not to exceed the Interest Component) and receive an assignment of such Mortgage Loan, subject to the retention by the Corporation of its right to receive subsequent payment of amounts owed with respect to the Subordinate Tranche of the applicable Mortgage Loan.

Information on Freddie Mac and its financial condition is contained in periodic reports that are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The SEC filings are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Long-term LOCs

Supplemental Security in the form of a letter of credit issued by a bank or other financial institution may be provided with respect to a permanent Mortgage Loan (a "Long-term LOC"). The Long-term LOCs need not meet the requirements under the General Resolution for a Credit Facility and will not be pledged to the owners of the Bonds; however, any payments received by the Corporation from the letter of credit provider pursuant to a Long-term LOC constitute Revenues and therefore will be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds. It is anticipated that Long-term LOCS will provide that they may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the applicable Mortgagor fails to make the required debt service payments on the related Mortgage Loan. The Long-term LOCs are expected to provide that the amount drawn on a Long-term LOC be equal to such required debt service payment or, at the direction of the provider of the Long-term LOC, to the outstanding principal balance of the applicable Mortgage Loan plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest or (ii) the maximum amount available under the Long-term LOC with respect to accrued interest. It is expected that, in the case of the latter draw, such Mortgage Loan will be immediately assigned to the Long-term LOC provider, will no longer be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and will be free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

The following table provides information regarding Long-term LOCs for Mortgage Loans as of January 31, 2020:

	Number of	
Long-term LOC Bank	LOCs	Total Dollar Amount
Citibank N.A.	10	\$53,616,211

The bank providing the Long-term LOCs is a wholly-owned subsidiary of a parent corporation. The parent corporation files annual, quarterly, and certain other reports with the SEC. Such reports are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Construction LOCs

Prior to the Corporation making a Mortgage Loan to a Mortgagor, such Mortgagor executes an HDC Commitment in which the Corporation agrees to provide the applicable Mortgage Loan. The HDC Commitment may require the Mortgagor to obtain a letter of credit (a "Construction LOC") to be available during construction from a bank or other financial institution acceptable to the Corporation as a condition to the Corporation providing the applicable Mortgage Loan during construction. Construction LOCs need not meet the requirements under the Resolution for a Credit Facility. Such letters of credit will not be pledged to the owners of the Bonds; however, any payments related to the applicable Mortgage Loan received by the Corporation from the letter of credit providers pursuant to such Construction LOCs related to the failure of the Mortgagor to make the required debt service payments constitute Revenues and therefore will be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds. It is anticipated that such Construction LOCs may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the applicable Mortgagor fails to make the required debt service payments on the applicable Mortgage Loan. The amount drawn on a Construction LOC will be either (a) the outstanding principal balance of the applicable construction Mortgage Loan plus the lesser of (i) accrued interest or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest, or (b) the lesser of (i) accrued interest or (ii) the maximum amount available with respect to accrued interest. The Construction LOC provider may direct the Corporation to make a principal and interest drawing or an interest-only drawing. If the Corporation makes a principal and interest drawing, such Mortgage Loan will be immediately assigned to the letter of credit provider and no longer be pledged for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds and will be free and clear of the pledge and lien of the General Resolution.

Following the satisfaction of the conditions of the applicable HDC Commitment which may require, among other things, the provision by the Mortgagor of equity, the satisfactory completion of construction within a certain time schedule from the making of the applicable construction Mortgage Loan and within a certain construction budget, the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, the attainment of a specified minimum rental achievement level, and delivery of other required certificates and legal opinions, the Corporation will release the Construction LOC relating to the applicable construction Mortgage Loan. If said Construction LOC is not released because of a failure by the Mortgagor of applicable Development to comply with the conditions enumerated in the HDC Commitment or if said Construction LOC is not extended beyond its maturity until such conditions are satisfied, it is expected that said Construction LOC will be drawn upon by the Corporation and the proceeds from said draw could be used to redeem a portion of the Series of Bonds issued to finance such Mortgage Loan. Generally, until such Construction LOC is released, the bank issuing the Construction LOC will service or provide for the servicing of the applicable Mortgage Loan. Thereafter, it is expected that the Corporation will service the applicable Mortgage Loan (see "The PROGRAM—Servicing" in Part II of this Official Statement).

The following table provides information regarding Construction LOCs for Mortgage Loans as of January 31, 2020:

C + C LOCK	Number of	TE A LID III A
Construction LOC Bank	LOCs	Total Dollar Amount
Bank of America, N.A.	13	\$560,396,194
The Bank of New York Mellon	8	321,524,248
Capital One Bank (1)	6	173,085,537
Citibank N.A.	15	556,896,915
Goldman Sachs	1	195,536,250
JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.	15	406,986,035
TD Bank	3	171,809,569
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.	15	859,931,626
Total:	76	\$3,246,166,374

⁽¹⁾ These Construction LOCs are each confirmed by an irrevocable standby letter of credit confirmation issued by Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta.

Each bank providing a Construction LOC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of a parent corporation. These parent corporations file annual, quarterly, and certain other reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Such reports are available at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (the "Bank") is a national banking association organized under the laws of the United States of America with its main office at 101 North Phillips Avenue, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57104, and engages in retail, commercial and corporate banking, real estate lending and trust and investment services. The Bank is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company ("Wells Fargo"), a diversified financial services company, a financial holding company and a bank holding company registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, with its principal executive offices located in San Francisco, California.

The Bank prepares and files Call Reports on a quarterly basis. Each Call Report consists of a balance sheet as of the report date, an income statement for the year-to-date period to which the report relates and supporting schedules. The Call Reports are prepared in accordance with regulatory instructions issued by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council. While the Call Reports are supervisory and regulatory documents, not primarily accounting documents, and do not provide a complete range of financial disclosure about the Bank, the reports nevertheless provide important information concerning the Bank's financial condition and results of operations. The Bank's Call Reports are on file with, and are publicly available upon written request to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"), 550 17th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20429, Attention: Division of Insurance and Research. The FDIC also maintains an internet website that contains the Call Reports. The address of the FDIC's website is http://www.fdic.gov. The Bank's Call Reports are also available upon written request to the Wells Fargo Corporate Secretary's Office, Wells Fargo Center, MAC N9305-173, 90 South 7th Street, Minneapolis, MN 55479.

The Bank has a long-term issuer rating of "A+" and a short-term issuer rating of "A-1" from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, and a long-term deposit rating and a long-term counterparty risk assessment rating of "Aa1" and a short-term deposit rating and a short-term counterparty risk assessment rating of "P-1" from Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

The Construction LOCs provided by the Bank are solely obligations of the Bank and are not obligations of, or otherwise guaranteed by, Wells Fargo, and no assets of Wells Fargo or any affiliate of the Bank or Wells Fargo will be pledged to the payment thereof. Payment of such Construction LOCs is not insured by the FDIC.

The information contained in this section, including financial information, relates to and has been obtained from the Bank, and is furnished solely to provide limited introductory information regarding the Bank and does not purport to be comprehensive. Any financial information provided in this section is qualified in its entirety by the detailed information appearing in the Call Reports referenced above. The delivery of this Official Statement shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Bank since the date of this Official Statement.

SUBSIDY PROGRAMS

Mitchell-Lama Program

General. The Mitchell-Lama program was created to facilitate the construction and continued operation of affordable moderate and middle income rental and cooperative housing in the State of New York. The Developments which are regulated under the Mitchell-Lama program are currently all non-refinanced rental housing projects located in the City of New York and, therefore, this summary of the Mitchell-Lama program is limited to non-refinanced rental projects. Each rental project in the Mitchell-Lama program was constructed and is operated as a limited-profit housing project or a cooperative in accordance with Article 2 of the New York Private Housing Finance Law and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Mitchell-Lama Law").

<u>HPD Supervision</u>. The City of New York Department of Housing Preservation and Development ("HPD") has supervisory authority over those projects in the Mitchell-Lama program which received financing from the City or the Corporation. HPD carries out all its supervisory functions with limited resources, which may affect the priority or completion time frames for its various supervisory activities.

HPD regulates the project's rental procedures and tenant income limits. HPD oversees the renting of vacant units including the establishment of waiting lists and the advertising process relating thereto. HPD approves the admission of new tenants as well as the transfer of existing tenants to other units in a project. HPD also verifies initial and annual tenant income certifications submitted by tenants to ensure that the tenant income requirements of the Mitchell-Lama program are maintained. Tenants with incomes in excess of the certain income requirements are required to pay rent surcharges to the project owners.

HPD conducts a periodic physical inspection of the common areas of the projects in the Mitchell-Lama program in order to assess property maintenance levels. HPD has power to audit the books of a project owner and conducts a periodic site administrative review to review service contracts, insurance coverage and the project's record keeping systems. HPD also reviews all commercial leases, contracts in excess of \$5,000 or \$10,000 depending on project size, monthly project operations reports, the use of blocked reserve accounts and the annual profit retained by the project owner.

HPD approves all rent increase applications after holding a public hearing and reviewing a financial analysis prepared by HPD and project owners, provided, however, such rental increases in projects benefitting from the Section 236 program are also subject to the approval of HUD. HPD has the right to remove any or all of the existing directors of an ownership entity and to appoint individuals that HPD deems advisable in the event of a violation of a provision of the owner's certificate of incorporation, any applicable law, the loan or mortgage contract or HPD's rules and regulations.

Corporation Rent Increase Authority. Other than with respect to certain mortgage loans underlying the 2014 Series B Participant Interest regulated pursuant to the Mitchell-Lama Law, the Act empowers the Corporation and the Resolutions require the Corporation (whenever it shall find that the maximum rentals, which are charged tenants of the dwellings in any Project in the Mitchell-Lama program, in whole or in part, shall not be sufficient together with all other income of the Mortgagor to meet within reasonable limits all necessary payments to be made by the Mortgagor of all expenses, including fixed charges, sinking funds, reserves and dividends) to request the Mortgagor to make application to vary such rentals so as to secure sufficient income, and upon the Mortgagor's failure to do so within thirty (30) days after the receipt of written request from the Corporation, to request HPD to take action upon HPD's own motion so to vary such rental rate, and upon failure of HPD either upon application by the Mortgagor or upon its own motion so to vary such rental rate within sixty (60) days after receipt of written request from the Corporation to do so, to vary such rental rate by action of the Corporation. Any such rental increases in Developments benefitting from the Section 236 program shall also be subject to the approval of HUD. The Corporation has only taken such actions relating to rental increases with respect to one (1) Development which was done in 1978.

Tax Exemption. The Mitchell-Lama Law provides that with the consent of the local legislative body, the real property, both land and improvements, of a project shall be exempt from local and municipal taxes, other than assessments for local improvements, to the extent of all or part of the value of the property included in such project which represents an increase over the assessed valuation of such real property at the time of its acquisition for the project by the company, provided however, that the real property in a project acquired for purposes of rehabilitation shall be exempt to the extent of all or part of the value of the property included in such rehabilitation and provided further that the minimum tax to be paid shall not be less than ten per centum (10%) of the annual shelter rent of such project. This tax exemption continues so long as the mortgage loan made to the owner remains outstanding. In the case of any Project in the Mitchell-Lama program which is the subject of a ground lease, such tax exemption is reflected in the underlying lease payments. Pursuant to the Act, the property of the Corporation is exempt from State and local taxes. In the event the Corporation shall become the owner of a Development, it would be exempt from the payment of real estate taxes.

Section 236 Program

General. Pursuant to Section 236(b) of the National Housing Act ("Section 236"), the Secretary of HUD (the "Secretary") entered into certain contracts (each a "Section 236 Contract") to make periodic interest reduction payments to Section 236 mortgagees on behalf of the mortgagors of housing projects designed for occupancy by persons or families as described in Article 2 of the Private Housing Finance Law and families of low income. HUD's interest reduction subsidy payment share is in an amount equal to the difference between the monthly payment for principal, interest and mortgage insurance premiums or mortgage servicing fees, as appropriate, which a mortgagor is obligated to pay under its mortgage loan and the monthly payment for principal and interest a mortgagor would be obligated to pay if its mortgage loan were to bear interest at the rate of one per centum (1%) per annum. Under Section 236, interest reduction payments with respect to a project (the "HUD Payments") shall be made only during the period that such project is operated as a rental or cooperative housing project.

Termination of HUD Payments. HUD is obligated to make HUD Payments under a Section 236 Contract and may not terminate HUD Payments under a Section 236 Contract, except under the circumstances described below, including, but not limited to, certain foreclosure actions instituted by the Corporation (see "THE PROGRAM—Certain Factors Affecting the Mortgage Loans—New York Foreclosure Procedures and Bankruptcy" and "Appendix B—Summary of Certain Provisions of the General Resolution—Covenants with Respect to Mortgage Loans"). If HUD Payments are terminated, the Secretary may reinstate them at his or her discretion pursuant to such additional requirements as the

Secretary may prescribe. A Section 236 Contract may be terminated at the option of, and upon written notice from, the Secretary after the expiration of one year from the date of the termination of HUD Payments, unless such payments have been reinstated. In the event HUD were to terminate HUD Payments in respect of a Development subsidized through a Section 236 Contract, such terminated HUD Payments would not be available to pay debt service on the related Mortgage Loan (a "Section 236 Mortgage Loan"), which could result in a default on such Mortgage Loan.

Acquisition by Ineligible Owner; Transfer Limitation of Mortgage Loan. HUD may terminate HUD Payments with respect to a Project if the Project is acquired by any owner who is not an eligible mortgagor under Section 236. Each Mortgagor has covenanted in the Section 236 Contract only to transfer such Project to an eligible Mortgagor approved by the Secretary and each Mortgagor has covenanted in the Mortgage not to transfer such Project without the consent of the Section 236 mortgagee. The Department of Housing and Urban Development Reform Act of 1989 (the "HUD Reform Act") made public entities eligible to be owners of projects receiving assistance under Section 236. Pursuant to the HUD Reform Act, the Corporation is an eligible Section 236 owner. Transfer of a Project is also subject to the prior approval of HPD.

Each Section 236 Contract provides that the corresponding Section 236 Mortgage Loan may only be assigned, including any assignment or reassignment between the Corporation and the Trustee, with HUD's prior written approval.

Excess Income. Pursuant to each Section 236 Contract, there is established (i) a basic or subsidized rental charge for each subsidized dwelling unit in the Project (the "basic rent"), determined on the basis of the anticipated operating costs of the Project assuming the payment of principal and interest on a mortgage note bearing interest at the rate of 1% per annum and an amortization period of up to fifty (50) years, and (ii) a fair market rental charge for each such unit, determined on the basis of the anticipated operating costs of the Project assuming payment of principal and interest at the unsubsidized mortgage rate (the "market rent"). The rent charged for each subsidized unit (the "tenant rent") is the greater of the basic rent or thirty per centum (30%) of the tenant's adjusted monthly income, but in no event may the Mortgagor charge an amount in excess of the market rent (not including permitted surcharges). Under each Section 236 Contract, the Section 236 mortgagee and HUD must approve all rent increases.

Each Section 236 Contract provides that the Mortgagor shall pay monthly to HUD all rental charges collected in excess of the basic rental charges for all occupied units ("Excess Income Payments"). In a notice issued by HUD on January 4, 1991 with respect to all mortgagors subject to Section 236 Contracts, HUD stated that it would implement strict enforcement actions against an owner of a project who does not remit excess rental amounts. This notice states that HUD should attempt to recover Excess Income Payments if the affected mortgagor does not make a lump sum payment or enter into a repayment schedule with HUD through the following actions listed in order of priority: use of the project's residual receipts, repayment of distributions, surplus cash and finally, project income. Among HUD's numerous potential remedies against the affected mortgagors are suspension of interest reduction payments. No assurance can be given regarding which remedies, if any, HUD will utilize against affected mortgagors in the event HUD seeks to affirmatively enforce the collection of Excess Income Payments.

Prior to April 1996, mortgagors were permitted to calculate the amount of Excess Income Payments payable to HUD on a project-wide basis, which enabled mortgagors to use Excess Income Payments to offset collection losses from nonpaying tenants. Section 236 was amended to require that, beginning in 1996, Excess Income Payments must be remitted to HUD on a unit-by-unit basis, thus precluding the ability of mortgagors to use such Excess Income Payments to offset collection losses and potentially reducing the income available to the projects.

In 1999, Congress passed the "Preserving Affordable Housing for Senior Citizens and Families into the 21st Century Act" (the "1999 Act"). This and subsequent legislation allow Mortgagors of Section 236 Developments to retain excess rents for project purposes if consented to by HUD. Based solely on a review of the most recent information submitted to it by the Mortgagors of the Section 236 Developments where the Corporation is the Section 236 mortgage (which relate to the Section 236 Mortgage Loans other than the underlying 2002 Series D Trust Mortgage Loans), the Corporation believes that such Mortgagors are current on the Excess Income Payments due to HUD. No assurance can be given as to the impact of the revised Section 236 in the current or any future fiscal year on the ability of the Mortgagors of the Section 236 Developments to cover operating expenses and debt service on their respective Section 236 Mortgage Loans without requiring an increase in rents after Excess Income Payments are remitted to HUD.

The 1999 Act also permits Mortgagors of Section 236 Developments to refinance their mortgages (if the mortgages are otherwise eligible for prepayment) while retaining the Section 236 subsidy, which HUD generally refers to as its Section 236 "decoupling" program. HUD has considerable discretion in implementing the decoupling program and Section 236 Contracts executed pursuant to the program may have terms different from those described herein for the program generally. Among other things, in order to benefit from the decoupling program, the Mortgagor must agree to enforce the income and rent restrictions applicable to the development for a period ending five years beyond the term of assistance under the new Section 236 Contract.

Certain Mortgagor Covenants. Each Mortgagor has covenanted in the Section 236 Contract to limit admission to the subsidized dwelling units in the Project to those families whose incomes do not exceed the applicable limits approved by the Section 236 mortgagee or the Secretary, with the exception of those tenants who agree to pay fair market rent. The Section 236 Contracts contain other covenants relating to the preference for occupancy for certain displaced or low income families, the compliance with applicable civil rights laws prohibiting discrimination in housing, the maintenance of information and records concerning tenants and tenant income in a form required under HUD regulations, the availability for inspection of such information and records, prohibitions against denying occupancy due to number of children in the family and the number of subsidized units which may be rented to any one tenant at any one time. The Secretary has the authority to suspend or terminate HUD Payments at any time upon default by a Mortgagor under any of such covenants as well or upon any other default by a Mortgagor or the Section 236 mortgagee under the terms and conditions of the Section 236 Contract.

Each Mortgagor has covenanted to maintain habitability of the Project units. Under the terms of certain Section 236 Contracts, HUD may adjust subsidy payments in the event a subsidized unit is destroyed or otherwise rendered not habitable for any reason unless such unit is restored or rehabilitated within a reasonable time or unless an unsubsidized unit is designated in its place.

Set-Off Rights of the United States. Payments under a Section 236 Contract duly and properly paid and actually received by or on behalf of the Corporation have been pledged to the Trustee as part of the security for the Bonds, and the Corporation is obligated to deliver to the Trustee all such payments upon receipt. Under Federal law, the United States Government has the right to set-off liabilities to the United States against the amounts payable under a Section 236 Contract. The Corporation does not believe it has any liabilities to the United States which would result in any set-off against such payments for those projects where it is the Section 236 mortgagee. The set-off right of the United States described above applies only to payments under a Section 236 Contract which have not actually been paid by HUD. Once payments under a Section 236 Contract are received by the Corporation and delivered to a trustee, they cannot be subjected to repayment to the United States by such trustee. However, in the case of excessive payments under a Section 236 Contract, the Section 236 mortgagee would remain obligated to

refund to the Secretary the amount which was overpaid, and such liabilities could be offset against future payments under the Section 236 Contract.

Section 236, the rules, regulations and directives promulgated pursuant thereto and the Section 236 Contracts, do not contain any express requirement that any savings which result from a reduction in the Corporation's cost of borrowing due to a refunding of its obligations issued to finance a mortgage loan must be used to lower the interest rate on the mortgage loan and thereby to reduce HUD Payments. Consequently, the Corporation did not reduce the interest rate on the applicable Section 236 Mortgage Loans as a result of the issuance of the 1996 Series A Bonds. Based on the foregoing, the Corporation does not believe that HUD or any other party is entitled to all or a portion of the Corporation's debt service savings that result from the issuance of the 1996 Series A Bonds. Similarly, the Corporation does not believe that HUD or any other party is entitled to any amounts received by the Corporation as a result of the redemption of: (i) the Corporation's bonds that originally financed the Knickerbocker Plaza Development related to the Additional Mortgage Loan contributed in connection with the issuance of the 1999 Series A Bonds and (ii) the Corporation's bonds that originally financed the developments related to the Mortgage Loans contributed in connection with the issuance of the 2001 Series B Bonds. However, no assurance can be provided that HUD will not assert a right to reduce the amount of payments payable under the applicable Section 236 Contracts based upon the issuance of the 1996 Series A Bonds and/or the 2001 Series B Bonds and/or the aforesaid redemptions. If such a right is asserted, HUD could take certain actions including attempting to reduce payments under the applicable Section 236 Contracts.

<u>HPD Supervision</u>. All but one of the Projects with Section 236 Contracts were constructed and are operated as limited-profit housing projects or cooperatives in accordance with the Mitchell-Lama Law. For more information on the Mitchell-Lama Law, see "Mitchell-Lama Program" above.

Section 8 Program

General. The following is a brief description of the housing assistance payments program (the "Section 8 program") authorized by Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (the "1937 Housing Act"), which is qualified in its entirety by references to the applicable provisions of said Act and the regulations thereunder (the "Regulations"). The description applies to the variant of the Section 8 program which provides assistance under subsidy contracts for projects which set aside units for lower income families. Accordingly, this variant of the Section 8 program may be referred to as the "project-based Section 8 program."

The Section 8 program is administered by HUD and authorizes subsidy payments pursuant to Housing Assistance Payments Contracts ("HAP Contracts") to the owners of qualified housing for the benefit of lower income families (defined generally as families whose income does not exceed 80% of the median income for the area as determined by HUD) and very-low income families (defined generally as families whose income does not exceed 50% of the median income for the area as defined by HUD). Provision is made under the 1937 Housing Act and Regulations for administration of the Section 8 program through state or local housing finance agencies acting as contract administrator (the "Contract Administrator") of the HAP Contracts. Under this arrangement, the Contract Administrator agrees to pay the subsidy to or for the account of the mortgagor and concurrently contracts with HUD for payments of the subsidy by HUD to it. HUD may also serve as Contract Administrator.

Under the 1937 Housing Act and the Regulations, not more than 25% of the dwelling units which were available for occupancy under HAP Contracts before October 1, 1981 and which are leased thereafter shall be available for leasing by lower income families other than very-low income families; and not more than 15% of the dwelling units which become available for occupancy under HAP Contracts after October 1, 1981 shall be available for leasing by lower income families other than very-low income

families. The law also requires that not less than 40% of the dwelling units that become available for occupancy in any fiscal year shall be available for leasing only by families whose annual income does not exceed 30% of area median income (as determined by HUD and adjusted for family size) at the time of admission.

Amount and Payment of Subsidy. Section 8 subsidies available for debt service on the Mortgage Loans are based upon the "contract rent" applicable to specified dwelling units. The contract rent is initially based on the fair market rent for the dwelling unit, which is determined by HUD periodically with respect to each locality and published in the Federal Register. The housing assistance payments generally represent the difference between the contract rents for all eligible units in a development, as approved by HUD from time to time, and the eligible tenant's contribution, which is generally 30% of such tenant's income, as adjusted for family size, income and expenses, with certain adjustments, although each assisted family is generally required to pay a minimum rent of between \$25 and \$50 per month. The contract rents for a development are generally limited to the "fair market rents" established by HUD as reasonable in relation to rents for comparable units in the area.

<u>Subsidy Contracts.</u> The payment of subsidies under the Section 8 program is made pursuant to two contracts entered into with respect to each development assisted under such program: an annual contributions contract (the "ACC") between HUD and the Contract Administrator, and the HAP Contract between the Contract Administrator and the owner. The ACC obligates the United States to provide funds to the Contract Administrator with which to make monthly housing assistance payments to the owner pursuant to a HAP Contract.

It is useful, in discussing the project-based Section 8 Program to distinguish between contracts executed under the 1937 Housing Act and the Regulations prior to 1997 which have not yet expired for the first time ("Original Contracts"), and contracts under the 1937 Housing Act and the Regulations which have been renewed generally subsequent to 1997 ("Renewal Contracts"). This distinction is of significance as a consequence of the amendments to the 1937 Housing Act which went into effect beginning in 1997.

The ACC establishes the maximum annual amount of the housing assistance payments to be made by HUD for the account of the mortgagor of a development. This amount may not exceed the total of the initial contract rents and utility allowances for the eligible units in a development and any administrative fee. For projects under the Original Contracts, if the amount of housing assistance payments actually disbursed under an ACC in any given year is less than the total available amount, some or all of the excess (including an amount equal to the portion of the contract rents payable by the tenants) is required to be set aside by HUD in a "project account" for the particular development and will be available in future years to fund increases in contract rents for the development, decreases in family incomes or other costs authorized or approved by HUD. In the event that previously appropriated amounts are not sufficient to meet HUD's contractual obligations to the Section 8 Developments, HUD is required by applicable Section 8 provisions to take such additional steps authorized by subsection (c)(5) of Section 8 of the 1937 Housing Act as may be necessary to obtain funds to assure that payment will be adequate to cover increases in contract rents and decreases in tenant payments. Under subsection (c)(5) of Section 8: "[t]he Secretary [of HUD] shall take such steps as may be necessary, including the making of contracts for assistance payments in amounts in excess of the amounts required at the time of the initial renting of dwelling units, the reservation of annual contributions authority for the purpose of amending housing assistance contracts, or the allocation of a portion of new authorizations for the purpose of amending housing assistance contracts, to assure that assistance payments are increased on a timely basis to cover increases in maximum monthly rents or decreases in family incomes."

In practice until recently, HUD has sought and received amendment authority from Congress sufficient to enable it to discharge its obligations under the HAP Contracts and the ACCs. During 2007, a revision in HUD's interpretation of its outstanding contracts coupled with the amount of appropriations available led to many late payments to owners while HUD made adjustments. See "Late Payments in 2007" below.

The HAP Contract provides for housing assistance payments with respect to a dwelling unit covered by the HAP Contract on the condition that such unit is maintained according to the requirements of the HAP Contract and is occupied by an eligible tenant. An ACC remains in effect for as long as a HAP Contract is in effect.

Adjustment of Subsidy Amounts. Each HAP Contract provides for certain adjustments in contract rents. With respect to Original Contracts, HUD publishes at least annually an Annual Adjustment Factor ("AAF"), which is intended to reflect changes in the fair market rent established in the housing area for similar types and sizes of dwelling units; interim revisions may be made where market conditions warrant. Upon request from the owner to the Contract Administrator, the AAF is applied on the anniversary date of each HAP Contract to contract rents, provided that no adjustment shall result in a material difference between the rents charged for subsidized and comparable non-subsidized dwelling units except to the extent that the differences existed with respect to the contract rents set at HAP Contract execution or cost certification where applicable. (The difference that existed between the contract rent for a unit at HAP Contract execution and the rent on comparable unassisted units is generally referred to by HUD as the "initial difference" in contract rents.) In addition, provision is made in the regulations for special additional adjustments to reflect increases in actual and necessary expenses of owning and maintaining the subsidized units which have resulted from substantial general increases in real property taxes, assessments, utility rates and utilities not covered by regulated rates, if the owner demonstrates that the automatic annual adjustments have not provided adequate compensation. Under current law (Section 8(c)(2)(C) of the 1937 Housing Act), "[t]he Secretary may not reduce the contract rents in effect on or after April 15, 1987, for newly constructed, substantially rehabilitated, or moderately rehabilitated projects assisted under the section ... unless the project has been refinanced in a manner that reduces the periodic payments of the owner."

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the contract rents for a development exceed the applicable HUD fair market rents, then contract rents cannot be increased beyond comparable market rents (plus the initial difference) as determined by independent appraisals of at least three comparable local developments submitted by the owner. In addition, the AAFs for Section 8 units which experienced no turnover in tenants since their preceding HAP Contract anniversary date shall be one percentage point less than the AAFs that would otherwise apply.

With respect to Renewal Contracts, the HAP Contract will, in most cases, provide for annual adjustments in contract rents based upon an Operating Cost Adjustment Factor (OCAF). The OCAF is intended to reflect increases in the cost of operating comparable rental properties, which may or may not correspond to circumstances affecting a particular Section 8 Project. HAP Contracts renewed for terms longer than one year will be subject to Congressional appropriations, which may not be available. HUD's provision of such amendments and renewals was partially disrupted for a temporary period during 2007, when HUD determined appropriations available at the time to be inadequate to fulfill all such needs. For further discussion of that situation, see "Late Payments in 2007" below. The President's March 1, 2013 sequestration order pursuant to the Budget Control Act of 2011 and the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 (the "2013 Federal Sequestration Order") resulted in a reduction of appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 for housing assistance payments under Renewal Contracts, which HUD implemented by funding certain Renewal Contracts for less than twelve months from such fiscal year's appropriations. The failure of the Congress to timely appropriate sufficient funds to pay subsidies

pursuant to Renewal Contracts in any year, including payments requiring appropriations early in a fiscal year as a result of partial year funding in a prior year, could have an adverse impact on the ability of the related Section 8 Projects to pay debt service. In addition, the prohibition on adjustments that would lower contract rents, explained above, does not apply to HAP Contracts that are Renewal Contracts.

<u>Vacancies and Debt Service</u>. Generally, the Section 8 subsidy is payable with respect to the dwelling unit only when it is occupied by a qualified person or family. However, applicable law and regulations provide for payment of the subsidy under certain circumstances and, for a limited period of time, when the dwelling unit is not occupied. Upon the occurrence of a vacancy in a dwelling unit, a subsidy amounting to 80% of the contract rent is payable for a vacancy period of 60 days subject to compliance by the mortgagor with certain conditions relating primarily to a diligent effort to rent the subsidized unit. The payment of a subsidy with respect to a dwelling unit vacant after initial rent-up may continue for an additional 12 months from the expiration of the 60-day period in an amount equal to the principal and interest payments required to amortize the debt service attributable to the vacant unit, if a good faith effort is being made to fill the unit and the unit provides decent, safe, and sanitary housing. Such continued payments also require the mortgagor to show that project costs exceed revenues, a good faith effort is being made to fill the unit and the additional subsidy payments do not exceed the deficiency attributable to the vacant units. With respect to the Section 8 Developments receiving subsidies pursuant to the Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Program, vacancy payments are only available for a maximum period of 60 consecutive days.

<u>Compliance With Subsidy Contracts</u>. The ACC and the HAP Contract each contain numerous agreements on the part of the Contract Administrator and the owner concerning, among other things, maintenance of the development as decent, safe and sanitary housing and compliance with a number of requirements typical of Federal contracts (such as non-discrimination, equal employment opportunity, relocation, pollution control and labor standards) as to which non-compliance by the owner may result in abatement by HUD or the Contract Administrator, as the case may be, of the payment of the Federal subsidy, in whole or in part.

Housing assistance payments will continue as long as the owner complies with the requirements of the HAP Contract and has leased the assisted units to an eligible tenant or satisfies the criteria for receiving assistance for vacant units. The Contract Administrator, which has primary responsibility for administering each HAP Contract subject to review and audit by HUD, subject to an opportunity by the mortgagor to cure any default under the HAP Contract, may abate housing assistance payments and recover overpayments pending remedy of the default. If the default is not cured, the Contract Administrator may terminate the HAP Contract or take other corrective action, in its discretion or as directed by HUD. HUD has an independent right to determine whether the owner is in default and to take corrective action and apply appropriate remedies.

If HUD determines that the Contract Administrator has failed to fulfill its obligations, HUD may, after notice to the Contract Administrator giving it a reasonable opportunity to take corrective action, require that the Contract Administrator assign to it all rights under the HAP Contract. In recent years, HUD has placed increasing emphasis on assuring that Contract Administrators fulfill their obligations in this respect.

Expiration of Subsidy Contracts. Until 1997, there was substantial uncertainty as to what would happen to Section 8 developments upon the expiration of their HAP Contracts at the end of their terms. HUD's Fiscal Year 1998 Appropriations Act, Pub. L. 105-65, signed into law on October 27, 1997, included within it the "Multifamily Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997" (as amended several times thereafter, the "MAHRA"). Under the so-called Mark-to-Market program established by MAHRA, many FHA-insured Section 8 projects with expiring HAP Contracts are eligible

to receive continuing Section 8 assistance through contract renewals. Such Renewal Contracts may have terms from one to twenty years, subject to Congressional appropriations. As noted above, absent such appropriations, there is no assurance that funds will be available under these contracts. Additionally, FHA-insured Section 8 developments with expiring HAP Contracts and above-market rents may be eligible for restructuring plans and, upon restructuring, to receive continuing Section 8 assistance pursuant to contracts subject to Congressional appropriations. These restructuring plans may include partial or full prepayment of mortgage debt intended to reduce Section 8 rent levels to those of comparable market rate properties or to the minimum level necessary to support proper operations and maintenance, and in certain cases is designed to result in a change from "project-based" to "tenant-based" Section 8 payments. MAHRA provides, however, that no restructuring or renewal of HAP Contracts will occur if the owner of a project has engaged in material adverse financial or managerial actions or omissions with respect to that project or other Federally assisted projects, or if the poor condition of the project cannot be remedied in a cost effective manner.

Although the primary focus of the Mark-to-Market Program is developments that have FHA-insured mortgages with terms ranging from 30 to 40 years and which have HAP Contracts with substantially shorter terms, MAHRA contained distinct mortgage restructuring and HAP Contract renewal and contract rent determination standards for Section 8 developments for which the primary financing or mortgage insurance was provided by a state or local government, or a unit or instrumentality of such government. Such projects, including the Section 8 Developments, were, under MAHRA, excluded from restructuring and instead are eligible for renewals at the lesser of (i) existing rents, adjusted by an operating cost adjustment factor established by HUD, (ii) a budget-based rent, or (iii) in the case of certain "moderate rehabilitation" Section 8 assistance contracts, the lesser of (x) existing rents, adjusted by an operating cost factor determined by HUD, (y) existing fair market rents (less any amounts allowed for tenant purchased utilities), or (z) comparable market rents for the market area. Under current HUD policy, existing fair market rents for moderate rehabilitation projects means 120% of HUD's published existing fair market rents.

Although initially exempt from restructuring, the 1999 amendments to MAHRA made Section 8 developments with FHA-insured mortgages for which the primary financing was provided by a unit of state or local government subject to the Mark-to-Market program unless the implementation of a mortgage restructuring plan would be in conflict with applicable law or agreements governing such financing. The 1999 amendments also provide for a new program for preservation of Section 8 developments that allows increases in Section 8 rent levels for certain Section 8 developments (including Section 236 Developments which also have project-based HAP Contracts) that have below market rents, to market-rate or near market-rate levels.

Contract rents available upon any renewal may be significantly lower than the current Section 8 contract rents in the Section 8 Developments, and the corresponding reduction in housing assistance payments for such Developments would materially adversely affect the ability of the Mortgagors of such Developments to pay the currently scheduled principal and interest on the related Mortgage Loans. Any termination or expiration of HAP Contracts without renewal or replacement with other project-based assistance (whether due to enactment of additional legislation, material adverse financial or managerial actions by a Mortgagor, poor condition of the project or other causes) would also have a material adverse impact on the ability of the related Section 8 Developments to generate revenues sufficient to pay the currently scheduled principal of and interest on the related Mortgage Loans. See "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program" for a description of the Mortgage Loans and the expiration dates of the HAP Contracts. While MAHRA generally allows mortgagors to renew HAP Contracts (absent certain material adverse conduct or conditions), mortgagors are not required to renew HAP Contracts beyond their initial expiration or the expiration of a renewal term.

A reduction in Section 8 contract rents or the termination or expiration of the HAP Contract (without renewal or replacement with other project-based assistance, or without prepayment, forgiveness, write-down or refinancing as described below), as described in the previous paragraphs, could thus result in a default under the Mortgage Loan for the related Section 8 Development. Nonetheless, if any or all of such Mortgage Loans were to default, FHA Insurance or other Supplemental Security benefits received by the Corporation or proceeds from enforcement actions (including foreclosure) regarding those Mortgage Loans not subject to Supplemental Security, together with monies held in the Accounts under or pursuant to the General Resolution, including the Debt Service Reserve Account, are expected to be sufficient to redeem, pursuant to a special redemption from Recoveries of Principal, an allocable portion of certain Bonds in the event the Corporation is required or elects to redeem Bonds with such funds. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. Moreover, in the event of such partial redemption, sufficient monies are expected to be available from the remaining Mortgage Loans, the Debt Service Reserve Account and earnings on all monies held in the Accounts maintained under the Resolutions to continue to make timely payments of scheduled principal of and interest on the remaining Outstanding Bonds.

The restructuring plans established by MAHRA referred to above, as a general matter, contemplate restructuring FHA-insured mortgage loans on certain Section 8 projects through a nondefault partial or full prepayment of such loans. Nondefault partial or full prepayment or similar forgiveness or write-down of mortgage debt pursuant to a restructuring of these Mortgage Loans could result in the special redemption from Recoveries of Principal of an allocable portion of certain Bonds at any time with the proceeds the Corporation receives from any such prepayment, forgiveness or write-down. In addition, the Mortgagors of these Mortgage Loans could opt to refinance their Mortgage Loans in full, pursuant to Section 223(a) (7) of the National Housing Act, which could also result in the special redemption from Recoveries of Principal of an allocable portion of certain Bonds at any time with the proceeds the Corporation receives from any such refinancing. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. See Appendix D-1 hereto for a description of the Mortgage Loans and the expiration dates of the HAP Contracts.

Exception Projects Under MAHRA. MAHRA contains distinct mortgage restructuring and HAP Contract renewal and contract rent determination standards for certain Section 8 projects which require differentiation from the majority of developments. For example, one is the case noted above, in which primary financing or mortgage insurance was provided by a state or local government, or a unit or instrumentality of such government. A second important group of differentiated projects are those financed under Section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959 that also received Section 8 HAP Contracts when first constructed ("Section 202 Properties"). Such projects are, under MAHRA, excluded from restructuring and mark-down of their rents, and are known as "Exception Projects." Exception Projects are not involuntarily subject to mark-down to market, i.e. the rents may not be reduced below a level upon renewal or prepayment which would not provide the property with funds sufficient to operate the property with a balanced budget. A budget-based analysis is typically performed in connection with the renewal of a HAP Contract for a Section 202 Property. The owner of a Section 202 Property may opt to be renewed under the other renewal options discussed above, but in so doing risks losing the Exception Project designation. For some Section 202 Properties with below market rents this could be a viable option; any contemplation of this would need to be analyzed on a case by case basis. Section 202 Properties are Exception Projects and are statutorily eligible for renewals at the lesser of (i) existing rents, adjusted by

an OCAF or (ii) a budget-based rent. Recent legislation and regulations facilitate the refinancing of Section 202 Properties. HUD has recently published final Regulations for the refinancing and rehabilitation of financed and constructed developments under Section 202 with Section 8 subsidies.

No Assurance as to Congressional Action. The HAP Contracts for most of the Section 8 Developments expire or have expired prior to the respective maturity dates of the related Mortgage Loans. Since payments received under the HAP Contracts constitute a primary source of revenues for the related Developments, the expiration of the HAP Contracts (without renewal or replacement) – whether Original Contracts or Renewal Contracts - would have a material adverse impact on the ability of the related Developments to generate revenues sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the related Mortgage Loans. There can be no assurance that the HAP Contracts will be renewed or replaced or fully funded. Since 1997, MAHRA has been changed in a variety of ways and is always subject to Congressional reconsideration. In the event of the expiration of one or more of the HAP Contracts (without renewal or replacement), there is a likelihood of a default on one or more of the related Mortgage Loans. In the case of Section 8 Developments with FHA Mortgage Loans, the Mortgage Loan(s) would be assigned to FHA for FHA Insurance benefits. Upon receipt of such FHA Insurance or other Supplemental Security benefits or proceeds received from enforcement actions (including foreclosure) of a defaulted Mortgage Loan not subject to supplemental security, the Corporation may elect to redeem an allocable portion of certain Bonds. For a list of the Series of Bonds Outstanding under the General Resolution with respect to which cross-calls into the Series are not permitted and/or cross-calls out of the Series are not permitted, see "Appendix D-5—Cross-Call Provisions and Related Information." For additional information regarding the Bonds Outstanding, see "BONDS OUTSTANDING UNDER THE PROGRAM" in Part II of this Official Statement. See Appendix D-1 hereto for the date of expiration of the HAP Contracts.

<u>Late Payments in 2007</u>. During 2007, a revision by HUD in its legal interpretation of its Section 8 renewal contracts led HUD to conclude that it only could stay within appropriated funding levels by amending renewal contracts to more explicitly allow for partial-year funding of those contracts. As a result of the time it took to implement this change, many fiscal 2007 payments were not paid on time. While HUD allowed owners to take steps such as borrowing against project reserves, some owners indicated that the delayed payments caused late fees on mortgages or other bills or interruptions in service at their properties.

HUD now has made the necessary contract changes to allow for partial-year renewal funding, but has told Congress that further improvements are needed in its budgeting, contract management and payment process. If future problems in these systems resulting from partial-year funding or otherwise cause delayed subsidy payments, such delays could jeopardize owners' ability to fulfill their mortgage obligations in a timely fashion, and thus jeopardize amounts available for payment of the Bonds.

<u>Use of Residual Receipts Reserves</u>. Certain of the Developments participating in the Section 8 program described above may be the subject of HAP Contracts originally entered into pursuant to certain revised HUD regulations that took effect in late 1979 or early 1980 (as applicable), which in each case generally provide for excess operating income exceeding certain owner distribution limits to be held in a reserve account (a "Residual Receipts Account"), to be used only for project purposes during the term of the HAP Contract and to be returned to HUD upon termination of the HAP Contract.

Pursuant to a HUD policy with respect to such Developments, effective for housing assistance payments in November 2012 and thereafter, amounts in the Residual Receipts Account for such a Development in excess of a specified level, equal to \$250 multiplied by the number of Section 8 units in the Development, are to be drawn on to fund Section 8 subsidy payments in lieu of HUD-funded payments until the Residual Receipts Account is reduced to such level.

In addition, with respect to any Development subject to a HAP Contract that authorizes HUD to require Residual Receipts Account deposits, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 provides that amounts in the Residual Receipts Account that are in excess of an amount determined by HUD shall, upon HUD's request, be remitted to HUD so as to be available to fund subsidy payments under the project-based Section 8 program generally.

Project-Based Voucher Programs. In addition to the project-based Section 8 program described in the preceding paragraphs, the 1937 Housing Act and the Regulations grant certain state and local housing agencies authority to establish programs ("Project-Based Voucher Programs") pursuant to which they may enter into HAP Contracts to provide assistance to projects that set aside units for lower income families, using a portion (generally limited to twenty percent, with certain exceptions) of the funds they receive from HUD under annual contributions contracts for the administration of the housing choice voucher program authorized by Section 8(o) of the 1937 Housing Act (the "Housing Choice Voucher Program"). Under Project-Based Voucher Programs, as under the project-based Section 8 program described in the preceding paragraphs, HAP Contracts provide for housing assistance payments to owners generally equal to the difference between specified contract rents for covered units in a project and the respective tenants' required contributions. However, under a Project Based Voucher Program, rules concerning the establishment of initial contract rents, the terms of periodic adjustment of contract rents (including whether reduction to levels below the initial rents may occur), the availability of payments for vacant units, and the availability of renewal of a HAP Contract upon expiration of its stated term, differ from the rules applicable to the project-based Section 8 program described in the preceding paragraphs and depend in part on the policies of the state or local agency operating the Project-Based Voucher Program. The project-based HAP Contracts may only be for terms up to 20 years each, and the state or local agency must determine whether renewal of the contracts for terms of up to 20 years each is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for lower income families. A state or local agency's obligations pursuant to a HAP Contract under its Project-Based Voucher Program are subject to the annual appropriation by Congress and obligation by HUD of funds in amounts sufficient to operate the Housing Choice Voucher Program, including the agency's Project-Based Voucher Program. The 2013 Federal Sequestration Order resulted in a reduction of appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 for the Housing Choice Voucher Program. No assurance can be given that Congress will timely appropriate sufficient funds each year for the Housing Choice Voucher Program to enable housing agencies to make housing assistance payments pursuant to such HAP Contracts.

Tenant-Based Housing Choice Vouchers. Pursuant to the Housing Choice Voucher Program referred to in the preceding paragraph, funds appropriated by Congress are distributed by HUD to certain state and local housing agencies under annual contributions contracts for the purpose of making housing assistance payments to owners of housing units that eligible families who have been granted a voucher by the agency have chosen to lease. A HAP Contract under the Housing Choice Voucher Program entered into between the agency and the owner of the housing unit chosen by such a family generally provides for housing assistance payments to such owner for the term of the family's tenancy equal to the difference between (a) an amount that is generally 30% of such family's income (with certain adjustments and subject to certain floor amounts) and (b) the lower of the rent payable under the family's lease (with certain adjustments) or a specified payment standard established by the agency in accordance with HUD requirements. Such payments are subject to termination if, among other reasons, the respective family moves out of the unit or the agency determines that sufficient funding is not available under its annual contributions contract for continued assistance to families in the Housing Choice Voucher Program, and are subject to reduction for reasons that include reduction in the size of the respective family or reduction in the agency's established payment standards. The 2013 Federal Sequestration Order resulted in a reduction of appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 for the Housing Choice Voucher Program. No assurance can be given that Congress will timely appropriate sufficient funds each year for the Housing Choice Voucher Program to enable housing agencies to make housing assistance payments pursuant to such HAP Contracts.

Public Housing

The 1937 Housing Act and the regulations thereunder provide that amounts appropriated by Congress in any year for the public housing operating fund under Section 9 of such Act ("Section 9") are to be allocated by HUD among eligible state and local public housing agencies according to a formula that takes into account projections of the income from, and standards for the costs of, operating and managing the housing units assisted under the 1937 Housing Act (other than under the Section 8 program) ("Public Housing Units") that are owned, operated or assisted by such agencies. Such appropriated funds allocated to a public housing agency ("Public Housing Operating Subsidy") are provided to the agency pursuant to an annual contributions contract between HUD and the agency. Under certain circumstances, a public housing agency may request that such annual contributions contract be amended to permit use of Public Housing Operating Subsidy to pay eligible costs of operating and managing Public Housing Units located within a property that is owned and operated by an entity other than the agency (an "Owner Entity") and to provide for capital assistance for such units from amounts appropriated by Congress for the public housing capital fund under Section 9 and made available to the agency by HUD ("Capital Fund Assistance"). An annual contributions contract so amended (an "Amended ACC") generally provides that, for the purpose of ensuring that Public Housing Units are operated in accordance with applicable law, regulations and HUD policies in effect from time to time ("Applicable Public Housing Requirements"), the Owner Entity shall enter into a regulatory and operating agreement with the agency and shall enter into a declaration of covenants for the benefit of HUD restricting use of the property by the Owner Entity and successive owners that is prior to any other encumbrance of the property (collectively, together with the Amended ACC, "Mixed-Finance Agreements").

Among other provisions, Mixed-Finance Agreements with respect to Public Housing Units owned by an Owner Entity generally (1) provide for allocation of a portion of the agency's Public Housing Operating Subsidy to such Public Housing Units, (2) require that Public Housing Units be developed, operated and maintained in accordance with Applicable Public Housing Requirements, including requirements concerning occupancy by eligible lower income families (which may include minimum requirements as to occupancy by families whose income does not exceed 30% of the median income for the area as determined by HUD) and requirements concerning determination of rents, for a period extending to the latest of 10 years beyond the end of the year in which Public Housing Operating Subsidy is last provided by the agency, 20 years after any modernization using Capital Fund Assistance is last completed and, in the case of Public Housing Units developed using Capital Fund Assistance, 40 years after the units become available for occupancy, (3) prohibit disposition of the Public Housing Units before the expiration of such period, (4) require HUD consent prior to transferring or encumbering interests in the Public Housing Units or in the Owner Entity, and (5) provide that, in the event of casualty or condemnation with respect to the property in which the Public Housing Units are located, proceeds shall be applied to restoration of the property to the extent feasible, and any reduction of the number of units in the property shall neither reduce the percentage of units that are subject to Applicable Public Housing Requirements nor (except in certain circumstances) reduce the number of units that are subject to such requirements.

The 2013 Federal Sequestration Order referred to above under the heading "Section 8 Program" resulted in a reduction of appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2013 for the public housing operating fund under Section 9. No assurance can be given that Congress will timely appropriate sufficient funds each year for the public housing operating fund to enable public housing agencies to make Public Operating Subsidy available for such Public Housing Units.

Corporation Programs

The following are descriptions of the general programmatic guidelines for the Corporation's programs below. Since inception, the Corporation has provided over \$2,970,000,000 in subsidy loans across all Mortgage Loan Programs, including the Multi-Family Housing Revenue Bond Program. Mayor de Blasio announced the City's new housing plan, Housing New York, in May 2014, pledging to create and preserve 200,000 affordable housing units over 10 years. The Corporation is committed to help implement the plan through financing and subsidy programs such as ELLA, Preservation, Mixed Income, Mix and Match, Mixed Middle (M2) and the Mitchell Lama Programs, described below. Variations from the guidelines are made from time to time.

Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program

The Corporation's Affordable Housing Permanent Loan Program ("AHPLP") was intended to make small permanent first mortgage loans on projects primarily developed under programs sponsored by HPD. Generally, the maximum amount of each mortgage loan is \$2,000,000 and does not exceed 60% of the combined mortgage loans from HPD or other-subordinated lenders. The Corporation services the permanent first mortgage loan and the HPD subordinate mortgage loan.

For each AHPLP construction mortgage loan, the Corporation entered into a buy-sell agreement with the mortgagor's construction lender. A minimum replacement reserve of \$250 per unit is required. It is expected that AHPLP permanent mortgage loans will not be secured by Supplemental Security.

Low-Income Programs

The Corporation has established various programs to finance the construction, substantial rehabilitation or moderate rehabilitation of affordable low-income housing in New York City which would not otherwise be produced by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, as described below.

Low-Income Affordable Marketplace Program

The Corporation established the Low-income Affordable Marketplace Program ("LAMP") to finance the construction or substantial rehabilitation of developments where a minimum of 80% of the units are affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income.

LAMP projects are financed with a combination of a first construction and permanent mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt bond proceeds, as of right 4% Federal tax credits and a second mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Each development financed under LAMP will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low income households.

For each construction mortgage loan made with bond proceeds, the Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount of such loan plus a specified interest reserve amount. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is a subordinate loan of up to \$65,000 per unit provided at 1% interest with fixed minimum payments of at least interest only.

Extremely Low & Low-Income Affordability Program

The Corporation established the Extremely Low & Low-Income Affordability Program ("ELLA") to finance the construction or substantial rehabilitation of multi-family rental housing developments with approximately 40% of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to area median income levels between 30% and 50% with the balance of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income. ELLA may also be used to finance projects, where up to 30% of the units are affordable to households earning above 60% of the area median income and/or projects in which up to approximately 30% of the units are reserved for formerly homeless households earning 30% of the area median income or less.

ELLA projects are financed with a combination of a first construction and permanent mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt bond proceeds, as of right 4% Federal tax credits and a second mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Each development financed under ELLA will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low income households.

For each construction mortgage loan made with bond proceeds, the Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount of such loan plus a specified interest reserve amount. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is a subordinate loan of up to \$65,000 per unit provided at an interest rate ranging between 1% and the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate as determined when the subordinate loan closed with fixed minimum payments of at least 1%.

<u>Preservation Program</u> (formerly known as the Low-Income Affordable Marketplace <u>Preservation Program</u>)

The Corporation has established the Preservation Program (formerly known as the Low-income Affordable Marketplace Preservation Program or "LAMP Preservation") to finance the acquisition and moderate rehabilitation of multi-family rental housing developments affordable to low-income or moderate-income households. Preservation projects are financed with a mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt bond proceeds and as of right 4% Federal tax credits or taxable bond proceeds. In most cases, this program does not offer a second mortgage loan funded by the Corporation. Preservation developments are usually 100% income restricted with units affordable to low-income households earning up to 60% of the area median income or moderate-income households earning between 80% and 165% of the area median income.

For some, but not all, Preservation construction mortgage loans made with bond proceeds, the Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount of such mortgage loan plus a specified interest reserve amount. For such

construction mortgage loans, the letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal. Any amounts received by the Corporation under a letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release any such letter of credit. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

Mitchell-Lama Programs

The Mitchell-Lama program was enacted by the State in the mid-1950's as a way to promote and facilitate the construction of affordable rental and cooperative housing throughout New York State. The law stated that after twenty years from the occupancy date, the mortgagor is allowed to prepay the mortgage and release the affordability obligations of the program. To preserve such projects as affordable housing and to prevent owners of these projects from leaving the Mitchell-Lama program, the Corporation has developed the Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program and the Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program as described below.

Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program

The Mitchell-Lama Restructuring Program preserves Mitchell-Lama projects as affordable housing by refinancing existing mortgages. To refinance the mortgage loans the Corporation will refund the existing bonds that financed or refinanced the original Mitchell-Lama development loans by issuing longer term bonds and/or restructure the mortgagor's existing mortgage loans. The Corporation restructures the existing mortgage loans into new mortgage loans which contain an extended maturity date and a lower rate of interest. For certain developments, a new subordinate mortgage loan, which is subject to a residual right of ownership by the City, is made with a reduced rate of interest, usually 0%, due as a balloon payment upon the retirement of the new senior mortgage loans.

Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program

A significant number of the Mitchell-Lama developments are aging (each is between 35 and 50 years old) and are in need of significant repairs. The Corporation, under the Mitchell-Lama Repair Loan Program, will provide additional loans to these Mitchell-Lama projects with the issuances of taxable bond proceeds. These loans may be used to fund system modernizations, capital improvements or repairs at the Mitchell-Lama developments. The Corporation oversees the satisfactory completion of such modernizations, improvements and repairs.

Mixed, Middle and Moderate Income Programs

The Corporation has established various programs to finance the construction or substantial rehabilitation of mixed, middle and moderate income housing in New York City which would not otherwise be produced by the ordinary operations of private enterprise, as described below.

Mixed Income Program

The Corporation established the Mixed Income Program to finance the construction of mixed-income multi-family rental housing affordable developments with approximately 20% percent of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income, approximately 30% percent of units affordable to moderate to middle income households earning

between 80% and 165% of area median income and approximately 50% percent of units reserved for market rate tenants.

The Corporation's Mixed Income Program combines a first mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds and a subordinate mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Some projects also qualify for as of right 4% Federal tax credits. Each development will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low, moderate and middle income households, as applicable.

The Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount plus a specified interest reserve amount for each construction loan financed under the Programs described below. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. In certain cases, the Corporation will finance a first mortgage only. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is provided at principal amounts ranging between \$65,000 to \$85,000 per affordable unit with an interest rate ranging between 1% and the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate, as determined when the subordinate loan closed with fixed minimum payments of at least 1%.

Mixed-Middle (M2) Program

The Corporation established the Mixed-Middle (M2) Program to finance the construction of mixed-income multi-family rental housing affordable developments with approximately 20% percent of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to 50% of the area median income, approximately 30% percent of units affordable to moderate-income households earning between 80% and 100% of area median income and approximately 50% must be affordable to middle-income households earning between 130% and 165% of the area median income.

The Corporation's Mixed-Middle (M2) Program combines a first mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds and a subordinate mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Some projects also qualify for as of right 4% Federal tax credits. Each development will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low, moderate and middle income households, as applicable.

The Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount plus a specified interest reserve amount for each construction loan financed under the Programs described below. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. In certain cases, the Corporation will finance a first mortgage only. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is provided at principal amounts ranging between \$85,000 to \$95,000 per affordable unit with an interest rate ranging between 1% and the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate, as determined when the subordinate loan closed with fixed minimum payments of at least 1%.

Mix and Match Program

The Corporation established the Mix and Match Program to finance the construction of mixed-income multi-family rental housing affordable developments with approximately 50% percent of units affordable to households earning less than or equal to 60% of the area median income and approximately 50% percent of units affordable to moderate-income households earning between 80% and 165% of area median income.

The Corporation's Mix and Match Program combines a first mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds and a subordinate mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Some projects also qualify for as of right 4% Federal tax credits. Each development will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low, moderate and middle income households, as applicable.

The Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount plus a specified interest reserve amount for each construction loan financed under the Programs described below. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. In certain cases, the Corporation will finance a first mortgage only. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is provided at principal amounts ranging between \$40,000 to \$105,000 per affordable unit with an interest rate ranging between 1% and the Long-Term Applicable Federal Rate, as determined when the subordinate loan closed with fixed minimum payments of at least 1%.

New Housing Opportunities Program

The Corporation established the New HOP Program to finance the construction of multi-family rental housing affordable developments with units affordable to moderate to middle income households earning between 80% and 165% of area median income.

The Corporation's New HOP Program combines a first mortgage loan funded from tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds and a subordinate mortgage loan funded from the Corporation's reserves. Each development will be subject to a regulatory agreement restricting the rents to levels affordable to low, moderate and middle income households, as applicable.

The Corporation will require the developer to post a bank letter of credit, guarantee or other security equal to the face amount plus a specified interest reserve amount for each construction loan financed under the Programs described below. The letter of credit may be drawn upon by the Corporation if the developer fails to make scheduled payments of interest and principal on the construction mortgage loan. Any amounts received by the Corporation under the letter of credit

are pledged to the holders of bonds issued under the General Resolution. Following the completion of construction and the fulfillment of certain other conditions, the Corporation will release the letter of credit. In certain cases, the Corporation will finance a first mortgage only. The Corporation may seek mortgage insurance for all or a portion of the principal balance of the permanent mortgage loans.

The second mortgage loan is generally provided with an interest rate of 1% with fixed minimum payments of at least interest only.

Participation Loan Program

The Participation Loan Program ("PLP") was established by HPD in 1977 pursuant to Article XV of the Private Housing Finance Law of the State of New York. PLP is designed to increase accessibility to mortgage capital for the rehabilitation of privately owned multi-family housing in the City of New York. HPD administers PLP which provides mortgage financing for the rehabilitation of such housing at below-market interest rates. PLP developments may include units which are affordable to multiple income tiers but generally no higher than a level affordable to households earning 120% AMI.

HPD may only make a loan pursuant to PLP if another bona fide lender, such as the Corporation, also lends a portion of the funds necessary to complete the rehabilitation of the project. HPD's PLP loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages. Currently, the Corporation holds certain first position Mortgage Loans (some of which benefit from Supplemental Security) assisted under PLP and also holds subordinate Mortgage Loans originally funded under PLP.

In addition, Federal HOME funds available under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 are administered by HPD which provides mortgage financing for the rehabilitation and certain new construction of privately owned multi-family housing in the City of New York at nominal interest rates. HPD may make such a loan if non-Federal matching funds are available.

Article 8-A Loan Program

The Article 8-A Loan Program ("Article 8-A") was established in 1970 pursuant to the Private Housing Finance Law of the State of New York. Article 8-A is available to owners of privately owned multi-family housing developments if: (i) each dwelling unit in such development is available at rents affordable to low- and moderate- income persons or families and (ii) such owner is unable to obtain financing from the private sector. Article 8-A loan proceeds may be used to eliminate any substandard or unsanitary condition at a development, or for replacement or rehabilitation of systems at a development or other improvements necessary to prolong the useful life of a development. An Article 8-A development may include units which are affordable to multiple income tiers but generally no higher than a level affordable to households earning 120% AMI.

HPD administers Article 8-A which provides mortgage financing for the rehabilitation of such housing at below-market interest rates. Article 8-A loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages.

§421-a Negotiable Certificate Program

HPD's §421-a Negotiable Certificate Program (the "Certificate Program") was designed to link the creation of market rate multi-family housing in certain areas of the City of New York (the "Geographic Exclusion Zone") with the development of low income housing in other areas of New York City. In general, newly constructed multi-family housing in the Geographic Exclusion Zone was not eligible to receive any real estate tax exemption unless the developer of such housing either (i) set aside at

least 20% of the units in such projects for low income households or (ii) purchased §421-a Negotiable Certificates from other developers who have constructed or rehabilitated low income housing in other areas of the City of New York ("off-site projects" or "off-site units") pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Certificate Program. The Certificate Program generally permitted HPD to grant five §421-a Negotiable Certificates for each off-site low income unit created under the Certificate Program. In turn, each §421-a Negotiable Certificate allowed the developer of a market rate unit in the Geographic Exclusion Zone to receive a 10-year phased exemption from any increase in such market rate unit's assessed value relating to the construction of such market rate unit. The 10-year phased real estate tax exemption increased the value of the market rate Geographical Exclusion Zone unit. Therefore, the developer of the market rate unit paid the developer of the off-site unit to be able to receive and utilize the §421-a Negotiable Certificates that was generated by the off-site low income project. The program was authorized by §421-a of the New York Real Property Tax Law which has since been amended.

Low Income Rental Program

Under the Low Income Rental Program ("LIRP"), as administered by HPD, sponsors construct or rehabilitate multi-family units in order to create affordable multi-family developments in which 30% of the units for formerly homeless families and the remaining units to be reserved for households earning less than or equal to 60% of the New York City area median income. Under LIRP, HPD will provide a direct subsidy of up to \$75,000 per unit. The funds from HPD are advanced through a below-market, fixed interest rate loan for a maximum term of 30 years.

LIRP is used to leverage construction and permanent financing from private institutional lenders and from other public sources including the Corporation and the State. LIRP loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages. LIRP may be combined with other Subsidy Programs, including the Certificate Program.

New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation Programs

The New York State Housing Trust Fund Corporation ("HTF"), a public benefit corporation which operates under the aegis of the Division of Housing and Community Renewal ("DHCR"), has two initiatives involving tax exempt bond financing: the Homes For Working Families Initiative ("HWFI") and the Senior Housing Initiative ("SHI"). Under both programs, HTF assistance of up to \$35,000 per unit will be provided in the form of low or deferred interest mortgages for affordable housing projects.

Through HWFI, DHCR provides subordinate permanent financing at an interest rate of 1% to private developers for the new construction or substantial rehabilitation of affordable rental housing projects. Under HWFI, 100% of the units must be affordable to households earning less than 60% of area median income. At least 50% of project cost must be financed by tax-exempt bonds issued under Section 142 of the Internal Revenue Code in order to enable the projects to qualify for Federal low-income housing tax credits.

Pursuant to SHI, DHCR provides subordinate permanent financing at an interest rate of 0% to 1% to not-for-profit developers for the new construction or substantial rehabilitation of affordable rental housing for the elderly. Under SHI, occupancy is limited to seniors, defined as households headed by a person 60 years of age or older. Approximately 20% of the units in a project assisted through the SHI must be affordable to households earning less than 50% of area median income.

General Municipal Law Article 16

Article 16 of the General Municipal Law, Section 690 et seq. authorizes certain municipalities in the State, including the City, to make grants or loans (i) to the owner of any property that is part of an urban development action area project (as defined in such law) for the purpose of rehabilitation of an existing private or multiple dwelling, (ii) for the purpose of providing site improvements, or (iii) for the purpose of providing for other costs of construction for the development of private and multiple dwelling housing accommodations. Any loan made in accordance with this section shall be secured by a note and mortgage. In the case of a loan for the purpose of providing rental housing for persons of low income, the rental development must be subject to a regulatory agreement limiting profits and rentals charged.

With regard to the Mortgage Loans financed or expected to be financed by the Corporation which are subsidized through General Municipal Law, Article 16, the initial feasibility of these Developments was determined by the Corporation, HPD and a conventional construction lender. HPD's General Municipal Law, Article 16 permanent loan is subordinate to the Corporation's Mortgage Loan and both loans are not secured by Supplemental Security. In the event of a default on the Corporation's Mortgage Loan, any proceeds resulting from a foreclosure which might result from such default would be applied to satisfy the Corporation's Mortgage Loan prior to HPD's General Municipal Law, Article 16 loan.

Housing Development Grant Program

Pursuant to the Housing Development Grant ("HoDAG") Program, which was authorized by Section 17 of the 1937 Housing Act, HUD made grants to localities for rental housing projects within such localities' respective jurisdictions. HPD received such a grant for certain of the Developments and utilized the funds provided by HUD to make a second unsecured mortgage loan. During the term of the HoDAG second uninsured mortgage loan made to the Mortgagor by HPD, the Mortgagor is required to comply with certain HoDAG Program requirements, including restrictions relative to the occupancy of certain units by low income tenants. If HoDAG Program requirements are not adhered to by the Mortgagor of the Development which received the HoDAG funds, the Mortgagor is required to repay HPD the amount of HoDAG grant funds, subject to certain adjustments. HUD may require the City to refund the grant monies. While no payments are due on this second position permanent loan during the term of the applicable Mortgage Loan, upon a violation of the HoDAG Program requirements by the Mortgagor, the City may then proceed to enforce its right to collect such grant monies from the Mortgagor.

Housing Assistance Corporation Programs

The Housing Assistance Corporation ("HAC") is a public benefit corporation of the State established pursuant to Section 654-b of the Act as a subsidiary of the Corporation. HAC is to continue in existence until terminated by law; provided, however, that no such termination shall take effect as long as its obligations remain outstanding. The payments and funds of HAC are not considered to be assets of the Corporation and are not pledged under the Resolutions.

HAC is empowered to receive monies from any source, including, but not limited to, the Corporation, the City or the State, for the purpose of assisting rental developments to maintain rentals affordable to low and moderate income persons for whom the ordinary operation of private enterprise cannot supply safe, sanitary and affordable housing accommodations. In order to accomplish this objective, HAC may transfer, lend, pledge or assign these monies to any rental development (and may enter into agreements for such purposes with mortgagors of rental developments) or assist the Corporation in financing such developments.

HAC provides monthly rental assistance payments pursuant to a Tenant Assistance Contract ("TAC"). See "Appendix D-1—Developments and Mortgage Loans Outstanding under the Program" for the date of expiration of the TACs.

HPD Mix & Match Program

Under the HPD Mix & Match program ("HPD Mix and Match"), formerly known as Mixed Income Rental Program ("MIRP") and Multifamily Initiative Program ("Multifamily Initiative"), as administered by HPD, sponsors construct or rehabilitate multi-family developments with a range of affordability tiers. The HPD Mix and Match Program may include approximately 40%-60% of units which are affordable to households earning up to 60% of AMI and the other 40%-60% of units which are affordable to moderate and/or middle income households earning up to 130% of AMI. The funds from HPD are advanced through a below-market, fixed interest rate loan for a maximum term of 30 years.

HPD Mix & Match is used to leverage construction and permanent financing from private institutional lenders and from other public sources including the Corporation and the State. HPD Mix & Match loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages. HPD Mix & Match may be combined with other Subsidy Programs.

Third Party Transfer Program

The Third Party Transfer Program ("TPT"), as administered by HPD, is designed to allow qualified sponsors to purchase distressed multi-family properties in order to rehabilitate and preserve those properties. The TPT Program may include units which are affordable to multiple income tiers but no higher than a level affordable to households earning 130% AMI. The funds from HPD are advanced through a below-market, fixed interest rate loan for a maximum term of 30 years.

HPD's TPT loans are used to leverage construction and permanent financing from private institutional lenders and from other public sources including the Corporation and the State. TPT loans are typically secured by subordinate mortgages and may be combined with other Subsidy Programs.

HUD Multifamily Program

The HUD Multifamily Program, as administered by HPD, is designed to rehabilitate and preserve privately-owned HUD-assisted rental housing in New York City. HUD-assisted rental housing includes properties where a majority of the units are covered by a form of project-based rental assistance including various types of Housing Assistance Payment contracts and/or properties that received federal subsidies through programs including the HUD 202 or 236 programs.

The HUD Multifamily Program combines tax exemptions and/or low interest loans at below market interest rates with traditional bank, federally-insured or tax exempt bond financing products. Projects may also be eligible for Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credits ("LIHTC").

Income levels for units in the HUD Multifamily Program are tied to the subsidy program that is in place for the project. All units are subject to rent stabilization laws following rehabilitation. There is a required homeless preference of 20% for all unit vacancies.

Cornerstone Program

Established in 2000, the Cornerstone Program was an HPD multifamily new construction initiative designed to facilitate the construction of mixed income housing on City-owned land. The

Cornerstone Program utilized a variety of funding sources including HPD's Low and Mixed Income Programs, the Corporation's NewHOP program, LAMP program, and its former Affordable Cooperative Housing Program, New York State's Affordable Housing Corporation ("AHC"), Housing Trust Fund ("HTF") and Homes for Working Families Program ("HWF"), and the New York City Housing Partnership Development Corporation. Fifty-one sites were awarded through four rounds of the Cornerstone Program for a total of over 4,000 units.

PACT Program

Under the "Permanent Affordability Commitment Together" Program (the "PACT Program"), the New York City Housing Authority ("NYCHA") seeks to identify resources and opportunities to make major improvements to its public housing developments while preserving long-term affordability and maintaining strong resident rights in line with public housing protections. The PACT Program was designed to facilitate the conversion of public housing units to Section 8 to stabilize the properties. The Corporation created a multifamily parity resolution (the "Multifamily Housing Impact Bonds Bond Resolution") as a tool to support the PACT Program.

The Developments receiving financing through the PACT Program are currently owned by NYCHA and will be converted from public housing pursuant to the Rental Assistance Demonstration ("RAD"), Section 18 or Part 200 programs of HUD. NYCHA will lease the Developments to for-profit and/or not-for-profit Mortgagors, which will be formed in order to provide for the ownership, financing, rehabilitation and construction of the Developments.

It is anticipated that Developments receiving financing under the PACT Program may benefit from a combination of lending programs, including mortgage loans funded with tax-exempt or taxable bond proceeds, the available funds of the Corporation, or New York City capital. Some, but not all mortgage loans financed under the PACT Program may require third-party credit enhancement.



